PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1892 | PRICE TWO CENTS.

THREE FIRES.

THE FIRST IS AT THE CASINO—THE NEXT AT BREMER BROS.

The Third Occurred on the Farm of Mr. Underhill in Washington Valley.—Eleven Head of Cattle and Seven Horses Burned to Death.

THE CASINO AFIRE.

At about half-past five o'clock last evening an alarm of fire was sounded from box No. 32, situated at the corner of Seventh street and Central avenue. The fire proved to be in the Casino of the Union Country Club and it is thought that it originated from the furnace. The damage was slight.

BREMER BROS.' CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT BURNED.

The clothing establishment of Bremer Bros., situated on Somerset street near the county line, was gutted by fire at about eleven o'clock last evening. The fire is supposed to have originated from an over-heated stove. The loss is estimated at about one thousand dollars and is partially covered by insurance.

MR. CHURCHILL'S BARNS DESTROYED.

Shortly after one o'clock this morning the members of the North Plainfield Fire Department were called upon to respond to an alarm of fire. The fire proved to be the barns of Mr. Underhill which are situated in Washington Valley, near the Boulevard. The barns were entirely consumed. Eleven head of cattle and seven horses were burned to death. One horse was rescued from the flames. The loss is nearly covered by insurance.

BREVITIES.

—The Choral Society Concert is to take place next Thursday evening.

—The funeral of the late Charles Winston will take place to-morrow.

—The newly organized class in short-hand will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening.

—Messrs. Neuman Bro's, the successful grocers of Broadway, make a specialty of fine groceries.

—The Primrose and West Minstrels are to give an exhibition at Music Hall to-morrow evening.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—Members of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. should attend the meeting to be held this evening.

—Mr. Beach, the agent, says "Step into 6 Park avenue and get one of those dust pans, they are the best thing out.",

—The members of Gazelle Engine Company, No. 1, will hold a meeting to-morrow evening at half-past seven o'clock.

—During Lent there will be services on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock in the Holy Innocent's Episcopal Church, to which all are invited.

—The business of diminishing the weight of articles goes on," remarks a writer, "the sulky of the future will consist of two tires and a strip of sunshine."

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-School room of the chapel this evening at eight o'clock.

—The trial of Henry Gordon, who was arrested on complaint of Overseer of the Poor Vanderbeek for non-support of his wife, is being heard by City Judge Codington this afternoon.

—It is reported that the Boston Variety Company of this city gave an exhibition at Stirling last Saturday evening. Same rumor does not report how the performance terminated, however. The above Company is the one that was driven out of Milburn a short time ago.

A RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Several Persons Injured at Clinton.—Arrests May Follow.

A railroad accident occurred on the Clinton branch of the Central Railroad Saturday evening. One of the trains left Clinton at 7:28 p. m. for Lambdown to meet the Easton train on the main branch bound east. The train ran into a hand-car near Pittstown and was wrecked, greatly delaying travel.

Two persons, it is said, were seen taking the hand-car from its house at Clinton. Arrests may follow.

Praising Mr. Damrosch.

One who knows says that Mr. Walter Damrosch and his new orchestra have quite captured the musical public of New York. It is a triumph for the ambitious young conductor which a musician of long standing and experience might envy. Coming as it does, at the outset of his career, it may well be taken as a promise of the very brightest hopes for continued and worthy services to art in one of its highest forms. Another musical force of national consideration and one fit to rank with the orchestra of Thomas and Listzt as an organization which would command respectful attention in any capital of the world.

Postponement.

The lecture by Professor Richardson, in the library course, which was to have taken place on the 3d inst, will, on account of the concert of the Choral Society, be postponed until March 10th; and in lieu of the proposed lecture on "The Niebelungen Lied," Professor Richardson, will, by request, deliver his famous lecture on "The Passion Play."

Licenses Taken Out.

The various saloon and hotel keepers who were granted licenses at the last meeting of Council visited the office of city treasurer to-day and paid their license fees. There were eight in all.

MERRY MASKERS.

THE BALL OF THE GESANG AND TURNING SOCIETY LAST NIGHT

An Enjoyable Affair—Miss Fitzgerald Wins a Prize, the Judges Decide Hers the Handsomest Costume.

The annual masque and fancy dress ball of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society took place in their hall on Somerset street last evening. The grand march took place at about 9.45 o'clock. The hall was uncomfortably crowded with merry maskers but all apparently enjoyed themselves.

Probably the fact that the society had

offered a handsome prize to the lady wearing the prettiest costume, induced a number of the young women who attended to put forth their best efforts in choosing one that would be looked upon favorably by the judges. Miss Fitzgerald, a sister-in-law of Mr. Frank Linke, succeeded, however, in capturing the prize, which was a handsome silk fan.

No person not wearing a mask was allowed to dance until mid-night at which time all present were requested to unmask. Then there was a general surprise.

The affair was one of the most enjoyable ever given by the above named organization.

During the evening refreshments were served.

The Committee of Arrangements was as follows:

General Director—Henry Haurand.
Floor Manager—Chas. Myer.
First Assistant—E. Koenig; Second Assistant, Eugene Hoerster.
Floor Committee—F. Linke, H. Bender.
Reception Committee—J. Schlick, F. Gonde, Chas. Duvier, Max Otto, August Sanger, August Walter, R. Waergler, Joseph Haurand.

Public Library.

The following books were added to the Free Public Library, in Feb., 1892:

Adams, Jane Austin; Alden, Jimmy Brown; Annual American Catalogue, 1890; Balch, old English homes; Balch, French in America, 1777-1783; Ball, cause of an icefloe; Blackmore, Lorna Doone; Brooks, story of the United States; Caine, Little Manx Nation; Church, Burning of Rome; Clarke, in old Quinnebasset; Clemens, Huckleberry Finn; Cooke, Huckleberries from New England Hills; Coxe, Brownies; Craik, John Halifax; Croly, Thrown on her own resources; Cross, Adam Bede; Cross, Mill on the Floss; Cross, Romola; Dodge, Donald and Dorothy; Dudevant, Countess Radolstacht; Farrar, Darkness and Dawn; Fletcher, Marjorie; Fox, Papa; Gilman and Jackson, Conduct as a fine art; Goss, Recollections of a private; Grasby, Teaching in three Continents; Harris, Balaam; Hardy, Joseph Hardy Neesima; Hawthorne, House of seven gables; Hawthorne, Marble faun; Hawthorne, Scarlet Letter; Heine, Florentine nights; Holmes, Elsie Venner; Holmes, Guardian angel; Horwitz, Fairy lore; Howells, Imperative duty; Hugo, Les miserables; Ingelow, Monsom; James and Mole, Dictionary of French and English; Janvier, Aztec treasure house; Kaler, Treasure finders; King, Campaigning with Crook; Knox, Boy travelers in Northern Europe; Laufrey, Napoleon; Lenormant, Chaldean magic; Lenzel girlhood; Lee, Stratford-on-Avon; Lillie, Nan; Loeb, Charity organization; Lodge, Boston; Lowell, Latest literary essays; Malleson, Indian meeting; Manpassant, Odd number; Molesworth, Nurse Heather-dale; Morley, Miller's verse hymns, pt; Milseen, Swedish system of gymnastics; Oliphant, Jerusalem; Packard, Labrador coast; Plympton, How to become an engineer; Richardson, American literature; Saints-Beuve, Portraits of men; Schaubhardt, Schliemann's excavations; Scientific American encyclopedia of receipts, etc; Scott, Ivanhoe; Scott, Kenilworth; Simonds, Jerry; Stead, Passion play; Steadman and Hutchinson, Library of American lit., 11 v.; Stoddard, Two sevens; Sumner, Financier and finances of the revolution; Thackeray, Henry Esmond, Thackeray, Newcomes; Thackeray, Vanity fair; Thackeray, Virginians; Torrey, Practical type-writing; Trowbridge, Biding his time; Upham, Salem witchcraft; Wagner, Names; Ward, Lost hero; Wilkins, New England nun; Wilson, Recollections of the rebellion; Winthrop, Cecil dreams.

References works (law books, given by Mr. J. Eyarts Tracy):

Addison, On contracts; Benjamin, On sales; Bigelow, On torts; Burrill, On assignments; Cooley, Constitutional limitations; Cooley, On torts; Daniel, Negotiable instruments; Dillon, Municipal corporations; Gould, On waters; Rich, On receivers; Jones, On chattel mortgages; Sedgwicks, On damages; Story, Equity pleadings.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be stormy, followed by clear weather.

THE PRINCE OF MELODY.

MOZART, THE LAST OF THE FIVE GERMAN GIANTS.

His Musical Successes and Financial Failures—Distinguished as the Composer of the Beautiful in Music—His Burial Place a Pauper's Grave.

[The previous articles of this series from the same pen appeared as follows: I.—"Music or No Music; or, Palestrina and His School." II.—"Cradle Hymns of the Church." III.—"Instruments and Instrumentalists." IV.—"Origin of the Aria." V.—"Bell and Bells." VI.—"The Fathers of French Opera." VII.—"Such, the Music." "Messiah and Passion." VIII.—"Haendel, the Composer." "The Messiah" and Other Oratorios." VIII.—"Von Gluck, the Father of Dramatic Music." "Papa Haydn."]

NO. X.

In painting there is said to be but one Raphael, and in music but one Mozart. Both artists are famous for being truthful and ideally artistic.

Before Mozart was out of the nursery he wrote his own piano concertos.

Bach, Haendel, Gluck and Haydn did not really begin their musical careers until well in or past the prime of life, but, like a comet, Mozart came and departed, gathering all his laurels in thirty-five short years.

He was the most universal musical genius the world has ever known. His greatness in every known branch of music was remarkable.

Like a ray of sunshine, he lit up and gilded whatever he touched.

Rubenstein says "Eternal sunshine, thy name is Mozart."

Yet, in spite of all his power, he died in want and was buried in a pauper's grave. No one can point to any spot on this globe and say "There lies Mozart."

A statue in St. Mark's Cathedral, just outside of Vienna, is supposed to be over his resting place. His name is engraved on all its sides. But the place of this statue is only a guess. All that is positively known is that somewhere beneath its shadows lie the remains of sixteen paupers, among the number being the well-beloved Mozart.

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was born at Salzburg, January 27, 1756, and died in Vienna, December 5, 1791.

Salzberg is a very picturesque place, and it is no wonder that the "Prince of the beautiful in music" should be inspired to copy the beautiful from Nature's diffusion around his birthplace.

He was born in a small room on the third floor of a five-story house. Shortly after his birth he was baptized, and was appointed, by the Emperor, Kapellmaester of the Archbishop of Salzburg. This enabled him to take a handsome house in the more fashionable portion of the city, and there Mozart spent his happiest days. It is this home that he refers to in his boyhood letters as the "Hallowed place."

He began to play on the first piano of three, his first instructor being his father, a man noted for his musical talent. He was very much a child-prodigy, and more than pleased when they manifested their love of music at a very early age. As a joke, when he began to teach his son, he asked him if he would like to accompany his father. Upon going to his surprise the little fellow sat at the piano and with his baby fingers, played the perfect harmony to what his father sung. Tears of joy and wonder ran down the father's face and treating it no longer as a joke, he began to teach the boy. He composed easy pieces for him which Mozart played at sight.

When but four years old he composed his own piano concerto. When he showed it to his father, the latter remarked, "Not by; my child, this is too difficult for you, you should have written an easier composition first." "I made it difficult on purpose, papa, and this is the way it goes." Seating himself at the piano Mozart gave to his father a very good idea of how the concerto was to be played. The copy of this composition, was like that of boys generally when they first undertake to write in ink—more covered with ink from the hands than from their pens.

His father says that Wolfgang was always very fond of the childish.

Mozart's sister, Marionn, was also a musician of some note; and, after Mozart wrote his first concerto, his father decided to give up everything for his children, so he could devote all his time to their musical education.

Once he had some of his friends to his house and gave a little home concert. Mozart, at the piano with his sister, Wolfgang stood it as long as he could and then begged his father to allow him to play the second violin part on his little fiddle. This the father consented to do, for Wolfgang would play so quietly that he could not be heard above the rest. This was before he had ever received any instruction in violin playing, and was before his seventh birthday. He played his part so perfectly at sight that the instructor laid his instrument down right away and allowed the little fellow to continue alone.

At the age of seven, Mozart made his first public appearance. This was at the Emperor's court in Vienna. He was received by the Emperor in person, and he taken quite a fancy to the boy musician. Even at his early age Mozart showed that independence, which afterwards led to trouble.

When in the court, he would only play light dance music when the courtiers were present, and when asked why, would reply, "Because that is all they can understand." Once however, when asked by the Emperor to play, he seated himself around the court composer, requested that he might be present. When the composer arrived Mozart respectfully resigned his seat at the piano to him, and imagine his surprise when he found that the boy was only going to play one of his own difficult concertos.

At another time, when Marie Antoinette played to please him, he said, "I thank you very much. I will marry you for that kindness."

Mozart had a very sensitive ear, and it is said that the first time he heard a concert, he fainted away. In an example of his accuracy though, the following is given:

When visiting a friend, with his father, he took up his host's violin to play upon it. The instrument was out of tune. Together, it was found to be just as he had left it in the Spring of the following year, when a seven year old, Mozart visited the court of George III, of England. Here he played all works by sight and played for the Queen to sing.

The Autumn of the same year found him in Italy, busy at hard at work. He was taking up with his father a systematic study of the works of the great composers.

He wrote his first oratorio at the age of ten. In his twelfth year he composed his first opera. He visited Italy when fourteen. At the age of fifteen was appointed maestro in the Philharmonic Academy at Bologna.

While in this position he composed a mass for the Cathedral, taking but two weeks in which to write the composition. It was in the Summer time, and all the doors and windows were thrown open. All around him were musicians practicing various selections on nearly every kind of instrument. It was a wonder that he could accomplish anything, and when a friend said as much to him, he answered: "That is where you make a mistake. I was truly delighted. They helped forward me with ideas."

Two years passed which were full of hard work and faithful study. During this time he wrote operas, oratorios, etc., and at the age of twenty-one was perfect in all branches.

About this time he fells in love with a Miss Weber of Vienna, and writes to his father that he is anxious to get married. His father tries every means to prevent this, but finally consents on his son to go to Paris on a visit first. While there his mother is taken suddenly ill and dies in his arms. When he returns to Vienna he finds his former betrothed the wife of another man. After several years he consoles himself by marrying her sister.

In 1780, at the age of thirty, Mozart found himself in Munich, poor, due to his wife's poor management and his own extravagance.

1786 the first performance of his opera, "Figaro," was given. It was received with great enthusiasm and greeted by "Bravo! Bravo! Maestro, Maestro!" "Viva! Vive! Le Grande, Mozart."

But in spite of this success he was compelled to give lessons to get enough money for his expenses.

October 30, 1787, saw the first production of his Don Juvain. But this was not a success either in Paris or Vienna.

Poverty was surrounding him on all sides now to such an extent, that he had to beg a small loan of a friend. During this time he wrote his greatest symphonies in E flat, E minor and C.

Emperor Leopold was married on October 5, 1790, and hoping to meet with some success by attending court at this event, Mozart gathered all his family plans to get enough to tide him over his trip. He returned home though very unsuccessful and is soon become subject to fits of melancholy. During this time of despondency he wrote his beautiful "Ave Marie."

An unfortunate friend of his asked him to compose something for an entertainment, to be given for his benefit. As usual, forgetful of his own wants, in his desire to help a fellow sufferer, Mozart acquiesced and his composition was played March 4, 1791, and met with unbounded success.

His "Magic Flute," was produced on September 30, 1791, but was received coldly. This was on top of a load that he already too heavy burden, and he lost all control of himself, and became subject to frightful attacks.

In the June previous a stranger had come to Mozart and ordered a requiem, for a consideration to be paid to an unknown friend. Mozart had ordered to have the composition ready for him before the holidays, but now as the time drew near, he was unable to do anything with it. His mind seemed to be ruined, for he always tried to keep his word. Some h. w or other though, try as he would, he could not get anything written to suit him. The ideas came slowly. Finally, in despair he on December 5, 1791, summoned his friends to help him. They sang the other parts while he took the contralto. Suddenly he burst into tears and bade them to put away the manuscript, for he realized his inability to finish it.

About twelve o'clock that same night he fell quietly into the sleep from which he never awakened, for by one o'clock he was dead.

The services were held the following day, and in accordance with this being the custom of holding the services of paupers, five of his friends stood around the coffin before it was closed, and even followed it to the gates of the city, but no further. Then the hearse and they deserted, and the "Prince of Melody" was taken to his pauper's grave alone.

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About this time he falls

EDITORIAL NOTES

The sapient statistician has been at it again. He has figured up that of the inhabitants of the United States "39,560,000 are foreigners by birth or descent." What are the rest of us, pray—Indians?

An Indiana convict deserves to be taken by the hand and made a respectable member of society. Possibly from long acquaintance with bolts and bars his mind turned in that direction, but he has patented a bolt that will yield him a fine royalty. A man who can do *this is something better than a depraved* creature outside the pale of society.

Some genius in the west has invented an ash pit into which all the ashes from a room drops down into the cellar. The chimney is hollowed down to the cellar. When the fire is poked the ashes fall through the grate bars down into this hollow space, making it unnecessary ever to take up the ashes in the room itself. The pit in the cellar is emptied through a door once a year.

The house committee recommends the passage of the bill to permit privates in the late war, as well as officers, to serve as managers and other officials at the national homes for disabled volunteers. There is reason as well as justice in this. Many of the private soldiers in the late war have made more brilliant records in life than their commanding officers ever did, recalling the famous remark a private soldier muttered in the hearing of his captain one day, "When we get home, we'll outrank you."

New stars sometimes come within range of telescopes, are noted and pass on out of sight. Such a star was caught by the Harvard college observatory's telescope and photographed Dec. 10. It was first seen in Europe in January, apparently. Judging from the Harvard photographs the new star reached its greatest brightness Jan. 20. It was seen two degs. south of the star Chi, in the constellation of Auriga. The newcomer is now apparently passing away from the earth. It was never visible to the naked eye anyhow, but could be seen through an opera glass. Professor Parkhurst says, however, that it may be hundreds of years before the newcomer disappears from telescopic view altogether. It may be either a variable or a temporary star. The Harvard *professors have photographed the spectrum of* the new star to ascertain its chemical composition. They believe it has come into view as a consequence of a tremendous explosion or collision with some other sun than ours. It will be some time before astronomers are able to determine whether it is a temporary star or a variable one.

German Tramp Colonies.

One college professor, and his name is Francis G. Peabody, has shown that he can write good, plain concise English, just such as a first class newspaper correspondent might pen—English that is interesting to the people to read. In The Forum Professor Peabody gives us the clearest account of the German labor colonies that has yet appeared. Of these there are twenty-one. The system in connection with the work of the antibeggary societies is designed to abolish tramps. The antibeggary society pledges itself to give nothing to beggars, but to send them to a station which has been established in most of the towns. Here for half a day's work the tramp receives a ticket which *entitles him to supper, bed and breakfast* Then he must move on to the next station.

The societies have done much to abolish beggary, but the labor colonies are breaking up the tramp system, no rapidly, but slowly, yet surely. The problem that confronted the early organizers was to find a work for tramping men to do that would not compete with the labor of regular workmen in the market. Seven miles from Bielefeld, in Germany, is a great sandy plain, sterile and forbidding. But if the sand be dug down for three feet a stratum of marl is reached. If this is thrown up into the sunlight and air in time it softens, melts away, mingles with the sand and makes a fairly good and cultivable soil. There are many acres of this sterile plain, and it is to digging up the marl to make the soil that the colony laborers of Wilhelmsdorf have been set. This is the largest of the labor colonies. Since 1882 it has received 5,637 colonists, having room for 200 at a time. It is cheerful to know that of the whole number received more than 40 per cent. found permanent work elsewhere and left the colony for this reason.

No sentiment of disgrace or punishment is attached to the labor colony. It is voluntary with the men to go or stay. The tramp instinct is, however, so strong that many after a week or two cannot endure the remaining in one place, and leave for no other reason than a desire to wander. They are wild men. Some provision should be made to make them stay at least six months. Count Rumford considered that tramps and beggars were diseased and insane persons who must be cured by being forced to adopt regular habits. We ought to have labor colonies in America. The German system has abolished tramping and beggary greatly. Its effects, not yet remedied, Professor Peabody points out.

MRS. NEVINS HITS BACK.

Blaine's Statement Denounced as a Tissue of Lies.

HIS WIFE ACCUSED OF BRUTALITY.

Mrs. Blaine, Jr., Will Answer the Secretary of State's Charges in Her Own Defense—Father Ducey's Position and Archbishop Corrigan's Part in the Affair.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Mrs. Nevins, the mother of Marie Nevins-Blaine, who recently secured a divorce from James G. Blaine, Jr., was seen in reference to the statement sent out by Secretary Blaine, in which he proceeded to answer the remarks made by the South Dakota judge when he granted the divorce.

Mrs. Nevins said: "Secretary Blaine's statement is a tissue of lies from end to end. I and my daughter will prove that to the world before we are through with it. His story of our interview with Mrs. Blaine is manufactured out of whole cloth. I will tell you exactly what took place. I accompanied my daughter to the house. The nurse and the child were with us. We were shown into the drawing room. Mrs. Blaine came in. We all bowed and proceeded at once to business. Marie asked to see her husband. Mrs. Blaine said she could not see him. She insisted upon the nurse leaving the room. She said she would not discuss the matter before a servant. The nurse and little Jim went to the kitchen. We continued to talk matters over for some time. All three of us were perfectly cool.

Mrs. Blaine *Accused of Brutality.*

"Mrs. Blaine said, when Marie spoke of going away again, 'Well, you can leave your baby here and come back to.' If Marie had been some poor outcast whom Jim Blaine had betrayed Mrs. Blaine could not have spoken in a more brutal manner. I spoke up for Marie. 'They have both done wrong, Mrs. Blaine, in marrying without our consent.' A moment or two later she turned to my daughter and said in an extremely significant sort of way: 'Well, your *marriage was all wrong anyway, Marie.*' Then I protested. Mrs. Blaine immediately flew into a fury. She almost foamed at the mouth. She rang a bell and a servant appeared with surprising speed. If it had been my servant I should certainly have accused her of eavesdropping. 'Show these persons out,' cried Mrs. Blaine, and then she added, 'and watch them.'

"We walked out and called the nurse and little Jim. At the door of the carriage the nurse, who was crying out of sympathy for Marie, said: 'Mrs. Blaine, your a goose to go away like this. You're his wife. Go right up to his room. No one has a right to stop you.' Marie went back into the house. I stayed in the carriage. Then it was that the scenes took place."

Father Ducey's Position.

The Rev. Thomas J. Ducey, pastor of St. Leo's Catholic church, whom Secretary Blaine in his statement criticises for having married James G. Blaine, Jr., and Marie Nevins, said:

"Mr. Blaine says I transgressed my priestly duties in marrying his son. What I did I did with the knowledge and approval of Archbishop Corrigan. The dispensation was obtained from the archbishop, who knew all the circumstances. This relieves me of all responsibility in the matter. Mr. Blaine's son told me he was twenty one years old. How was I to know that he was only eighteen? Mr. Blaine should prefer his complaint to the archbishop, not to me. Why doesn't he publish the answer I sent to his letter?

Archbishop Corrigan delegated his secretary, Mgr. McDonnell, to reply to Father Ducey's statement.

"I am surprised," said Mgr. McDonnell, "that Father Ducey tries to shield himself by drawing the archbishop in the matter. All that the archbishop had to do with the marriage was to issue the dispensation. Father Ducey came to the archbishop's house with young Mr. Blaine and Miss Nevins. He explained the situation. The archbishop was reluctant to grant a dispensation. He talked to the young couple for more than an hour, but he could not dissuade them from the ir purpose. The young man said that as he lacked but a few weeks of being twenty-one there could be no objection on the score of age. The archbishop told young Mr. Blaine that on account of the conspicuous position of his father he should be careful not to do anything that might interfere with his father's plans. The young man was persistent, and on Father Ducey's recommendation the dispensation was granted.

The Archbishop's Part.

"It should be understood that the archbishop's part was simply to grant permission to have the banns said and Miss Nevins to be married by a Catholic priest. It was the duty of the priest who performed the ceremony to ascertain if there were any obstacles to the marriage. It was the

"When young Mr. Blaine's father wrote to *Father Ducey the letter* published, he sent a copy of it to the archbishop. The archbishop requested Father Ducey to explain to Mr. Blaine at once. Father Ducey said that he would explain when he thought proper, and the archbishop replied to Father Ducey that as a matter of courtesy he should reply to Mr. Blaine's letter. After the marriage Mrs. Sherman, the wife of General Sherman, called on the archbishop to speak about the marriage. The archbishop explained his position and told her how he had acted in the matter. Mrs. Sherman informed Mr. Blaine what the archbishop said. She called on the archbishop again and told him that Mr. Blaine expressed himself perfectly satisfied with the archbishop's action. Mrs. Sherman also said that Mr. Blaine highly appreciated the courtesy of the archbishop.

Mrs. Blaine, Jr., Will Hit Back.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 1.—Secretary Blaine's letter on the marriage and divorce of his son created a sensation here. Judge Palmer, attorney for Mrs. Blaine, Jr., says he is surprised that the secretary should have written such a letter. Mrs. Blaine, the judge declares, has been ill ever since her return from Deadwood, but will reply to the letter in a very few days. Judge Palmer says it will reach completely many of the statements made by Mr. Blaine.

Mrs. Blaine refused to see reporters. It is understood that she has some interesting correspondence which will be called out by the secretary's letter.

Blaine on Ducey's Answer.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Secretary Blaine was asked if he would furnish for publication the letter of Father Ducey in answer to the one contained in his (Blaine's) statement, as suggested by the reverend father. Mr. Blaine replied that he had no objection to the publication of the priest's letter, but that he would not give it out himself. It was the priest's privilege to publish it. He added casually that the letter did not amount to anything.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

A Bill in the Senate to Abolish the Death Penalty.

ALBANY, March 1.—In the senate Mr. Donohue offered a bill providing for the selling the trustees of Saratoga to enlarge the old town hall for convention purposes. The substitute allows the building of a new hall by a commission appointed by the governor. The substitute passed.

Bills passed.—Mr. Stranahan, appropriating $21,282.55 for indebtedness incurred in lengthening locks on the Oswego canal. Mr. McMahon, allowing the expenditure of $70,000 by the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York city, provided it is kept open on Sunday free.

Mr. Smith introduced a bill abolishing the death penalty and making murder in the first degree punishable by imprisonment for life; second degree not less than twenty years.

In the assembly a veto message came in over the seal returning without the governor's approval the bill authorizing the transcription of certain records in the office of the county clerk of Seneca county on the ground that it is unnecessary special legislation.

Petitions signed by over 300 residents and property owners on Fifth avenue, New York city, in favor of a bill for a railroad on the avenue were circulated in the assembly. Among the names were Mrs. Paran Stevens, Albert, Webber, S. P. Avery, Chickering & Sons, the Hoffman and the Burnham estates.

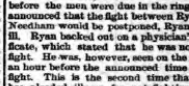
A number of bills were introduced, among them one by Mr. Bailey, fixing fares on railroads organized in other states and doing business in this state at two cents a mile. Then a fire down the street caused so much commotion on the floor that the assembly adjourned.

Ryan Backed Out.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—Half an hour before the men were due in the ring it was announced that the fight between Ryan and Needham would be postponed, Ryan being ill. Ryan backed out on a physician's certificate, which stated that he was not fit to fight. He was, however, seen on the streets an hour before the announced time of the fight. This is the second time that Ryan has pleaded illness for not fighting. The visiting sports are still at his action. Needham announces that he will never give Ryan a chance to meet him again.

Ten Frozen to Death.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 1.—Two hundred men who were out seal hunting on Saturday were driven out to sea by a fierce breeze. Today twenty-four of them landed at Heart's Delight exhausted and frozen. Seven were landed at Shoal harbor, badly frozen. The latest report is that ten of the men were found frozen to death and that thirteen are still missing. There is intense *excitement throughout the country over* the calamity.



An Elegant Dress.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

This sketch, shows a pretty negligee costume with Louis XVI bows, used in combination with green velvet and white lace.

Rioting in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 1.—The striking street car men again rioted and a policeman came near being killed. All efforts to run cars have been abandoned.

Found Dead.

CINCINNATI, March 1.—Tom Vahey, a Riverside rolling mill man, was found dead at the edge of the culvert under the old river road.

Hill Not to Wed Mrs. Manning.

ALBANY, March 1.—Senator Hill's friends here say the story that he is about to wed the widow of Daniel Manning is preposterous.

A Yale Man Fined.

NEW HAVEN, March 1.—George N. Sanford, center rusher on the Yale football team, was fined $25 for a breach of the peace.

The President Shooting Ducks.

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va., March 1.—President Harrison is enjoying himself shooting ducks, of which he killed quite a number.

A National Bank for Erwin.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The First National Bank of Erwin, Pa., capital $50,000, has been authorized to begin business.

Fears for a Steamer's Safety.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—The British steamer Brumgham, from Jago for Philadelphia, is seven days overdue.

Gladstone Back at Work.

LONDON, March 1.—Mr. Gladstone has returned to England in good health and has resumed his seat in the commons.

Young Baum Examined.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Green B. Baum, jr., was examined by the pension office investigating committee. He said that his resignation had been asked for by Secretary Noble without his having been given an opportunity to make a defense of the charges against him. He stated that he had received any money for the appointment of Smith as a laborer in the pension office.

Against Schwab and Fielding.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The United States supreme court has decided against the Chicago anarchists, Fielding and Schwab, who sought release from jail on habeas corpus.

SHERMAN NOT TO RESIGN

He Tartly Denies That He Is to Leave the Senate.

SPEAKER REED'S RULINGS UPHELD.

The Supreme Court Sustains His Action in Counting a Quorum in the Last House—The McKinley Law Constitutional—Behring Sea Arbitration Assured.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Mr. Voorhees read a carefully prepared speech in the senate, detailing considerations of expediency as applied to the silver question and advocating immediate and aggressive action by the friends of free coinage. The rest of the day was given up to the Idaho contest, which is to be sat out and brought to a conclusion today.

The senate in secret session confirmed nominations of the following postmasters: New York—T. W. Pierce, Morristown; E. A. Marsh, Groton. New Jersey—C. F. Hopkins, Boonton. Pennsylvania—H. C. Mouthrop, Connellsville.

The Indian question still occupies the attention of the house, the entire day being devoted to the Indian appropriation bill. But little progress was made with the bill, the maintenance of the Indian school at Carlisle giving rise to an animated discussion, which occupied most of the day.

The silver men have gained their point, as far as having the Bland bill considered by the house is concerned. The house committee on rules at its meeting agreed to report a resolution making the silver bill the order of business for three days, beginning March 22. No date was fixed for measures concerning the tariff.

Speaker Reed Not to Resign.

The story of Senator Sherman's contemplated retirement during the coming spring, and Secretary Foster's succession to the senatorship, is denied.

When shown the published statement, Senator Sherman replied with a warmth that betokened some annoyance: "It is an absolute lie out of whole cloth. I never *opened my mouth to mortal man upon the* subject. I do not go about declaring my intentions. When I get ready to do a thing I do it. I repeat that the statement is a lie."

Ex-Speaker Reed Sustained.

The supreme court has decided in the worsted schedule case of the United States against Ballin Joseph & Co., from the circuit court of New York, that the law is valid. The decision upholds the power of the speaker of the house to count a quorum under the rules of the last house.

The validation of the action of ex-Speaker Reed in counting a quorum in the congress, by the decision of the supreme court in the worsted classification act case, was especially pleasing to that gentleman. In an interview on the subject he said: "Of course it is very gratifying to me to have the highest judicial tribunal in the country support my position on that point. The action of the court in this respect sustains that of every court in every state in the country which has power upon the question. It also shows the false position occupied by the Democrats on this question. It should forever put an end to the assumption that a legal quorum can be broken up by members refusing to vote, when they are present in their seats."

The McKinley Tariff Act Valid.

The McKinley tariff act was declared constitutional by the supreme court in a decision rendered by Justice Harlan. The cases were those of Marshall Field, of Chicago, and a New York merchants, who protested against the payment of duties on certain goods on the ground that the McKinley bill was part of the legally and constitutional enactment, by reason of the omission from the enrolled bill of the tobacco rebate clauses contained in the bill when it passed.

The court holds that this omission does not make the bill illegal. It also holds that the reciprocity and sugar bounty sections of the bill are constitutional. It was contended that the reciprocity section was unconstitutional, because it delegated legislative power to the executive. The chief justice and Justice Lamar dissented from the opinion of the court. They contended that the legislative function was delegated to the president by the act.

Arbitration at Last.

The negotiations between this country and Great Britain, looking to the submission to arbitration of the long pending controversy between the two countries in regard to the Behring sea seal fisheries, has reached a favorable conclusion. Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, met Secretary Blaine by appointment and signed the treaty of arbitration on behalf of Great Britain He said he had been fully authorized by Lord Salisbury to do so. Secretary Blaine signed the document on behalf of this government, and the matter was consummated so far as the diplomatic part of the business is concerned. The treaty is still subject, however, to the action of the British parliament and the United States senate.

The exact terms of the treaty cannot now be stated, but it is known that the board of arbitration will consist of seven persons—two representing the United States, two representing Great Britain (one of whom is to be a Canadian) and one each representing the neutral governments of France, Sweden and Italy.

Decided Against Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Sayward case, involving the jurisdiction of the United States over Behring sea, was decided by the United States supreme court against the British government. Justice Field was the only member of the court dissenting. The main point in issue in the case was whether Behring sea was an open or closed body of water. The schooner Sayward was seized forty-nine miles from land.

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Against Schwab and Fielding.

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TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A raid was made upon the rides and evolutions in the armory at Galway used by the naval reserve men, and all the arms were seized. Soldiers are to be raised.

Rowland George Lush was arraigned at Warrington, England, charged on his own confession with having murdered William Parsons at Andover, Hants, thirty years ago.

The French commercial expedition under the command of M. Mason, which was attempting to reach Lake Tchad, in Africa, has been lost in the wilderness.

While James Whitcomb Riley was giving a reading at the Grand Opera House, Kansas City, Mrs. Amanda R. McChesney, of Mc-Pherson, declined him as her son, who ran away twenty-seven years ago, wrote poetry and traveled with a show. The poet insisted that he had a clear record of his parentage.

Minnie Schmidt, the keeper of a "speak easy" near Clayville, South Vineland, N. J., was shot and fatally injured by William Goode.

The New Jersey state Republican committee has appointed John Ulrich, of Plainfield, to organize Republican clubs in every township, village and city of the state.

Commissioner Whitman Resigns.

HARRISBURG, March 1.—Executive Commissioner Whitman, of the World's fair commission, has tendered his resignation, which he wants accepted at the next meeting of the Pennsylvania World's fair board.

A Ball Team for Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 1.—The Eastern Baseball association will run a team here the coming season. Star park will be leased and Jay Hatch will probably be engaged as manager and first baseman.

Gould Goes South.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Jay Gould, Howard Gould, Miss Helen Gould and Dr. Munn left on Mr. Gould's private car Atalanta for an extensive trip south. Mr. Gould appeared weak and sick.

MASKS : : : : : : MASKS

ALL KINDS

and Prices.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ‡ † ‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—49 East Front street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 97 Door St., Forth Plainfield.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

73 Park Avenue.

ONE MAD:

—Broad—Mello—Plea—Cake—

RESS EVERY DAY.

BROWN & HILL,

ating and air cating parlor, in CHUCK'S HOTEL, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Chicken's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

ROLL SAWING, TURNING

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 19 ly

EITHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heati g

apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitter. Machinery Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Fourth g Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE DEP TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machinery for sut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUGH AND SEASONED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Planing and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for Inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

AT LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Prices, Name, Condition and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, cor. ner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CHARLES SIKS,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in Best

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1307.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

63 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Sgars can be found only at

N. H Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The finest costly fabrics are very carefully and lovingly cared for. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

25 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries Public and Conveyancers Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.

A Engineer of the Famous Union County System. Special attention given to street paving, sewerage. Offices, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

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Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m. Telephone prompts made. Offices No. 39 West Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices over First National Bank Plainfield, N. J.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Architect, 247 Broadway, New York. Room 7, rooms 33 and 35. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Plainfield. For work, call on or address, Orders received at Park House, Manufacturers of 300 Foot Lawn, Garden and Field Fence, 17 ft. high $60. Telephone call 30.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Stationery, Writing Ink, Pencils, Slate, and stamped linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS

The State Convention to Be Held at Albany April 28.

GEORGIA'S CLEVELAND MOVEMENT.

A Call Issued to the Democrats of the State Urging Them to Organize for the Ex-President, Whose Success, it States, Is the People's Triumph.

NEW YORK, March 1. — Republicans thronged the lobbies of the Fifth Avenue hotel long before the hour appointed for the meeting of their state committee. Conspicuous among them were two score of Albanians, wearing white rosettes, who had come down to see that no other city should have a chance to fish the convention from the state capital. When the committee was called to order Eugene Burlingame, William Barnes, Jr., and John G. Myers presented the claims of Albany in concise speeches, and were sent away rejoicing. Chairman Dwight, of the subcommittee to select a permanent secretary, announced that John E. Kenyon had reconsidered his declination and would consent to serve. It was agreed that Messrs. Dwight and Milholland will help to relieve Mr. Kenyon of some of the hard work inseparable from his position.

The Committee.

When the roll of congressional districts was called these gentlemen responded:

1, Stephen R. Williams; 2, Israel F. Fisher; 3, Charles P. Dunwell; 4, D. M. Barley; 5, Francis P. Williams; 6, William H. Corsa; 7, Lorain L. Van Allen; 8, John Collins; 9, John R. Nugent; 10, William N. Hoag; 11, Clarence W. Meade; 12, William Caldwell; 13, Henry Grasse; 14, James W. Husted; 15, B. B. O'Dell, Jr.; 16, Louis F. Payn; 17, James Ballantine; 18, C. W. Pilkinham; 19, George Campbell; 20, John Kellogg; 21, F. D. Kilburn; 22, Isaac L. Hunt, Jr.; 23, H. A. Cruikshank; 24, Hobart Pratt; 25, William Cowie; 26, George W. Dunn; 27, John H. Camp; 28, John W. Dwight; 29, J. F. Parkhurst; 30, John Milholland; 31, James W. Wadsworth; 32, John N. Scatcherd; 33, A. J. Porter; 34, W. J. Glenn. Additional member, Edward Sargeant.

L. L. Van Allen became a member of the committee when Postmaster Van Cott resigned; John Kellogg is the successor of Edward C. Hoyt, of Schenectady, and Clarence G. Brown will hereafter take the place of Collector Hendricks, who resigned when he became ruler of the custom house. Henry Grasse was proxy yesterday for Frank Raymond of this city; C. W. Pillinghast for John A. Quackenbush, Stillwater; H. J. Cooking-am for Charles A. Chickering, of Copenhagen; William Cowie for Clarence G. Brown, of Syracuse; John Milholland for George W. Aldridge, of Rochester, and Edward Sargeant for William B. Derrick, of Flushing.

The Call for the Convention.

The following is the call issued by the committee:

To the Republican Electors of the State of New York:

The Republican electors of the state of New York and all others who may desire to unite with them in upholding the principles of the Republican party as declared in the platform adopted by the last national convention, are hereby requested to send delegates to the state convention, to be held at Albany on April 28, 1892, at 12 o'clock, noon, to elect four delegates at large and four alternates to the national Republican convention to be held at Minneapolis, June 7, 1892; to nominate two presidential electors at large; to elect a state committee, and transact such other business as may come before the convention.

Each assembly district in the state will be entitled to representation in accordance with the basis established by the state convention of 1888, upon which subsequent conventions have been held.

The delegates from the several congressional districts to the national convention shall be chosen previously to the state convention hereby called and from the congressional districts as they now exist. The members of the state committee and the electors from the several congressional districts shall be chosen by the delegates to the state convention representing the districts respectively, and shall with the delegates chosen from the congressional, be authorized to the state convention previous to its adjournment.

JOHN S. KENYON, Secretary. WILLIAM BLOSFIELD, Chairman.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That this committee hereby heartily congratulates the people of this state, irrespective of party, on the result of the supervisory elections, reflecting as they do the deep and unexpressed indignation felt at the dastardly and absolutely illegal methods of Democratic management, whereby the legislature has been stolen, the decision of the courts defied and the will of the people as expressed at the polls set at naught.

To Enlarge the State Committee.

Delegates to Republican state conventions in New York are apportioned to assembly districts according to the number of Republican votes they cast at preceding elections. The convention of April 28 will consist of 777 delegates.

John W. Vrooman presented a letter and delivered an address in favor of his proposition to enlarge the membership of the state committee so that a representative may be admitted from every one of the 128 assembly districts. He would also, he said, enlarge the executive committee, on which falls the brunt of campaign work. The letter was referred to the executive committee for consideration, and the sense of the convention will probably be taken upon it.

Having decided that headquarters are to be opened in this city as soon as suitable rooms can be obtained, the state committee adjourned to meet in the Kenmore hotel, Albany, on the eve of the convention.

Organizing for Cleveland.

ATLANTA, March 1.— The state central committee of the Cleveland movement in Georgia promulgates a lengthy call to the Democrats, urging them to organize for Cleveland. The address concludes as follows:

The unfair and undemocratic action of the machine in New York indicates a purpose to make the will of the people subservient to the greed of the politician. We therefore believe that the time has come for the active and resolute organization of the Democratic masses in Georgia, lest the sentiment of the people in this state, as in New York, find expression through the machinations of political intrigue.

Grover Cleveland is undoubtedly the choice of the Democrats of Georgia for the next presidency. * * * When Richard Croker, Tammany's chief, though pledged to another, says, "Cleveland can carry New York," he states a truth which paralyses a claim made with the view to catch the support of those who follow blindly the ends of expediency. * * * The success of Cleveland is the triumph of the people.

This is signed by B. H. Blackburn, chairman; A. J. West, F. H. Richardson, Hooper Alexander, W. R. Hammond, state central committee.

Instructed for Cleveland.

SHOUDSBURG, Pa., March 1.— Grover Cleveland easily won the delegates to the Harrisburg convention from Monroe county. The delegates elected are ex-Congressman John B. Storm, J. Greensmyer and I. S. Case. The Hill men made no attempt to defeat the resolution passed instructing for Cleveland.

A Brave Man Shrinks.

"How's this? You said you intended to propose to Miss Clamwhooper this evening, and here you are back before 9 o'clock. She surely didn't refuse you?"

"No-o, I didn't propose. I concluded to postpone the question."

"Now, see here, John, if you don't get that girl it's your own fault. The idea of being such a coward. You, who have bravely walked up to the cannon's mouth."

"Y-e-s, but the cannon hadn't been eating onions."—Texas Siftings.

The Teacher Taught.

"Have you learned much German, Tommy, with your new governess?"

"No; but the Fraulein's learned lots of English."—Harper's Bazar.

Hill Will Visit Jackson.

JACKSON, Miss., March 1.—Senator D. B. Hill telegraphed to Governor Stone from Washington as follows: "Impossible to accept invitation for as early date as March 5, but if the legislature will be in session on March 13, will be pleased to accept for that date. Please ascertain the situation and advise me at your earliest convenience." The legislature immediately accepted the amendment. Senator Hill will receive an ovation when he visits the capital.

No Signs of Dr. Crawford.

NYACK, N. Y., March 1.—The dragging of Rockland lake for the body of Dr. Crawford, the dentist, who disappeared so strangely from his home in Haverstraw a week ago, about ended the systematic search for the missing man. The dragging of the lake was carefully and thoroughly done, but the work was fruitless.

Berlin Is Quiet.

BERLIN, March 1.—There has been no renewal of rioting. Twenty-five persons who were admitted to the hospitals during the riots remain under treatment. One lad is dying of a fracture of the skull. Burgomaster Forckenbeck is organizing measures for the relief of the unemployed.

A Paper Changes Owners.

BALTIMORE, March 1.—The Manufacturers' Record, of this city, has changed hands. The purchasers are Mr. Walter H. Page, editor of The Forum; Mr. Edward M. Sanborn, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Thomas P. Grasty, of Baltimore.

Reciprocity with France.

PARIS, March 1.—Mr. Whitelaw Reid, the American minister, and M. Jules Roche, minister of commerce, arrived at a definite agreement for the establishment of a commercial treaty between France and the United States.

To Reorganize the Sons of Vulcan.

WHEELING, March 1.—The puddlers and rollers of the Ohio valley to the extent of 10,000 men threaten to leave the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers and reorganize the Sons of Vulcan.

Keck Sentenced to Be Hanged.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 1.—Judge Albright refused a new trial and sentenced William Keck, convicted of the murder of Mr. and Mrs. William Nipsch, at Ironton last November, to be hanged.

A Singular Accident.

SING SING, N. Y., March 1.—A carpenter was caught by the mail bag catcher of a train which passes here, was hurled headlong to the ground and received injuries which may prove fatal.

Guatemala Wants War.

SAN SALVADOR, March 1.—The political horizon is very dark. War clouds are gathering on the frontier. Guatemala seems bent upon invading Salvador.

Didn't Live Up to the Law.

BOSTON, March 1.—Insurance Commissioner Merrill revoked the license of the British American Assurance company for neglect to comply with the law.

Love Is Blind.

BELFAST, Me., March 1.—Ann French, a widow aged ninety, and worth $100,000, has created a sensation by marrying Herbert C. Pearcy, of Amherst, aged thirty-six, an itinerant peddler.

Money and Operator Missing.

CROOKSTON, Minn., March 1.—The Northern Pacific was robbed of a $500 express package. H. H. Benton, the night operator, is missing and suspicion points to him as the guilty man.

Ice Cutting Resumed.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 1.—Ice cutting has been resumed on the Kennebec river. The ice is now in excellent condition. It is expected a full crop will be harvested.

Editor Heenan Dead.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Joseph T. Heenan, assistant cable editor of the United Press, and who for a number of years has figured in the journalistic field, died here.

Van Wyck for President.

OMAHA, March 1.—Nebraska Third party men in convention agreed upon ex-United States Senator Charles Van Wyck as the presidential candidate.

Elkins Dines the Cardinal.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Secretary and Mrs. Elkins gave an elaborate dinner at their residence on K street in honor of Cardinal Gibbons.

Abandoned by the Crew.

CAPE HENRY, March 1.—An unknown bark went ashore here and is in a bad position. The crew abandoned her.

Cut His Children's Throats.

LONDON, March 1.—A crazy shoemaker named Revell killed his four children by cutting their throats.

Newark's Smallpox.

NEWARK, March 1.—One death from smallpox and one new case of the disease were reported here.

ATTACKING THE WHISKY TRUST.

The Officers and Directors Indicted for Violating the Anti-Trust Law.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The Boston grand jury at Boston indicted all of the officers and directors of the Cattle Feeding and Distilling company, better known as the whisky trust, for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. President Greenhut, Secretary Hennessey and Treasurer Hobart have been arrested and released on $10,000 bail each, to appear before the next term of the United States district court in Boston.

District Attorney Allen, of Boston, advised the authorities here that he knew for some time that several of the officers of the whisky trust contemplated leaving the country. It is the opinion of the district attorney that never in the history of courts had there been a case presented where so much pressure was brought to bear upon the district attorney not to prosecute as in this particular instance. On Feb. 20 the indictments were presented and placed on secret files and carefully guarded lest newspapers should get hold of them, publish the fact of the filing of the indictment and then the persons proposed to be arrested might escape.

Sullivan a Show in Himself.

ST. PAUL, March 1.—John L. Sullivan made his initial appearance as an actor here and wound up his drunk by falling flat on the stage in the last act. He could scarcely walk or talk throughout the entire performance and would make disconnected speeches to the audience about his abilities as a fighter. His concluding speech previous to falling over a bench ended with these words: "Harrison wash called away by dispatch from mother. He plays part bettern any human bein' can. He back tomorrer night. Mizzer Wallin tryin' best to play part, but he can't do it. Well, guess I'lsay no more."

Death of Count D'Ursel.

BRUSSELS, March 1.—The news has just been received here from Africa of the death, through fever at Lulnabourg, Congo, of Count Ursel, twenty-six years old, who commanded the military force in the Lulnabourg district. He was a brilliant Belgian officer, son of Senator d'Ursel and nephew of the Duke d'Ursel, the present governor of the province of Hainault.

Powderly to Argue the Case.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 1.—General Master Workman Powderly, in an interview today with a United Press reporter, said he would appear before Attorney General Hensel on next Thursday to maintain his protest against the violation of the constitution by the Reading railroad in its recent deal. Mr. Powderly is now engaged upon the argument he will present in the case.

Bomb Explosion in Paris.

PARIS, March 1.—Two bombs were placed in the doorway of the Princess de Sagan's residence and an ignorant servant threw them into the street when they exploded with terrific force, knocking the servant insensible and breaking a number of windows.

Sheehan's Brother Appointed.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Mayor Grant accepted John B. Voorhis' resignation as police commissioner and appointed him police magistrate. John C. Sheehan, brother of the lieutenant governor, was appointed police commissioner to fill the Voorhis vacancy.

Bloodshed in Tripoli.

LONDON, March 1.—A dispatch from Tripoli announces that there has been bloody rioting there, growing out of the issuing of a firman by the Sultan authorizing natives liable to conscription, from which they have hitherto been exempt.

Miners on Strike.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., March 1.—The miners at *Lentz Lillys* company's colliery struck, owing to returns for the monthly pay system. The men at the Moren colliery will likely join their fellow workmen.

Eternal Vigilance Saves the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—It has just come to light that a plot to murder the czar at the funeral of Grand Duke Constantine, in January last, was nipped by the police and the conspirators arrested.

An Explosion Shakes Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 1.—An engine in the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad shops exploded. The town was considerably shaken. Engineer Murphy and Fireman Schalt were killed.

Garza's Fleeing Forces.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 1.—A body of more than fifty armed men suddenly appeared in the Potrillo mountains. It is supposed they are a part of Garza's army fleeing from pursuit.

King Rex Reigns.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—This city is in the whirl of the mardi gras festivities and King Rex reigns. The carnival was never before so brilliant.

Walked Out of a Window.

CHEYENNE, Wy., March 1.—Edward Chaffee, a patient at the Keeley Gold Cure institute here, walked out of a window and was killed.

A Big Fire in Albany.

ALBANY, March 1.—Mather Bros.' large wholesale building was destroyed by fire. Stanwix hall had a narrow escape. Loss, $200,000.

Merchant Young Dies.

SING SING, N. Y., March 1.—Townsend Young, the largest clothing merchant in Westchester county, died from heart disease.

Chinese Rebels Ready for Fight.

SHANGHAI, March 1.—Twenty thousand rebels remain in the north and will make a descent when the weather becomes milder.

Rochester Proposes to Vote.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 1.—The total registration in this city for the election on March 8 is 28,209, against 26,905 last fall.

Burglars Sent to Prison.

BUFFALO, March 1.—Amos Collmore and George Wilson, burglars, were sentenced to Auburn prison for seven years.

To Die on the Gallows.

LITTLE ROCK, March 1.—J. F. Spence, convicted of the murder of Jerry Hunt, was sentenced to be hanged May 27.

Three Children Burned to Death.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 1.—Fire destroyed the Simpson dwelling and three children were burned to death.

Actress Yeamans Dead.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Miss Emily Yeamans, the popular actress of Harrigan's company, is dead.

The Argentine Presidency.

BUENOS AYRES, March 1.—Senor Louis Saenz Pena, an independent, will contest the presidency.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 South Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUESTONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite 1st pot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's
37 Somerset street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ARBUTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets. Plainfield, N. J. Also dealer in all kinds of Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1504

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Raelmore, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 221

JOHN BERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Grand and Rogers street, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-ly J. BERRMANN, 9 Rogers street.

R. V. SAUNDERS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 968.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, N. Y. Sayle, No. 19 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
Enquire of—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Bound Brook.
Smalley Bros.,
24 SOMERSET STREET.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

NEW YORK MAIL.
Close at Plainfield P. O. 1.15, 5.45, 8.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAIL.
Arrive 10.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.
Close at 1.15 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.15 p. m.

E. S. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street (Pennsylvania railroad ferry).

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 12.15 a. m., 6.00, 8.14, 8.48, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Liberty street, New York, at 12.00 night, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays for Newark and Elizabeth, 9.00 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.00, 10.45, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.00, 10.45, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7.30, 9.45, a. m., 1.30, 5.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
8.45 a. m. for Bound Brook, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
11.30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.
5.45 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Stations, Delaware Water Gap and Mauch Chunk.
9.45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Stations, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury and Williamsport.
1.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Pottsville, Sunbury and Williamsport.
5.30 p. m. for L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Philadelphia, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Sunbury and Williamsport.
5.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Reading, Harrisburg.
8.00 p. m. for Flemington.
8.00 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
8.45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.
8.30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, etc. 2.30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Flemington, etc.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
12.15 a. m. for Elizabeth, Newark and New York. 6.00, 8.14, 8.48, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

For Somerville, 7.45, 9.00, 10.45, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

For Easton, 7.45, 9.00, 10.45, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

For Lake Hopatcong, 7.30, 9.45 a. m., 1.30, 5.30 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park and Point Pleasant, 9.00 a. m. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. Connections are made at Monmouth Junction for Jamesburg, Freehold and Intermediate points.

For Bound Brook, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Easton, Tamaqua, Bangor, Philadelphia and Manch Chunk, 8.45 a. m. Sundays, 8.45 a. m.

For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Stations, Delaware Water Gap and Mauch Chunk, 5.45 a. m.

For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Stations, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury and Williamsport, 9.45 a. m.

For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Sunbury and Williamsport, 1.30 p. m.

For Flemington, 8.00 p. m.

For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, 8.00 p. m.

For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, 5.30 p. m. Sundays, 2.30 p. m.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.45, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00 p. m. Sunday 11.00 a. m. Ocean Grove 9.00 a. m., 12.00 p. m. For Asbury 9.00 a. m., 12.00 p. m. Sundays 11.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m., 2.45 p. m.

Leave Monmouth Junction at 8.45, 11.45 a. m., 3.30, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45 p. m. Sunday 11.45 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

For Freehold 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.15, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30 p. m. Sundays 11.00 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

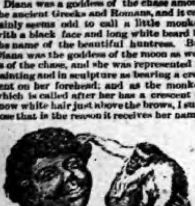
Leave Bound Brook at 8.45, 11.00 a. m., 2.45, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00 p. m. Sunday 11.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

THE DIANA MONKEY.

One of the Most Lively and Playful of the Whole Tribe.

Diana was a goddess of the chase among the ancient Greeks and Romans, and it certainly seems odd to call a little monkey with a black face and long white beard by the name of the beautiful huntress. But Diana was the goddess of the moon as well as of the chase, and she was represented in painting and in sculpture as bearing a crescent on her forehead; and as the monkey which is called after her has a crescent of snow white hair just above the brows, I suppose that is the reason it receives her name.



DIANA FASTENED HER FINGERS IN THE THICK WOOL.

However unlike the beautiful Greek goddess the bespectacled little creature may be, it is pretty in its own way. It has bright, intelligent eyes and well formed little hands. Its white beard gives it a very funny appearance. It is a native of the west coast of Africa, and the negroes, who seldom make pets of animals, sometimes capture the monkeys to sell to strangers. An African girl who had just possession of one of these monkeys was greatly amused by its long beard, but her own woolly head was an object of quite as much curiosity to Diana, who, fastening her little fingers in the thick wool, was with difficulty persuaded to let go her hold.

The Diana monkey is one of the most playful of the whole monkey tribe. There is one in the zoological gardens in London which goes through very amusing antics and turns somersaults backward like a professional tumbler.

How to Handle a Gun.

There are few boys who do not anticipate with pleasure the time when they are permitted to carry a gun and "go hunting." Now guns are dangerous affairs in the hands of those who do not understand how to carry and how to use them. A writer in Forest and Stream gives these rules for the guidance of boys in handling guns:

First—Empty or loaded, never point a gun toward yourself or any other person.

Second—When afield, carry your gun at the half cock. If in cover, let your hand shield the hammers from whipping twigs.

Third—When riding from one shooting ground to another, or whenever you have your gun in any conveyance, remove the cartridges if a breechloader. It is being so easy to replace them. If a muzzle loader, re

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 25 Bar E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 8 6m

CARPETS!

Large stock, select patterns; largest and best 1 ghted room; lowest prices.

Dress Goods. Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, the yard, worth 15c.

Merlin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; full assortments, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled

Fruit of the Loom—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 unbleached at 6c. Good Toweling, &c; best prints 5c; white blankets, 85c and $1 19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 8 a. m.

The steamer "Rugia," from New York, March 2?, at 11:30 a. m.

The steamer Pretoria sails March 19, 29; April 16, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get pert colors and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

were the caps, brush off the nipples and place a wad on the nipple, letting down the hammers on wads. Simply removing caps sometimes leaves a little fulminate on the nipple and a blow on the hammer when down discharges it.

Fourth—Never draw a gun toward you by the barrel.

Fifth—Be care is necessary in the use of a gun in a boat than elsewhere—the limited space, confined action and uncertain motion making it dangerous at the best. If possible no more than two persons should occupy a boat. Hammerless guns are a constant danger to persons boating.

Sixth—Always clean your gun thoroughly as soon as you return from a hunt's sport no matter how tired you feel, the consequence of its always being ready for service is ample return for the few minutes' irksome labor.

A Lively Team.

A lively team, across the snow
In gallant style the horses go—
Francis and Sidney, Ralph and John—
With Fin behind to urge them on.

Obedient to her least command,
She keeps her playmates well in hand,
With whip and reins to check and guide,
As on they canter, side by side.

Down hill they race with reckless speed,
Almost too fast for Fin, indeed!
But through the deep sled clogging snow
Up hill, their flagging pace is slow.

A GALLANT FOUR IN HAND.

Fin reins them tight and cracks her whip
When in the rear they chance to slip—
A harder task than you would deem
It is to manage such a team.

With eyes that seem to dance with fun,
With faces rosy from their run,
When they have scampered half a mile
Fin calls them up in good style.

They hast a minute's breathing space.
Then, homeward turning, off they race!
Down hill and up hill, on they go,
Panting and tolling through the snow.

Famous Country Boys.

Nearly three-fourths of the men of the United States who have become famous were the sons of farmers and spent a portion of their lives on a farm For example Lincoln, Grant, Garfield, Hamlin, Greeley, Tilden, Cleveland, Harrison, Hayes, Blaine and many others almost equally conspicuous in current events or living memory. W H Vanderbilt was born in a small New Jersey town himself Sage was born in a New York village Jay Gould spent his early years on his father's farm in New York state. Whittier and Howells spent their youth in villages the former spending his time between farm employment and his studies.

Envious.

The little head that finds your life to seem
Seems slight and trifling; do you think 'tis all
And that the changes of the coming time,
When life is dark and all is bleak and cold?
And do you think that, surrised by pain,
We can take up our lives and love again?

Or when, like the inconstant skies of spring,
Our lives are clouded as her sunny sky,
And we know pain that summer could not bring,
Will you not find it all too hard to bear?
And will these storms and weary hours have tried us,
Can we live on and let no power divide us?

Then if this little cheek, so frail and weak,
It trembles with pain and fairly and bright,
Could find a valve and each small link could speak,
Would it not say 'twas frighted of the night?
If it must break and we must humbly bow,
In pity for my weakness, break it now.

But if you think that it can bear the weight
Of fiery trials as they come and go,
We can take heart and boldly meet the fate
That gives impartially of joy and woe:
And let it temper life as it may shatter,
We can be brave and meet all, love, together.
—Eva MacDonagh.

THE "GIRLS' POLY."

Some of the Advantages of London's Practical Working Girls' Club.

Perhaps the most complete and practically successful working girls' club that has yet been organized is one that has been provided through the generosity of a good man and his devoted wife. It is in London, at the West End, in Langham place, just beyond Regent street, and adjoining the well known Langham hotel. It is commonly known as the "Girls' Poly," to distinguish it from an institution with which it is closely allied, the Young Men's Poly technic institute, which is universally known among young people in London as the "Poly." The more precise name of the club in question is the "Young Women's Institute."

The fees for institute membership are very small—eighteen pence per quarter, or five shillings (about $1.20) per year. The establishment is open in all its parts for the benefit of the members, from 6:30 to 10 in the evenings. The membership fee gives the right of sitting there, of reading and music rooms, game rooms, recreation grounds and numerous other advantages, and for evenings like the fortnightly young women to admission at low tuition rates to an immense range of classes and entertainments.

The yearly club features of the place are highly prized by the girls. It is no small thing for them to have a bright, cheerful establishment that they regard as their own, where they may resort in the evenings, and in connection with which they have access to so much that is diverting and instructive. It is needless to emphasize the importance of such a privilege, to any one who knows how the average young workingmen and women of our great cities are obliged to live.

In the refreshment rooms the member may procure her cup of tea and light lunch, at a cost decidedly less than elsewhere. And there is served in the capacious dining room an excellent and substantial dinner, in courses, at sixpence. For fourpence, a very good but less bountiful dinner may be had by the more economical young women of business. These privileges are, of course, limited to members. The institute dining rooms are vastly more pleasant than the cheap restaurants or lunchrooms to which the girls might otherwise be compelled to resort, and the food at the institute is incomparably better in quality and cheaper in price.

All the influences of the place are homelike, wholesome and improving. There seems to be a tacit understanding among the young women that whatever the objectionable quarters that they must be on their best behavior—must "live up to their blue ribbon," so to speak.—Albert Shaw in Scribner's.

Girls in Dry Goods Stores.

"I've made a close study of the working girl," said the superintendent of one of the biggest of the mammoth dry goods stores on Fulton street, "and I find her, as a class, to be honorable and self respecting. She earns good wages, too, and as she is prudent and saving often has a modest bank account. Of course my experience does not go beyond the class of girls employed in dry goods stores. I have been in a number of cities in the south and west and am in a position to judge of the moral and intellectual status of the saleswoman as she has appeared to me. The chief characteristic I have noticed in the Brooklyn girl is her independence, not the independence which becomes offensive and unbearable, but the evidence of modest worth and respect which pervades every thing she does. Her demeanor is unobtrusive, yet by no means shrinking, and she answers your questions frankly and without hesitation.

"In point of dress the Brooklyn saleswoman is by far the superior of her New York sister. She is always neat and clean, not so much so from necessity as choice. She is apparently unfriendly in dress. Under certain conditions, too. In big dry goods stores, where saleswomen are apt to be miserably underpaid, some disguishing mark is absolutely necessary. I do not approve of what you call a uniform—that is, a kind of livery in which the wearer is made to feel her position—but it

MASTER'S SALE
IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Sarah E. Vail et al., defendants.

By virtue of a decree in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made on the thirty-first day of January, and bearing date on the third day of February, sixteen hundred and ninety-two (1892), I, Peter Jackson, one of the special masters of said Court, will expose for sale at public vendue on the premises on

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, those lots of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake and stones a corner of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner and the westerly corner of property conveyed by Samuel B. Gillespie to Isaac Line and Abram M. Vail (First Plot), and running thence in a Southeasterly direction along said Spooner line 1063 feet to a corner of said Spooner's land; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction 1063 feet to a corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction 1063 feet to Michael Finnegan; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction 1063 feet to a corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction 1063 feet to the beginning, containing one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence in a Northeasterly direction along the center of said Division avenue, a distance of fifty-five feet to line of lot sold by Sarah E. Spooner to Mary Jane Bird; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction one hundred and fifty feet to a corner of said lot; thence in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of fifty-one feet to line of lot sold by Sarah E. Spooner to Mary Jane Bird; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction one hundred and fifty feet to a corner of said lot; thence in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of fifty-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to the corner of land by Vail and Hollis to John J. O'Rourke; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to the corner of land by Vail and Hollis to Daniel Manning; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of land by Vail and Hollis to John J. O'Rourke; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to the corner of land by Vail and Hollis to Daniel Manning; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of said lot; thence along said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-three feet to the center line of West Fourth street; thence along said center line of West Fourth street in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about ninety-nine feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lots; thence along the line of said lots in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about forty-five and five-tenths feet to a corner of said lots; thence along the line of said lots in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about three hundred and seventy-four feet to the center of Seventh street; thence along the center of Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty-five

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.

Borough of North Plainfield.

MAYOR,
EDWIN L. BONNY.

COUNCILMEN,
GEORGE D. HALLOCK,
T. WILFORD POWELL.

COLLECTOR,
HENRY N. SPENCER.

Township of North Plainfield.

TOWN CLERK,
HORACE J. MARTIN.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR,
J. W. A. HAUERSAERRS.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
JOHN R. McDONALD.

TOWN COMMITTEEMAN,
WILLIAM C. SMITH.

COMMISSIONERS OF HIGHWAYS,
M. POWERS, F. D. WHITELY.

COMMISSIONERS OF APPEAL,
J. S. LUNGER, J. CLAWSON, D. R. WEAVER.

CONSTABLES,
J. W. VAN HORN, (for one year.)
THOS. RUTLEDGE, (for three years.)

The Weather.

The weather promises to be stormy, followed by partially clearing weather.

BREVITIES.

—Lent began to-day.

—The Legislature will adjourn one week from next Friday.

—The North Plainfield borough election will take place March 8th.

—The Borough Council will meet in regular session to-morrow evening.

—Gazelle Engine Company No. 1, will hold a meeting this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—The Primrose & West Minstrels will give an exhibition in Music Hall this evening.

—George Thatcher's Minstrels are to appear in New Brunswick to-morrow evening.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—There will be a devotional meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

—The individual bowling contest between the members of the Crescent League is still in progress.

—The members of the Primrose & West Minstrel Company arrived this morning on the eleven o'clock train.

—Yesterday was registration day in North Plainfield. Three hundred and thirty-six persons registered.

—The services at the Congregational Church this evening will be preparatory to the commission. C. L. Goodrich.

—Don't fail to find out whether or not you are registered if you are a resident of the borough. If you are not you will lose your vote.

—A cable attached to a carriage ran away on Park avenue shortly after seven o'clock last evening. The animal was caught before it succeeded in wrecking the vehicle.

—The regular annual meeting of the Y. L. M. C., for the election of officers will be held in Vincent Chapel to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock.

—Five extra coal crews have been put on the Central Railroad, and are now engaged moving the coal that was stocked at Hampton to tide water It will take several weeks to move the coal.

—Mr. George H. Fountain will give another of his interesting talks at the Y. M. C. A. on Thursday evening. His subject will be, "A Peculiar Talk on Peculiar Ideas." All young men are invited.

—A number of people are anxious to find out who Manager Keller of the Crescent base ball team has signed for his battery. They are unable to do so, however, as Mr. Keller will not give any information concerning his team.

—A colored woman named Scott was arrested by Policeman Lynch this morning for striking another woman. She pleaded guilty to the charge when arraigned in court and City Judge Codington fined her two dollars. She paid the fine.

—A fair given by the members of the Catholic Young Men's Young Men's Lyceum was brought to a successful termination last evening. A contest for a gold watch was decided in favor of Mr. John Sheehan, who collected nearly four hundred dollars.

—A queer freak of nature has just been discovered at Centreville, Somerset county. It is a two-months-old child, with a perfectly formed body, but with a pig's face. The snout is very pronounced. Charles Morris is the father. Morris is an ex-convict, having by a curious coincidence served a term for poisoning a neighbor's pig.—State Gazette.

—The Surrogates of New Jersey have formed an association, but it is not a "trust," mind you. The officers are: President, John B. Dissenberry, of Essex; Secretary, George S. West, of Camden; Treasurer, George T. Parrot, of Union. They will hold an occasional meeting to discuss matters relating to their offices.

—It is now held that a railroad ticket is good until used, no matter how long the holder may have it in his possession. The mileage and trip books, which are bought on condition that they shall be used within a year, are the only exceptions. Recently Conductor Morgan, of the Dover accommodation, took up a ticket, good for a passage between Hackettstown and Newark, that had been issued in 1856, and had laid unused for more than thirty-five years.—Hunterdon Democrat.

The Wedding of Dr. Hedges and Miss Butler.

At the First Presbyterian Church last evening Dr. Ellis W. Hedges and Miss Leila Butler were united in marriage.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Ketchum, the pastor, in the presence of relatives and friends, who filled the beautiful edifice, notwithstanding the snow storm.

At the appointed time, seven o'clock, the organist at the back of the pulpit platform, which was banked with choice plants from Dentsch's, began to play the Wedding March, and soon afterward Dr. Hedges, accompanied by his brother, Dr. B. VanDyke Hedges, of New York, entered through the door at the right of the pulpit platform, and slowly approached the front of the pulpit, where the pastor stood facing the congregation awaiting them.

At the same time the bridal party entered through the left side entrance at the front of the church, and reached the pulpit within a few moments after the groom had taken his position.

The ushers, each with a lily-of-the-valley boutonniere in the lappel of his coat, led the way for the bride, who, leaning on the arm of her uncle, Mr. Willis in C. Butler, was preceded by her sister, Miss Emma Butler, as maid of honor, and followed by other kindred. The bride wore a dress of white corded Bengaline, and the usual veil, but fastened on her head with a bunch of lilies-of-the-valley. She also carried a large bouquet of roses and lilies-of-the-valley, and looked as brides always do, most charming. Her sister, also a very beautiful young lady, was attired in a white silk Paris gown, and carried a bouquet of La France roses. The close friends of each sister to the other was noticeable.

Mr. William C. Butler gave the bride away. After the marriage the couple, appearing very happy, walked slowly out of the way of the aisle on the left of the church to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, and proceeded to the residence near by of Mr. Wm. C. Butler, the bride's uncle, where a family reception was held.

Among those at the reception were Messrs. James H. and E. D. Butler, and Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Nexon, and the Misses Nexon, of New York; Mrs. C. W. Bleeker, and Mr. and Mrs. Alcock, of Orange, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Cokefair, Mr. Jacob Kirkner, Rev. Mr. Honeyman, Mrs. Butler of San Francisco, and a few relatives from Yonkers and Newark.

The couple, after receiving the congratulations of their friends, took the 10.12 train for New York last night, and were to proceed to-day to Chester, N. J., where the groom's mother resides. After a brief visit there they will make an extended visit south as a part of their wedding trip.

What was formerly known as the Cook residence, corner of Broad way and LaGrande avenue, was, at a cost of $17,500, recently purchased for the couple to occupy upon their return. It is to be furnished at a cost of $5,000, a gift of the bride's mother, and be ready for occupancy upon the couple's return from their wedding trip, sometime in May.

The bride's parents are residents of San Francisco. The bride's father was elected President of a Western railroad a few weeks ago. He was a week's journey away and therefore was unable to attend the wedding.

Dr. Hedges is the son of a retired physician, and is a graduate of Princeton College. After finishing his studies in medicine in a Philadelphia hospital, he located in Plainfield seven years ago, and soon secured a good practice as his skill became known. He was at one time organist of the First Presbyterian church, and later superintendent of the Sunday school.

He was referred to last evening by a guest as a good physician, a good citizen, and a good friend, as he undoubtedly is. One poor woman says of him: "He has always been as kind and attentive to his poor patients as to the rich ones, and of course we all heartily wish him and his bride joy." Both he and his bride are members of the Melopoia. It was their fondness of music which first led them to an acquaintance which resulted in the wedding.

They are both very popular and have a host of friends, who will be glad to know of their intention to locate permanently in Plainfield.

Fell From the Top of the Building.

James Harding, a resident of Second street, while working on the roof of the gas house yesterday, slipped and fell to the ground below. Fortunately no bones were broken, but he was badly bruised.

Need Second-Hand Clothing.

The Relief Association greatly needs second-hand clothing for boys and girls. Any donations of such garments will be gratefully received at the rooms, 45 West Second street. E. R. Lissman, Sec'y.

A Lecture Postponed.

The lecture to be given for the benefit of the Plainfield Public Library by Prof. H. H. Richardson of Amherst College, has been postponed, and will be given on the evening of March 18th instead of March 3d, as stated on the tickets.

This change was made to enable those who had taken tickets for the concerts of the Choral Society and for the lecture, to attend both.

Prof. Richardson has also consented to change the subject of his lecture and to give us the story of the "Passion Play" at Ober Ammergau, Bavaria. This lecture has excited great interest wherever it has been delivered. It is illustrated by stereopticon pictures of its chief scenes and situations.

Tickets for the remainder of the course will be sold for $1.25, and admission to a single lecture will be seventy-five cents.

No more instructive course of lectures has ever been delivered in Plainfield, and the result will be devoted to the purchase of books for the public library.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE BUSINESS TRANSACTED YESTERDAY.

A Bill Supposed to Effect Plainfield, Increasing the Number of Councilmen; One to Stop Docking Horses' Tails, One Respecting the Construction of Buildings, etc.

In the House yesterday W. T. Parker, of Monmouth, the introducer of the race track bills, submitted a letter from Lawyer W. S. B. Parker who retracted charges made in his speech here two weeks ago against the Assemblyman's character and standing.

Among the bills passed were, providing for the election of president of board of aldermen in second-class cities for two year terms; the county armory bill; increasing councilmanic representation to three from each ward in cities of less than fifteen thousand; (this includes Plainfield, unless precluded by our charter,) changing the school year from July 31st to the following June 30th.

The roll of doorkeepers was called and less than half found present. The absentees are to furnish good excuses or run the risk of being dropped.

The senate passed bill prohibiting docking of horses' tails under penalty of two hundred dollars or one year's imprisonment.

Senator Barrett introduced a bill providing for the reorganization of the State labor bureau, the chief to be appointed by the governor for five years.

Bills were introduced in both houses instructing geological survey to investigate the State's resources as to the tannin, location and available future supply of potable waters.

The senate adjourned until to-morrow.

In the senate, petitions protesting against the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday were presented by Messrs. Winton, Rue, Barrett, and President Adrain, signed by numerous of their constituents. Rev. Mr. Rue also presented one from the N. J. Sabbath Union, protesting against the same and the petition presented one from the Rev formed church of America protesting against race-track legislation.

Among the bills introduced were:

No. 194. Mr. Hudspeth (by request.) Gives boards of fire commissioners power to regulate the construction of buildings, etc., and the manufacture, keeping and use of explosives and use of lights, fires, fireworks, etc., and prescribes penalties.

No. 191. Mr. Barrett. Provides that the board of tax appeals commissioners hereafter shall consist of the governor and four others appointed by him, to hold office for five years.

No. 192. Mr. Barrett. Provides that when a township or municipal line runs through property, the owner shall be taxed only where he resides.

No. 193. Mr. Hudspeth, (by request.) Provides for the appointment of an assessment of said, sick or disabled firemen.

No. 197. Mr. Hudspeth (by request.) Provides for the appointment of an inspector of railroads, whose duty shall be to inspect all railroads, and appurtenances twice a year and have general supervision of the same to see that they are kept in proper condition for safe travel, etc., the governor to appoint said inspector for a term of five years at an annual salary of $2,500.

No. 198. Mr. McMickle. Makes justices' summons returnable in township, town or city where defendant resides.

No. 200. Mr. Winton. Provides that the inhabitants of any city, at their annual or other meeting called for that purpose, may authorize the issue of bonds for building roads, etc.

No. 201. Mr. Miller. Requires ordinances and public notices to be printed in two papers where competitors affected, one of each political party, before becoming operative.

No. 205. Mr. Miller. Provides for the semi-monthly payment of wages by mining and manufacturing companies, prohibiting them from retaining any of such wages except for debts to their own corporation.

The bills passed are:

Senate 183 and Senate 184, providing for the election of auditor and State treasurer and comptroller; Senate 139, provides $200,000 road bonds may be issued by counties; Senate 140, provides for the appointment of a commission for assessing benefits and damages in opening streets, etc.; Senate 141, provides for appointment of fish and game commission of three, for five years.

FROM THE VISITOR.

Interesting Items Culled From the Rev. Mr. Mitchell's Paper.

Mr. Adam Neuman is about again after a very serious illness.

The Misses Leonard leads the singing in the Park place Sunday-school.

The Junior League meetings will begin on the first Friday afternoon in May.

Mrs. Mary Leland, 86 Grandview avenue, is very seriously ill for several weeks, causing her family much alarm. She is now improving.

Mrs. S. O. Doane has been confined to her room for several weeks. She is now improving.

Mrs. O. S. Teale has been confined to her room most of the Winter. Her sister, Miss Emma Coddington, who is with her, has also been very ill. It would be a great joy to many friends to see these good people about once more.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Sperry, 65 Grandview avenue, were members of the first church in which Bishop Bliss was pastor. During the Bishop's visit here he took tea with his old friends, and the friendly ties of many years were strengthened.

The new Park Place Sunday School was organized last Sunday afternoon. Ninety-five were present, a good number for a rainy day. Twenty were in the infant class. Several others have more have already been enrolled for next Sunday. Mr. Van Valkenburgh is superintendent and treasurer. Mr. A. A. Taft is assistant superintendent, and Mr. W. W. Hummer secretary. Miss Della Lanyer has charge of the primary department. Miss Alice Carroll, Mrs. Wilfred Powell and others assisted on the 28th. March 3d, as stated on the tickets.

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Detectives After Plainfielders.

Two detectives were in this city Monday evening for two young men who had stolen masquerade suits from a costumer in Newark. They visited the hall of the Plainfield Gesang and Turnlog Society but were unable to identify the guilty parties, who it is said, reside here.

PERSONAL.

Miss Peets of Fanwood Saturday evening entertained a number of her friends. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

Mr. Wm. Estil, father of Mr. Mulford Estil, died at his home on Grove street yesterday morning. Deceased was in the eighty-fourth year of his age.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Meigar of Arlington avenue were made happy a few days ago. A young daughter was born to them. Both mother and child are doing well.

Hon. Prudencio de Murguiondo, Consul General from Uruguay to the United States and Canada, is visiting at the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. T. S. Hunn of Prospect avenue.

Mr. William Van Tine, the young man who was thrown from his bicycle at Dunellen on Saturday last, as reported in THE NEWS of yesterday, is more seriously injured than it was at first thought. The ligaments of his left arm are broken.

Mr. Elwin Bonny, the Republican candidate for Mayor of North Plainfield, and Mr. Saunders, the Democratic candidate, reside within one door of each other, being separated by the residence of Mr. Groendyke, who has several times run for Council on the Democratic ticket and suffered defeat, which however has been the fate of the ticket generally, the Democrats having been trusted with power on only one occasion, and then, found wanting, have never been trusted again.

The members of the Union County Country Club held a reception at their club house Monday evening. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. Parker Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox, and Miss Mrs. J. R. Dumont, Miss Marion Dumont, Col. and Mrs. Mason W. Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Huntington, Miss Florence Huntington, Mrs. C. S. Munn, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Saunders, Mr. Craig A. Marsh, Miss Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Wharton, Jr., Miss Martine, Mr. Francis E. Marsh, Miss Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Timpson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stewart, Miss Elizabeth Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Stockton, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Erickson, Miss Jean Erickson, Miss Minnie Wilson, Miss Carrie Hunter, Miss Gertrude Walz, Miss Annie Corties, Miss Maude Van Boskerck, Miss Roberta McKinney, Miss Annie Murphy, Miss Stella Place, Miss Katheryn Yates, Miss Booth, of Bergen Point; Messrs. John Moore, A. McKinney, Edward VanBoskerck, Clarence Murphy, Fred Walz, Jule and Roger Erickson, Orville Waring, Edward Raymond, Frank Cokefair, Rowland Cox, George Weight, John Munn, Harning Wharton, Lachie Gilbert, Mr. Church, of Bergen Point; Mr. Decker, of Scranton.

Mr. Damaresch to be Congratulated.

One who knows says: "Mr. W. Damaresch is to be congratulated upon the success gained by his Symphony Orchestra. The band, magnificently equipped with excellent material from European and home organizations is so well balanced and so greatly strengthened in all its parts, that, naturally, it has taken a most prominent place in the music of this Winter. Thanks to the generosity of the gentlemen who have contributed the funds necessary to enable the Society to form and hold together an organization such as the Symphony Orchestra of New York against any foreign intruder. It is certainly entitled to a great deal of praise."

Race-Track Stories.

Race-track stories of all kinds float around Trenton in unlimited quantity and endless variety. "Billy" Thompson, of Gloucester, is still pegging away in the hope of getting some kind of legislation, and he is backed by the managers of Clifton and Monmouth. The Linden and Elizabeth tracks are not taking any active interest in the matter, and the Guttenberg people are said to have abandoned all prospect they had of securing any change in the law this year.

Ash Wednesday.

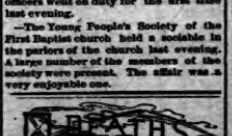
To-day is Ash Wednesday and it was appropriately observed in the Catholic and Episcopal churches. In St. Mary's church this morning there were two services and there will be another one at eight o'clock this evening, at which time ashes will be distributed. There will be a like service in St. Joseph's church in North Plainfield.

Wanted the Fire to Get a Good Start.

The persons who attempted to set fire to the stables connected with Laing's Hotel a few days ago, as reported in THE NEWS at the time, inserted a wedge in the main doors of the house of Engine Company No. 2. It is now thought that it was for the purpose of preventing the company from responding to an alarm promptly.

—Mr. Frederick Coode and Mr. John Saunders, the newly appointed police officers went on duty for the first time last evening.

—The Young People's Society of the First Baptist church held a sociable in the parlors of the church last evening. A large number of the members of the society were present. The affair was a very enjoyable one.



ESTIL—In North Plainfield, March 1, 1892, Wm. Estil, in his 84th year.

Funeral from his late residence, 49 Grove street, Friday at 2.30 o'clock p. m. 2 2t*

PROSSER—In this city, March 2d, 1892, Henry Prosser.

Notice of funeral to-morrow. 2 2t*

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE STEAMER STILL ASHORE.

The Last of the Mail Forwarded to London.

LONDON, March 2. (Special.)—The last fifteen mail bags from the wrecked steamship Elder of the North German Lloyd Company have been forwarded here from Atherfield, Isle of Wight, where the ship is ashore. The attempt to float the Elder has been postponed, owing to the difficulty experienced in reaching the cargo remaining in her afterhold, where only a few men are able to work at a time, even under the most favorable circumstances. In consequence, many of the hands recently employed about the wreck have been discharged.

The steamship's second anchor has been taken out astern in order to be used in warping and pulling her off. The forehold has been cleared of cargo, but the ballast in that part of the ship still remains.

An abnormally low ebb tide to-day laid bare the ribs of six wrecks in the neighborhood of the spot where the Elder went ashore.

The Pope's Birthday.

NEW YORK, March 2d, (Special.)—His Holiness Pope Leo XIII, has arrived at the venerable age of fourscore and two years to-day, and the event is being marked by jubilees among the members of the Roman Catholic Church throughout Christendom.

The Catholic Workmen's Benevolent Union took the initiatory in a demonstration at Cooper Union.

JOHN MOORE AND WIFE SEPARATED.

The Sequel to the Marriage Suddenly Performed in Ct. art.

Two years ago William Moore, a wealthy sporting man, died, leaving property valued at $200,000, most of it in Jersey City and Plainfield, besides real estate. He left a will cutting off his only child, a daughter, Mrs. John Moore, and bequeathing his property to his second wife, whom he married him but two days. Her relatives claimed the property, whereupon John Moore brought suit.

He was successful, but had no sooner won the case than the woman appeared and claimed that she ought to be his wife, and brought suit for breach of promise. When the case came up in court Mr. Moore John abruptly terminated it, startling the lawyers by declaring in open court that he was willing to marry the woman. This was done, the presiding Judge performing the ceremony. This took place three months ago.

The couple have not lived together happily, and yesterday were judicially separated, John Moore allowing the wife $1,400 a year for living expenses.—N. Y. World.

Fanwood.

Miss Damaresch, of New York, was a visitor at Mr. Peets' on this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Robinson and family are visiting in Brooklyn.

Cards are out for an afternoon reception at the Pines, Saturday afternoon, 4 to 6 p. m.

Miss Adeline Wilcox, of Brooklyn, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Geo. Kyte, who gave a very enjoyable euchre party in her honor.

Misses Martha and Abbey Reiley, of Brooklyn, spent the week with Mrs. L. J. Briggs.

Mr. Comstock, of New York, spent several days with Mr. Kloh, engaging in a series of whist games.

The house of Frank D. Warren at Fanwood was entered by burglars Monday night and plundered of several hundred dollars worth of jewelry, silver ware and money, including a number of wedding presents.

The concert given for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Club Hall, on Wednesday evening was a satisfactory one in every way. The managers, Messrs. Gardner and Quigley, being entitled to great praise for its success. It is hoped they will soon have another.—Union County Standard.

An Example for the Young.

The Elizabeth Daily Herald says: A lesson to school boys and girls can be read in the life-work of little Freddy Peck, a scholar who till lately attended a public school in Harlem. He determined it should have a library, and to that end instead of buying candy and playthings he saved all his pocket money till it had reached several hundred dollars. Before he could achieve his object he died—only the other day—but left strict injunctions that the money he accumulated be devoted to no other purpose. His father not only acted up to his son's dying wish, but added to the amount, and now the total is almost complete. Other friends of Freddy have done the same thing, and for his benefit a number of books is expected that before very long the the required $1,000 will be raised. Could any boy have a nobler monument?

Have some

H·O.

for breakfast.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture, AT CAREY'S,

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 4th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Ext. Tables,

Dininroom Chairs, Buffets, Lounges, Folding Bed, Mattresses, Stands, Crockery, Cook Stoves, etc.

Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM.—HOMAN & CAREY.

Having been assigned the goods and chattels of J. V. F. Ryerson, No. 24 Somerset street, we will proceed to close out the same in the next

Ten Days at COST.

The property consists of 22 Wagons, 4 Sleighs, 25 Sets of Harness, light, heavy single and double; 100 Whips, 75 Horse Blankets, 150 Collars, lots of parts of harness, Shoes, Rig Bolts, Springs, Clevesis and a thousand other things. Also a large lot of wheelwrights' supplies, Blacksmith supplies.

Open until Nine o'Clock Evenings.

HOMAN & CAREY.

2 09d

Cent-a-Word Column.

HELP WANTED.

MEN to take orders. No delivering or collecting; no canvassing; steady work; best terms; best specialties; samples free. Glen Bros., Rochester, N. Y. 1 14

WANTED—Girl wanted for general housework. Apply at 46 Grove street, North Plainfield. 1 2*

WANTED—A good energetic young man to canvass. Address, "B., care of EVENING NEWS. 1 2

WANTED—Good plain cook and housedress. Apply with reference, 38 West Eighth street 2 1tf

WANTED—Only well experienced waist and shirt hand. 7 West Second street. 1 2

WANTED—A rare chance for live agents; a pocket letter press; price $2; large discount to agents. Send for circulars. Summers Cylinder Press Co., 165 Broadway, New York, room 30. 1 6

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased on Somerset street, Plainfield. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker, Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level 2 13tf

FOR SALE IN CALIFORNIA—38 acres full bearing apricots, cherries, pears, prunes and currants; location Haywards, Alameda county, Cal., 30 miles from San Francisco; 3 miles from train; fine 9 room house highly finished, hot and cold water throughout; outings for help, tank, stables, coach house, nice orange grove just bearing. Electric road will be completed—Oakland to Haywards—90 days. Everything in perfect order. Can consent to realize on crops in May. Present owner in canning business and will contract for fruit this orchard at good price. R. Hickcott, owner, 605 Myrtle street, Oakland, Cal. 2 4 osw

FOR SALE—cheap—Chicken house to rent or for sale. Also a parlor stove and kitchen table, 37 Stebbins place. 27-4

FOR SALE—Farm, 87 acres. Remarkably located; 500 yards from New Market station on Central Railroad; 2 miles and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Peter Runyon, P. O. Box 53, Plainfield, N. J. 26-28

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,000. Address Riker & Co., agents. 2 2tf

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Bodine, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Possession can be given, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 2od 14*

FOR RENT.

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 249 Somerset street will be for rent. Call 11 Madison avenue. 2 26tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A Flat house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low. Also sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-12-tf

ONLY a few of those 14 room houses are left for rent, $30 to $35. Riker & Co., agents. 2 26tf

FOR RENT—Two houses in North Plainfield. $15 and $20 per month. Apply to owner, Henry D. Morrice.

FOR RENT—A workshop on Race street. Inquire of Mrs. Ann Eliza Bonham, Race or Somerset street. 26 month. Address P. O. care EVENING NEWS. 1 19

TENEMENT or four rooms to let. 5 Elmwood place. 2 4

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with bath; centrally located. Price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 19tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of room. M. M. Dunham, agent 2 19tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

LESSONS on the piano for beginners. Terms $2 a quarter per quarter. Address Box 778, Post Office. 1 12

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Fountain's, 119 Somerset street. 2 26tf

WANTED—Farm for rent or for sale on small capital, with particulars, to Riker & Co., 14 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2-12-tf

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Plainfield Street Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 9 Second street, Plainfield, N. J., from two o'clock until three o'clock in the afternoon at the office of Walter L. Hetfield, Esq., 15 Park avenue, Plainfield New Jersey.

THOMAS REVERE, President.
CHANDLER W. RIKER, Secretary 2 23 osw 3 w*

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

One Night Only!

TO-NIGHT

Return of our Popular Favorites, The Minstrel Monarchs.

Primrose & West's BIG MINSTRELS.

Remember, everything entirely new this season.

Watch for the grand street parade. No change in prices.

Housework Made Easy!

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER for meat, vegetables and puddings, the Automatic steam coffee cooker, and a simple, labor saving 25 cent dust pan, are new inventions which are recommended highly by all who have used them.

The agent,

M. E. BEACH,

No. 61 Park avenue, invites everyone to call and see them. The prices for each article is moderate.

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 99 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26tf

CARPETS!

Largest stock, newest patterns; largest and best lighted carpet room; lowest prices.

Dress Goods—Immense variety of new spring novelties in Dress Goods; 37 shades of plaid and plaids Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 15c.

Muslin Underwear—For ladies, colored cambric skirts; all the latest styles and garments, and all prices that cannot be equalled.

Paper or Paint Goods—We are still selling the Wall Paper and Paint Goods of the Plainfield Township, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 25c and $1.19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa. Cook and Co., of Philadelphia; and Universal Dyeing and Scouring Company, of Philadelphia, Pa.

L. BH. BODEBINE, 7 West Front street.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and sale 1 line of 20 or 25 cent oil vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Pepper Cr'n, Succotash and Mixed Vegetables, Country Style Tomatoes, Very Tender Corn, Extra Sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, celebrated June Peas, Blueberries, Strawberries, Raspberries, Red Cherries, Damson Plums, Green Gages and Egg Plums.

Special attention given by our manager, Mr. Neuman, to the assortment of Garden Sauces. Also a fine assortment of Garden Dressings, Jellies and Mince Meats.

19 BROADWAY.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Brer Brown and Sister White.

Monkeys' Paradise is the disrespectful name applied by witty folks to a colored mission house of worship on Pleasant avenue, Philadelphia. Sister White lived up stairs over the sacred premises and rented it to the congregation. Because of her consequence in the congregation, Sister White was called Sister Bishop White. Brer White was the pastor of Monkeys' Paradise. He got for his services $120 a year, with the privilege of passing the contribution box.

All went well for a time. It is true some unsanctified white neighbors objected to the howls, stamping of feet and clapping of hands when the semi-annual revival season was on, but that did not disturb the missioners. At length one day like a thunderclap out of a clear sky came to Brer Brown this announcement:

I hereby give you notice to move.

Sister Bishop White had determined to turn the congregation out of Monkeys' Paradise. As a beginning, she had the management of the congregation turned over to a board of trustees. There was a hot tussle of words, but quite unexpectedly to Sister Bishop White the true tactics of her own creation stood by Brer White. Then she changed her tactics. She rented the Paradise to another congregation of missioners and informed Brer Brown and his lambs that if they did not get out they would be ejected. A chief recommendation of the pastor of the new congregation was that he had a strong big fist and could knock an ox down if necessary, thus being enabled to use both the sword of the Lord and of Gideon. He had gained this superb strength in the bricklaying trade. Meantime the new congregation paid the rent of Monkeys' Paradise in advance, and a colored policeman guaranteed the strong arm of the law in their favor and put up the rent for the new people besides. Then the new worshipers held prayer meeting on the premises and swowed by hoodoo that they would throw out of that house any depraved colored person of Brer Brown's congregation that dared to attempts to hold religious services in Monkeys' Paradise.

Meantime Brer Brown's congregation declare they can fight and pray both, and the fight is not yet. The last prospect was that there would be a pretty a fight between the two congregations as one would want to see. Brer Brown said to a reporter of the Philadelphia Times:

We will hol worship Sunday, an if anybody tries to frow us out we'll see who'll get out fust. Dis is all a scheme to git two dollars a week me 'rent to' de mission fo', an I don't have any compassion at all on dat white trash on the outside by no wicked scheme. We kin pray and we kin fight. All we keer for is to de Lord an our rights.

Our Foreign Trade Is Lively.

Commercially the greatest year in our history is 1891. The total value of exports for that year was $970,608,282. Imports for the same period were $823,-321,646. This leaves us with a balance of trade in our favor, of which the old fashioned school of political economists thought so much, $142,186,636.

The difference in our favor made by the various reciprocity treaties already begins to be manifest. The treaty with Brazil went into effect April 1; those with Cuba and Porto Rico Sept. 1. Immediately our exports jumped up in value, in October reaching $102,877,332 and in November being $110,105,396. Before this they had never in any one month amounted to as much as $100,000,000. For December they were still larger, being $119,932,332, by far the greatest of any one month in the history of the republic.

The articles which went to swell our exports to such dimensions were chiefly breadstuffs and manufactured cotton, and copper and iron, manufactured and in ore. Rather oddly the exports of meats and beef cattle for December were less than for the corresponding month of 1890.

Boston is maintaining its reputation as the cleanest city in America by a heroic move which might well be followed by other cities. It could be followed by any other town in the country on the same ground on which the Boston health authorities exercised their power. In various parts of the city were dirty and unhealthful tenement houses, occupied in all by about 200 families. In vain the authorities tried to make the rich landed people owners put these dens in order. They refused. Then taking the ground that the tenements were unfit for human habitation, the health board ordered the 200 families to vacate —simply move out and leave the nasty old barracks standing empty.

The University of Wisconsin has established a special department of politics and economics. Our congressmen and senators ought each to spend a couple of years there, at government expense, with special advantages to the ones who could pass the best civil service examination on entering. The gain would be cheap at that.

If Senator Sherman lives to complete his sixth term, which begins March, 1893, he will have been a senator thirty-four years, a little longer than an old fashioned generation. People live longer now. Senator Sherman ought to write his memoirs.

JUSTICE, NOT SYMPATHY

Mrs. Blaine Jr.'s Caustic Reply to Her Father-in-Law.

SHE WANTS HER LETTERS PRINTED.

The Secretary Given Ten Days in Which to Comply with Her Demands, Else She Will Give Out the Full Text of Them Herself—Misrepresentation Charged.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 2.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., gave to the public today her answer to Secretary Elaine's letter. The letter was written entirely by Mrs. Blaine without advice or prompting from lawyers or any one else. The letter is addressed to James G. Blaine, Washington, and is as follows:

She Demands Justice.

MY DEAR SIR.—You have furnished the public with a remarkable production under the caption of "A Personal Statement." I consider it my duty as an act due to address you with that degree of dignity which your position as a public man entitles you to. I acknowledge your well earned and richly deserved fame as a diplomat and appreciate fully the weight which your utterances possess as fully as do I appreciate my own weakness and my total inability to cope with you in a personal encounter.

But I shall expect from you that considerate and honorable treatment which from your keen sense of equity and fairness will dictate. The powerful man of a great nation will surely accord to a weak and defenseless woman her full meed of justice. You surely can ill afford to withhold it.

I wish it distinctly understood by you that I am not asking for sympathy. I respectfully demand justice. It is in your power to grant this simple request. It remains to be seen if you will do it. I will aid you by a suggestion. Have the kindness to publish in connection with your statement the full text of the letters you have quoted from. Do not, like a shrewd and unprincipled person, select only such passages as may be needed to make out a case, but give the entire contents to the public, that I may be judged righteously. You have the documents, surely, else you could not quote from them. I will give you a reasonable time in which to conform to my reasonable demand—say ten days.

A Blunt Challenge.

If at the end of that time you fail to regard I shall deem it my duty to give in substance their contents and corroborate my statement by publishing letters from your son both prior and subsequent to our marriage. You know full well that your charges against me regarding the marriage are unfounded. I give you ample time to retract. You have two alternatives, the one suggested or silence. Your consideration for your grandson will surely indicate you to decide in favor of the first.

This is not a proposed diplomatic engagement on my part, for your success in dealing with powerful nations is too well known for me to meet you on any other ground than as the mother of your grandson.

I take it that your statement was prompted chiefly by the remarks of Judge Thomas in rendering his decision which gave me my freedom. I have no defense to offer in his behalf I simply desire that you have arraigned me by the use of fragmentary quotations from my love letters to your son, that you be fair enough to publish that letter in full. I will then prove to the world that your son was far from being a weakling, and that you, his proud mother, knew it long before he married me. Truly yours, MARY NEVINS ELAINE.

Mrs. Blaine, Jr., Ill.

The letter of Mrs. Blaine, Jr., was written under the most trying circumstances. For days she has been extremely ill and not able to move from her bed. She declared constantly, after receiving the first intimation of the senior Blaine's personal statement, *that she would immediately write it for the* benefit of the public, to be read on the following day, but she was not started on the task her strength failed her. Today it was only by the aid of her strong will power that she managed to answer it.

THE BLAINE DIVORCE CASE.

Judge Thomas Says He Had No Wish to Be Severe in His Remarks.

DEADWOOD, S. D., March 2.—Judge Thomas was interviewed by a reporter of The Leader in regard to the letter of the Hon. James G. Blaine on the divorce case. The judge was quite adverse to talking on the subject, but after much persistence consented to explain his position. He said: "Under the circumstances I deem the matter somewhat indelicate to discuss in the public prints after having passed upon the case in a judicial capacity."

In regard to Mr. Blaine's opinion that he was too severe in his criticism of Mrs. Blaine, the elder, and her son, he said: "It seems that Mr. Blaine believes I was too severe and I regret it very much, as I certainly did not intend to be severe. Nothing harsh or severe in the remarks from the bench, though I thought at the time, and still think, they were couched in the most moderate and conservative language and upon the clear and undisputed testimony in the case, which in my judgment would have warranted much stronger language than I used.

"In regard to Mr. Blaine's statements of the case I do not care to express an opinion as they were not before me for consideration, hence I would not consider them in arriving at my judgment, however true and weighty they may be. His defense of his son and wife were natural and ideal. I admire him for his defense of his wife. Doubtless, from his standpoint, he believes she was right and maybe she was, but as I said before, my remarks concerning her were justified by the undisputed testimony in the case.

"I have nothing to say in regard to Father Ducey's statement, except that I have for Mr. Blaine the deepest sympathy in the sad affliction brought about by the ill advised marriage and unpleasant notoriety. I am heartily sick of the notoriety and believe the matter should now be dropped in the interests of all concerned."

Wood Must Die in the Chair.

ALBANY, March 2.—The court of appeals has decided against Carl Wood, convicted of the murder of Leander Pasco at Stony Creek, Warren county, May 10, 1890. Wood will be resentenced to die by electricity at Clinton prison.

"A Steamer Reported Wrecked.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., March 2.—A large steamer is reported to be wrecked between Sandy Hook and Seabright, with loss of life attendant.

Closed by the Bank Examiner.

LIMA, O., March 2.—Bank Examiner G. H. Ford has closed the Commercial Bank of this city. Bad speculations by the president, B. O. Faurot, caused the failure.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Republican Victories in Sussex and Dutchess County.

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 2.—The result of the Elmira charter election April 1 is a complete turn over. Frederick Collins, the regular Democratic nominee for mayor, was defeated by David C. Robinson, the nominee of the Republicans and Citizens' party, by an unprecedented majority of 1,228. Democratic candidates for aldermen were all defeated, and but a minority of the city supervisors elected.

Dutchess County Republicans.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 2.—The Republicans of this city are rejoicing for the Republicans of Dutchess county have captured the board of supervisors from the Democracy. Returns from all but two towns show the election of eleven Republicans to seven Democrats, which, with five out of six Republicans in this city, gives a majority of eight in a board of twenty-six members.

Florida for Harrison.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 2.—The state central Republican committee met here and decided to call the Republican state convention at Tallahassee, April 1. It is possible that no state ticket will be placed in the field, but that Republicans and third party may combine on a ticket. The delegation to Minneapolis will be solid for Harrison.

Oswego Republicans.

OSWEGO, N. Y., March 2.—The Oswego Republicans elected their first mayor since 1889. There were three candidates in the field. Ex-Mayor Edward Mitchell, who was nominated by the Hill Democrats, received 766 votes; Dr. W. J. Bulger, the Cleveland Democrat, 1,816 votes, and W. D. Allen, the Republican, 1,853, giving him a plurality of 66.

The Syracuse Convention Indorsed.

BUFFALO, March 2.—At a meeting of the Cleveland Democracy club resolutions were adopted indorsing the action of the state convention to be held at Syracuse and providing for the club attending that convention and the national convention at Chicago in a body.

Troy Goes Democratic.

TROY, N. Y., March 2.—Dennis J. Whelan, Democratic candidate for mayor, was elected by a majority of more than 3,000. Two strongly Republican wards Democratic aldermanic gain a victory, and nowhere did Republicans make a showing.

Overwhelmingly Republican.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., March 2.—The election in this county went overwhelmingly Republican. Charles C. Beckett carries the town of Canandaigua by the tidal wave majority of 440. Not a Democrat on the town ticket was saved.

Kansas Wants Harrison.

TOPEKA, KAN., March 2.—The Republican state central committee met and called the state convention to elect delegates to the national convention. The Kansas delegation will be for Harrison. Ex-Senator Ingalls spoke.

A Georgia Hill Club.

SAVANNAH, March 2.—At an enthusiastic meeting here last night a Hill club in southern Georgia was formed, embracing in membership many men prominent in professional and business life and politics.

Double Tragedy at a Primary.

FAYETTE CORNER, Tenn., March 2.—John Rogers and his son, Republicans, attempted to vote at a Democratic primary here and were shot dead by Sam Hunter, who escaped.

All Republicans Elected.

UTICA, N. Y., March 2.—The most exciting charter election in the history of this city culminated in the election of the entire Republican ticket.

A Surprise for Batavia.

BATAVIA, N. Y., March 2.—The Republicans elected a supervisor here for the first time in twelve years.

Artistic Jewelry.

LATEST DESIGNS IN BROOCHES.

Diamonds and alleged diamonds continue to be much worn. We show here two ornaments designed almost entirely of diamonds. They are the latest in brooches and sells for from $30 to $90, according to size. They illustrate the tendency which prevails now to clusters of small stones in all kinds of designs.

Austria and the Fair.

VIENNA, March 2.—The executive committee of the commission on Austrian exhibits at the World's fair has requested Herr Politschock to go to Chicago to arrange for space for Austria. The committee is about to issue a general appeal to manufactures and others to prepare for representation at the fair.

Another Rap at the Kaiser.

BERLIN, March 2.—The reichstag rejected the estimates for building the new corvette. This is another sharp parliamentary rap over the knuckles for the emperor, whose plans for building up the German navy have been cut down twice set down upon by the reichstag.

Ex-Governor Holden Dead.

RALEIGH, March 2.—W. W. Holden, ex-governor of North Carolina, died here. He was prior to and during the war editor of the Raleigh Standard, was provisional governor, and later governor, but was impeached and deposed by the senate in 1870.

A Dynamite Plot Nipped.

MADRID, March 2.—The police of Barcelona have discovered a plot of the anarchists to blow up the life of Jose Rizalda, the German consul general in that city. The principals have been arrested.

Vitriol as a Weapon.

PARIS, March 2.—A French officer has submitted to the war ministry a rifle that will project a stream of vitriol for a distance of seventy meters. He proposes that this weapon be used only against savages, to prevent their making frenzied rushes.

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

The Indian Appropriation Bill Finally Passes the House.

PRATT'S SALARY ITEM DEFEATED.

The Superintendent of the School at Carlisle, Pa., Left in the Lurch—The Tariff and Silver Debates—Anti-Free Coinage Filibusters to Be Headed Off.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The entire day was consumed in the senate by a further discussion of the Idaho case, the advocates of the claims of the contestant, Mr. Shoup, and the sitting member, Mr. Dubois, both sides of the chamber having the floor. Mr. George, of Mississippi, who desired to speak on the question, pleading indisposition, the senate, without action on the case as contemplated, adjourned.

The house devoted the day to the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, which was finally passed after occupying the attention of the house for nearly ten days. The incident of the day was the discussion over the retention in the bill of an item of $1,000 to pay the salary of Captain R. P. Pratt, superintendent of the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa. A telegram was read from Captain Pratt stating that the Catholics had a powerful lobby in Washington to influence legislation, and that this church accorded a great influence upon public questions before congress. The provision for Captain Pratt's salary was stricken out. The clause assigning army officers as Indian agents in case of vacancies hereafter was adopted.

The reports on the bills to place wool, cotton, machinery, cotton ties and binding twine on the free list were reported and the house adjourned.

The Tariff and Silver Debates.

The debate on the tariff measures reported by the committee on ways and means will begin in the house on Monday, unless the anti-silver men succeed in delaying action on the order of the committee on rules setting apart time for the consideration of the bills. The order is not for debate on next Monday, and some very active work will be done by the Democratic opponents of the Bland bill this week in an endeavor to keep the house from taking up the measure.

As for the Republicans, they have practically decided to do all that is possible to embarrass the Democratic party by a means that Mr. Bland and his adherents do not consider in the least embarrassing—namely, to allow the free coinage men in getting the Bland bill before the house for consideration. Many of the Republicans believe that agitation of the free coinage question by the Democrats in the house will prove a good card for the Republican party in the next campaign.

To Stop Filibustering.

The committee on rules is prepared to sit in the land any attempt at filibustering that may be made by the anti-free coinage members on the consideration of the rules. The committee has decided that if dilatory tactics that will consume more than two days are resorted to another special order will be brought in Wednesday that will effectually put a stop to delay and will give the house an opportunity to pass almost immediately on the rule setting apart time for the consideration of the free coinage bill.

The anti-silver Democrats have not outlined a plan of action to be pursued when the special order comes up for discussion Monday. Their leaders say that conferences will be held with Mr. Bland before any policy is agreed on. Meanwhile, however, the antis have been active in counting noses to ascertain their strength.

If the special order is disposed of Monday the tariff debate will begin next day. It was intended to have begun this week, but the illness of Mr. Springer has prevented this, and Mr. McMillin, who was selected to open the debate in Mr. Springer's stead, asked for more time in which to prepare for the effort.

The Quorum Question.

Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, a member of the committee on rules, was asked if the decision of the supreme court in the woolen classification act case and its bearing on the question of a quorum in the house would affect the decision of the committee on the attitude of the Democratic party on this question. He said:

"Not in the least. The decision of the supreme court is a legal standpoint, is not comparable to the arguments made in the house by Messrs. Reed, McKinley, Burrows, Dalzell, Dolliver, Lodge and other Republican lawyers. The court has not touched upon the question of the abuse of Mr. Reed in counting absent members as present. They take the house journal as evidence of a quorum.

"Members were in the cloak rooms, at their hotels, not actually present in their seats, who were counted to make up a quorum. The demand for the yeas and nays by one-fifth of the members present in the house is a proper parliamentary move. It is a constitutional provision, this rule should be enforced by the house itself. It is a safeguard for the proper conduct of public business. Many measures are passed under decisions which are defeated upon a yea and nay vote, members being afraid to have the glare of public opinion turned upon them. The supreme court decision, therefore, will not in any way alter the action of the speaker or the Democratic party in the house so far as it affects their interpretation of parliamentary law."

Prussians Demand Relief.

DANZIG, March 2.—The unemployed of this city marched in procession to the town hall today and asked for relief. The municipal authorities decided to put them to work reclaiming waste lands.

Quarreled Over a Young Lady.

LEAVENWORTH, KAN., March 2.—Fred Messenger, a prominent young man, was fatally stabbed by James McLaughlin, a well known local sport, in a quarrel over a young lady.

The Greek Crisis Over.

ATHENS, March 2.—M. Theotoko-Pandos, ex-president of the Greek chamber of deputies, has succeeded in forming a cabinet. The crisis is believed to be over.

The Indianapolis Strike Ends.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 2.—The street car strike has been settled by the appointment by the mayor of the discharged assistant superintendent as receiver.

Fatal Family Row.

OLNEYVILLE, R. I., March 2.—Mrs. Dolley, whose skull was crushed by her husband, Joel, and the husband, who cut his throat, will recover.

Pastor at Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 2.—Secretary Fairchild, of the American treasury department, has arrived here.

DOUCHERTY'S NEW ENGLAND CONDENSED

MINCE MEAT
THE ORIGINAL
put up in 3 lb. tins. Manufactured by the Douchertys at Plainfield, N. J. Sold by all first-class grocers. Ask your grocer for it. Take no substitute. If he does not keep it, send to us and we will see that you get it. Every package guaranteed to give satisfaction or money will be refunded by your grocer.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass
is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass at a moderate price. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his employees or stock at some distance from the house. It will serve many good purposes in the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS and have an invaluable assistant for those purposes.

Prices { Smallest size $2.50 / Medium size 3.25 / Largest size 4.00 } All in strong leather case, with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above glasses by return mail.

QUEEN & CO.,
—Manufacturers—
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST,
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education in voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 87 Burr St., Fort Plainfield.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
13 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
PEPPER HEVEY DAY.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 ly

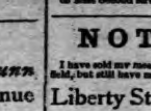
EITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
AND OFFICE
South Avenue.
P. O. BOX 1687.
Upper Lehigh and other choice stock on hand.

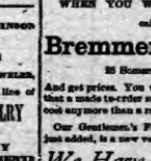
We have a new Rink!
Skates and Sleds
Also Rented Rooms, Dramas, Fancy Horses, Horseshoes, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Fancy Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE DEF TEA



Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the specialties of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
SCREENED AND DELIVERED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Trucking and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

To the Public!
Machine Works.
FREDERICK P. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Stock stock building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.



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OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Frames examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROFESSOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private balls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Office: corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 97 Bedford, New York; 402 Court st., Brooklyn, and 3 Somerset st., Plainfield, N. J.
Improved and Trades' Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Twelve teams in operation. Our apparatus is of improved style by the Board of Health. Orders by telephone paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House, Manufacturers of Portable Closets, Garden and Yard Fertilizers. P. O. box 903. Telephone call 20.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both of course.
But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Wrappers, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

62 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD ·:· MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cases can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The Finest Linen Work a very specialty ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains done equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in Plainfield or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

25 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

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Architect, 97 Bedford, New York; 402 Court st., Brooklyn, and 3 Somerset st., Plainfield, N. J.
Improved and Trades' Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

THE GIANTS OF THE RING

A Quarter of a Million Staked on the Big Fight Tonight.

A BATTLING BATTLE ANTICIPATED.

Maher and Fitzsimmons Both in Good Condition—The Interest as Great as in the Sullivan-Kilrain Fight—Needham a Whipping Boy in Nine Rounds.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—Danny Needham, who was so sorely disappointed by the illness of his prospective opponent, Tommy Ryan, had a little balm poured on his wounds by winning the biggest part of the $5,000 purse which he and Ryan were to have fought for from Jack Burke, the Texas lightweight champion, who consented to act as a substitute in order not to disappoint the club's numerous patrons, who came from distant points to witness the fight between Needham and Ryan. About 1,500 persons assembled in the amphitheater of the Metropolitan club to witness the battle. President Cooper acted as master of ceremonies, and made many apologies to those present for Monday night's fiasco. Professor John Duffy was chosen referee.

Needham was the first of the pugilists to enter the ring. He was accompanied by Tommy Manning, Tommy Hogan and Mike Conley, who acted as his seconds. A couple of minutes later Burke jumped over the ropes into the arena followed by Billy Dacey, Owen Harney and Charles Porter, his seconds. He was heartily cheered because of his pluck in engaging to fight a man whom he knew to be in the pink of condition, while he himself had received no other training than that which he gained while preparing Ryan to fight.

Burke Knocked Out.

Up to the ninth round it was give and take and honors about even, but in this round a sharp rally took place with a heavy exchange of body blows. Needham then got in a hard one on the stomach, but received a heavy upper cut before he could get away. Needham at this time began rushing matters, hitting Burke a hard lick in the eye.

Burke tried to clinch, but Needham pushed him off and he fell to the ground. When he arose he was very groggy, and Needham went in to finish him, pounding him all over the ring. Burke endeavored to avoid punishment by clinching, but Needham kept him away. Needham finally hit him a hard left hander in the neck, which caused Burke to reel around. As he did Needham hit him a swinging blow on the back of the neck and Burke fell all in a heap. Just after time was called he managed to struggle to his feet, but he had already been counted out.

Burke, although outclassed, made an excellent showing, his pluck gaining him many friends. He showed more signs of punishment than Needham, having a bad eye and many body bruises. Needham, owing to his excellent condition, showed scarcely a mark, but nevertheless Burke had hit him some pretty hard raps.

Needham, according to agreement, gets $2,500 of the $5,000 purse. Burke takes the other $500, which everybody agrees he richly deserves.

The Great Fight Tonight.

The city is fairly wild over the fight tonight between the Irish champion, Peter Maher, and the Australian champion, Bob Fitzsimmons, and the excitement incidental to the occasion is only within a shade of that manifested up the eve of the meeting of Sullivan and Kilrain, but has actually overshadowed the festivities of the Mardi Gras of March 4. It has been fight in the hotels, fight on the street corners, fight talk here, there and everywhere.

Maher is in the best of health and spirits, and his appearance when stripped bears testimony to the fact that he has received the best of training. If there is an ounce of superfluous flesh upon his entire body it cannot be located. He is firm and hard from shoulder to foot and his muscles are hard as iron. In characteristic he is modest and retiring, and the most that he could be persuaded to say was that he had never seen Fitzsimmons, that no pugilist could tell if he was equal to a man until he had fought him, and that he could not say whether or not he was strong and quick and clever enough to go against the Australian until he had met him in the ring and gone through a portion of the battle.

Fitzsimmons is in better condition than when he met Dempsey here a year ago, and he is now man to man with the Pittsburger, who sought an encounter with his fellow countryman, Jim Hall, when he prepared for an encounter with the latter preparatory to the fiasco at St. Paul.

A Quarter of a Million Dollars Up.

The fight will be either very short or extremely protracted. The indications favor a short fight and a merry one. Fitz will weigh in at 170, Maher at five pounds or so less. It is likely to be biff, bang from the start, with both men forcing the fighting. If it is a short fight the Irish lad may win by reason of his terrific hitting powers, and if he is strong on his feet Fitz will have to take a good many hard knocks simply because it will be impossible for him to get away from them.

The betting has been heavy at even money. It is calculated that nearly a quarter of a million dollars will change hands throughout the country on the outcome of the mill.

Abducted and Murdered.

LITTLE ROCK, March 2.—Two men who pretended to be officers abducted Stephen Van Clew, aged seventy, from his house, near Bear Hill. They were captured by Van Clew's wife and son after they had robbed and murdered Van Clew and threw his body in a gully. One of the murderers was shot when attempting to escape, and the other was turned over to the authorities.

Parnell's Estate to Be Sold.

DUBLIN, March 2.—It has been decided that Mr. Parnell's house and estate at Avondale shall be sold at auction. The timber on the estate has already been sold.

Baseball Men in Session.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The National Baseball league is in convention here and a sharp fight is expected over the schedule and Danny Richardson's assignment.

Six Railroad Men Killed.

MILWAUKEE, March 2.—The shop train of the St. Paul road jumped the track and six of the employees were killed and a dozen or more badly injured.

He Rocked the Republican Cradle.

LANSING, Mich., March 2.—Whitney Jones, who assisted in the organization of the Republican party, has died here aged eighty years.

Springer Greatly Improved.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Representative Springer, of Illinois, has greatly improved.

An Explanation.

She—Everything good and beautiful comes from New York.

He (from Boston)—Ah, that explains, then, why it is so disagreeable to the visit or who has to endure what remains.—Detroit Free Press.

The Worst of It.

She—You look as though you had raised Ned at your club last night.

He—I did, and what is worse, he raised me back.—Brooklyn Life.

One Way Out of It.

Clara—Do you see how the shape of this gown could be improved?

Maude—You might get some other girl to wear it.—Cloak Review.

A Suggestion.

Miss Grotesque—I wish something new for the complexion would come out.

Miss Summit—Have you tried sandpaper?—Truth.

After the Refusal.

He (bitterly)—You are utterly heartless! I might possibly imagine you engaged, but not by any possibility in love.

She—Really? How curious! Now, do you know, I can easily imagine your being in love, but in the wildest stretch of fancy I cannot imagine your being engaged.—Life.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A violent storm raged all over the eastern states and the snow in some places is ten feet deep. The coast suffered severely and much damage was done in New Jersey. New York, Pennsylvania and Connecticut got the full force of the blizzard.

J. M. Billingsley, of St. Paul, a porter on the Zeo line, has fallen heir to a fortune of $180,000.

The Mollie Gibson mine of Colorado will distribute a dividend of $628,000 among the stockholders for March.

John Satin is in a critical condition at Tacoma, Wash., from an attempt to drink one hundred bottles of beer on a wager. He drank forty-five bottles.

Leading Prohibitionists of St. Louis have decided not to raise the $2,500 demanded by the national committee on the ground that it was exorbitant.

The Russian relief committee of the New York chamber of commerce received additional subscriptions of $453.87, making the grand total $94,079.09.

Yesterday $12,000 worth of jewelry, stolen from Ed L. Huntley, a Chicago commercial traveler, by stage robbers, was restored to him by an unknown man, who disappeared after receiving the promised reward of $2,000.

A dispatch from Shanghai says that land pirates have made a descent on Hatou and pillaged and burned the village.

Jersey's Revolutionary Sons.

TRENTON, March 2.—The New Jersey Society of Sons of the Revolution held their annual meeting here. A large number of prominent Jerseymen were admitted to membership and the following officers were elected: President, Colonel S. Meredith Dickinson, Trenton; vice president, C. H. Sinnickson, Salem; secretary, J. A. Campbell, Trenton; treasurer, Hugh H. Hamill, Trenton; chaplain, Rev. Charles M. Perkins, Salem; board of managers, G. D. W. Vroome, Trenton, George W. Robeson, General S. D. Oliphant, Dr. William Elmer of Trenton, Gilbert Collins, Jersey City, Malcolm McDonald, William J. Potts, S. C. Woodhull, Camden, and Bayard Stockton Princeton.

Hensel to Powderly.

LANCASTER, Pa., March 2.—Attorney General Hensel sent the following reply to Mr Powderly:

T. V. Powderly, Esq., Scranton, Pa.:

Your letter of Feb 29, forwarded from Harrisburg, has been received. Replying I beg to say I have not assumed that you are bound under any penalty to repair to Harrisburg, but in order that you may have notice of the hearing and an opportunity to attend it You must determine whether or not you should be present. I can only advise as to what is best further or to file additional matter opportunity will be afforded you.

W. U. HENSEL, Attorney General.

A Mad Fight for Food.

VIENNA, March 2.—The distribution of free bread to the poor at the offices of the socialist paper Volkspresse was attended with a great deal of disorder. Eight thousand loaves of bread had been provided, but fully 12,000 men and women assembled in front of the offices. When it became known that the supply had been exhausted many of those who had received nothing assailed others more fortunate and fought for the food. In the crush ten women were injured. The efforts of a strong force of police were finally successful in checking the riot.

The Connecticut Muddle.

HARTFORD, March 2.—The state attorney and the counsel for Controller Staub submitted briefs to the supreme court in the case brought by the state for a writ of mandamus to compel the controller to pay the school tax money. Mr. Cole, the governor's attorney, received permission to file a brief in the case on Monday. Mr. Cole will urge that the court take into consideration with this case all the similar financial complications at the controller's office.

Robbed a Miser.

MONTREAL, March 2.—Robert Pope and Matilda Winters, of Laconia, N. H., who have been living at hotels here for two months under the name of Smith, were arrested charged with having robbed a Mr. Monlton of that place of $1,100. Monlton was their landlord and is said to have been a miser. They found the money between the walls of his house. They admit their guilt and will return voluntarily.

Sunk Off the Cape of Good Hope.

LONDON, March 2.—The British steamer Alcester struck a sunken wreck off the Cape of Good Hope and sank. The crew landed safely.

What the Baltimore's Crew Asks.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The claims of the Baltimore's crew against Chili, just filed here, aggregate $2,500,000.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

O'Connor's Employers' Liability Bill Passed by the Senate.

ALBANY, March 2.—In the senate O'Connor's employers' liability bill was made a special order.

Mr. Mullin offered a resolution recommitting the bill to the judiciary committee, and requested the committee to investigate during recess and report at the next session by bill or otherwise. He said a similar bill passed in England. It had lapsed in 1887 and never been re-enacted. It was found unsatisfactory and was repudiated after seven years' experience. The Massachusetts statute was modeled on English law, but was modified and much more reasonable. He would be willing to vote for this law.

Mr. O'Connor said the bill in England had been defeated by corporate interests which were trying to defeat it here. Resolution lost, only five votes being cast for it, and the bill then passed, 29 to 3.

Senator Canter introduced a concurrent resolution urging New York's representatives in congress to vote for the purchase of the Yorktown farms at Yorktown, Va., in commemoration of its connection with revolutionary events and of the friendship at that time between France and America.

A bill was introduced by Senator Floyd Jones providing that the mayor, receiver of taxes and president of the board of aldermen of Long Island City shall be a board to finish the school houses of Long Island City, at an expense of not more than $150,000, and authorizing the issue of bonds to that amount.

In the assembly Speaker Bush's state printing office bill was passed after the speaker made a speech in its favor from the floor. The vote was 73 to 25.

A FEMALE PRISON IN FLAMES.

The 204 Inmates Have a Narrow Escape from Death—Fifty Get Away.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 2.—Indianapolis was visited by another startling fire last night and it was feared for a while that it would prove another catastrophe equal to the Surgical Institute horror. The State Female Reformatory took fire from a stove in the laundry and in half an hour was completely wrapped in flames. It contained 204 inmates, most of whom were locked in their rooms when the fire was discovered. By heroic efforts of the matron and attendants all were released and got out of the building barely in time to prevent loss of life. Among them were seventeen who were confined in the hospital. They were given shelter in the neighboring residences.

The released prisoners ran screaming in every direction as soon as they got out, doubling the confusion usual at fires. While the firemen were busy with the flames the police force was called out to gather in the prisoners. About 150 of them were found at the fire in the vicinity, but the other fifty-two got away and only two have been recaptured. They were brought down town and corraled for the night in the criminal court room.

A Whisky Trust Sensation.

BOSTON, March 2.—Surprises are in store for the people most interested in the whisky trust case. Those who are in a position to know say arrests will be made on indictments found by the federal grand jury now in session in this city which will create a profound sensation. The indictments have resulted from the prosecution of the whisky trust officials, and the charge is that of tampering with members of the grand jury and of attempting to prevent the finding of an indictment. The matter has been kept exceedingly quiet. District Attorney Allen does not deny that indictments have been found, he merely says he can give no information.

For Beating the Slot Machine.

NORWALK, Conn., March 2.—George S. Grumman, George H. Allen and James L. Brundage were arrested by United States Marshal Strong, of Bridgeport, on a charge of passing counterfeit money. Grumman is one of the proprietors of a liquor store, and Allen and Brundage are employed there. An automatic phonograph was placed in the store a short time ago, and every time the agent came around to collect the machine was found to contain large numbers of lead dies the size of a five cent piece. Detectives were employed and on their information arrests were made.

Searing's Body Identified.

PETERSBURG, Va., March 2.—S. B. Walters and Miss Lizzie Weeks arrived here on their way to City Point to have the body of the man found in the swamp near Ashland some days ago exhumed and to see whether it was that of George C. Searing, a well known New Yorker. The body was fully identified by Mr. Walters and Miss Weeks as that of Searing, and it was shipped to New York.

Crushed by a Falling Wall.

HOBOKEN, N. J., March 2.—Thomas King's house was condemned by the fall of a brick wall going up beside it, and his family and the Smith family narrowly escaped death.

The Debt Reduction.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The monthly public debt statement shows a decrease in the aggregate during February amounting to $3,407,149.

An Old Woman Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, March 2.—Mrs. Catharine Williams, aged seventy-two, was burned to death while trying to extinguish a fire in her house.

Diphtheria Raging.

LOCUST GAP, March 2.—Diphtheria has again broken out here and deaths occur daily. Public funerals have been prohibited.

Trolley Wires Are Dangerous.

NEWARK, N. J., March 2.—A horse attached to a sweeping machine on the Electric Car line was struck by a broken overhead electric wire and instantly killed.

Proving Field Insane.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The trial of Edwin M. Field was resumed, and Dr. Gray, a noted specialist in mental diseases, testified that Field was insane.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of Rock

Light Blue Color.

References:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT A. MERKER, Sunset Cem.

Smalley Bros.,

91 SOMERSET ST. REET.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE,

Disordered Liver, etc.

They ACT LIKE MAGIC on the Vital Organs, restoring long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These facts are admitted by thousands, in all classes of society. Largest sale in the world.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Real Estate & Insurance

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

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Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 58 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ARBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop, rear of residence, 112 Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Best class work interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 154.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 251

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield.

J. HERRMANN, 6 Regent street.

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Southside Clinton avenue, near depot, Bruen P. O. Box 1202. Jobbing attended to. Best grades given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Somerset avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 543.

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Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 21.

W. J. PIERSON, No. 13 Vine street, H. S. GAYLE, No. 15 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:30, 10:45, 11:30, 2:00 p. m., 6:30, 7:30 p. m. Sunday—7:30, 8:30, 10:45 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m. Close—9:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect, Oct. 11th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 34, 5 37, 6 30, 8 14, 9 29, 9 59, 10 37, 11 08, 11 38 a. m., 12 08, 1 08, 1 38, 2 08, 2 38, 3 08, 3 38, 4 08, 4 38, 5 08, 5 38, 6 08, 6 38, 7 08, 7 38, 8 08, 8 38, 9 08, 9 38, 10 08, 10 38, 11 08, 11 38 p. m. Leave West End at 2 43, 5 46, 6 39, 8 23, 9 38, 10 08, 10 46, 11 17, 11 47 a. m., 12 17, 1 17, 1 47, 2 17, 2 47, 3 17, 3 47, 4 17, 4 47, 5 17, 5 47, 6 17, 6 47, 7 17, 7 47, 8 17, 8 47, 9 17, 9 47, 10 17, 10 47, 11 17, 11 47 p. m. Leave Park Place at 2 45, 5 48, 6 41, 8 25, 9 40, 10 10, 10 48, 11 19, 11 49 a. m., 12 19, 1 19, 1 49, 2 19, 2 49, 3 19, 3 49, 4 19, 4 49, 5 19, 5 49, 6 19, 6 49, 7 19, 7 49, 8 19, 8 49, 9 19, 9 49, 10 19, 10 49, 11 19, 11 49 p. m. Leave Jersey City at 2 55, 5 58, 6 51, 8 35, 9 50, 10 20, 10 58, 11 29, 11 59 a. m., 12 29, 1 29, 1 59, 2 29, 2 59, 3 29, 3 59, 4 29, 4 59, 5 29, 5 59, 6 29, 6 59, 7 29, 7 59, 8 29, 8 59, 9 29, 9 59, 10 29, 10 59, 11 29, 11 59 p. m. Sunday at 5 15, 6 30, 7 00, 10 00, 10 30 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 10, 8 07, 9 45, 11 20, a. m., 12 45, 2 05, 3 45, 5 05, 6 20, 7 45, 9 30, 11 05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 30, 7 55, 8 52, 10 30, 11 05 a. m., 1 30, 2 50, 4 30, 5 50, 7 05, 8 30, 10 15, 11 50 p. m. Sunday at 9 15, 10 40 a. m., 12 15, 1 40, 3 15, 4 40, 6 05, 7 30, 9 15, 10 50 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 36, 6 20, 8 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6 40, 7 25, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Leave Park Place at 5 38, 6 22, 8 02, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 a. m., 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Leave West End at 5 41, 6 25, 8 05, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sunday at 7 50, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 50 a. m., 12 50, 1 50, 2 50, 3 50, 4 50, 5 50, 6 50, 7 50, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 50 p. m. Leave Jersey City at 5 50, 6 34, 8 14, 7 44, 8 44, 9 44, 10 44, 11 44 a. m., 12 44, 1 44, 2 44, 3 44, 4 44, 5 44, 6 44, 7 44, 8 44, 9 44, 10 44, 11 44 p. m. Sunday at 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SAYREVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 8 45, 9 45 a. m., 1 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 15 p. m., 12 15, 6 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 42, a. m., 1 30, 5 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 45 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton and Elmira.

7 10 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton also Lehigh Valley R. R. points.

8 07 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton and Elmira.

9 45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

11 20 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Binghamton, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, etc.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington.

7 30 p. m. for Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton. Local points, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 9 15 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Wilkesbarre, etc. 7 00 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

5 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

9 45 a. m. Sundays for Long Branch, 11 09 a. m. 2 35, 5 30 p. m. Sunday (express) for Ocean Grove, 9 32 a. m., 12 05 p. m. For Perth Amboy 8 32, 9 45, 11 09 a. m., 2 35, 5 30, 7 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00 a. m., 2 30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Philadelphia and the West, 5 37 a. m. 12 05, 3 46, 5 30, 7 00, 11 59 a. m., 1 37 night. Sundays at 9 45, 11 18 a. m., 2 05, 7 00, 9 15, 9 55 p. m. 1 37 night.

For Trenton 8 32, 9 45, 10 47 a. m. 12 37, 1 55, 3 46, 5 30, 7 00, 9 15, 9 55 p. m. 1 37 night. Sundays at 9 45, 11 18 a. m., 2 05, 7 00, 9 15, 9 55 p. m. 1 37 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 45, a. m., 2 35, 5 30, 7 00, 9 15, 9 55 p. m. 1 37 night. Sunday at 9 45 a. m., 2 35, 7 00, 9 15 p. m., 1 37 night.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by the Interlocking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:

7 25 a. m.—Local Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, also Pullman Sleeping Cars for Cincinnati and Toledo.

7 50 a. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Indianapolis and Chicago and Toledo.

9 50 a. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1 45, 4 07, 7 04, 7 35, 7 47, 8 05, 9 30, 10 35, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. For Atlantic City, daily (except Sunday), 8 05, 9 30 a. m., 12 40, 3 45, 5 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 24 a. m., 12 40 p. m. For Cape May, 8 05 a. m., 5 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 24 a. m.

For Philadelphia—1 45, 4 07, 7 04, 7 35, 7 47, 8 05, 9 30, 10 35, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Woodbridge—4 44, 9 05, 10 39 a. m., 2 39, 4 55, 6 39, 8 39, 11 39 p. m. Sunday—10 39 a. m., 11 39 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Metuchen—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Bonnington—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Junction—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Monmouth Junction—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Jamesburg—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Trenton—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Bristol—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Morrisville—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Yardley—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Newtown—1 00, 4 20, 7 20, 8 05, 10 41 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 3 45, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday—3 05, 3 50, 5 05, 6 20, 7 40, 8 24, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Langhorne

HOW TO MAKE SOUP STOCK.

A Proper and Inexpensive Method of Making Sure of Good Soups.

Soup of the very best is very cheap, if it be properly made. If it be not properly made it is more expensive and not as good. The best material, by all odds, is beef. The next best is veal; but when veal is used *it is wise to use beef also.*

Beef, to be sure, is the most expensive of the staple meats, but the best piece of which to make soup is the cheapest cut in the carcass. It is the "sticking piece," which is high up on the neck. It is so called because the animal is bled from there when slaughtered. As the carcass is hung head down, the valuable juices which you need in soup settle there. Use also the bones which the butcher removes from your rousing piece. Bone is good, not so much for the marrow, though that is good, as for the fibrin that it yields.

In addition to this material use chicken bones or turkey bones if a roast fowl has been carved. If a fowl has been boiled, use the water in which it has been cooked. These materials blend. Do not put mutton in with beef, neither any ham bones or other pork.

As to cooking, don't boil. The hasty, and therefore poor, cook will boil meat for soup. Put your meat and bones into a stone pot or an agate ware vessel of some kind, cover with water and simmer all day. It won't hurt to simmer it longer, but at least ten hours is necessary. The pot should be closely covered, so that no flavor or strength shall be lost by evaporation.

Nothing whatever should be put in the pot, excepting what has been mentioned, until within any hours of the time when the soup, or rather the stock, is to be considered done. At that time take all the vegetables that are to go into the soup for flavoring and add them up in a bunch. Throw them in and let them cook for the two hours. Then remove them. They are next to worthless, though our teachers, the French, would serve them, with plenty of seasoning, as vegetables. If they are left to cook in the soup longer than about two hours they will injure the flavor of the soup, and two hours is long enough to get all the good out of them.

As to the seasoning, a word is necessary. If meat is salted when it is first put on to simmer it will harden and refuse to yield its juices. Wait until the soup is nearly done and then season to taste.

After the cooking is completed remove the pot from the fire and strain the soup carefully. Set it in a cool place in a stone pot and let it cool thoroughly before putting it into the icebox. If it is put on the ice to cool quickly it will not keep so well. When it is thoroughly cool set it on the ice and you will speedily find that you have a rich meat jelly.

This jelly is concentrated soup. It is the very best of all meat tonics, and when used in the combination of nearly every one of the *hundreds of soups that may be made*, it may almost be said that no good soup can be made without this jelly, or "stock," for its foundation. That would be an exaggeration, of course, for excellent soup may be made of vegetables alone. Good soup, however, prepared in this way is an addition of great excellence to any soup. Diluted simply with hot water it makes the most delicious beef tea for invalids. Then any soup you want.—New York Advertiser.

Admired Disorder.

What quality or what want of quality is it that makes it impossible for certain people to maintain an appearance of tidiness in the rooms where they live, and while in some houses everything looks as if it grew to its place and could not be uprooted, in their houses everything looks as if tumbled into confusion and were only waiting for a whirlwind to give it another turn? The covers are half off and half on the furniture, the books are open, face down, perhaps, on the table, perhaps on the sofas, perhaps on the floor; the flowers are flashed in the glasses where the water has never been renewed; the lamp shade is awry; the rug is tossed up at the corner; the photographs are fallen pellmell; the cushions are scattered; the chairs seem to have been arrested in a waltz; a piece of fancy work is left where it happened to be dropped; housekeys are anywhere where they can trip up the unwary; even the pictures on the wall are out of line, and there is not a straight path to be followed anywhere in the room. The bees and the ants put this house mistress to shame, and so do the birds, who make their nests in the old vines hanging loosely with lichens. If she tried to make order out of the chaos she would only achieve another turn of disorder.

Yet after all it is to be questioned if there is not as much comfort in the midst of all this amazing disorder as in a house of prim and methodical geometrical rule, where a crumb is a crime, where nothing is out of place, and if you take a book you feel you must replace it to within a hair's breadth of where it was before, and the neatness is such as to put the indweller in sonds. A golden mean is desirable in all things—something that is neither too precise nor too disorderly. Yet there seems to be an easygoing element of sweet temper in the disorder that promises, on the whole, more happiness than may belong where everything is done by line and measure, with a sort of crabbed and acrid acidity of flavor in the very air you breathe.—Harper's Bazar.

Girls Who Don't Understand Housework.

It is no longer the college bred girl who is ignorant of the first principles of domestic science, as in most institutions of learning for women steps have been taken to insure instruction in those branches which directly concern the home, but in our cities it is the artificially educated girl who, after several changes of private schools, with longer vacations than terms, necessitated by *Newports in the summer and Floridas* through the winter, the spring term superficial when it wishes to do or to know things not suited to its age or capacity than to satisfy, argue or explain.

Children have been allowed to talk in private almost all the things, little and great, that fill their minds. But let them do the talking. If a child thinks that the stars are gilded holes in the floor of heaven to let the glory through, why not? It is not necessary for children to have correct views of the cosmogony of the universe. Let them work out their little problems in their own way.

A mother with a child of unusual precocity set out with the determination to be all ways practically frank and reasonable with the little one. Now, a child can ask more questions in a minute than a philosopher can answer in a lifetime. The child is of unlimited health, ruled by order of the physicians no books are allowed her, but her daily conversation with this devoted mother is more stimulating than any child's book. It is always the best, the most painstaking mothers who err in this way. The theory of compensation is a broad one.—New York Evening Sun.

The Right Way to Shop.

If women could but realize it they dwindle their labor and add weariness to their own flesh, and that of all with whom they come in contact, by the haphazard way in which they shop. It is just as easy to start off after something you really want as to go fooling around and trying to make up your mind when you are in the midst of the crowd in the store. "An ounce of" to your need is a very important adjunct in a shopping campaign, and the successful buyer usually possesses it. One gains a good deal of information concerning human nature in attending the bargain sales, and if one has leisure she gains a good deal of amusement as well by lingering a little around the most attractive counters. There she sees all sorts and conditions of women.

There is the one who knows just what she wants. She has her memorandum tablets in her hand, and she goes from counter to counter making her purchases. She knows the best bargain the moment she sees it, and she secures it. She doesn't stop to look at things she doesn't want; not a bit of it. She attends strictly to business and gets through with it, while the fussy woman who doesn't know what she wants is pulling over towels on the counter. She is a delight to the salesman or saleswoman, and she gets served with respect and dispatch.—New York Press.

Miss Penny's Work.

It is now nearly thirty-five years since Miss Virginia Penny began her labors for the working women of this country. She was then a resident of Louisville, her birthplace. Thrown upon her own resources by sudden financial reverses, she had become a teacher in a seminary for girls. During that period she realized how few avenues of employment were open for women, especially in the south, where social pride closed to them most of the few branches of work that they could, without loss of standing, enter in the north. When a legacy enabled her to go back to a life of ease she concluded to investigate for herself the question of woman's labors, and as far back as 1858 she began the work to which she has devoted the greater part of her life.

At that time only seven occupations were open to women in any part of this country; now, owing in a considerable degree to her labors, there are nearly 400. Her work was of the severest and most trying nature. She visited the libraries of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, spending four years in preliminary investigations. She sent thousands of circular letters to merchants and manufacturers, employed assistants and visited between 3,000 and 4,000 shops and stores.—New York Sun.

Making a Record at Home.

I've helped to make a record, and here they say we've broken it. Now, I'll name to make a honest boyhood thus: Worth made me a very pretty walking costume, and then described the style of bonbonnet I intended. When I've seen Worth's creations and learned that the price was 130 francs, I paused. Said cousin Lily, who was with me, and whose fingers are as deft as a seamstress's, "Don't be idle! Let's try to make a bonnet. Worth has given us the idea: all we need are pluck and materials."

We tore ourselves away from Virot's, bought frame, velvet, lining, cord and feathers, the entire expenditure amounting to twenty-five francs. We cut away the ninety centime frame to suit my style of hair; we covered it with the best silk velvet, costing only seven francs, as we chanced upon a *blue remnant*; we lined the structure; we bound it with fine velvet cord; we arranged three ducks of feathers quite jauntily; we sewed on strings and elastic, and lo! in three-quarters of an hour we created a bonnet that meets everybody's approbation.—Kate Field's Washington.

Country Girls in Town.

If you who read this are a brown country lass and should find that your fate leads you to the city, carry with you all that you have learned in the years of childhood and maidenhood out the old farm. You will need it all in the feverish city—the memory of sky and upland, the smell of the clover, the hum of the bees, the taste of the new milk, the breath of the kine, the strength which milking and butter making have given you; the knowledge of nature's secrets—which lilac leaves out first, which oak is last stripped of its foliage, where the ground sparrow hides her nest, when the black berries are fit to make into jam.

Bring the simple, healthy habits of early rising, of energetic work, of outdoor exercise, to your city home, for you will need them now more than ever before. They will help you in gaining an understanding of the best things city life can give you, the broader experience of men and ideas, the love of art, the appreciation of literature. No matter how rich you may become, never be wasteful.—Maud Howe in Ladies' Home Journal.

Playwright Jerome's Wish.

May your lovers become your husbands and your husbands remain your lovers. May you never be troubled by yearnings after the unattainable, nor feel called to a mission you are unable to fulfill; but may you find fragrance in the flowers that grow beside your pathway, and may your duties be your delights.—Jerome K. Jerome's Wish to the Women of America.

Don't Smoke Your Meat.

In broiling meat over coals never allow them to smoke the least. Have the coals have burned down somewhat, throw on a handful of salt to deaden the blue flame that arises. If the drippings from your meat takes fire, remove from the stove to cool for a few moments. Don't try to blow it out, as there is danger of burning the face.—New York Journal.

Cornmeal Cleans Woolens.

To clean woolen dresses, take cornmeal and water and boil it the same as for mush; put the dress with enough water and the mush to wash it in; rinse in clear water and hang it up to dry without wringing; to keep it from becoming white, rub it on the wrong side before it is quite dry.—Exchange.

Teaches Parliamentary Law.

Miss E. A. Connor, of Washington, has become distinguished for her knowledge of parliamentary usage and earns a comfortable living by instructing men and women in the rules of debate and in the proper way of conducting meetings of church and other societies.

Summer Sister.

Whenever I see a young man who is attentive to his own sister, taking her to theaters, escorting her to and from parties and the like, I feel like congratulating the young maiden. Such a sister is always beautiful, such an example is worthy of imitation. When I see a young man who is not attentive to his own sister, who is perpetually bestowing his favors on some other fellow's sister, I do not condemn him, and I make no inquiries as to the why and wherefores. The matter is outside of my bailiwick. Perhaps his sister has plenty of other company which she prefers to his, possibly he pesters another girl's society to that of his sister, and in a great many instances each condition contributes to the situation.

On the other hand, it sometimes happens that inexcusable indifference is the cause, and that, too, without reflecting with fatal seriousness on either party. The fact is, there is too much of this promiscuous meddling of young men for neglecting their sisters.—Detroit Free Press.

One Woman's Way.

"I never allow a single inclosed space of any kind in my kitchen," said a very good housekeeper. "My cupboard or closet becomes a sure receptacle for rubbish unless most carefully watched, and no cook, however tidy, likes to have 'the mistress' opening doors and looking in, as though investigating the state of affairs. So I have found that by far the best way is to have everything open, no kitchen closet, no inclosed space under the dresser, or above all, the sink; and in this way I pass all the pots and kettles and pans under a daily review without hurting Biddy's ever susceptible feelings."—New York Tribune.

The New York Women's Press club has lately given monthly lunch engaged in literary occupation. Its object is to gain for women the advantages arising from unity, fellowship and co-operation with those engaged in similar pursuits.

The Empress Eugenie declined to follow the conventional idea in beds. Hers was raised on little shores the floor of her bedroom as to give at a hasty glance the impression that she was sleeping on the carpet.

The skillful use of the needle has always been part of the training of every well raised girl. To learn how to sew was distinguishing the young a little damned in the olden time, as it is today.

Chocolate requires great heat and rapid cooking in an uncovered dish or the oil will separate and rise to the top. It should also be served in an uncovered pitcher, though this is not the fashion.

Nursing is that part of maternal management which is of the greatest importance, since on one depends both the child nourished by the mother, nurse and even by many of the doctors.

A slight layer of sand in the saucers under pots prevents them from drying out quickly. Plants will be found to thrive better and require less attention in watering.

Copper kettles may be cleaned and polished by taking a lemon and cutting it in two then dip one of the pieces in salt and rub well over the copper.

To Henry Ward Beecher we owe these lines: "The babe at first feels upon the mother's bosom, but is shaped in the heart."

This Date in History—March 2.

46—Declares Justus Juvenal, satirical poet, born at Aquinum, Italy.

1793—De Witt Clinton, statesman, born at New Windsor, N. Y.; died 1828.

1793—John Wesley, founder of Methodism, died at London; born 1703.

1796—Samuel Houston, the "Washington of Texas," born near the Lexington, Va.; died at Huntsville, Tex., July 25, 1863.

1797—Horace Walpole, earl of Orford, poet, etc., died in London; born there 1717.

1811—Hugh Edward Strickland, famous naturalist, born.

1855—Carl Schurz, soldier and statesman, became Cologne, Prussia; reached the United States in 1852.

1875—General Lorenzo Thomas, soldier, died, aged 72.

1890—James Edward English, ex-governor of Connecticut, died in New Haven, aged 74.

Pope Leo celebrated his 80th birthday.

Emin Pasha arrived at Zanzibar.

Truthfulness.

Walter was the important witness in a lawsuit. One of the lawyers, after cross questioning him severely, said:

"Your father has been talking to you and telling you how to testify, hasn't he?"

"Yes," said the boy.

"Now," said the lawyer, "just tell us how your father told you to testify."

"Well," said the boy modestly, "father told me that the lawyers would try to tangle me in my testimony, but if I would just be careful and tell the truth I could tell the same thing every time."—Boston Commercial.

She Didn't Understand.

A bright little girl, who lives in Hyde Park, asked for a second saucer of ice cream the other evening.

"I don't think it's good for you; ask your father," said her mother.

The girl went into the library and put the question. "Not much," said her father emphatically.

"Papa says I can have a little," she reported to her mother with truthful and innocent eyes.—Babyhood.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

2 15 8m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

816 TH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.

Special rates for permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

1 23 6m

BROWN & MILLS

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, to rooms, 108, 110, 5 WEST AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best black stand connected with the shop.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ↓ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—429 East Front street.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 8 a. m.

The steamer "Rugia," from New York, March 23, at 11.30 a. m.

The steamers for St-tin leave March 19, 26; April 9, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get part culars and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.75. Half value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $2, yours for 78c.

300 yards extra fine cream damasked table linen, 70 inches wide; value 65c., our price 45c.

50 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c. kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our undressed 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1, our price 79c

We ask special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another 100 pairs of 15c. regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 20c., our price 10c.

Gentlemen there are 1000 fine four-in-hand Scarfs, and we offer them as you usually pay 50c for; our price 25c.

Our white Rock fine linen granite ware still continues. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you buy it at about the same price that you pay for good tinware.

Van Emburgh & White.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 9 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a dividend, and saving in the purchase, and is well worth taking advantage of.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and all-wool Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Ingrains.

Of all these we keep a splendid assortment in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their large stock here, or from your own selection from it, at the same prices as if you went to New York. By this plan, we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their home.

These and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 29 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES ! GLOVES !

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.

8 button length Suede Mo quitaines, in tans, and slate, 85c.

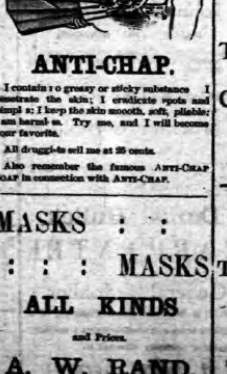
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

Everybody Likes Me.



ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimpl s; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

MASKS : : :

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ALL KINDS

and Prices.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel We have the BEST Feed Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaned Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best

wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E. We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

WE HAVE IT!

WHAT IS IT?

The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.

Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.

All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.

Our quality of goods; square dealing and low prices have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, (with Worden & Buckle.

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Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

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Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

19 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

O. M. DUNHAM,

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Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

1892			MARCH.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.	
		1	2	3	4	5	
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
27	28	29	30	31			

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	2:14 a. m.	Third Quarter	21	2:19 a. m.
Full Moon	13	7:50 a. m.	New Moon	28	2:19 p. m.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds.

25 per Year in Advance. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clear and slightly warmer.

BREVITIES.

—The Choral Society Concert will take place at Music Hall this evening.

—The Methodists will hold a conference in New Brunswick March 15th.

—Preparatory services were held in the Congregational church last evening.

—The Plainfield Bicycle Club will hold a caucus meeting next Saturday evening.

—The city Common Council will hold a regular meeting next Monday evening.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders held a meeting at Elizabeth this afternoon.

—The Board of Education will hold a regular meeting next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The business meeting of the Reform Club will be held in Reform Hall this evening at eight o'clock.

—The members of the Ancient Order of Hiberninans are arranging for a grand ball to be held late this month.

—The funeral of the late Charles Winston took place from St. Mary's Church yesterday afternoon at two o'clock.

—The case of Mrs. Henry Gordon against her husband, on the charge of non-support, has been adjourned until March 15th.

—The members of Gazelle Engine Company No. 1, held a meeting last evening, business of a routine nature only was transacted.

—The Borough Council will meet in regular session to-morrow evening. The meeting will be the last regular one held by the present Council.

—The subject of the popular talk to be given by Mr. G. H. Fountain at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening will be "Peculiar Talk on Peculiar Ideas." All young men are invited.

—Lenten devotions were held in St. Mary's Catholic church last evening. During the evening the Rev. Father Smyth preached an interesting and instructive sermon.

—Several Plainfielders visited the Marion Gun Club grounds to-day to take part in the shooting match for a pig which was raised on the farm of Mr. Jacob Fentz at Fanwood.

—March came in like a lion, and consequently is supposed to go out like a lamb. Now, we are curious to know just about what time in the month the transformation is going to take place.

—It is reported that the liquor dealers to whom Council refused to grant licenses will appeal to State Excise Board for a rehearing. The question will arise, "Has Plainfield no rights under its charter while the Democrats rule?"

—Next Tuesday will be election day in the Borough and Township of North Plainfield. The Republicans will need to stir themselves, if they expect to win. "Our Friend" is working quietly to avoid attracting attention—counting on Republican over-confidence, and vote-changing.

—Senator Keys wishes to state that Senate bill 171, providing that school teachers shall be pensioned after having reached a certain age and having taught a certain number of years, was introduced by him at the request of a gentleman from another county, as appears by the Senate record, and that he has absolutely no interest in this bill, simply having introduced it as a favor; also that such bill only applies to cities of the first and second class and would in nowise, even if it became a law, affect Somerset county.—Somerset Messenger.

The "I's."

The "I's" had the pleasure of having Mrs. Tomlinson with them at their meeting Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Tomlinson's talk was very interesting and helpful.

Among other things, the subject of the circle was introduced. It was found that one dollar and fourteen dollars had been cleared at the Twilight Tea, held at Mrs. W. L. Patton's. Toward this amount the "I's" contributed twenty-five dollars, the proceeds of their candy table.

Mrs. Barnes is to be present at one of their meetings either this month or next. All interested in her and the "I's" are cordially invited to be present. The date of her coming will be published later.

Under the careful supervision of Miss Addie Winter, the Loyal Legion is steadily progressing. There are 86 boys enrolled and there is an average attendance of fifty-four. Of this number thirty-eight have signed the pledge. Any one is welcome to attend their meetings Friday afternoons at four o'clock. The "I" rooms are at the corner of North avenue and Broadway.

An amendment was made to the constitution, which changes the "I" year from May to May, to from September to September, although they will still continue to hold their anniversaries in May. The change was made so that the Plainfield "I" year might begin the same time as that of their sister societies throughout the State.

A "I" conference is to be held in Trenton Friday and Saturday, April eighth and ninth. The two delegates from Plainfield are Miss Amey E. Green and Miss Eleanor T. Morrison. They will be accompanied by Mrs. S. T. Taylor, who is called "The Mother of the I's."

Thanks to the interest shown by their many friends, the "I's report having met with very good success financially, at their Charade-tableleton entertainment, given last Saturday evening, and wish to extend through the local papers their thanks to all who assisted in making it such.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Regular Monthly Meeting Held Last Evening.

The regular meeting of the trustees of the Plainfield Public Library was held last evening at the library. There were present, Directors A. C. Baldwin, George H. Babcock, Mason W. Tyler, Rowland Cox, J. Evarts Tracy, J. B. Dumont, Jos. W. Yates and Wm. M. Stillman.

The minutes of the meeting of Feb. 3, were read and approved. The Treasurer reported the following bills which on motion were ordered paid:

Wm. H. Williams, paper, etc.	$11.35
Miss Adams, salary	50.00
S. H. Allen, salary and sundries	41.65
C. L. Webster, books	31.35
Century Co., vol. 6 of Century dictionary	15.00
Miss Davis, salary	18.00
Johns Hopkins press, books	6.30

The report of the librarian for February was read, approved, and on motion ordered filed. On motion the meeting adjourned. WM. M. STILLMAN, Sec'y.

Librarian's report for February, 1892:

Vols. on accession book Jan. 31	10539
" added by purchase	99
" " gift	19
" now in the library	10677
Number of cardholders	2288
Cash received from dues	$14.82
" subscriptions of non-residents	7.00
Home circulation—	
Fiction	1102
Juvenile	246
Biography	78
Travel	95
Philosophy	15
Religion	34
Sociology	30
Philology	5
Natural science	43
Useful arts	15
Fine arts	49
Literature	141
History	114
Total	1945
Visitors to the building	2726

E. L. ADAMS, Libn.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Councilman Watson spent Tuesday with friends in this city.

Mr. J. R. Vanatta, a well-known temperance lecturer will lecture at Reform Hall next Sunday evening.

Mr. W. J. Sutton of East Front street is slowly recovering from the injuries he received by falling from a bicycle on Sunday last.

Dr. Walker of Pittsburg will visit this city soon and give a course of lectures in the First Baptist church on the "Tabernacle."

Mr. Henry Prosher, a member of the Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., died at his home on Essex street yesterday. Deceased was fifty years old.

John Hull will conduct the devotional exercises in the Third street mission this evening. Freeholder Vanderbeek will have charge of the musical portion of the programme.

Mr. Henry B. Ely and Miss Lillian Kissam both of Brooklyn were married in that place Wednesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Ely will reside on Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. George W. Doty of Union Township has been re-nominated for Freeholder by the Democrats of that place. Mr. Doty is a brother-in-law of Mr. James H. Seeley of this city.

Mr. Jacob Blimm of Somerset street, who accompanied the Volunteer Firemen's Association to New Orleans last Saturday, witnessed the Fitzsimmons–Maher fight which took place there last evening.

Mr. Frazee Marsh, a former resident of this city and a brother of Marsh Bros., the painters, died at Chicago Saturday. His remains were brought to this city yesterday and the funeral took place from the residence of Mr. A. L. Marsh at the corner of Sixth and Sycamore streets.

The following are the newly-elected officers of the Young People's League of the First Baptist Church: President, L. D. Hoppock, Jr.; Vice Presidents, H. L. Lee, G. B. Brown, G. H. Babcock and Miss Florence Marsh; Secretary, John McLaughlin; Treasurer, Clarence Johnson; Advisory Member of Boys' Club, C. B. Brown.

Mrs. Armstrong of Division street has just returned from Canada, where she went in response to a telegram which said that her mother was very ill. While Mrs. Armstrong was there both her mother and her sister died. She says that the snow was four feet deep and that there were drifts at least fifteen feet high at the place she went to.

A Boy Missing.

Patrick McClymont, a boy of fourteen years, has been missing from his home on Somerset street, near the foot of the mountain, since Tuesday morning. He was last seen going toward the burning barns of Jared Roderiff on the mountain top. A party of searchers has been diligently looking for him all over the mountain, but no traces of him have been discovered.

Whipped the Machine

Tuesday evening a man, who was under the influence of liquor, dropped a penny in the slot of the weighing machine in front of Laieg's Hotel. The dial registered his weight. He did not think it recorded his weight right and he began to punch and kick the machine. A policeman saw him and ordered him to move on. He moved.

A Runaway on Park Avenue.

A horse attached to a light wagon became frightened on Park Avenue at about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. The animal turned the coal and lumber yard of the estate of the late D. J. Baker which was recently destroyed by fire, became entangled in the debris and was caught.

THE LEGISLATURE.

MR. LANE DENOUNCES THE TOWNSHIP POLICE BILL.

He Thinks That Sort of Work Should be Stopped—Nash Says Bills Creating Commissions are Contrary to the Spirit of American Institutions —The Outburst Hailed by Republicans—Other Business at Treaton.

A note of warning was sounded in the House yesterday by Messrs. Lane and Mr. Nash chimed in heartily. One of Leonard Kalisch's bills supplied the opportunity. It provides that in townships having a uniformed police force the Governor may appoint a police justice. Mr. Lane protested vehemently against the policy of robbing the people and the local authorities of all their powers and prerogatives and said something should be left to them. The policy of centralization, he said, ought to be stopped at this point.

Mr. Nash declined in his fervent style against the measure. He said it was in the direction of autocracy and against Democracy. All such bills and those involving commissions were contrary to the spirit of American institutions, and it was such absorption of power in the hands of a few that had led to the destruction of great nations in the past. He was opposed, he said, to making one land Monarch of the State.

Mr. Hutchinson said he was glad to hear such talk from Democrats, and he was sorry they didn't enunciate similar views when the Paterson Police Justice bill was going through last week.

Mr. Cole hailed the conversation of Mr. Lane as the beginning of a new era, and said it was a "long time that had no turning." The turn in this Lane has been reached.

Mr. Kalisch expressed great surprise at at the opposition of Messrs. Lane and Nash. He had expected, however, to be opposed by the Republicans, but he did not think that Democrats would array themselves against a measure like this. Further argument in the line continued. The principle had been admitted and applied in cities, and even townships before now.

LAW TO HELP THE GUTTERSNEEG GAMBLERS. HOPE FOR RESPECTABLE PEOPLE.

Bill requiring constables to take prisoners to the nearest justice of the peace, and said to be in the interest of the Guttenburg and Gloucester race tracks, was passed without debate, Mr. Barker voting with the Republicans—against it. A motion to suspend the rules and rush it over to the House was objected to by Mr. Rogers, but the objection was finally withdrawn, and the bill was immediately sent to the House.

The State Liquor Dealers' Association had a delegation in Trenton yesterday with a bill which they handed to Senator Hudspeth. The Hudson Statesman introduced the bill without having detailed examination of its contents.

The bill is so ingeniously drawn as to lead to the belief that it is merely intended to make one license do for any person doing a wholesale and retail business. The hope is set forth in plain, frank language. Then two or three sections further on are repeated, and some time serving at regular intervals, and some time serving at regular intervals, and some time serving at regular intervals

EDITORIAL NOTES

Drunken Nations.

Axel Gustafson writes to The Christian Union a paper on the growing tendency to drunkenness that is enough to make one glad he is going to get out of the world before his own nation is drowned in a sea of alcohol. If true, Mr. Gustafson's statements are dismaying. In the beginning he tells us that one after another the conquering nations of antiquity were ruined finally by drink; in spite of this, however, he says that up to the middle of the last century the world over was comparatively sober. "Then distillation began to spread through Europe." The white man's firewater began to get in its work on civilized and savage peoples.

In China, for centuries and ages, intoxication was forbidden under the severest penalties. Now, since China has opened her ports to trade with western countries, she is rapidly becoming a drunken nation. In 1888 nine of the twenty-nine open ports admitted $30,000,000 worth of intoxicants. India, as far back as the light of history shines, has been a land of total abstinence. Kings and priests who partook of alcoholic drinks were considered by the vedas to suffer death. The Brahmanical caste was enjoined to lifelong abstinence. These were solemn religious injunctions as binding as the ten commandments are on Jews and Christians.

At length England conquered India. What does Archbishop Jeffreys, who lived thirty years in India, say? "For one really converted Christian as a proof of missionary labor the drinking practices of England have made a thousand drunkards." Other oriental nations are rapidly sinking before the western vice. Their religious vows no longer restrain Mohammedans or any others. The shah of Persia has been transformed into a fury whose rule, always bad enough, has become a reign of terror through his devotion to the brandy bottle. Since starting in to learn western civilization Japan, too, the beautiful, is succumbing to the drink demon. Her consumption of imported liquors has tripled since 1883, while the production of the native intoxicant, saki, or rice spirit, has increased alarmingly.

In Africa the story is the same. The native tribes are vanishing away like smoke wreaths before the fire-breathing sale of the white man's drink. The trail of the serpent is over them all. And perhaps it will be well if the white man himself should reflect awhile on Mr. Gustafson's story.

Workers That Live Longest.

A Frenchman, Dr. Jacques Bertillon, wrote for the international congress of hygiene a paper on the comparative length of life of workers in different occupations. The results are somewhat curious. From year to year it is preached to us, rightly enough, that mankind should live outdoors; that open air exercise is what we want to redden the blood and bring strength to weak and flaccid muscles. Yet we find from Dr. Bertillon's tables that the very persons who are outdoors most are the shortest lived. These are coachmen and cab drivers. The men who sit upon a coach box hour after hour, whether in public or private employ, have only short lives and die quickly from pneumonia or bronchitis.

But another factor comes in to produce this result. Coachmen and cab drivers, at least in France, where the table of statistics was prepared, are hard drinkers almost without exception. Their alcohol soaked systems offer feeble resistance to changes of weather. Teamsters who walk by the side of their horses are longer lived than coachmen. Very cruel are the tender mercies of fine ladies who force their coachmen to sit hour after hour motionless upon the box in all kinds of bitter weather. Newsvendors drop off quickly. Their lives may be merry, but they are short. Those occupations in which the workers inhales dust are bad too. Dust from iron filings, emory wheels and dust made from the grinding of mineral substances generally is more fatal than soft dust, like that from flour.

The longest lived people are market gardeners, coachmen and poachers, especially priests. So if you want to live long, take up one or the other of these trades.

The invention of the lignite compressed fuel promises to be a boon indeed to the whole northwest, in almost every part of which the lignite, or inferior coal, crops out. The unchanged lignite itself burns slowly and with difficulty, leaving besides a quantity of heavy clinging "clinkers" which destroy the fire. The new fuel which the inventor has made from the lignite simply melts away, with intense heat and no smoke or clinker. The machinery for transforming the lignite into this superior fuel is simple and inexpensive, so that the "cogrette," as it is called, will be within reach of all. If this is all true, then the west will have a great problem, the fuel question, solved for it.

Things have come to a pretty pass when a congressman no longer dare speak his mind on woman suffrage. If he says he goes in for it, men will laugh at him. If he says he is down on it, the women in his district will try to defeat him. A congressman's lot is not always a happy one.

MAHER BADLY WHIPPED

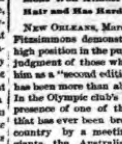
Bob Fitzsimmons Stops Erin's Champion in Twelve Rounds.

THE IRISH LAD WAS OUTCLASSED

He Admitted That After the Fight and Said He Was Fairly Beaten—Fitzsimmons Won Almost Without Turning a Hair and Has Hardly a Scratch to Show

NEW ORLEANS, March 3.—Once again Bob Fitzsimmons demonstrated his right to a high position in the pugilistic world, and the judgment of those who have characterized him as a "second edition of the Boston lad" has been more than abundantly vindicated. In the Olympic club's amphitheater, and in presence of one of the largest gatherings of sporting men ever brought together in this country by a meeting of two pugilistic giants, the Australian has demonstrated his prowess, science and skill.

It was nothing to him that the man who shook hands with him in the ring when time was called weighed several pounds heavier than he. It was nothing to him that two-thirds of those who looked on from the great tiers of seats that loomed up on every side were favorable to his opponent, cheering the slightest movement of the Irish lad, and either remaining silent or indulging in maddening shouts whenever the Australian made a point against his antagonist. The changing hands of fully $250,000 from nearly every state and territory in the Union is but itself, as the Australian remarked, the best tribute to his standing in the pugilistic world.



PETER MAHER.

The Amphitheater Packed.

Such a picture as the immense amphitheater presented when the ring sounded for the preliminary event has never been presented in this country or any other. Fancy the upper tier of seats in Mr. Madison York's Madison Square Garden or Chicago's Auditorium, and every seat occupied with a vociferous, gesticulating specimen of humanity, one mass of human beings, running from the sawdust of the ring to the smoke beyond the woodwork of the ceiling, and the picture in the mirror is still incomplete. In the throng there were men from the east and west, from the north and south, who at home with pious faces and mirthful indignation would repudiate the very suggestion that they would look upon what in the vernacular is termed a prize fight. There were merchants, princes and statesmen, governors, mayors, or at least one of them, surrounded by members of his staff; millionaires, retired and active, and men who spend all the year long in the sporting humanity, gathered together from every state and territory of the Union. It was a sight such as has never been seen in this country, and such as will not be seen in this country in generations, unless the pugilist king of the Hub is matched against a man of his own mettle.

Fought Fifteen Hilary Bouts.

A few minutes before the eight o'clock Colonel J. H. Crosby, chairman of the contest committee of the house, made his appearance in the ring itself, and announced to the audience the fact that order must be preserved and stated that Charles Mitchell would box with Arthur Upham, Steve Plain, Felix Vaughn and Mitchell with Slavin as preliminary events.

Mitchell and Upham entered the ring first, supported by their seconds and received uproarious greeting. Mitchell played with Upham like a baby and punched his opponent right and left, much after the style of two dime museum performers, and at the end of the bout few people were outside of the ropes whose sides were not shaking with laughter.

Felix Vaughn and Slavin were next announced. The former was introduced as the champion heavyweight of the south.

The Texas man caught the crowd, and every time he got in he wrought destruction. In the third and last round both men went at it hammer and tongs and the Texas champ

BOB FITZSIMMONS.

ion acquitted himself so well that when time was called he received a roar of applause that lasted more than a minute.

Mitchell and Slavin then gave a very pretty exhibition of scientific boxing, although Pony Moore's son-in-law was but a child in the hands of the big fellow.

In the third and last round the two men came together and exchanged blows right and left with an earnestness and impetuosity that made the welking ring. Mitchell showed himself no mean antagonist, and was as clever with his dukes as he has always been. In fact when time was called Slavin was pretty well winded. Mitchell received a cyclone of applause that signalized the knell of the bell and sent both men out of the ring.

The Great Event.

The contest of the evening was next in order and the slight delay that ensued was continually interrupted by yells of "Time!"

A greeting that was simply a hurricane greeted the Australian and the Irish lad as they simultaneously entered the ring. Maher was the first to enter, and it was commented upon that he looked a trifle nervous. Perspiration stood out in beads on his face and head, and he chewed his lower lip with a nervous movement. When Fitzsimmons appeared through the archway a moment later, enveloped in his sateen brown over coat and with the same merry twinkle in his eye as when he faced Dempsey, the northern and southern half of the house broke into a yell that resembled the opening cry of a Yale college crowd at the close of a ball rush.

Both men smiled, time was called at once and the men sprang to the center. The following is the fight by rounds:

The Fight by Rounds.

First Round—When the two men faced each other in the ring each appeared for an opening. Maher got in a light rap on the Australian's breast and the latter cleverly dodged to evade a repetition. He was remarkably active on his feet while Maher rather and heavy, and the movement and quickness of the Australian was a surprise to the spectators. Fitzsimmons with a clever right hand blow sent Maher half reeling across the ring. Following up, he delivered a left hander that caught Maher on the ribs and made him gasp for breath. He quickly recovered, however, and made a rush for Fitz. The latter avoided him with one of his peculiar dodges and smiles. Then both men clinched, and on breaking apart Maher was left-handed on the jaw that sent him to the ropes again just as time was called.

Second Round—Both men sparred cautiously. Fitz got a goodly tap on the face and sent his left on Maher's neck in return. There was a rapid exchange of lefties and rights, following which Maher gave it to Fitz with right and left on either side of the neck, whereupon the Australian clinched. Maher knows dancing tactics and skipped around the ring. Maher followed him up and a few unceremonious blows were exchanged. Blood began to flow from a skin cut. The round ended in favor of Fitzsimmons.

Third Round—Fitzsimmons assumed the offensive, playing for a rush opening. Maher met with the third method of approach cool and collected. Fitzsimmons barely missed getting a vicious left hand swing and in attempting to follow up his advantage was caught sparring for time was followed by one of Fitz's rushes in which he dealt heavy blows on Maher's face with his right and left, cleverly dodged a return, and repeated the punishment. Time was called with both men about even.

Fourth Round—Maher led with his left, but Fitz avoided. The latter rushed and endeavored to send his man to the ropes. By a side movement, however, the latter gained the center of the ring, and in the exchange that followed Fitz got in some good raps on the face and neck. It was noticeable that Maher was playing out almost entirely with his left. With his right he held his breast as though he had been carrying it in a sling for a long time. He was again bleeding badly from the throat, and it was apparent he was acting on the defensive. At the same time he was game, and when he let out with his left and caught Pitz full in the ribs there was a perfect cyclone of yells. But the Australian, with a scornful smile, made for his opponent with right and left, landing on his face and breast. Both men were tiring and time was called. Fitz was as fresh as a daisy. Maher's nose was somewhat badly winded.

Fifth Round—Maher gave several severe blows and cleverly avoided their return. Fitz put in a left hander in the ribs that staggered him a little, whereat Maher smiled and let out with his right and left, the latter taking effect behind the ear as a second blow served only to the echo. Fitz got another left hander in the neck as time was called. Maher was panting and Fitz as cool as a cucumber. The many touches of the Irishman had apparently been of no more effect than if given by a child.

Sixth Round—Fitzsimmons came up smiling, but Maher looked nervous. The ice water poured over him by his seconds had failed to revive the latter's nerves. Maher was like a dash of red paint on canvas. In the few seconds that were exchanged it again looked as though Maher's right hand was disabled. The few blows that he administered were little better than mere taps.

Maher Had Enough.

The succeeding rounds were little more than child's play. In the twelfth round Fitz, with evidently intentions, seemed to be determined to end the affair in quick order. He led out with his right and left on Maher's face and breast and the Irishman, too, looked groggy. He got a fierce left hander in the face, fair and square, and which if followed up would have laid him flat and helpless in the ring. Fitz, however, played with him like a cat with a mouse, and retreated so that he could get into the center of the ring.

When time was called Maher walked to his corner a trifle unsteady, but to all appearances good for several more rounds. It was then the surprise of the night came. Just as the call was about to be made for the thirteenth round Maher remarked to "Billy" Madden and Pallen, "I cannot keep on, for it got at that."

"Have you got enough?" yelled some one in the crowd near by. The Irishman nodded his head and seemed in immediate danger of collapse.

Fitzsimmons, who had hardly caught on to the situation, sprang to his feet, rushed across the ring, seized both of the Irishman's hands and shook and shook them again and again. Tears stood in Maher's eyes and he half rose to his feet and then staggered back.

The crowd cheered and began to file out and in a few minutes the ring was empty.

The New York and Chicago contingents who had put money on the Irishman were decidedly disgusted, and a stock yard man voiced the prevailing sentiment when he declared that Billy Bradburn or some lesser man could lay Maher out cold.

The New Orleans people who had put up their money on the Australian, and there are hundreds of them, are feeling better than they have since the night of their pets plunge on the Baltimore man in the Sullivan contest.

Fitzsimmons came out of the fight with hardly a scratch on him. Maher admitted that he was outclassed and that he was fairly whipped.

The Indianapolis Strike.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 3.—Every street car here is running again and every striker is at work upon them. Becker Steele is in full possession. Those who brought the receivership proceedings say they did it because they understood that the mayor had called out the artillery and they wanted to prevent bloodshed.

Asleep Eighteen Months.

VALPARAISO, Ind., March 3.—Mrs. Mary Robinson, an inmate of the Starke county poor house, has been asleep eighteen months. The regular pulsations of the heart alone indicate that she is alive. She is fed through her nose.

A Reign of Murder.

VIENNA, March 3.—The people of this city are horrified daily by mysterious murders, and consternation prevails. It is believed that the murderous highwaymen are unemployed workers driven to desperation by want.

He Was Ground to Pieces.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 3.—Sam Hart and George Oliver, employees of the Brush Electric company, were ground to pieces by a switch engine. Hart was ground to pieces and Oliver fatally injured.

A Terror Nearly Drowned.

WILLIMANTIC, CONN., March 3.—James Costello, the terror of Connecticut, was nearly drowned. He broke through the ice, but was pulled out just in time.

White Thinks Field Sane.

NEW YORK, March 3.—In the Field trial "Deacon" S. Y. White testified that he believed E. M. Field to be sane and considered him a shrewd financier.

Washed Out by the Waves.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., March 3.—The board walk at Como has been torn out and the sea is washing under the Beach house piazza at Seagirt.

Washington Gets Richardson.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The meeting of the baseball magnates decided that Danny Richardson must play in Washington.

Reformer Butler Ill.

BOSTON, March 3.—M. H. Butler, for some years a prominent orator in labor and reform caucuses, is seriously ill here.

CORBIN MAY BE RETIRED

A Report That His Road Has Passed to the Vanderbilts.

FINANCIAL CIRCLES ARE SURPRISED

Depew Denies That the New York Central Has Absorbed the New York, Chicago and St. Louis, but Predicts Corbin Remains Silent.

NEW YORK, March 3.—A sensation was caused in railroad and financial circles when just at the close of the stock exchange the announcement was made, apparently on authority, that the New York and New England railroad had passed into control of the Vanderbilts. Mr. Austin Corbin, the president of the road, it was said, would retire, and one of the brothers-in-law of Cornelius and William K. Vanderbilt would be elected to succeed him, and other members of the Vanderbilt family would enter the directory of the road. The three contrasting interests in New England have long been the Pystwick, Parsons and Prince interests.

It has generally been supposed that the Vanderbilts were unfriendly to the Parsons interests, owing to the severe terms alleged to have been made with the Boone, Watertown and Ogdensburg deal, but a change has taken place in the holdings of the New England stock in this quarter, as well as in the Prince holdings of the stock, and now, according to report, the Vanderbilts control.

What Depew Said.

The change in railroad ownerships of late have been so tremendous that it has been hard to realize them. According to report, the New York Central, Reading, Lackawanna, Jersey Central, Lehigh Valley, Erie and New England are all in harmonious relations and are practically under one management. New England stock sold freely on the street after the close of the stock exchange at 57, against the closing price of 57¾.

The report could not be confirmed owing to the fact that all of the directors of the road refused to speak on the subject. Some of them qualified their silence by refusing to confirm or deny the report. It is well known that Mr. Charles Parsons, who holds one of the largest interests in New England stock, has been a frequent visitor at the Grand Central depot for several weeks back. It is thought that he has been working to procure a Vanderbilt interest in the road. President Corbin refused to see any reporters.

Chauncey Depew, after denying the report, added, "But mind, I do not say that members of the Vanderbilt family may not interest themselves individually in the New England road, but it is not the policy will. The New York Central does not want the New England and is not trying to acquire control over it."

It was stated, nevertheless, that the Parsons interests and the interests of the relatives of the Vanderbilts have been harmonized and that a pooling agreement was organized. It is stated that this organization, which is entirely independent of the Bar Iron Manufacturers' association and the Tin Plate association, will make a determined effort for an early adjustment of the wage scale. The association, it is said, will be formed from the Amalgamated association a change in the base of which will be made heretofore been dictated by the bar iron men. The association will also demand that there shall be a turn of eight hours each and that hereafter all work shall be paid for by the ton and not by the day or piece work.

That the new association will meet with determined opposition from the Amalgamated association and the Bar Iron Manufacturers is certain. The propositions are the result of a conference held between the Amalgamated association, and unless complied with means a war to the death between the two organizations and the labor organizations, and will affect the iron and steel industry of the United States. Negotiations have been under way with John Jarrett, United States general organizer in Birmingham, to induce him to accept the secretaryship of the manufacturers' new association, and while no definite arrangements have been made, it is reasonably certain that he will be secured and will take charge of the new iron and steel association.

Gathered in by Reading.

PHILADELPHIA, March 3.—It is stated that Coxe Brothers, the largest coal operators in Pennsylvania, have made a deal with the firms of Pardee Bros. & Co., Pardee, Sons & Co. and C. Pardee & Co. for the control of the entire product of the district at Latimer, Mount Pleasant and Hollywood.

This deal, it is said, will divert the carrying of the product of these mines to the Reading system from Bethlehem to Philadelphia, instead of shipping it by way of Philipsburg, N. J., over the Belvidere division of the Pennsylvania railroad.

Socialist Reimer a Suicide.

HAMBURG, March 2.—Otto Reimer, formerly a socialist deputy, who was expelled from Germany owing to his advanced ideas, and who lived for some time in the United States, committed suicide here.

Germany's Hungry Workmen.

BERLIN, March 3.—There were several orderly demonstrations of unemployed workmen in Hanover, Leipsic and other places. The authorities promised to do their utmost to find work for the men.

Shot His Son.

WHITE PIGEON, Mich., March 3.—Fred Landers, a prominent merchant, quarreled with his son Fred, and the young man having threatened him, he fatally shot him.

February's Coinage.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The coinage executed at the mints of the United States during February aggregate 9,959,000 pieces of the value of $4,327,620.

Scarlet Fever Closes a School.

NORWALK, CONN., March 3.—Scarlet fever has broken out in Miss Baird's young ladies' seminary in this city and the school is closed.

A Quarrel Ends in Murder.

PITTSBURG, March 3.—Flagman Postell shot Fireman Niland dead at Yoder's station during a quarrel. Postell was arrested.

Springer Doing Finely.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—If Representative Springer keeps on improving he will be out in a few days.

FASHIONS

Fashionable Neckwear.

The fashionable silk scarf has come out in black and gray. About fifteen years ago it was all the rage. It was only a little wider than a man's cravat now worn when it came, but it went on growing and growing till it reached its present size, which is that of a sash. There are all manner of dainty things in the way of neckwear made of white gauze and lace that improve and relieve a black gown.

NEW MOURNING FICHU.

In the cut is shown a new style of fichu to wear in mourning. It is made of soft white net with deep colored dots, are also with black spots, or the fichu may be all white. Sometimes it is made of black net with mauve or white spots.

A Gown for Stout Women.

The stout woman rarely receives the slightest consideration from the maker of modes. Fashionable gowns, as a rule, are designed for the goddess type, "divinely tall," whether divinely fair or not. Now everybody knows that the thin woman can wear anything, and doesn't deserve to require the whole world of designers to evolve such an uninterrupted succession of triumphs for her.

A gown worn recently by a stout woman was not only becoming to her, but attractive to every one else—so attractive that all the clever women copied it, which is sufficiently to endorse it. It was black silk brocaded with violets in small sprays and subdued shades of the natural color of the flower. The back had much fullness let in at each seam, and hung in unbroken folds to the floor. The front was trimmed around the neck and straight down the side with a band of ostrich feather trimming that set on the throat in a jet gimp. The sleeves were not of the exaggerated size so often seen, and were of violet velvet with simply a band of velvet on it in a close pattern that almost concealed the tint beneath. There were no lumps or bumps or excrescences, no conspicuous features to attract attention to the size of the wearer, no flying, fluttering decorations, and in the effect of the gown was dominant the simple elegance that is the fundamental principle of good dressing.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A fabulous strike of gold prospectors in the Running district of Arizona is reported from Phoenix. Miners are flocking there by hundreds.

Professor William J. Tucker, of the Andover Theological seminary, has been elected president of Dartmouth college, to succeed President Bartlett.

W. Carroll, of Zanesville, O., has brought suit for divorce from his wife, who is a sister of Grover Boyd, of Washington. Albert E. Ryther is named as corespondent.

The World's fair officials announce that work on proposed state and foreign buildings on the World's fair ground begins Monday, May 1. Only Illinois has yet begun work.

It is reported from Ottawa that as a result of the Washington conference the Canadian government will impose the obnoxious canal regulations against American boats.

The disabled steamship Azaba, twice adrift at sea, is now in Hampton Roads, having been towed in part of the way by the tug Underwriter and the steamer City of Birmingham.

Several soldiers of the Mexican garrison in New Laredo tried to swim across the Rio Grande, but were compelled to return by a musketry fire, which wounded most of them.

B. B. Slater, president and manager of the Southern Hotel company, has disappeared from Louisville, Ky. He left about $3,000 worth of debts, and is said to have carried with him about $1,000 belonging to other people.

A little daughter of William Smith, near Sherman, Tex., found her father, mother and brothers lying dead. A young man Massey, has been arrested, charged with the murder.

Kept Back a Million and a Half.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The grand jury investigating Tax Collector Jacob Lindheimer, who is charged with criminal neglect in refusing to turn over to the city treasurer the amount of taxes collected since his tenure of office. Up to this date Collector Lindheimer has paid into the city treasury only $100,000, and it is expected to be shown that he has $1,500,000 belonging to the city which he has failed to turn over.

Wild Western Ways.

CREEDE, Colo., March 3.—F. W. Burnett, a eastern mining man, was sitting in his window, when a mob commenced blazing away at the window. Burnett jumped back and the mob then rushed up stairs, but found him awaiting them with a perfect arsenal. After several shots they left. No cause for the assault is known.

Dashed to Death.

CENTRALIA, Pa., March 3.—Frank Chesnal, a miner at the Big Mountain colliery, while walking about the breaker near what is known as the lawyer slope, fell and fell headlong to the bottom, a distance of 300 feet. Almost every bone in his body was broken.

Captain Kinney Dead.

BOONEVILLE, Mo., March 3.—Captain Joe B. Kinney, an old steamboat man and owner of several handsome boats on the Missouri river, died here, aged eighty years.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

73 Park Avenue.

SOME MADE

Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes.

FRESH EVERY DAY.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and third street.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE DEP TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for cut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for "Turning and Scroll Sawing," and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

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Electrical Machinery,

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

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HOLIDAY PRESENTS

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A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

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TELEPHONE CALL NO. 98.

Carriages for weddings, funerals and private parties.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for hire or driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINDABURGER'S, the Tailor.

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEEM a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thrown up my restaurant the store, cleaned it out and repainted it, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID GLOSER,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and rare production a specialty.

No. 97 Dunn St., Fort Plainfield.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

42 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD - MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper washing. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our system will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

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CHARLES A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

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is my rule. They BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the BEST and CHEAPEST in Groceries. Excellency rules, and exempt liberal goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

Cor. Park Ave. and Second St.

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

Free Coinage Advocates Confident of Success in the House.

THE POLICY OF THE REPUBLICANS.

It Is Said They Will Aid the Passage of the Bland Bill in the Belief That Its Adoption Will Embarrass the Democrats.

Uncle Sam After a Coaling Station.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Another day's discussion of the Idaho case in the senate brought the debate to a point where an agreement was reached to take a vote at 3 o'clock today.

The District of Columbia appropriation bill occupied the attention of the house all day, thirty pages of the bill being disposed of in four hours, the quickest work of the session so far. Only five more pages remain and the bill will probably be finished today. The debate was naturally of a local character, although Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, accused the Democrats of false economy in endeavoring to lop off all expenditures prior to the presidential election next fall.

Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, and Mr. Breckinridge, of Arkansas, defended the appropriation committee and said the Republican secretary of the treasury had cut off the district commissioners, estimates $700,000. A brief but crisp debate ensued on the item to cut off the appropriation for St. Joseph's Orphan asylum, which was finally accomplished.

Free Coinage Men Confident.

The hitherto desultory mode of business procedure in the house will end with the present week, and matters will begin to take on a lively aspect from next Monday, when the special order of the committee on rules, setting apart time for the consideration of the free coinage bill, will be debated.

Tuesday is set for the beginning of the debate on the tariff bills. The debate will be opened by Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, acting in the absence of Mr. Springer, and members of the ways and means committee will follow, each being allowed unlimited time. Other members of the house will, of course, speak on the tariff bills, but it is probable that their speeches will be limited, so that the three tariff measures now before the house may be acted on expeditiously. It is expected that the bills will be disposed of by the house before March 22, the day set apart for the beginning of debate on the free coinage bill. No filibustering on either the free coinage or tariff bills will be permitted by Speaker Crisp, who has expressed himself as in favor of speedy action on these important measures.

The anti-free coinage men have had several informal conferences, but so far no definite plan of campaign has been decided on. A determined effort will be made Monday by the antis to prevent action on the special order of the committee on rules.

The free coinage adherents have little fear for the ultimate passage of their bill by the house, but they are not allowing their efforts to lag on this account. All members known to be in favor of free coinage have been notified to be on hand in the house Monday, and they have also been requested to remain in Washington until after the silver bill is disposed of.

The Republican Policy.

Prominent Republican members have quietly talked over the free silver situation, but no conclusion there will result in definite action has been reached. A suggestion was made that the Republican members, in conjunction with the anti-free silver Democrats, refuse to vote on the passage of the free coinage bill in the hope that Speaker Crisp will be compelled to count a quorum by ex Speaker Reed's process, thus acknowledging the correctness of the Republican "present but not voting" method sustained by the United States supreme court Monday. From what the Republican members say their plan is to assist the passage of the free coinage bill in every possible way, in the idea that the adoption of the Bland measure will embarrass the Democratic majority.

The free coinage members, however, do not place much credence in these statements. They believe that the Republicans will do all in their power to sidetrack the bill, and in this belief they will be guided accordingly.

Uncle Sam After a Coaling Station.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Inquiry at the navy department develops the fact that the United States is now negotiating for about 200 acres of land at Swimming point and Goat island, Samoa, with every prospect of securing possession. One or two small pieces of land, in all a few acres, have already been acquired—that is, the titles have been approved by the attorney general, but no money has been paid.

The titles to land in Samoa at best are frail, and the laws about the United States acquiring title to property are so strict that much difficulty is being experienced in conducting the purchase, but while the matter is tedious in the extreme it is believed all difficulties will be removed and about 200 acres finally purchased for coaling and wharf purposes.

Chili Asked for the Bodies.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Secretary Blaine has directed Minister Egan to request the Chilian government to allow the removal of the remains of Riggin and Turnbull, United States sailors killed in the Valparaiso riots.

Corn Dumped Into the Sea.

LYNN, Mass., March 3.—The tide mill on the wharf of J. B. & W. A. Lamper, was wrecked by the washing out of its seawall. Over 1,000 bushels of corn went into the water.

A Mining Strike Settled.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., March 3.—The strike at the Springdale colliery has been settled, the operators promising to pay wages and to continue to pay semi-monthly.

The Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The net gold in coin and bullion in the treasury March 1, was $122,122,112, an increase in the last ten days of $1,389,000.

De Maupassant Improving.

PARIS, March 3.—Guy de Maupassant, who has been insane, is improving, and is now able to write for an hour every day.

Fair to Contest His Mother's Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—It is said that Charles Fair, the son of ex-Senator Fair, will contest his mother's will.

Sir John Coode Dead.

LONDON, March 3.—The death of Sir John Coode, K. C. M. G., the eminent engineer, is announced.

For a Purpose.

Mr. Feeder—This vest wants to be a little larger around the waist, Schneider.

Schneider—But it fits you perfectly now, sir.

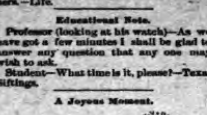
Mr. Feeder—I know it fits all right now, but I am ordering this suit to wear at dinners.—Life.

Educational Note.

Professor (looking at his watch)—As we have got a few minutes I shall be glad to answer any question that any one may wish to ask.

Student—What time is it, please?—Texas Siftings.

A Joyous Moment.



Nervous Gentleman (who has engaged individual on left to act as guide)—But, my good man, are you sure you have taken the right road?

The Individual (gruffly)—I know I has: we are now close to the Bloody Gulch, where a man's skellington was found last summer with bullet holes in the skull. They tried to fix the murder on me, but (with a grin of great satisfaction) they couldn't prove nothin. No, they couldn't prove nothin.—Life.

From Bad to Worse.

A lady whose Christian name was Jane and whose little daughter was named after her engaged a housekeeper who was also a Jane.

Thinking that three Janes in one household might occasion confusion, the lady said to the newcomer, who was a tall, angular woman, with a rigid air and an uncompromising cast of countenance, "I think, Jane, it will be better for me to call you by your last name, if you have no objection."

"No'm, I have no objections," answered the housekeeper, standing stiffly erect, valise in hand. "Call me 'Darling,' ma'am, if you prefer. That's my name!"—Youth's Companion.

They Were Thumpers.

Two members met and adjourned to a neighboring saloon to talk over old acquaintances. In answer to inquiries as to the different members of his family, one man said:

"My eldest girl thumps the piano."

"And her sister?"

"Oh, she thumps the washboard."

"But your wife?"

"She thumps me."—Detroit Free Press.

A Startler.

Doctor—If your husband's hiccoughs don't stop very soon, madam, he'll be a dead man. There is only one thing to be done. He must be startled out of them. Can you suggest any way?

Anxious Wife (thoughtfully)—I might tell him that I had decided not to order that new silk dress.—Cloak Review.

About Ajax.

"Father," asked Tommy, "why did Ajax defy the lightning?"

"Because, my son, Ajax was a French duelist, and the lightning was known to miss 5,000 times where it hit once. Moreover, it was 300 miles away, and wasn't lightning at the time. Ajax knew whom to defy."—Texas Siftings.

Costa Rica on the Verge.

SAN JOSE, March 3.—The clerical question is becoming more serious. The government, in fact, is considering the proposal to expel from the republic such priests as have meddled in national or local politics. Should they take this step a revolution is likely to occur.

McMillen Succeeds Patterson.

HARRISBURG, March 3.—David McMillen of Lancaster, was appointed associate judge of Lancaster county, in place of Judge Patterson, deceased. Mr. McMillen, who is a Democrat, will serve until next January under his commission.

A Cut at Singer's.

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 3.—A reduction of about 10 per cent. took place in most of the piece work departments of the Singer Sewing Machine works, and the cut, it is expected, will be made general in the factory.

Indicted for Murder.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 3.—The grand jury returned a true bill for murder in the first degree against Thomas Lee, of Birmingham, who with her husband is charged with the murder of Mrs. Mary Munson, of Shelton.

Guarding Against Smallpox.

QUARANTINE, S. I., March 3.—The health officer sent to Ellis Island 27 of the 421 passengers of the steamship City of Chicago, who were detained for observation on Hoff man island because of exposure to small pox.

Halford Back in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Private Secretary Halford has returned from Virginia Beach, where he accompanied the president. President Harrison and family will return Saturday.

Captain Schley's New Post.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Captain Schley has assumed charge as inspector of the Third lighthouse district, New York, relieving Captain Picking, who takes command of the Charleston.

A Detective After Klopers.

WINSTED, Conn., March 3.—Harry W. Jennings, a single man, and Mrs. J. A. French, both of Winsted, eloped and Detective Simmons is in pursuit.

Colonel Lamont Not Sick.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 3.—There is no truth in the report that Colonel Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, is dangerously ill. He is here in good health.

Holden Laid to Rest.

RALEIGH, March 3.—The funeral of the late ex-Governor William Holden took place in Oakwood cemetery. The Typographical union attended in a body.

Canada Follows Our Lead.

OTTAWA, March 3.—George Taylor introduced into the commons a bill prohibiting importation of foreign contract labor.

Mrs. Blaine, Jr., Coming East.

SIOUX CITY, S. D., March 3.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., son, nurse and maid, has left Sioux Falls for New York city.

Cut His Employer's Throat.

PARIS, March 3.—August Brevelle quarreled with his employer, and cut the throat of the latter while he slept.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Senator Sherman Denounces Bossism Methods in Ohio Elections.

CINCINNATI, March 3.—Senator Sherman has written a letter, addressed to the gentlemen of the Clinton Republican Executive association of this city, in reply to one asking him to give his opinion of the movement which has for its object the overthrow of bossism.

The senator condemns severely the methods by which the last United States senator from Ohio was chosen, and says: "I do not see how any self respecting Republican can differ with you in your efforts to secure to the Republican voters of Hamilton county the free and undisputed selection of candidates for office without the intervention of a boss or the corrupt use of money to purchase the nominations."

Dudley Not a Candidate.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 3.—W. W. Dudley has notified Chairman Goudy, of the Republican state central committee, that he will not be a candidate for delegate at large, and it is said that this action was caused by the belief, after a quiet canvass by his friends, that he would be defeated in the convention. Chairman Goudy was anxious to conciliate Dudley and would have supported him in the convention, but found that the mass of the party is bitterly opposed to giving Dudley any recognition whatever.

The New York Elections.

ALBANY, March 3.—The Evening Journal (Republican) has compiled the results on supervisors in the elections thus far held throughout the interior New York. Thirty-nine counties have chosen new boards. Including Monroe county, except the city of Rochester, and estimating the result in Essex county to be the same as last year, the results are as follows: Republican supervisors, 531; Democratic supervisors, 352. In 1891 the same counties elected 426 Republicans and 352 Democrats.

Only a Family Row, Mr. Hill Says.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Senator Hill, when shown the election returns from Elmira, said: "Why, that was purely a local fight, a family row, so to speak. Both Mr. Robinson and his opponent, Mr. Collins, are warm personal and political friends of mine. There is no political significance in the defeat of the Democrats—that is, it has only a local political significance."

Instructed for Cleveland.

PROVIDENCE, March 3.—The Democratic state convention here instructed its delegates to the national convention in Chicago for Cleveland. Ex-Lieutenant Governor W. T. C. Wardwell, of Bristol, was nominated for governor. For lieutenant governor, Charles E. Gorman, of Providence, was nominated.

Gould Keeps to His Car.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—Jay Gould and his party left over the Iron Mountain for Texas. During the short stay here neither Mr. Gould nor any of his party was visible even to officers of the Gould system. From this the belief is strengthened that Mr. Gould's physical condition is precarious.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Anti-Pinkerton Bill Passed by the Senate.

ALBANY, March 3.—In the senate the consideration of the anti-Pinkerton bill caused a heated political discussion which was cut short by the lieutenant governor.

Mr. McCarty offered an amendment exempting the racing associations of New York and Brooklyn from the act because they could not get enough men. The amendment was adopted. Mr. McClelland offered an amendment exempting the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals from the provisions. The amendment was lost. The bill then passed, those voting against it being Senators Hunter, O'Connor, Van Gorder and Derby.

Cantor's freedom of worship bill, allowing inmates of institutions receiving public money to worship and to receive religious advice and ministration in accordance with their creed, was recommitted for a hearing, which will be given in the senate library next Tuesday at 3:30 p. m.

In the assembly the following bills were passed: Mr. Parsons—Providing for the use of the Myers' ballot machine where local authorities care to try it. Mr. Noyes—Creating a state hospital for the insane from the old Auburn insane hospital for criminals. Mr. McCormick—Thirty-five thousand dollars appropriation for Oak Orchard Creek canal feeder. Mr. Bush—Appropriating $15,000 for deficiency in the revenue fund; also appropriating $15,000 for contingent expenses of the legislature. Mr. Clahan—Allowing the sale of certain lands in Erie county upon which are erected public buildings, and Mr. Emerson—Appropriating $114,000 for improvements at Dannemora prison.

The Whisky Trust Indictment.

BOSTON, March 3.—The indictment against the whisky trust officials which has been so carefully guarded in the secret files of the United States district court was ordered by Judge Nelson today to be entered on the docket. The court ordered a capias issued for the arrest of each defendant.

Wants Him Back in Ireland.

SAVANNAH, March 3.—Dr. P. J. Hennessey, lately elected a city physician here, has been invited by the Irish party to return to Ireland and stand for North Kilkenny parliament. He is a relative of the late Sir John Pope Hennessey.

More Claims Against Chili.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Additional claims were filed today in the state department for five millions of dollars for damages from the Chilian government. They claim from $50,000 to $75,000 each.

"New Life" Harris Married.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., March 3.—Miss Jane Lowarring, of New York, was married to Thomas Lake Harris, founder and leader of the "Brotherhood of the New Life," at Fountain Grove, near here.

Celebrated Leo's Birthday.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Catholic Workmen's Benevolent union celebrated Pope Leo's eighty-second birthday by a mass meeting, at which greeting was sent to and received from the pope.

A Narrow Escape.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 3.—Five dwelling houses and an old church were destroyed by fire in East Jacksonville. Supposed incendiary. The occupants barely escaped.

Killed in His Own Mill.

THURLOW, Pa., March 3.—Patrick Reilly the proprietor of a flour mill, became caught in the fly belt and was crushed to death before the machinery could be stopped.

Bennett Sued for Libel.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Horace Greene has sued James Gordon Bennett for $50,000 for libel in an article published in The Herald Oct. 20, 1891.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's
37 Somerset street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Shop on First-class Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 215

JOHN PERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood panel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-18-1y J. PERRMANN, 6 Rogers street.

P. V. RAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Byram P. O. Box 1324. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 562.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 51.
W. J. Pearson, No. 18 Vine street, H. S. Gayle, No. 13 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialt
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of Stone
Light Blue Color.
Delivered on
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com
Smalley Bros.,
24 SOMERSET STREET.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—8:00, 10:30 a. m., 12:15, 6:00 p. m.
Close—7:30, 10:00 a. m., 12:00, 4:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:00 p. m.

Mail closes at Transit and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 4:00 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street
Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 5 37, 6 08, 8 14, 8 38, 8 55, 10 22, 11 38 a. m., 12 08, 1 08, 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 5 37, 8 14, 8 38, 10 22, 11 38 a. m., 12 08, 1 08, 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 2 36, 5 59, 6 30, 8 36, 9 00, 9 17, 10 44, 11 59 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 2 36, 5 59, 8 36, 9 00, 10 44, 11 59 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Rahway at 2 43, 6 06, 6 37, 8 43, 9 07, 9 24, 10 51, 12 06 a. m., 12 37, 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37 p. m. Sunday, 2 43, 6 06, 8 43, 9 07, 10 51, 12 06 a. m., 12 37, 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37 p. m.

Leave Metuchen at 2 50, 6 13, 6 44, 8 50, 9 14, 9 31, 10 58, 12 13 a. m., 12 44, 1 44, 2 44, 3 44, 4 44, 5 44, 6 44, 7 44, 8 44, 9 44, 10 44, 11 44 p. m. Sunday, 2 50, 6 13, 8 50, 9 14, 10 58, 12 13 a. m., 12 44, 1 44, 2 44, 3 44, 4 44, 5 44, 6 44, 7 44, 8 44, 9 44, 10 44, 11 44 p. m.

Leave Dunellen at 2 55, 6 18, 6 49, 8 55, 9 19, 9 36, 11 03, 12 18 a. m., 12 49, 1 49, 2 49, 3 49, 4 49, 5 49, 6 49, 7 49, 8 49, 9 49, 10 49, 11 49 p. m. Sunday, 2 55, 6 18, 8 55, 9 19, 11 03, 12 18 a. m., 12 49, 1 49, 2 49, 3 49, 4 49, 5 49, 6 49, 7 49, 8 49, 9 49, 10 49, 11 49 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 3 00, 6 23, 6 54, 9 00, 9 24, 9 41, 11 08, 12 23 a. m., 12 54, 1 54, 2 54, 3 54, 4 54, 5 54, 6 54, 7 54, 8 54, 9 54, 10 54, 11 54 p. m. Sunday, 3 00, 6 23, 9 00, 9 24, 11 08, 12 23 a. m., 12 54, 1 54, 2 54, 3 54, 4 54, 5 54, 6 54, 7 54, 8 54, 9 54, 10 54, 11 54 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 3 05, 6 28, 6 59, 9 05, 9 29, 9 46, 11 13, 12 28 a. m., 12 59, 1 59, 2 59, 3 59, 4 59, 5 59, 6 59, 7 59, 8 59, 9 59, 10 59, 11 59 p. m. Sunday, 3 05, 6 28, 9 05, 9 29, 11 13, 12 28 a. m., 12 59, 1 59, 2 59, 3 59, 4 59, 5 59, 6 59, 7 59, 8 59, 9 59, 10 59, 11 59 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 3 14, 6 37, 7 08, 9 14, 9 38, 9 55, 11 22, 12 38 a. m., 1 08, 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 08, 12 08 p. m. Sunday, 3 14, 6 37, 9 14, 9 38, 11 22, 12 38 a. m., 1 08, 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 08, 12 08 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 3 36, 6 59, 7 30, 9 36, 10 00, 10 17, 11 44, 12 59 a. m., 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, 12 30 p. m. Sunday, 3 36, 6 59, 9 36, 10 00, 11 44, 12 59 a. m., 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, 12 30 p. m.

Leave Rahway at 3 43, 7 06, 7 37, 9 43, 10 07, 10 24, 11 51, 1 06 a. m., 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37, 12 37 p. m. Sunday, 3 43, 7 06, 9 43, 10 07, 11 51, 1 06 a. m., 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37, 12 37 p. m.

Leave Metuchen at 3 50, 7 13, 7 44, 9 50, 10 14, 10 31, 11 58, 1 13 a. m., 1 44, 2 44, 3 44, 4 44, 5 44, 6 44, 7 44, 8 44, 9 44, 10 44, 11 44, 12 44 p. m. Sunday, 3 50, 7 13, 9 50, 10 14, 11 58, 1 13 a. m., 1 44, 2 44, 3 44, 4 44, 5 44, 6 44, 7 44, 8 44, 9 44, 10 44, 11 44, 12 44 p. m.

Leave Dunellen at 3 55, 7 18, 7 49, 9 55, 10 19, 10 36, 12 03, 1 18 a. m., 1 49, 2 49, 3 49, 4 49, 5 49, 6 49, 7 49, 8 49, 9 49, 10 49, 11 49, 12 49 p. m. Sunday, 3 55, 7 18, 9 55, 10 19, 12 03, 1 18 a. m., 1 49, 2 49, 3 49, 4 49, 5 49, 6 49, 7 49, 8 49, 9 49, 10 49, 11 49, 12 49 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 4 00, 7 23, 7 54, 10 00, 10 24, 10 41, 12 08, 1 23 a. m., 1 54, 2 54, 3 54, 4 54, 5 54, 6 54, 7 54, 8 54, 9 54, 10 54, 11 54, 12 54 p. m. Sunday, 4 00, 7 23, 10 00, 10 24, 12 08, 1 23 a. m., 1 54, 2 54, 3 54, 4 54, 5 54, 6 54, 7 54, 8 54, 9 54, 10 54, 11 54, 12 54 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 4 05, 7 28, 7 59, 10 05, 10 29, 10 46, 12 13, 1 28 a. m., 1 59, 2 59, 3 59, 4 59, 5 59, 6 59, 7 59, 8 59, 9 59, 10 59, 11 59, 12 59 p. m. Sunday, 4 05, 7 28, 10 05, 10 29, 12 13, 1 28 a. m., 1 59, 2 59, 3 59, 4 59, 5 59, 6 59, 7 59, 8 59, 9 59, 10 59, 11 59, 12 59 p. m.

Arrive at Plainfield at 4 14, 7 37, 8 08, 10 14, 10 38, 10 55, 12 22, 1 38 a. m., 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 08, 12 08, 1 08 p. m. Sunday, 4 14, 7 37, 10 14, 10 38, 12 22, 1 38 a. m., 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 08, 12 08, 1 08 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 30, 8 07, 9 05, 11 00, a. m., 12 07, 1 30, 2 05, 3 05, 4 30, 5 30, 6 05, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 8 54, 9 14, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 05, 7 50, 8 27, 9 25, 11 20 a. m., 12 27, 1 50, 2 25, 3 25, 4 50, 5 50, 6 25, 6 50, 7 50, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 50 p. m. Sunday at 9 14, 9 34, 10 50, 11 50 a. m., 7 50, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 50 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 4 2 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Hampton, Tennessee, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.

7 30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

9 45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 2 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. through coach to Williamsport.

1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 30 p. m. for D L & W R R, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shenandoah, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Manch Chunk. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington.

8 00 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through cars to Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel and Shenandoah. Connects for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 32, 6 00, 11 09 a. m., 3 35, 5 30 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) at 2 32, 6 00, 11 09 a. m., 3 35, 5 30, 7 00 p. m. Sunday at 6 45, 9 00 a. m., 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 7 00 p. m. Sunday at 6 45, 9 00 a. m., 1 02 p. m.

For Atlantic City at 9 00 a. m., 1 02 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH.

For Philadelphia at 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m. and 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Atlantic City at 9 00 a. m., 1 02 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Delaware and Washington at 9 00 a. m., 1 02, 3 35, 5 30 p. m. Sunday 9 00 a. m.

For Cape May at 9 00 a. m.

For Wilmington at 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and the West, 2 32 a. m., 1 02 p. m.

For Harrisburg, 2 32 a. m., 1 02, 5 30 p. m.

For Trenton, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Bristol, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Bordentown, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Burlington, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Mount Holly, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Lambertville, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For New Hope, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Intermediate Points, 2 32, 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 02, 3 35, 5 30, 8 00, 8 30 p. m. Sunday 2 32 a. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park and New York, 2 32 a. m., 1 02 p

OUR HOME.

Beloved! when we pass away
From this fair earthly spot,
Forget not who will come and stay
In the deserted cot.
Smile those who tread
And think that home is sweet,
When we have gone into that land
Where parties housekeeping meet?

Oh, who will walk beside the streets,
Or sit beside the pipe,
To dream again life's little dream,
When 'tis not yours, nor mine?
Will some one tell my favorite tree,
Fall down the mossy wall;
The things so dear to you and me,
Will they delay them all?

Whose name will be on yonder door?
Whose pictures deck the walls?
Whose feet press roughly on the floor
Whose dear footsteps falls?
And when the years to centuries swing,
Till all we love are dead;
Will any relic back bring
The words that we have said?

I hope the brook down there will take
An old familiar tune,
When in a happier home than this
We talk with all our own.
For oh, this little home is sweet,
Each corner dear to me dears;
Can Heaven without it be complete?
I would that Heaven were here.

I almost think that from the skies,
If I this home can see,
I shall watch those with envious eyes
Who live here after me.
"Hush! hush! we shall not care," you say;
Dear heart! it may be true;
We shall not hear, but oh, today
My life is here, with you.
—Julia H. May in Good Housekeeping.

Women and Cabs.

Of all the ways in which women are "pound foolish" there is none to equal their way of not taking cabs when they know they should. If a charged against them that they will lose a train, catch their "death o' cold" or be late at a funeral rather than hail a cabby, as men universally do. One especial woman got a lesson on the subject the day before Christmas, when the mud was of a peculiarly clinging sort. There were about a hundred tiresome little errands she must do down town about noon. She had quite tried to elude all her family on leaving home, but it had been. "Oh, you'll be near the bazaar; do get the candles for the tree, and the German mottoes, and "Ah, please post this on the postoffice and then it will get there today."

The mud began to stick immediately, and she thought of taking a cab to go about in, but they are so dear, and it was only a "step of a way." Soon the fast accumulating bundles in her arms prevented her lifting her skirts, and the fur binding on its outer dragged it down on the slimy pavements. Higher and higher grew the border of mud. She saw the passers by beginning to glance sadly at that besmirched gown, as if in sorrow rather than anger, and then would gladly have paid one dollar, aye, or ten dollars, for a vehicle wherein to hide, only she was too agonizingly dirty to dare to enter anything cleaner than a cable car.

The next day, in the season of penitence spent in brushing her gown, she struck a balance. Her skirt from navy blue had turned a vivid azure wherever the mud had stained it. That meant spending two dollars for a braid border; the damage to her boots was at least two dollars more, and having to spend a half hour of Christmas day in cleaning that horrible skirt would need fifty dollars to indemnify one. The cab she did not get would have cost her one dollar. Balance of fifty-three dollars in favor of the cab. —Chicago Post.

A Clever Southern Colored Woman.

In the death of Mrs. D. P. Faulds Kentucky's ladies' landmark is carried away. Mrs. Faulds was born in Bourbon county, and was a daughter of Willoughby Scott. She was married twice. Her first husband was R. R. Bolling, at one time clerk of the court of appeals. It was during the latter years of his life that Mrs. Faulds entered the china business, in which she gained a reputation of being a remarkable connoisseur of all pertaining to her line. Two years after the death of her first husband she married Faulds. He was involved in debt at the time, and she generously pledged herself for $50,000 of the amount. All but a very small portion of this has been paid from the profits of her business.—Louisville Cor. St. Louis Republic.

Corduroy for English Bridesmaids' Gowns.

Corduroy has figured as the material for bridesmaids' gowns at several recent weddings. At one the eight attendants of the bride wore yellow corduroy, with hats of yellow felt, trimmed with yellow ribbons and yellow and white quills. At another the bridesmaids had Georgian costumes of "gray corduroy, with white waistcoats and black three cornered hats with white plumes."

At a third the single bridesmaid, who was maid of honor as well, wore white corduroy, slightly en train, trimmed with gold passementerie. Her hat was of white felt, with May white ostrich tips, and she carried a bouquet of rare bronze and yellow chrysanthemums.—London Letter.

National Dress Reform.

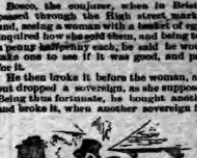
At a recent meeting of the National Dress Reform society in London, Lady Haberton the high priestess of the order, wore a coat bodice and divided skirt, reaching half way between her knee and ankle, of dark, rough homespun. Thick, laced boots and high gaiters were another feature of her attire, with a rather incongruous finishing touch in the shape of a large velvet hat with nodding plumes. The secretary wore a costume complete, Turkish trousers and a zouave jacket.—London Letter.

What a Woman's Club Has Done.

The Woman's Charity club of Boston started less than two years ago a surgical hospital with but forty cents in its treasury. It now has one bought and furnished its present quarters, supports a staff of nurses and doctors, paid $89,000 for land on which to erect new buildings, has $18,000 at interest for hospital purposes, and is now examining plans for a $ 50,000 building soon to be erected. The club has 350 members. —Boston Letter.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A CONJURER'S TRICK.



THE CONJURER AND THE EGGS.

How He Surprised a Good Dame Who Was Selling Eggs.

Bosco, the conjurer, when in Bristol, passed through the High street, market, and, seeing a woman with a basket of eggs, inquired how she sold them, and being told a penny halfpenny each, he said he would take one to see if it was good, and paid for it.

He then broke it before the woman, and out dropped a sovereign, as she supposed. Being thus fortunate, he bought another and broke it, when another sovereign fell out. The egg dealer looked amazed. He then said, "I will take all the eggs," but the woman shrewdly said, "No, no!" and away she went to Nicholas Steps, where she sat down and began to break one after egg, but no sovereigns fell out; she then became alarmed for the loss of her eggs, and even shed tears. The next day the conjurer met the dame without eggs, and finding how much she had grieved for the loss of her capital in trade, he gave her half a crown to console her.

Fortune Telling with a Daisy.

"What are you doing down there in the clover,
Mary and Fannie and Kate and Flo?
What is it I hear you say over and over?
"Just telling each other our fortunes, you know."

"But how do you tell them knee deep in the clover?
Does a busy bee carry the news as he flies?
Do the buttercups whisper it low and over?
Do you read it in violets' beautiful eyes?"

"Why, no! it's the daisy, down here in the clover,
That tells us the story as plain as can be,
We've said it a hundred times over and over;
We'll tell you your fortune, and then you will know.

"Now, one stands for 'doctor,' and two is for 'lawyer,'
And three is for 'merchant,' and four is for 'priest;'
And five is for 'rich man,' and six is for 'poor man,'
And seven is for 'beggar,' and eight is for 'thief.'

"And now we'll go round again, over and over,
And each little leaflet the story will give,
Of the sweet one eyed daisy you have in the clover—
You'll marry a 'beggar,' as true as I live."
—Sarah De Wolf Gamwell.

The Pitcher Plant.

Among the queer plants which we receive from the tropical climates one of the most curious is the pitcher plant, and what is more interesting to know is that it has been found out that it can be grown in a basket on our window sills, and, of course, in our conservatories without any more trouble than gentleness or other window plants. The leaves spring from the stem, beautifully colored and downward, the point growing into a long, thin string, from the end of which the pitcher grows upright. The pitcher has no handle, but it has a hinged lid which remains open all day and shuts at night, and what is remarkable, though rain may not fall for many days, the pitcher is always found in this natural jug. The sides are generally beautifully colored, and when the plant is fully grown it forms a handsome drawing room plant. The flower has one cup at the top of the stem, but are such funny, rusty looking things that they are scarcely like flowers at all; but they give such a quantity of seed that here in the United States most florists have imported sufficient supplies to enable their customers far and wide to have a pitcher plant in their windows.

The King of Servia.

Among royal personages whose years are few who are attracting more or less attention is King Alexander of Servia. Although he has fourteen years of age he is said to be a youth of very studious character. This is a fortunate circumstance, inasmuch as the Servian government is determined to make their young sovereign an extremely learned man.

It may astonish some of the boys who read this account to know that King Alexander recently passed a rigid examination in religion, geometry, algebra, physics, chemistry, science of arms, Servian history, universal history, Latin, German, French and English, and it appears that he passed with credit in all of them.

THE YOUNG KING AS SAILOR AND SOLDIER.

The young king as sailor and soldier, tactics, universal history, Latin, German, French and English, and it appears that he passed with credit in all of them. He is now three years' absent of him self in these varied branches of knowledge. Among those present at the examination were the regents of the kingdom, the metropolitan, the president of the council, the minister of war, the minister of public instruction and the young king's tutor. In the accompanying cut the manly looking young monarch appears in costume as a sailor and as a soldier.

The Sand Man.

Oh, how does the sand man come,
And how does the sand man go?
Does he creep in the sky like a cloud at night,
Does he walk through the streets in broad daylight
To fill the kids and the low?

Oh! what does the sand man do,
And why is the sand man here?
Does he carry a sack on his little round back,
While he sanders the sand with a lavish hand
To tell us that sleepy time's here?

Oh, my dear children, nobody knows
How the sand man comes and the sand man goes
For though we may wish very much for the sight,
When the sand man comes we shut our eyes tight.
—Harper's Young People.

TWO GIRLS IN GOTHAM.

How Close Living Women Manage to Live Frugally on a Small Outlay.

There are a great many people of moderate means who would like to spend a winter in New York, but who look upon our big city as a great devourer of money and the family of those who live comfortably in smaller cities or the country would be obliged to sojourn in a garret if they tried to make the same amount "do" in New York. The facilities for pursuing any given course of study, such as music or any of the branches of art, are undoubtedly greater here than elsewhere on this continent, but many an ambitious woman looks at her purse hopelessly, thinks of the stories she has heard of "New York prices" and gives up her dream. There is no need of it. To encourage such, listen to those facts about the lives of two clever young women whom I know.

One is an art student; the other is employed as a private secretary. Their means are ridiculously small, yet they have one of the coziest homes in New York, and for it they each pay $2.50 a week. For twenty dollars a month they rented a little flat on the third stage, as the Parisians say, of a large apartment house in a respectable but unfashionable block. It has a pleasant sitting room, two bedrooms, each larger than the average "hall bedroom," a cunning little kitchen and a good closet and bathroom hall. Their gas bill averages eighty cents a month, and the flat is heated by steam heat without extra charge.

All the rooms are perfectly light, and the sitting room has two big windows. But it was not furnished, you say. No, but in the same house other apartments had been furnished by the landlord and rented for thirty dollars each per month. But these bright girls wanted their own Lares and Penates, and how much do you suppose their furnishings cost? The entire flat was tastefully arranged and yet for all the furniture the price paid was less than sixty dollars. The floors were stained and in the sitting room a small Ingrain art square was used. There were three pretty chairs, a table, book shelves, bits of bric-a-brac, and each bedroom had a comfortable wide cot.

At the windows dainty cream colored curtains were looped aside, and the little art student gleefully told me that the cost "four and three-fourths cents a yard." Sketches and engravings were pinned lavishly on the walls, the oak rocker had been deliciously cushioned in crimson; in one of the embrasured windows the packing box "in which our china came," the secretary confided to me with an air of conscious pride, had been converted into a window seat, with a bright shawl thrown over it and a big pillow in a slip of crimson cambric for a back. I looked around and it was so sweet and dainty and homelike that I pined to stay there—especially when I thought of the $2.50 a week each girl paid for the haven of rest.

For the low priced New York boarding house I have no good word. In the most moderate priced of those where a young woman of refined tastes could live, she would be obliged to pay for a cold hall bedroom with wretched food at least six dollars a week; she would be thrown with undesirable people and have none of the comforts of home. These girls told me that they lived accordingly, and that their food and food cost them for the two but $5.50 a week.

But they were living without a chaperon? Yes, indeed, and neither was over twenty-five; but those girls were ladies, brought up in refined homes. They were exposed to fewer annoyances and dangers living happily thus than in a third rate boarding house, which was all they could otherwise have afforded.

If some ambitious little woman with a slender purse who wants so much to have the advantages offered by some of New York's great free institutions—such as Cooper union, for instance, gives the art student—reads this, let her profit thereby, especially if she has some friend who will join her in making a bit of a home in our big city.—New York Cor. Detroit Free Press.

Miss Mitchell's Duke.

The Duke of La Rochefoucauld, who is to marry Miss Mitchell, the daughter of an American millionaire, has the bluest blood in France flowing in his veins. His ancestors represented France at the Crusade, and men of his name have filled high office at the court, in the army and in the magistracy ever since. One Duke of La Rochefoucauld was killed at the massacre of St. Bartholomew. Another lived to write a book of maxims, of which the following are specimens:

"The greatest miracle of love is to eradicate flirtation."

"There are few women whose charm survives their beauty."

"Jealousy is always born with love, but does not always die with it."—London Figaro.

Why Many Women Take Cold.

Winter is the gay season, the season of balls and dancing parties, and in general, of prolonged amusements and excitements. We need not say how common it is for young ladies to attend such gatherings imperfectly clad.

The excitement, physical and mental, extending late into the hours of the night, renders the surface of the body peculiarly susceptible to the outside chill; the susceptibility is enhanced by the exhaustion, which at the same time lessens the power of resistance.

The danger is especially great in rural districts, where many must ride long distances to their homes through the icy air. Tens of thousands have in this way laid the foundation of fatal disease. —Youth's Companion.

A Cold Weather Notion.

A cold weather notion is the window roll. This is made of cheese cloth, that most useful of materials, and is the length of the width of the sill and very narrow. It is filled with sand and serves to "stop a crack to keep the wind away," to slightly misquote. Care must be taken not to fill the bag too solidly, as it does not so well adjust itself as when loosely packed.—Exchange.

This Date in History—March 3.

1801—Edmund Waller, English poet, born at Coleshill, Hertfordshire; died 1687.
1811—Thomas Otway, dramatic poet, born at Trotton, Sussex; died in London, 1685.
1824—William Godwin, novelist, born at Wisbeach, Cambridgeshire; died 1836.
1795—W. C. Macready, tragedian, born in London; died 1873.
1820—Dr. Lyndon Arnold, born in Auburn, N. Y.; died at Yonkers, N. Y., 1880.
1826—Grant made commander in chief, vice Halleck.
1836—Sir Astley Cooper Key died; born 1768.
1845—The International copyright bill passed by the house of lords after having received the house. Leonard W. Jerome, well known club and turfman, father-in-law of Lord Randolph Churchill, died.

Her Eloquence in Dickering.

Miss Shepherd (in the parlor)—No; mamma never patronizes the town stores. Her taste is so delicate and refined that everything, even the smallest detail of shopping, is done in New York.

Mrs. Shepherd (at that moment and in the rear of the house)—If you'll throw in another yard of that tape an gimme four packs of 'bairpins an two lamp wicks, why one 'y them celluloid collar buttons for my husban, you needn't give me no change from that quarter.—The Wasp.

Practical.

It is related of Siebenkees, an eminent German scholar, that having finished reading one of his beautiful imaginings to his wife, who appeared to be listening with intense breath and eyelids cast down, he closed the book with inward satisfaction at the completion of his labors, only to hear the sharer of his joys exclaim:

"My dear, pray don't put on your left stocking tomorrow—there is a hole in it."
—London Tit-Bits.

Possibly the Explanation.

He—Do you think I—aw shall have a good beard?

Barber (after close inspection)—I'm afraid not, sir.

He—Aw, woully. My fawther has a very fine beard, you know.

Barber—Maybe you take after your maiums, sir!—National Review.

Encouragement.

Cleverton—You know, it's a funny thing, but every time I'm called on Miss Pinkerly lately she has been out.

Dashaway (brightly)—Well, never mind, old man. Come around with me some time.—Life.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 25 tfm

50c a Bottle

for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 340 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 9 a. m.

The steamer "Bugia," from New York, March 2, at 11.30 a. m.

The steamers for Stettin leave March 12, 26; April 9, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get part caters and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. est.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.
The stock embraces all grades in cotton and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.
Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.
In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in the city. This agency applies to anything in their house.
By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call
Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

SOMETHING NEW
AT
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.75. Half value.
There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $2, yours for 79c.
300 yards extra fine cream damasked table linen, 70 inches wide; value 60c., our price 45c.
50 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c. kind for 10c.
There is an extra good thing in our undressed 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1, our price 75c
We call special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.
Also a full line of fall, regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 32c., our price 19c.
Gen. lemon there are 1000 fine four-in-hand ties and York Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for; our price 29c.
Our sale of fine iron granite ware still continues. This is the finest kit we have ever offered, and you buy it at the same price that you pay for good tinware.
Van Emburgh & White.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Home furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch. Jumbo tin comgetters, 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 9 cents.
J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS
DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Frederick Happel, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of April next.
MARGARET HAPPEL.
JOSEPH A. PETERSON.
Dated February 18th, 1892. 2 25 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribe rs, surviving Executors of and Trustees under the will of Charles J. Fox, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of March, next. ERCKEN KEUCHAM.
ALANSON J. FOX.
Dated January 8th, 1892. 1 12 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, Executor of Fannie L. Earle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next. CROWELL HANCOCK.
Dated February, 1892. 2 9 9

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

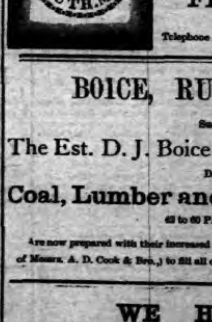
Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, and slates, 98c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

MASKS : : :
: : : MASKS
ALL KINDS
and Prices.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
THE North Plainfield Grocers.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Harrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.
Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
49 to 69 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

WE HAVE IT!
WHAT IS IT?
The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.
Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.
All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.
Our quality of goods; square dealing and low prices have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.
UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	2:14 p. m.	Third Quarter	21	9:16 p. m.
Full Moon	13	7:55 p. m.	New Moon	28	2:19 a. m.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.
Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring Goods, in Dress Effects, Novelty pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 15c.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.
FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 6c. Good Toweling, 4c; bolt prints, 5c; white blankets, 85c and $1 19 pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.
L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS ‡ †
‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—49 East Front street.

PELTON
Water : Motors.
CHEAPEST TO
Buy and Operate!
LAWN SEEDS
and Fertilizers.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Hardware, Plumbing
and Tinwork.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR.
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Louis Box 1. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally warmer and clear.

BREVITIES.

—The borough Council will meet in regular session this evening.

—The Crescent bowling team will visit Somerville this evening and roll a game with a team of that place.

—An opportunity to study shorthand is still afforded to young men in the class recently organized at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms.

—Mr. John P. Stelle has disposed of his livery stable on West Sixth street. Mr. Pliny Fisk of West Seventh street purchased it.

—Mr. Jacob Laing, a store-keeper at Mt. Bethel, informed a News reporter this morning that there was good sleighing at that place.

—Mr. Jeremiah Rowe of West Front street is still suffering from a smashed hand received while loading cars at Neshanic a few weeks ago.

—Mr. Charles Matthews and others of this city have formed a new ice company with a capital stock of $350,000. Articles of incorporation have been filed.

—Thomas Jennings, who was recently bitten by a cat at his home on Duer street, is still suffering from the effects of the injuries. He says the wounds are healing slowly.

—Edsall says through an unusually fortunate purchase of a lot of fine styles in an extra five frame body Brussels carpet, he can save his patrons just twenty-five cents on a yard.

—At the Seventh-Day Baptist church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Mr. Manwaring, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Dunellen, will preach in the absence of Dr. Lewis. Strangers will be welcomed.

—The Trenton Times says that "there will be one more effort to pass a race track bill, not de race track bill. What the turf gamblers wanted they know cannot be obtained now. But a half-loaf has been decided upon, and it will reach the legislature about next Monday night."

—Mr. Beach, agent for the Arnold Automatic Steam Cooker, at 61 Park avenue, announces in his advertisement that he will cook a dinner consisting of meat, vegetables, etc., in the steam cooker, on Saturday, at two p. m., and invites all interested in good cooking to call. The dinner will be on exhibition all the afternoon.

—The Rev. Sheldon Jackson will deliver a lecture on "Alaska," in Vincent chapel on Saturday evening, March 5th, at eight o'clock. All interested in Home Missionary work, including the Home Missionary societies from the Methodist churches are cordially invited. Dr. Jackson is an able and enthusiastic speaker, and this lecture cannot fail to be interesting and entertaining to all.

—Our readers ought to carefully preserve The News to-day with the Treasurer's Report. It is a record of the "combine" which were driven from office by the News exposures of their reckless waste of public funds, as shown by the above report, especially when compared with the reports of previous years. Yes, it shows how careful people should be about whom they elect to Common Council. Ignorance in this case cost the people dearly enough to last a generation at least.

—It would be a great thing for the State of New Jersey if three-fourths of laws enacted were abolished, elections held only when called for by the people, and the Legislature only permitted to meet when called by any one-third of the voters at the preceding election. The object of the call could be distinctly stated in the call, and the same published for one month previous to the time set for the meeting, so that if there were any objections the same could be made through the newspapers, and those signing the call could withdraw, if the objections seemed to them good, thereby vitiating the call for want of the one third referred to.

—A few days ago we received a circular letter from the State Republican League to the Republican press of New Jersey, to the effect that it has established headquarters in Mt. Holly, for the object of "Organization and Education." To secure the first object mentioned Judge Ulrich, of this city, has been appointed State organizer, a fact we have already published, and commenced work March 1st. The literary bureau will be in charge of Col. William J. Bruce, formerly editor of the Burlington Enterprise. The League intends to take an active part in the coming presidential campaign, and there is reason to believe that the organization will be as strength-ened as to become an important political factor. Its work is needed, and the more education and organization the better for the State as well as the party, which stands for all that is good for the people, as against those interested only in esterling to the criminal classes, for the demoralizing of the party, jeopardizing their peace and prosperity.

The Tenth Annual.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society will hold its tenth annual meeting in the parlors of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. An address will be made by Mrs. Isabella Davis, who is connected with the International Order of King's Daughters. At five o'clock tea will be served. All ladies interested in the work are invited to be present.

The Crescents Victorious.

The Crescent League bowling team rolled a game with the Arthur Kull Club of Elizabethport last evening on the alleys in this city and succeeded in defeating them by 326 pins. Col. Charles E. Moore of Fanwood acted as referee.

THE CHORAL SOCIETY.

THE CONCERT AT MUSIC HALL LAST EVENING.—SPLENDID WORK OF THE SOCIETY.

The Oratorio "Joan of Arc" Rendered in a Brilliant Manner.—A Large Audience Enjoy an Evening of Song.

The second private concert of the Choral Society was enjoyed by an audience which filled Music Hall last evening.

The Society is the largest in Plainfield, and the careful training it has received from the conductor, Mr. E. J. Fitzhugh, was effectively shown last evening.

The Society was assisted by Miss Kathrin Hilke, soprano; Mr. James H. Rickets on, tenor; Mr. Perry Averill, baritone; Miss Jessie M. Utter, organist; and the orchestra from the New York Philharmonic Society.

The first half of the programme consisted of pleasing solos and chorus, chief of which was the "Part song for male voices—By Love Led Dreaming"—composed by Mr. Fitzhugh, for the gentlemen of the Choral Society.

A tenor suffering from a slight cold flatted occasionally in a noticeable manner.

The second half of the programme was the beautiful Oratorio "Joan of Arc" by A. R. Gaul.

The following, preceding the oratorio on the programme, made it better appreciated.

ARGUMENT.

Joan of Arc—"the Maid of Orleans"—was born at Domremy on the 6th of January, 1412. Domremy is a village on the banks of the Meuse, in the department of Vosges, France, in a vale prolific in flowers; hence the name of its chief town, Vaucouleurs (*Valle colorum*).

Youths and Maidens are holding May festival. One youth, Philip, in love with Joan, laments her absence, who appears not, brooding over the woes of France, ravaged by invading and civil war-fare, shuns their festivities, which she leaves as summoned by voices—"The Voices" that become attentive, dear and familiar, to her career. Joan quits the village; the Youths and Maidens lament her departure. Under the dictates of her "Voices" Joan seeks aid of Robert de Baudricourt, (governor or Provost of Vaucouleurs), who receives her at first slightingly, but, moved by her revelations, yields aid (May 1428). Joan assuming male garb (a necessary protection at this period), is clad in armour, a sword, banner and steed are then provided her. Accompanied by Jean de Novelonpont, "a brave gentleman of Metz," with another, and "four armed men," Joan journeys to besieged Orleans. Philip is one of those following her career. Their way is full of perils as rivers are unfordable, swollen by Winter rains. They sleep in woods and unfrequented spots. Glee is chanted. They reach the camp before the enemy's watch at the outposts; through them, not preventing. The siege is raised: the English and Burgundian forces retreat. Joan goes to the Orthodox (Rheims, 1429). Other victories follow; the hour of reversal arrives. At Compiegne, driven back from a sortie, the French captured Joan to the drawbridge of the town, which, by treachery or cowardice, is closed on Joan by the Governor. To the stake (May, 1430). Taken to Rouen she is tried, condemned, and led to the stake for execution (May, 1431). The Voices, the Maidens of Domremy, echoing the song of May, are revived by the Villagers, who approach with Philip and Jean de Novelonpont, who tell the sad sequel of the history that has passed into fame.

The characters are historical, excepting Philip, the peasant vainly in love with Joan, and the Voices, which are symbolical.

The scenes of the four historical Mays have been retained:—Vaucouleurs, 1428, with the May of Inspiration; Orleans, 1429, with the May of Victory; Compiegne, 1430, with the May of Fall; Rouen, 1431, with the May of Sacrifice.

The characters were:

Joan of Arc,.....Miss Hilke
Philip, A Youth of Domremy,.....Ricketson
Robert de Baudricourt,
Provost of Vaucouleurs,
Jean de Novelonpont,
A Gentleman of Metz,
Mr. Averill.

CHORUS.

The Voices.
Youths and Maidens of Domremy.
Peasants of Gieu—men and women.
Populace—men and women—of Orleans and Compiegne.
French—English and Burgundian—Men-at-arms.
The Choir: Orleans Cathedral.
Villagers of Domremy—girls and women.

The soloists were frequently encored.

The Board of Directors of the Society are:

President—W. W. Howland.
Vice-President—C. W. McCutchen.
Secretary—N. Runyon.
Treasurer—G. G. Newman.
Librarian—F. S. Smith.
Directors—D. R. Davis, G. T. Rogers, Perry Averill.

Much credit is justly due these gentlemen for the marked success of the concert.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. Ten Eyck of Liberty street has recovered from his recent illness.

Mr. John Lindsay lies dangerously ill at his residence on West Front street.

Mr. Jacob Laing of Mt. Bethel is slowly recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mr. Edward Apgar, formerly of this city but now of Newark, spent yesterday with friends here.

Mr. Winfield S. Terry, who fell from a tree on Christmas eve last, and fractured his shoulder blade, while attempting to catch a turkey, is now convalescent.

A Temperance Service.

There is to be a "temperance" service in the Park avenue Baptist church next Sunday evening. The Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, the pastor of the Seventh-Day Baptist church, and the Rev. Jas. Perrold will deliver short addresses. A feature of the service will be Miss Spicer, who usually sings in the Brooklyn Tabernacle.

CITY TREASURER'S REPORT OF CITY FINANCES FOR THE YEAR 1891.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. Gen. Fund	$6,425 25	
" Fire	2,673 00	$9,098 25
" Poor	1,597 66	
Library	1,000 00	
Water	1,000 00	3,597 66
Back Taxes State and County :		
1880	$3 00	
1881	24 39	
1882	24 39	
1883	24 39	
1884	49 66	
1885	49 66	
1886	101 64	
1887	101 64	
1888	99 47	
1889	99 47	
1890	1,700 00	
1891	13,201 46	
1892	1,000 00	
1893	30,007 91	$48,220 75
Back City Taxes 1881	$ 7 56	
" " 1882	7 56	
" " 1883	17 28	
" " 1884	35 19	
" " 1885	61 71	
" " 1886	101 64	
" " 1887	95 67	
" " 1888	99 47	
" " 1889	1,700 00	
" " 1890	13,201 46	
" " 1891	30,007 91	$45,335 15
Interest and cost		2,061 55
Back Fire Dep't Taxes	22 10	
" " 1890	140 20	
" " 1891	2,264 25	
" " 1892	6,466 10	8,892 65
Central Railroad Taxes	11,315 86	
Police	906 05	
$180 00, $180 00	360 00	
Bd of Education	10,671 80	
" "	676 42	23,949 73
LICENSE.		
Hotels & Saloons	10,850 75	
Stacks & Peddlers	220 00	
Wholesale liquor	250 00	13,070 75
Fines		370 00
North avenue sewer		150 00
Board of Health		14 00
Judgments		20 00
Assessment Account		5,300 00
Loan notes, 1st National		13,000 00
Paid Discount Notes on City Bank		4,000 00
$2,500 note	2,500 00	
$4,000 note	3,964 66	
Bd of Edu. fees	219 26	
" "	495 20	7,439 41
Old roller	714 81	
Transfer fund to pay loan from general fund	125 00	839 81
" Library		3,614 00
" Poor		2,000 00
" Water		2,000 00
	$172,401 56	$172,401 56

UNPAID NOTES.

Jan. 11, 1892, First Nat. Bank	$ 2,000 00
Jan. 13, 1892, First Nat. Bank	2,000 00
Jan. 13, 1892, First Nat. Bank	5,300 00
	$10,300 00

POOR AND LIBRARY.

RECEIPTS.

Balance Jan. 1, 1891		$6,187 94
RECEIVED TAXES.		
1886	2 39	
1887	2 39	
1888	6 36	
1889	13 53	
1890	14 63	
1891	16 16	
1892	19 95	
1893	28 34	
1890	200 00	
1891	4,000 00	
	4,304 75	4,304 75
		$10,492 69
Amount from General Fund		600 00
		$11,011 94

LIBRARY.

Balance on hand January 1, 1891		2,009 70
RECEIPTS		
Received Taxes :		
1887	62	
1888	1 26	
1889	2 49	
1890	3 49	
1891	11 56	
1892	11 56	
1893	15 10	
1890	21 53	
1891	120 00	
1892	450 01	
1893	2,400 41	
	3,079 20	3,079 20
Received from Treasurer of Library		600 00
		$5,291 77
Amount on hand January 1, 1892		$5,079 20

WATER WORKS.

Amount on hand January 1, 1891	$5,079 20
Amount to Balance January 1, 1892	$5,079 20

A. TITSWORTH, City Treasurer.

A Dwelling House Burned.

A dwelling house belonging to Mr. David Drake, which was situated on the mountain side was burned to the ground at about three o'clock yesterday afternoon. A defective flue caused the fire. Most of the furniture was saved. Warren Engine Company of North Plainfield attempted to respond to the alarm but when the apparatus got as far as Stony Brook road the members of the company were compelled to turn back owing to the bad condition of the roads.

Property was insured for $1,400.

Assessing Farm Lands in Boroughs.

The decision of the Court of Errors and Appeals, sustaining the opinion of the Supreme Court in the review of the assessments made by the Collector of Taxes of Point Pleasant, is of importance to all boroughs in the State. The claim was made that the borough assessor had no right to assess farming land for municipal purposes, and that the assessment of boroughs should be made by the township assessor. The court of last resort held contrary to the claims.

Attaching Postal Telegraph Offices.

Sheriff Thomas N. Acker attached the office and fixtures of the Postal Telegraph Company in New Brunswick yesterday afternoon at the suit of John Ferguson, contractor, on a claim of $1,500 for work in the construction of the line from Newark to the Atlantic coast. The offices at Plainfield, Elizabeth and Rahway are included in the order of attachment.

Money For the House.

At the monthly meeting of the Board of Managers of the Children's Home held Thursday, March 3, the Treasurer reported the receipts of a check for ninety-seven dollars and thirty-five cents, from Mr. George Wharton Edwards, the proceeds of the lecture at the Casino for the benefit of the Home.

—Fish is the specialty offered by the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, in their new advertisement to-day.

IN BANK THIRTY-SEVEN YEARS.

The Owner did not Know it Till he Saw the Account Advertised.

The officers of the Provident Institution for Savings of Jersey City, have just settled an account which has been standing on their books for thirty-seven years. In 1855, A. B., trustee for C. D., deposited $12.20. The deposit was made by Brook road the members of the company were compelled to turn back owing to the bad condition of the roads.

Property was insured for $1,400.

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THE LEGISLATURE.

THE UPPER HOUSE ADJOURNED WITHOUT TAKING UP ANY BILLS.

Assemblyman Flynn was Angry at the Neglect of His Forty-Five-Hour Bill and His Suggestion That the House Revalidate was Agreed to—Bills Introduced.

The Assemblymen are getting anxious now about their pet bills and a score of them were angry yesterday because the Senate ignored the Assembly for the week without giving favorable consideration, or consideration of any kind, to their measures.

"Tom" Flynn was particularly nettled because his Forty-Five Hour bill had been tied up by the Senators. It is wanted by the silk-workers of Paterson, in order that the members of the upper house might understand what was in store for them if they didn't mend matters. "Tom" also proposed that the Senate should not take up any Senate bills today. His policy seemed to suit the temper of the house, for it was agreed to without a murmur.

A bill was brought up on first passage which proposed to give corporations power to do business outside of the State, though there was nothing to that effect in their articles of incorporation. The members were voting on this without knowing what it meant.

"This is one of those trust bills. Vote against it!" shouted Mr. Cole while the roll was under way.

Immediately the changing of votes began and the prospect of having another muddle like that of yesterday.

"Begin a new roll-call!" ordered Speaker Bergen. That was done and the bill went down beneath an avalanche of votes.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

No. 497. Mr. Potts. Fixes fees of jurors in caustic cases at 25 cents.

No. 527. Mr. Beckman. Authorizes the laying of water pipes where consent is obtained from municipal or or township authorities.

No. 536. Mr. Maylan. Increases the number of Commissioners of Deeds in each ward to fifteen.

No. 634. Mr. Hutchinson. Provides that when any Board of Health orders furniture or clothing destroyed or burned to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, the State treasurer or treasurer of the local municipal authorities shall pay for the same.

MORE CORPORATIONS.

Jersey City to Have a Foreign Trading Company.—Other Corporati. ns.

Corporations still continue to spring into existence every day, notwithstanding the fact that there is dullness of trade and commercial depression generally. Of incorporation of companies to do business in this State there is no lessening. Lawyers' offices Wednesday, namely, that of the New Jersey Traction Company, the Foreign Trading Company, the Automatic Spring Machine Company and the Baker Artesian Well Company.

Articles of the Traction Company is to lease and operate street railways and railways between cities and towns, to make contracts for such railways, to build and construct such railways, to equip, enlarge, complete or connect, or cause the same to be done, with such railways, and to construct and operate power plants and facilities and requirements for such railways in any of the counties of Essex, Hudson and Union, and in the cities of Jersey City.

The principal place of business of the company will be in Newark.

The total capital stock is $500,000, which is divided into 5,000 shares at $100 a share. The names and residences of the stockholders and number of shares held by each are as follows: Thomas C. Barr, Orange, 150 shares; Edward T. Dennison, Philadelphia, 150 shares; Richard Coe, Philadelphia, 150 shares; Edward J. Moore, Philadelphia, 150 shares; Anthony Q. Keasbey, Newark, 150 shares; Andrew Le Masse-au, Jr., Newark, 150 shares; Henry Coogan, Newark, 150 shares; John H. Ballantine, Newark, 150 shares; Sylvester S. Battin, Newark, 150 shares; William Clark, Newark, 150 shares; Frederick Frelinghuysen, Newark, fifty shares; John I. Waterbury, New York, 2,100 shares; John Smith, Jr., New York, fifty shares; John F. Stanley, Newark, 100 shares; Gottfried Krueger, Newark, 100 shares; John F. Dryer, New York, fifty shares; Leslie D. Ward, Newark, fifty shares; Henry C. Kinney, Newark, fifty shares; Chandler W. Riker, Newark, fifty shares; Peter Hauck, Harrison, fifty shares; Seconee Silsbey, Newark, seventy-five shares; Franklin Murphy, Newark, seventy-five shares; Elisha S. Gaddis, Newark, fifty shares; John Lewis, Jr., Elizabeth, 100 shares; John N. Ackerman, Newark, fifty shares.

The company will continue in business until Feb. 28, 1942.

The principal offices of the Foreign Trading Company in this State will be located in Jersey City, which place will be the principal place of the company's business.

The company will also transact business in the City of New York and Brooklyn and the States of Pennsylvania and Connecticut, in the Kingdom of Great Britain, the Empire of Germany and the Republic of France.

The business will be that of trading, making, purchasing and selling manufactured articles, to acquire the right to use and use the same, and to establish agencies in all places wherein its business will be conducted.

The total capital stock of the company is $25,000 which is divided into 250 shares, at a par value of $100 a share.

The names of the stockholders on a paid in capital of $7,000, divided into seventy shares which are held by each, are as follows: Henry A. Doane, Fairview, one share; Fred. H. Mollenhauer, Jersey City, one share; Peter S. Reid, Hoboken, one share; Thomas R. Montgomery, New York, sixty-six shares, and Albert A. Hegeman, Jersey City, one share.

This company will continue to do business until March 1, 1942.

It makes a luxury of Oatmeal-Eating and does it Easily—H.-O.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

BELIEVED FIELD TO BE SANE.

Partner Weichers and Others Testify in the Lunacy Proceedings.

New York, March 4th, (Special.)—John F. Weichers, a partner of Cyrus W. Field's bankrupt son who was indicted for forgery and whose sanity is being inquired into by a jury in Oyer and Terminer before Judge Van Brunt, was the first witness examined to-day.

He stated that the firm had sunk $776,000 in the Cuban sugar plantation schemes and that he considered all the other investments of the firm safe ours.

John C. Heline, who was a clerk in the stock department of the defunct firm, testified that Field was a very heavy heavy drinker, but that he had always considered him rational.

Stephen Baker, Vice-President of the Manhattan Bank, testified that he had a long business talk with E. M. Field on the Monday before the failure of the latter's firm, and that Field was of apparently sound mind.

He also stated some unimportant facts regarding the business relations existing between the Bank and the firm.

The case will be closed to-day.

Lingo Gets a New Trial.

Trenton, N. J., March 4, (Special.)—The Supreme Court, sitting en banc, has granted a new trial to Francis Lingo, the negro convicted of the murder of Mrs. Miller in the woods near her home in Pleasantville, N. J. Lingo's counsel allege that they have new and important testimony to present.

Small-Pox, Measles and Scarlet Fever on Board.

New York, March 4th, (Special)—The German steamship California, from Hamburg, which arrived to-day, is detained at Quarantine. She has a case of small-pox among her steerage passengers; also a case of measles and one of scarlet fever.

Special Notices.

HEADQUARTERS
MAJOR ANDERSON POST, No 109,
Plainfield, N. J.

Comrades are requested to meet at Head quarters, 7 Park avenue, at one o'clock p. m. Sunday, March 6th, to attend the funeral services of our late Comrade, John R. Brady. Dark clothing, white gloves.

By order of
A. C. Mague, Commander.
N. C. Mague, Adjutant.

A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY!

The Arnold Automatic Steam Cooker and Steam Cooker Combined, now for sale at 61 Park avenue, are attracting a great many people's attention, simply because anything cooked by steam is far superior to any other cooking.

The meat retains all its nutriment and excellent flavor, and as much other cooking as it did before. There is no smell from cabbage or onions while cooking in the Steam Cooker.

Mr. Beach, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue. (Of stand of the Women's Exchange.)

A dinner of meat and vegetables, cooked in the Steam Cooker, will be exhibited to-morrow afternoon, beginning at two o'clock. Come and see. 4 3

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a case of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

EDSALL'S!

LENT HAS ARRIVED!

And we are prepared to supply everybody with FISH of all kinds at prices way down.

Choice Codfish, 2 lbs. for 15 Cents.

Big stock extra Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Yarmouth Herrings, Sardines from 5c. box, Salmon, Lobster, Brook Trout, etc.

BUTTER—We sell the BEST 25c. Table Butter to be had in the city.

Headquarters for New Crop Teas and Fresh Roasted Coffees.

Store Open Evenings until 9 p. m.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

NEW FIRM.—HOMAN & CAREY.

Having been assigned the goods and chattels of J. V. F. Ryerson, No. 23 Somerset street, we will proceed to close out the same in the next

Ten Days at COST.

The property consists of 32 Wagons, 4 Sleighs, 25 Sets of Harness, light, heavy single and double; 200 Whips; 75 Horse Blankets, 150 Collars, lots of parts of harness, Sheets, Big Bells, Springs, Channels and a thousand other things. Also a large lot of wheelwrights' supplies, Blacksmith supplies.

Open until Nine o'Clock Evenings.

HOMAN & CAREY.

Cents-a-Word Columns.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

If you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known.

SITUATION wanted as nurse and seamstress. Good reference. Please address "M" care Evening News. 2-3

HELP WANTED.

MEN to take orders. No canvassing or collecting; no experience; sowing work; permanent position; samples free. Gem Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass. 1 4

WANTED—At once—An errand boy; young man to canvass Plainfield. Splendid opportunity. Address "D," care of Evening News.

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

WANTED—A rare chance for live agents; a pocket to her purse; price $3; large discount. Good territory for circular. Address Cylinder Press Co., 163 Broadway, New York. room 39. 1 6

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street, Plainfield. Also at E. M. Chase, Fairfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the river level. 2 26tf

FOR SALE—A nice corner store with flat rooms, for grocery, butcher shop or restaurant business. Apply Mrs. Watson, Grand avenue and South Second street.

FOR SALE—Farm, 37 acres. Handsomely located; 200 vards from New Hamburg station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Somerville station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Theodo Runyon, P. O. Box 129, Dunellen, N. J. 2-26

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Riker & Co., 2 17tf

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Butler, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Inquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 end 14*

FOR RENT.

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 7 Second street will be for rent. Call 11 Mountain avenue. 2 24tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A Fine house at 2 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. E. Dunham's real. 2-12tf

ONE to five rooms to let on East Third street, Plainfield. 3 2

ONLY a few of those 14 room houses are left for rent. $20 to $25. Riker & Co., agents. 2 24tf

TO RENT—112 Jackson avenue, five nice rooms, with water; terms moderate.

TO RENT—Square piano. "W. S. C.," Plainfield.

THREE or four rooms to let. 5 Elmwood avenue. 2 4

TO LET—Home containing eight rooms, with barn; centrally located. Price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street.

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham. agent. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAMILIES can be supplied with newly baked bread, cake or pastry fresh daily at Kensington avenue. Telephone call 29. 4 3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street.

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale send agency of same, with particulars, to Riker & Co., 12 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2-19tf

PLAIN sewing done at home, and will assist with dressmaking; also feather stitching done. 189 East Front street. 4 2

WANTED—A baby carriage, in good shape and order. Address "K," care of Evening News, giving price.

WANTED—A small, easily resting property. Address "H," care of Evening News. 4 3

EDITORIAL NOTES

The contest as to the relative merits of wire nails and cut nails has at last been decided. It has been found that for rough and heavy outside work where great strength is required the cut nail holds best because of its roughness, but in finishing and inside work the wire nail has its use.

James A. Christy, an old miner, seventy-one years of age, says he has discovered in the air a new electric force which has enabled him to develop the most perfect telephone ever made. He operates his instrument with the ordinary wire and electricity, but it is so perfect that it will reproduce over any distance the faintest rustle or whisper Mr. Christy has patented his invention and it is said that "Lucky" Baldwin is his backer.

In a lumber camp 100 miles north of Belleville, Ontario, black diphtheria has broken out with great malignancy and fatality. This fact seems to set at naught many of our ideas of hygienic conditions. Lumbermen live in the woods, spending most of their time in the open air. The exercise of their work is healthful and not unpleasant. If physical exercise and living outdoors makes people healthy, why were those lumbermen attacked with malignant diphtheria?

Edwin Arnold's Farewell.

Below are the splendid words with which Edwin Arnold bade farewell to the United States. It is enough to make us who know our own faults and shortcomings better than any foreigner can, blush somewhat with humility at such high praise from one of the greatest and best of living Englishmen. We ought to remember and think deeply over his advice to let no ignorance or foolish passion shake the good will between the two greatest of English speaking nations. Certainly this fact is becoming more and more evident to thoughtful and intelligent persons both in Great Britain and the United States—the English speaking nations leagued together can conquer the world by the noble victories of peace.

Edwin Arnold says:

I came to America her friend; I go away her champion, her servant, her lover. I have the deepest conviction that the future history of the human race depends for its happy development upon the firm and eternal friendship of the great republic and the British empire, which is at once necessary and so natural. Resolve on your side of the Atlantic along with us who know you on the other to allow no ignorance, no impatience, no foolish passing passion to shake that amity. The peace and greatness of the earth are founded upon it, and those who would destroy it are guilty of high treason to humanity.

The Best Diet.

Dr. M. Maurice discusses in The Globe-Democrat the subject of human food and quotes this as the direction of an athlete and physical trainer:

Eat an apple or two before breakfast, and the same before dinner. Walk around leisurely. Do no brain work. Let this be about half an hour before your meal. Play if you choose, but do no work. Then eat lightly of beef, or mutton, or even pork or fish. Use apple sauce or baked apples. Eat vegetables that grow like in moderate quantities. Let pastry entirely alone. You do not need it. You have eaten enough. For supper partake of fruit sauce and cereals. Drink chocolate. With this diet you will gain strength faster than with more meat and less fruit. You will not lay on fat, but muscle, and your whole physical economy will grow without being constantly irritated or clogged.

Dr. Maurice also says:

Rollin, speaking of the athletes of Greece, says that their chief food was figs, nuts, soft cheese and coarse bread. "Modern Greeks are peculiarly athletic, and their food is black bread, with a bunch of grapes and some figs. The boatmen of Constantinople rejoice in a splendid physical development, yet their diet is chiefly bread, with cherries, figs, dates, nuts, berries or other fruit. In short, the experience of mankind is that fruit is food, including much fruit, conduces to strength and longevity."

Of fruits in America the apple takes first rank, and it is fortunately the most plentiful. It is among fruits what wheat is among cereals. It contains everything necessary for nutriment and has the advantage of being easily digested. The stomach can dispose of it in eighty-five minutes. Ripe apples, pears and plums all eaten raw, correct acidity of the stomach by salts contained in themselves. The finest physique Dr. Maurice ever knew was one "built from childhood on milk, fruit, corn and wheat." This was how the cannibals used to feed the children designed for their great feasts. The fruit, cereal and milk diet made the flesh particularly tender, healthy and appetizing. These cannibals knew a thing or two. One person Dr. Maurice mentions has "absolutely perfect digestion." That person ought to go around for a show for the benefit of his fellow countrymen. They would pay well to see one who had absolutely perfect digestion and it would be worth the money.

Next to apples in value as a fruit food come grapes. Fortunately, these, too, become more abundant and delicious year by year. Next come peaches and the various stone fruits and berries. Sour cherries and currants are a balm to weak stomachs in summer, says the writer. Blackberries and huckleberries are the most nutritious and wholesome of the berry family. Most people will nevertheless, still continue to risk straw berries.

Finally, we want new and improved fruits. The pawpaw and persimmon are immediately before us as fruits that may be infinitely improved by cultivation. Within the memory of middle aged people the tomato and banana have been added to our food articles.

DUBOIS KEEPS HIS SEAT

The Idaho Senatorial Contest Decided in His Favor.

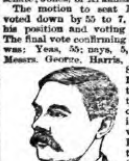
SENATOR HILL DRAWS HIS SALARY.

He Refused the Check Presented to Him for About $5,000 Dating from the Time of His Election, and Insisted on Taking Pay Only from Jan. 7.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The only achievement of the senate was the termination of the long drawn out Idaho contest by the unexpectedly large vote of 35 to 5 in favor of the sitting Republican senator. When the vote was about to be taken a parliamentary tangle arose as to whether Mr. Morgan's series of declaratory resolutions as to what should have been done in the election of a senator in Idaho was admissible as a substitute to the resolution reported by the committee. The vice president submitted the question to the senate.

Mr. Morgan warned the senate that if his resolutions were adopted they would amount to a declaration that the legislature which claimed to have elected Mr. Dubois was not properly organized. A test vote being taken on this question resulted—yeas, 9; nays, 51. The nine votes were cast by Messrs. Berry, Cockrell, Coke, George, Gorman, Harris, Hill, his first vote in the first senate; Jones, of Arkansas, and Morgan.

The motion to seat Mr. Claggett was voted down by 50 to 7. Mr. Hill changing his position and voting in the negative. The final vote confirming Dubois in his seat was: Yeas, 55; nays, 5, the nays being Messrs. George, Harris, Kyle, Pasco and



Stewart. The Democrats who on the final vote sustained the report of the committee in favor of Dubois were Sate, Berry, Kyle, Carlisle, Chilton, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Gibson, Maryland, Hill, Kenna, McPherson, Morgan, Palmer, Pugh, Turpie, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees, Walthall and White. The senate then resumed discussion of the long delayed special order, the Paddock pure food bill.

Watson Denounces Barrett.

The episode in the house was the personal explanation made by Mr. Watson, of Georgia, stating that the speaker's clerk, Mr. E. W. Barrett, the Washington correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution, in his columns of that journal had charged him (Watson) with having voted for Stewart, the Republican contestee in the Bridgeforth-Stewart election case, from corrupt motives. Barrett had charged that for so voting he (Watson) was to receive financial aid from the Republicans in his campaign next fall.

He denied the charges as cowardly and false, and denounced them as a base and infamous falsehood.

The house then quieted down, and the District of Columbia appropriation bill occupied several hours, being finally passed. The bill to grant reduced rates of transportation to commercial travelers was taken up, and pending action the house adjourned.

HILL DRAWS HIS SALARY.

He Would Only Take Pay from the Time He Was Sworn In.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—There was quite an interesting little episode in the rooms of the secretary of the senate after the vote on the Idaho case had been taken. Senator Hill strolled into the room and remarked that, if convenient, he would like to draw a little money. The secretary of the senate, who is General Anson G. McCook, of New York, is the disbursing officer of the senate. Senator Hill's request was promptly responded to by Secretary McCook's disbursing clerk, who placed before him vouchers for an amount aggregating about $5,000 and asked him to sign them.

"Oh, no," said the senator, "I want a voucher for my salary from the day I was sworn in, Jan. 7, 1892, up to the end of February. This is your usual pay day, is it not—the third of the month?"

Took Pay for Time Served.

The clerk said it was, but went on to remark that they had a certain amount standing on their books to the credit of the New York senator, and to pay out only a small portion of that amount would cause confusion in both their bookkeeping and that of the treasury department.

With some brusqueness of manner Mr. Hill said this was none of his business, they must keep their books to suit themselves. He wished to draw his salary for the actual time he had served in the senate and not one cent more. The clerk then made out a voucher for $897.60, and this Mr. Hill signed and took a check for that amount in full payment of all his claims upon the senate salary and mileage fund up to date; $778 of this amount was for salary from Jan. 7 to Feb. 29, the balance was for mileage.

The disbursing clerk stated afterward that the balance left undrawn was $4,221, which would in due course, by operation of law, be covered back into the treasury.

SPRINGER AT DEATH'S DOOR.

The Erysipelas New Threatens to Attack the Congressman's Brain.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The condition of Representative Springer has grown worse within the past twenty-four hours, and grave apprehensions of his recovery are felt by his family and the physicians in attendance. Drs. Currie and Ward. The disease from which Mr. Springer is suffering, erysipelas, has heretofore been confined to his face, but it now threatens to attack the brain, and this turn, according to his physicians, generally has a fatal termination. Besides this, the patient's condition is aggravated by a hacking cough of such persistence as to cause insomnia, and added to this is the effect of worry produced by his absence from the house. Mr. Springer is suffering extreme pain, but remains conscious.

At the request of the patient Dr. John A. Vincent, of Springfield, Ill., the family physician of Mr. Springer, arrived here. Mr. Springer has every confidence, has been telegraphed for, with the consent of Drs. Currie and Ward, and the family have great hope that his presence at the bedside of the patient will do much to improve his condition.

A Pair of Smugglers Caught.

JERSEY CITY, March 4.—Gustav Westinger and Gustav Kuhnes were arrested by custom officers. Smuggled goods to the value of $10,000 were found in their possession.

Did Their Work Too Well.

WESTON, Mo., March 4.—Four burglars in blowing open a safe here used so much powder that they blew out the front of the house, alarmed the town and were caught.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Drafted Men's Bill Barely Passes in the Senate.

ALBANY, March 4.—The drafted militia bill passed the senate, but had a narrow squeak, receiving only 17 affirmative votes. This bill permits supervisors of counties to reimburse drafted men who hired substitutes during the war.

Other bills passed were Mr. Bush's appropriating $15,000 for contingent expenses of the legislature, and Mr. Aspinall's allowing the state to pay the expenses of the successful contestants in last year's contested seat cases.

The ways and means committee reported the annual appropriation bill with few amendments. Its total is about $9,123,004.60, and the only amendments are in providing for an emergency in case the second division court of appeals is kept running. The amendment gives them $84,000 for salary of judges, $1,580 for recalcitrant clerk, $250 for messenger and $10,000 for additional help.

Just as the assembly was about to adjourn Mr. Webster called up his greater New York bill and moved to reconsider the vote by which it was amended to exempt Kings county. Mr. Husted said the time was coming when New York will be the center of the universe, the great financial center. The people of Brooklyn do not oppose the bill and he was surprised that her representatives had opposed it. The bill is drawn in strict accordance with Democratic principles of home rule. He had received a letter from J. S. T. Stranahan, one of the foremost citizens of Brooklyn, who favors the bill. Such a consolidation would result in the erection of a new state, with the counties of Long Island, New York city, Westchester and Jersey City.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which the Kings county exemption clause was inserted in the bill last week was adopted by a vote of 31 to 24. A motion to lay the amendment on the table was lost, as was also a motion to lay the bill on the table. Pending a motion that the bill have its third reading a motion to adjourn was carried.

LEARN TO WALK.

It is Easily Learned if You Begin Right.

How few women walk well. Most of us wiggle. Even vanity is not strong enough to make us practice that smooth, even glide that is so fetching. The old fashioned plan of carrying a book on the head is a great thing, after all; and if there are no such luxuries obtainable as gymnasiums and Delsarte classes, the same old plan will do as good work. A firm, easy walk is as good almost as a certificate of health, because the training which secures an elegant carriage is precisely that which counteracts the tendency to a dozen fatal relations at different points of the frame, and prevents their appearance. French women carry the weight on the ball of the leg. If you would test this posture, the next hill you ascend, straighten your body and throw your shoulders back, instead of leaning forward and pulling yourself up. You will immediately feel the tension on the calf of the leg, and the lungs will be relieved of strain. In *going up stairs walk erect*, and you will notice the same. The Creoles of the Gulf, by a practiced movement of the hips, get a sinuous glide, betraying great flexibility of limb. The highly trained walker has a smooth, long step, the weight of the body on the loins, and the legs propelled without stiffness or obtrusive motion of the hips.

A Poem in Dress.

CAN BE MADE IN ANY COLORS.

The costume seen in this design was a soft shading of green with white, lightly embroidered round the hem, and worn with a corselet, and the lower portion of the sleeves of *pistache* green velvet. The back of the corsage towards the neck forms an acute point, and over this an exquisite fichu of white chiffon, edged with deep Valenciennes, is picturesquely draped. In front it reminds one of an old picture by Greuze.

Found Dead in His Parlor.

NEWARK, N. J., March 4.—Richard F. Jenkinson, a well known resident of this city, was found dead in the parlor of his residence on Clinton place, Irvington.

Banker Collins Kills Himself.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 4.—James W. Collins, president of the California National bank, who was accused of embezzling $300,000, has committed suicide.

Fire Destroys Stockyards.

MILWAUKEE, March 4.—The coroner's jury holds Emil Barthel, switchman, responsible for the collision by which seven men were killed Tuesday.

A Dozen Families Homeless.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., March 4.—Fire destroyed nine business houses and residence property, a dozen families homeless. The loss is $150,000.

A Murderer Lynched.

RIVERTON, Ala., March 4.—George Adams, colored, was lynched by a mob for killing a woman who refused his demand for money.

Blaine Has a Bad Cold.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Secretary Blaine has a severe cold which he caught by exposing himself to the inclement weather.

Burned to Death in His Crib.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 4.—A three-year-old son of Patrick Callahan was burned to death in his crib.

FRIGHTFULLY ACCUSED.

Black Crimes Charged Against a Noted Clergyman's Son.

MIXTURE OF MURDER AND FORGERY

Dr. Scudder, It Is Alleged, Beat His Mother-in-Law to Death, Tried to Poison His Father-in-Law and Forged the Murdered Woman's Name to a Bogus Will.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Dr. Henry M. Scudder, son of the famous pastor of Plymouth church, is under arrest at his father's home, 3,921 Grand Boulevard, charged with murder. He is sick and is closely guarded by officers. The warrant on which Dr. Scudder is held was sworn out by the venerable F. H. Dunton, proprietor of The Spirit of the Times and the father-in-law of the accused. Scudder married an adopted daughter of Dunton's, whose feeble wife had a fortune of $100,000 in her own right, which up to a few days before the time of her death she had purposed leaving to some blood relatives.

On the morning of Feb. 21 Dr. Scudder, who was a constant visitor at the Dunton mansion, was alone with Mrs. Dunton during the temporary absence of the servant. Mr. Dunton was in bed in an adjoining room recovering from an illness with which, it is also claimed, Dr. Scudder is painfully connected. Mrs. Dunton uttered a piercing scream which was heard all over the house. A coroner's jury, the same morning, a witness whose name is withheld for the present saw her on all fours on the floor and Dr. Scudder striking her on the head with something like a club. The witness was in fear of the Scudders and suppressed the fact until later.

When Mrs. Dunton screamed every one in the house ran to the room, the first arrival being Mr. Dunton, whom Dr. Scudder gently pushed back, assuring him that he was too ill to see his wife. To the rest of the family he said that Mrs. Dunton had fallen down three times and struck her head against the furniture. Mrs. Dunton was lying on the floor, with her head bleeding profusely, and she said nothing intelligible before she died. Dr. Scudder and others started out for physicians and Dr. Bassett and Dr. Leavitt came first.

Very Suspicious Wounds.

They made an examination of Mrs. Dunton's scalp and found that it had on it five or more wounds, which penetrated to the skull bone. It was plain also that they were made downward and forward on the top and rear of the head. Dr. Scudder told the other physicians that he was present when Mrs. Scudder fell three times against the furniture while he was attempting to hold her up. Dr. Bassett expressed astonishment. The explanation was not satisfactory to Dr. Leavitt. To his practiced eye the wounds were not such as a casual fall would produce. His commission of the explosion to the husband of the dead woman, who pressed circumstances connected with the will which sharpened him in memory and shaped his action later.

The funeral was managed by the Scudders, who gave no one an opportunity to view the remains, which were immediately removed to Janesville, Wis., for burial.

It is charged that Dr. Scudder tried his hand first on Mr. Dunton. On the Thursday preceding Mrs. Dunton's death he was unusually attentive to Mr. Dunton, who was in very feeble health. He accompanied him down town to his office and told Mr. Dunton that he was evidently ill and he wanted to watch over him. After both the couple left Mr. Dunton's office to go home for the night Dr. Scudder told him that he must take a stimulating draught. He then administered to him, in the presence of witnesses, a dose of something that he called brandy and quinine.

By the time Mr. Dunton got home he was out of his head, and then went into a comatose state, exhibiting all the symptoms of apoplexy, from which he did not recover for forty-eight hours. It is supposed that the failure of this attempt may have produced the determination to put Mrs. Dunton out of the way.

Tried His Hand on Her Husband.

Previous to both of these events, however, Dr. Scudder had made arrangements to have Mrs. Dunton make a more satisfactory will. Mrs. Dunton had often said that she would not object to making some little alterations in her will. Accordingly, three days before the fatal illness of Mr. Dunton was in a comatose state, Dr. Scudder brought over a new will in which the desired alterations were embodied and which pleased Mrs. Dunton much. Dr. Scudder read it to her, had her sign it, and then had it witnessed by himself, his fourteen-year-old daughter and Mrs. Dunton's fifteen-year-old daughter. He then made a pretext to take the pen and ink down stairs, and soon afterward got little Miss Dunton to follow him. He told her that she had just signed a will in the wrong places, and easily induced her to sign it again, as she supposed, in the right place. But the allegation is made that she was defrauded into signing a different will, as witness. It is charged that afterward Dr. Scudder and his daughter also signed the witnessed will that they had forged Mrs. Dunton's name to it. This third will gives pretty much all of Mrs. Dunton's property to Mrs. Scudder.

Today the Rev. Dr. Scudder, father of the accused, appeared before Judge Scales and asked to have him committed to the Detention hospital for examination as to his sanity. Scudder is thirty-two years old, and makes a specialty of examining applicants for life insurance in eastern companies. It is thought that several companies have got rid of him for shady operations.

Burned to a Crisp.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Mrs. Emily Scholdorf was burned to a crisp and three others badly burned by an explosion of gasoline in a dyeing establishment.

Over a Hundred Were Drowned.

LISBON, March 4.—During the recent storms on the coast of Portugal, eighty-three vessels and fifty unmarried sailors lost their lives.

An English Governess Murdered.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 4.—An English governess has been mysteriously murdered in this city, probably by Russian soldiers.

Budd Defeats Fulford.

CHICAGO, March 4.—C. W. Budd, of Des Moines, defeated the famous pigeon shot, Fulford, by a score of 95 to 81.

A Big Brewery in Ruins.

ST. PAUL, March 4.—Bruggeman's mammoth brewery was totally destroyed by fire. Loss over $100,000.

The President's Vacation.

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va., March 4.—The president will leave here Saturday morning with his family.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The entire issue of the Berlin Frankfurter Zeitung of March 1 was confiscated on the ground that it contained an article entitled "Crowned Words," which had reference to the kaiser's Brandenburg speech.

Annabel Lentz, the eighteen-year-old daughter of a wealthy farmer, has been arrested at Port Huron, Mich., on a charge of burying her newly born child alive.

More than 7,000 persons have been converted at the recent revival meetings held in Cincinnati.

Merchants of Biddeford, Me., who have been blacklisted by the Merchants' Retail Protective agency of Chicago, are preparing to sue the concern for libel and conspiracy.

The Hon. Charles Foster, secretary of the treasury of the treasury of the United States, accompanied by Minister Lincoln, was present in the ambassadors' gallery at the house of commons.

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Master of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Wilsbenser's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Springless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.
Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gerden & Epworth's jellies and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

GET YOUR
TEAMING and GRADING
done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 30tf

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—37 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
72 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.
EITHER
Hot Water
or
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 19 Ty

BROWN & BELCHER,
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in FOSTER HOUSE, NO. 5 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Belcher's hair cutting a specialty. Best black stand connected with the shop.

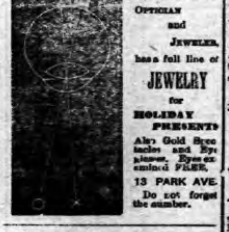
JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE
P. O. BOX 1067.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
28 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE DAY TEA.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for not coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Dyers Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK P. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery,
Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.



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Optician
and
Jeweler,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE,
Proprietor of
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID CLARK,
(Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST,
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 97 Boner St., Forth Plainfield.

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
88 East Second street, corner Washington.

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD .·. MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the finest style and guarantee satisfaction.
The most costly fabrics are very carefully ironed by improper laundering. Lace curtains a specialty. Prices very low. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET,
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street,
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the various Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Conveyancing promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 346 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importer and Trader's Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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JONES & CO.
We do quickly and thoroughly also. Two teams in operation. Our machine is approved of by the Board of Health. Further by assuming sole right to clean in Cleaver, Cedar or Park Lawns. Manufacturers of Sod Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. box 883 Telephone call 32.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. They DON'T GIVE better satisfaction in operating than DURAPHOTO, if you cannot get both at once.
Put you ten. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Medicine, Wrinkles, Embroidery Silks, and standard books.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
No. 9 East Front street.

WANDERED TO HIS DOOM

A Sad Ending to Ex-Congressman Hopkins' Career.

HAD TRIED THE KEELY GOLD CURE

He Had Been Treated a Month at the White Plains Institute and Then Went to New Jersey, Where He Was Found Dead—He Had Squandered a Fortune.

ATLANTIC CITY, March 4.—Ex-Congressman Stephen T. Hopkins, of New York, was found dead beside the West Jersey railroad track one mile from Pleasantville. The body was lying in the tide water on the meadows. There was not a scratch of any kind on the corpse, and the cause of death is unknown.

The ex-Congressman was a guest at the Monmouth hotel here. He arrived on Saturday with his valet, and said he would stay indefinitely. He was very nervous, and said he had just recovered from a severe attack of sickness. The valet, who registered as W. F. Lockley, left on Wednesday for Middletown, N. Y., to transact some business for Mr. Hopkins.

After Lockley's departure, Hopkins became much more nervous. Yesterday afternoon he left the hotel in care of the porter, ostensibly to get his teeth fixed by a dentist named Reith. Mr. Hopkins told Reith that his object was really to get rid of the porter. He left the dentist's at 6:30 p. m. and was not heard from again until his death was reported. This morning a postal card was received, stating that the valet's return was delayed on account of sickness. Mr. Hopkins must have walked to the place where his body was found—about five miles from the hotel—as there were no trains out after the time he was seen leaving the dentist's office.

A package of letters were found on the body. They were addressed to "Hon. Stephen T. Hopkins, White Plains, N. Y." A letter from Alfred K. Calhoun, of 174 Ninth avenue, Brooklyn, was found in his room.

He Took the Gold Cure.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Ex-Congressman Hopkins was a patient at the Keeley institute, White Plains, N. Y., for one month, having there seven days ago. He was president of the Richloride of Gold club and was very popular with the patrons of the institute.

He was born at Catskill, N. Y., in 1840. His father was a well to do gentleman of that town and the family was highly respected. Young Hopkins came to this city when he reached manhood and in 1868 married Mary Munn, the daughter of William H. Munn, a wealthy New Yorker, who lived at 24 West Twenty-sixth street. The elder Hopkins died in 1873, leaving his son the rentals of an estate valued at $150,000.

Young Hopkins was very erratic. When in liquor he acted like an insane man. On the day set for his wedding to Miss Munn he disappeared and was not heard from again until ten days later, when his brother found him in Philadelphia.

Miss Munn forgave him and they were married. Mr. Munn, who was opposed to the match, disinherited his daughter on her wedding day. Two children, both boys, were born to Mrs. Hopkins. Mr. Munn died in 1878, leaving the bulk of his estate to his other children and cutting Mrs. Hopkins off with a small annuity. A short time after this the codicil cutting off Mrs. Hopkins disappeared and she gained her full share of the estate. Mr. Hopkins, who had returned to Catskill, then began to live a fast life.

It was said at one time that he spent at the rate of $30,000 a year. He secured the nomination for congress in 1886 on the Republican ticket, and although the Catskill district was considered close he was elected by a plurality of 3,448.

He Drank Heavily.

His wife died Jan. 28, 1887, a few months after his election. Her death weighed heavily on the congressman's mind and in addition he became involved in legal complications over his management of the Munn estate, of which he had become a trustee. An order of the court prohibiting him from touching either income or principal and also tying up his own estate caused him much trouble. He had resigned the residence of General Chauncey McKeever, on H street, Washington, and contracted many debts.

The order of the court found him unable to liquidate. His checks were protested and there was something of a scandal as a consequence. He took to heavily drinking this time that his brother was compelled to go to Washington to take him home. His condition was such on several occasions that the Washington police arrested him.

Mr. Hopkins was lately employed in the New York custom house. His friends advised him to try the bichloride of gold treatment to cure him of the drink habit. About six weeks ago he applied at the White Plains institute and was admitted.

Stephen P. Hopkins was a descendant of Stephen P. Hopkins, of Rhode Island, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

Quieted Him to Death.

BOSCOBEL, N. Y., March 4.—William Smith was taken to the police station raving drunk and in order to stop his ravings and quiet his nerves Sergeant Rathjen administered to him a large dose of bromide of potassium. He became quiet and in a short time was found dead.

The Kidnapers Sent to Prison.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 4.—The kidnapers of Ward Waterbury pleaded guilty, and Judge J. M. Hall sentenced Charles Waterbury and Samuel Sutherland to the state prison for four years and John McCann five years.

A Madman's Awful Deed.

HUNTINGTON, March 4.—James E. White, a saloon keeper, went insane, shot his wife and then blew out his own brains. Mrs. White will recover. Supposed to be a case of temporary insanity.

A Rumored Mine Horror.

PARIS, March 4.—A startling rumor has reached here that Camille pit at St. Etienne has been flooded and that 300 persons have been drowned.

Carelessness Causes Death.

RISDALE, Ills., March 4.—Through the carelessness of a switch tender two trains collided, killing Brakeman Rouse and Fireman Burkholder.

Gould in the Southwest.

LITTLE ROCK, March 4.—Jay Gould and party reached this city on a special train and left on a tour of the Gould lines in the southwest.

Dying of His Injuries.

TROY, N. Y., March 4.—Barber Rathbone, of Stephentown, shot by Martin Casey in a fight, is dying. Casey is at large.

The Turning of the Worm.

—Life.

The Sealing Dispute.

LONDON, March 4.—Lord Salisbury has informed the Washington authorities that he is unwilling, pending arbitration proceedings in the Behring sea dispute, to consent to a renewal of the modus vivendi of last year. He is willing, however, to take the necessary steps for putting a stop during the coming season to pelagic sealing within thirty miles of the Pribyloff islands.

Foul Play Feared.

YANKTON, S. D., March 4.—Mrs. Amy Gillig, wife of Charles A. Gillig, president of Gillig's United States exchange, London, is missing and her attorneys can get no trace of her. She obtained a divorce from her husband in November, and then went to New York to be gone four weeks, since when nothing has been heard of her. Foul play is feared.

A Queer Proceeding.

DETROIT, March 4.—Charles N. Ayers was shot through the lungs by his wife while trying to remove some of his effects from their house, and died this afternoon. He was conscious during the day and made his will, leaving all his possessions to the widow excepting $1,000, which goes to the daughter. Mrs. Ayres is held on a charge of murder.

Amelias Gets Fifteen Years.

TROY, N. Y., March 4.—Edward Amelias was found guilty of manslaughter in the second degree for the murder of Daniel Barren and was sentenced to fifteen years at hard labor in Dannemora.

A Fatal Collision.

BELAIR, Md., March 4.—Engineer Henry Robb was killed and Mail Agent E. R. Hughes, Express Messenger A. C. Hayden and David Evans, of Philadelphia, were injured in a railroad accident.

Field Getting Parcels.

NEW YORK, March 4.—At the trial of E. M. Field, William A. Hammond, surgeon general of the United States army, testified that the prisoner had all the primary symptoms of paresis.

An Opera House Burned.

DUBOIS, Pa., March 4.—The large Opera House building belonging to John E. Dubois was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is over $100,000.

English Miners' Troubles.

LONDON, March 4.—The coal owners of Durham have determined to lockout 80,000 miners if they refuse to accept a reduction of wages.

The Gold Cure for Newark.

NEWARK, N. J., March 4.—The Keely Institute company of Ohio has recorded articles of incorporation in this city.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Cleveland's Response to His Friends in Georgia—Indiana for Harrison.

ATLANTA, March 4.—Ex-President Cleveland, in replying to a series of resolutions sent him by the Cleveland club, of Atlanta, has sent the following:

NEW YORK, Feb. 29, 1892.

W. H. Black, Esq., Secretary, etc.,

MY DEAR SIR:—I will not attempt to conceal the gratification afforded me by the message of greeting from the Cleveland club, of Atlanta. I have received so many manifestations of friendliness from the people of Atlanta that I cherish toward them the warmest gratitude and liveliest affection. I cannot say that I am certain that I deserve all the laudation contained in the resolutions of your club.

I can say, however, that I find a source of great satisfaction in the reflection that I have been permitted to aid somewhat in restoring to the people in a large section of our country their standing and position in our common American citizenship, not nominally and heretofore, but substantially and potentially. For whatever I have done in this direction I have always looked with full confidence to the favor of my people, which manifested its loyalty to the principles of a wise, just and lasting national brotherhood, and in the appreciation by your people of all that has been done in their behalf. After all, I look upon their beneficent accomplishments as resulting from the appreciation of true Democratic doctrines; and I believe that any one who in public place submits himself to their guidance will find it easy to do justice and to subserve the interests of all his countrymen. GROVER CLEVELAND.

Hill Invited to Tennessee.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The following telegram was received by Senator Hill:

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 3, 1892.

To the Hon. David B. Hill, United States senate:

DEAR SIR—You are cordially invited to visit Chattanooga on your southern trip. Your many supporters here, who are among our leading citizens, will give you a hearty welcome. J. R. POUND,

C. D. THOMPSON,

C. A. LYERLY,

Mr. Hill's private secretary said that he had made no reply to this dispatch, nor to the other dispatches which had been received from Montgomery, Ala., Nashville, Tenn., Meridian, Miss., and other points. In fact, he had made no specific reply to any telegram except that received from the Mississippi legislature, and he was beginning to think that Jackson was pretty far away. It was stated positively that Mr. Hill had not yet come to any conclusion as to the projected southern trip which was being so vigorously mapped out for him.

Ind ana Solid for Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 4.—The district conventions for the selection of delegates to the national Republican convention at Minneapolis were held throughout the state, and the Harrison Republicans are in high feather over the complete victory which the result gives them. In every district they have not only secured the avowed friends of the president as delegates, but have succeeded in having the delegates instructed in resolutions indorsing the administration a d pledging them to vote for Harrison's renomination.

Illinois for Palmer.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., March 4.—Jackson county is the first to select delegates to the Democratic convention, and they are instructed for Senator Palmer for president. From reports from all parts of the state the indications are that there will be but few county delegates to the Democratic convention but what will be instructed for Senator Palmer.

Pastor Dill Rebuked.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., March 4.—The committee of the presbytery appointed to recommend an appropriate sentence in the case of Pastor Dill, of Stirling, have agreed, and at a meeting of the presbytery here this siding moderator read the verdict, which rebukes Pastor Dill for using indiscreet language, and hopes that in future he will abstain from the same. The admonition also expresses the hope that in future Pastor Dill will take counsel with other ministers to be more self distrustful and unassuming.

Rates to the Conventions.

CHICAGO, March 4.—A half fare rate for the Democratic national convention has been authorized by the Central Traffic association. The tickets are to be sold June 16 to 20, and will be good to return up to July 8. For the Republican national convention the date of sale has been extended from June 2 to 6, with June 25 as the return limit.

A Fireman's Threat and the Result.

LONGVIEW, Tex., March 4.—By a boiler explosion at Ferrill's mill four men were killed and four injured. The force of the explosion was terrific, tons of iron being blown to a heighth of a quarter of a mile. Berry, the fireman, who was instantly killed, exclaimed before the explosion, "I will make this mill work or blow it to h—!"

Berlin's Riot Leaders Sentenced.

BERLIN, March 4.—Albert Auerbach and Ernst Biester, leaders in the rioting, were sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The trial was exciting and Biester made remarks disrespectful to the Kaiser. The jurists sentenced him to three days additional for those utterances.

Rev. Dr. Mitchell Retracts.

BUFFALO, March 4.—Rev. Dr. Mitchell, of the First Presbyterian church, who in a sermon last Sunday attacked the appointment of E. D. Mahoney as minister to Ecuador, has made a complete retraction and ample apology for his remarks.

Another Chance for Hall.

BRISTOL, Tenn., March 4.—Tilton Hall, the noted murderer of so many men, who was sentenced to hang on March 14, had a new trial granted him by Judge Richardson. There is much indignation.

A Silver Service for the Raleigh.

RALEIGH, March 4.—The citizens of this city have decided to present a handsome silver service to the cruiser Raleigh, which will be launched at Norfolk in thirty days.

Matched with Gus Hill.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 4.—Tremont Davis, a champion club swinger of Denver, is training here for a match with Gus Hill, of New York, the world's champion.

Fought Like Furies.

NASHVILLE, March 4.—Ed Russell and Al Robinson fought like furies with knives and killed each other. The row was the result of a family feud.

Shrouded in Mystery.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., March 4.—Mrs. Trexal is dying from two bullet wounds inflicted by her husband. The case is shrouded in mystery.

For a Long Talk.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Within a year the first long distance telephone line will be completed between Chicago and New York.

A Noted Wheat Man Dead.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 4.—A. J. Sawyer, the well known elevator and grain man, died here.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's
37 Somerset street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ARBOGAST,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop corner of Front and Somerset streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work in interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview Avenue. P. O. Box 21

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Roger streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-87 J. HERRMANN, 3 Regent street.

D. V. SAUNS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Terrace Clinton avenue, near depot, Bryon P. O. Box 1038. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & SAYLS,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 87.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. B. Sayls, No. 18 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialt
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of Great
Light Blue Color.
References—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROFT. A. MERRELL, Grand Cen
Smalley Bros.,
24 NORTH FIRST STREET.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—6:30 a. m., 10:30, 6:00, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:30 a. m., 3:30, 6:00 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 1:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central of New Jersey.
(THE POET READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Connects at New York, foot of Liberty Street. Time table in effect Nov. 16th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12 44, 47, 56, 58, 6 34, 6 38, 6 50, 7 25, 7 30, 7 40, 8 00, 8 27, 8 47, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 10 57, 11 00, 11 30, 11 57 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, p. m. Sunday, 2 34, 4 34, 6 34, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Express trains, 12 44, 6 38, 7 30, 8 27, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 6 34 p. m. Accommodations for Newark and Elizabeth, 6 00 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 45, 3 00, 4 45, 6 00, 7 45, 9 00, 10 45 p. m. Sunday, 9 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 3 00, 6 00, 9 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 00 a. m., 2 00, 5 25 p. m. Sunday at 5 25 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m. 1 00, 5 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport and Renovo.

9 00 a. m. for Flemington, Delaware Bridge, Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Williamsport.

1 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 00 p. m. for Flemington, Delaware Bridge, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

The Honor of McGreggor, a Scotch Gardener—The Sacred Law of the Gaelic Clans—A Life Taken and a Life Saved.

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]

There was in my father's employ an old Scotch gardener named McGreggor, and my delight as a child was to attend the old man in his work, while he told me stories of the Highlands, and particularly of the fierce fighting clan whose name he bore and of whose exploits he felt so proud. Curiously enough, while visiting the Trossach country, many years after the death of Duncan McGreggor, the same story was repeated to me and vouched for by a gentleman of the same name, so that I have good reason for believing that it is true.

It was and ever had been the pride of the McGreggor clan that they had always been true to themselves, and that to avenge a wrong to the humblest—if any could be humble where all were equal—the most powerful stood ready with his claymore and his life. It was ever the misfortune of the clan to be constantly at swords' points with its neighbors, the McDonalds and Colquhouns, and the McGreggors, in addition to the lively feud common this old institution indicated, were never quite themselves unless they were secretly opposing the government or openly setting it at defiance. It is said that during the 100 years that elapsed between the reigns of James I and George I of England, that clan McGreggor was in a state of chronic outlawry, with rewards offered for the head of some one of its chiefs.

In Dumbarton there lived, when Ronald more McGreggor was chief (more is a Gaelic word meaning big or great), a family of position, but numerically small, named Lamont. The Lamonts were rich and held up their heads above their Highland neighbors because that they were "bookmen"—that is, they could read and write—while the secretary and scribe of McGreggors looked upon such accomplishments as beneath the dignity of soldiers, and only suited to priests and carpet knights.

Kenneth Lamont went over from Dumbarton, on the Clyde, to Luss, on Loch Lomond, and he brought with him a servant and two hounds, and announced his purpose to hunt the red deer from the Trossachs to Loch Katrine, nor ask the consent of Ronald more McGreggor.

One night as young Lamont and his servant were returning to their camp they met two of the McGreggors. Daggers were drawn in the dark, and in the short, fierce struggle that followed the servant and one of Lamont's assailants were killed.

Hearing, others coming to aid the McGreggors, Lamont, with the red dagger still clutched in his right hand, fled into the hills till he saw a light in front, and he knew that it marked the abode of one of the clan whom he so bitterly hated and whose territorial rights he had so recklessly set at defiance. He knew that if he could reach this light before the pursuers, now close behind, overtook him, he could claim and find protection under the laws of Highland hospitality, which gave shelter and protection to the bitterest foe if, standing under the rooftree, he placed his life in the keeping of his host.

Lamont sprang through the open door of the house and stood face to face with a girl of surpassing beauty. At the same instant a tall, bright eyed man entered the room, and the fugitive recognized the Chief Ronald more McGreggor.

STOOD FACE TO FACE.

"I was attacked to-night in the hills," cried Lamont, "and to save my life I killed a man—it may be of clan McGreggor. Here in the house of the chief I claim the protection which the old law gives."

"And you shall have both," said the chief; then hearing near by the flying steps and the panting of swift runners, he motioned to his daughter to take the stranger into an adjoining apartment.

An instant after, six men, with drawn claymores in their hands, stood before McGreggor and each one of them gasped, but the fugitive could hear him:

"The Lamont of Dumbarton this night killed your men in the hills and we have pursued him hither!"

The chief smote his forehead and staggered back as if he had been struck a powerful blow; then, quickly recovering himself, he said to his followers:

"Lamont is now beneath my roof, and my word is pledged for his life."

Knowing full well the sacred law of the Gaelic clans, the men did not attempt to argue, but bowed their heads, sheathed their claymores and went back to bring home the body.

At daylight the next morning the chief fed his guest, then accompanied him till they reached that part of Loch Lomond's shores from which they could see the spires of Luss, then he halted, and folding his arms in his plaid of crimson and green he said: "Lamont, go thy way. I give thee thy life, though thou hast robbed me of my only son. Henceforth there will be death awaiting thee in the land of the McGreggors," and the two men bowed and parted.

So far, parallels can be found to this characteristic story; but even the Arabian version that most closely resembles it lacks the romantic and compensating sequel of the Highland narrative.

Some time after this the Duke of Argyle, at the head of an army numerically stronger than the whole of clan McGreggor, marched out to the Trossachs "to kill, capture and destroy." Ronald more McGreggor was declared to be an outlaw, and a reward of £500 was offered for his head.

And Kenneth Lamont, of Dumbarton, heard of the chief's danger and swore to place at his service not only his large fortune, but the life he had saved.

Again the young man entered the McGreggor territory, but no longer as a defiant person. He found the chief, conducted him and his wife and daughter to Dumbarton, where they were secretly cared for till the storm blew over.

It was the pleading of Kenneth Lamont with the king that led to the withdrawal of Argyle's marauders and the pardon of the chief and his clan from the ban of outlawry.

As must have been anticipated, Kenneth Lamont subsequently married Flora McGreggor, the beautiful daughter of the chief, and within a month he was formally adopted into the clan.

A "Lyre" Famous.

After the battle of Prairie Grove in Arkansas six Union officers and the same number of Confederates met under flag of truce at Cane hall to arrange, in accordance with the cartel in existence at that time, for the exchange of prisoners.

They were ushered into the room appointed in their best uniforms and ranged themselves on the opposite sides of a table. They had just completed the purpose of their meeting when an old gray bearded farmer, clad in a butternut suit, came in, and adjusting his "specs" he addressed himself to an officer in blue by asking:

"Say, mister, is this the provo's office?"

"What do you want?" asked the Union officer.

"I want a pass powerful bad."

Some one attempted to explain to the old man that he was in the wrong shop, but being somewhat deaf he paid no heed, but continued with great earnestness:

"Don't be skeered to give me a pass, stranger. I'm Pyal. I am. I've got my perfection papers right har. And I've said to Mr. Lincoln to his face—and you got paid for it too. So you see thar ain't no discount on my Pyalty."

The officers on both sides appeared

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | E. W. Harrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset Street. Lock Box L. Telephone Call 45. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," | SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.

Borough of North Plainfield

MAYOR,
EDWIN L. BONNY.

COUNCILMEN,
GEORGE D. HALLOCK,
T. WILFORD POWELL.

COLLECTOR,
HENRY N. SPENCER.

Township of North Plainfield.

TOWN CLERK,
HORACE J. MARTIN.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR,
J. W. A. BAUERSACHS.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
JOHN R. McDONALD.

TOWN COMMITTEEMAN,
WILLIM C. SMITH.

COMMISSIONERS OF HIGHWAYS,
M. POWERS. F. M. WHITELY.

COMMISSIONERS OF APPEAL,
J. S. LUNGER. J. CLAWSON, D. R. WEAVER.

CONSTABLES,
J. W. VAN HORN, (for one year.)
THOS. RUTLEDGE, (for three years.)

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer, with rain or snow.

BREVITIES.

—The City Common Council will hold a meeting next Monday evening.

—The case of Hoagland vs. Galbraith, which was set down for trial before City Judge Codington yesterday, was adjourned until next Thursday.

—A young man who was arrested last night for drunkenness and resisting an officer was this morning fined ten dollars by City Judge Codddington.

—The members of the Independent Gun Club are to indulge in a sweepstake shooting contest on their grounds in North Plainfield next Wednesday.

—The members of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission Chapel will hold a meeting in the chapel next Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—Probably the most unique advertisement that has ever appeared in THE NEWS is shown in the advertisement of Mr. Frank L. C. Martin to-day. Can you read it?

—An evening sociable was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Kuhle in this city last evening, the occasion being the eighteenth birthday anniversary of their daughter.

—"An Outing Sale" by the ladies of the Unitarian Church will be given after Lent in the new church building. It promises to be decidedly unique. It will be duly advertised.

—At the combination sale of horses at A. D. Thompson's all animals must be as represented or they may be returned any time before six o'clock the following day, and money will be refunded. See advertisement elsewhere.

—Republicans of North Plainfield are cautioned to be on the lookout for pasted tickets. Attempts to palm these off as genuine, it is reported, will be made at the election next Tuesday. The party which has proved itself faithful is entitled to confidence.

—A special Evangelistic service will be held under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., at 73 West Front street, to-morrow at 4 p. m., preceded by a short song service. Short, crisp addresses and testimonies by earnest Christian workers, prayer and singing. All are welcome.

—The new year has witnessed a most unprecedented mortality among the *men of England*. The *Review of Reviews* for March has extended notices of these men. Its principal long feature is a group of character sketches from the trenchant pen of Mr. Stead, in which the late Mr. Parnell, Cardinal Manning are characterized and discussed at length, and in which Sir Morell Mackenzie also has a place. All of these men were personal friends of Mr. Stead, and he writes of them in his usual entertaining manner.

—The people and the papers in Trenton say that those favoring local self-government are excitedly quoting the constitution of New Jersey as against the bill to put Trenton, Camden and Paterson in the power of commissioners. The constitution very plainly says, "The Legislature shall not pass * * * special laws * * * regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties (or) appointing local offices or commissions." But what do Democratic Legislatures care for the constitution? Were not special laws passed and commissions appointed for Newark and for Jersey City, and didn't the Supreme Court uphold these same laws? The constitution isn't explicit enough. It tried to cover such cases, but it didn't.

Trying to Sail Under False Colors as Usual.

The Democrats of North Plainfield have got out a ticket headed "Regular Republican Ticket," with the names of the Democratic candidates substituted for the Republican nominees. The object is to deceive the voter who, in his hurry, may vote such a ticket believing it the Regular Republican. Your average Democrat is nothing, if not tricky. THE NEWS has exposed their tricks in former campaigns, and they have been overwhelmingly defeated over and over again in consequence. But they are at the same old game. The leopard can't change his spots, nor the average Democrat his tendency to crookedness.

A Temperance Service.

As announced in THE NEWS last evening there will be a special temperance song service in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Rev. A. H. Lewis and the Rev. J. C. Gernaid will address the meeting.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. John Q. Adams, of East Second street, is suffering with a severe cold.

Miss Julia Day of Cottage place was awarded the first prize for good scholarship in St. Mary's Parochial school yesterday.

Mr. Wm. H. Moore, the manager of the Plainfield Gas and Electric Light Company has severed his connection with that company.

Frand L. C Martin, Captain of the Plainfield Bicycle Club, will act as umpire at the great Bicycle Tournament to be held at Madison Square Garden to-night.

Mr. J. E. Vanatta from New Brunswick will address the 4 and 7:45 p. m. meetings at Reform Hall to-morrow. He is considered a good speaker, and the club advise all go and hear him.

Expected Honor There (?)

Rev. Dr. Ketcham, when the fact of his proposed resignation, as pastor of the First Presbyterian church, first leaked out, requested the publishers of the local papers to withhold publication of the matter until after he had made the announcement personally to his congregation, as he intended to do Sunday morning, March 13th, contemplating to have his resignation to take effect about May 1st.

Doubt was expressed that the Press, in view of its well-known record, would act honorably in the matter. But the doctor said, "Yes, I am sure they will, for I went to the office and asked the proprietor personally in addition to asking the reporter, and received their pledge that they would respect my wishes."

But just the reverse of the result was as is usual there. The pledge was broken.

THE NEWS will give all the facts at the proper time, and we think that after twenty years of faithful service as pastor, Dr. Ketcham ought to be enlisted to such a trifling courtesy as he asked, respected by THE NEWS and Courier, but not by the Press.

Where to Vote Next Tuesday.

The Borough of North Plainfield is now divided into two election distriors, by a line running east and west, not as formerly north and south.

Those living in the Second Borough District, vote for Borough Officers, Mayor, Councilman, etc., at Sangerbund Hall, on Somerset street, opposite Emily street. Those residing in the First Borough District vote in Braider's, corner Manning avenue.

The Township is divided into two election districts by Somerset street running north and south.

Those who live East of Somerset street will vote for Township Officers at the Engine House. Do not lose your vote. Vote both at the Borough and at the Township Election.

The Young Ladies' Missionary Circle Election.

At the annual meeting of the Young Ladies Missionary Circle held in Vincent Chapel Monday afternoon, the following officers were elected:

President, Miss *Edith O. Kellise*; *First* Vice President, Miss Whitney; Second Vice President, Miss Nettie Homan; Third Vice President, Miss J. Louise Fangborn; Recording Secretary, Miss Eleanor T. Morrison; Corresponding Secretary for Foreign Work, Miss Mulford; Treasurer for Home Work, Miss Lillie Chandler; Treasurer for Foreign Work, Miss Linnie Mulford; Collectors, Miss Della Voehl, and Miss Mattie Cook; Lady Manager, Mrs. Charles B. Mitchell.

A Lecture on Alaska To-Night.

The Rev. Sheldon, D. D., will deliver a lecture on Alaska this evening at eight o'clock, in Vincent chapel, under the auspices of the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church. Dr. Jackson *is a prominent Presbyterian* minister, who is in charge of the U. S. Government schools in Alaska, and while there has been doing effective missionary work among the natives. The Doctor is a warm personal friend of President Harrison, who appointed him to his present position. All are cordially invited.

An Evening Sociable.

Next Thursday evening the members of the German Reformed church will hold a sociable in the parlors of the church. The Ladies' Aid Society connected with the church will have charge of the affair.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Headquarters, Major Anderson Post, 109, Plainfield, N. J.

At the regular meeting of this Post, March 3d, 1892, the following Preamble and Resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The officers and comrades of Major Anderson Post, 109, have received the sad intelligence of the death of Miss G. Livermore, a young lady whose splendid attainments, charming personality, and splendid gift of entertainment are so well remembered by this Post,

Whereas, This bereavement affects so keenly a revered friend of this organization the Rev. Chas. L. E. Livermore whose affliction in his home has so chilled and blessed our social interests, and whose deep affection for the beloved one he sorrowfully mourns, as with the greatness of his loss; Therefore be it

Resolved, That the profound sympathies of this Post are hereby tendered to our esteemed friend, and to the members of his household in this the hour of their trial, and that we hereby convey to him and to them the assurance that in their special Providence may bring untold heir wounded hearts the visitation that Prince which passeth understanding.

Resolved, That these resolutions be inscribed upon our minutes, and inserted in the local papers, and a copy of the same be forwarded to the family of the loved one, whose taking away has darkened their home with sorrow.

ASA COLLINS, Commander.

NORMAN C. MASON, Adjutant.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. R. K. Carroll.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

Mr. Seely Edsall will conduct the gospel meeting to be held at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

The young men's meeting will be held as usual to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. All men are welcome.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

Devotional services of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday at Reform Hall at 9.15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Monroe Avenue Chapel. Sunday-school at three p. m. Preaching at eight p. m. by the Rev. W. W. Youngson, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 7.30, 8.30, 9.45 and 10.45 p. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

The temperance lecturer, Vanatta, will speak at Reform Hall Sunday evening next. He is said to be a good a speaker.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m., (Communion service) and 7.30 p. m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. F. P. Ketcham.

There will be the usual meetings in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m., and 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Mr. Y. H. Andrews will speak at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-*morrow evening*. A meeting of more than usual interest may be expected.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. All seats free at the evening service.

Only one service will be held in the German Reformed church to-morrow and that at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2.15 a. m. There will be no Wednesday evening service.

All men are invited to the song service to be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. Mr. J. D. Shearman of Indianapolis will speak and the boys' choir will sing.

Services will be held in the First Church of Christ to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. The Lord's Supper will be observed. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.30 p. m. Ladies prayer meeting at 3 p. m. All are welcome.

Congregational church, West Seventh street, the Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service 10.30 a. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be observed. Sunday-school at 2.45 p. m. Christian Endeavor consecration meeting at 6.30 p. m.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Sunday-school at 9.45 a. m. Morning service, sermon and Holy Communion at 11 a. m. Evensong at 4.30 p. m. Holy Communion every Wednesday morning at 9.30 a. m. Going to Communion.

Methodist Episcopal church. At 10.30 a. m. Sacraments of baptism and the Lord's Supper, and reception of members. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Epworth League at seven p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. Chas. E. Mitchell, Subject: "The Greater Works."

First Unitarian church, Second place. Rev. Robert Clark pastor will preach. Church service will be resumed and continued during the Spring months. Hour of service at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 11.45 a. m. All seats are free and the public is cordially invited.

In the Trinity Reformed church, to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated. The Sabbath-school will meet at 2.30 p. m. In the evening at 7.30, the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach, "Christ's Attitude on the Throne," will be the subject of his discourse.

The services in St. Joseph's church, Manning avenue, North Plainfield, during Lent will be as follows: On Sundays at 10 and 4 p. m. On week days at 9 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m., and vesper service at 8 p. m. Masses every week day at 7.30 a. m. Lenten services every Wednesday and Friday evening at eight o'clock.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10.30 a. m. Subject: "The Knowledge of Christ." In the evening at 7.45 o'clock there will be a special "temperance" song service. Rev. F. D. Newell, D. D., and Rev. J. C. Fernald will deliver short addresses. *Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.* There will be baptism after the morning sermon.

Warren Union Mission, Sunday-school at 2.30. Song service at 7.30. Devotional service at eight o'clock. This being the first Sunday evening service in the month, will be the monthly meeting in charge of the superintendent, Mr. Frederick Moon. All of the parents and friends of the children are invited to be present, and be prepared to take part in the service. Christian Endeavor meeting Monday evening at evening at eight o'clock.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., service of prayer by God's Heavenly agent the servants of the day; 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. R. Lucas. 12 m. There will be Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes meet. Weekly appointments at 3 p. m. as follows: Tuesday, the Ladies' Social class. Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting; Friday, prayer meeting of the children of the Sunday-school. Cordially the young, are invited to these services.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Robinson, rector, March 6, Lent 2. Holy Communion at 10.30 a. m. Evening prayer with instruction at 4 p. m. Holy Communion at 8.30 p. m. On Monday, Tuesday and Saturday there will be divine service at 4.30 p. m. Lenten lectures at 8 p. m. at 8 o'clock. On Tuesday night at eight p. m. when the sermon will be delivered by the Rev. H. M. P. Pearse of South Amboy.

—"Mammoth Cave" will be the subject of the popular talk to be given by Mr. H. J. Runyon, at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms next Thursday evening.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

The Members Met and Adjourned Until Monday Evening.

The regular monthly meeting of the borough Council was to have taken place last night. At eight o'clock Mayor Place and Councilmen Heyesman, Hummer, Needham and Sebring were present. Councilmen Hallock and Powell were absent.

Mr. Heyesman stated that owing to illness Borough Clerk Brokaw had been unable to finish writing the minutes and as this was the final meeting and it would be necessary to act on them he moved that the Council adjourn to meet again next Monday evening. The motion prevailed.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Wishes to Deny a Rumor.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—There is an impression among some who attended our masquerade ball that members of the committee acted as judges in awarding the prize to the lady wearing the prettiest costume. I wish to say publicly that the judges were disinterested parties, and not members of the Committee or Society. Three members of the Society chose the lady to act as such. They, at first, could not decide which of the three ladies wore the prettiest costume, but eventually concluded in favor of Miss Fitzgerald's. The Committee wish to make this statement to correct a rumor to the effect that partiality was shown. Neither of three judges knew the lady to whom they awarded the prizes until she unmasked.

HENRY HAUBAND,
Chairman of the Committee of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society Masquerade Ball.

A Kind Word for Dr. Schaeffer.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—A short time ago I had the pleasure and privilege of hearing Dr. A. F. Schauffer of New York, deliver his lecture on "Studying the Bible in Spots." I was so much impressed with its value that I asked him to repeat it in Plainfield, so that our people might have an opportunity of enjoying it. This he has kindly consented to do on Thursday, March 24th, at eight p. m., at the Presbyterian churches. The lecture is brim full of wit and the speaker is eloquent, so that the occasion will be one highly enjoyable to all, whether they are specially interested in Bible study or not. No charge will be made for admission, but a collection will be taken and given to Dr. Schauffer.

WILLIAM D. MURRAY.

Republican Ticket.

At the Republican primary held in Dunellen recently the following were nominated:

Town Clerk—E. R. Manning.
Freeholder—Henry S. Garrison.
Town Committee—Jacob Dorn.
Surveyors of Highways—Samuel S. Giles, Albert L. Bolce.
Overseer of Poor—Calvin Drake.
Commissioners of Appeal—F. H. Giss, Samuel Bilsh, Wm. G. Dayton.
Justice of the Peace—T. V. Huff, Elmer S. Smith, Hiram D. Kelly.
Constables—R. L. Pierce, Joel C. Giddis, A. W. Warden, W. J. Davis.
Appropriations—Small bridges, $400; support of poor, $1,000; contingent fund, $400; working roads, $800.

Westfield Republicans Nominate.

The annual Republican primary of Westfield was held in the town rooms Thursday evening. Anson F. Grant presided and A. E. Cole acted as secretary. The following nominations were made by unanimous vote: Chosen Freeholder, James T. Pierson; committee for the eighth term; Town Clerk, John Dorvall; member of Town Committee for three years, G. J. Conant; Commissioners of Appeal, Joseph Wilbur Cory, Oliver M. Pierson, Cox; Constable for the Center of the Highway, Theodore Folsom and John M. Wilcox; Overseer of the Poor, J. Wallace Cox; Constable for the Poor, J. E. Wilcox; Justice of the Peace, L. E. Hart and P. C. Pearsall.

Mr. Shearman at the Song Service.

Mr. J. D. Shearman of Indianapolis whose thrilling words will be remembered in connection with a recent meeting held at the Y. M. Y. A. rooms will speak at the song service to be held there to-morrow at 4:15 p. m. *It is expected that a quartette composed of* E. H. Ryder, W. O. Chapman, W. E. MacClymont and W. C. Pitman will sing. The Boy Choir will also sing.

The Juniors Enjoy Themselves.

The State officers of the Jr. O. U. A. M., visited Plainfield last evening and were entertained by the young men of Franklin and Somerset Councils. There were several other Councils of the order present and a street parade occurred, headed by the Plainfield Cornet Band.

DEATHS.

BRADY—In this city, March 2d, 1892, John F. Brady, aged 36 years, 10 days.

Funeral services from the First Baptist Church, Sunday, March 6th, at 1:30 p. m. Interment at Hillside cemetery.

DAY—In this city, *James F. Day*, only child of James and Mary Day, died March 4th, 1892, aged 2 years, 9 months and 4 days.

Funeral from his parents residence, 202 West Third street, Monday, March 7th, at 2 p. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

HAZELTINE—At North Plainfield, N. J., on March 4th, 1892, Mrs. Caroline Hazeltine, widow of Charles Hazeltine, in the 79th year of her age.

Funeral services on Sunday, March 6th, at 2:30 p. m., from 126 Green street, North Plainfield, N. J.

FOR the growing child H.-O. means growth. For the full grown—new life.

Grove stone H.-O. for breakfast.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

LOUIS OF HESSE PARALYZED.

He Was the Husband of Princess Alice, Queen Victoria's Daughter.

BERLIN, March 5th, (Special.)—The Grand Duke Louis of Hesse has been stricken with paralysis of the right side, and is conscious, but in a critical condition.

The Grand Duke Louis IV. was born Sept. 30, 1837, and was married as Osborne, Isle of Wight, July 1, 1862, to Alice, the daughter of Queen Victoria. At the time of the marriage of Princess Alice, the Grand Duke had a morganatic wife, *whom he deserted for the hand of* the Princess Royal.

YOUNG MR. BLAINE MAY MARRY.

A Rumor that He Wants to Wed a California Heiress

WASHINGTON, March 5th. (Special.)—Those who read Secretary Blaine's vigorous defence of his son will be interested in the report which comes up from Washington that the young man is ambitious of marrying again. The object of his attentions is to one of the Misses Patten, wealthy orphans, who are well-known both in Washington and New York.

THE JURY DISAGREE.

Webster will Have a New Trial.

NEW YORK, March 5th, (Special.)—The jury in the case of Burton Webster, who has been on trial for the murder of Charles E. Goodwin, Jr., could not agree. The jurymen were locked up all night. At 10.30 o'clock this morning they came into court with a finding to that effect. The jury stood eight for acquittal, three for murder in the first degree and one for conviction of manslaughter in the first degree.

STATE NEWS

Draw-tender Bennett, at the Manahawkin bridge, a few days ago killed a seal about four feet long and weighing over one hundred pounds.

A two hundred acre farm, four miles from Swedesboro, which is well stocked and supplied with farm implements, was purchased for a fraction over $20 per acre.

Mrs. Sarah A. Cook has prescribed to the Y. M. C. A. of Paterson, a house and lot on Ellison street, valued at $20,000. The gift is a memorial to her husband. The Association will raise, by subscription, $10,000, which will be used to erect a large extension to the house for a *gymnasium and assembly hall.*

The other afternoon a young man, well dressed, called into Merle Tooker's studio, at Newark, and asked to have a picture taken. Then he volunteered the information that the picture was for his girl, and as he wished to look as smart as possible he asked the photographer for the loan of his watch and chain for the sitting. The photographer handed over the watch and turned around to his camera. Instantly the stranger dashed into the street and was soon out of sight.

Mad Dog Scare.

Great excitement was caused a few days ago by the appearance of a ferocious bull dog running mad through the town, biting and snapping at everything that came in his way. He ran into Butcher Hetfield's stable, where they tried to kill him with sticks and clubs. He finally escaped, and was fatally shot in the street, where he entered the premises occupied by John McFadden, a cab driver. Five little boys were playing around the yard. With a fierce growl he sized each one of them, stabbing and biting them until they died. Looking around for fresh victims he repled the combat of the dog fight, and with a fierce spring landed on the animal's neck, which he tore to pieces.

Just then a young colored man named Henry, living in an adjoining house, came out with a shot gun and shot the infuriated animal dead. Mr. McFadden's dog was shot and if he can find the owner of the mad dog it is his intention to sue him, as the dogs were sold to different parties for good prices. Dunellen is infested with a superfluity of curs and it would be a benefit to the community at large if half of them were put out of the way.—Dunellen correspondence of the Bound Brook Chronicle.

Not Until After Lent.

The new club house of the Washington Park Club is now ready for occupancy and will be open every evening. The members of the club have decided not to have any grand opening until after Lent.

CAN YOU? IF NOT, CALL ON F. L. C. Martin, Corner Park Avenue and Fourth Street.

READ IT

HORSES AT AUCTION!

At METROPOLITAN STABLES, (Opp Depot), Plainfield, N. J.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9,

at 10 o'clock, sharp. We have already received over fifty entries to this sale, and more are coming in every day. They will be the best lot of horses ever offered in this vicinity.

Several matched pairs that are fine, stylish drivers.

BUSINESS AND FARM HORSES.

Standard bred trotters and colts. In fact the assortment is complete. Remember day and date. Catalogues may be had upon application.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E. RIDELL, Manager.

WE

Have a very good opinion of

The Heywood Shoe,

for

MEN AND BOYS.

Try a pair and see if you agree with us.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

(The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

22 West Front Street.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED colored woman wants employment by the day at washing or ironing or cleaning house. Call at 15 Cottage place. Ask for Estelle Stanto. 2*

SITUATION wanted as nurse and parlor-maid. Good reference. Please address "M" care EVENING NEWS. 3-5

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good girl for general house work; good wages to one. Washer and ironer; must take holiday; call with reference, 67 Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield

WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework. 40 Willow avenue. 3-2

WANTED—A rare chance for live agents; a pocket letter press; price $2; large discount to agents. Write for terms. Press Cylinder Press Co., 165 Broadway, New York, room 30. 1 6

FOR SALE.

ANYONE purchasing a horse at the auction sale, next Wednesday, which is unsatisfactory, is allowed a trial until following day at 6 p. m. 3*

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Elmwood Park, Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Cook, Plainfield N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level. 2 13tf

FOR SALE—A nice corner store with fixtures, for grocery, butcher shop or restaurant. Apply Henry F. Watson, Grant avenue and South Second street. 2t

FOR SALE—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely located; 300 yards from New Market station, on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Price $3,000. Inquire of Runyon, P. O. Box 125, Dunellen, N. J. 2*

NEARLY all of the horses to be sold at the combination sale, are thoroughly accustomed to city driving and with a little handling them until they died. Looking around for fresh victims he repled the combat of the dog fight, and with a fierce spring landed on the animal's neck, which he tore to pieces. 3*

Just then a young colored man named Henry, living in an adjoining house, came out with a shot gun and shot the infuriated animal dead. Mr. McFadden's dog was shot and if he can find the owner of the mad dog it is his intention to sue him, as the dogs were sold to different parties for good prices. Dunellen is infested with a superfluity of curs and it would be a benefit to the community at large if half of them were put out of the way.—Dunellen correspondence of the Bound Brook Chronicle.

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Rider & Co., Arcade. 2 17tf

SEVENTY-FIVE horses will be sold at the combination sale, Stables, near depot, next Wednesday, at ten a. m. 3*

FOR RENT.

$25 PER MONTH will rent house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, 64 Sixth street. J. W. Johnson, La Grande avenue. 3 2

FOR RENT or for sale. A Plan house at 5 Lee place. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-12-tf

MELODEON to rent at 50 cents month. Denton, 127 Hillside avenue. 3 2

TO LET—Twelve room house, near depot. Mary Terry. 2 17tf

THREE or four rooms to let. 5 Elmwood place. 2 4

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with bath. Newly painted. Price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

THE office at No. 3 East Front street is for rent, or to let as a room for rent to a lawyer. Lists of light. M. M. Dunham. 2 17tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAMILIES can be supplied with nearly fresh eggs, from the country, every day. 15 Washington avenue. Telephone call 38. 4-3

MULFORD'S is the place to get the paper to put under the carpet. 10 West Front street. 2 26 6*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good condition bought and sold. Call Furniture Repository, 19 Somerset street. 2-26tf

PLAIN sewing done at home, and will go out by the day. Address, Miss Lillie Chandler, 2 Ash street. 2 4

SHADE trees, flowering ornamental evergreens, and grapevines, plants, at Dunellen Nursery. 2 5

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Master of

All Kinds of Bologna,

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North Avenue, (with Workman & Buckle.

A

Household Necessity

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER AND STEAM COFFEE COOKER, now for sale at 61 Park avenue, is attracting a great many people's attention, simply because anything used by steam is far superior to any other cooking.

The meat retains all the nutriment and flavor, and weighs just as much after cooking as it did before. There is no smell from cabbage or onions while cooking in the Steam Cooker.

Mr. Beach, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

61 Park Avenue. (Old stand of the Women's Exchange.)

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ‡ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Grain's variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black cambric Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black Hose, 25 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made Imported socks, tans, slates and navy blue stripes, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black socks, 25c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 65c.
5-button length Suede Mousquetaire, in tans, and slate, 98c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
Nice line of black and colored silk gloves.

Louis Callman,

41 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Last Year's Literary Production.

Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie, writing in The Forum about the new books of 1891, lays down some general propositions that strike the reader in a cheerful way. He says for one thing that it is now the publisher who is on the lookout for the writer of the good book, and no longer the writer seeking the publisher. Moreover, another hopeful feature is that books of solid and permanent merit are gaining steadily in number on those which have merely an ephemeral interest.

The most obvious fact about book making in this country at present Mr. Mabie declares to be the expansion of literary activity. A magazine writer now fills his pages easily with excellent matter. Forty years ago there were no writers to be found outside of a brilliant, but small coterie. A splendid artistic literary development is immediately before us, and the materials for this lie all about us on every hand here in our own country. An instance of this home artistic literary development may be found in Howells' latest story "An Imperative Duty." This story Mr. Mabie considers the representative novel of the year.

The writer speaks, as well he may, of the excellence of the short stories written by Mario Wilkins, Thomas Nelson Page, Miss Murfree and others. It is a fact that our short story writers are superior to those of England now. Another who ought to have been mentioned is Richard Harding Davis. It is pleasant to note that Mr. Mabie finds in all our fiction evidences of a deep spring of "latent and persistent idealism in American writers." This idealism, if the writer's estimate is correct, will at last carry our authors into a high and bountiful world of literature. This idealism, too, in the midst of the apparently hopeless materialism in which American life is steeped, if it really exists as Mr. Mabie claims, shows a curious rebound from all that American life has seemed to be hitherto.

In the field of historical and biographical writing there is great activity, with such elegance of literary work, such deep research and such a philosophical spirit as have never before characterized our authors. Especial mention is made of several books, among them the life of Nicolay biography of Lincoln. Mrs. Stowe said of Lincoln: "He reminds me of a great cable. He swings free with every tide, but he is fast bound at both ends." In poetry, Mr. Mabie puts first among books of the year Aldrich's "The Sisters' Tragedy and Other Poems."

The Presidential Campaign.

Four Republicans—Senator McMillan of Michigan, Senator Hale of Maine Senator Hiscock of New York, and Governor Merriam of Minnesota, and three Democrats—Representatives Benton McMillin of Tennessee, Bland of Missouri and Breckinridge of Kentucky, discuss in The North American Review the issues that will decide the next presidential election.

Senator McMillan states briefly the views of nearly all on both sides when he says these issues will be the tariff finances and the franchise. Senator Frank Hiscock declares that in his judgment the actual contention on the great economic question of the tariff will be made by the present Democratic house of representatives. All are agreed that the one howling question will be the tariff. Second, will be the matter of our gold and silver coinage.

Hon. W. C. P. Breckinridge calculates the chances of his party for carrying the election. He says it will require the electoral vote of the sixteen southern states, and in addition that of New York, Indiana, Michigan and New Jersey. He says that the independent voters, those on whom party allegiance sits lightly, are gaining more and more influence in the country. "They hold the balance of power." Mr. Breckinridge declares that questions about which there is difference of opinion in the Democracy should be dropped out of sight in the campaign and the great fight made on the tariff.

It is odd to notice how every labor saving machine has been greeted with opposition and had to fight its way into popular favor before by high. The new cotton picking machine is now having this tussle. There are those who fear it will stimulate the production of cotton till even the small returns of the present year from this crop will be diminished. But there is no danger. When planters find they are raising more cotton than they find sale for at paying prices they will raise something else. Nobody is going to continue cultivating crops that do not pay. The cotton picking machine will be like every other great invention. It will lessen the hours of labor and in time make life easier and better for the toilers. So it is the world progresses.

Speaking of the qualifications for getting into social high life, Ward McAllister says: "Teach your sons to bow well. I never knew a quack or an adventurer who could bow well. It requires a dignity which can only result from a consciousness of high breeding or a high moral character." High breeding and a high moral character seem to amount to much the same thing in the judgment of Mr. McAllister.

CRISP AND REED CLASH.

A Lively Tilt in the House on the "No Quorum" Question.

THE PENSION APPROPRIATION BILL.

It Is Reported $17,000,000 Less Than the Estimates and $330,000 Less Than Last Year—Salisbury's Refusal to Renew the Modus Vivendi May Evolve a Crisis.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The routine business of the senate was diversified by the introduction of an entirely new financial bill by Senator Stanford, of California, and the introduction of a resolution by General Gordon, of Georgia, to repay the heirs of the late Alexander H. Stephens the expenses he incurred in contesting his right to a seat in the senate during the reconstruction period.

The pure food bill was taken up and discussed, and the senate listened to eulogies on the late representative, William Henry Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, and afterward adjourned.

The house was engaged in the consideration of bills on the calendar, five measures being passed.

Just previous to adjournment a sharp parliamentary colloquy ensued between the speaker and Mr. Reed regarding the point of "no quorum" and "no quorum voting."

The "No Quorum" Question.

Mr. Kilgore moved to take a recess until 8 o'clock. The speaker said: The motion then is to take a recess until 8 o'clock.

Mr. Enloe inquired if the same object would not be accomplished if the house continued in session until 5 o'clock and the chair then declared a recess under the rule.

The Speaker—If the house is in session until 3 o'clock the chair will declare the house in recess until 8 o'clock.

On a vote there were: Yeas, 85; nays, 84.

Mr. Enloe demanded tellers and the demand was refused.

Mr. Enloe then made the point that no quorum had voted on the motion to take a recess.

The Speaker—The gentleman from Tennessee makes the point of no quorum. The chair will have to appoint tellers.

Mr. Reed, of Maine—The gentleman from Tennessee does not make the point of no quorum. He makes the point that no quorum had voted.

The Speaker—Under the present administration of the rules of the house the chair holds the gentlemen are not present unless they vote. [Applause on the Democratic side.]

Mr. Reed—The observation that I made is entirely correct as to the point of no quorum voting.

The Speaker—I do not think that the gentleman was in order when he made the point.

Crisp and Reed Clash.

Mr. Reed—I was entirely in order when I called the attention of the gentleman to the fact.

The Speaker—The chair thinks not. The point was made, not by the gentleman from Maine, but by somebody else. The chair entertained the point, whereupon the gentleman from Maine afterward made the suggestion as to the point of no quorum.

Mr. Reed—And thereupon I said to the chair that the gentleman made the point that no quorum had voted, and that the chair stated it to be the point of no quorum present. There is a difference in the proposition, and I had the right to call the attention of the chair to that, and the chair had no right to make such a retort, not even if he was supported by the disorderly applause on his side of the house which he permitted.

The Speaker—The chair will state that there is a wide difference between the point of no quorum and the point of no quorum voting, as it was made under the rules of the last congress. [Applause on the Democratic side.]

Mr. Enloe—The chair is abundantly sustained by authorities in making retorts to gentlemen on the floor.

The Speaker—The chair does not intend to recognize that. Amid considerable excitement the house took a recess until 8 o'clock. When the house reassembled there was less than a quorum present. Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, raised the point of no quorum, and after a fruitless attempt to secure one the house adjourned.

The Pension Appropriation Bill.

Mr. Mutchler, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on appropriations, reported to the house today the pension appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893. The bill appropriates $134,825,000, being $12,229,484 less than the estimates, and $330,719 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

The appropriation for pensions from and including 1887 to the present year was as follows: 1887, $76,075,300; 1888, $88,867,500; 1889, $89,750,700; 1890, $107,090,007.35; 1891, $127,793,003.94; 1892, $135,214,783.

The committee on military affairs completed the army appropriation bill. The bill carries an appropriation of $24,343,649 against $24,613,529 appropriated for the current fiscal year, being a reduction of $367,880.

The Behring Sea Case Gets Serious.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Whatever Lord Salisbury's reason for refusing to renew the modus vivendi pending the Behring sea arbitration his action has precipitated a situation that is deemed quite serious, but there are several methods open by which the United States can protect itself. The claim of jurisdiction over Behring sea has, it is said, never been relinquished, and the president may determine to enforce it as against the illegal sealers, whether of this country or of Canada.

The attempt to carry out this policy would probably result in trouble or resistance by Great Britain, as she, on the other hand, has never acknowledged the rightfulness of claim of the United States to the control of the Behring sea. However, the course of the United States will not be decided upon until after full consideration of the subject, and it may be that other and more peaceful means will be found of settling the question. The treaty to submit the disputed points to arbitration, it is expected, will be sent to the senate Monday.

The Deadly Wires Again.

LONDON, March 5.—A man named Jay, residing at Chelsea, accidentally took hold of electric light wires and was stricken dead.

Secretary Blaine Better.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Secretary Blaine was recovered from his indisposition and is able to attend to business.

NOAH PORTER PASSES AWAY.

The Venerable Ex-President of Yale College Succumbs to Grip Complications.

NEW HAVEN, March 5.—Noah Porter, the venerable ex-president of Yale college, who has been sick for three months with complications arising from an attack of the grip, died here. The funeral will occur on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The remains will be laid in Redfield chapel. The details are not as yet determined upon.

NOAH PORTER.

Noah Porter was born in Farmington, Conn., Dec. 14, 1811, and was graduated at Yale college in 1831. He became master of Hopkins Grammar school in New Haven, and was a tutor at Yale in 1833-35. After serving as pastor of congregational churches until 1846 he was appointed professor of moral philosophy and metaphysics at Yale. In 1871 he succeeded Theodore D. Woolsey as president of the university. During his administration the progress of the college was marked. He enlarged the curriculum and introduced many new elective studies.

Under his administration the students at Yale increased in number from 600, at the time he took the office, to 1,086 when he retired. When he took charge there were 71 instructors, and 114 when he resigned, while the funds in the treasury increased 75 per cent. in the same time. He resigned from the office in 1886. As president of Yale Dr. Porter was exceedingly popular, and his resignation caused great regret.

Dr. Porter's temper was mildness itself. He would rather condone an offense than report it, and any sort of an excuse passed muster with him. Often he has been known to overlook a student caught cribbing, one of the most serious offenses against college law. Many who now hold degrees from Yale owe them to Dr. Porter's kindly interference in their behalf. It is an open secret at Yale that he passed over offenses which merited expulsion.

He has been considered one of the educational leaders of the country, and has been a vigorous writer on philosophical subjects. He supervised the last revision of Webster's Dictionary.

FASHIONS.

Can be Made at Home.

BOY'S SAILOR BLOUSE.

Here is the latest from London and will be fashionable this spring. This blouse is intended to be worn with knee trousers of blue diagonal cloth. It is made of white flannel serge braided with blue. The anchors are embroidered, and the shirt may be either white or blue, suitable for boys from four to ten. It will cost as follows:

3 yards of white flannel serge at 30 cents.	$1 20
6 yards blue braid at 5 cents	30
1½ yards white silk cording	20
1 yard double width cloth for trousers at $2 45	2 45
Total	$4 00

A Persistent Newspaper.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Last week The Inter-Ocean was sued for $300,000 by the National Union company, of New York, for alleging that company was a tool of the National Cordage company. Today The Inter-Ocean reiterates its charge.

To Protect American Interests.

SAN DOMINGO, March 5.—The United States steamer Kearsarge has arrived here for the purpose of protecting American interests in connection with the erection of a bridge over the Ozama river.

A Fashionable Dressmaker Caught.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Miss Kate Reilly, a fashionable dressmaker with houses here, in London and New York, has been arrested for smuggling. Startling disclosures are expected.

Absconder Mellorio Caught.

LONDON, March 5.—The police discovered in a lodging house Octave Mellorio, the Paris jeweler who absconded from that city with 875,000 francs.

Jimmy Gets Heavy Damages.

BOSTON, March 5.—Six-year-old James Tenbrook was awarded $6,250 against the West End railroad for injuries by being thrown from a car.

Mrs. Blaine, Jr., Is Silent.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., arrived here from the west. She is in good health, but refuses to say anything at present.

Two Burglars Break Jail.

BOSTON, March 5.—R. J. Drohan and George H. Wilson, sentenced for burglary, escaped from the state prison at Charlestown.

The Corbin Rumor.

BOSTON, March 5.—Mr. Reynolds, President Corbin's assistant, declines to affirm the rumor that Mr. Corbin is to resign.

New York's Population.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The census returns so far in show this city's population to be between 1,500,000 and 1,600,000.

Horses and Cows Burned Up.

COLDWELLS, N. J., March 5.—The barn of Enoch Gordon was burned, together with thirteen cows and four horses.

MURDER SURE ENOUGH.

Mrs. Dunton's Death Was the Result of Brutal Violence.

SCUDDER IS SHAMMING INSANITY.

He Rails and Foams and Takes on All the Antics of a Madman but His Keepers Say It Is a Very Bad Imitation. Dunton Is Made His Wife's Testator.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Dr. Henry M. Scudder is either insane or giving a clever imitation of insanity. The attendants at the detention hospital take the latter view of it. When a reporter stood at the door of Dr. Scudder's cell the man raved and talked of people who were pursuing him and sprang at the bars like a wild man. In calmer moments he declared that he had committed no murder.

"Murder," he screamed, "it's a damnable lie. I know nothing about it. Oh, yes, I believe they did say something about it, but I was too sick to pay any attention to them."

Then he became more rational. "It is preposterous," said he. "Do you think I would kill an old woman who had only a few months to live at best? Rot and nonsense."

Then the doctor grew wild. Making a spring at the grated door he yelled: "You look like Dunton. I'll tear you to pieces." Then he began running around and peered through the window at me last night. He was a fiend. All night long he peered and snirkled at me. You are he, and you have come to torment me. Go away."

All further efforts at conversation were fruitless. The attendant in charge of Dr. Scudder declares that the man is shamming and not doing it well, either.

The prisoner's wife sent word to him that she wished to see him. He declined to receive her. "Tell her I don't know her; who is she?" he said. She went into the cell later but he refused to talk with her, and she left after a short time.

Dr. Scudder is the executor of the probate court, granted letters testamentary to F. H. Dunton on the estate of his wife. Mr. Dunton's attorneys hold that Dr. Scudder will have no difficulty in proving the second will, by which the bulk of the fortune is left to Mrs. Dr. Scudder, to be a forgery and a fraud.

Mrs. Dunton Was Murdered.

Wounds that fully confirm the suspicion that Mrs. F. H. Dunton was murdered were disclosed at the autopsy held upon the remains of the woman in Janesville, Wis. Six external injuries and five fractures of the skull show how death was caused. The examination was made by Janesville physicians.

Dr. Henry Palmer, surgeon general of the Wisconsin National Guard and a member of the faculty of the Chicago College of Physicians and Surgeons, was present at the first examination made was for external injuries. There was a bandaged wound two and a half inches long on the right arm, two inches above the elbow. The anterior surface of the body was in normal condition. The sides and posterior surface had a florid color. At the base of the bone there was a contused wound extending obliquely downward from the left toward the right three-quarters of an inch. This wound extended through the soft tissues of the bone.

There was marked discoloration about both eyes. There was a wound at the top of the head an inch long, extending through to the skull. Just back of this wound was another three inches long, extending through the external tissues down to the muscles. At a right angle to this was a contused wound one-half an inch in length. Near the back of the head was a wound one inch long, extending through the periosteum. These were all the external wounds.

Beneath the last described wound there was a clot of blood varying from one-fourth to one-third of an inch in thickness. There was also a cloth beneath the temporal muscle and the periosteum. On the top of the head, five inches from the root of the nose and one and one-half inches from the center, there was found a fracture through the skull one and one-fourth inches in length.

Her Skull Horribly Fractured.

From the beginning of this fracture there was one extending at right angles across the head one and a half inches long. From the anterior part of this wound there was another fracture extending forward and across the top of the head, a fracture of the bone two and one-half inches long, and from the posterior point of the last wound described there was another radiating fracture extending downward toward the ear two and one-half inches. From a point one-half inch to the right of the last fractures last described there was another fracture, an inch and a half in extent.

The unofficial expression by the doctors who conducted the autopsy was that the fractures of the skull were more than enough to have caused death.

The report of the examiners made to the Chicago authorities shows that the woman met death by violence and fully confirms the theory that she was murdered.

He Was Priest, Orator and Giant.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Rev. Father J. J. Murphy, pastor of Trinity Catholic church, died at his home tonight of pneumonia. He was one of the finest orators in the church and a magnificent specimen of manhood, standing 6 feet 3 inches high, and weighing 200 pounds.

Llogo Gets a New Trial.

TRENTON, March 5.—The supreme court, sitting as a court of errors, has granted a new trial to Francis Llogo, the man convicted of the murder of Mrs. Miller in the woods near her home in Pleasantville, N. J. Llogo's counsel allege that they have new and important testimony to present.

The Indianapolis Car Strike.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 5.—Judge Taylor discharged Prenzel Frenzel on the charge of contempt and turned the property of the street car company back to him. President Frenzel will discharge all men who deserted the company during the strike.

A Veteran of Four Wars Dead.

WARRENSBURG, N. Y., March 5.—Moses Harris, the oldest veteran in Warren county and the hero of four wars, died here. He was ninety years old. Mr. Harris participated in the war of the revolution, the Mexican, Blackhawk and Seminole wars.

King George I's Life Threatened.

ATHENS, March 5.—A number of letters have been received by the king, in which his dismissal of Dr. Lyzanis and his cabinet was strongly disapproved and condemned and his life is menaced.

Killed in a Mine Caveln.

LEADVILLE, Colo., March 5.—By a cavein in the Wolcott county Tom Alderman Ridder was instantly killed and a young man named Schlesinger was fatally injured.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Early preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Winberner's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and the
Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

HITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

BROWN & HILL,
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, to
PLAINFIELD HOTEL.
No. 5 SOUTH AVENUE
Plainfield, N. J.
Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best black hand concealed with the shop.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. E. SPENCER,
No. 70 and 72 Somerset street, grocer and provisioner. Choice groceries, provisions and confectionery; white grades, C. crushed, powdered and granulated sugars; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade sour pickles.

MRS. LIDDAMY,
Fortune-telling Parlor Office, 24 West Front street. Good price wanted. Mr. Liddamy has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Fancy Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
22 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE DEP TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
10 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to examine the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for cut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUSE AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for the sizing and dressing of lumber, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK P. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

C. DICKINSON,
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also a full line of Canes and Eye Glasses. Eyes carefully fitted.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private balls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a Fit

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thrown my renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of your patronage.
DAVID CLARKE,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 27 Bonnie Bk., North Plainfield.

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
66 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES,
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROPT A. MAKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MERCHANT AND BRIAR WOOD PIPES,
Holders and cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
42 W. MADISON ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper washing. Our machinery is the most refined and up to date. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
26 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

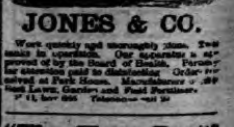
F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.,
Engineer of the Plainfield Union Water Company, Engineer of the Princeton Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Counsellor at Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 23 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Etc. Rooms over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city; rooms 16 and 18. Supervising Architect Peoples' Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

J. & Co.
JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Twelve tons in operation. Our Odorless System approved of by the Board of Health. Parties desiring can be connected with the sewer. Orders received at Park House, Plainfield, or 249 East Lewis, Garden and Pearl Portions, or P. O. box 600. Telephone call 38.

"The Very Best"
is our rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you consider both in the end.
But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Wrenches, Hosiery, Silks, and stamps of best goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

GERMANY HUNGER MAD.

A Starving Mob Runs Riot in the Streets of Dantzic.

BAKERS AND BUTCHERS PILLAGED

Goats and Polecoats Men Devoured the Rotten Food as Though They Were Famishing—Police Finally Succeed in Dispersing the Mob—More Trouble Feared.

BERLIN, March 5.—Since the disturbance of last week in this city the unemployed workingmen throughout Germany have been in a state of ferment that would require but little to cause an open outbreak. There is no denying the fact that the condition of mechanics and unskilled laborers has reached such a state that the hungry men are capable of doing almost anything to get food for themselves and those dependent upon them. With this state of affairs prevailing, promises of help in the future do not tend to keep the unemployed content to suffer their present evils, and no outbreak is therefore a matter of great surprise.

A few days ago the unemployed working men of Dantzic called upon the authorities to furnish them with labor, no matter what it was, to keep themselves and their families from starving. Dantzic, which is the capital of the province of West Prussia, is a commercial center of no little importance. It has numerous breweries, distilleries, flour mills, sugar refineries and dye works, all of which have felt the depression in the commercial world, with the consequent result that many of the employees have been thrown out of work for want of better times. In addition to these men a large number of others—carpenters, masons, painters, etc.—are out of work because of the depression in the building and allied trades, and consequently there has been during the winter much suffering among all classes of workmen.

There seems to be no immediate prospect of improvement, and the patience of the men seems to have about reached the limit of its endurance.

The Bread Shops Pillaged.

When the deputation of the unemployed recently waited upon the authorities they received a promise that something would be done for them, and today, in obedience to a notice, 800 men proceeded to the landing stage in the expectation that they would be conveyed to the municipal sewage farm and put to work. When they arrived there the officials picked out 230 men to be taken to the farms and said that they were unable to furnish work for the others.

Those who were refused employment were bitter in their denunciation of the "trick," as they termed it, that had been played upon them. Some made violent speeches, calling upon the crowd to help themselves to food if the authorities would not furnish them with the means of getting it. The impassioned words of the speakers and the presence of the crowd itself attracted a large number of the lower classes of the city, and the impromptu meeting soon degenerated into a mob. The suggestion that food was plenty in the shops was seized upon with avidity. The mob left the vicinity of the landing stage and in a compact mass rushed through the streets, hurling imprecations at the authorities, and declaring that they would steal before they would starve.

Every baker's shop they came across they looted, and some of the gaunt, pale faced men could be seen devouring the spoils in a manner that showed that they had not tasted food for a long time. Others placed the bread they had seized under their coats, with the intention of carrying it to their wives and children.

Meat Carts Looted.

Loaded butchers' carts passing along the streets were seized upon, their drivers hustled away and their contents hastily divided among the crowd. The mob was constantly gaining fresh accessions, and the riot was assuming formidable proportions before the police awoke to the fact that they must be up and doing if they hoped to successfully cope with the rioters.

Detachments of police were hastily sent to that part of the city in which the rioting and pillaging were going on. After a struggle with the rioters, who were inflamed with their successes and reckless of the police, the latter made a determined charge and succeeded in dispersing the mob. The police are now displaying greater vigilance in preventing the gathering of crowds, but there is much excitement among the workingmen, and it would not be in the least surprising should further and more serious trouble occur.

The news from Dantzic has had a very disquieting effect here, and the affair is eagerly discussed by the official circles and by the workingmen. It is taken to give further proof, if any were needed, of the bad state of affairs that exists throughout the country.

Quarreled Over Politics.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 5.—James Johnson and Peter Thomas, inmates of the Soldiers' home here, each over seventy years of age, quarreled over politics. Johnson, who upheld the Republican end of the argument, will die of a stab in the groin, and Thomas, the defender of Democracy, is in jail.

Dom Pedro's Household Plate.

LONDON, March 5.—The British steamer Treat, from Rio Janeiro, brings the palace household plate which belonged to the late Emperor Dom Pedro. It is consigned to the Count d'Eu, husband of the Princess Isabel, daughter of the late emperor.

A Chance for Springer's Life.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—There is a marked improvement in the condition of Representative Springer. He is still very weak, but it is believed that the worst has passed.

The Florence Will Contest.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The contest of Actor Florence's will has commenced before Surrogate Ransom, who is hearing the testimony.

A Bride Kills Herself.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Mrs. M. A. Brown, aged twenty-three, shot herself dead last night. She had been married only five days.

Will Meet in Syracuse Next.

BUFFALO, March 5.—The grand lodge, A. O. U. W., selected Syracuse as the place to meet next year and adjourned.

Corbett and Choynski Matched.

NEW ORLEANS, March 5.—Corbett and Choynski have signed to fight to a finish here for $5,000 a side.

Jumped to His Death.

NEWARK, N. J., March 5.—William Hill, of Bloomfield, jumped from a train here and was instantly killed.

THE SEARLES WILL CASE SETTLED.

Timothy Hopkins Compromises His Suit and Accepts Three Million Dollars.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The Herald says: Timothy Hopkins, the adopted son of Mrs. Mark Hopkins-Searles, has compromised his suit against Edward F. Searles for $3,000,000. The twenty-four or twenty-five relatives of Mrs. Searles have been placated, and now this case, one of the most remarkable in the history of the United States, is ended forever. Both sides claim a victory, Williamson Mysderse, of Butler, Stillman & Hubbard triumphantly told me that Timothy Hopkins had found it advisable to now accept what Mr. Searles had offered him last year, while Russell J. Wilson, the counsel for Timothy, gleefully acknowledged that the other side had compromised the case.

"How much does Timothy Hopkins get? I inquired of Mr. Mysderse. "Oh, $2,000,000 or $3,000,000," said the young lawyer.

"Is this in a lump sum?" "No; stock and bonds and California real estate."

"When was the compromise signed?" "Why, don't say compromise," Mr. Mysderse pleaded. "There has been no compromise; there was nothing to compromise. Mr. Searles simply gives Mr. Timothy Hopkins these stocks and bonds and pieces of real estate. Mr. Searles offered to give Mr. Hopkins the same last year. It is a fact, however, that Mr. Hopkins unconditionally withdrew his appeal to the supreme court of Massachusetts from Judge Harmon's decision in the Hopkins-Searles will case."

"When was the appeal withdrawn?" "Wednesday last." It is a telling task to get this much information out of the lawyer.

Russell J. Wilson, Timothy Hopkins' legal representative, was even less inclined to talk. I saw him at the Hotel Brunswick. "Yes, it is settled; please excuse me from saying anything more," he said, retreating toward the door at every word. "We are satisfied and have made a very satisfactory adjustment of the case."

"How about the other heirs?" "Oh, I understand the Searles people fixed it all up with them six months ago."

And then he jumped into a cab and disappeared.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Kansas Democrats May Merge with the Farmers' Alliance Party.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., March 5.—The Democratic state central committee met in this city. The sentiment of the majority of the members was so strong in favor of fusion with the Farmers' Alliance that the committee declined to call a state convention to nominate presidential electors. Salina was selected as the place for holding the convention to elect delegates to the Chicago convention. It will meet April 20. A large majority of the committee are in favor of the nomination of Cleveland.

Lew Wallace Declines.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., March 5.—General Lew Wallace, who was elected a delegate to the Minneapolis convention at the Eighth congressional district convention, has positively declined to serve. He says by telegram that the voters in his district favored Charles N. Williams, who should have been chosen by the convention. It is denied that General Wallace declines through any hostility to General Harrison's renomination.

Cleveland Will Accept.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 5.—A Rochester Democrat reports Grover Cleveland as saying to Franklin B. Locke, of Buffalo, that he is sympathy with the May convention in Syracuse; that he is not a candidate for the presidency, but that he will accept the nomination if offered to him by the Chicago convention.

Cook County Indorses Palmer.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Senator John M. Palmer was unanimously indorsed for the presidential nomination by the Cook county Democratic convention held here.

Secretary Foster Indignant.

LONDON, March 5.—When shown a statement published in Associated Press papers to the effect that he had referred to "clam mouthed Irishmen" in an interview, Secretary of the Treasury Foster was very indignant. He put the denial in writing, as follows: "I never used, in any interview or on any occasion, the term 'clam mouthed Irishmen,' or any term of designation even remotely resembling such an expression, nor have I used, in any interview or on any occasion, any expression of any kind derogatory to the Irish race."

Bad for Russian Poland.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 5.—On account of the defiant attitude of the Russian Poles it is semi-officially said that General Gouiko, governor general of Russian Poland will immediately be authorized to proclaim a state of siege, and will proceed to proclaim martial law throughout Poland, as the exigencies of the situation may demand.

Minister Montt to Leave Us.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Senor Montt, the Chilian minister, has informed the secretary of state that in consequence of his election as a deputy for Petures, in the province of Aconagua, he will soon relinquish his present diplomatic position.

Harriott Not the Man.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 5.—Detective Cronin has returned from Freehold, N. J., and reports that Harriott, the condemned murderer there, bears no resemblance to Hahn, the suspected murderer of Captain Seeley, of Stepney.

Hunted for a Gas Leak with a Light.

TROY, N. Y., March 5.—An explosion of escaping gas in the city hall vault wrecked the vaults and seriously burned Assessor Rapp and Janitor Martin, who were hunting for the leak with a lighted match.

She Baked with Arsenic.

WEST DERBY, Ia., March 5.—Mrs. Bansworth in mistake used arsenic for baking powder and she is dead and her husband and daughter are dying.

Death in a Saloon Fight.

OLEAN, N. Y., March 5.—Thomas Laughlin died of injuries received in a fight with James McMahon in a saloon here. McMahon escaped.

Commander Stembridge a Suicide.

BOSTON, March 5.—The commander of the British steamer Ottoman, David H. Stembridge, committed suicide in his stateroom yesterday.

Professor Fairbanks Selected.

NEW HAVEN, March 5.—Professor Arthur Fairbanks, of Dartmouth, has been elected an instructor in the divinity school of Yale college.

Crushed His Father's Skull.

STOCKS, Ills., March 5.—In a quarrel Pres Loflin struck his father with a club, crushing his skull. The son claims self defense.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Albany and Troy School Bills Passed in the Senate.

ALBANY, March 5.—The senate spent two lively hours in a fight over the Albany and Troy school bills, which seek to create in both cities school boards by appointment to take the place of the present supervisory boards. The Republicans fought the bills with votes and vote, but after a hot struggle both were passed. The senate then took up its regular work. Just before adjournment the secretary discovered that they wanted to amend the anti-Pinkerton bill again by exempting the officers of the society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and so they sent to the assembly for the bill, had it returned, amended and passed back to the senate.

An adverse report was received in the assembly on Jas. Cockling's bill prohibiting candidates for judicial office from making campaign contributions. Mr. Cookling moved to disagree with the report. He said it was outrageous that judges should be allowed and compelled to buy their elections. Mr. Quigley and Mr. Sheer said the bill was a preposterous one. Mr. Webster said he was heartily in favor of the bill. Public office was getting to be too much matter of barter and sale. Mr. Husted said he believed in partisanship and knew every man was a partisan. He didn't object if a judge was a partisan, but he did protest against compelling him to corrupt himself before going on the bench.

Mr. Hitt said the bill was an unjust discrimination as between judicial candidates and candidates for other offices.

The vote on the motion was a tie—yeas, 81; nays, 81. The speaker said that in order to uphold the dignity of a report of a committee of the house he would vote in the negative. The motion to disagree was lost.

Hon. J. C. Newmyer Jumps from a Train.

PITTSBURG, March 5.—Hon. John C. Newmyer, of Allegheny county, prothonotary of the United States court for western Pennsylvania, and a member of the state senate from 1875 to 1882 and 1887 to 1890, while coming from Jersey City here from a trip to the Bermudas, where he had gone seeking health, became temporarily insane and jumped from the train. A search is going on for his body.

Two Men Burned to a Crisp.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—A tremendous explosion occurred in the storehouse of Marks & Cohn. The massive doors were hurled across the street, and flames enveloped the building. Marks & Cohn and his brother, Abraham, were in the store and were burned to a crisp. The police say the men were setting fire to the store in order to secure the insurance.

Killed by a Premature Blast.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., March 5.—A premature blast at the Maxel colliery instantly killed John Butt and fatally injured David Roberts.

Taking Toll.

An American lady visiting Paris was continually interested in the smart little boys in white caps and aprons who deliver the wares of the pastry cooks. One day she said to one of these boys who had brought her some cakes:

"Ah, I suppose you get the benefit of one of these cakes yourself sometimes?"

"What do you mean, madame?"

"You eat a cake now and then?"

"Eat a cake! Oh, no, madame, that wouldn't do. I only lick 'em as I come along!"—Youth's Companion.

The Hardest Thing.

Seeker—You have been farming many years in this section and know the peculiarities of the soil pretty well; what do you consider the hardest thing to raise on your farm?

Meeker—The money to run it.—Boston Courier.

A Small Affair.

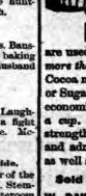
Woodby Gallante—I am most grieved to learn of your mistress' illness. Nothing serious, no great cause for alarm, I trust?

The New French Maid—No, monsieur. Nozzing beeg, nozzing grande. Something—what you call leetle, petite.

Woodby Gallante—What is it?

The New French Maid—Eet is what we call ze leetle—small—smallpox.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Carpet Medium over 22 and 24th street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

SPECIAL NOTICE

Complying with general request,

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will in future for the United States be covered with a

Quickly Soluble, Pleasant Coating,

completely disguising the taste of the Pill without in any way impairing its efficacy.

Price 25 cents a Box.

New York Depot, 365 Canal Street.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

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REAL ESTATE

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Joseph T. Vail,

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AND

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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

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Corner Front street and Park avenue.

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NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished and jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialties—Fine Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1046

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 22.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Slate Roofing and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Grant and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-12-ly P. HERRMANN, 6 Regent street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound Brook. P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Watchung avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 856.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 51.

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Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

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NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—7:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 8:30 a. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 9:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. H. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time at Plainfield same as N. Y. Time.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 4 32, 6 30, 8 14, 8 28, 9 08, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Sundays—2 14, 4 32, 6 30, 8 14, 8 28, 9 08, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave New York, Liberty St., 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 p. m.

Sundays—8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 p. m.

Leave Jersey City, Cortlandt street, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 p. m.

Sundays—8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 2 47, 5 05, 6 47, 8 31, 8 45, 9 25, 10 17, 11 17 a. m., 12 17, 12 47, 1 17, 1 47, 2 17, 2 47, 3 17, 3 47, 4 17, 4 47, 5 17, 5 47, 6 17, 6 47, 7 17, 7 47, 8 17, 8 47, 9 17, 9 47, 10 17, 11 47 p. m.

Sundays—2 47, 5 05, 6 47, 8 31, 8 45, 9 25, 10 17, 11 17 a. m., 12 17, 12 47, 1 17, 1 47, 2 17, 2 47, 3 17, 3 47, 4 17, 4 47, 5 17, 5 47, 6 17, 6 47, 7 17, 7 47, 8 17, 8 47, 9 17, 9 47, 10 17, 11 47 p. m.

Leave Newark, Broad street, 2 57, 5 15, 6 57, 8 41, 8 55, 9 35, 10 27, 11 27 a. m., 12 27, 12 57, 1 27, 1 57, 2 27, 2 57, 3 27, 3 57, 4 27, 4 57, 5 27, 5 57, 6 27, 6 57, 7 27, 7 57, 8 27, 8 57, 9 27, 9 57, 10 27, 11 57 p. m.

Sundays—2 57, 5 15, 6 57, 8 41, 8 55, 9 35, 10 27, 11 27 a. m., 12 27, 12 57, 1 27, 1 57, 2 27, 2 57, 3 27, 3 57, 4 27, 4 57, 5 27, 5 57, 6 27, 6 57, 7 27, 7 57, 8 27, 8 57, 9 27, 9 57, 10 27, 11 57 p. m.

Leave Bay Head Junction, 6 45, 8 29, 11 15 a. m., 1 45, 4 45, 6 45, 8 45 p. m.

Sundays—8 00, 8 34, 9 45, 10 30, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 2 45, 4 45, 6 45, 8 45 p. m.

Leave Bay Head, 6 50, 8 34, 11 20 a. m., 1 50, 4 50, 6 50, 8 50 p. m.

Sundays—8 05, 8 39, 9 50, 10 35, 11 50 a. m., 12 50, 2 50, 4 50, 6 50, 8 50 p. m.

Leave Sea Girt, 7 00, 8 44, 11 30 a. m., 2 00, 5 00, 7 00, 9 00 p. m.

Sundays—8 15, 8 49, 10 00, 10 45, 12 00 m., 1 00, 3 00, 5 00, 7 00, 9 00 p. m.

Leave Spring Lake, 7 05, 8 49, 11 35 a. m., 2 05, 5 05, 7 05, 9 05 p. m.

Sundays—8 20, 8 54, 10 05, 10 50, 12 05 m., 1 05, 3 05, 5 05, 7 05, 9 05 p. m.

Leave Manasquan, 7 10, 8 54, 11 40 a. m., 2 10, 5 10, 7 10, 9 10 p. m.

Sundays—8 25, 8 59, 10 10, 10 55, 12 10 m., 1 10, 3 10, 5 10, 7 10, 9 10 p. m.

Leave Point Pleasant, 7 15, 8 59, 11 45 a. m., 2 15, 5 15, 7 15, 9 15 p. m.

Sundays—8 30, 9 04, 10 15, 11 00, 12 15 m., 1 15, 3 15, 5 15, 7 15, 9 15 p. m.

Leave Bay Head Junction, 7 20, 9 04, 11 50 a. m., 2 20, 5 20, 7 20, 9 20 p. m.

Sundays—8 35, 9 09, 10 20, 11 05, 12 20 m., 1 20, 3 20, 5 20, 7 20, 9 20 p. m.

Arrive at Lakewood, 7 45, 9 29, 12 15 p. m., 2 45, 5 45, 7 45, 9 45 p. m.

Sundays—8 55, 9 29, 10 40, 11 25, 12 40 m., 1 40, 3 40, 5 40, 7 40, 9 40 p. m.

Arrive at Toms River, 8 00, 9 44, 12 30 p. m., 3 00, 6 00, 8 00, 10 00 p. m.

Sundays—9 10, 9 44, 10 55, 11 40, 12 55 p. m., 1 55, 3 55, 5 55, 7 55, 9 55 p. m.

Arrive at Barnegat, 8 15, 9 59, 12 45 p. m., 3 15, 6 15, 8 15, 10 15 p. m.

Sundays—9 25, 9 59, 11 10, 11 55, 1 10 p. m., 2 10, 4 10, 6 10, 8 10, 10 10 p. m.

Arrive at Tuckerton, 8 30, 10 14, 1 00 p. m., 3 30, 6 30, 8 30, 10 30 p. m.

Sundays—9 40, 10 14, 11 25, 12 10 m., 1 25, 2 25, 4 25, 6 25, 8 25, 10 25 p. m.

Arrive at Beach Haven, 8 45, 10 29, 1 15 p. m., 3 45, 6 45, 8 45, 10 45 p. m.

Sundays—9 55, 10 29, 11 40, 12 25 m., 1 40, 2 40, 4 40, 6 40, 8 40, 10 40 p. m.

Arrive at Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on Long Branch Branch, Asbury Park, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Lakewood, Bay Head, Point Pleasant Branch, Point Pleasant, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Manasquan

The Curiosity Shop

MARCH.

Facts Concerning the Month Named After the Warrior God Mars.

If there be any month which has a right to dispute with January its position at the head of the calendar it is surely March No season of the year seems to be more appropriately placed. January begins the year only by virtue of a chronological system; the actual awakening of dormant nature is delayed for many weeks. The storms and frosts of January mark the rigorousness of midwinter, and the sweetness and brightness of spring do not begin to give evidence of their return till March has been with us for the greater part of his allotted time. March was the first month of the year among the ancients. The period of the vernal equinox seemed to them to be appropriate to the commencement of an other year. But modern folks have less regard for the fitness of things, else would our year begin with the budding and the nesting time, and not amid the blasts and storms of the winter season. As a matter of fact, up to the year 1752 the English year did begin with March 21. But parliament ordained the adoption of "the new style," and declared that 1753 should commence on Jan. 1. The effect upon 1752 was simply disastrous. It lost at one blow a fourth part of itself, and is, no doubt, in consequence, contemptuously regarded by its associates in the centuries. March also was affected, for it lost its supremacy among the months and became a mere intermediary division. Still we cannot help regarding it with affection, for it arouses and recalls to us (albeit in a rude and blustering fashion) the freshness and the gayety of spring.

If March is made conspicuous among its fellows by any particular characteristic it is by that painful habit of blowing and roaring at all times and seasons. The Romans seem to have recognized this tendency in the name they gave it. They called it after their war god, Mars, as if to indicate that they believed it to be a fierce and fighting month, after the deity's own heart. The proverb says that "a bushel of March dust is worth a king's ransom." This is a figurative method of speech, but there is no doubt whatever that dry weather is above all things essential to the husbandman at this season of the year. March we know, comes in like a lion and goes out like a lamb, or adopts the inverse order of procedure. Many dismal records of storm and shipwreck prove to the full the truth of the adage. Among the old Saxons March was known as "rough month" and "boisterous month." The Saxons and the old Dutch had also another name for it they called it "lenting month," the month in which the days begin to lengthen Among the sayings handed down to us concerning the month we learn that "March wakes the adder and blooms the whin." It is also asserted that—

So many mists in March there be,
So many frosts in May you'll see.

February we are told makes a bridge and March breaks it. Another ancient adage embodies the information that "when March thunders tools and arms grow rusty."

The Sun as a Time Indicator.

Farmers and woodmen become quite expert in telling the time of day by the sun. A man knows, for instance, that on the 21st of March and the 21st of September we have days of twelve hours in length. From the 21st of March to the 21st of June the days lengthen, and on that day the sun rises at about 4:30 and sets at about 7:30 Then from the 21st of September till the 21st of December the days shorten until they are only about nine hours long, the sun rising at about 7:30 and setting at about 4:30. Bearing these facts in mind and remembering that the sun is directly overhead at 12 o'clock noon, one can come pretty close, by observing the approach to the meridian and the departure therefrom to tell what time it is by the sun. The convenient almanac will help any one try ing to do this.

The Three Cardinal Meanings.

There are at least three Cardinal Meanings to the month, according to The Pall Mall Budget. There is the Cardinal Meaning as he appears to men of the world, to Protestant statesmen and to the great out side public to whom he is lost a name that is the first cardinal Then there is the second cardinal as he appears to the Catholics, the cardinal archbishop of Westminster, the prince of the church and representative of the holy see. And, lastly there is the Cardinal Meaning as he was known to each of the thousand sufferers whom he comforted, friends whom he counseled and acquaintances to whom he showed a never failing courtesy and consideration.

Biblical Facts and Figures.

The Bible contains 3,566,480 letters, 810, 697 words, 31,170 verses, 1,189 chapters and 66 books. The longest chapter is the 119th Psalm, the shortest and middle chapter the 117th Psalm. The middle verse is the 8th of the 118th Psalm. The longest name is in the 8th chapter of Isaiah. The word "and" occurs 46,557 times, the word "Lord" 1,855 times. The 37th chapter of Isaiah and the 19th chapter of the second book of Kings are alike. The longest verse is the 9th of the 8th chapter of Esther, the shortest verse is the 35th of the 11th chapter of John. In the 21st verse of the 7th chapter of Ezra is all the alphabet but "j." The name of God is not once mentioned in the book of Esther or in Solomon's Song, says the New York Ledger

A Popular Fallacy.

The popular belief that a vessel goes faster with the tide than against it is not borne out by facts, according to the New York Engineer. The Norwood steam launch has made two runs with the tide and against it with just one-fifth of a second difference in her speed. This might be owing to many causes. The same result has been noticed in trials of foreign torpedo boats.

Beauty Is Its Own Excuse.

In his songs of labor Whittier wrote these lines:

Ain't perfect flowers no moral need,
And isn't beauty reason enough?

For the idea of this line Whittier says in a foot note that he is indebted to Emerson in his sonnet to the Rhodora

If eyes were made for seeing,
Then beauty is its own excuse for being.

Soft Heads.

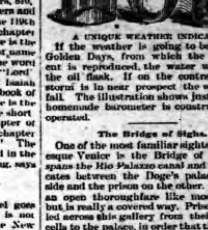
If the hand is soft, flabby and without resistance, according to palmistry it indicates a character lacking energy and force To it nothing flies of the same nature, but and round at their base, but dwindling almost to a point at the tips, like a funnel These belong to a lymphatic organization more particularly.

Curious Young Folks

A HOMEMADE BAROMETER.

An Easy and Entertaining Lesson in Science for Boys and Girls.

The barometer here illustrated can be readily made by any one old enough to read this description. The requirements are few and easily obtained. Given a wide mouthed pickle bottle or glass jar, a clean Venetian oil flask and half a pint of water, and the materials are all told. Then pour the water into the jar until it is two-thirds full, insert the oil flask upside down into the jar so that the neck of the flask just enters the water, and the instrument is complete.



A UNIQUE WEATHER INDICATOR.

If the weather is going to be fine, says Golden Days, from which the foregoing cut is reproduced, the water will rise in the oil flask. If on the contrary a rainstorm is near the pressure of the air will fall. The illustration shows just how this homemade barometer is constructed and operated.

The Bridge of Sighs.

One of the most familiar sights of picturesque Venice is the Bridge of Sighs. It spans the Rio Palazzo canal and communicates between the Doge's palace on one side and the prison on the other. It is not an open thoroughfare like most bridges, but is really a covered way. Prisoners were led across this gallery from their doomed cells to the palace, in order that they might hear the sentence of death passed upon them. They were then taken to the place of execution. It is easy to find in this use of the bridge the reason of its name. Water loo bridge in London is often called the Bridge of Sighs, because so many poor wretches have flung themselves from it into the black waters of the Thames below.

The Hawk and the Turkeys.

While a turkey in a Michigan farmyard was *leading around her little flock* in search of food, the air above was darkened by a hungry hawk about to swoop down on the young turkeys. The mother turkey rose up in arms instantly and tried to drive off the hawk, but finding herself weakening she drove the little ones under a sloping board, where the hawk could not reach them readily. Then she sped away, and in a few minutes returned with a flock of unbefeathed adult turkeys, and the whole party made a combined attack on the barnyard pirate and beat him off. Then the little ones came forth from their hiding place and there was a chorus of gobbles and whistles of triumph.—Golden Days.

How Little Boarding Yard Pirates.

It is not always pleasant to take medicine, especially bitter medicine. Girls and boys who have to take nauseous or unpalatable drugs will sympathize with the heroism of Robert Browning. He, when a boy, never shrank from the draft, however nauseous. It is said that, when the physician arrived for Robert to be doctored, the little lad asked the household to assemble. Then, taking the glass in one hand, he said:

Good people, all who want to see
How boys can drink and look at me,

And quaffed the draft.

Mammoth Trees.

If you would see the giants of the vegetable kingdom, says one, go to that land of *natural wonders*, the state of California. There the largest pine trees grow. Some of them are over 300 feet high and measure nearly 100 feet around at the base. When, several years ago, one was cut down, the vast table was used as a dancing floor by nine parties. These trees are called Wellingtonias, giants, and though an attempt has been made by patriotic Americans to name them after Washington, the compliment to the iron duke still holds the field.

The Youthful Queen of Holland.

The youthful queen of Holland gains an added material knowledge of economics and cattle at her own little farm near the royal castle at Het Loo. Here she has her pastory yard, whose inmates she feeds herself, and her mother, who, she has done all the planting and cultivating, and from which she gathers the flowers she arranges for her mother's apartments. In the house is the kitchen where the little queen learns to make tarts, and there in a drawing room, where she and her dolls hold high carnival.

A Happy Family.

YOU MAY SEE FOR YOURSELF HOW HAPPY THEY LOOK.

Out in the meadow in sunshiny weather,
The duck and the drake went strolling together.

The drake wore a necktie and carried a cane,
The duck wore an ulster in case it should rain.

The little ducks followed and cackled with glee
And they were as happy as ducklings could be.

The Cloud.

The cloud has its voice of teaching:
What are you doing, white little cloud,
Up in the heavens, sailing so proud?

Helping my brothers, here in the blue,
Hide the sun sometimes, baby, from you.

Where are you going, flying so slow,
White cloud, so lazy, I'd like to know?

Gathering raindrops out of the air
For the poor flowers, dying down there.

Good Health

DRINKING AT MEALS.

A Popular Misapprehension — Medical Men Advise to Take Fluids with Food.

A great deal of misapprehension is found to exist in the popular mind, says The Medical Press, in regard to the habit of eating and drinking; the cause of this to some extent is to be traced to old time sayings, which have come down to us to the effect that a certain limited number of somebody's opinion upon a subject of which he or she was woefully ignorant. One of these misapprehensions to which we refer is as to the injuriousness of taking fluid with meals. One frequently hears it laid down as a maxim that it is bad to drink with your meals, it dilutes the gastric juice."

Upon this matter Mr. Hutchison remarks in the last number of his Archives: "I observe with pleasure that the verdict of general experience and common sense here confirmed by scientific experiment in the matter of taking fluid with meals. Dr. Tor O. Stratchevsky, of St. Petersburg, after elaborate trials, announces the following conclusion, which is is to be hoped no future experimenters will controvert—as the whole body is quickly saturated by taking fluids during or just before one's meals proves to be rational and fully justified on strict scientific grounds. To take fluids with the meals is allowed an important an ailment to digestion as is the mastication of solid food preparatory to swallowing it. It is obvious, however, that there is a limit to the amount of fluids that can be swallow with impunity—not to speak of comfort—just as much with meals as at other times." It would be dangerous to create a general impression that fluid is good with food irrespective of quantity. It is, moreover, a well ascertained clinical fact that an excess of extraneous fluid does retard digestion in some people, and gives rise to discomfort in most. A little attention to one's sensations in such matters will far better fit the average intelligible limit than all the "data" in the world.

A Case of Peculiar Eyes.

A correspondent of Nature, who labors under the peculiar inconvenience of having a right eye of normal power and a short-sighted left eye, has the following to say about them: "The numerals on the face of a clock five-eighths of an inch high are visible to the right eye at twelve feet distant, but in order to discern them as clearly with my left eye I require to bring that organ of vision as near to the figures as eight inches. On looking at my gold watch hanging on my breast in daylight, and with both eyes, the chain colored yellow and toward the left, is perceived by the right eye, while a steel chain, another part of the same column, small, and the black, under artificial light, like weak purple. The right hand side of the face looks ruddy and is lost to the right eye, being commingled with the larger, darker letters seen by the shortsighted left, which cover it like the mere mention of a subject. Middle life was reached before the discovery was made. These opportunities must be gone through with issues, for objects gradually being resolved altogether with the right eye, all than the latter would be for is to supply a little more light. The perception of the difference of color is as good with the one eye as with the other.

Fruit Acids.

It is true that fruit eaten green or before meals will interfere with digestion, but ripe fruit will not cause bowel troubles, but one fruit that is perfectly ripe at meal time and only insulated results will follow, according to Mackenzie. Acids prevent putrescence degeneration, keeping the bones elastic as well as preventing the accumulation of earthy matters. This is because acids are powerful agents of the solids. Manufactured acids are not as harmless as are those which nature has prepared for us in the various kinds of ripe fruits. Fruit is perfect food when fully ripe, and if it were in daily use from youth to age, there would be less gout, gall stones and stones in the bladder.

Etiquette

NOVELTIES IN STATIONERY.

Fashion's Influence in the Matter of Paper for Social Correspondence.

The goddess of fashion, like other mundane rulers, is fond of exending her dominion and exercising her dictation in matters outside those of personal adornment. In stationery her influence is felt just now on the side of delicate cream colored paper, with a smooth surface and opaque texture, so that inquisitive people cannot unduly their curiosity through the envelope.

A new English paper is an almost square sheet, folded once to fit into an envelope of decidedly new shape, being about five inches long and only 2¼ inches deep, and this same form is repeated in a smaller size, the flap being as long as the envelope and three-quarters of the width. New correspondence cards in the same style are long and narrow and tan colored.

An English concession to the popular Russian craze is the bright saffron yellow papers to be seen bordered in black and surmounted by a motto written in Russian characters. It is a strange idea for mourning use, and stranger still when used out of mourning.

Delicate pearl gray, light chamois and pale blue tints are also used, but the thick, creamy white paper, with the address printed in small colored letters at the head of the page, is still the favorite.

There is a lovely blue tone applied to cards, menus and invitations, as well as to note paper. The crest, monogram or address on this is done usually in white, and here, as in other kinds of stationery, the letters are frequently a copy of the hand writing of their owners.

Children's stationery is prettily printed with flowers and little figures.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
13 25 6m

50c a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 9 a. m.

The steamer "Virginia" from New York, March 23, at 11:30 a. m.

The steamers for Hamburg leave March 12, 29; April 8, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get your cabins and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. cor.

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

'EDSALL'S!

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

Frazee Goods: Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 56 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 25c.

Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full-size, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

Fruit of the Loom—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 unbleached muslin at 6c. Good Unbleached, 5c; best prints 5c; white blankets, 49c and $1 19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa. Look out for announcement of our second Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 20 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 20tf

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic,

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.25. Half value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $2, yours for 79c.

300 yards extra fine all new damasked table linen, 70 inches wide; value 65c., our price 42c. 60 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c. kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our unbleached 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1. our price 79c

We ask special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose, value 25c., our price 19c.

Gentlemen these are 1000 fine Embroidered Silk and Tuck Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for, our price 25c.

Our sale of fine iron granite ware still continues. This is the finest lot we have ever offered and you pay less than the same price that you pay for good tinware.

Van Emburgh & White.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 10 cent purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
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House-furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices the' others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 4 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

NEW FIRM.—HOMAN & CAREY.

Having been assigned the goods and chattels of J. V. F. Ryerson, No. 31 Somerset street, we will proceed to close out the same in the next

Ten Days at COST.

The property consists of 22 Wagons, 4 Sleighs, 35 Sets of Harness, light, heavy single and double; 100 Whips, 75 Horse Blankets, 150 Collars, lots of parts of harness, Sheets, Big Bells, Springs, Channels and a thousand other things Also a large lot of wheelwrights' supplies, Blacksmith supplies

Open until Nine o'Clock Evenings.

HOMAN & CAREY.

2 25tf

LENT HAS ARRIVED!

And we are prepared to supply everybody with FISH of all kinds at prices way down.

Choice Codfish, 2 lbs. for 15 Cents,

Big stock extra Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Yarmouth Bloaters, Sardines from 5c. box Salmon, Lobster, Brook Trout, Celery.

BUTTER—We sell the BEST 25c. Table Butter to be had in the city.

Headquarters for New Crop Teas and Fresh Roasted Coffees.

Store Open Evenings until 9 p. m.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye lasses and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour!
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light!
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in its favor. Buy a 48 lb sack and make a test, or better still buy a barrel We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Flower Bran, and make a specialty of restaurant Oats. Leave your order.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture, AT CAREY'S,

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 4th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Ext. Tables,

Dinnerroom Chairs, Rattan, Lounges, Folding Bed, Mattresses, Stands, Crockery, Cook Stoves, etc.

Terms Cash.

T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

PELTON

Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

O. M. DUNHAM,

50 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

P. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., February 25, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To Provide for the Licensing of Auctioneers.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That licenses may be granted by the Common Council to such and so many persons of good character as to said Council may seem fit, as shall from time to time think proper, to carry on the trade or business of auctioneer, or to act in the capacity of auctioneer.

Section 2. That every application for any such license shall be in writing signed by the applicant stating his place of residence and that he will conform to the provisions of this ordinance.

Sect. 3. That no person shall carry on the trade or business of auctioneer in said city or sell or offer to sell by auction at any place in said city any merchandise, goods, chattels or personal property whatsoever, without having first obtained under the provisions of this ordinance under penalty of a fine not exceeding fifty dollars for every such offence, and every sale by auction at which such contract shall be construed to apply to the sale of real estate, or any interest in or lease of real property.

Section 4. That every person licensed under this ordinance shall at the time of receiving such license pay into the hands of the City Clerk for the use of the City Treasurer for the use of the city, the sum of twenty-five dollars and in no case shall the license fee of fifty dollars be refunded.

Section 5. That every license granted under the provisions of this ordinance shall expire on the first day of March next following the date of such license.

Fees—$4.50.

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P. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., February 25, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To Amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Licensing and Regulation of Peddlers, Hucksters, Carmen, Hack, Omnibus, Stage and Truck Owners and Drivers," approved March 1, 1886, and Supplements of May 1, 1888, and September 17, 1890.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That section 4 of the ordinance whose title is cited in the title to this ordinance be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. That in making any application for license to carry on the business of peddler or hawker, the applicant shall specify whether he proposes to carry on such business with a horse and wagon, or with a hand cart, or on foot without a wagon or vehicle, and upon being licensed shall at the time of receiving his license pay into the hands of the City Clerk for the use of the City Treasurer the following sum for each and every time he may carry on the business of peddler or hawker, that is to say: If with a horse and wagon; the sum of fifteen dollars in case he intends to be engaged in the carrying on of such business for the term of ten dollars in case his business is to be carried on but without a horse and wagon.

Every person licensed to carry on the business of peddler or hawker under this ordinance shall at the time of receiving such license pay therefor the sum of five dollars for each and every day he may carry on the said business. Every license shall be issued to the City clerk to be by him paid to the city treasurer for the use of the city, and no part of the money paid for any license once granted, every person licensed shall pay to the City clerk his fee of fifty cents for issuing same.

Fees—$4.50.

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P. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., February 25, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Repairing and Permanent Improvement of East Fourth Street.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That East Fourth street from Park avenue to Broadway be improved and repaired with broken stone for the full width of the roadway between the curbs, and the width of fifteen feet on either side of the curbs thereof, and that the curbs be reset where necessary, and for a depth of eighteen inches, and that the same be done in the manner and form following, that is to say: The stone shall consist of the first appearing the stones and boulders of property owners, but of the many removed for the grading of the streets at the general expense, by order of the Legislature, enacted "An act to authorize cities to grade streets and to provide for the payment of the costs of the streets at the general expense," approved March 16, 1871.

Section 2. That all Ordinances inconsistent herewith are to the extent of such inconsistency hereby repealed.

Fees—$4.50.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

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P. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., February 25, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To Amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Prevent the Keeping of Swine in Certain Parts of the City of Plainfield," approved August 7, 1882.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That section 2 of said ordinance be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. That every person licensed under this ordinance shall at the time of receiving such license pay into the hands of the City Clerk for the use of the City Treasurer for the use of the city, the sum of twenty-five dollars and in no case shall the license fee of fifty dollars be refunded.

Section 3. That every license granted under the provisions of this ordinance shall expire on the first day of March next following the date of such license.

Fees—$4.50.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

THAT STREET RAILWAY

A MEETING HELD THIS AFTERNOON.

The Plainfield Street Railway Company Completes its Organization To-day—Thos. Nevins of Newark Elected President.

The Directors of the Plainfield Street Railway Company met in the office of Lawyer W. L. Hetfield, on Park avenue this afternoon, and organized by electing Thomas Nevins, of Newark, President.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved that the executive committee be authorized to at once lay the tracks of the railway and to enter into the necessary contracts for that purpose.

A NEWS reporter was informed by one of the Directors that the route was the same as has been already published, excepting that Park avenue will be omitted.

It is understood that the Company have substituted Broadway. The Common Council may take action on street railway matters to-night, ignoring the claims of this company and throwing the matter open to fair competition.

The Plainfield Company got its franchise while the combine was in power, and the city had no chance in the matter, the franchise being all one-sided. The Mayor refused to sign it, and it has been in litigation since.

BREVITIES.

—St. Patrick's Day will occur one week from next Thursday.

—Cards are out for a reception at Fanwood to be given soon.

—The Borough Council will meet in adjourned session this evening.

—The work on Dr. Cooley's new sanitarium is progressing rapidly.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session this evening.

—The recent fair of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum netted the Society $1,400.

—If you are a resident of North Plainfield don't fail to vote to-morrow before going to business.

—A sheet of heavy blotting paper cut to fit and slipped in the shoe is a good substitute for overshoes.

—A number of the liquor dealers feel confident that Council will grant them a license this evening.

—The puzzle advertisement of Mr. Frank G. Mason is causing considerable comment. Can you read it?

—The Council should take into consideration the side-walks on East Third street. They are dangerous.

—Westfield is to be lighted by electricity. At a recent meeting of the Town Committee a franchise was granted.

—Magic lantern exhibition and banjo music at the Boys' Club this evening. All members and their friends are invited to attend.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a sociable in the parlors of the chapel next Thursday evening.

—The members of the Independent Gun Club are to hold a shooting contest on their grounds in North Plainfield Wednesday afternoon.

—*Men are engaged laying pipes for the* block system, which is to be extended from its present terminus on the Central Railroad, to Bound Brook.

—Few plays come with a heartier recommendation than Denman Thompson's "Old Homestead," which will be presented at Music Hall as advertised elsewhere.

—A number of colored people, men and women, enjoyed themselves last evening dancing in front of the depot while waiting for the milk train, which was due at 11 o'clock.

—Saturday evening Policeman Cooney arrested a woman aged seventy-three years. She was under the influence of liquor and was found walking around the streets of the city with no shoes on.

—Everybody in North Plainfield knows Mr. Edwin L. Mowrey, the publican candidate for mayor, as a man well worthy of the office, for which he is nominated, and the same can be said of *Councilmen Hallock and Powell, who* have served long enough to show that they are competent and are entitled to an election by the people.

—The annual meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian churches of Plainfield will be held in the chapel of the Crescent avenue church, Tuesday March 8th, at 3.30 o'clock. Mrs. Walter Condit, a travelled in missionary lands, will make an interesting address. All people who are interested are invited to be present.

—When "The English Rose" company left the Grand Central station Thursday morning it required two passenger coaches and one baggage car to carry the people and the scenery for the trial production of the play. This trial will probably occur Tuesday afternoon. Turner over a $1,000 and will, it is believed, insure a perfectly smooth performance on Tuesday evening, March 8th, at Proctor's Theatre.

—The 19th annual meeting of the Woman's Baptist Foreign Missionary Society will be held on Wednesday March 9th in the First Baptist church. Afternoon session at 2 o'clock, evening service at eight o'clock. Mrs. E. M. Waterbury, formerly of Madras, India, will speak both afternoon and evening. She is a highly talented woman and is well worth hearing. Other interesting addresses and meetings may be expected. A very cordial invitation is extended to all.

—A ticket headed "Republican," is in circulation in the Second ward, has on it the names of Messrs. Saunder and Neal and Connolly, Democratic candidates, for Mayor and Councilmen respectively, it is being circulated slyly. Look out for it. We want no shamming, no sailing under false colors. Are Messrs. Saunders and others ashamed of their own tickets? It looks so. We can respect straight-out Democrats. What can't they think of candidates willing to take a nomination from three parties, but willing to stand by their own colors. Bah!

WONDERFUL ALASKA.

WRONGLY SUPPOSED TO BE WORTHLESS.

Among Its Unlimited Resources are Seal and Other Furs, Gold, Iron, Copper, Coal, Codfish, and Salmon. —Its Fine Climate.

A very interesting lecture about Alaska was given Saturday evening at Vincent chapel on West Front street, by the Rev. Dr. Jackson, who has for many years been a Presbyterian Missionary in that country.

He began his talk by telling the story of an Esquimaux Indian prince who was told many years ago by a missionary that in the North, at certain seasons of the year, water became so hard that armies could walk upon it, whereupon the prince said "I thought you lied before, and now I know you lie." That is the picture of the South, who had never heard of such a thing, it was an impossibility for water to become hard.

"Americans in general," said Dr. Jackson, "know as little of the wonderful arctic region as did the Indian prince. Alaska has been so misrepresented that nearly everyone thinks of it as a worthless country, yet it is the only purchase by the United States that has ever paid for itself. The country contains 600,000 square miles, or to make a better illustration, it is as large as all that part of the United States east of the Mississippi river. It has one of the largest rivers in the world, the Yukon, which is 1900 miles long and 30 miles wide across in five months, and averages 5 miles in width. It has nearly 50 volcanoes, 20 of which are active. Mt. St. Elias in South Eastern Alaska rises 19,000 feet above the level country or over 5,000 feet higher than Pike's Peak, Colorado. The greatest gold mine in the world is in Southeast Alaska and turns out from $60,000 to $70,000 worth of gold every month. The gold is 996 mined in veins as in Colorado and other Western mines but is quarried in a holesale manner, washed and reduced.

There is enough cod fish off the Aleutian Islands, south west of and part of Alaska, to supply the world. All the Alaskan rivers teem with salmon and other food fish. The Seal Islands west of Alaska have alone paid into the U. S. Treasury $9,000,000 or nearly $2,000,000 more than was paid to Russia for the entire country by the United States during Grant's presidential term, and though more than was paid to Russia for the entire country by the United States during Grant's presidential term, and though many times this amount is now the property of San Francisco capitalists have agreed to pay this government $1,000,000 a year for the right of the seal privileges.

The great gulf stream which, sweeping from Japan, strikes the western shore of America, giving Oregon and California their delightful climates and productive soil, also touches the Aleutian Islands and southern shore of Alaska, and, though the popular idea of the American is based on the fact that the country is too cold for white men to live in, official records of the Government of Southeastern Alaska for the past fifty years show that the average temperature Winter and Summer is the same as that of Richmond, Va. The resources of the country are unlimited.

The Esquimaux along the southern coast, unlike the ones of the Greenland, Labrador, Iceland and Northern Alaska, are giants in size. Both men and women are great athletes. They regard American women as pigmies. They are a splendid race, but have a terrible form of worship to which they sacrifice many children. They are fond of female infants or buy them as soon as weaned from their mothers to be the wives of an infant son. They are paganized slaves and may be killed or otherwise disposed of at will.

This state of affairs existed only a few years ago. The interior of the country is inhabited by Indians, the Esquimaux only living along the coast.

There are now missions and missionaries of nearly all the Christian creeds distributed through this wonderful country, though they are from 800 to 1,000 miles from each other. They are doing much good work.

The only post-office for all Alaska is at San Francisco, 4,000 miles away. Mail is delivered once a year.

The extreme western point of the Aleutian Islands which are included in the Alaska boundary, are as far west of Washington as Liverpool, or to central New York, so that San Francisco is really the central city of the United States.

After the lecture Dr. Jackson met and told many other interesting facts to some of the audience.

He is to lecture more of Alaska than any living white man.

Bouncy or Saunders?

Will the Borough elect a well known citizen or try an experiment?

The Republican candidate for Mayor of the Borough has been identified for many years with its interests. The people know him to be an able and reliable man under whose guidance their interests will be safe. There is nothing uncertain about him. He will make a mayor to be proud of.

The Democratic candidate is also a gentleman. It is conceded that among the "400," as a society leader and manager of amateur theatricals, he is a success, but his residence in the borough has been short. He has never been identified with its interests and is not familiar with its needs. His election at best would be an experiment, and experiments are dangerous, as people of Plainfield last year learned to their cost.

Borough Republicans, Beware!

Many false reports are being circulated in the hope of catching Republican votes to-morrow. Do not be deceived. You all know that Edwin L. Mowrey can be relied upon. He is a safe man. You can make no mistake in voting for him. Cast no complimentary votes. That is an old dodge but it some times works. Try no experiments.

Congregational Conference.

The congregational conference of North New Jersey will be held in the First Congregational church of Elizabeth on Tuesday, March 15th. There will be morning and afternoon sessions. The ladies of the church will entertain the delegates.

"THE POET OF MUSIC."

LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN—FAMOUS FOR HIS NINE SYMPHONIES.

Rising From Obscurity to Become the Idol of even Princes—World Wide Fame at His Death—Over 20,000 People at His Funeral.

[The previous articles of this series from the same pen appeared as follows: I. "Handel and Bach," in No. 2. II. "Haydn, Mozart and Clementi," in No. 3. III. "Beethoven and the Sonata," in No. 4. IV. "Instruments and Instrumentalists," in No. 5. V. "Origin of the Aria," in No. 6. VI. "Gluck and the Rise of French Opera," in No. 7. VII. "The Father of Modern Music and Program Music," in No. 8. VIII. "Weber and Romantic Music," in No. 9. IX. "Mendelssohn and Oratorio," in No. 10. X. "Mozart, the Prince of Melody."]

NO. XI.

There is no name in music that is more synonymous with power and strength than is Ludwig Van Beethoven. His compositions were the essence of all that is great in music and the personification of the grand and majestic.

Bonn was the place of his birth, but the exact time is unknown, though it is usually understood that it was about December 16, 1770. This is the date which he took, although there is a difference of two years' time between that date and the one found in the church registry at the time he was christened.

His first lessons were learned with many tears and he always had to be driven to the piano.

At the age of nine his father turned him over to a tenor singer to learn as much as could from him, which, however, was not a great deal.

He also took with an Italian scholar, who taught him Latin, French and Italian.

When he was ten years old his Italian patron died, and he composed the funeral march

The first step of importance in his career, he took while studying under Neve, who was his first teacher on the piano. It was a case of working for both with teacher and pupil. Neve was the only person who could get Beethoven to do anything for him, for the boy had an utter disregard for all rules.

When Beethoven was twelve years old his teacher Neve received a sudden call out of town, which would detain him several days. His great faith in his pupil's ability he left him alone to conduct the whole choir. This he did very successfully, and a year later was given a position under Neve, but received no pay for his services. While holding this position he wrote three sonatas and a song.

About this time his brother was taken very ill and died. Then Beethoven thought he ought to receive a salary, as he was doing a few duties as a regular organist, but fourteen years old. The only means of support the family had was the father's salary for 25 years of the royal private singer.

The great gulf stream which, sweeping from Japan, strikes the western shore of America, giving Oregon and California their delightful climates and productive soil, also touches the Aleutian Islands and southern shore of Alaska, and, though the popular idea of the American is based on the fact that the country is too cold for white men to live in, official records of the Government of Southeastern Alaska for the past fifty years show that the average temperature Winter and Summer is the same as that of Richmond, Va. The resources of the country are unlimited.

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LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

WEBSTER REFUSED BAIL.

Judge Cowing Claims that he has not the Power to Release him on Bail.

New York, March 7th. (Special.)—Judge Cowing of the Court of General Sessions, set this morning as the time when he would hear argument as to why and why not Burton G. Webster, whose trial for the killing of Charles E. Goodwin, Jr., ended last week in a disagreement of the jury, should be admitted to bail pending a new trial.

At 11 o'clock, the hour set for the hearing of both sides of the question, Mr. Howe, with Judge Peter Mitchell, for the defense, and Assistant District Attorneys McIntyre and Stapler, for the people, were in court and ready to proceed. The court room, as during the trial, was crowded with the curiousness.

Judge Cowing says: "I think I have not the power to admit him to bail. The Legislature has given that power to the Supreme Court or the Court of Oyer and Terminer. I deny the motion for want of power, and do not prejudice your case. I have no doubt it is a bailable case."

Going to Capture the Soudan.

LONDON, Eng., March 7th. (Special.)—The Wien correspondent of the Daily News says: "The report is confirmed that the Khedive intends capturing the Soudan. Great Britain has declined to sanction anything beyond the reconquest of Dongola."

THE TEMPERANCE SERVICE.

A Meeting Held in the Park Avenue Baptist Church Last Night.

There was a large congregation present at the Park avenue Baptist church last evening to take part in the song and temperance service. The service was a very interesting one. Both Dr. A. H. Lewis and the Rev. Mr. Fornald made addresses. The programme for the evening was as follows:

PROGRAMME.

1. Organ Prelude, Offertoire in F.....Grison
2. Invocation.....Rev. Ferdinand Tousey
3. Hymn 67.....S. C. Bruce
4. Responsive Reading.....Psalm 19
5. Hymn 68.....Rev. F. F. Hatfield
6. Solo—"Jesus Loved Him."(Mrs. M. E. Bruce)..... Neil Scott.
7. Scripture Reading.....Henry Lewis
8. Quartette—"Comfy, My Saviour.".....Hassell
9. Prayer.
10. Chant—Lord's Prayer.
11. Offertory, Venite in G.....Emerson
12. Solo.....Rev. S. C. Fornald
13. Solo—"Our Heavenly Father." (Mrs. F. F. Hatfield)
14. Hymn.....Rev. A. H. Lewis, D.D.
15. Address.....Rev. A. H. Lewis, D.D.
16. Benediction.
17. Anthem, Parting Hymn, (from Lambkiston) Arr. by Emerson
18. Postlude, Festal March.....Frost

The Borough Aroused.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Saturday night's Press, the official organ of the Democrats, announced that if Wm. L. Saunders is elected mayor he can be relied upon to bring the Borough into Union county. The Democratic leaders in the Borough, disgusted by their failure to secure the offices, are anxious to play dog-in-the-manger and then prevent their political opponents from holding them. They are circulating all kinds of false reports by which they hope to catch votes. Let no one be deceived. The Borough is not yet ready to become a ward of the city. Let well enough alone.

CONSERVATIVE.

PERSONAL.

Miss MacIntosh of Elizabeth spent last week with Mrs. William Gibbs of Fanwood.

Mr. and Mrs. George Thatcher, formerly of this city, spent yesterday with friends here.

Mr. Lewis Levy of New York has been on a visit to his sister, Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street.

The resignation of the Rev. A. R. Dills, as pastor of the Park avenue Baptist church has been accepted by the Board of Trustees.

Mrs. F. H. Andrews of Broadway, returned a few days ago from an extended southern trip. The weather south was at times cold enough to make a sealskin necessary. Savannah it has not been so cold for fourteen years.

North Plainfield has never had a better mayor than the one who now fills that office, the Hon. Chas. Pinco. He will preside at the final meeting of Council to-night. He was urged at the primary to accept a re-nomination for the third, which he declined, saying that he had served long enough to be permitted to retire, promising, however, heartiest support to the Republican candidate, to secure his election.

A New Bowling Club.

At a meeting of the Plainfield Gossip and Turning Society held yesterday a bowling club was organized among its members. The following officers were elected:

Captain—Prof. August Walter.
Secretary—Charles Durier.
Treasurer—A. G. Vogeler.

The club will bowl every Wednesday evening.

A Runaway on Second Street.

A horse attached to a carriage, supposed to belong to Seymour G. Smith of Central avenue, became frightened on West Second street shortly after five o'clock yesterday afternoon, and ran away. The horse was unattached at the time. It was caught in North Plainfield. No damage resulted.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

"YES Mr. Headshaker of course you don't believe H-O superior to these common oatmeals"—Here is our remedy for prejudice—

More than H-O ever be brakfast.

Auction Sale to Close Out Consigned Stock

of J. V. F. Byrnes, 33 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J., on

Wednesday, March 9th, 1892,

AT 2 P. M., SHARP.

Consisting of 3 buckboards (1 two-seated), 1 road wagon, 1 depot wagon, 1 canopy top wagon, 1 surrey, 1 delivery wagon, 2 spring delivery wagons (very fine), 4 single sets, (2 cut, 2 very fine two-seaters), 1 large sealer, and lot of odds and ends.

Also a number of second hand wagons and harness taken in exchange for new ones.

Surreys, Road Wagons and Buggies.

TERMS.—All sums over $25, 3 months' credit by approved note at First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

CAN YOU? READ IT

IF NOT, CALL ON

F. L. C. Martin,

Corner Park Avenue and Fourth Street.

HORSES AT AUCTION!

At METROPOLITAN STABLES, (Opp. Depot), Plainfield, N. J.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9,

at 10 o'clock, sharp. We have already received over a fifty carload to this sale, and more are coming in every day. They will be the best lot of horses ever offered in this vicinity. Several matched pairs that are fine, stylish drivers.

BUSINESS AND FARM HORSES.

Standard bred trotters and colts. In fact the assortment is complete. Remember day and date. Catalogues may be had upon application.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E RIDER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 26, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Eugene Fouchere has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous, vinous, malt and fermented liquors in quantities less than one quart to be consumed on the premises, at 61 Liberty street, in the Fourth Ward, which application will be heard

Simeon Harris, David Barry,
Forrest Wormser, Andrew Close,
W. H. Sanford, Edward Gilbert,
Neil Scott.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why said license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 14th day of March instant.

All applications must with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. BUNTON, City Clerk.

Cent-a-Word Column.

HELP WANTED.

A YOUNG man wanted at Denton's Hillside Avenue Nursery, by the month or year. 7 3

WANTED—A lady to canvass Plainfield for small, quick selling article. Apply at 61 Park avenue. 7 1

WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework. 40 Willow avenue

WANTED—A carpenter for job work. Apply at pocket, locker planer, price $2; large discount. Send stamp for circular. Somerset Planer Press Co., 125 Broadway, New York, room 20 7 6

FOR SALE.

ANYONE purchasing a horse at the auction sale next Wednesday, which is warranted, is allowed a trial until following day at 4 p. m. 3 9*

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Ridgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to D. G. Mallard, real estate broker, Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 13tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely situated on Metuchen road, near New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey. Will be sold cheap. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 128, Dunellen, N. J. 26 3m

NEARLY all of the house to be sold at the combination sale, are thoroughly sold and ready for immediate use by purchasers. 3 9*

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Rider & Co., agents. 2 12tf

SEVENTY-FIVE horses will be sold at sale at Metropolitan Stables, 128 Sycamore, next Wednesday, at ten a. m. 3 9*

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Bodine, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 col 16*

FOR RENT.

$25 PER MONTH will rent house, 7 rooms, bath, and stable, 48 East Sixth street. J. W. Johnson, La Grande avenue. 5 2

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 10 Somerset street will be for rent. Call 11 Somerset street. 2 26 tf

FIVE nice rooms to let, with water, Jackson avenue. Call 119 Jackson avenue. 7 2

FOR RENT or for sale. A Flat house at 48 Second street. Apply to Mrs. Ford or call cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-12-tf

MLODDEN to rent at 30 cents month. M. Denton, 120 Hillside avenue. 5 2

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with bath, hot and cold water. Price $20. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 27tf

THE office at No. 9 East Front street is for rent. Call there or address Box 1, Plainfield. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Frazee store, 19 Somerset street. 2 26tf

SHADE trees, Doer's mammoth asparagus, and greenhouse plants, at Denton's Hillside Nursery. 5 2

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

Friday Eve'g Mar. 11

DENMAN THOMPSON'S

Celebrated play,

THE OLD HOMESTEAD

Under the management of H. A. McFarland Scenery New. Company same as last season.

PRICES—75, 50 and 35 Cents.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Manor of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

A

Household Necessity

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER AND STEAM COFFEE COOKER, now for sale at 61 Park avenue, are attracting a great deal of attention and praise. They become everything cooked by steam is far superior to any other cooking.

The Coffee retains all the nutriment and sweetness, and weighs just as much after cooking as it did before. There is no need to boil coffee or scald coffee while cooking in the Steam Cooker.

Mr. Beach, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park Avenue. (Old stand of the Women's Exchange.)

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS

PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' section. Office and store—69 East Front street.

NEW Spring Dunlap Style OF DERBY, Out TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY. MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1892.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The decrepit old joke about a woman not knowing how to sharpen a lead pencil may now be decently buried and buried deep till resurrection morning. A woman has invented and patented a machine for sharpening lead pencils.

Some time ago, previous to finally making up its mind on the question of the American hog, the French government sent a special agent, M. Duclos, to this country to report on the inspection to which our meats were subjected by government. M. Duclos made his tour and when he completed it said: "I am glad to express my eminent delight over what I have seen. I consider the inspection of pork to be perfect in every particular, and I shall so report to my government." The credit for gaining our pork this good reputation abroad belongs to the agricultural department.

American play writers complain bitterly because managers prefer foreign plays to theirs. They say they can get no recognition at all from those who control the theater representations. The reason is simple, and it is because, with few exceptions, Americans do not write as good plays as foreign authors. American play writing is now nearly where American literature was when Sydney Smith asked the contemptuous question, Who reads an American book? Ocean of home dramas are constructed, but they are not good enough in the majority of cases to put upon the stage. We have far more good American players than plays. Those Americans who have proved their ability in this direction—Bronson Howard, De Mille and Belasco, Sydney Rosenfeld and Thomas—have no lack of appreciation to complain of. Theater managers are very glad to get a taking new play. They welcome it as a publisher does a taking new book. To develop the dramatic literary genius that is in this nation—that is all our playwrights have to do, and they must keep on trying and failing till by and by some one of them will suddenly spring a great American play on an unexpecting world. This is sure to come.

New American Ships This Year.

On the coast of Maine, at Boston, New York, Wilmington and Baltimore on the Atlantic shores of our country shipbuilding started out unusually active this year. At Bath, Me., a vessel that will be the largest American sailing ship afloat is being constructed. It is a 4,000-ton vessel 312 feet long. A steam whaler will soon be turned out from the same port, and it is here that the naval cruiser No. 6 is approaching completion.

On the Pacific coast the shipbuilding ports are San Francisco and Portland. At Portland the attempt will be made to construct passenger ships of the whaleback pattern. The work at San Francisco is largely connected with the United States navy, but great activity is manifest. Even more interesting and important is perhaps the nautical progress made on the lakes. Buffalo will turn out this year a 3,000-ton steamer, as well as an 18-knot twin screw vessel. There has lately been completed at Detroit a curious steam vessel, designed to run altogether under water. The steamer is driven by reversible propellers, working amidships. These also regulate the depth of immersion of the boat. All there is above water is an observing tower two feet high. If the invention is successful it will be a valuable addition to the American navy. Last of all at West Superior, Wis., the native home of the whaleback freight ship, the original company that built this type of vessel is preparing a fleet of six great whalebacks for the Canadian Pacific Railroad company.

A Mysterious Disappearance.

Mr. B. Jones Monaghan stepped out the door of his suburban Philadelphia home at West Chester on the 24th of last September and remarked that he was going to New York on business. He said the same thing to his business partner and went away. That evening he telegraphed his partner that the business would require him to remain in New York till next day. It was not till several days passed that any anxiety was felt concerning him. Then the family and partner became anxious and his brother went to New York. The telegram Monaghan had sent several days before was traced to a hotel and found to be genuine. Thence on he was as one dead. Not a sign, not a trace could be found of him.

His accounts were examined and all found correct. His home was happy and his habits were exemplary. Detectives, the best in America, were put on the case, but all was no good. Mr. Monaghan was believed to have been murdered in New York. And at length, when all hope of ever seeing him alive had been abandoned, came a cable dispatch from Melbourne, Australia, dated Dec. 3, saying that Mr. Monaghan was there and in good health.

Later came a dispatch that he would sail for home in January, which he did. His own explanation sounds simple enough. It is that while on the verge of lunacy from insomnia he had wandered away, hardly knowing whither. But the story proves that, even in this age of photographs, telegraphs and detectives anybody can disappear if he wants to and nobody can find him.

BLOODSHED IN MEMPHIS

Three Deputy Sheriffs Shot Down by a Negro Mob.

A FIERCE RACE WAR IS IMMINENT.

Every Man in the Place Is Now a Walking Arsenal, and If Any of the Wounded Sheriffs Die There Will Be Some Lynching—Forty Negroes Under Arrest.

MEMPHIS, March 7.—Trouble has been brewing for some time between the whites and blacks in the lower quarter of the city, and Saturday night's attack on three deputy sheriffs by a mob of negroes threatens to bring matters to a crisis, and bring on a race war that will culminate in serious bloodshed. The trouble was precipitated Saturday night by an attempt to arrest Will Stewart, a negro desperado, for whom Judge Dehose had issued a bench warrant. Deputy Sheriffs Charles Cole, Robert Harold and Avery Young found Stewart about midnight in Calvin McDowell's grocery store, at the corner of Mississippi and Walker avenues, surrounded by a crowd of friends.

The negroes had been expecting the raid, and were armed with Winchesters and shotguns. At the appearance of the officers the negroes opened fire, and the three officers fell, all badly wounded. They returned the fire, but none of the negroes were hurt. A posse of deputy sheriffs, who had been searching for Stewart, and who were in the immediate vicinity, came to the rescue and fifteen of the blacks were placed under arrest. The shooting caused the greatest excitement in the neighborhood, and fifteen minutes after the first shot was fired every white man was armed with a Winchester.

The wounded men, all of whom were at first thought to be fatally shot, were taken to the hospital and are still alive. Officer Cole is in a dangerous condition, however, and will hardly survive. The others, it is now believed, will recover. The police have placed fourteen more negroes under arrest, charged with complicity in the shooting. If Officer Cole should die further trouble is expected, as the whites living in the vicinity of the shooting are thirsting for revenge.

Every Man a Walking Arsenal.

The excitement over the shooting of the three officers is increasing. The air is thick with rumors of a race conflict and groups of excited white men gathered on the streets to discuss the situation. This afternoon a meeting of citizens was held at the court house to decide upon a plan of action. After a prolonged discussion it was decided to call upon all good citizens to tender their services to the sheriff to aid him in keeping the peace. That official accepted the offer and several hundred men were sworn in as deputy sheriffs. Every white man in town is a walking arsenal now, and should the negros renew the trouble the uprising will soon be put down. The scene of last night's tragedy is in a locality notorious for its toughness. It is a hangout for roustabouts and thieves and the authorities have always experienced great difficulty in maintaining law and order.

The negroes in that section of the city are all armed and they are making open threats of applying the torch. The police and deputy sheriffs are arresting every suspicious character to be found, over forty having been lodged in jail. The Chilsaw Guards, Hibernia Rifles, Rouscier Zouaves and the Bluff City Artillery, numbering 1,000 soldiers, are now turning out under arms ready to respond to the call of the sheriff. The negroes are filling up on whisky and an outbreak is feared before long.

Four shotguns and a lot of pistols and knives, which were taken from the negro prisoners, are in the hands of the police. Tom Moss and Will Diggs, two of the inciters of the riot, are letter carriers.

If Deputy Sheriff Cole had died in the morning, as was reported, the entire party would have been taken from the jail and mobbed, as preparations were made and the intention was not changed until it was found that Love was alive. It was reported that the negroes were holding a mass meeting and that a preacher was advising them to deliver their brothers from the jail, but officers failed to find any foundation for the rumor.

Four Negroes Killed.

LOUISVILLE, March 7.—Meager details of a fierce battle between negroes and white men in Metcalfe county have been received here. The fight took place at Clark's Crossing, five miles east of Edmonton, the county seat. A number of white men who had lumber yards on their way home when they met a negro, and as they passed one of the party, who was probably drunk, struck the colored man with his whip. The negro threatened to "get even." The white men stopped at a distillery near by, and the negro returning a short time after with eleven others, a pitched battle ensued, during which four negroes were killed and several others wounded, two of whom will probably die. The sheriff of the posse have gone to the scene of the trouble.

The Car Heater Exploded.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 7.—The car heating apparatus in the smoking car of an Atchison train was exploded with fearful force and Conductor Lemon and fifteen passengers were buried in the debris in the front end of the car. When they were extricated it was found that every person in the smoker was more or less injured but only two of them seriously.

Perry's Victim Is Insane.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 7.—McInerney, the express messenger who was shot by Oliver Perry, the train robber, a week ago at Lyons, is insane. He has been out of his head at intervals ever since the shooting. His mother is also in a dangerous condition from the effects of the shock.

Fierce Tropic Fancy Goods.

NEWARK, N. J., March 7.—Articles of incorporation of a company for the manufacture of fancy articles from tanned tripe have been filed with the county clerk. The capital stock is $100,000. James W. Dockert is the inventor of the process.

The Field Jury Disagrees.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The Field jury disagreed last night after a night's fight thought the erratic financier insane and four thought him insane. Judge Van Brunt may now decide the matter himself or order a new trial.

Pelham W. Shipman a Suicide.

BALTIMORE, March 7.—Pelham W. Shipman, son of Judge Shipman, of New York, who escaped from the Maryland Insane asylum last week, shot himself dead in a cab in this city.

Barrios Succeeds Barrillas.

PARIS, March 7.—It is announced from the Guatemala legation in this city that General Reyes Barrios has been declared president of Guatemala.

THE NEW YORK CENSUS.

An Increase of Ten Per Cent. Over the Federal Count.

THE PLAN FOR REAPPORTIONMENT.

An Extra Session of the Legislature Will Be Called to Decide What Each County Is Entitled to and the Local Supervisors Will Then Partition Out the Districts.

ALBANY, March 7.—The returns so far received by the secretary of state from the enumerators indicate that by Wednesday all or the returns from the cities will be filed. Until all are filed the enumeration tables cannot be compiled as the absence of one district would prevent a complete table. So far as the returns show a net gain of about 10 per cent. on the Porter census. There are in the state 4,000 election districts and of these there are already filed 1,500. The country districts, in which there is no city, come in slowly, and the northern counties are not heard from at all yet.

However, it is expected that the enumeration will be completed early in April and that a few weeks later the tabulations will be printed and ready for examination by the members of the legislature. The governor will then call an extra session of the legislature, for the courts have decided that the extra session can reapportion lawfully as well as the next legislature. Contrary to general belief, however, the legislature does not do the entire reapportioning, but the supervisors of the various counties will have something to say. The legislature simply says what number of assemblymen, senators and representatives each shall have and then the supervisors lay out the election districts.

The constitution says in that regard that the legislature shall apportion the members of the assembly among the several counties of the state and the boards of supervisors in such counties as may be entitled under such apportionment to more than one member except the city and county of New York, and in said city and county the board of aldermen shall assemble at such time as the legislature may by law appointment shall prescribe and divide their respective counties into assembly districts, each of which districts shall consist of convenient and contiguous territory equal to the number of members of assembly to which said counties shall be entitled, and shall cause to be filed in the office of the secretary of state and the clerks of their respective counties a description of such districts, specifying the number of each district and the population thereof.

New York and Brooklyn's Increase.

The counties of the state to which this now applies as having more than one member and thus giving its supervisors a chance to partition the state, and which are Albany; 2; Cattaraugus, 2; Cayuga, 2; Chautauqua, 2; Dutchess, 2; Erie, 5; Jefferson, 2; Monroe, 3; Niagara, 2; Oneida, 3; Onondaga, 3; Orange, 2; Oswego, 2; Otsego, 2; Queens, 2; Rensselaer, 3; St. Lawrence, 3; Saratoga, 2; Steuben, 2; Ulster, 3; Washington, 2; Wayne, 2; Westchester, 3. In many instances these will be changed, and it is understood that Washington, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus and St. Lawrence will only have one. However, this depends upon the census returns and the scheme of reapportionment according to population.

The counties so far complete and having finished their returns to the secretary of state are: Oneida county, population 128,-699, an increase of 677 over the Porter census of 1885; Kings county, population 965,-977, an increase over the Porter census of 149,930; New York county, population 1,726,841, increase 281,000; Chenango county, population 40,000, decrease 1,000; Delaware county, 55,337, decrease 259; Fulton county, 38,504, increase 854; Genesee county, 33,491, increase 236; Jefferson county, 69,907, increase 1,001; Niagara county, 64,321, increase 747; Putnam county, 14,165, decrease 634; Rensselaer county, 129,257, increase 4,746; Saratoga county, 54,000, decrease 1,016; Schenectady county, 34,681, increase 4,284; Schoharie county, 20,289, decrease 265; Schuyler county, 16,791, increase 89; Tioga county, 20,567, decrease 342; Tompkins county, 35,055, increase 2,132; Ulster county, 87,-269, increase 207; Wayne county, 49,345, decrease 284.

The Changes Contemplated.

It is believed the congressional reapportionment will be made in accordance with an already prepared plan. The principal changes contemplated are: Taking Richmond county out of the First district and placing it in the Seventh, thus leaving Manhattan island in the former and giving Kings county only four congressmen, where it now has five; giving New York ten districts, where it now has only nine; taking Columbia out of the Twenty-first district, placing it with Rensselaer and putting Ulster in its place; taking Washington out of Fifteenth; Hartford, Fifth, and uniting it with Essex, Clinton and Franklin, and constituting the other districts as follows:

Twenty-first, Albany; Twenty-first, Greene, Otsego, Schoharie, Montgomery and Schenectady; Twenty-second, Herkimer, Fulton and Hamilton, Saratoga and Warren; Twenty-third, Oneida, Lewis, Clinton and Franklin; Twenty-fourth, St. Lawrence, Jefferson and Lewis; Twenty-fifth, Oneida and Oswego; Twenty-sixth, Delaware, Chenango, Madison; Twenty-seventh, Onondaga, Madison; Twenty-eighth, Wayne, Cayuga, Seneca, Courtland and Yates; Twenty-ninth, Genesee, Tompkins, Schuyler and Steuben; Thirtieth, Ontario, Livingston, Wyoming, Genesee and Orleans; Thirty-first, Monroe; Thirty-second, Erie (part of Buffalo); Thirty-third, Erie, Niagara, Thirty-fourth, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Allegany.

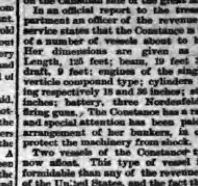
As at present constituted these districts are: Sixteenth, Putnam, Dutchess, Columbia; Seventeenth, Ulster, Greene, Delaware; Eighteenth, Rensselaer, Washington; Nineteenth, Albany; Twentieth, Schenectady, Schoharie, Montgomery, Fulton, Hamilton; Twenty-first, Clinton, Essex, Warren, Franklin; Twenty-second, St. Lawrence, Jefferson; Twenty-third, Oneida, Lewis; Twenty-fourth, Schoharie, Otsego, Herkimer; Twenty-fifth, Onondaga, Cortland; Twenty-sixth, Madison, Chenango, Broome; Twenty-seventh, Oswego, Wayne, Cayuga; Twenty-eighth, Tompkins, Chemung, Schuyler, Seneca; Twenty-ninth, Ontario, Steuben, Yates; Thirtieth, Livingston, Monroe; Thirty-first, Wyoming; Thirty-second, Erie; Thirty-third, Erie and Niagara; Thirty-fourth, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Allegany.

Caught Smuggling Clothing.

L. Dresser, March 7.—George F. Lewis, a merchant tailor, and Frank May, both of Sombra, Ont., were arrested while smuggling clothing across the river.

Telegrapher Dillon Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—William H. Dillon, a well and favorably known telegrapher, died of consumption at his home here.



MOURNING DRESSES.

FASHIONS

MOURNING MODES.

Deep Mourning, Half Mourning and Combinations of Colors.

With the death of the Duke of Clarence the principal London drapers and milliners turned their attention most particularly to the development of taking styles in mourning fabrics and garments, some of which are here described. As half mourning will be worn at the first drawing room it is predicted that the exceedingly becoming and handsome combinations of black and white and gray and white will be largely worn, not only by Englishwomen, but Americans as well, during the next six months. Jet is sure to be a fashionable trimming again. Already one sees bunches of violets, white feathers and white ribbons in the decoration of many black hats and bonnets.

The illustrations in the cut are of two imported mourning gowns, one for day and one for evening wear. These are worth looking at, for in addition to being pretty they show the newest shapes in bodices. The day dress is made with a banded bodice, which is striking contrast with the long basque so popular this winter. It is in black faced cloth, and extremely simple. The basque is cut and drawn into a soft bow at the neck and a belt of silk embroidery with revers. The chief thing to admire about the dresses now is their accurate fit. Skirts are molded to the figure with as much precision as bodices. The evening gown is made of fancy figured net over silk, and has black net sleeves over the front. It is also made with a full fashioned skirt. Crape is nowadays used only in deep mourning. It is depressing, expensive and unwholesome. But as the queen is a great stickler for crape and regulates everybody's mourning, it may be more fashionable this year than it has been for some time. Half mourning hats are trimmed with jet and ribbon. Piquancy is avoided as far as possible, but for all that there are some very smart black hats trimmed by French fingers. By the way, widows' bonnets are exactly the same shape as the fashionable pork pie hood, though they are made on a much smaller scale.

Popular mourning materials are rough serges, such as single or double twill cheviot serge, Cheviot crape cloth is also being worn for every day, while cashmere royale (a mixture of silk and wool, with a rich appearance like silk), crape imperial and peau de soie are for better wear.

Boulanger's Estate.

PARIS, March 7.—The courts have assigned a portion of General Boulanger's property, being a moiety of 113,778 francs, less debts to the amount of 19,518 francs. Madam Boulanger is entitled to 47,130 francs and the generals daughter receives nothing.

A Noted Frenchman Dead.

PARIS, March 7.—Ritmone Arago, brother of the famous astronomer, died here ninety years old. He was a journalist and playwright early in life and was compromised as an actual, taking part in the revolutions of 1834 and 1848. In 1870 he was mayor of Paris.

His Father's Murderer.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 7.—James McDonald has died from the result of shots fired by his son five weeks ago. Five weeks ago the son was sentenced to six years' imprisonment for the assault. He will now be tried for murder.

A Railroad in Trouble.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., March 7.—Judge Sandlow appointed Walter B. Ritchie, of Lima, receiver for the Pittsburg, Akron and Washington railroad. The company is in debt over $300,000.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is guaranteed to make objects seem as near as the trees of the orchard. Its power is that of a field glass costing $5.00. Sent to any address on receipt of price. Order by number. Send for circular. QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS is the best low priced instrument for close work.

Prices	Diameter of Objective	Length when closed	Number of Lenses	All in Aluminum
$1.50	1 1/2 inches	3 1/2 inches	2	with strap.
$2.00	1 3/4 inches	4 1/2 inches	3	

The largest size is the most powerful. On receipt of price we will send any of the above by return mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,
Manufacturers.
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—37 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Wilsberger's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.
Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewer's & John Bull's pickles.
79 BROAD WAY.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
72 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

EITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

BROWN & HILL'S
Shaving and hair cutting parlors, in PARKER'S BLOCK, SOUTH AVENUE Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

THE DIME
SAVINGS LIMITED
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE
P. O. BOX 1007.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. E. SPENCER,
Nos. 76 and 78 Fulton street, grocer and provisioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock, stone and glass ware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Fresh goods at a motion.

MISS LINDSAY,
Has holiday goods for office, 24 West Front street. Good glove cleaner, etc. Also has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 27 y

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Fancy Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE STAR TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
88 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating pinchecal screens for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Bookstock tanning and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

C. BUCKINGTON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye glasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor.
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Prunes, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thrown by renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of patronage patronage.
DAVID CLARKE,
Successor to J. S. Clark, deceased.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Dress breaking and fine production a specialty.
No. 97 Dover St., Fort Plainfield.

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
66 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES.
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper washing. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 25 W est Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Conveyancers, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR B. TRAIN,
Attorney at Law, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 33 and 34. Importers and Traders' Bank building. Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two months' time given. Only responsible party employed or by the Board of Health. Parties desiring work will find it satisfactory. Orders received at Fort Plainfield Post Office, or 304 East Front street, Garden and Field Fertilizers $15 ton; $8 ton. Telephone call 23.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. They BEST give better satisfaction than any. Our PRICES, if you cannot get both as cheap.
But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Wrappers, Embroidery cottons, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

MRS. PLATT HAD A PISTOL

And Her Husband Asserts That She Tried to Shoot Him.

SHE SAYS SHE IS BEING HOUNDED.

A Sensational Outcome to the Divorce Proceedings in Which Young Martin B. Waller Figured as the Alleged Co-respondent—Mrs. Platt Incarcerated.

BROOKLYN, March 7.—Mrs. Minnie La Tourette Platt, who early last December was sued by her husband, William H. Platt, of 19 Fort Greene place, this city, for an absolute divorce, in which suit Martin B. Waller, son of ex-Governor Waller, of Connecticut, was named as co-respondent, came to the front again in a startling manner. Mr. Platt accused her with attempting to shoot him on the street, and she was locked up on a charge of attempted murder. Mr. and Mrs. Platt have not lived together since their separation prior to the divorce suit.

Mr. Platt in his complaint says that his wife was only prevented from shooting and possibly killing him by the prompt action of his friend, John Reid, of 668 Herkimer street.

Mrs. Platt, on the other hand, says her husband and his Masonic friends have been hounding her since the trial of the divorce suit. She only put her hand to her pocket and threatened her husband to make him go away, she says, when Mr. Reid caught her and drew from her pocket the pistol which he turned over to the police.

Mrs. Platt is twenty-seven years old, a pretty brunette below the medium height. Mr. Platt is staid, as becomes his years, for he is nearly twenty years older than his wife. He is living at 19 Fort Green place and Mrs. Platt has been boarding at 225 Livingston street.

She Threatened to Kill.

Patrolman Mehnin Shields was attracted to Livingston street, near Hoyt, by a woman's screams. An instant later, before he could reach the spot where two men and a woman stood, one of the men called to him to place the woman under arrest. When the policeman approached Mr. Reid told the officer that the woman had tried to kill her husband.

"She threatened to kill him and drew a pistol," said he, "but I took it from her before she could use it."

Platt corroborated Reid's statement and insisted that his wife should be taken to the police station, where he made a formal complaint against her.

He told the sergeant at the desk that he had met Mrs. Platt by accident while strolling through Livingston street. She had a bottle with her, he said, which she had taken out to have filled with whisky. She stopped him and reproached him because the thirty dollars' alimony which he agreed to pay when they separated had not been paid for this month and then drew the pistol to kill him.

Mrs. Platt was very much excited but denied that she had drawn the pistol from her pocket and that she intended to kill Platt. She was quite composed when interviewed in her cell later and denounced the whole proceeding as a part of Mr. Platt's prosecution, which he had kept up since their separation.

She left her boarding house, she said, with a bottle, which she intended to have filled with alcohol at a neighboring drug store.

Mrs. Platt's Story.

"I had scarcely left the stoop," continued Mrs. Platt, "when I met Mr. Platt, who was waiting with John Reid and Michael Fenton, in the house of Platt, Masons. They were going to dog my footsteps, as they have done persistently since Mr. Platt failed to get a divorce, in order to obtain evidence on which to found a new application.

"Now, Mr. Platt's Masonic friends have all come to his rescue and are doing all they can to aid him in securing a divorce. They have combined against a weak woman, and wherever I have gone for weeks past some body has followed me. The three men approached Mr. Platt spoke to me and denounced me. He has not paid this month's alimony and when I spoke of this fact he grew as abusive that I feared he would do me violence.

"Just as a bluff I threatened to hurt him if he did not leave me, and put my hand to my dress pocket, in which I had the pistol. As I did so John Reid caught me and dragged the pistol from my pocket. Then when the policeman came Reid and Mr Platt told him that I had tried to kill Mr Platt and produced the pistol as evidence.

"I repeat that I only wanted to frighten them and compel them to leave me alone in future."

The pistol—a 22-caliber of the Defender pattern, Mrs. Platt explained, she had bought from a woman with whom she boarded, who intended to break up boarding keeping.

"I was going to move to the country," added Mrs. Platt, "and purchased the pistol in case I should need it for use against tramps or burglars."

Mrs. Platt will be arraigned in the Adams Street police court.

The Noted Divorce Case.

Martin B. Waller, secretary and treasurer of the Long Island Brick company, of Greenport, L. I., and a son of ex-Governor T. M. Waller, of Connecticut, was the correspondent named in Mr. Platt's suit for divorce, which took nearly a week to try before Judge Osborne and a jury in the Brooklyn city court. Mr. Waller did not offer to appear and the subpoena servers could not find him.

Witnesses testified that they saw Mrs. Platt and Waller together at the Long Branch hotel, at Fulton and Sands streets, on the night of July 5 last, and that they were enabled to see the pair in a room together by means of reflections from a mirror in the room.

One of the witnesses, Samuel McCreary, a brother-in-law of Mr. Platt, also claimed to have seen the pair reflected in a mirror when he looked into the same room on July 27. A waiter in the hotel testified that he served breakfast to the pair several mornings, before they arose.

Mrs. Platt, in her defense, said she met young Waller on a Kings County L train on June 24 last. He occupied a room at the hotel where she was, and on two occasions she accompanied him to Coney Island, where they had their pictures taken. She denied all wrong-doing or that she had said that she would allow her husband to get a divorce so that she might marry Waller.

Several architects and builders showed plans of the rooms to the jury and said that it was not possible for the witnesses for Mr. Platt to see what they had claimed. The jury in the case was out nearly all night and returned a sealed verdict on December 23 declaring Mrs. Platt not guilty.

Mesercle Joins the Church.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Previous to the sermon at Plymouth church, Brooklyn, yesterday, Dr. Edwin H. Mesercle, who killed Theodore Larbig, was admitted as a probationary member.

More Than He Bargained For.

"Well," said the merchant to the young clerk, when he had sent out collection "did you have any luck?"

"Some."

"I suppose you got the amount Mr. Partington owes. You said he was a personal friend of yours."

"No, I didn't get the money; the fact is I don't exactly know what to make of my experience there."

"How was it?"

"I went in and said, 'Mr. Fatherington I called to speak about a matter'— I didn't get any further when he put in with, 'That's all right, my boy she is yours, take her and be happy.'"—St. Louis Republic.

Hopeful Views.

Little Dick—The school is closed because so many children is sick.

Mamma—They will probably be all right again in a week or so.

Little Dick (hopefully)—Perhaps the rest of us'll be sick then.—Good News.

EDWARDS PIERREPONT DEAD

He Was Ex-Minister to England and a Noted Jurist.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Edwards Pierrepont, ex-attorney general, ex-minister to England and ex-judge of the superior court is dead. Edwards Pierrepont was born in North Haven, Conn., March 4, 1818. He was prepared for college by the late Noah Porter, the distinguished president of Yale university, and was graduated from Yale in 1837. In 1840 he completed his legal studies at the New Haven Law school and accepted the invitation of his intimate friend, Hon. P. C. Wilcox, of Columbus, O., to join him in the practice of his profession in Columbus. He remained in Columbus until 1846, when he removed to New York city.

His great talents as a jurist were soon recognised and in 1857 he was elected a judge of the superior court of the city of New York. He resigned this office in 1860 and returned to the practice of his profession. A speech that he made a year and a half before the fall of Fort Sumter, in which he predicted the civil war, attracted much attention. In 1862 President Lincoln appointed Judge Pierrepont, in conjunction with George Bancroft, to try the prisoners of state then confined in the various prisons and forts of the United States.

In 1864 he was one of the most active in organizing the "War Democrats" in favor of the re-election of Abraham Lincoln.

In May, 1873, Judge Pierrepont was appointed United States minister to Russia, but declined, and in April, 1875, he was appointed attorney general of the United States, remaining in the cabinet of President Grant until May, 1876, when he was sent as United States minister to Great Britain.

The Great Berry Has Resigned.

LONDON, March 7.—Berry, the hangman of world wide reputation, has resigned all his official duties here because he was ordered by the prison doctor to change the length of the drop. Berry maintained that his long experience was worth more than all the doctor's theories, and would not obey the order. When informed that he must change the length of the drop or resign he promptly resigned. He says he will travel in the United States and Great Britain and gives lectures in all the large cities on criminals and their last hours.

Their Struggle Ended.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Fernleigh L. Montague, an English artist, aged fifty seven, of 518 Fourth street, northeast, shot and instantly killed his wife, Emilia. He then shot himself in the mouth, dying instantly. The cause of the deed cannot be definitely learned as the parties lived alone but it is attributed to despondency and a desire on the part of both to end the struggle.

Confiscated by the Kaiser.

BERLIN, March 7.—A whole edition of the Berlin Gegenwart has been confiscated for publishing a criticism of the emperor's Brandenburg speech. The article in question states that William was injuring the respect of his subjects for the throne, and that all German tradition and education were against an "Absolutism by the grace of God."

The Logging Season Opens Early.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 7.—The log jobbers have received orders to break landings and turn the logs loose without further delay, as there are indications of a rise in the streams. It is believed that at least 100,000,000 feet of logs can be driven through on the first flood.

A Theater Burned.

OMAHA, March 7.—The Eden Musee was burned, but by hard work the building was saved from total destruction but all the scenery, rare paintings, curios, etc., were either burned or so badly damaged by water as to render them unfit for further use.

Want Their Hours Reduced.

HARRISBURG, March 7.—Trainmen on the Philadelphia and Reading divisions of the Pennsylvania railroad want a reduction of the hours of labor, and a committee has been appointed to present their grievances to Superintendent Gucker.

The Fire Extinguisher Exploded.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—John T. Sweeney, foreman of No. 3 truck, was killed at a fire in a lunch stand. A Babcock extinguisher, which had recently come from the repair shops, exploded, the bottom striking him in the neck.

Actor Welch Killed.

BOSTON, March 7.—Fayette Welch, an actor, was shot and killed by William F. Flannery, a variety performer professionally known as William F. Gould. Welch had called Mrs. Flannery some hard names.

Says He Is Mayor Washburn's Son.

NEW YORK, March 7.—William B. Washburn, who claims to be the son of Mayor Washburn, of Chicago, is locked up in this city charged with intoxication.

Springer Not So Well.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Representative Springer is not so well. There has been a slight reappearance of erysipelas.

BULLIVAN WANTS TO FIGHT.

A Sweeping Challenge by the Big Fellow to All the Foreign Mixers.

ST. PAUL, March 7.—Mitchell's challenge to John L. Sullivan has made the latter (who is behaving splendidly now) furious, for if there is any body in the world John L. hates it is Mitchell, with whom he has sworn to get even for their runaway match in France. Mitchell's talk has not the champion fairly aching for fight, and he has issued the following sweeping challenge:

I hereby challenge any and all of the blatherskites who have been trying to make capital at my expense to fight me either the last week in August or the first week in September of this year, at the Olympic club in the city of New Orleans, for a purse of $25,000 and an outside bet of $10,000, the winner of the fight to take the entire purse. I insist upon a bet of $10,000 to show that they mean business. We are ready to put up the entire $35,000; first come, first served.

I give precedence in this challenge to Frank P. Slavin, of Australia, as he and his backers have done the greatest amount of blowing.

My second preference is the lumbering sparrer, Charles Mitchell, of England, whom I would rather whip than any man in the world.

My third preference is Jimmy Corbett, of California, who achieved his share of bombast, but in this challenge I include all fighters who are white. I will not fight a negro. I never have and I never shall.

I prefer this challenge should be accepted by some of the foreigners who have been sprinting so hard after the American dollars of late, as I would rather whip them than any of my own countrymen.

The Marquis of Queensberry rules must govern this contest, as I want no fighting, no racing, and I intend to keep the championship of the world where it belongs, in the land of the free and the home of the brave.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

Mitchell Wants to Meet Sullivan.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—Frank P. Slavin and Charles Mitchell were asked what they intended to do about John L. Sullivan's challenge. Mitchell said he would make any and every concession to get a match with Sullivan. Slavin said: "I will not talk fight with John L. Sullivan until after I meet Jackson. If I succeed in defeating Peter, I will then ask John L. to dance to my music."

Maher Will Kill Himself.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 7.—Peter Maher, the Irish champion, tried to hurl himself headlong from a car window while the train was going full speed, but was prevented by Bob Fitzsimmons, who whipped him in New Orleans. Maher is very despondent and says he will end his life.

SEVENTEEN LIVES IN PERIL.

A Dastardly Attempt to Burn Up Four Sleeping Families.

TROY, N. Y., March 7.—Early this morning flames were discovered in the two story double building 368 Second street, which contained the families of Mrs. Kinney, John Corrigan, Timothy Collopy and James Lowrie, in all seventeen persons. They were all sleeping soundly when the odor of smoke and kerosene awakened Corrigan. He immediately aroused his family and succeeded in awakening the other tenants, who, however, found all avenues of escape cut off by the flames. The women shrieked and ran wildly about, in their desperation throwing their children from the windows to the crowd which had gathered below.

In the meantime, the fire department, which had arrived at the scene, made heroic efforts to subdue the flames, and, with the aid of citizens who kept pouring water on them, soon succeeded in extinguishing them. Chief Engineer Byron immediately instituted an examination, which left no doubt that the fire had been part of a dastardly plot. The police were called in, and their investigation disclosed that the attempt was attributable to Nicholas Connell.

Connell, it appears, called last night, while drunk, and demanded to see his wife, who is living with the Corrigan family and who separated from him nine months ago. Seeing in the condition, Mrs. Corrigan denied his request and ordered him out of the house. He attempted to force his way when Mrs. Corrigan repulsed him with a poker, cutting him. Mrs. Connell, who heard the frances, says that she heard her husband say: "I'll get even; I'll burn the house and every one in it." Connell, who was found in a neighboring saloon, denies his guilt and asserts that he can prove an alibi.

And All Is Now Lovely.

ZANESVILLE, O., March 7.—The sensational trouble between Mrs. A. W. Carroll, sister of Governor Boyd, of Nebraska, and her husband has come to a sudden termination. Charges and counter charges of unfaithfulness and attempted poisoning had been made, but through the intervention of their pastor and mutual friends they were brought together and explanations and forgiveness followed, and all is now lovely.

Governor Pattison Presided.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 7.—The William Clare Allison Memorial Methodist Episcopal church, of this city, was dedicated before an audience of a thousand persons from all parts of the country. The platform meeting was presided over by Governor R. E. Pattison, who delivered an able address, followed by Bishop Bowman and Dr. May Perice.

Huns and Slavs Pleased.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—President Hugo Kaul, of the "Slavonian" bank, at Mount Pleasant, has left town with about $10,000, the savings of the foreign element of that place. The Huns and Slavs threaten to tear the place down, and trouble is expected.

Leeds Asked to Resign.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—From good authority it is learned that the attorney general has requested the resignation of ex-Sheriff Leeds, at present United States marshal. Leeds has been drinking heavily and complaints have been sent to Washington.

Jealousy Causes a Murder.

MENOMONEE, Wis., March 7.—Farmer Pallard and Knopps, living near this city, engaged in a fight in which Knopps was killed. Pallard accused Knopps of being too attentive to his wife.

A Syndicate After the Road.

CHICAGO, March 7.—A syndicate of Indianapolis, headed by John C. Shaffer, has been given a thirty days' option on the Citizens' Railway Company of Indianapolis for $2,750,000.

Early California Fruits.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—Apricot, peach, almond and prune trees are in full bloom and the crop of apricots and cherries will be two weeks earlier than usual.

Victoria's Son-in-Law Dying.

BERLIN, March 7.—The grand duke of Hesse, husband of Queen Victoria's daughter Alice, has been stricken with paralysis and is dying.

Mayor Mc[illegible] Falls.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., March 7.—The Hotchkiss-Hawkins Hardware company has failed. Hotchkiss is mayor of Great Falls.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS—EFFECTUAL

FOR A

DISORDERED LIVER

Taken as directed these famous Pills will restore females to perfect health, as testified by the above or hundreds like it.

25 Cents a Box.

Sold by druggists everywhere in England and, in fact throughout the world in the "worth a guinea a box" sense of the word. Ask for WELLS' CURE and take no other. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and that they have saved so many precious lives is our best money guarantee.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

New York Depot, 309 Canal St.

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INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

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MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 66 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

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Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Best class of work guaranteed. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Somerset streets, Plainfield N. J. Speaking. First-class workinterior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 225.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood work of every description. Corner Second and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 6 Rogers street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Estimates Chicken cheerful, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1305. Jobbing attended to. Best carpenters employed on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 161.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 5.

W. J. Pearse, No. 13 Vine street. R. R. Depot. Jobbing promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 29 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and windows made a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Station in Jersey City, foot of Newark avenue.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 34, 4 37, 5 39, 6 15, 6 28, 6 56, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave Jersey City at 3 45, 4 45, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave Newark at 6 45, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 45, 7 55, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05, 11 45 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 8 15, 8 25, 9 15, 10 15, 11 35 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 35 p. m. Sunday at 9 15, 10 35 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 35 p. m.

Connections for Newark and New York and Camden and Atlantic City.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 35 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 35 p. m. Sunday at 9 15, 10 35 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 35 p. m.

Connections for Newark and New York and Camden and Atlantic City.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 50 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 50 p. m. Sunday at 9 30, 10 50 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 50 p. m.

Connections for Philadelphia and Bethlehem.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 50 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 50 p. m. Sunday at 9 30, 10 50 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 50 p. m.

Connections for Philadelphia and Bethlehem.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 45 a. m., for Flemington, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge and Chicago.

8 05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Saucon and Mauch Chunk.

8 30 a. m. for Flemington, Delaware bridge branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge and Chicago.

1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Saucon, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge and Chicago.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, etc.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

9 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 34, 4 14, 5 34 p. m. (Express trains only to Red Bank.) 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 a. m. 12 34 p. m. (Express trains only to Red Bank.) 4 14, 5 34 p. m. (Express trains only to Red Bank.) 6 56 p. m.

For Perth Amboy at 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 34, 4 14, 5 34 p. m. For Port Amboy at 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 a. m. 12 34, 4 14, 5 34, 6 56 p. m.

For Jamesburg at 3 37, 11 09 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Freehold 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m., 12 34, 5 34, 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

For Matawan at 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 34, 5 34, 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

For Long Branch at 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 34, 5 34, 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

For Ocean Grove at 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 34, 5 34, 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

For Asbury Park at 3 37, 6 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 34, 5 34, 6 56 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

For Point Pleasant at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Bay Head Junction at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Lakewood at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Toms River at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Barnegat at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Tuckerton at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Beach Haven at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Little Egg Harbor at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Atlantic City at 6 25 a. m. 12 34 p. m.

For Somerville at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 a. m. 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 9 45, 11 05 a. m. 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m.

For Bound Brook at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 a. m. 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 9 45, 11 05 a. m. 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 p. m.

For Bethlehem 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Easton 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Allentown 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Reading 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Harrisburg 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Pottsville 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Mauch Chunk 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Wilkesbarre 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Scranton 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Binghamton 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Elmira 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Rochester 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Buffalo 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Niagara Falls 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Suspension Bridge 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Chicago 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Tamaqua 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Sunbury 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Williamsport 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Lambertville, Flemington and Belvidere 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Trenton 7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Bethlehem—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Easton—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Allentown—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Reading—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Harrisburg—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Pottsville—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Mauch Chunk—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Wilkesbarre—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Scranton—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Binghamton—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Elmira—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Rochester—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Buffalo—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Niagara Falls—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Suspension Bridge—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Chicago—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Tamaqua—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Sunbury—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Williamsport—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Lambertville, Flemington and Belvidere—7 30 a. m. 4 30 p. m.

For Trenton—

A WAY TO MAKE RUGS OF THINGS USUALLY THROWN AWAY.

I have made six rugs during the past six years—I make one every year since I learned the way—the plan of which I may claim to have invented; at least I have never seen any like them in the material used, and if some one else has the same idea I insist that it is original with me, in that I thought it out for myself. However, I do not intend to patent it, and now present it for approval to such housekeepers as dislike to waste anything.

In every family there are more or less knitted garments which are constantly being cast aside as past wearing—mittens, stockings, hoods, caps, scarfs, shoulder capes. I never put anything into the rag bag that I can ravel, wooden or cotton. As opportunity serves, I ravel and wind into balls any such castoff articles. It is work that children can do, if the mothers haven't much time. Anything strong enough to wind will do, and even short pieces may be used if the knots are neatly tied—a "weaver's knot" is best. Then, when a number of large balls have accumulated, wind them together, about four threaded. There is a chance for the exercise of taste in this particular. A thread each of black, white and red—three colors one will be most likely to have—and one of bit-or-nose—adds and ends wound together—will make a pretty rag. If one thread is cotton throughout, the work will be all the more durable.

Having prepared the yarn, one is ready to make the rag, which is crocheted "slip per stitch" with a medium sized bone hook and in a round or oblong shape, as may be preferred. I like the oblong style. It is shaped by crocheting a chain three-fourths of a yard long and working around it in single crochet, taking up the outside loop of the last row each time. Widen at the corners and center of each end by making an extra stitch in one loop each time around. It will make three radiating points if one recently done. When it is large enough to suit, fringe with the same material by cutting the threads in any desired length and hooking them double into every stitch of the last row, drawing the ends through the loop. This gives a rug which is serviceable, pretty, easily made and costs nothing but its economical leisure hour.—Agnes Roscokrans in Good Housekeeping.

Regularity in Nursing.

The best time to give the child the breast is when it awakes out of sleep, and on its hunger being appeased it will generally again fall asleep without further trouble. The practice which some have of allowing the child to fall asleep with the nipple in its mouth before putting it into its cot is one to be avoided. A practice of this kind very soon becomes a habit with the child, and the mother herself may be astonished to find how great a hold it has taken upon it, and how difficult is the task, even in a short time, of getting the child to fall asleep without the nipple in its mouth.

Regularity in nursing is necessary during the first month, and it must be maintained in all its strictness until the appearance of teeth. The frequency, however, with which the child is fed need not now be so great as up to this time it has been. During the day the breast should not be given more frequently than once every two and a half or three hours, and during the night it should not be given oftener than once every three or four hours. As the child grows older the time which is allowed to intervene between each meal should be increased.

If such directions are attended to it will soon be found that the child will sleep four or five hours without awaking, and the mother will then be enabled to obtain that amount of sleep which is so necessary for her at this time, but, if instead, her nights are constantly disturbed she will speedily suffer in health.

Till the appearance of the first milk teeth the child should be fed exclusively upon the breast milk; after that, which is nature's indication that the stomach has become fit to digest other substances, the child may be given rusks, eggs and bottons and a little of the prepared food. It may be that several of these foods may have to be tried ere one is found that will agree with the child, but when one that is suitable has been got, it should be at once adopted and should not be readily given up.—Manley Tennyson, M. D., in New York Commercial Advertiser.

Women Should Be Thankful.

Talk about women being vain! Bless your heart, they don't begin with the men! What a blessing it is that a man's prettiest notions for fine dress are circumscribed by the limitations of long prevailing fashion! If it is hard to get along with our lazar and our Abraham now, when they are held in check by severe and practical modes at present, what would it be if they were allowed todeck themselves in knee breeches, silver buckles and plumed chapeaux as in days of old? Imagine a scrap, with one's own husband bedecked in strawberry colored trousers, a purple velvet mantle and a three cornered gold lace hat! Any woman would go down before such splendor.

Imagine, if you can, the street car conductor skipping around after fares in abbreviated trousers and ribbon cockades! Wouldn't his lot in life be harder to put up with than they now are? Or if the fat hotel clerk who already crushes what little spirit the waiting men may have twinkled down the long corridor in azure kilts and knee pants! Would we have even the spirit we now possess to resent the lurs and graces? Or if the policeman tripped lightly to and frocver the thronged crossways in buff breeches ending in silken ruffles in knee.

I tell you, my dear, we don't begin to know what we have to be thankful for, that man's egregious vanity is somewhat held in check by long continued and ugly fashions. It is hard enough, goodness knows, to submit to his tricks of superiority and his untasteful ways now, what would become of us should he ever take to flowers and fine feathers? We are ir these vain and haughty lords were permitted to carry out their predilection for dress and thase forth like pinnets in an evening sky, with the full splendor of buckles, silken hose, jeweled garters and satin breeches slashed at the knee!—Chicago Herald.

What Dr. Lemon Will Do.

Do you want to know the name of one of the best all around household doctors, and certainly the cheapest that can be found in any country?

It is Dr. *Lemon*. Yes, an ordinary, sour, yellow lemon, which you can buy at any grocery for a few cents.

Here are some of the things Dr. Lemon will do for you if you give him the chance.

Squeeze him into a glass of water every morning and drink him with very little sugar. He will keep your stomach in the best of order and never let Mr. Dyspepsia, when he hates cordially, get into it.

If you have a bad headache cut Dr. Lemon into slices and rub these along your temples. The pain will not be long disappearing—or at least in growing easier to bear.

If a bee or an insect stings you clap a few drops of the juice on the place and you will find yourself the better for it.

If you have a troublesome corn the doctor can be again put to good account by rubbing him on the toe after you have taken a hot bath and cut away as much as possible of the troublesome intruder.

Dedicoall thistle doctor is always ready to sacrifice himself in the cause of Russian tea—slice him in without sugar—or in the preparation of old fashioned lemonade, than which no drink is more wholesome.

Altogether Dr. Lemon is an individual few people can afford to get along without. —New York Herald.

Where Some Mothers Fail.

Much is said about the depth of a mother's love, and unswerving devotion is claimed to be a never failing trait; but there are many women who, while to all appearances affectionate and devoted to their children, are very much lacking when put to the test. The highest standard of many in training their children is the manner in which their mothers trained them. This is against reason, and in many cases has baneful results upon their children. The better plan is to study each child's individual character and needs and to train him accordingly. No mother should neglect to read much of the pure and wise literature. Some children are easily led in the right way, yet many of these, through a mother's neglect, are the first to fall when temptations beset them.

Many mothers, when their children arrive at years of discretion, say to themselves: "I have taught them right from wrong; they are old enough to look after themselves. If they are foolish or weak enough to fall into sin, I cannot help it; I have done my duty by them; they can now run in their own course. It has been very tiresome, but now I can rest." Many of them do rest. Some are too faintheartet to utter even a protest after a child grows full in age to defend him from folly or wrong conduct. Gently, but unremittingly, do your utmost for your child's good, even though your soul sinks with hope deferred. Some day your child may recognize what his wretched neglect has done for him, and in after years lead him to better things.—Housekeeper.

Odd Employment for Women.

In the most recent of her lectures, entitled "New and Odd Employments of Women," Miss Virginia Penny shows that there are 5,000 more employments for women of today have not engaged, and that their ingenuity in devising new occupations is not excelled by that of man. Persons who have written for the progressive emancipation of woman will find among the occupations she mentions some that are unusually interesting and novel. One woman makes a business of dressing wealthy women for parties, receptions and other social affairs. She selects the materials, directs the styles in which the dresses are to be made and decides upon the jewels, gloves and other accessories. She also dresses and trims the hair, and arranges and keeps the dress. The display of her taste and judgment is well paid for.

A woman in Los Angeles has made a specialty of the art of decorating rooms for dinner and evening parties. She sends her card to all newcomers who have homes and are likely to entertain, and she decorates the rooms with flowers, arranges the tables, festoons the draperies and brings out the harmony of color with wonderful effect. Another California woman, who follows a similar occupation, had charge of all the arrangements at the great Pair building, which will take its place with all the wedding of Herman Oelrichs and Theresa Fair at San Francisco, in May, 1860

Things the Queen May Not Do.

Queen Victoria, not being born a queen, probably learned to read just like other persons But after she became afflicted with royalty she found that a queen is not allowed to have a great many privileges that the humblest of her subjects can boast. For instance, she isn't allowed to handle a newspaper of any kind, nor a magazine, nor a letter from any person except from her own family, and no member of the royal family or household is allowed to speak to her of any piece of news in any publication

All the information the queen is permitted to have must be first strained through the intellect of a man whose business it is to cut out from the papers each day what he thinks she would like to know. These scraps he fastens on to a sheet with a gold fringe all about it and presents to her unfortunate majesty This silken sheet with gold fringe is imperative for all communications to the queen Any one who wishes to send the queen a personal poem or a communication of any kind (except a personal letter which the poor lady isn't allowed to have at all) must have it printed in gilt letters on one of these silk sheets with a gold fringe Just so many inches wide and no wider, yet many inches long. These gold trimmings will be returned to him in time, as they are expensive and the queen is kindly and thrifty, but for the queen's presence they are imperative.—Helen Watterson in Philadelphia Inquirer

Household Pests.

For certain of the commoner pests, such as the bedbug, the carpet beetle, the clothes moths, benzine applied in a fine spray by means of a hand atomizer, is recommended by Professor Riley to be the best remedy, as in most cases it destroys the adult as well as the larva, including the egg In using benzine, however, care must be taken that no fire or artificial light is in the room at the same time, the vapor of benzine being highly explosive.

For cockroaches, bristle traps or fish and meat baits, the professor recommends a liberal use of pyrethrum powder, in the form of either Persian or Dalmatian powder, or buhach.

Fleas are generally introduced into houses by dogs or cats, and the presence of bedbugs is not always a sign of personal filthiness, as they are often found under the bark of trees in the woods, and in country houses may sometimes be traced to this source Keeping everything clean and dry would to be in general a good preventive of insect pests.—Boston Advertiser

Pure Food in the Home.

Ask a number of women what salt they use. Eight out of ten will have no idea. When the box or box is empty another is ordered by the grid, and the kind depends largely on the kind of grocer they patronize. Before settling on any brand of salt it would be a wise precaution to test its purity, which every housekeeper can do to her own satisfaction by placing a small quantity in a clear glass partially filled with water. Stir thoroughly and then set it to settle, when the impurities will float above the salt and show which variety keeps the cleanest and brightest. It is a simple test, but only one of many which the wise housekeeper tries to test the food productions used in her home.

The majority fail to appreciate the large amount of money that have been recently paid to chemists by certain food companies to bring about results not only palatable, but of such pure nature that they will meet the demands of doctors and scientists. Too many people are inclined to look upon food as the most and vegetables which best please their peculiar tastes, without taking into consideration that food is fuel, and that to reach the best development of human life they must have the most nourishing food materials prepared by the most scientific process.—Brooklyn Eagle.

It Does No Good to Tell Her.

If a lover should be false—some slight flirtation perhaps—do you think it does any good to tell the woman? Never. Perhaps many do not agree with me, will tell me there should be no secrets, no hiding concealed between lovers. But surely if a woman's happiness lies in her faith in her lover or her husband, the knowledge of that broken faith means nothing but misery. For no woman can forgive the man who has once been untrue to her; can never forget it—it will always be lurking in her thoughts and coming between all her happiness. While if she knows nothing and has the firmest faith in the man to whom she has given her love, do you not think it is a case of "Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to be wise?" "A fool's paradise," the dissenting ones cry; but a paradise all the same, can which it is surely sinful to spoil by telling things which have no remedy, by breeding distrust and doubt, where only faith should be.—Philadelphia Music and Drama.

The Women of Persia.

Persian women are said to be unusually bright and shrewd as well as very beautiful, with dark flashing eyes and gentle, graceful manners. They are also naturally active minded, with a strongly poetic temperament and a liking for art, letters and poetry, and even their dress shows this. The Persian woman has greater power with her own folk than other oriental women, and in most affairs of importance her influence may be counted on as a factor. She is permitted to enter trades on her own account, to possess independent property, to appear as a witness in courts, and to regulate the affairs of her own household. She does not go to the stake for a woman's sake.—New York Sun.

The Study of Hygiene.

"I often wonder why almost everything under the sun should have a place in a school's curriculum nowadays, and hygiene be left out altogether," overheard a mother who believes in a utilitarian education. "Take plumbing and drainage, for instance, which is a subject of much more important part of the domestic machinery could there be, involving, as it does, our health and comfort? And yet not one intelligent, well educated woman or man in a hundred understands the subject. I should think such a study would be as good discipline of the mind and far more useful than any of the 'ologies' with which children's heads are crammed."—New York Tribune.

Hysteria in Babies.

Do not say your baby is bad tempered when it has attacks of loud crying, especially if the cries are accompanied by stiffening of the limbs, tremblings, or the reverse, limpness and apparent loss of consciousness. A doctor should be consulted and the child treated for hysteria.—New York Journal

A Fearless Maine Girl.

Miss Kate Furbish, Maine's botanist, has traveled thousands of miles over that state in connection with her "Flora of Maine." Unaccompanied by friends, carries no weapons and says she has not, in her twenty years' experience, encountered anything to be afraid of."—Chicago Tribune.

Dry Feet in Thin Soled Shoes.

When the shoe soles have become damp inside and there is no opportunity for the slow process of drying them and no change is at hand, a thin slip of cork sole will be found beneficial in preventing a cold feeling at the sole of the foot.—Shoe and Leather Facts

Old Ladies Hard to Please.

A fashionable dressmaker says, "My most troublesome customers are ladies who presumably are between forty and fifty It is wonderful how much they think of what is becoming and of what is the very latest style. Young ladies are far more easily satisfied."

Substitute for Eggs.

When eggs are scarce put away at night a teacup of mashed potatoes in which has been strained a tablespoonful of sugar, and stir in the corn cake batter next morning. You will find the cakes light and sweet.—Exchange

It is a singular fact that women of means rarely remember the need of women's schools and colleges in their eagerness to endow gifts upon well equipped institutions for men, whose doors are resolutely closed to the woman seeker after knowledge.

Circles of felting, pinked or scalloped, are invaluable to put between choice china plates when piled in the closet

A large number of women in the south are occupied in the raising and transporta tion of rosebuds

This Date in History—March 7.

321—Anastasius Pius, the "good emperor" of Rome, died.
203—Perpetua and Felicita, noted Christian devotees, martyred in Carthage.
1826—Stephen Hopkins, signer of the Declaration of Independence, born in Rehoboth, R. I., died 1785.
1836—Principal fight of the long and sanguinary Seminole war in Florida, occurred between the forces of Gen. Taylor and the Seminole Indians, at Pease River, Texas.
1862—Battle of Pea Ridge, Ark.; it was fought on the 8th, and as the Confederates withdrew on the 9th, was claimed as a victory. Confederate Generals McIntosh and McCulloch were killed; Federal loss, 1,384; Confederate, not reported.
1874—Millard Fillmore, thirteenth president, died in Buffalo; born 1800.
1875—Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, London, aged 72.
1882—Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, London, aged 72.
Claude Louis Mathieu, astronomer, died, aged 91.
1878—Tribute for the Aged in Brooklyn burned and 10 lives lost.
1877—Matilda Heron, actress, died in New York; born 1830.
1880—C. G. Memminger, Confederate secretary of the treasury, died in Charleston; born 1803.
1886—Judge Remington F. Randolph, eminent lawyer, died in Jersey City, aged 73.
1891—Cornelius Vanderbilt gave ball of $10,000 for Chauncey M. Depew.

The Little Man in the Orchestra

If you would go to the play some night
You'll see in the orchestra on the right
A little maestro
And if he doesn't astonish you
With the melodious noise he goes through—
Why, nobody can!

First he plays the I-don't-know-what, whose tones
Sound just as if you were hitting bones
Then, with a jump,
He jangles the chords of the tinnty-tum,
And he's sure to be back when the big bass drum
Requires a thump.

Next the what-you-may-call-it must be played,
And then from the thingummy he'll extract
A tinny sound.
While the fingermores in will wake to life
Till he sets you on edges, like a knife
When it's being ground.

And there are those round brass things, you know
What's the name they give them?—or—or—
they go
Ching-ching! Ching-ching!
Whenever there comes a great big crash
He uses his feet and makes them clash;
Like a rhinoceros!

There's a little bald man on the other side
Who stands up and looks rather dignified;
But don't watch him,
His Eddie's biggest of all, 'tis true,
But the only thing he can make it do
Is to go "zim-zim!"

—St. Nicholas.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	2:14 p. m.	Third Quarter	21	0:16 a. m.
Full Moon	13	7:55 a. m.	New Moon	28	0:18 a. m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
1 23 1m FRANK E. MILLER.

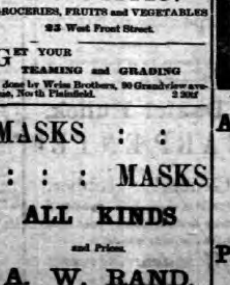
50c a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL.
with HYPOPHOSPHITES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.
The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 3 p. m.
The steamer "Rugia," from New York, March 31, at 11:30 a. m.
The steamers for Stettin leave March 12, 26; April 9, May 7, 21; June 11.
Special rates. Get part cuirs an i tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. ext.

$10 SAVED
ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME
Body Brussels Carpet.
THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.
It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.
EDSALL'S!

CARPETS!
Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.
Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring Novelties in Dress Goods; 40 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 12c yard, worth 15c.
Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full cut, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled
Proof of the Loss—We are still selling the popular brand of 4-4 sea-isl at 5c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 85c and $1 10 pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring sale. Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.
L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

BABY : LAUGHS
when mamma uses



ANTI-CHAP.
For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap
Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with
ANTI-CHAP POWDER
Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.
V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
23 West Front Street.

GET YOUR
TEAMING and GRADING
done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 20tf

MASKS : :
: : : MASKS
ALL KINDS
and Prices.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

SOMETHING NEW
AT
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.
There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $4.75, we close them out at $2.75. Half value.
There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $3, yours for 79c.
200 yards extra fine cr. an damasked table linen, 70 inches wide, worth 65c, price 45c.
50 dozen fine linen glass towels, the kind for 10c.
There is an extra good thing in our undressed 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1, our price 75c
We ask special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.
Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 25c, our price 19c.
Gent's linen shirts are 1000 fine four-in-hand ties and Teck Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for; our price 25c.
Our sale of fine iron granite ware still c ntinues and is the finest in the land We have ever offered, and you buy it at about the same price that you pay for good tinware.
Van Emburgh & White.

CUT THIS OUT.
THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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House-furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glassware and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c counters. Books still given away, and 20c. Tea Set at 10c.
J. C. ALLEN, 25 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS
DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

HEYWOOD TRADE MARK SHOE SOLD HERE

WE
Have a very good opinion of
The Heywood Shoe,
for
MEN AND BOYS.
Try a pair and see if you agree with us.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
122 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

LENT HAS ARRIVED!
And we are prepared to supply everybody with FISH of all kinds at prices way down.
Choice Codfish, 2 lbs. for 15 Cents.
Big stock extra Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Yarmouth Bloaters, Sardines from 5c. box Salmon, Lobster, Brook Trout, etc.
BUTTER—We sell the BEST 25c. Table Butter to be had in the city.
Headquarters for New Crop Teas and Fresh Roasted Coffees.
Store Open Evenings until 9 p. m.
UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241
This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.
Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DuBuyer Imperial, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this bread. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer, or by buying a barrel We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Corn in town, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with
FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture,
AT CAREY'S,
CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON
Friday, March 4th, 1 p. m. Sharp.
CONSISTING OF
Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Ext. Tables,
Dining-room Chairs, Buffets, Lounges, Folding Bed, Mattresses, Stands, Crockery, Cook Stoves, etc.
Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

PELTON
Water : Motors.
CHEAPEST TO
Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS
and Fertilizers.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Hardware, Plumbing
and Tinwork.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

O. M. DUNHAM,
40 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

THE BEE HIVE!
Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!
4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 65c.
8 button length Suede Mousquitaires, in tans and slates, 98c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk glaces.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

THE SEVENTH MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

Petitions and Communications Acted On—The Mayor's Letter—The Report of the Special Committee in Reference to the Lights—Two More Liquor Licenses Granted The Protests Against Granting Hack Licenses—The Rev. A. H. Lewis' Appeal—Other Business.

The City Common Council met in regular session last evening. It was shortly after eight o'clock when the meeting was called to order. Besides President Ginna, Councilmen Ackerman, Bird, Case, Erickson, Frazee, Gallup, Johnston, Marsh, See and Weber responded to roll call.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

In a communication C. H. Buckalew and others stated that Fifth street and Arlington avenue had been cut down and that those streets now were in "unhealthy condition."

C. Biker and others petitioned Council for a street railway franchise. The matter was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Jos. Angerbauer and others petitioned Council to grant James H. Force a hotel license. The document was ordered filed.

W. V. Miller petitioned Council to grant him a wholesale license. The petition was referred to the Committee on License.

A number of the hackmen petitioned for a renewal of their licenses. The petitions were referred to the Committee on Licenses.

A. B. Nelson and others petitioned Council to grant them a street railway franchise. The petitions were referred to the Committee on Streets.

W. H. Gilham, the manager of the United States Electric Street Railway Company, petitioned Council to grant his company a street railway franchise. The petition was referred to the Committee on Streets.

J. J. Goff petitioned Council for permission to make alterations in his hotel at the corner of Liberty and Third streets. The petition was referred to the Committee on Licenses, with power.

REFERRED TO THE DEFUNCT FREIGHT HOUSE COMMITTEE.

Superintendent W. S. Peddle of the Central Railroad, in a communication, requested that Council not grant more than twelve hack licenses, as, in his opinion, twelve hacks were all that were necessary for the accommodation of the patrons of the road. Mr. Marsh moved that "the document be referred to the committee on the freight house." It was so ordered. (Laughter.)

In a communication Charles J. Noel complained of poor street lights at Netherwood. The communication was referred to the Committee on Public Lights.

Charles F. Lewis and others petitioned Council to place two street lights on Evona avenue. The matter was referred to the proper committee.

Dennis Kilbride and others petioned Council not to grant more than twelve hack licenses. The petition was laid on the table.

The following communication from Mayor Gilbert was read:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, PLAINFIELD, N. J., March 7, 1892.

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN—Before definitely fixing the appropriation for the various departments of the city for the current year, permit me to call your attention to the importance of making some suitable provision for the city poor. Your Alms Committee, having inspected the city poorhouse, are familiar with its condition and can report to you how necessary it is that additions should be done to remedy the existing evils in this department. I have given the matter a good deal of thought, and my judgment is that, under existing circumstances, the wisest and most economical thing to do would be to buy a piece of land in a suitable locality and build an inexpensive house that will be adapted to the needs of such of the pauper class as the public should provide for. In the end it will be cheaper to do this than to pay rent for premises, the drainage, ventilation and sanitary conveniences of which are such as to endanger the lives of all who live in or are compelled to depend upon the liberality of landlords to remedy these defects. We can, of course, as an alternative give up battle How and board our paupers, if we can find anyone willing to take them; but having already tried this plan with unsatisfactory results, I hesitate to recommend it. The subject is full of difficulty, and we should try to deal with it in a way that will be just to the city serving pop and at the same time will not tend to perpetuate pauperism. With a purchase of our own, under proper supervision, with the efficient aid we are sure to receive from the Ladies' Relief Association, we can put this department on a basis that will reflect credit upon the city without the expenditure of a very large sum.

I hesitate to ask you to make an expenditure that will add to the burdens of the taxpayers, but I am quite sure that our people will not grudge a sparingly appropriate wisely made and for so legitimate a purpose.

I therefore suggest that in estimating the amount that will be required for the City Poor for this year, you add thereto the sum of sixty-five hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of your poorhouse body, for the purchase of land and the erection of a poorhouse. With this sum I think a suitable purchase can be made and thereon a plain, substantial, inexpensive building, sufficiently large for our present needs and capable with moderate conveniences that will enable us at all times to maintain it in good sanitary condition.

Perhaps you may find it possible to economize in some other department in order to accomplish so desirable a reform.

Respectfully submitted,
A. GILBERT.

On motion of Mr. Marsh it was referred to the Committee on Alms and Finance.

The quarterly report of City Judge Codington was read. It showed that 84 persons had been arrested in the past three months and that fines amounting to $602.32 had been collected. The document was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The report of Overseer of the Poor Vanderbeck showed that he had expended $237.50 for the care of the city poor. It was referred to the Alms Committee.

The monthly statements of the City Treasurer and Collector were read and referred to the Committee on Finance.

The quarterly report of the Overseer of the Poor was read.

It showed that $791.68 had been expended in the boarding care of the poor during the quarter. It was referred to the Committee on Alms.

Mr. See presented the bond of V. W. Nash as delinquent collector and it was ordered recorded.

Mr. See from the Committee on License reported all the hack licenses correct.

Mr. See moved that they lie on the table. It was so ordered.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY PAY.

Mr. Marsh from the Committee on Police and Public Lights submitted the following report:

To the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, N. J.:

Your committee to whom was referred the matter of the deficiency in the street lighting service as shown by the investigations made by the last Common Council would report that they have given the matter thorough examination and consideration, and find:

That the last contract for street lighting expired on Oct. 31, 1891.

That the last Council settled in full each month for the lighting under that contract, and no complaint was made nor question raised thereunder.

That on Nov. 2, 1891, the present Common Council made a new contract for street lighting with the same parties who had done the lighting under the old contract, and no question was raised nor objection made to the bills against the service rendered under the former contract.

That facts have come to us indicate that the Council making the new contract were satisfied that the service rendered under the new one, which precluded it from making any claim thereunder.

Furthermore, all the expert examination made and all the defects developed seem to have relation to the lighting service of the months of November last, alone. No evidence of any kind was adduced going back of that period and the committee feel that the only irregularity or defects have occurred in the company had a reduction of 20 per cent. of the amount of the bill for November last should be allowed, and have so demanded. The company practically conceded that point to the committee, after some negotiation, and have offered to make an allowance of the price of 115 lamps for one month, amounting in all to $148.54, there being 580 lamps in service in November, 1891.

The company on their part claim that during the month of November last they were replacing the old boiler and engine with one of 150 horse-power and concede that the service may have suffered somewhat by the company's disarrangement of their plant, although they endeavored to keep the power up to the requirements of the service, and that the amount claimed is not the whole matter make the above offer, which the committee deem a reasonable settlement under all the circumstances, and advise the acceptance thereof.

The committee think that it would be more satisfactory in the future if some person should be employed under their direction from time to time to inspect and report to them the condition of the street lighting service, and would suggest that they be empowered by the common council to employ such a person, and that an appropriation of $100 be made for that purpose.

P. F. MARSH,
E. N. ERICKSON,
H. H. WEBER,
Committee on Police and Public Lights.
March 7, 1892.

On motion of Mr. Case the report was ordered received and the recommendation adopted.

Mr. Marsh stated that the Police Board had met on March 4th and adopted rules governing the police of the city. He read the rules and they were adopted by Council.

On motion of Mr. Marsh the Police Board was instructed to have one hundred copies of the rules printed.

SMALLEY BROS. GET THE CONTRACT.

Mr. Johnston from the Committee on Streets recommended that the bid of Messrs. Smalley Bros., to furnish crushed stone to the city, be accepted, as it was the lowest.

On motion of Mr. See the bid was accepted.

Mr. Frazee inquired as to what action the Street Committee had taken in reference to Liberty street.

Mr. Johnston explained that the Committee had thoroughly investigated the matter and saw that there was much needed repairing in regard to sewerage, but that the Committee as yet had taken no action, but would do so as soon as possible.

Mr. Weber said that the residents of that thoroughfare would not wait any longer, that they would bring suit.

Mr. See from the Committee on Water and Sewerage reported progress in reference to the sewerage question.

A communication from the Board of Engineers stated that Thomas Hughes, T. C. Williams, William Lee and George L. Babcock had been elected members of Zephyr Hook and Ladder Company.

A similar communication from Gazelle Engine Co., stated that David Bell and F. E. Beekman had been elected members of that company.

In a communication it was stated that W. H. Miner had been elected a member of Alert Hose Company.

All the above communications requested Council to confirm the newly-elected members.

A resolution to the effect that it would be inexpedient to increase the membership in the fire department at present and instructing the chief to notify the foreman of each company to that effect, was adopted.

THE FIREMEN'S REQUEST NOT GRANTED.

Mr. Erickson from the Committee on Fire and Buildings reported that the communication requesting that the firemen be permitted to choose their own chief and assistants had been duly considered by the Committee and that they thought it inexpedient to allow the firemen to do it. The report was ordered filed.

On motion of Mr. Ackerman $174.50 was transferred from the general fund to the street fund.

A resolution, offered by Mr. See, to the effect that Monday evening, April 4th, be set as the time to hear any objections to the opening and widening of Peace street, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. See the City Clerk was instructed to notify the property owners on that thoroughfare either in writing or with printed notices.

Mr. See then moved that Council take a recess of fifteen minutes. It was so ordered.

When the Council re-assembled Mr. Marsh moved to take the hack licenses from the table. The motion prevailed. The licenses were then ordered.

Mr. Johnston moved that $1,200 be appropriated for use on the streets for the month of March and it was ordered.

OIL, WHERE IS L. M. LOW'S OIL?

The ordinance repealing the ordinance granting a franchise to J. M. Low & Co., to build a system of sewerage, was adopted on its third reading and final passage.

Mr. See was of the opinion that the Council need unjust discrimination in granting licenses and he thought Mr. Charles Bock's license should be granted.

He moved that Council reconsider the action taken at the last meeting. Mr. France seconded the motion.

Mr. Case moved that the motion made by Mr. See lay on the table. The motion was lost by a vote of 7 to 4.

Mr. Marsh said he wished to remonstrate against granting any more licenses; that he supposed the action of Council in the matter (that night) was that now he sees that they are brought up anew. Continuing he said: "I move the matter of the petition to listen to the appeal of the Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis."

The motion prevailed and Dr. Lewis was given the privilege of the floor.

The reverend gentleman stated that he recognized the difficulties the members of the Council were placed under by refusing to grant licenses, "but" said he, "I am here to inform that the Council making the new contract were satisfied with the service rendered under the one, which precluded it from making any claim thereunder.

Furthermore, all the expert examination made and all the defects developed seem to have relation to the lighting service of the months of November last, alone. No evidence of any kind was adduced going back of that period and the committee feel that the only irregularity or defects have occurred in the company had a reduction of 20 per cent. of the amount of the bill for November last should be allowed, and have so demanded. The company practically conceded that point to the committee, after some negotiation, and have offered to make an allowance of the price of 115 lamps for one month, amounting in all to $148.54, there being 580 lamps in service in November, 1891.

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THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

THE FINAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The Park Raceway Danger—Harrison Street Repairs—Resolutions Adopted The Electric Light Plant Changing Hands—Thanks to Mayor Place—Remarks in Response.

The Borough Council held its final meeting last night. It was half an hour late in coming to order, owing to the absence of the clerk. Mayor Place, and Councilmen Bergen, Higgins, Hummel, Needham and Sebring all answered to roll call.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Several bills were read and referred to the proper committees.

Mr. Hallock, from the Committee on Streets and Public Health, reported that the Park raceway on Brook avenue had not become a public nuisance. The complaint had been made to Mr. J. T. Johnston, the owner of the land there, as the dangerous condition of the floor, and that he had promised to remedy matters by building a fence.

Mr. Hallock also reported that Harrison street had been accepted and temporary lights placed at the intersections.

He recommended that it be ascertained whether the committee can open a ditch to carry off the water. If they can, no more complaints trouble to the people in that locality. The recommendations were approved and the report ordered filed.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

The clerk produced several claims from his "inside pocket," and, under a suspension of the rules, he was allowed to present them, and they were on motion referred to the proper committees.

Mr. Hallock also reported that the bills correct and they were ordered paid.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Hallock—

Resolved, That crosswalks be placed at the intersection of Rockview and Washington avenues, and Linden avenue and Steiner Place. Carried.

By Mr. Hallock—

Resolved, That assurance be given Mr. J. T. Johnston that his building a fence on Brook avenue will not make him liable in case of accident.

By Mr. Hegeman—

Resolved, That by the retirement of the Hon. Charles Carter from the office of Mayor the borough loses a most able, considerate and efficient officer, one who has ever been ready to serve the citizens in whatever capacity his help was needed, and who has always cheerfully devoted his time and energies to her service without a thought of his own personal interests, and who has by his cordial assistance and wide knowledge of parliamentary rules has done much to the easy manner of action the Council, whose courtesy and ability have won the lasting friendship and respect of the members of the Board, and that while we much regret that his business and domestic ties require his retirement from the office he has so ably and acceptably filled for the past two years, we recognize the fact that he has earned the right to rest and that he can enjoy the fruits of duty ably and honestly performed.

The resolution was adopted unanimously and appropriately acknowledged.

REMARKS BY MAYOR PLACE.

In taking leave of this Council I desire to thank you for the kindness you have shown me, since, as Mayor, I have been your presiding officer. We all have realized that it is well and wisely and ably conducted the affairs of the Borough. Many who are not familiar with these offices, must of necessity give much of their time in order to perform their duties well. It is with much pleasure I can say the work of the Council for the past two years has been thoroughly done. During that time, our main streets have been macadamized. By a constant arguing on the part of the Street Committee, upon many careless and indifferent residents, the sidewalks have been kept in better condition than at any time during the existence of the Borough. Taking hold of the important matter of street lighting, and changing from naphtha to electricity, you have displayed excellent judgment. The new building which you have caused to be erected in which there has been placed a safe lock-up for the confinement of persons arrested, and a court room for holding the police court was urgently needed. By the introduction of water in our streets the health of the city will be much improved by a liberal application of fresh water from hydrants which secures to our people a greater safety from fire. You have added many needful and necessary appliances to the equipment of your fire department. You have appointed a police justice to try police cases, and have placed a good police force sufficient to keep the Borough peaceable and quiet. All this has been done by very economical expenditure of the taxpayers money.

As you look back over what you have accomplished you cannot fail to realize that the requirements of our people have been met and met well. It is gratifying to know there have been no selfish motives exhibited on the part of any member of this Council, for no one section of the Borough has been favored at the expense of or to the detriment of another. All your efforts seem to have been for the general good. Especially have the street improvements been very important, and I am sure you will agree with me in this direction cannot be reasonably curtailed. If the next Council will take firm hold of the work where this Council leaves it, it will not be long before all our streets will be in a thorough condition and but little money — as compared with what is now raised—will be required for street work. You who hold over, as members of the next Council, are fully aware of the needs of the Borough for the coming year, and it is to be hoped there will be no backward steps. We have a borough to which to point as a model place for those who reside in it now, and attractive to those who may desire to come and settle with us in the future.

A COMMUNICATION

was received from ex-Mayor Cooley, in which, if there is no objection on the part of Council, he agrees to surrender the interest of the City Judge's Collection, in the North Plainfield Electric Light Plant. The communication in relation of Mr. Beecher was referred to the Law and Ordinance Committee for action immediately.

The committee later reported that it would be impossible to report on Mr. Cooley's communication. The committee thought that Mr. Cooley desires it will be necessary that a new bond be made out, and this is to be done.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING IN THE HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

Designating the Spring Vacation—Bills Ordered Paid—The Effect of the Fifth Street Grading—Other Business.

The Board of Education held its regular monthly meeting last evening in the High School building on West Front street. President Babcock, Dr. Probasco and Mr. Lounsbury, of the Board, Miss Bulkley and Messrs. Clark were present.

The first business brought up was the auditing of bills, of which the following were ordered paid:

Andrews Man'fg Co.	$89.27
G. Q. Packer	12.75
J. Summers	13.10
J. B. Wilson	118.99
Fernando Brown	4.00
Plainfield Gas & Electric Light Co.	12.80
Spencer Conway	2.00
U. S. Express Co.	6.80
Lee Griffin	2.00
Seeley Edsall	54.62
Alexander Thorn	5.40
E. H. Stout	2.75
C. W. Runyon	4.70
M. Earle	5.75
Loomis & Hice	105.60

The tax collector's report was read. It showed that $1012.75 school tax had been collected and deposited in the City National and First National Banks.

THE SPRING VACATION THE THING.

Dr. Probasco then read estimates given him by the street commissioner. The wholesale grading of Fifth street has left the school side walks about four feet above the road. Lowering the walk, terracing the lawn and adding three more steps, solid blocks, ten feet long and nine inches wide, besides cutting down the beautiful trees, are necessary in the present condition of affairs, due to the old expelled combine.

Mr. Babcock and the rest of the Board bemoaned the loss of the noble trees which have so long graced the street but it couldn't be helped. New trees will have to be planted. The total estimate for the work, including curbing, was $189.75. The Committee on Repairs—Messrs. Probasco and Lounsbury, was given authority to secure other estimates and give the contract for the work, which was not to cost over $200.

THE SPRING VACATION.

The Spring vacation will be from March 25th to April 4th.

Mr. Lounsbury asked if the bank paid any interest on the large amount of school money it held. Mr. Babcock said, "It does not. We have tried again and again to secure interest, but without success."

Mr. Lounsbury strongly denounced such action on the part of the bank. They would gladly pay two per cent. interest to a private individual who offered to deposit $25,000 with them. Why should they make differences between the public body and private persons?

Mr. Clark said the law required that school moneys be deposited in city banks.

Another attempt will be made to secure at least two per cent. interest on the school money.

Mr. Clark, who has been either in, or clerk, of the Board for 19 years, will have his salary raised to the next meeting at $100. Mr. Babcock said his present salary was "no compensation for the amount of work he does and that in raising it the Board will but be doing itself justice." The Board were unanimous in the opinion that the increase in salary should date from January 1. The delay until the next meeting was that a larger number of the members could act upon it.

Miss Bulkley asked the Board if they had any suggestions to make as to the use of the money left from the lecture course.

The purchase of busts of Homer and Shakespeare was suggested upon. They will be placed in the lecture room.

A petition bolding from the 1891 Common Council, asking that the Board affix its signature to a petition signed by a majority of the property holders, asking for the appropriation of funds to Sixth street, was, after some discussion, signed by the president.

A WARNING TO CULPRITS.

Some boys have been obscenely marking the school fences. Their names have been secured and their arrest and the heavy punishment affixed by law for their misdemeanor will be meted out to them upon a repetition of the offense.

Minor business then received attention, after which the Board went into executive session.

Do You See the Joke?

A "funny fellow" told a young man this morning that St. Joseph's church was on fire and that he had better ring the bell. The young man made no inquiries but started the alarm. The department responded promptly. They hardly appreciated the joke when it was found the alarm was false.

(Have some H-O. for breakfast).

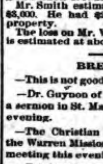
Why?

Delicate, sustaining, always relished—That's why.

"FIRE BUGS" DOINGS.

TWO INCENDIARY FIRES IN WEST-FIELD LAST EVENING.

A Locomotive Whistle Gives the Alarm.—While one Fire was Burning Another was Started. — The Chase After the Incendiaries.



ESTFIELD inhabitants were startled last night between eleven and twelve o'clock by the shrill and continued shrieking of a locomotive whistle. It was an alarm of fire.

The extensive lumber sheds of Mr. C. A. Smith, near Ripley Hill, were in a blaze and were eventually destroyed.

While this fire was in progress there came a second alarm. This time it was the carpenter shop of Wallace Cox at the other end of the town.

This was also destroyed. Both fires were of incendiary origin. Three burly roughs, two of whom were captured by Constables Farrington and Marsh here at Fanwood cut were arrested after a long chase. They underwent the ceremonies, however, of their innocence and were given their freedom.

Mr. Smith estimates his loss at about $8,000. He had $2,000 insurance on the property.

The fire on Mr. Wallace Cox's building is estimated at about $900. No insurance.

BREVITIES.

—This is not good Republican weather.

—Dr. Guyson of New York will preach a sermon in St. Mary's church to-morrow evening.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting this evening.

—Trinity Commandery, Knights Templar, held a meeting last evening and transacted routine business.

—Mr. Jas. H. Force, the proprietor of Force's Hotel, contemplates leasing the Hotel Gaddis at Bound Brook.

—Since the puzzle advertisement of Mr. Frank L. C. Martin appeared in The News, we are informed that he has received no end of inquiries after its solution. Can you read it?

—One of the shelves in the window of Van Emburgh & White's store fell last night and broke two dollars worth of crockery. It fell on a hundred dollars' worth. Nothing the matter with that crockery.

—As Rev. Dr. Ketcham, respecting his request of the publishers of the local papers (mentioning each by name) not to publish anything about his proposed resignation until after he had announced it from the pulpit, now denies what he stated, on different occasions, or was understood to state, to two gentlemen, both experienced and careful reporters of two of the papers referred to—The News and Courier—whereupon the Press of having committed a breach of faith, since it obtained the news of its staff knew of any pledge in the matter.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

KILLED ON THE RAIL.

A Hungarian Struck by Jos Case's Train Last Night.

SOMERVILLE, March 8th (Special.)—The Flemington express train which is due in Plainfield at 7.58 p. m., of which Joseph Case is engineer, struck a Hungarian near Neshanic on its return trip last evening and instantly killed him. Mr. Jeremiah Rowe, a barber in the employ of Mr. Wallace V. Corriell of Plainfield, assisted in carrying the remains to the Neshanic station. The man was not badly mangled. The train which struck him is the one to which the "Howard" club car of Plainfield is attached every morning.

YELLOW FEVER ON BOARD SHIP.

A Vessel Which Arrived at Quarantine This Morning Detained.

NEW YORK, March 8th. (Special.)—The steamship Rosse, from Santos, arrived at Quarantine this morning, and a preliminary investigation made by the Health Officer compelled him to give orders to have the vessel detained, as she had yellow fever on board. A thorough investigation of the ship will be made to-day.

Seven in the Race.

NEW YORK, March 8th, (Special.)—Seven bicyclists are still racing at the Madison Square Garden. Five of these have made over 188 miles in twelve hours.

This Beats Flying.

The new noted "flyer" of the Central Railroad, engine No. 999, made the distance between Jersey City and Bound Brook to-day in considerable less than 30 minutes. The time from New York was 51 minutes.

Killed at Bound Brook.

It is reported that a section-boss named Voorhees was struck and instantly killed by a train last night near the Bound Brook station.

PERSONAL.

Councilman E. R. Ackerman and bride have returned from their wedding tour.

Policeman Kiely has entirely recovered from a sprained ankle, of which he received while arresting two young men.

THERE WILL BE A

GRAND CONCERT & EXHIBITION

given under the auspices of the Broom Drill Club, at St. Mary's T. A. B. Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty streets, Thursday evening, March 10th, for the benefit of the Relief Association. There will be solos, recitations, dialogues, a trial drill by ten little tots, and the famous Broom Drill. There will be refreshments of all kinds for sale. Admission 25 cents. Children under twelve, 15 cents. 8 0

SOMETHING NEW AT VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

Don't you want a new Tea or Dinner Set, and have your name on it? Well we are offering a high grade "In the greatest bargain we have ever offered, and you miss a good thing if you do not call and see it. Price $5.98. We have them in our show window.

And how about a new Dinner Set? We are offering a very fine English Porcelain Decorated Set, 100 pieces for $8.75. This a bargain.

The Matting Trade we are after, and are going to get it, if prices are any inducement. We have just received 200 rolls of new cans, the latest and choicest designs.

We ask special attention to a line of Hammocks we have just received, sold to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another line of Toilet Sets, regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 30c., our price 19c.

Gents' linen floors are 1000 to the dozen and five cent Work Socks, same as you usually pay 25c. for; our price 20c.

Our sale of fine granite from ware still continues. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you buy it at about the same price that you can buy common ware.

Van Emburgh & White.

Auction Sale to Close Out Consigned Stock

of J. V. F. Ryerson, 33 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J., on

Wednesday, March 9th, 1892,

AT 2 P. M. SHARP.

Consisting of 3 buckboards (1 two seated), 1 road wagon, 1 depot wagon, 1 canopy top wagon, 1 buggy, 1 sleigh, 3 poles, 1 double set light harness, (very fine), 4 single sets, 30 collars, 2 very fine counters, 1 large scales, and lots of odds and ends.

Also a number of second hand wagons and harness taken in exchange for new ones.

TERMS—All sums over $25, 3 months' credit by approved note at First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

CAN YOU? READ IT

IF NOT, CALL ON

F. L. C. Martin,

Corner Park Avenue and Fourth Street.

HORSES AT AUCTION!

AT METROPOLITAN STABLES, (Opp. Depot), Plainfield, N. J.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9,

at 10 o'clock, sharp. Who are already received over Fifty horses to this sale, and more are coming in every day. They will be the best lot of horses ever sold at Auction in Plainfield.

Several matched pairs that are fine, stylish drivers.

BUSINESS AND FARM HORSES.

Standard bred trotters and colts. In fact the assortment is complete. Remember day and date. Catalogues ready for hand upon application.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E. BIDER, Manager.

Cent-a-Word Column.

HELP WANTED.

A YOUNG man wanted at Denton's Hill-side Avenue Nursery, by the month and board. 8 0

COOK wanted. Good reference required. Apply at 25 Rockview avenue. 8 2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire at 35 Westervelt avenue. 8 1

WANTED—A lady to canvass Plainfield for small, quick selling article. Apply at 61 Park avenue. 8 5

FOR SALE.

A SIam about moving to New York, I will sell my 8-22 store stove for $5, it takes a monster. Thompson Park, No. 25 West Front street. 8 2p

DON'T fail to attend the great auction sale of horses, to-morrow, at Thompson's. 8

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Richmond Park, Somerset street. Address E. P. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to S. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 19tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 37 acres. Handsomely located; 200 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Edwin Runyon, P. O. Box 113, Dunellen, N. J. 26-29

IF you are in want of a horse, wagon or harness, attend the auction sale, to-morrow, at Thompson's. 8

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Riker & Co., 2 19tf

SEVENTY-FIVE horses will be sold without reserve, to the highest bidder, at the auction sale, at Thompson's. 8

FOR RENT.

FIVE nice rooms to let with water, Jackson avenue. Call 113 Jackson avenue. 7 2

FOR RENT or for sale. A Pine house at 14 La Grange avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 3-19-tf

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with bath; centrally located; price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 8-30tf

AFTER MARCH 15TH, THOMPSON PARK, Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 33 East Front street, will be located at No. 4 Park Place, New York, where all orders and inquiries will be personally attended to. Strings for all instruments made by me, and other musical store in Plainfield. Patrons can depend upon being done with as hitherto in my store. 8 1m

GET YOUR TEAMING and GRADING done by Weise Brothers, 99 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26tf

EDITORIAL NOTES

Ready Cooked Food.

The idea is spreading that food ready cooked—first class, palatable food—ought to be supplied to families at prices that will make it cheaper than to cook that food at home. Already the plan has been put in operation in three cities of this country—New York, Boston and Providence. In Stockholm, Sweden, 6,000 persons thus receive cooked food from one establishment at a price which is lower than the uncooked food material alone could be bought for at retail.

There is no reason why the plan could not be put into successful operation in every city of 10,000 inhabitants. The central station where the food is cooked and sold is called in the three cities named a New England Kitchen, and as this is a name that conjures up the thought of first class cooking, cleanliness and economy, that will answer better than any other for all such places.

The food material is purchased at wholesale rates by experienced buyers. It is put into the hands of the best cooks. A good cook is one who never wastes anything and makes the most of everything. A good cook is one who can make the cheap portions of meat and ordinary vegetables into dishes fit for a king. The food is prepared in the most dainty, appetizing manner. It is sold on the premises, carried away and eaten. Why will not this be the coming way of keeping house? A million wasteful, smoky little kitchen fires can thus be avoided, a million women's time, most of them wives and mothers among the laboring classes, can thus be saved for more important duties.

The saving in actual money that will result to each family from the New England kitchen is an impressive item. Suppose, for instance, half a million persons in our large cities throughout the country got thus the best food from the New England kitchen and saved thereby an average of ten cents a day over the cost of its own preparation in the present fashion. This would result to the half million people in an actual saving of $50,000 a day or over $18,000,000 a year. The gain in the health, satisfaction and comfort to the half million is not to be calculated. Probably $1,000 would establish one such kitchen, and 200 would serve the half million. A capital of $200,000 therefore would be all that this gruesome world call for. Co-operative effort among the working people themselves could easily secure this amount. Two or three New England kitchens could at the least be established in any city.

One prominent feature could be the furnishing of rich soups for the midday lunches of workingmen. A quart of the best soup could be provided at fifteen cents, perhaps even at ten cents. This, smoking hot and savory, might be one of the most important adjuncts temperance ladies could put into the field against the archfiend drunkenness that they have sworn to down. In any case, we must come at length to cooked food supplied from central kitchens.

The failure of enterprises of this kind heretofore has been due to the fact that the food furnished was wretched in quality. The cooking was so bad that no delicate palate could tolerate it a moment, and the management was slovenly and careless. The New England kitchen idea is the one that will go. In a kitchen of this kind already started in New York city the buyers of the food carry it away themselves, and this on the whole is so far satisfactory. At least it is more satisfactory than a car rattling its food over streets, slopping it hither and thither, shoveling it out of cans amid horse smells, dust and tobacco smoke, and then shooting it through unclean basements and ash shafts to its final destination.

A young Japanese nobleman, C. Kadona, a graduate of the University of Tokio, has joined the staff of civil engineers of the Pennsylvania railroad. He does this because he wants to learn the American methods of railroad building. If any nation is going to make rapid strides of progress it is the Japanese. They take every means, no matter how humble, of acquainting themselves with the English language and western civilization. In some instances graduates of the government university have accepted places as domestic servants in order that they might best learn common, everyday English. That result accomplished, they returned to their native land and obtained honorable and lucrative clerkships and other situations. A young man of good social standing who has luck enough to hire himself out to do housework in a foreign land in order that he may learn its language thoroughly is not going to be left.

The flying machine has been constructed on the pattern of a bird, a balloon and a ship, and none of the models would go. Now Major Moore, of the British army, has had an idea put into form "on the lines of the flying fox." It is alleged to be run by a three horse power electric motor and weighs 700 pounds. But there is no reason to believe that it will go, either. Nevertheless, some day a machine will be invented that will travel through the air.

Slavery, Mormonism and the Louisiana lottery all dead! Now if we could only kill some of the old jokes!

SILVER MEN VICTORIOUS

They Win in the Preliminary Fight Over the Bland Bill.

AN EXCITING TIME IN THE HOUSE.

The Resolution to Make the Measure a Special Order for March 22 Adopted by an Overwhelming Majority—An Analysis of the Vote—Crisp and Reed Again.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The silver men scored a signal triumph on this the most exciting day of the entire session. When the house assembled Mr. Catchings moved, before the reading of the journal, that the report from the committee on rules for the consideration of the silver bill, March 22, be taken up, which motion the chair held to be in order. To this Mr. Tracy (New York) strenuously objected, saying it was one unparalleled decision of the speaker that the house should proceed to business without first approving the journal. He appealed from the decision of the chair and after a long wrangle and parliamentary flattery between the speaker and Mr. Tracy, the appeal was laid on the table by a vote of 171 to 57.

After the announcement of the vote on his appeal Mr. Tracy raised the question of consideration. This was promptly declared out of order by the speaker, to the apparent astonishment of Mr. Tracy, who ejaculated, "Why, Mr. Speaker!" In support of his demand Mr. Tracy read the sixteenth rule, which he asserted gave to any member the right to raise the question of consideration at any matter.

The speaker explained that by the rules, as he understood them, the motion made by the gentleman from New York was dilatory and therefore out of order.

Reed Scores a Point.

Mr. Reed—Does the chair hold that to raise the question of consideration is a dilatory motion?

The Chair—The gentleman ought to know it was so held in the last congress. [Laughter on the Democratic side.]

Mr. Reed—Does the chair indorse the method of procedure of the last congress. [Laughter on the Republican side.]

The Chair—Part of it doubtless is worthy of indorsement; the cure of the speaker thinks the last congress dealt well with the indorsement of the present occupant of the chair. [Laughter on Democratic side.]

Mr. Reed (with much impressiveness)—I may say I neither expected nor desired that indorsement.

From the ruling of the chair Mr. Tracy took an appeal.

Mr. Warner, of New York, protested against the ruling of the chair, which he characterized as more arbitrary than anything that occurred during the Fifty-first congress, "by virtue of whose crimes most of us are here today." He appealed to the house to construe the rules as to permit a majority to go home and say that when they found they had perpetrated such a mistake as the ruling of the chair indicated, at the first opportunity for such action the mistake was rectified.

Mr. Catchings moved to lay the appeal on the table. The vote on laying Mr. Tracy's appeal on the table was: Yeas, 176; nays, 81.

Postponement Defeated.

Speaker Crisp then stated Mr. Catchings' motion to take up the order and demand for the previous question.

Mr. Tracy then moved to recommit the order to the committee on rules with instructions to amend. This was met with cries of "Regular order!" A formal demand therefor by Mr. Bland. Thereupon Mr. Tracy moved to adjourn, but offered to withdraw that if permitted to be heard. He did withdraw it, and from this motion to recommit. At first Speaker Crisp held it to be out of order, but Mr. Tracy drew the rules on him and he stated that the motion was proper at that time. It was read and proved to be an instruction to substitute Monday, Dec. 12 for the 23d inst. as the date of beginning the debate on the Bland bill.

On a viva voce vote the negative chorus rolled up in tremendous volume compared with that of the yeas, and then Mr. Tracy called for the yeas and nays. This was supported by thirty-five members, while the negative showed up only 154, so more than one-fifth having voted for the yeas and nays, a call was ordered. The vote on the motion to recommit the order to the committee on rules was defeated: Yeas, 70; nays, 202.

The demand for the previous question, made by Mr. Catchings, was supported by the house and half an hour allowed for debate, to be controlled by Mr. Bland and Mr. Reed.

The debate was participated in by Mr. McKeigan of Nebraska, Mr. Townsend of Colorado, Mr. Williams of Massachusetts, Mr. Boutelle of Maine, Mr. Pierce of Tennessee, Mr. Bland and ex-Speaker Reed, who said:

Reed's Speech.

Mr. Speaker, I cordially agree for once with the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Williams). He has pointed out to this house that this last Democratic majority is the one here was procured by false pledges to the people—pledges which are in process of being broken. [Applause on the Republican side.] He himself has signalized one instance already before us, and there is no doubt that the rest of his party will carefully point out by their actions the others. Indeed, the party all day long has been engaged in the noble work of uncovering itself to the astonished American people—[applause on the Republican side]—upon the ground that they were going to give a sound currency and that they were true friends of gold than the Republicans could possibly be; they stole a march upon here in the north, and the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Williams) has fitly characterized the result. He has pointed out that the Democratic party that improper means had been used in the government of the house they went before the people denouncing actions which they have this day surpassed. [Applause.]

They themselves have overridden what they call the sacred rights of the authority with a heavier hornhead than they were ever ridden over before. Look at it. Here this day gentlemen you have deliberately sustained the overruling of the decision of your Democratic speaker. Mr. Speaker, I have before me, in the Fiftieth congress, a ruling which will be found on the fifth page of the third volume of the second session of that congress. You have today overruled the declaration of that Democratic speaker that no business can be transacted until the journal of the house has been adopted. In your eagerness to override what you call the rights of the minority you have overridden the decision of a speaker whom you have hitherto professed that you delighted to honor. What a strange spectacle were the two rivals of your capital stock in the last election flung to the winds—Crisp on the Democratic side, and, as the gentleman from Massachusetts well says, when the people get an opportunity to express you, they will gladly recklly the frightful mistake which they made in the year 1890.

Never since the world was created was there such an instance of the swift flight of lying victorious over the slow march of truth. [Applause on the Republican side and laughter.] But in the long run truth overtakes the lie and tramples it to the ground, and the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Williams), himself bears the stamp of the truth of the proposition of the people, that the Democratic party was defeated, but in the end eternally triumphant. [Applause on the Republican side.]

The Resolution Adopted.

Mr. Tracy—You ought not to grumble at our mistakes.

Mr. Reed—I don't. I anticipate them. [Laughter.]

On a final vote upon the passage of the resolution reported by the committee on rules for the consideration of the silver bill on Tuesday, March 22, the resolution was adopted—182 to 35. Fifteen votes were gained by the anti-silver Democrats on this final vote, 70 being their strength on all other previous votes of the day.

The following Democrats voted against the report of the committee on rules on the final test:

Messrs. Ansmerman, Andrew, Barwig, Bentzhoover, Bentley, Brickner, Bunting, Bushnell, Cable, Campbell, Castle, Chase, Chipman, Clancy, Cobb (Missouri), Coburn, Cochran, Coolidge, Coomz, Cobert, Cox, Crosby, Daniel, De Forrest, Dunphey, Elliott, English, Fitch, Geisenhainen, Greenleaf, Hall, Hallowell, Hartner, Hayes (Iowa), Herbert, Hone, Houk (Ohio), Johnson (Ohio), K ifin, Lawler, Lockwood, Lynch, McAleer, Miller, Mitchell, O'Neill (Massachusetts), Outhwaite, Page (Rhode Island), Page (Maryland), Pearson, Rayner, Rusk, Spurry, Stahlnecker, Stevens, Stump, Tracy, Washer, Williams (Massachusetts).

The following Republicans voted with the anti-silver men:

Messrs. Buchanan, Harmer, Hopkins, Ketchum, Payne, Powers, Ray, Rayburn, Stone, Storer, Taylor (Illinois), Taylor (Tennessee), Wadsworth, Wilson (Kentucky).

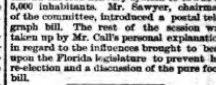
The following Republicans voted with the free coinage men:

Messrs. Bartine (Nevada), Belden, Belknap, Bergen, Boutelle, Bowers, Broderick, Burrows, Chickering, Cogswell, Cutting, Dalzell, Dean, Dolliver, Enochs, Flick, Griswold, Hangen, Henderson (Iowa), Herrmann, Hitt, Hooker, Hopkins, Huff, Hull, Johnson (Indiana) Johnson (North Dakota), Jolley, Lind, Lond, Milliken, O'Donnell, Pettibone, Pickler, Post, Raines, Randall, Rife, Smith, Stone (Pennsylvania), Sweet, E. B. Taylor (Ohio), J. D. Taylor (Ohio), Y. A. Taylor (Ohio), Townsend, Walker, Waugh, Wilson, Waight.

The Farmers' Alliance men voted with the free coinage men as follows: Messrs. Clover, Davidson, Halverson, Kem, McKeighan, Otis, Simpson, Watson.

In the Senate.

In the senate a bill was reported from the committee on roads and postroads to extend the free delivery system to towns of 5,000 inhabitants. Mr. Sawyer, chairman of the committee, reported favorably the telegraph bill. The rest of the session was taken up by Mr. Call's personal explanation in regard to the influences brought to bear upon the Florida legislature to prevent his re-election and a discussion of the pure food bill.



THE COST OF SILKS.

How to Pick out Good Pieces—Some of the Tricks of Manufacture.

Some silks sell for a dollar a yard, others sell for ten dollars, on account of two things, the quality of the silk thread and the amount of that silk. To the natural query, "How may a woman be sure of getting a good piece of silk when she is buying?" a manufacturer's answer was: "She can't. The experts are not always able to tell, and even the manufacturers are often honestly puzzled as to why a piece of silk doesn't wear well. By twisting the piece of silk about her finger and then smoothing it out, a buyer can tell something about it. If it smooths out without creases it is most likely to wear well than not. By touching a match to a small bit of it she can tell if there is cotton in it. If it is all silk, it will burn with a clear flame; if there is cotton in it, it will light readily.

But the best way a woman can do is to pick out a shop that has a reputation for honesty, trust and everything else, and then take the salesman's word for it. He is much more likely to know a good silk than she is, and can make her believe a very dishonest piece is remarkably good if he chooses. No woman can be half way up in the tricks of the trade. There are more ways of cheating at silks than there are at cards. An expert has to carry a whole apothecary's shop in his pocket to make his test, and a powerful magnet handles, because one of the most common tricks of manufacture is to load up the silk in the dye with iron filings or lead dust to increase the weight. Soapstone, gelatinable, and rosin are also common adulterations in the process of manufacture."

A Black Costume.

RICH AND BEAUTIFUL.

Here is a combination of fine black cloth, velvet, and jet; the latter outlining the waist and forming a deep empiece-ment and plates over the bust, and at the back on the left side a long loop and ends of black satin studded and embroidered in jet, repeated, forming an effective finish to a very elegant and richly quiet gown.

Hopes for Springer Again.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Mr. Springer shows a slight improvement and there is reason to hope for his recovery.

Germany's Spreading Discontent.

LEIPZIG, March 8.—Several small disturbances occurred and great discontent prevails among the working classes.

Typhoid in New York.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Two more cases of typhus fever was discovered here.

DIVORCED AND MARRIED

Mme. De Stuers Gets Her Decree and Weds Again.

HER JILTED HUSBAND WAS CRUEL.

The Fair Plaintiff Is a Cousin of the Late John Jacob Astor, and the Custody of Her Minor Daughter Is Given Her—Elliott Zborowski Her Husband.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 8.—Another chapter was written in the romantic De Stuers case. A decree of absolute divorce was filed late on Saturday evening, and at 11:30 o'clock Monday morning the plaintiff was quietly married to William Elliott Morse Zborowski at their suite of rooms in the Cataract house.

The affair was carried out with the utmost secrecy, and, until after the ceremony was performed, only a very few persons knew that the decree had been granted. The decree was signed late on Saturday afternoon, the transcript of the testimony having been given to the court on March 1. After the court house was closed a carriage was sent for the clerk, who quietly accepted the filings.

Married at Once.

Yesterday Zborowski went to the Rev George Wallace, of the Augustine Episcopal cathedral, and asked him whether he could marry Mme. De Stuers and himself.

Mr. Wallace replied that as a loyal clergyman in the Episcopal church he could not perform the ceremony. He suggested, however, that the Rev. John A. Crusan, of the First Congregational church, of this city, be found by chance. Inquiries and that he would doubtless unite the couple. This was arranged and the marriage took place.

In his decree Judge Aikens makes the following findings of fact:

That since the marriage of plaintiff and defendant the defendant has been guilty of acts of extreme cruelty toward the plaintiff, which have inflicted grievous mental sufferings upon her, such acts consisting of repeated without exhibitions of ill temper and unmerited censure in the presence of others, and finally culminating on April 15th, 1891, in the defendant spiriting away from the society, custody and control of the plaintiff, her two minor children upon the pretext that the plaintiff was in an unbalanced state of mind and that the children were in danger of being affected by her malady, to their great detriment were they allowed to be with her.

In justification of this act the defendant presents a certificate of certain physicians, one of whom is a renowned specialist in nervous diseases. The court of the acquaintance of said physicians with the plaintiff and the pretended examination of her personally (which is given in evidence minutely) were insufficient for any human being to base or form an intelligent and just opinion upon, and for this reason the court finds that the children were, as herein before stated, spirited away from their mother, the daughter being placed in a convent by a scheme which it would be doing violence to reason to consider inference to find was in the inception intended to and the ill incarceration of the mother. This action was sufficient to warrant the plaintiff in ceasing to live with the defendant.

The judge's conclusion is:

First—That the marriage mentioned in the complaint herein, entered into between the plaintiff, Margaret Laura De Stuers, and the defendant, Alphonse Eugene Lambert De Stuers be dissolved, and the said parties and each of them, the said plaintiff and said defendant be freed from the obligations thereof.

Second—That the plaintiff, Margaret Laura De Stuers, have the sole custody and control of the minor child, Margaret Eugenie Isabel Victoria De Stuers.

The History of the Case.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Mrs. Zborowski is a granddaughter of William B. Astor and a cousin of John Jacob Astor, and is well known in New York and Newport circles. About eight months ago she went to Sioux Falls, S. D., and after securing a legal residence in that state began proceedings for divorce. In his answer to the suit Chevalier De Stuers alleged infidelity on the part of his wife and named a certain William Elliott as corespondent. Later he amended his answer and declared that Elliott Zborowski, of New York, was the William Elliott referred to in his complaint, and that his wife and Zborowski had traveled through various countries during the past two years under the names of Mr. and Mrs. William Elliott.

The chevalier also objected in his application for an amended answer that his wife had tried by fraud and collusion to obtain from him a promise that he would not defend the action for divorce, and that she offered through a third party to settle large sums of money upon their children, but he refused.

Elliott Zborowski is a well known character in New York and has figured in many daring escapades. Through inheritance he has become wealthy, and has increased his wealth by shrewd business ability. One of his fortunate investments was in up town real estate, notably in the Broadway theater property. A Newport Zborowski was well known, and with several others belonging to his set he introduced polo there. He was an excellent horseman and devoted much of his time to riding and driving.

In England two years ago Zborowski astonished the people by organizing a midnight steeplechase at Hurlingham, Mowbray. The course was a mile over private grounds for a silver cup. The racecourse was lighted by electricity and thousands of people came to see the novel sight. He won the race.

Zborowski became acquainted with Mme. De Stuers at Newport several years ago. His attentions to her in Newport and afterward in New York attracted considerable attention among society people. Until Chevalier De Stuers amended his answer and charged Zborowski with being the corespondent it was not known in this city who the mysterious William Elliott was. Zborowski's absence from New York and his alleged presence in Sioux Falls gave rise to the belief that William Elliott and Zborowski were the same person.

Mrs. Noble Is Ill.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Secretary and Mrs. Noble left for St. Augustine, Fla. The secretary will return next Monday. Mrs. Noble is not in good health.

Littlefield's Bail Forfeited.

NEW YORK, March 8.—General Milton S. Littlefield failed to appear to answer the charge of extortion and his bail was declared forfeited.

Portugal Wants Our Wheat.

LISBON, March 8.—By an official decree duty on American wheat imported into Portugal is reduced to 1½ reales per kilogramme.

Mrs. Osborne Indicted for Perjury.

LONDON, March 8.—Mrs. Osborne has been indicted for perjury in connection with the theft of the Hargreaves jewels.

Hotel Keeper Schaub Dead.

ATLANTA, N. Y., March 8.—Louis Schaub, a well known hotel keeper of this city, died, aged sixty-three years.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

MASKS : :
: : : MASKS
ALL KINDS
and Prices.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Manor of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Del Monte, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fain & Wiebernet's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips
Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gorden & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS
PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—249 East Front street.

CARPETS!
Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.
Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 15c.
Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.
Fruit of the Loom—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 8c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints, 3½; white blankets, 55c and $1.19 pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Bates, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.
L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. RUSSELL, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact every thing in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE DEF TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
89 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for cut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Upper Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll-sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack bunking and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

EITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
46 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service
Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINDABURGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST,
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 27 Dover St., North Plainfield.

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
32 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
Reference—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our machines will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburban districts of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
Proprietor.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Notaries and Chancery Solicitors Public, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of Lines, Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 25 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, and Plainfield, N. J. Improved and Tradesmen Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMP'A'Y

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Thanks for patronage. Our Specialty is approval of the Board of Health. Thanks for attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Fire House, Somerset street, Plainfield, Dr. Jones' residence, Madison avenue, Bridgewater Mills, and stamped lime goods.
P. O. box 668 Telephone call 28.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. This BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at the same time.
Put you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

NOT AFRAID OF ENGLAND

Uncle Sam Will Be Firm on the Behring Sea Question.

A POT OF CHILI SAUCE IS BREWING

If Occasion Requires It Will Be Served Up as Piping Hot to John Bull as It Was to the South American Republic. Arbitration May Straighten Things Out.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—It may be authoritatively affirmed that the president does not show the least disposition to deal out to England in the Behring sea troubles any different treatment from that accorded to Chili.

It has been decided to send the white squadron to Behring sea to seize all poachers, and the men-of-war propose to resist any interference.

The president has determined that no Democratic speaker shall say that he bulldosed Chili, but accepted browbeating from Great Britain without question.

The president's opinion is expressed to friends that England is afraid to have any trouble with the United States. He has been informed by the naval intelligence office that there is no British warship which can elevate its big guns sufficiently to bombard New York or other United States ports, and he realizes that England produces only two-fifths of what it consumes, and that it is dependent upon the United States to keep its people from starving.

Where the Question Stands.

The president has taken the Behring sea question in hand, and in the enforced absence of Mr. Blaine on account of sickness, had an extended interview with Hon. J. W. Foster, who has the matter in charge in the state department. Lord Salisbury's refusal to renew the modus vivendi leaves the questions in dispute where they were prior to June, 1890.

At that time Sir Julian Pamcefote, the British minister to Washington, said that Great Britain could not admit the right of the United States, of their own sole motion, to restrict the freedom of navigation of Behring sea, and that he was instructed to protest against any interference with British vessels navigating outside the territorial waters of the United States, and to "declare that her Britannic majesty's government must hold the government of the United States responsible for the consequences that may ensue from the acts which are contrary to the established principles of international law."

Sure of Arbitration.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Sir George Baden-Powell, of England, one of the British members of the Behring sea commission, was in the city, and he said that the controversy would no doubt end to the satisfaction of all concerned, especially the American people.

"The whole affair is not so complicated as some people would like to make it appear," said Sir George. "The negotiations have been conducted in secret, and of course what progress has been effected cannot be made public just yet, but the seal question between this country and Great Britain will, I think, be submitted to arbitration."

Merely a Phase of the Case.

In regard to the statement that Lord Salisbury had refused to renew the modus vivendi of last year, Sir George said:

"Lord Salisbury refuses to renew it because the same conditions do not exist now that did last year. Modus vivendi is a mere phrase in this case and does not mean anything. It is totally out of place in the present instance. Some people have an idea that the work of the commission is not getting on favorably and that it is my fault. I wish to say that everything is going along satisfactorily and that the British members of the commission are doing everything in their power to hasten and simplify matters. The whole affair, I think, should be settled by arbitration, and I have no doubt that will be the result."

A Canadian View of It.

OTTAWA, March 8.—Speaking today on the refusal of Lord Salisbury to consent to a renewal of the modus vivendi in Behring sea this season, a member of the Dominion cabinet said that the contention of the government was that seal life was in no way endangered by pelagic sealing, the only danger of extinction being found in the wholesale slaughter the seals were subject to on the rookeries by natives and the Alaska company.

This was the ground taken, it is said, by the British government, and was closely borne out by the evidence secured by both the American and British commissioners who visited Behring sea last summer to investigate seal life.

Perry May Prove a Murderer.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 8.—Express Messenger McElheney is delirious and heavy doses of opiates are required to keep him quiet. The physicians regard this symptom as very serious and Perry may have to answer for murder.

The Mackenzie Memorial.

LONDON, March 8.—The memorial to the late Dr. Sir Morell Mackenzie will be a permanent addition to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, founded by Dr. Mackenzie in 1863.

Nelson F. Evans Accused.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8. — Nelson F. Evans, a former director of the Broken Spring Garden bank, was arrested charged with having misapplied $60,000 of the funds of the bank.

Washington's Big Dog Show.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The big dog show has opened at the Washington academy. Upward of 10,000 of the finest dogs on earth have entered.

Two Men Fatally Burned.

MOUNT CARMEL, Pa., March 8.—Michael Colgan and August Waller were fatally burned by an explosion of gas at the Mersan colliery.

Ten of the Crew Drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—The bark Invermoriche, from this port to Calcutta, is reported lost at sea and ten of her crew drowned.

Jealousy Again.

WAUKESHA, Wis., March 8.—Charles Boggs shot his wife and himself. He is dead and his wife is dying. Jealousy was the cause.

Sentenced to the Gallows.

DAYTON, O., March 8.—Jacob Harvey, the murderer of Mrs. Maggie Lehmann, was sentenced to be hanged June 24, 1892.

For a New Marine Hospital.

BOSTON, March 8.—The government has accepted the land at Vineyard Haven as the site of the new Marine hospital.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Keeley Gold Cure Investigation Killed in the Senate.

ALBANY, March 8.—The senate took up the discussion of the Keeley institute investigation resolution. Senator Endress offered a substitute resolution providing for the investigation by the commission of the senate and without visiting the institution at all. Senator Saxton said the resolution was perfectly ridiculous, and Senator O'Connor said that he believed it to be a great advertising scheme for the bichloride of gold cure. After much denunciation the measure was defeated by a vote of 22 to 2.

Senator McMahon introduced a bill amending the act providing for the creation of a board of trustees for the Grant monument fund to consist of the governor, the mayor of New York and ninety-eight others instead of thirty-two, as constituted. The bill was passed at once.

The governor sent to the senate a message advising caution in handling the New York and Brooklyn bridges legislation, so as not to impair the cities' interests.

The special order in the assembly was the codification of the game laws. The bill was discussed and amended, but no vote taken.

Bills introduced: Mr. Sullivan—To prevent the publishing of names of delinquent debtors. Mr. Yetman—Putting the protection of highways in the jurisdiction of supervisors. Mr. Weed—Senate bill making appropriation to $500,000 for the Grant monument. Mr. Roche—Creating a bureau of steam engineering for the state. Mr. Buck—Appropriating $5,000 for the protection of the bank of Chemung River in Corning.

MITCHELL TALKS FIGHT.

He Says He Is Ready and Willing to Meet John L. Sullivan.

BUFFALO, March 8.—In a card given out here Charley Mitchell, the English pugilist, denied that he was seeking notoriety in challenging Sullivan. He says he has been before the American public for eleven years and don't require it. He says:

All that Sullivan has to do is to put his name to the articles that the Olympic club forwards him. The pleasure it would give him to thrash me ought to be satisfaction enough, according to his own accounts, outside of the financial benefits derived thereby. It seems incredible that a purse of $25,000 is not enough to satisfy this man, who tries to gull the Americans by saying that I am such an easy mark for him. It is he himself who is the one now advertising for, from all accounts, a rotten show. I want this to be final, for I require no newspaper talk. I have never disappointed the public that is more than Sullivan can say. I here state that I will fight for the purse offered by the Olympic Athletic club and will conform to their rules. I will put up a $2,500 deposit that I will forfeit to the club if I do not appear on the night they fix for the contest. I will also bet $2,500 that I am proclaimed victor.

Mitchell concluded by saying that he would consent to Sullivan his choice of rules. He declares that Sullivan was afraid to meet him and he hoped that this official challenge will bring him to terms.

Corbett Challenges Sullivan.

NEW YORK, March 8.—W. A. Brady, the manager for James J. Corbett, put up a forfeit of $1,000 in this city and issued a challenge to John L. Sullivan to fight for $10,000 a side and the largest purse that a club will give.

Noah Porter's Funeral.

NEW HAVEN, March 8.—The funeral services over the late Rev. Noah Porter, ex-president of Yale college, were held in the college chapel, where services were conducted by President Dwight. The pallbearers were ex-United States Minister Edwin J. Phelps, ex-Governor Ingersoll and Professors George L. Ladd, H. E. Newton, G. E. Day, J. M. Hoppin, George J. Brush and Henry W. Farmem. The body was interred in Grove Street cemetery.

Dr. Baker Acquitted.

ABINGDON, Va., March 8.—Dr. Baker, before tried on a charge of poisoning his wife, was acquitted. The 500 people crowding the court room received the verdict with great enthusiasm. The alleged motive was that Dr. Baker might be free to marry Mrs. Wyndham Gilmer, widow of a wealthy farmer.

The New Orleans Lynching.

NEW ORLEANS, March 8.—Judge Anthony Sambola will bring suit against the city of New Orleans for damages in behalf of the families of a number of the Italians who were killed in the parish prison lynching. The suits are entirely personal, the Italian government having taken no hand in them.

A Short Lived Lockout.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—All the shoe factories in the city were closed yesterday morning, the firms having locked the employees out because of the latter's refusal to raise a boycott on some of their number. Later the men decided to go to work as nonunion men and the factories resumed.

To Emulate Captain Webb.

LONDON, March 8.—William J. Davis, of Sydney, N. S. W., a noted Australian swimmer, has started for America to swim the Niagara rapids, wearing nothing but swimming trunks. This was the feat in attempting which Captain Webb lost his life.

Rev. Mr. Lewis Surrenders.

CINCINNATI, March 8.—Rev. E. B. Lewis, the missing postmaster of New Holland, surrendered to the United States marshal here. He was short $311 in his accounts, which his bondsmen paid up. Lewis is thought to be insane.

Death of Captain Butler.

BOSTON, March 8.—Captain M. H. Butler, of Tideout, Pa., died here, aged fifty-one years. He was well known in Knights of Labor and Nationalist circles as an able writer and lecturer.

The Last of the Searles Case.

SALEM, Mass., March 8.—Judge Harmon having already set up the will of Mrs. Searles, the supreme court will simply affirm the probate of the document.

A Boston Relic Gone.

BOSTON, March 8.—Washington P. Gregg, who served continuously from 1842 until 1885 as clerk of the Boston common council, is dead.

Nineteen Families Homeless.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., March 8.—The Alonzo apartment house was burned and nineteen families are homeless. The loss is $130,000.

Princeton's Oldest Graduate Dead.

CHARLESTON, March 8.—J. Berkley Grimball died, aged ninety-three. Deceased was the oldest living graduate of Princeton college.

"Parson" Moore Dead.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Joseph Solomon Moore, known as "Parso" Moore, the well known writer on free trade, is dead.

A Chicago Pool Room Raid.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Frank Shaw's pool room, at 209 Clark street, was raided and 200 players arrested.

Not Old.

A "minister's man" in Scotland was one Sunday afternoon following his master to church, when the minister happening to turn about detected an unwonted smile on his face.

"What makes you laugh, James? It is unseemly. What is there to amuse you?"

"Oh, nothing particular," says James. "I was only thinking of something that happened this forenoon."

"What was that?"

"Well, sir, don't be angry with me, but you know the congregation are not pleased to hear old sermons from you, and this morning I got the better of them, any way."

"And how was that, James?" says the minister.

"Well, sir, when we came out of the church this forenoon I knew what they were thinking; so says I, 'Well, you cannot call this morning's sermon an old one, for it's not over six weeks since you last heard it.'"—Youth's Companion.

Strategy.

He—I am in love. Will you be my confidante?

She—Certainly. I am at your service.

He—Well, would you advise me to propose to you?—Life.

The Memphis Riot.

MEMPHIS, March 8.—Four more negroes implicated in the riot and shooting have been arrested this morning. The eye of Officer Cole will be extracted. A letter written by Calvin McDowell, leader of the rioters, to his sweetheart, tells that he was at the head of the organization that intended to shoot down every white man that incurred the enmity of any negro in his society.

Foster's Mission Fruitless.

LONDON, March 8.—Secretary Foster, of the United States treasury, and the Right Hon. George J. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, have had two interviews but nothing has been settled concerning a currency conference. Mr. Foster will call on Wednesday for the United States.

Editor and Reporter Indicted.

BEDFORD, Ia., March 8.—The grand jury criminally indicted M. M. Beivel, doorkeeper of the senate, and E. Houck, editor of The Southwest Iowa Democrat. Beivel wrote and The Democrat published a severe attack upon Senator Finn.

Chicago's Costly Failure.

CHICAGO, March 8.—A thorough examination of Chicago's great water supply tunnel, which extends four miles under Lake Michigan, has been made by expert engineers and the costly structure is pronounced a failure.

Beasley Has Not Yet Resigned.

TRENTON, March 8.—The reports that Chief Justice Beasley had resigned is denied by that official. The recently appointed Justice Werts also denies that he has resigned.

Armour's Poisonous Present.

CHICAGO, March 8.—An analysis of a bottle of wine sent to Millionaire Armour shows that it contained laudanum, though not sufficient to cause serious results.

Abandoned at Sea.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—The schooner Henry Waddington, from Pensacola for this port, was abandoned at sea. The crew landed at Key West.

Mrs. Platt Discharged.

BROOKLYN, March 8.—Mr. Platt refused to appear against his wife on the charge of attempting to shoot him, and she was discharged.

The Girls Took Morphine.

DENVER, March 8.—Ettie Pryor and Allie Ellis, two girls from Pittsburg, attempted suicide by taking morphine. They will die.

A Man Burned to Death.

PURCELL, I. T., March 8.—Fire at Lexington, O. T., destroyed the Ansley hotel, and Ben Montgomery was burned to death.

Mills Has a Relapse.

WASHINGTON, March 8. — Congressman Mills is suffering from another return of erysipelas in the foot.

PELTON

Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, cor. W. Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,

successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 99 Rose Street will receive prompt attention. 1y

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Best mates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 225

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Grand and Roger streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-1-92y J. HERRMANN, 9 Rogers street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Box P. O. Box 788. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Spooner place, avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 742.

DIBSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 57.

W. J. Pearce, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 13 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 20 Bonnell street, Plainfield N. J

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.00, 9.05, a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.00, 9.00 a. m.; 12.00, 4.00, 5.00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9.05 a. m., 5.30 p. m.
Close—9.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Closest mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.
Mail closes at 9.00 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(The Fast Reading R. R. Co., Limited.) Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Connection in other New York, 23d, 14th, 42d and 129th streets.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2.14, 4.27, 6.38, 6.14, 6.38, 6.50, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York at 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth or Jersey City.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.30, 8.40, 9.42, 11.05, 11.50 a. m., 1.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.10, 10.40 a. m., 12.15 p. m., 5.45, 8.40, 9.40, 11.05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.55, 8.55, 10.15, 11.14 a. m., 12.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.15, 11.14 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 9.42, 11.05 a. m., 1.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 9.40, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.10 a. m., 5.45, 8.40, 9.40, 11.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 9.43, a. m., 1.56, 5.29 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.45 a. m. for Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilmerding, Pittsburg and Chicago.

7.30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

9.07 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9.42 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilmerding, Pittsburg, Chicago, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Elmira, Canandaigua, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., Parlor car to Upper Lehigh.

5.29 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

6.56 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

8.55 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Pottsville, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Scranton, Nanticoke, Wilmerding, Pittsburg, Chicago, Elmira, Canandaigua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., Parlor car to Upper Lehigh.

5.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

6.56 p. m. for Flemington, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8.55 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

9.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9.45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 9.15 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, etc. 2.05 p. m. Sundays for Bloomsbury, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

9.30 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2.57, 9.00, 11.09 a. m., 2.05, 3.50 p. m. Sunday 11.09 a. m., 2.05 p. m. Leave Grove 9.25 a. m., 2.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 2.57, 9.00, 11.09 a. m., 2.05, 3.50, 7.05 p. m. Sunday 9.25 a. m., 2.05 p. m.

For Freehold 9.25, 11.09 a. m., 2.05, 3.50, 7.05 p. m. Sunday 9.25 a. m., 2.05 p. m.

For Freehold 9.25, 11.09 a. m.; 1.05 p. m.

For Freehold 9.25, 11.09 a. m., 2.05, 3.50, 7.05 p. m. Sunday 9.25 a. m., 2.05 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND ROUTE.

For Bound Brook 9.25 a. m., 2.05, 3.50 p. m.

For Bound Brook 9.25 a. m., 2.05, 3.50 p. m. Sunday 9.25 a. m., 2.05 p. m.

For Trenton 9.45, 9.25, 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 3.50, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.25, 11.15 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 9.05, 10.05 p. m.

For Philadelphia 9.45, 9.25, 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 3.50, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.25, 11.15 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 9.05, 10.05 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.45, a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 10.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.25 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 9.05, 10.05 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 9.45 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.25 a. m., 4.05 p. m.

J. H. OLDEN, Agent, Plainfield.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout its entire length by inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 16th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4.35 a.m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and pt. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7.27 a.m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8.27 p.m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily, for Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Cleveland, and pt. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

11.50 p.m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and pt. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 10.00, 11.50 a.m. On Sundays—1.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m.

For Newark and New York—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Plainfield—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Elizabeth—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Rahway—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Woodbridge—3.05, 6.05, 10.30 a.m.; 2.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 6.05, 10.30 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Metuchen—3.05, 6.05, 10.30 a.m.; 2.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 6.05, 10.30 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Bonhamtown—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m.

For Monmouth Junction—7.05 a.m.; 4.05, 6.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Jamesburg—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Junction—7.05 a.m.; 4.05, 6.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Spotswood, Jamesburg and Freehold—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Lambertville—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Trenton—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Philadelphia—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Baltimore and Washington—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 7.27, 8.27, 9.05, 10.00, 10.30, 11.50 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m. On Sundays—3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.27, 10.00 a.m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p.m.

For Atlantic City—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Cape May—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Ocean City—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Sea Isle City—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Somerville—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Bridgeton—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Millville—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Vineland—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Glassboro—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Woodbury—7.05 a.m.; 4.05 p.m. On Sundays—10.45 a.m.; 6.05 p.m.

For Salem

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

The Daring Escape of a Union Officer Captured in the Chattanooga Campaign in November, 1863—A Story of the Civil War.

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]

A Union officer captured in the Chattanooga campaign in November, 1863, recalls the following as among his most thrilling prison experiences:

It was dark, cold and raining when we reached the stockade or prison pen at Atlanta. The inclosure comprised about half an acre, but there was neither tent nor other shelter, the prisoners being kept here but a few days before being sent on to Richmond. The surrounding wall, about fourteen feet high, was composed of logs set solidly in the earth, and waist high from the top on the outer side was a platform on which the home guards walked. Inside and fifteen feet from the stockade was the dead line, indicated by a chain of little lard lamps.

SPRANG TO THE TOP.

In the center of the inclosure there stood a large brick chimney, the house to which it had been attached having been burned down. Wet, stiff and hungry, I sat down with my back to the chimney, and I had been there but a few minutes when I heard the rattle of a chain, and looking up I saw in the indistinct light the tall, lithe form of a young man dressed in a well fitting traveling tunic, but what particularly attracted my attention was the fact that there was a heavy iron ring about his right ankle. To this ring a chain was attached, and at the other end of the chain there was a 100 pound ball, which the man carried on his shoulder. Setting this ball on the ground near me the man sat down on it, and resting out his hand he said, with the unmistakable accent of an east Tennessean:

"Cap, I'm blanked glad to see you h'ar!"

"Then you cannot be a friend," I growled.

"You can just bet I'm a friend, cl'ar through and through; but don't say as how you've forgot Cap Walker," and the man bent over that I might the better see his broad, cleanent face.

I shook hands with him again, for I recalled him as a brave, patriotic soldier and one of the best guides and scouts in the west. He was at this time about twenty-five years of age, and one of the handsomest men I had ever seen in the saddle. He had been captured by Wheeler in the Sequatchie valley some weeks before, and the indignity of the ball and chain he proceeded to explain as follows:

When the war broke out he was following his trade as machinist in the railroad shops at Atlanta. Like all the other mechanics, he was sworn against his will into the service of the Confederacy, and then detailed to continue on with his work. Being a strong Union man, and having no ties to hold him to the city, he escaped to his home near Knoxville, and subsequently "refugeed" to Kentucky and was mustered into the Federal service.

On his being brought to Atlanta as a prisoner he was recognized at the railroad station by some of his former associates, and was at once tried for desertion and sentenced to be shot. This explained the ball and chain, and he told me, with surprising coolness, that he was to be executed on Friday morning—it was now Wednesday night.

While he was speaking I could feel "goose flesh" rising all over my body, and when he had concluded I asked, "My God, Walker! is there no help for this?"

He bent forward till his brown mustache touched my cheek, and whispered:

"If they shoot me, by heaven! it'll be on the wing, and that's why it did me so much good to see an old friend h'ar."

He then outlined his plan of escape. He had made a saw of a knife he got from one of the prisoners and had cut the rivet, so that with a little effort he could free himself from the ball and chain. Resting against the chimney there was a stretcher, and by placing this against the stockade he could get hold of the top, and so swing himself over.

"But there are the guards," I interposed, "and outside the stockade there is a brigade in camp."

"That's what yer help'll come in," he said. "They're only home guards, and if you can get a lot of the boys just at 12 tonight to crep near the dead line and heave bricks at the guards—up at the north end, they'll all run down thar and leave the south end cl'ar for me."

To draw the fire of the guards was rather a desperate scheme, but then Walker was in a desperate situation. I told my friends what was wanted, and to my great joy I found every man ready to risk his own to give the condemned man "a show for his life."

I was very nervous, but the darkness prevented its being seen. At 10 o'clock the guards began shouting the half hours from their posts. Soon after half past 11 was announced I crept over to the chimney and found that Walker had freed himself from the ball and chain and was fastening a waist belt to the upper end of the stretcher.

"At 12 o'clock," I whispered, as I gave him my hand. He caught me to his breast, kissed me and replied:

"At 12 o'clock. Within a half hour I will be free man or a dead one."

I could hear the throbbing of my heart, as with a lot of bricks under my arm I crept back to where the brave fellows were lying in the mud waiting for the signal.

The minutes were like hours. Then, from the southwestern corner of the stockade, rang out the cry:

"We've o'clock. Post No. 1, and all's well!"

On the instant forty men rose, a volley of bricks rattled against the stockade, and so well directed was the aim that the guards were either thrown off or they jumped off.

Firing into the inclosure as they ran, the other guards hurried to the point of attack and the south end was clear.

I saw Walker running with the stretcher in his hands, and placing it against the stockade, sprang up to the belt, seized the top of the wall, and then with the wiriness of a gymnast on a trapeze and a yell that told of victory, he was over.

Within a few minutes we heard a cheer in the far distance, the signal that told he had cleared the camp and was free.

Soon after a company was marched into the stockade. They found ranks of sleeping men and a ball and chain, but no one who had "heaved a brick" or who knew of Walker's escape. And it was an escape, for within four days he was back in our lines.

Fighting as Equal.

While dueling is dying out in the south, there are still many excellent men there who believe the code affords the only proper means of redress for a gentleman who has been insulted, and who has been, offended. Captain Wells, who some years since lived on the Sabine near Orange, Tex., was a man of this character. When angered he would rather fight than eat, though ordinarily he was most peaceful and generous.

The captain one day was subjected to a severe joke, perhaps needlessly harsh cross examination by a lawyer whose home was on the Louisiana side of the river.

The next day Saturday Captain Wells secured a second and dispatched him over the Sabine with a peremptory challenge for Lawyer Phillips. Mr. Phillips, although a church deacon, had not the moral courage to refuse a meeting, so he accepted, and the fight, with repeating rifles, was set down for Monday morning.

Mr. Phillips, his mind troubled by other matters, went to church the next day with his wife and six children, from whom he had kept all knowledge of the duel.

As he was leaving the church with his wife and family, the lawyer was not a little surprised at seeing the captain outside, and still more surprised at seeing that hot spur doffing his hat to Mrs. Phillips and the children.

That night the captain's second appeared at the Phillips mansion with a note marked "private," and which read as follows:

"At the risk of being set down in this community as a fool or a poltroon, I beg that you will permit me to withdraw my challenge and to confess that I have been greatly to blame in sending it."

Glad at the prospect of peace, yet weak enough to desire to pose as a brave man, Mr. Phillips went over to Orange early the next morning, and seeking out Captain Wells, he said:

"I am at a loss, sir, to understand your conduct. Why did you withdraw the challenge?"

"Because, Mr. Phillips," was the reply, "you and I cannot meet on the field as equals."

"Am I not your equal?" asked the lawyer hotly.

"I will concede that you are. But you know that I am a single man, with no dependents."

"Yes, I understand that, captain."

"You have a wife and six children, Mr. Phillips. I saw them at church yesterday and I saw then that I had taken an undue advantage of you. When I get a wife and six children we will be on an equality and then we can fight it out if we choose."

Struck with the keenness of the gambler's manliness the lawyer gave him both hands, and from that hour on they became devoted friends.

Awkwardness Measures.

Crab Orchard, Ky., is so famed for the medicinal power of its springs as the seat at large is for the excellent quality of its Bourbon whisky.

Squire Harden—the "squire" was entirely honorary, for the old man knew nothing about law and cared for it still less—lived not far from the village, and he was a frequent visitor there, not because of the boiling waters, but on account of the whisky. He always carried a demijohn with him, and with him a supply in a jug, while he toted more than was good for his bullfast bottle.

One day Squire Harden went to bed very sick. Next morning the neighbors and friends wondered why he had not been taken down before. A doctor was sent for, and after feeling the pulse, looking at the tongue and asking as many questions as if he did not know all about the case from the first he said:

"It's the whisky, squire."

"But I ain't a drinkin man," said Harden.

"Oh, I know that," said the wily doctor, "but a very little affects some men more than a great deal will affect others, so you'll have to let up."

"Great Gineral Jackson!" cried the squire, "I'm gittin to be an old man, and it's agin nature to choke me plum off, all of a suddent like. I must have a little, just for medicine."

"Have you any whisky in the house now?" asked the doctor.

"Nary a drop, doc, or I'd a gin you some afore this," said the squire.

"Very well; take four ounces of whisky a day, and no more, mind. I'll leave you some medicine, Mrs. Somerville, when I'm passing I'll drop in to see how you're getting on."

The doctor left, and about ten days afterward he was sent for again, the message was one of the squire's younger sons—he had ten of them—declaring that the prescription promised to kill his father. "For," he said, "dad's bound to take every dogone drop of them four ounces every day. The consekence is he's nigh 'bout done, for sho."

"Why, what do you mean?" asked the perplexed doctor.

"I mean the whisky," said the boy.

"Well, what of that?"

"What of that? W'y, doc, there's some powerful heavy drinkers ovah Cumberland way, but they don't hold a candle to one o' 'em could drink four ounces of whisky a day for a week and not bring on the everlastin jimjams."

"Four ounces," said the doctor. "How did your folks measure it?"

"W'al, that's w'at bothered us for a bit, for you see we ain't never measured whisky jus as we does sugar. But all to wunst Sister Sue she remembered she had an ole 'rithmetic, and she fotched it out, and thar she read, 'Sixteen drams to an ounce,' then she got a bit of chalk and ciphered out that that was just sixty-four drinks a day. Then we took his medicine right straight along like a little man, but if you don't come ovah and shut off two ounces, dogs m'd if I think he ken hold out another week."

ALFRED H. CALHOUN.

There's Many a Slip.

Toffer—Have a cigar, old boy. I'm afraid though, they're not very good. In fact, they may be worse than those I gave you last.

Friend (in a burst of politeness)—Impossible, my dear boy, impossible.—New York Weekly.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
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Special rates to permanent guests.
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of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 8 a. m.

The steamer "Fuerst Bismarck" from New York, March 22, at 11.30 a. m.

The steamers for Southampton from New York, March 12, 23; April 6, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get part colors and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. col.

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

EDSALL'S!

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

41 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 81 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 81 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 81 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Home furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware, Tubs, Buckets, Glasses, Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (aside from occasionals), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 20c. Royal Tooth Powder at 15 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

Friday Eve'g Mar. 11

DENMAN THOMPSON'S

Celebrated play,

THE OLD HOMESTEAD

Under the management of E. A. McFarland Scenery New. Company same as last season.

PRICES—75, 50 and 35 Cents.

A

Household Necessity

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER AND STEAM COFFEE COOKER, now for sale at 61 Park avenue, are attracting a great many people's attention, simply because anything cooked by steam is far superior to any other cooking.

The meat retains all its nutriment and sweetness, and weighs just as much after cooking as it did before. There is no smell from cabbage or onions while cooking in the Steam Cooker.

Mr. Beach, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park Avenue, (Old stand of the Women's Exchange.)

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—37 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black cashmere Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 87c.
6 button length Suede Mo-quetaires, in tans, only 1 dozen, 98c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
Near line of black and colored silk gloves.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

NOVELTIES IN PHOTOGRAPHY.

An Interesting Instantaneous Photograph—The Best Time of Day.

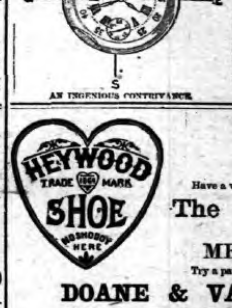
The cut below is a copy of a photograph of the explosion of four military mines, or "dry torpedoes," as they are called, the explosive materials being buried in the earth and intended to check the advance of a body of soldiers against a fortified position.

SIMULTANEOUS EXPLOSION OF FOUR DRY TORPEDOES.

The picture obtained is a particularly interesting and successful one, showing the simultaneous explosion of three mines, while the enormous amount of earth thrown into the air indicates the intense power of the explosive material used. An event like this, occurring in the midst of an attacking army of soldiers, would undoubtedly demoralize the bravest and best disciplined men. The smaller masses of earth or stone which are shown as being thrown, like rockets, much higher than the greater mass of the material, are a very curious feature, and indicate perhaps an irregular or uneven action of the explosive material.

The photograph was taken during the autumn military manœuvres of the Belgian army. The camera was placed within 300 feet of the mine, and the shutter was estimated to give an exposure of 1-500 of a second. Although the camera was violently shaken by the explosion, the sharpness and clearness of the photograph show that the shutter must have operated before the shock was transmitted to the instrument.

An ingenious and useful method of calculating the hour of the day when any object will have the best light for photographing, is illustrated in Fig. 2. Generally speaking, the best time for obtaining a view is when the rays of the sun fall directly upon it.



AN INGENIOUS CONTRIVANCE.

To determine this time, take a watch and hold it horizontally with the figure XII on the dial pointing toward the north. Then project an imaginary line from the center of the dial toward the object to be photographed. The figure on the dial which this line intersects indicates the hour at which the sun will shine most directly upon it. Thus, in the illustration, the proper time for photographing the object shown would be about 11 o'clock. This method assumes a knowledge of the points of the compass, but these are easily found; or, if one is in a strange place, a small pocket compass can be carried.

It will be noticed that this method is independent of the latitude of the watch itself, so if the amateur photographer does not possess one of these useful articles, a simple dial drawn on a piece of cardboard will answer every purpose. Of course there are often views or objects which can best be photographed in a side light, and to these the method described above will not apply. The accompanying illustrations from La Nature were recently described and commented upon in Popular Science News, from which the foregoing was reproduced.

Coal in the South.

The following figures are given in The Manufacturers' Record as a close approximation to the actual figures of coal production in the south during 1891: Maryland, 3,250,000 gross tons; Virginia, 2,600,000 gross tons; West Virginia, 1,340,000 gross tons; Kentucky, 1,600,000 gross tons; Tennessee, 2,972,000 gross tons, Alabama, at the very least, 4,000,000 gross tons (as much as 5,700,000 gross tons is being claimed by one authority), making an aggregate of 21,570,000 gross tons for the six states. Other southern states at 1,500,000 gross tons.

A New Musical Instrument.

The "pedal clarionet," as it is not very happily called, stands an octave below the bass clarionet, and in one of its two varieties produces the lowest notes yet attained by any instrument, with the one exception of the organ. Its tone is wonderfully distinct, even in the deepest notes, and it is far more agreeable than that of the double bassoon, with which it is most closely allied in compass. It has a range of three octaves. Its qualities were admirably exhibited by M. Brotonneau, of the Paris opera.

The American Bison.

The latest estimate places the number of American bison at 1,036, distributed as follows: Four hundred and fifty-four in captivity in American zoological parks; 200 wild ones in Yellowstone park, protected by the government; 300 in Colorado, 85 wild ones in other parts of the United States, and 87 in parks in other countries.

Gleaned from the Industrial World.

The Death Valley must henceforth be classed among the sentimental shams. The government survey party has found 300 varieties of mammals inhabiting the valley.

The asteroids now number 318. The last seven were discovered between Aug. 28 and Sept. 13. Four of them by Charlois, at Nice, and three by Palisa, at Vienna.

To remove rust stains from nickel plate grease the rust stains with oil, and after a few days rub thoroughly with a cloth moistened with ammonia. If any spots still remain remove them with dilute hydrochloric acid and polish with tripoli.

It has repeatedly been shown that when cast and malleable iron are used in the same structure, a galvanic action is set up between them and the malleable iron is corroded.

WE

Have a very good opinion of

The Heywood Shoe,

for

MEN AND BOYS.

Try a pair and see if you agree with us.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

29 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

LENT HAS ARRIVED!

And we are prepared to supply everybody with **FISH** of all kinds at prices way down.

Choice Codfish, 2 lbs. for 15 Cents.

Big stock extra Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Yarmouth Bloaters, Sardines from 5c. box Salmon, Lobster, Brook Trout, etc.

BUTTER—We sell the BEST 25c. Table Butter to be had in the city.

Headquarters for New Crop Teas and Fresh Roasted Coffees.

Store Open Evenings until 9 p. m.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white and
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DELUXE IMPERIAL, and they will tell you fully as they are in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Pure Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of rechessed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture, AT CAREY'S,

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 4th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Ext. Tables,

Diningroom Chairs, Buffets, Lounges, Folding Bed, Mattresses, Stands, Crockery, Cook Stoves, etc.

Terms Cash.

T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

At Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business

March 1, 1892.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$624,764 93
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,284 76
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	102,466 69
Due from other National Banks	2,000 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	11,000 00
Other Real estate and mortgages owned	6,000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,000 00
Premiums paid on U. S. Bonds	1,000 00
Checks and other cash items	1,000 00
Bills of other Banks	1,000 00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and Cents	1,000 47
Specie	7,000 00
Legal Tender Notes	14,000 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,500 00
Total	$967,017 84

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$300,000 00
Surplus Fund	50,000 00
Undivided Profits	15,000 00
National Bank notes outstanding	45,000 00
Due to other National Banks	4,000 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	552,817 84
Demand Certificates of Deposit	1,200 00
Certified Checks	1,000 00
Certificates of Deposit	178 00
Cashier's Checks outstanding	24,822 00
Due to State Banks and Bankers	24,000 00
Total	$967,017 84

State of New Jersey, County of Somerset, } ss.

I, J. S. Runyon, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. S. RUNYON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of March, 1892.

NELSON RUNYON, Notary Public of N. J.

Correct:—Attest,
D. F. RANDOLPH,
WM. M. SUTLIMAN,
H. M. REVIL,
} Directors.

MASTER'S SALE.

IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Sarah S. Line, et al., defendants.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above stated cause, on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1892, there will be exposed for sale at public vendue or outcry, on the premises hereinafter described, which will expose for sale at public vendue on the premises,

TUESDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MARCH

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m., so much of the lands and tenements of which Samuel H. Gillespie died seized, as will produce the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, and being in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the said Abram M. Vail (First Part), and the west corner of property conveyed by Samuel H. Gillespie to Isaac Line and Abram M. Vail (First Part), and running thence (1) along the line of property of said Isaac Line and Abram M. Vail (First Part), and the line of property of Mary Ann Sperry, deceased, and Mary Sperry, executrix, as described, to wit, all those certain tracts and parcels of land and premises, situate, lying

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 28. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

DOSE OF HALF AND HALF.

THE NORTH PLAINFIELD ELECTION.

The Republican Ticket Wins, but Good Republicans are Defeated—The Result Only As Expected—Mr. Saunders, Democrat, Elected Mayor, and Messrs. Neal and Connolly, Democrats, Councilmen.

We said yesterday that "it was not good Republican weather," and several days previously we cautioned the Republicans that they would need to be lively if they expected to win. There were intimations that there was a storm brewing and indications ahead of defeat unless extraordinary efforts were put forth. It was feared that the Republicans, so long accustomed year after year to carrying everything before them, having every office in the borough from Mayor to Poundkeeper, would become careless. But it would not have made any difference. The defeat is due to a personal grievance which one hitherto good Republican has against another and took this way of getting satisfaction. *It is to be hoped that he is now satisfied.*

The total number of votes polled in the borough was 675, of which the Republican ticket received 295 against 280 for the Democratic ticket, leaving the Republican majority for the ticket of 115.

But while we can hurrah for the ticket, we must go in sackcloth and ashes for the leading candidates, who "fell outside the breastworks," and rub our lachrymonal glands because they cannot join in the merry dance, being decidedly "not in it."

The following returns show that the difficulty referred to cost the Republican candidate for Mayor 110 votes, and that *the Democrats, outside* of that got five Republican votes, so that but for quarrel the result would have been this:

Bonney, Republican	390
Saunders, Democrat	285
and Mr. Bonney's majority would have been	105

Instead Mr. Saunders has 10 majority.

Of course Mr. Bonney had no hand in the quarrel, but the disaffected supported he and the two Republican Councilmen defeated had been put forward by the other side. Mr. Bonney before election said to his friends that he hoped he would be defeated, as he did not want the office, but only consented under pressure to run.

The result will leave the new Council three Democrats to three Republicans.

The Tickets.

VOTES POLLED IN THE BOROUGH.

	Districts 1st	2d	Total
Republican ticket	243	123	366
Democratic ticket	104	176	280
Total vote	346	299	675
Majority for the Republican ticket	115		

The Candidates.

FOR MAYOR.

	District 1st	2d	Total
Edwin L. Bonney, R	177	133	310
William L. Saunders, D	241	134	365
Totals	418	357	675
Majority	64*	99	55

*Saunders. †Bonney.

COUNCILMEN.

	Districts 1st	2d	Total
George D. Hallock, R	174	141	315
T. Wilfred Powell, R	*178*	*136*	*314*
George H. Neal, D	243	131	374
M. L. Connolly, D	237	116	353
Neal's majority, 48.			
Connolly's majority, 39.			

BOROUGH COLLECTOR.

	Districts 1st	2d	Total
Henry N. Spencer	243	153	396
No opposition.			

AMOUNTS VOTED.

For roads	$3,000
$500 for use on Somerset street.	
For Borough purposes	1,200
For Board of Health	300

TOWNSHIP TICKETS.

	Districts 1st	2d	Total
Republican	215	163	378
Democratic	138	149	287
Total	353	312	665
Republican majority	77	14	91
Rejected ballots, 6.			

CANDIDATES.

All the Republican candidates were elected as follows:

FOR TOWN CLERK.

	Districts 1st	2d	Total
Horace Martin, R	216	161	377
Frank Krewson, D	136	159	295
Martin's majority	80	2	82

FOR TOWNSHIP COMMITTEEMAN.

William C. Smith, R	211	166	377
David N. Force, D	137	141	278
Smith's majority	74	25	99

FOR OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

J. W. A. Bauersach, R	213	164	377
Wm. E. Mattison, D	136	120	256
Bauersach's majority	77	5	82

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. (two years.)

Thomas J. Young, R	213	165	378
Alfred M. Waterfield, D	138	147	285
Young's majority	74	18	92

CONSTABLES OF HOUSTON.

Michael Powers, R	212	163	375
Francis N. Whitely, R	211	161	372
Thomas Newman, D	138	148	286
Powers' majority	89		
Whitely's majority	89		

FOR COMMISSIONERS OF APPEAL.

James S. Lunger, R	210	155	365
David R. Vancort, R	211	161	372
Jonathan Chewes, R	211	160	371
John T. Case, D	143	149	292
Edward C. Mason, D	142	149	291
George D. Brammer, D	134	145	279

FOR CONSTABLES.

John T. Van Horn, R, (1 year)	213	161	374
John S. MacDonald, R (3 years)	214	164	378
Nimrod N. Hagborn, D	134	145	279

FOR POUND KEEPERS.

Samuel Hudson, R	213	159	372
Godfrey Black, R	214	155	369
John Stein, R	215	160	375
Samuel Payson, R	215	160	375
Abram Wade, D	130	130	260
Augustus Mobus, D	137	148	285
Christian Stoeckle, D	137	148	285
Jas. Hurley, D	136	147	283

MONEYS VOTED.

For repair of roads outside of Borough $1,000. Same to be left in the hands of Township Committee.

For support of Poor, $1500. $300 to be left in the hands of Township Committee.

DISSECTING AN ARM.

DR. ADAMS BRINGS IT OUT FROM NEW YORK.

Cuts it Before Boys at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, for an Object Lesson—The Boys Greatly Interested.

The Young Men's Auxiliary or Junior Department of the Y. M. C. A. had a most instructive and interesting talk last evening at the Association Rooms, one that can but be productive of good. Dr. D. C. Adams had an arm which he dissected, showing the boys, as could be shown in no other way, the wonderful mechanism of our arm, the bones, how arranged, the muscles, how arranged, and attached to the veins, how placed. The doctor clearly showed the boys how we move our arm, what happens when a bone is broken, or an artery cut; and where bleeding occurs, how it can most effectually be stopped, and why. The boys collected around the doctor and *eagerly watched as he clearly and* quickly showed them part after part. So intense was the interest of the boys that questions were asked long after the time had closed.

The doctor showed a remarkable degree of familiarity with his subject in giving names of muscles, veins, arteries, bones, etc., telling how some names were given because of shape, some from location, and some there was no reason for name. He pleased the boys often by *telling the long names, especially in* giving the longest name to the shortest muscle.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frederick Sandford, formerly of North Plainfield but now of Philadelphia, is visiting his mother on Washington avenue.

Mr. W. H. Miner, who has so acceptably filled the position of Superintendent of the Boys' Club, has resigned. The resignation will take effect May first. Mr. Miner conducts a choir in Connecticut and the Holy Cross Church choir in North Plainfield, and his resignation as Superintendent of the Boys' Club is that he may devote all his time to music, in which he is talented.

Mr. J. W. Douglass of this city this morning received a letter from Mr. H. Doer, formerly of this city but now of Chicago, which announces that over 100,000 men were walking the streets of that city and the majority of them were without means to obtain bread. He says, in his letter, that these people have congregated there thinking that they would get work owing to the construction of the buildings for the world's fair. According to his letter they were deceived. Mr. Doer was formerly employed in the U. S. Census office in this city.

1891 and 1892 Compared.

The total vote last year in the borough was as follows:

Republican ticket	331
Democratic ticket	289
Total vote	620
Republican majority	42

The total vote on North Plainfield township ticket was as follows:

Republican	393
Democratic	346
Total	739
Republican maj	47

The Republican majority in the *borough in 1890, was 124. In 1889 it was* 140 so that it will be seen that our statement elsewhere respecting what the result would have been but for the disaffection is moderate.

Miss Bulkley Appointed.

The announcement is made that Miss Julia E. Bulkley of this city has been appointed Dean of the Woman's College of the Chicago University.

Miss Bulkley has for several years been principal of the Plainfield public schools, and has also been connected conspicuously with educational work at Chautauqua. Miss Bulkley's engagement will begin on October 1, and she will leave Plainfield followed by the best wishes of everyone in this city.

The Damrosch Symphony Concert.

For weeks past subscriptions have been solicited to insure the financial success of the Damrosch Symphony Concert, given at Music Hall last evening. It is to be hoped that part was as successful as the musical part.

It was a grand concert, the entire orchestra playing as one man and getting grandiose Boardiff effects. The fine and the able young conductor received warm applause.

Smashed the Windows.

Thomas Kerrigan, while under the influence of liquor last night, smashed several panes of glass in the windows of John Mannice's hotel at Bound Brook. Mr. Mannice swore out a warrant for his arrest and a constable from that place sought him there and took him to Bound Brook. He was given a hearing and committed to the county jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

It Still has no Owner.

On March 13th, a number of Plainfielders will visit Newark and again participate in the shooting contest for the four hundred pound hog which was raised on the farm of Jacob Pentz at Fanwood. The contest will take place on the Gun Club grounds belonging to John Erb.

To be Interred in this City.

The man who was killed on the track at Bound Brook Monday evening, as reported in yesterday's News was a brother-in-law of Mr. Charles McCarty of Plainfield avenue. His remains will be brought to this city to-morrow and interred in St. Mary's cemetery.

ABOUT WEDLIN'S DEATH

SENATOR MARSH CAUSES AN INVESTIGATION.

The Man was an Italian, and was Struck by a Train — Detective Keron's Examination and Result.

The opinion that the man whose body was found at Roselle on Sunday morning as reported in THE NEWS of Monday was killed by a train, has been verified by the official investigation.

Senator Marsh telegraphed from Trenton last evening, in his capacity as prosecutor, to County Detective Keron to make an examination of the matter, having read in the papers of this section of the State that there were circumstances about the man's death which required explanation.

The dead man was identified yesterday afternoon as an Italian by two friends, John F. and Joseph Wedlin, of 509 Market street, Newark. He had worked with these men for the firm of Scott & Stall, whose business it is to get out telegraph poles from the woods on Ball's farm near Roselle, and that occupation explained the presence of the axe found with the dead body.

The man worked for Scott & Stall until one week ago, when he with three others quit, and he went to work in the pole route works at Carteret. While there a letter was received addressed to John F. Wedlin, and it was given to the Italian, who was the most intelligent of the party. It was this letter which was found on him, and Wedlin was supposed to have been his name. The letter was dated from 509 Market street, Newark.

On inquiry there on County Physician Wescott's authority the Wedlins were found, and they identified the Italian.

When the men left the employ of Scott & Stall, the firm was indebted to them to the amount of $37. On Saturday the Italian went to the Ball farm to get some money, and returned in the evening, and had the axe with him.

Mr. Stall gave the man fifty cents, two twenty-five cent silver pieces. The house was near the Central Railroad track, and at seven o'clock, when the Italian left, he went in the direction of the tracks, and it is presumed started to walk on the railroad to Roselle.

Detective Keron saw the place where the body was found, and says the man was killed about five rails distant from what is known as Gordon's crossing. The axe handle was broken, and the axe part found sticking up in the mud. The man's hat was some distance away, and one boot was torn off by the train.

One singular thing has not been explained. Mr. Stall is positive he gave the Italian two twenty-five cent silver pieces. On the body there were found one silver quarter and two ten cent pieces. Mr. Stall's house and the place where the body was found is not in the vicinity of any stores or saloons, and it cannot be accounted for how the Italian changed the quarter, and what he did with the five cents.

BREVITIES.

—The city Council will in all probability, hold a special meeting this week.

—A regular meeting of Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., was held last evening.

—The Individual bowling contest of the Plainfield Crescent League is to be decided on March 20th.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow *evening at eight o'clock.*

—At a regular communication of Anchor Lodge, No. 140, F. & A. M., held last evening the F. C. degree was conferred.

—The Rev. Dr. Guynon of New York will deliver a lecture in St. Mary's church this evening at eight o'clock.

—Out door grape vines should be trimmed in this or next month. The sooner the better, as the vines are apt to bleed if left much later.

—The members of the Independent Gun Club engaged in a sweepstake shooting contest on their grounds in North Plainfield to-day.

—Wetumpka Commandery No. 34, Knights of Honor, held a meeting last evening. Business pertaining to the lodge only was transacted.

—There was an entertainment given in the Third street Mission last evening. It was well attended and those present thoroughly enjoyed the affair.

—*There is to be an evening sociable at* the residence of Mr. Amos Hatfield at Fanwood next Tuesday evening. Prof. Guttman will furnish the music.

—A regular monthly business meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Thursday afternoon at 3.30 in their rooms on Front street. A large attendance is desired.

—Charles Cashen was arrested for drunkenness and disorderly conduct in the borough of North Plainfield last evening. Justice Crossley this morning fined him five dollars. Marshal Rutledge made the arrest.

—Through the courtesy of Librarian Dana of Denver, some very valuable pamphlets relating to Colorado have been added to our Public Library. Some of these relating to Denver with good illustrations are of especial interest. They can be seen at any time during library hours.

—"For Money," with Wm. H. Crane in his now famous double role of the Colonel and the Commodore, is still the most popular play in New York, and the Star Theatre is filled at every performance by an audience which passes three solid hours in laughing and applauding. Lent has come, but it has apparently no terror for Crane. It has not affected his business to any apparent able extent, and it looks as if he was doomed to play "For Money" to the end of his season in May.

THE LEGISLATURE.

AGAINST SUNDAY OPENING AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Committee on Federal Relations Presents a Petition—Bills Passed.

The petition sent to the Senate against the opening of the World's Fair on Sundays was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, of which Senator Marsh is chairman. Yesterday the Senator presented a concurrent resolution *from the committee requesting* that the fair be closed in accordance with the wishes of the petitioners, and that the New Jersey exhibit, at any rate, be shut up on that day.

A bill was introduced appropriating $60,000 for improvements at Morris Plains Asylum.

The following bills were passed: House No. 50 provides that fifty-five hours shall constitute a week's work in factories and workshops; Senate No 197 creates in first-class cities in place of the present police courts to be known as First, Second and Third Criminal Courts; House No. 202, an Act Concerning Corporations; House No. 272 amends the borough government act; House No. 215 provides that salaries of assistant city treasurers shall not be changed during their terms; House 299 provides for filling of vacancies in Boards of Freeholders by majority of board; House No. 275 provides that any corporation rebuilding or repairing bridges over navigable streams shall be allowed to impede navigation from *Feb.* 1 to 15 of each year; Senate No. 168 provides for payment for repairs on roads in cities where appropriations is exceeded; House No. 48 supplement to the Mechanics' Lien law; Senate No. 220 gives stockholders of any bank or banking institution one vote for each share of stock held; Senate No. 225, providing that the expense of examining into the affairs of insurance companies shall be paid to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance; *substitute for House No. 35, enabling the* city of Bayonne to elect a member-at-large of the Board of Aldermen; Senate No. 190, repealing the act incorporating the Red Bank and Woodbury Turnpike Company; House No. 241, making it unlawful to imitate trade-marks; Senate No. 185, providing for the purchase of macadamized toll roads by counties; House No. 189 provides for the assessment of taxes for road improvements in cities; House No. 191, providing for the re-recording of important public records which are becoming worn out; Senate No. 166 provides that Boards of Aldermen in any city may fix by ordinance the salary of the Chief of Police; House No. 201, amending the Benevolent and Charitable Association act; House No. 310, providing for the setting up of monuments to establish boundaries of land; House No. 209, providing that laborers, mechanics and contractors may file liens on public improvements.

The House passed the Undertakers' Commission bill.

Mr. Lanning introduced a bill giving Mayors the right to vote in case of a tie in boards of fire commissions. Mr. Coyle presented one designating any house, room or place used as a dwelling in which clothing is made as a workshop and subject to inspection by the city police for the purpose of determining whether garments made therein are clean and free from vermin and diseases.

The House passed Mr. John Carroll's Semi-Monthly Pay bill, notwithstanding the opposition of Mr. Nash and others. Mr. Lane made a strong defense of the measure and denied Mr. Nash's interpretation that it was wanted mainly by the saloon-keepers. On the motion of Mr. F. D. Smith, the bill was amended so as to include individual employers as well as corporations.

The Senate passed Mr. Kalisch's bill permitting an appeal in District Court cases where the amount involved is over $25. Senator Barrett opposed the bill and it was advocated by Senators Marsh and Hudspeth.

Senator Hudspeth asked Senator Barrett for information in regard to the Jersey City Water bill from the committee.

"To-morrow," was the prompt answer of Senator Barrett. "It would have been reported to-day but for the absence of Senator Gardner."

A bill with a history, hitherto concealed, passed the Senate a few days ago and is now in the House. It is said to be for the specific purpose of unravelling a tangle in connection with the estate of the late Judge John McGregor of Newark. The Judge made a will in which he left a large tract of unimproved land to his daughter.

The bill is said to be for the purpose of straightening out the tangle concerning the property into the estate, of which her brother, Austin McGregor, is executor. The bill is number 181.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending March 7, 1892:

Albertson, I N	McGlire, John T
Chalmers, R	Mitchell, Phebe Miss
Cusic, Annie	Miller, Mrs J
Dougherty, Mrs A	Nicholson, A G
Dunlevy, Harvey	Pidgeon, Mrs
Skin, Mark	Payne, Wm H
Hall, A E	Rogers, J J
Hinton, Mrs M C S	Richison, Fred
Haden, H	Rain, Nellie
Hoffman, Mrs F	Stevens, J J
Lewis, Henry W	Stone, Mr
Lote, Hugh C	South, Margaret
Lee, Mr	Smith, Mrs. George
Mitchell, Julia Miss	Simmons, Mrs
Minner, F J	Thompson, D M
Marshall, Mrs Fannie	Watson, Minnie A
Mellon, John	Wilson, Mrs Jas Co 60
McArthur, James	Whiteston, Miss

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. B. Force, Postmaster.

—A large number of mechanics in this city are now unemployed.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TO SPEND NINE MONTHS IN PRISON.

Mrs Osborne Sentenced for Stealing the Hargreaves' Jewels.

LONDON, March 9.—Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne, against whom the Grand Jury a few days ago returned a true bill for larceny and perjury in connection with the theft of Mrs. Hargreaves' jewels was arraigned for trial in the Old Bailey to-day.

She pleaded guilty to the charges against her and was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment at hard labor.

LYNCH LAW IN MEMPHIS.

Three Negroes Shot to Death by a Mob of Seventy-five.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 9th. (Special.)—A mob of seventy-five men, at three o'clock this morning quietly gained entrance to the jail and took out three negroes charged with assault. Their shot-riddled bodies were found on the outskirts of the city later.

Election in Union County.

ELIZABETH, March 9.—Elections for Freeholders, held throughout Union county yesterday, except in the cities of Elizabeth, Plainfield and Rahway, whose members held over, indicate that the Republicans have carried Fanwood, Cranford, Linden, Westfield, Springfield, and New Providence. The Democrats carry Summit and Clark.

Union townships is in doubt. Democrats and Republicans held over from the cities while the new Freeholder bill passed by the Legislature will give the Democrats three additional members from Elizabeth. If Union township goes Democratic, as is most likely, this will give the Democrats control of the next Board and the offices by two majority. Should they lose Union the Board will be a tie.

The Bicycle Race.

NEW YORK, March 9th, (Special.)—When the seven contestants in the seventy-two hour bicycle race mounted their wheels at noon to-day in Madison Square Garden, the scores were as follows:

	M	L		M	L
Ashinger	393	9	Reading	393	7
Lumsden	393	9	Shock	361	5
Martin	393	9	Stage	334	3
Lamb	393	9			

A Vessel Cut in Two.

NORFOLK, Va., March 8, (Special.)—The tug Morse reports that when she was off Winter Quarter light this morning, about thirty-five miles southeast, she passed the afterpart of a new schooner of 2000 tons cut in two, also the cabin. Her name was not visible.

Gold and Silver off for Europe.

NEW YORK, March 9th. (Special.)—The steamship Germanic, which sailed for Europe at noon, took out $250,000 in gold and $20,700 in silver bullion.

Mr. Lindabury's Reply.

Cortlandt Parker last week made a plea for Assembly Bill No. 284, in which he arraigned the people of Bernard Township, Somerset county, for attempting to repudiate their just debts. R. V. Lindabury appeared before the Revision of Laws Committee yesterday and replied to Mr. Parker's plea. Mr. Lindabury argued that Mr. Parker wanted the act repealed which was the salvation of Elizabeth a few years ago, and he was opposed to such proceedings simply for the benefit of Mr. Parker's Wall street clients.

Pen Sketches from Life.

A curiosity in penurious advertising, or a travelling joke, was seen on Somerset street, yesterday afternoon. A knock-kneed, bony, old horse, attached to a wagon which and come out second-best in its fight with time, was adorned with a sign like this:

FOR SALE
HORSE AND WAGON
$15.

The Carriage Ran Over Her.

The little daughter of Mr. Utzinger fell from a carriage driven by her father and occupied by the family of five, at the corner of Somerset and Plainfield Place this afternoon at about three o'clock. The carriage passed over her shoulder and it is thought she is seriously injured.

SENSITIVE and nerve weakened men and women need to heed this advice and let it stick like a fact—

Have some H-O for breakfast.

BEFORE PURCHASING

Your Mount for 1892.

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,

WHEELMEN'S ∴ HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

HEYWOOD TRADE MARK SHOE

"WE

Have a very good opinion of

The Heywood Shoe,

for

MEN AND BOYS.

Try a pair and see if you agree with us.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

122 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and I have you seen that new one that we are offering? It's the largest bargain we have ever offered, and you know a good thing if you do not secure one of these. Price $2.98. See them in our show window.

And how about a new Dinner Set? We are offering a very fine English Porcelain Decorated Set, 100 pieces for $8.75. That's a bargain.

The Matting Trade we are after and are going to get it, if price and quality is honest. We have just received 200 rolls of new ones, the latest and choicest designs.

We ask special attention to a line of Hemburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality at 15 cents and also lower in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose, Values 25c, our price 19c. Gentlemen there are 1000 fine four-in-hand ties and Teck Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for; our price 25c.

Our sale of fine granite iron ware still continues. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you pay for it at about the same price that you pay for good tinware.

Van Emburgh & White.

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

EDSALL'S!

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Work by assistant dressmaker. Address "Dressmaker," Address L. H., Plainfield, N. J. 9 2

HELP WANTED.

COOK wanted. Good reference required. Apply at 25 Rockview avenue 8 2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire at 95 Westervelt avenue. 8 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing $5 and private papers. Reward paid for its return, for the owner, to THE NEWS office.

FOR SALE.

A S I am about moving to New York, I will sell my $22 store stove for $5, if taken immediately. Thompson Park, No. 23 East Front street. 8 2

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. M. Chew, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 1002

FOR SALE—Farm, 37 acres. Handsomely located; 200 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 185, Dunellen, N. J. 26-28

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Biker & Co., Aventh. 2 1767

FOR RENT.

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT—Having leased the Arlington brick yard, I offer for rent all machinery and building, and owing to age, (I am 70), and ill health, I desire to retire from active business and hereby offer to rent my brick plant, with all necessary fixtures for the same. Said brick yard is situated in the rear of the borough of North Plainfield and within one mile of the centre of the thriving city of Plainfield. The plant is well known and has been established 1867. Capacity three million and upwards per season with best market for same. Machinery consists of "Martin's" and "White" latest improved machines and all other necessary tools, and two dry sheds, with all necessary fixtures for the same. Stabling for eight horses. Boarding house for hands and house for renter if desired. Good, cheap coal and water. Will sell sufficient for first kits. To responsible parties terms will be made easy, and very liberal. Possession given April 1st. Apply to or address Wm. Bardsley, P. O. Box 653. 3-5-tf

FOUR rooms to let. First floor. Rent $10 a month. 31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 9 4

FOR RENT or for sale. A Pine house at No. 1 La Grange road and Front street. Inquire of E. M. Dunham, agent. 2-23-tf

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with all modern conveniences. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 1767

THE office at No. 3 East Front street is for rent. Apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate and insurance. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 1767

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD and nice, large, newly furnished room, with use of piano, for gentleman. Address "Board Table," care of Evening News. 9 2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture is good enough to be used and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-26tf

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

Friday Eve'g Mar. 11

DENMAN THOMPSON'S

Celebrated play,

THE OLD HOMESTEAD

Under the management of E. A. McFarland Scenery New. Company same as last season.

PRICES—75, 50 and 35 Cents.

PETER MARCH 18TH,

THOMPSON PARK.

A Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 28 East 42d Street, will be located at No. 4 East 125th street, New York, where communications will be personally and promptly answered. No competition with any other musical store in Plainfield. Patrons can depend upon being dealt with as hitherto in my store. 8 1m

THERE WILL BE A

GRAND CONCERT & EXHIBITION

given under the auspices of Bacon Drill Club, at St. Mary's T. A. B. Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty streets, Thursday evening, March 10th, for the benefit of the Bethel Ship. There will be solos, recitations, dialogues, a trial drill by the little tots, and the Bacon Drill Club. There will be refreshments of all kinds for sale. Admission 25 cents Children under twelve, 15 cents. 8 3

A

Household Necessity

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER AND STEAM COFFEE COOKER, now for sale the first week. Every one satisfied, being a great many people's attention, simply because cooked by steam is far superior to any other cooking.

The meat retains all the nutriment and flavor, and is tender and as much after cooking as it did before. There is no smell from cabbage or onions while cooking in the Steam Cooker.

Mr. Arnold, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent,

62 Park Avenue, (Old stand of the Women's Exchange.)

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 60 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 1002

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—37 North avenue, (with Woodford & Dubois.

EDITORIAL NOTES

As many pleasant things as unpleasant ones happen to people in this world, but they brood more over the unpleasant things.

Felipe G. Cazeneuve gives the following explanation of the arrogant conduct of Chili toward this nation. "Chili is being raised by England to be a tool in her hands to confront this country in its commercial development in South America."

The future of Hawaii lies with the United States. The natives are on the road to near extinction. In a generation more there will not be enough of them left to maintain their kingdom. Then the United States, being the nation nearest and most directly interested, will take control. The Hawaiians desire annexation even now.

Co-operative farming and rainmaking is to be tried in California, it is said. The farmers and rainmakers have joined in a mutual partnership for one another's advantage, the rainmakers to produce showers for a given per cent. of the crop. But Kate Field's Washington says: "The contract looks fair enough, but it will never work. A farmer will always find something to complain of."

What Electricity Is.

If you wish to know precisely how much the science of our age has found out about electricity read the following from the learned German Jokai, who evidently thought it all out carefully before he took his pen in hand:

If the question is now asked, "What is electricity?" we mean by the reply of which we know a little more than nothing and a little less than something. A little more than nothing, for we know that it is of the nature of light and heat, extending itself like them in waves of motion. A little less than something, for of the essence of electricity itself, whether static or dynamic, we are still absolutely in the dark. There has been no want of other theories, but the fundamental tendency of the age is to reduce all phenomena and forces to the fewest possible primaries, and it is not improbable that this will be facilitated by the wave theory of the so called ether.

The problem of gravitation, too, which was so long regarded as a force acting from a distance, is now equally attributed to the agency of ether. In his efforts to demonstrate the oneness of all natural forces, the physicist is not likely to be led astray, even although the cognition of force presents one of those world problems, the solution of which must forever assume the character of a final result of the most exact investigation, it should forever be denied to him even to assert decisively, It is only a force, and the ether is the medium of transmission.

Working Girls' Studies.

The Association of Collegiate Alumnæ have begun a noble work in the effort to extend higher education among working girls. This undertaking will do much to break down the feeling of caste which still lingers among women, though men have largely outgrown it. In Washington the collegiate alumnæ are at present giving instruction to a class of young women organized from the working girls' clubs.

It is interesting to observe here what a woman's idea of higher education is. The foundation laid by the Washington young ladies is really to be the basis, it is hoped, of a successful university extension work. Classes in French and German have been formed among the working girls. Instruction in Delsarte physical culture is also given, so that if the working girls of Washington are shortly exposed to be lithe, willowy and dreamily esthetic, we shall know the reason why. 'Tis well. But after this the collegiate alumnæ young ladies suddenly switch off and dose the working girls with old English cathedrals. Now, what under the heavens do working girls or any girls want to know about old English cathedrals, when they have not two ideas to rub against each other in government and history of their own country, and don't know sanitary diet and ventilation from a hole in the sky? Go to, with your English cathedrals!

Cotton and Sheep.

It is a bad year for agriculturists in the south; bad because they have too much of their great staple, cotton. The immense crop has forced the price down very low. Many of the cotton raisers mortgage their crops in advance to pay for groceries and dry goods. It is a bad plan, but it is a survival of the old times that cannot be uprooted save through misery and inconvenience. But this year the suffering planters may think seriously of the advice that was given to them as far back as 1848 by one of their own men.

It was that instead of running all the productive energies of the soil into cotton and cotton alone, they should diversify their productions. First of all they should go into sheep raising extensively. The south might well vie with the north in the wool and mutton industry. Sheep could be raised at probably half the expense they can in the north. In many parts almost no shelter at all would be required in winter. Food is abundant. The waste products of the cotton crop could go into food for the sheep. They would moreover give change and rest to the worn out fields of the older cotton states. Nothing could be worse than the condition of many of the cotton growers this year. Let them straightway wool with their cotton and see if the change will not be for the better. The census shows that this United States is becoming more and more a mutton eating country, although there are proportionally no more muttonheads than there ever were.

PLAIN TALK TO ENGLAND

Uncle Sam Will Protect All His Behring Sea Rights.

A FIRM REPLY SENT TO SALISBURY.

The British Premier Informed That This Government Has the Ability and the Intention to Maintain Its Sovereignty Under the Treaty of 1867 with Russia.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A cabinet session was held for the first time in two weeks. There were present all the members except Secretaries Blaine, who is sick, and Foster and Noble, who are out of the city. As was expected, Behring sea matters were the principal subject under discussion. Immediately upon adjournment President Harrison sent the following proposing arbitration of the Behring sea controversy to the senate for its consideration.

In the course of the meeting the reply to Lord Salisbury's note, in which he announced his unwillingness to further extend the modus vivendi of last year, was presented and discussed and later delivered to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, as through him Lord Salisbury's note had been communicated to the government. It is said that the reply, while expressing regret at the action of his lordship, very broadly and firmly intimates the ability and intention of the government of the United States to protect the seals and all other property rights claimed by it in the Behring sea by virtue of the treaty of 1867 with Russia. The reply is said to be a dignified but emphatic statement of the controverted rights of this country in the territory under discussion.

A Firm Stand Will Be Taken.

The cabinet discussed the question whether or not, under the conditions that exist now, the recently negotiated treaty of arbitration should be sent to the senate, and it was decided in the affirmative. It was asserted that it would not do for the United States government, after having proposed arbitration, to withdraw from the arrangement made by its representatives and that of Great Britain to carry that proposition into effect, whatever position the other party might assume. This government, it was further stated, must show good faith in the matter. Other means than the abandonment of the proposed arbitration could be found, and doubtless would be, under the new conditions arising out of the refusal of Great Britain to renew the modus vivendi by which the seal herds could be protected pending progress of the arbitration.

President Harrison, it is said, fully realizing the necessity that exists for expeditious action, if there is to be any effective protection of the seals at sea prohibiting this season, will endeavor to reach an understanding with Great Britain as soon as possible. The fact that Lord Salisbury permits his refusal to join in a modus vivendi after receiving the reply to his recent note, it is probable the president will notify him that the law of the United States against pelagic sealing will be enforced against all vessels offending, and the usual proclamation warning poachers off the sealing waters will be issued. The programme, however, will depend largely upon developments from time to time. They may be such as are entirely unforeseen at present, and, therefore, it cannot be stated with any degree of definiteness now.

The Message in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—In the senate a number of memorials were presented and referred. Numerous bills were taken from the calendar and passed. The debate on the pure food bill was continued until the senate went into executive session on the Behring sea arbitration treaty. The message of the president and the full text of the treaty were read.

There was nothing of an important nature in the president's letter, it being simply a letter of transmittal and containing no recommendations or suggestion. After a short, concise explanation of what the treaty proposed an appeal to the senate concerning the urgent necessity for speedy action had been made on behalf of the administration by a prominent senator, an animated and interesting discussion, free from acrimony, however, followed on the subject matter of the document, and some of the remarks that were made showed a disposition on the part of some senators, particularly among those from the Pacific coast, to wage earnest opposition to its approval, if not to its consideration.

Opposed to Ratification.

Several senators were uncompromising in their attitude. They held that there was no question as to the right of the United States to the waters assumed to be taken by the Alaska treaty of 1867, and contended that the submission of this right to the decision of foreign arbitrators was a cowardly surrender on the part of this country. Ratification under these circumstances they resented bitterly.

Another argument used against ratification of the treaty was that one of the arbitrators, Dnly, had not the friendliest feeling toward the United States on account of the New Orleans affair.

Much feeling, almost general in its character, was manifested over the omission from the treaty of a clause renewing the modus vivendi, and some senators urged that a refusal to do this during the pendency of the arbitration proceedings justified the United States in directing its armed vessels to seize any sealers, without regard to nationality, found violating the present law.

The discussion lasted more than an hour and ended with the reference of the treaty to the committee on foreign relations. But this discussion is only the beginning of opposition, which will probably arise when the treaty is brought before the senate for consideration. The correspondence in the negotiation proceedings was not sent to the senate.

The house was in session but a few minutes. Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, gave notice that he would call up the free wool bill today.

The death of Representative Kendall of Kentucky was announced, and the house, as a mark of respect, adjourned.

Schofield Shakes Up.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—As General Schofield was driving to the war, state and navy building his carriage was run into by an express wagon and overturned. The general was taken out through the window, not hurt beyond a rather severe shaking up.

General Mahone Laid Up.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 9.—General Mahone, while attending the funeral of his law partner, Wallace, was taken suddenly ill and is confined to bed.

A Sailor's Fatal Fall.

NEW YORK, March 9.—A. Gollnow, a seaman aboard the German bark Marie, fell from the forstopsailyard and was instantly killed.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Republicans Who Do Handsome—Alger a Presidential Candidate.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 9.—The Republicans elected their entire ticket by the largest plurality ever given in this city. For mayor Dr. Curran receives a majority of 2,998. For member of executive board George A. Aldridge received 3,089 majority. Out of twenty wards in the city the Republicans elected fourteen; fifteen aldermen out of twenty; fourteen supervisors to the Democrats' six. This sweeping majority is attributed by well known politicians to the Castor tenuety ward bill recently passed at Albany.

Harrison and Blaine Indorsed.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 9.—The Republican convention of Cumberland county elected Charles H. Millen, of Mount Holly, delegate to the national convention without instructions. It is said, however, that he favors Harrison. Resolutions indorsing President Harrison and Secretary Blaine were adopted.

Cleveland Indorsed by Both.

ALTOONA, Pa., March 9.—Separate conventions were held here by the two factions of the Democratic party in Blair county. Ex-President Cleveland was indorsed by both conventions.

General Alger a Candidate.

DETROIT, March 9.—General Russell A. Alger has announced himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for president.

FASHIONS

NEW CORSELETS AND SASHES.

The Latest Novelties for Early Spring Wear.

Moire antique in large waves and plaid silks are the novelties used for corsolets of woollen dresses for spring. They are cut in various fashions, some of the prettiest being in two points high in the back; then tapered on the sides, almost to a point in the front, to meet under a small chou of the moire. Another style is cut in this corselet and on each side. A bow of two great loops of silk tightly strapped in in the back, and long ends, each twelve inches wide, fall thence nearly to the end of the skirt. Satin ribbon, four to six inches wide, is set on the top of skirts, to serve as a belt when the skirt is put on, above the edge of the corsage, and is fastened with a chou in the back. Narrower moire or satin ribbon is also plaited on the edge of pointed waists, and falls in long ends at the back. The short Directoire sash is quite wide, and merely crossing the front of the corsage, is tied in a large bow with short ends on the left side. —Harper's Bazar.

A New Design.

IN SATIN AND LACE.

The newest reception costume is shown here. It is a fourreau of rose-leaf satin, covered with fine-sprigged net, made quite plain, and belted by a high corselet of old rose velvet, that forms the entire corsage at the back. It is slightly echoue, and a flounce of guipure enframes the skirt, and falls gracefully on to the shoulders; the sleeves are of lace-covered satin.

Chief Justice Beasley Sworn In.

TRENTON, March 9.—Chief Justice Beasley was sworn in by Chancellor McGill for his fourth term. He has been chief justice for twenty-eight years, and is now seventy-seven years of age and active. He was reappointed by Governor Abbett.

News for Blaine.

ANTWERP, March 9.—The Handelsblad publishes a curious story to the effect that America has offered to purchase the Congo state and to indemnify Belgium for all expenses incurred by her for that land. King Leopold refused the offer.

Mrs. Carson's Gift to Victoria.

LONDON, March 9.—The queen has received the inscription by Carnegie of the Alabama arbitration commission, and has had it hung in the banqueting hall of Windsor castle. The donor was Mrs. Carson, of Newburg.

Policy Playing Ruined Him.

NEW YORK, March 9.—William A. Lowy, for many years the confidential bookkeeper of Molleson, wholesale paper dealer, confessed to stealing $32,000 from the firm. Policy playing drove him to it.

Sixteen Cars Smashed.

COATESVILLE, March 9.—A broken brake threw a freight train from the track. Sixteen cars were smashed and a brakeman fatally injured.

A School Teacher Becomes Insane.

KEWARK, N. J., March 9.—Miss Bertha Ingam, while teaching a class of boys at the Elliott street school, became suddenly insane.

Foster Coming Home.

LONDON, March 9.—Secretary Foster has started for Southampton. Before leaving he gave a reception at the Hotel Metropole.

Deaaon Acquitted to Bail.

PARIS, March 9.—Edward Parker Deacon, who shot his wife's lover, has been admitted to bail in 10,000 francs.

JUDGE MAYNARD SCORED

His Action in the New York Election Cases Denounced.

AN INVESTIGATION WILL BE HAD.

The New York Bar Association Adopt Resolutions Reflecting on His Method of Procedure and Appoints a Committee to Inquire Into the Matter.

NEW YORK, March 9.—At a meeting of the New York Bar association last night there was a distinguished gathering of representative men of the legal profession. Mr. Wheeler H. Peckham, the president, was in the chair and Mr. Silas B. Brownell was secretary. While the minutes of the last meeting were being read there was an air of suppressed excitement, which seemed to affect everybody, and the hum of the earnest conversation extended even to the halls outside. No one paid any attention to the routine business.

It was well understood that during the evening a resolution would be offered calling attention to the connection of Judge Isaac H. Maynard when deputy attorney general with the manipulation of the Albany election returns from the office of the state comptroller and directing that the matter be thoroughly proved by a special committee to be appointed by the president of the association.

As soon as the miscellaneous business had been disposed of James C. Carter arose and speaking very quietly, said: "The loss of confidence in the matter which has attracted attention throughout the state in connection with the handling of certain election returns, of course all of us are aware and are grieved that it should be so that there has been something very like tampering with public papers by high officials. The circumstances of the methods under which this was done are not generally understood and I confess I do not understand them myself. However, no one can wonder that the matter has attracted wide attention.

Mr. Carter's Presentation.

"Now, we have a statement made by a judge of the supreme court on the subject, and I think we have a duty which we ought not to try to evade. I have said that I was unfamiliar with all the facts in the matter, but we are all aware that the papers to which I have referred were taken from the office of the comptroller of this state by the deputy attorney general without any official authority.

"I do not wish to make any suggestion as to what the motive of such an act may have been in the matter, but the removal of those papers did make a change in the complexion of the state senate possible. It is also true that the person who took away and had the papers, Mr. Isaac H. Maynard, has since been elevated to the bench of our highest court."

Mr. Carter then referred to the moral side of the question. Then there was the question as to whether it was a violation of the law of the state. The political side of the question he contended, the New York Bar association had nothing to do with. Continuing he said:

"There is another aspect which does greatly concern us. It touches the dignity of the judicial office. Sustain the dignity of the judicial office and we can sustain all forms of society. Whatever touches the dignity of the judicial office touches us. We cannot look our clients in the face until there has been either vindication or punishment in this matter."

Mr. Carter then submitted this preamble and resolution, which were promptly seconded by Mr. Choate.

The Resolutions.

Whereas, It appears from a late opinion pronounced by a judge of the supreme court sast grave suspicion may properly have been committed in the taking of an election return from the office of the comptroller of this state, and that Mr. Isaac H. Maynard, the deputy attorney general, was since elected to the bench of our highest courts, and was connected with the transaction as to impair his usefulness as a judge and tend to discredit the administration of justice; be it

Resolved, That it be referred to a committee of nine members, to be appointed by the president of the association, to inquire into the matters aforesaid, and Judge Maynard's connection therewith, and to report to an adjourned meeting of the association to be held on the evening of March 22, at 8 p. m., the facts with the opinion of the committee as to what action, if any, should be taken by the association in the premises.

Speeches were made for and against the resolutions, which were finally adopted, several members voting in the negative.

When Mr. Carter had finished Mr. Delos McCurdy, who was counsel to the board of canvassers, was the first to rise to his feet in defense of Judge Maynard. "I sincerely hope," said Mr. McCurdy, "that even before this association begins an inquiry as all it will investigate the facts in the case. Even the gentleman who has offered the resolution admits that he is not in possession of the facts himself."

The Resolution Adopted.

Mr. McCurdy then went over the case in detail, reading from many papers bearing on the question in which Judge Maynard had found himself. To a question put by Mr. William G. Wilson as to whether the agreement entered into between the attorneys of the Democratic and Republican canvassers bound the whole state, Mr. McCurdy replied, "I do not know about that, but I say it bound every party to the agreement."

Mr. McCurdy said that Judge Maynard, then deputy attorney general, was acting as counsel for the board of canvassers, and that in taking the returns for Queens county from the comptroller's office he did only what he was justified in doing. The fact is that the comptroller gave the returns to Mr. Maynard. The speaker was cognizant of what was going on and he would have done the same thing himself.

There was a respectful silence when Judge Noah Davis arose and said: "In the first place, I maintain the character of no judge can be hardened by this association unless he has first blackened it himself. No judge in Judge Maynard's position should fail to be the first to ask an investigation in a case of this kind. I think I can say that were I in his position I would not sleep at night until I had been vindicated."

When the president put the question the "yeas" had it by a large majority and the resolutions were declared adopted.

President Peckham said he would appoint the committee of nine today.

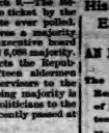
Died from a Dose of Aconite.

BOSTON, March 9.—Mayetta Spencer, a student at the Boston school, died from the effects of aconite, which she had taken to induce sleep. Severe study had caused insomnia.

Porter Defends His Census.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Census Superintendent Porter says the state census of New York city is padded, and reiterates that the federal census was correct.

DOUCHERTY'S NEW ENGLAND CONDENSED



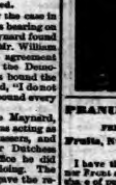
MINCE MEAT THE ORIGINAL

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Manufacturer of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS ┼ †
‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass
is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass at a moderate outlay. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able quickly see the movements of his employees or stock at some distant point of his farm; to observe the approach of a storm, etc. The QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.
Prices { Smallest size $8.50 / Medium size 7.50 / Largest size 12.00 } All in stout leather case with strap.
The largest size is the most powerful.
On receipt of price, we will send any of the above instruments by return mail.
QUEEN & CO.,
Manufacturers—
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

CARPETS!
Largest stock, newest patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.
DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 36 inch wide, 15c.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-made, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.
FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 5c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 85c and $1 19 pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.


C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses, fitted and guaranteed FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

PRANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thrown my private store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and added a class of public patronage.
DAVID CLARKE,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MUNDAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEE TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

EITHER
Hot Water
or
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Masonry Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARE AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
78 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 27 Bruce St., North Plainfield.

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
62 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
P. A. DUNHAW, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
SEGAR STORE,
42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by boiling processes. Low temperatures reinforce equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made-to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.
JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Member American Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Counsellor at Law, Master and Special Master in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 30 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices in Drake's Building, Rooms over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TRALLE,
Attorney at Law, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Tree lunder by contract. Sewers and drains approved of by the Board of Health. Furnace and boiler work in chimneys. Orders received at Park Hotel, Monument of John Bent Lawn, Garden and Field Furniture. P. O. box 603 Telephone call 30.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Wrappers, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

AUSTIN CORBIN RETIRED.

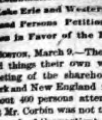
Parsons President of the New York and New England.

READING FORMS A NEW ALLIANCE.

A Combination Made with the New York, Lake Erie and Western—Seventy Thousand Persons Petition Governor Pattison in Favor of the Reading Lessees.

BOSTON, March 9.—The anti-Corbin party had things their own way in the annual meeting of the shareholders of the New York and New England railroad yesterday. About 400 persons attended the meeting, but Mr. Corbin was not there. Ex-Governor Howard, of Connecticut, presided.

The Bostwick-Parsons Starbuck-Prince alliance cast 171,500 votes out of a possible 225,000, and elected the following directors: J. A. Bostwick, Thomas Rutter, John L. Macauley, Henry Hentz, Sidney Dillon, Alexander E. Orr, Charles Parsons, Jr.; C. B. Tedcastle, E. V. Cary, New York; Eustace C. Fitz, Charles A. Prince, F. H. Prince, Boston; James Howard, Hartford, Conn.; George M. Landers, New Britain, Conn.; David S. Plume, Waterbury, Conn.; B. F. Vaughn, Providence, R. I.; Aretas Blood, Manchester, N. H. and Arthur Sewell, Bath, Me.



AUSTIN CORBIN.

Charles Parsons, Jr.; C. B. Tedcastle and Aretas Blood take the places of Austin Corbin, Charles Howard and S. A. Carlton. Mr. Corbin received the vote of eighty shares of stock.

Parsons Elected President.

The board of directors subsequently elected Charles Parsons, president; F. H. Prince, of Boston, first vice president; Charles Parsons, Jr., second vice president, and J. A. Bostwick, chairman of the board of directors.

A resolution offered by C. A. Prince was adopted authorizing the issue of fifty year 5 per cent. bonds to an extent that may be authorized by law, secured by all company's franchises and property, the directors to apply for the necessary legislation and to dispose of the bonds for the company's interest.

E. E. Cole, of Boston, moved in amendment that the amount of new bonds be limited to $3,000,000 above what will be necessary to retire outstanding bonds and preferred stock. The motion was voted down overwhelmingly. M. Frost Lord, of Waltham, then recorded a formal protest against the further bonding of the road as illegal and unwarranted. His protest was treated as a mere formality.

A Through Route to New York.

M. O. Adams moved as a substitute, and his substitute was accepted and adopted, that the directors be requested to consider the question of securing a through and independent route to the city of New York.

It was voted that the meeting adjourn to be called before June 1 by notice, giving any necessary notice of any proposed contract or lease, or any other measures for that purpose. The board of directors then met and elected president and vice presidents, as given above. The question of general manager was not considered.

Director Macauley said after the meeting, "The vote is the largest ever cast at any annual meeting, larger than at the C. F. Clark contest, and was the best indorsement the board could have. There was no opposition and no opposition ticket. There is no less speculative than this. We are acting under the advice of Simeon E. Baldwin, of Connecticut, and there is no better lawyer. Of course we cannot tell the amount of bonds we may issue. For instance, in Connecticut you cannot under the law issue more than 50 per cent. of the cost of the road, and we must first show the cost of our property.

"We shall double track to Hawleyville from New Britain immediately. We need more rolling stock and today I shall order ten engines. The largest stockholder is Mr. Bostwick, who has 25,000 shares. Mr. Starbuck has 8,000 shares, of which 5,000 are in his name. Mr. Parsons has 10,000 shares and will buy more. Corbin had 3,000 shares in his name and claimed 8,000, but he has sold out. We have a pretty good list of stockholders to back us up. William Waldorf Astor sent us his proxies upon his 2,300 shares from London."

Another Reading Alliance.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The Ledger in its financial article today says:

"We can announce officially that Vice President E. B. Thomas and Second Vice President George H. Valiant, of the New York, Lake Erie and Western railroad, met President McLeod and other officials of the Reading railroad in this city, and after several hours' conference, agreed to enter upon an alliance, offensive and defensive, upon which the two properties should be worked in the future.

"The close alliance for many years between the Delaware and Hudson company, Pennsylvania Coal company and the Erie railway, including all their anthracite coal interests, makes the action of the Erie company very important in connection with the Reading company and its allies in developing the anthracite interests of Pennsylvania, and it will largely prevent the serious disturbances in traffic rates and coal prices which have occurred in past years.

"This voluntary action of the Erie is also regarded as demonstrating clearly the excellent foundation laid already by Mr. McLeod for the future working of the Reading interests and those of the coal railroads generally, thus securing harmonious cooperation by these companies, so that it is believed the public will now be better served than ever before and without any increased burdens."

To Push the Reading Investigation.

HARRISBURG, March 9.—Governor Pattison has 1,300 petitions signed by 70,000 persons in the anthracite coal regions and other points traversed by the Philadelphia and Reading and Lehigh Valley railroads, in the interest of the consolidation of the lines leased and an early settlement of the question raised before the attorney general by complaints of A. J. Cassatt and others.

The governor says it is of the utmost importance that there should be a speedy solution of the matter and has so informed his attorney general.

The Reading Deal in Court.

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 9.—The Reading deal has been brought into court by Millionaire Matthias H. Arnold, of this city, a stockholder in the Lehigh lines, who sues for an injunction. A great legal battle is anticipated.

Didn't Read It.

Opie Read receives a great many letters from would be authors who wish him to read the manuscript of books they have written and give them the benefits of his experience as to the probability of its "catching on." He received such a letter a few days ago from a party named W. A. Bowen, who has written some sketches over the name of Ike Filkins. Opie Read in Mr. Bowen's letter satisfied Mr. Read that it would be useless for him to read the work. In that line the author unwittingly put a quietus on it himself. The line was as follows:

"I have just written a book which I think will take like fire when it is out."—Chicago Press.

A Suggestion.

Painter—You see I am quite independent here. If I want to go away for a couple of months I just turn the key on it.

Lady—Would it not be better to turn the hose on it?—Harper's Magazine.

Chief Murphy Accused.

ALLEGHENY, Pa., March 9.—Officer McKirdy, representing the city council's auditing committee, presented information to Acting Mayor Voegtly, charging ex-Chief of Police Murphy, now chief of department of public safety, together with several detectives, who comprised the "front office" force during the incumbency of ex-Mayors Pearson and Wyman, with appropriating money which belonged to the treasury. Mayor Voegtly would not receive the information until he had taken legal advice.

Starkey Gives Himself Up.

CHICAGO, March 9.—After three years spent in evading justice William Starkey, the alleged jury briber and writer of the Cronin decoy letters from Canada, entered the office of the clerk of the criminal court and voluntarily gave bond in the sum of $18,500 for his appearance. There are five indictments against him for forgery and conspiracy in connection with suits against the Chicago City railway company, by whom he was employed.

Pattison Appoints Greenland.

HARRISBURG, March 9.—Governor Pattison has appointed Colonel Walter W. Greenland, of Clarion county, as adjutant general to succeed the late William McClelland; O. E. McClelland, superintendent of the middle division, Pennsylvania railroad, as quartermaster general on the governor's staff to fill the vacancy created by the appointment of Colonel Greenland.

We Will Have Smokeless Powder.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The United States government has determined upon the manufacture of smokeless powder for use in both small arms and heavy ordnance, and Captain Ritman, a well known ordnance officer and expert chemist, has been detailed by General Flagler to take charge of the laboratory at the Frankford arsenal.

A Fearful Explosion.

FINDLAY, O., March 9.—The nitro-glycerine magazine of the Hagy Explosive company exploded and caused a shock all over northwestern Ohio, as if from an earthquake. Several farm houses were badly damaged and thousands of panes of window glass in Findlay were broken, but no lives were lost.

The Flack Indictments Quashed.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Judge Cowing dismissed all the indictments against ex-Sheriff James A. Flack and his son, Will Flack, for their connection in the attempt of ex-Sheriff Flack to secure a fraudulent divorce from his wife, on account of the death of Mrs. Flack.

The Discontent in Germany.

LEIPSIC, March 9.—Discontent among the large number of unemployed workingmen is spreading. There was an attempt to hold a meeting in the market place. Several speeches had been made when a large force of mounted police appeared and broke up the meeting.

A Colossal Monopoly.

PROVIDENCE, March 9.—The Interlaken mills at Arkwright have been sold to the Winterbottom Book Cloth company, an English syndicate which now controls all the mills engaged in the manufacture of book cloths in England, Germany, France and the United States.

Bogart Succeeds Swift.

ALBANY, March 9.—State Engineer and Surveyor John Bogart has been appointed engineer on the staff of the Third brigade to succeed Major Alexander Swift, resigned.

A Clergyman Suspended.

MILLVILLE, N. J., March 9.—Rev. E. F. Sherman, of Tabernacle Methodist Episcopal church, has been suspended pending trial on charges of immorality.

Springer Still Improves.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The improvement in Mr. Springer's condition continues. The erysipelas is disappearing and his cough has entirely gone.

A Leper Cooked Their Food.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—A Japanese leper has been found to be a hotel cook. The health officers ask that the hotel be closed.

Drink Drove Her to Suicide.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., March 9.—Mrs. David Morgan, while suffering from the effects of drink, hanged herself at her home.

Against Free Passes.

BOSTON, March 9.—The anti-free pass bill was unanimously passed by the senate. The bill now goes to the governor.

Holman Is No Better.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Representative Holman, who is confined to his room by a heavy cold, is no better.

A Gift from Jay Gould.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Jay Gould has given $25,000 to the University of the City of New York.

BLAINE SERIOUSLY ILL.

His Physician and Friends Much Concerned at His Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Dr. Hyatt, secretary Blaine's physician, stated that there had been no change in the patient's condition. He said, however, that he looked for a favorable turn.

The physician and friends of Mr. Blaine are very much concerned at his condition, and although they say for publication that he is not seriously ill they are very much afraid that he is. The secretary has now been confined to his house for about a week, and has been all that time unable to see any of his friends.

Mr. Blaine's physician makes the statement that the secretary endeavored a few days ago to attend to some routine matters and was so prostrated by the exertion that he was thrown into a high fever, which did not subside for two or three days.

Mr. Blaine's original ailment was a cold, which he caught while walking during the bad weather last week, but it has become so complicated since as to make him seriously ill. He is himself somewhat alarmed at his condition, although there has been no recurrence of the attacks of nausea, from which he suffered early in the winter.

The secretary's illness has given rise to a report in the rumor that he is preparing a letter of resignation, which is to be accompanied with the statement that he intends to retire immediately and permanently from public life.

A Widow Gravely Accused.

DENVER, March 9.—The heirs of the late Simon Black, of this city, have filed an action charging Flora, his wife, with destroying a will for over $1,600,000 by which they would have been greatly benefited, and also strongly intimating that he was foully dealt with at the time of his death.

Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The president has signed the bill for the relief of Aquilla Jones, late postmaster at Indianapolis, who sustained a loss of $2,438; the bill to constitute Newark, N. J., a port of immediate transportation, and the consular deficiency appropriation bill.

To Search for the Tahiti's Crew.

PANAMA, March 9.—The United States cruiser Boston has been ordered to the island of Socorro to search for the crew of the American brig Tahiti, which was wrecked in that vicinity four months ago. The crew is supposed to be on the island of Socorro.

Look for the New Comet.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 9.—The large comet just discovered is in the constellation of Sagittarius, R. A. 18m. 50m.; Dec. 3, 31 degs. 30m. It is very bright, entirely unexpected, can be plainly seen with an opera glass and is moving in an easterly direction.

A Reduction or a Shutdown.

SOMERSET, Mass., March 9.—The Mount Hope Iron company announces to its employees that owing to low prices prevailing a reduction in wages must be accepted or the mill will shut down.

A Counterfeiter Arrested.

WASHINGTON, Pa., March 9.—James Kinley has been arrested for making counterfeit standard silver dollars.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength of* Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for Invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

MASKS : : : : : : MASKS

ALL KINDS

and Prices.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

NEW

Spring Dunlap Style

OF

DERBY,

Out

TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 2tf

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

SPECIAL NOTICE

Complying with general request,

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will in future for the United States be covered with a

Quickly Soluble, Pleasant Coating,

completely disguising the taste of the Pill without in any way impairing its efficacy.

Price 25 cents a Box.

New York Depot 365 Canal Street.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

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AND

INSURANCE,

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Grove and Second streets, Plainfield, N.J. Specialty—Frames now on interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

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Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 502.

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Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 29 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.00, 9.05, 9.30, 10.25, 2.30, 5.20 p. m. Close—8.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 5.00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9.05 a. m., 2.30, 5.20 p. m. Close—8.30 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 2.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 5.00 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey (The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 29th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 7 47, 8 00, 8 14, 8 28, 8 40, 8 56, 9 12, 9 28, 9 42, 9 58, 10 12, 10 28, 10 42, 10 58, 11 12, 11 28, 11 42, 11 58 a. m., 12 12, 12 28, 12 42, 12 58, 1 12, 1 28, 1 42, 1 58, 2 12, 2 28, 2 42, 2 58, 3 12, 3 28, 3 42, 3 58, 4 12, 4 28, 4 42, 4 58, 5 12, 5 28, 5 42, 5 58, 6 12, 6 28, 6 42, 6 58, 7 12, 7 28, 7 42, 7 58, 8 12, 8 28, 8 42, 8 58, 9 12, 9 28, 9 42, 9 58, 10 12, 10 28, 10 42, 10 58, 11 12, 11 28, 11 42, 11 58 p. m., 12 12 midnight. Sunday, 12 28, 12 42, 12 58, 1 12, 1 28, 1 42, 1 58, 2 12, 2 28, 2 42, 2 58, 3 12, 3 28, 3 42, 3 58, 4 12, 4 28, 4 42, 4 58, 5 12, 5 28, 5 42, 5 58, 6 12, 6 28, 6 42, 6 58, 7 12, 7 28, 7 42, 7 58, 8 12, 8 28, 8 42, 8 58, 9 12, 9 28, 9 42, 9 58, 10 12, 10 28, 10 42, 10 58, 11 12, 11 28, 11 42, 11 58 p. m., 12 12 midnight.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 6 30, 6 55, 7 20, 8 05, 8 25, 9 05, 9 25, 10 05, 10 25, 11 05, 11 25 a. m., 12 05, 12 25, 1 05, 1 25, 2 05, 2 25, 3 05, 3 25, 4 05, 4 25, 5 05, 5 25, 6 05, 6 25, 7 05, 7 25, 8 05, 8 25, 9 05, 9 25, 10 05, 10 25, 11 05, 11 25 p. m. Sunday at 7 45, 8 25, 9 05, 9 25, 10 05, 10 25, 11 05, 11 25 a. m., 12 05, 12 25, 1 05, 1 25, 2 05, 2 25, 3 05, 3 25, 4 05, 4 25, 5 05, 5 25, 6 05, 6 25, 7 05, 7 25, 8 05, 8 25, 9 05, 9 25, 10 05, 10 25, 11 05, 11 25 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabethport.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 05, 7 10, 8 07, 9 05, 11 00 a. m., 12 07, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 5 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 6 45, 7 30 a. m., 4 07, 5 45 p. m. Sunday at 7 30 a. m., 7 30, 11 00 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 9 37 a. m., 7 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 14, a. m. 1 09, 4 39 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

3 45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre and Scranton

4 07 a. m. for Flemington, D L & W R R Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

5 42 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch, D L & W R R Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Bethlehem, Allentown, Easton, Harrisburg, Reading, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

7 30 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

9 30 p. m. for Flemington.

4 39 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

5 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

7 40 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Reading, etc.

5 30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

SOUTHWARD HOUSE.

For Philadelphia at 6 45, 9 30, 9 55, 10 57 a. m., 12 02 noon, 2 05, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 00 p. m. Sunday at 5 24, 11 55, a.m., 2 05, 5 24, 9 55 p. m. Sunday 2 05, a. m., 12 40 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9 55 a. m., 1 05 p. m.

For Cape May, 9 55 a. m., 11 00 a. m., 1 05, 2 51, 5 30 p. m. Sunday 2 05 a. m.

SOUTHWARD HOUSE.

For Trenton 5 45, 8 30, 9 45, 10 57 a. m., 12 07, 1 30, 2 05, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 00 night. Sundays 2 05, 5 24, 9 55 a. m., 12 40, 11 57 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 45, a. m., 2 05, 4 14, 5 56, p. m., 1 57 night. Sunday at 9 45 a. m., 2 05, 5 24, 11 57 night.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Time Table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

Protected the without by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4.35 a m—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Cars and Sleeping Cars only for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7 05 p m—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Cars and Sleeping Cars only for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7 05 p m—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Cars and Sleeping Cars only for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1 05, 6 57, 7 05, 9 05 a m; 1 30, 3 30 p m; On Sundays—1 05, 6 57, 9 05 a m; 1 30, 3 30 p m.

For Newark and New York—3 05, 5 54, 5 56, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a m; 12 00 noon; 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p m; 12 midnight. On Sundays—3 05, 5 54, 8 45, 9 30, 9 57, 10 15, 10 30, 10 57, 11 30 a m; 12 00 noon; 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p m; 12 midnight.

For New York only—6 40 a m only.

For New York only—7 40 a m only.

For Atlantic City, (daily except Sundays), with Sunday express for Cape May—9 05 a m.

For Delaware—12 01, 7 05, 7 40, 7 55, 9 05, 10 30, 11 57 a m; 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 7 30, 9 30 p m; 12 midnight. On Sundays—12 01, 7 05, 7 40, 8 45, 9 30, 9 57, 10 15, 10 30, 10 57, 11 30 a m; 12 00 noon; 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 7 30, 9 30 p m; 12 midnight.

For Long Branch—7 05 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 12 00 noon; 5 30 p m.

For Monmouth Beach—7 05 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 12 00 noon; 5 30 p m.

For Point Pleasant—7 05 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Toms River—7 05 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Bay Head—7 05 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Lakewood—7 05 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—7 05 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Cape May, via Delaware Bay Line—7 05 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch Railroad, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m week days only.

For New York, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m week days only.

For Monmouth Junction, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m daily.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m daily.

For Freehold, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m daily.

For Red Bank, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m daily.

For Lakewood, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m daily.

For Sea Girt, Spring Lake, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m week days only.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m week days only.

For Somerville, Flemington and Belvidere, 9 05 a m and 5 05 p m week days only.

For Lambertville, Trenton and Intermediate points, 7 40 a m and 5 05 p m week days only.

For Bethlehem, Easton and Intermediate points, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m.

For Lambertville, Trenton and Intermediate points, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington and Belvidere, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m.

For Perth Amboy—12 01, 7 40, 10 30 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For South Amboy—12 01, 7 40, 10 30 a m; 5 30 p m. On Sundays—8 45 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Bonhamtown—7 40 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m.

For Tennent—7 40 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m.

For Manalapan—7 40 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m.

For Englishtown—7 40 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—7 40 a m; 12 00, 5 30 p m.

For Cape May, via Delaware Bay Line—7 40 a m; 5 30 p m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch Railroad, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m week days only.

For New York, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m week days only.

For Monmouth Junction, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m daily.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m daily.

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For Somerville, Flemington and Belvidere, 7 40 a m and 4 05 p m week days only.

For Lambertville, Trenton and Intermediate points, 7 40 a m and 4

A VICTIM OF BEAUTY.

BLUE EYES CONQUERED A LAWYER AND LOST HIM HIS CASE.

The Witness Was Lovely, Tour Stained and Collected—The Attorney Was Handsome and Clever, and Lost His Head. But He Was Sweet Revenge.

A special bill is to be passed by parliament restricting cross examination of wit. nesses. Her majesty is reported to have said that the present procedure of the English law courts "is far more likely to retard than to assist justice, as persons able to give evidence are very liable to avoid doing so, if possible, in view of the indecent manner in which they are likely to be interrogated regarding their private affairs." Concerning this a remarkable story is told.

A few years ago an important case was tried in the probate court. A title to a valuable property was in dispute. One of the lawyers was a middle aged man, eminent in his profession. Sensitive himself, and therefore the better able to know the feelings of others, he was, moreover, a handsome man and a bachelor. The case had progressed most satisfactorily for the plaintiff—the client of Mr. Delauny, the counsel in question. Indeed, the lawyer himself felt assurance of ultimate victory. There was one more witness to be examined.

The defendant's counsel called for Miss Rose Waverly, and the name was gratify responded to the clerk of the court. There was the delicate rustle of a woman's dress and an unconscious deference of men standing near as the lady passed them. A moment later she was in the witness box and had composedly gone through the usual formalities before giving evidence.

A BEAUTIFUL WITNESS.

Mr. Delauny, at the time of her entrance, was idly chatting with a friend, *well nigh assured of his victory. He leisurely* turned his eyes in the direction of the defendant's fair witness. There stood the loveliest vision of a woman his eyes had ever beheld. Before the judge looked at Miss Waverly with undisguised admiration.

All in court fell under the spell of dainty womanhood until Miss Waverly, standing there with smiling frankness of demeanor, turned with a momentary look of distress to the judge. Then the true sentiments of the men were touched. In a voice low and sweet *Miss Waverly replied to all the questions.* She must have known instinctively that the sympathies of the whole court were with her, and certainly the testimony she gave helped the defendant's case. Delauny, while listening to her replies, saw where a little shrewd cross examination would somewhat shatter her statements and throw doubt on the others, and something in a few pencil notes in his brief, he bided his time.

Presently the opposing counsel sat down, looking well satisfied, and George Delauny had his cross examination. It may be said that Miss Waverly rose to the occasion. She had heard of the eminence and searching eloquence of her questioner, and resolutely met his gaze. "More marriages," it has been said, "have been made by beauty of the eyes than by any other qual ities of the woman possessed."

Mr. Delauny's first questions were couched in the usual tone of kindly inquiry that he generally assumed, a tone to lull the listener into pitfalls of fancied security. *She answered his queries collectedly and* to the point without unnecessary revela tions, once or twice in words that seemed spoken directly to him, and these were veritable meat to his ear.

LOST A CASE BUT WON A WIFE.

It was at the end of a long questions to which she had succinctly replied that he paused a moment and studied some of his pencilled memoranda.

While he was studying and condensing the form he would put his next question by a reflex action his mind was condensing the means. However, the simple duty to his client overrode the scruples of his heart. he looked up suddenly with a frown at his own indecision and met her direct gaze. *Her eyes were blue as sapphires and they* were full of tears.

The barrister substituted another question for the severe one he had intended to ask. There was the faintest tremor in her voice as she replied. She was flutdered, perhaps tired, and the man's heart ex panded and went out in pity to her.

Miss Waverly stood there in heave silence, looking with wa eye straight be fore her, only the pathetic droop of a per fect mouth marking the sense of timorous womanhood within her. Then Geo rge Delauny sat down. He made a remarkably clever speech, but he lost his case.

It was the opinion of many of the legal fraternity that Delauny would have won the case had he not so unaccountably failed in his cross examination of the last witness. It is reported that the judge casual ly mentioned to his wife that a Miss Rose Waverly had saved the case, and that his wife afterward told her dearest friend, whereby the information got to the city wherein they lived were made acquainted.

There is one other fact to be noted.

Mr. Delauny lost no time in making the acquaintance of the "last witness" and marrying her, and as all stories should end happily in fiction, and also, if possible, in real life, it is pleasant to add that never was a couple married in London who loved each other more devotedly.—London Tele graph.

Second Marriages.

Mrs. Williams, who is principal of the New York training school for teachers, is a believer in second marriages. In an interview on this subject she said: "I belier that the matrimonial state, once entered ipt should be continued, if possible, and that a man or woman left alone should seek to renew ties. I don't mean by this that they should rashly jump at the first offer, but I do know that eligible husbands and wives will meet congenial spirits soon enough always, and when they do they should not shirk their fate—I really think I should pay their duty."

Man's and woman's sphere is immensely widened by marriage. They fall into a single state again and their spheres contracts and their social influence is dimin ished. The world holds too many narrow lives, too many that will never leave any moral impress behind. Then don't you think when people have learned to wisely fulfill the duties of marriage, which we all know is a blessing, that they ought to assume the responsibilities happily a sec *ond time*?—Chicago *Post*.

Why the Third Finger Is Used.

How many women who fondly love the golden symbol of their wedding vow know why they wear it on the third finger of the left hand? That particular digit was chosen because it was believed by the Egyptians to be directly connected by a slender nerve to the heart itself. And these ancient worshipers of Isis held the finger sacred to Apollo and the sun, and therefore gold was the metal chosen for the ring. —Exchange.

A Quotation Party.

One of the popular home amusements promises to be the "quotation party." That it will prove a welcome relief to the run of card parties and dances and at the same time is highly instructive to every one engaged in it will be easily gathered from these few hints.

Let the hostess provide five tables and invite twenty guests. Furnish each table with four pieces of paper. On each of these write five lines of verse well known *quotations from popular authors.* With each quotation sheet supply a long card with spaces numbered from one to eighty, and at the top of the card write "Name of author." On the first or head table place a bell.

The guests arrived, have them draw lots to see at which table they will first sit. This done and the guests seated, the work of study begins. As soon as the guest recognizes an author's quotation he marks on his author's card the name of the author. Thus if a person sits at the second table and finds in front of him a quotation slip numbered 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25, he writes on the blank spaces of the other slip corresponding with these numbers the names of the authors quoted on 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25.

Five or six minutes is the time allowed for study, and at the end of that period the hostess rings her bell for a recess. She then examines the author's slip of each contestant and crosses out the name of each author that is wrongly given. After this she rings the bell again and each contestant takes the quotation slip to the right of him, retaining his own authorship.

When the time limit has again expired, the slips are once more examined as before, the correct change of quotation slips is made. When all four slips at the table have been examined, the students change tables, those at No. 5 going to No 4, those at 4 to 3, 3 to 2, 2 to 1 and 1 to 5. The study then proceeds as before and is not ended until all the quotation slips have been examined.

The evening's study finished, the hostess takes all the slips and announces the names of the winners of the first, second and booby prizes. These prizes ought to be books.—New York Recorder.

Katherine Parr's Counterpane.

While Katherine Parr was yet a young child her fortune was told, and it was predicted that she was born to sit in the high est seat of imperial majesty. This prophecy made no powerful an impression upon her youthful mind that, on one occasion, when *her mother called her to her sewing*, she replied, "My hands are ordained to touch crowns and scepters and not spindles and needles."

But Lady Parr was too wise a mother to encourage her little daughter in idle dreams that would unfit her for the duties of life, so, notwithstanding her early repugnance to touching a needle, she became very skillful in its use, and two magnificent trophies of her industry are still proudly exhibited at Sizergh castle, Westmoreland county, England. They are a counterpane and table cover, worked entirely by her own hands during a visit made to her relatives there. The material is the richest white satin.

In the center of the counterpane is a metal lion, surrounded by a wreath of natural flowers wrought in twisted silks and bullion; a spread eagle is in the middle, gorged with a crown. At each corner is a dragonlike monster, embroidered in purple, crimson and gold. The remainder of the counterpane is worked in large flowers, in gorgeous colors, highly embossed and enriched with threads of gold. The toilet cover is exactly like it, only it is worked in a smaller pattern.

The author of "The Lives of the Queens of England," herself related to Katherine Parr, says: "The fashion of these centuries has scarcely diminished the brilliancy of the colors or tarnished the bullion; nor is the purity of the satin sullied, though both these gorgeous relics have been for state occasions by the family in whose possession they have remained as precious heirlooms and inestimable as their ancestral connection with Queen Katherine Parr."—Exchange

What to Teach a Daughter.

Teach her that not only must she love her father and mother, but honor them in word and deed.

That work is worthy always when it is well done.

That the value of money is just the good it will do in life, but that she ought to know and appreciate this value.

That the man who wishes to marry her is the one who tells her so and is willing to work for her, and not the one who showers gifts love speeches and forgets that. men come to be men when they have no object in life.

That her best confidant is always her mother, and that no one sympathizes with her in her pleasures and joys as you do.

That unless she shows courtesy to others she need never expect it from them; and that the best answer to rudeness is being blind to it.

That when God made her body he intended that it should be clothed properly and modestly, and when she neglects her self she is insulting him who made her.

That to think well before she says no or yes, but to mean it when she does.

Teach her that her own room is her nest, and keep it sweet and as attractive as a duty as well as a pleasure.

Teach her that if she can sing or read or draw, or give pleasure in any way by her accomplishments, to do it with an unkind if she does not do this gladly.

Teach her to be a woman—self respecting, honest, loving and kind, and then you will have a daughter who will be a pleasure to you always, and whose days will be long and joyous in the land which the Lord hath given her.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Empress Eugenie's Inventions.

There has often been mention made of the fashions that the Empress Eugenie invented, but I do not think they are as numerous as has been imagined. Her first invention in that line was the introduction of gold and silver hair powder, gold being used by brunettes and silver by blonds. She was still the Countess de Teba when she brought about this novel and brilliant innovation. With her fair hair glistening with silver, a detail that added a dreamy etherealness to her beauty she looked like a vision of fairyland in the ballroom or the opera.

Next she brought about a change in the coiffure of all the fashionable ladies in the world, by rolling back her hair in front over two long narrow horsehair cushions, *placed at the side of the head and known* later by the familiar name of "rats." The style was becoming, and was universally adopted soon after her marriage to Napoleon III. But her chief invention, and one that brought about the foundation of a new industry in the world of commerce, was that of crinoline.—Paris Cor St. Louis Post-Dispatch

Camphor Preserves Silver.

Put camphor gum with your silverware and it will never tarnish so long as the gum is there.—Exchange

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated through out.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 26 6m

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 90 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 9 a. m.

The steamer "Rugia," from New York, March 23, at 11:30 a. m.

The steamers for 98 this leave March 13, 20; April 6, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get part culars and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. et.

Auction Sale to Close Out Consigned Stock

of J. V. F. Ryerson, 38 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J., on

Wednesday, March 9th, 1892,

AT 2 P. M., SHARP.

Consisting of 3 buckboards (1 two seated), 1 road wagon, 1 depot wagon, 1 canopy top wagon, 1 buggy, 1 sleigh, 3 poles, 1 double set light harness, (very fine), 4 single sets, 50 collars, 2 very fine carriages, 1 large scales, and lots of odds and ends.

Also a number of second hand wagons and harness taken in exchange for new ones.

Surreys, Road Wagons and Buggies.

TERMS:—All sums over $25, 8 months' credit by approved note at First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

43 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Housekeepings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch under the counters, 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 20c. Royal Tooth Powder at 10 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I vrndicate spots and plugs it; I keep the skin soft, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, *Fair & Winberner's extra* sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and the

Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewerth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 9c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 12c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 18c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (special), 69c.

8 button length Suede Mo-quetaires, in tans, and slate, 69c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

Now line of black and colored silk gloves.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

LENT HAS ARRIVED!

And we are prepared to supply everybody with FISH of all kinds at prices way down.

Choice Codfish, 2 lbs. for 15 Cents.

Big stock extra Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Yarmouth Bloaters, Sardines from 5c. box Salmon, Lobster, Brook Trout, etc.

BUTTER—We sell the BEST 25c. Table Butter to be had in the city.

Headquarters for New Crop Teas and Fresh Roasted Coffees.

Store Open Evenings until 9 p. m.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of above brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your baker before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclosed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

HORSES AT AUCTION!

AT METROPOLITAN STABLES, (Opp. Depot), Plainfield, N. J.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9,

at 10 o'clock, sharp. We have already received over fifty entries for this sale, and more are coming in every day. They will be the best lot of horses ever offered in Plainfield.

Several matched pairs that are fine, stylish drivers.

BUSINESS AND FARM HORSES.

Standard bred trotters and colts. In fact the assortment is complete. Remember day and date. Catalogues may be had upon application.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E. RIDER, Manager.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture, AT CAREY'S,

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 4th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Ext. Tables,

Dining room Chairs, Buffets, Lounges, Folding Bed, Mattresses, Stands, Crockery, Cook Stoves, etc.

Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

CLASP LIGHTLY.

Wild flowers die when worn; close hands
Their fragile stems to keep unbent;
Hold loosely what you fain would clasp
Of her that would wave free like them.

Touch gently the fine fairy things
That lean their sweet forms 'gainst the bosom;
One harsh thought breathes blasts from whose
That only fan love's silver flower.

Clasp lightly what thy heart would keep
In forest bower, in field or street;
The soft wind woos the stay from sleep.
What bird would touch May's 1st April's tears?
—Lucy Porter Sanford in "The Brings Boom."

THE DECAY OF PLAIN SEWING.

Following in the Wake of Embroidery. Which Went Out of Fashion Ages Ago.

Embroidery, like other elegant arts, suffered decay during the Dark Ages, and, like literature, took refuge in the cloisters.

Rocks containing patterns for needlework and *directions for their use* were introduced in England toward the close of the Sixteenth century. Each book had poems prefixed, exhorting to industry and to "exalted needlework sublime."

The life of seclusion and purity of captivity that Queen Elizabeth led no doubt tended to lend color to her girlhood was beguiled by this feminine art, and although she laid aside the needle when she took up the scepter, the queen's wardrobe was frequently made this art fashionable among the English nobility, and much labor was bestowed upon house decoration also; stools and chairs were covered with tapestry, bedside, stately beds were adorned with curtains and counterpanes enriched with embroidery. Every article of dress was loaded with costly needlework. When the queen died she had 300 embroidered smocks in her wardrobe—to such excess was the passion for dress carried in the Sixteenth century. Indeed, the queen herself attributed the decay of ancient hospitality to the vast sums of money lavished on female apparel.

In France and other Continental countries they were equally extravagant in this style of ornament. A lady at the court of Henry IV of France displayed a basket-chief that cost 1,000 crowns. Truly, with such specimens of taste and skill, ornamental needlework was entitled to a place among the fine arts. The French retain their ancient reputation for beautiful embroidery, their needlework on linen being preferred to that of all other countries.

It would take a volume to contain the names of the distinguished women who were fond of the agreeable occupation of sewing, in its useful as well as graceful and elegant forms. Adelicia, second wife of Henry I of England, Joan d'Albret, mother of the great Henry of France, and Anne of Brittany, whose court was a school for the children of the nobility, are well known instances. The beautiful and unfortunate Marie Antoinette, in her adversity, found her best consolation in making clothes of the imprisoned royal family, and *Mary Queen of Scots, with her needle,* beguiled many a weary hour of her long captivity.

In this century the learned Mrs. Somerville could work an intricate pattern in embroidery as readily as a mathematical problem, and use the needle with as much dexterity as the telescope. There is in my possession one-half of a handbag worked in chain stitch by the fair hands of Caroline Bonaparte, queen of Naples. The evenness and regularity of the stitches are a wonder to all who see it.

It is much to be regretted that the invention of the sewing machine has caused what is known as "plain sewing" to have fallen into a lost art. Few girls are being taught to work with their hands because the machine can do all the sewing. No machine stitching can equal in durability or beauty the work done by the hand.—Exchange.

Artists note the difference between hand carving and that done by machinery. The former, whether in wood, stone or bronze, in looms in India, cannot be equaled in Europe. Do not understand me as depreciating sewing machines; they are a great invention, but I say that plain sewing is not neglected. The mother who does not teach her daughter to sew well enough to darn stockings neatly and mend underclothing well has signally failed in her duty.

The utilitarianism of the Nineteenth century had banished ornamental needlework from woman's accomplishments until the Kensington School of Art Needlework, in London, some years back, again made embroidery fashionable, our ladies can now display as beautiful work as ever came from the queenly hands of Katherine Howard or Anne Boleyn, and needlework ranks high as a study among the elegant arts.—Woman's Work

Furnishing a Nursery.

Everything about a nursery should be easy to clean. The walls should either be covered with tiles or varnished paper, so that they may be washed every week or two. Ordinary wall papers not only fade or dust, but also frequently contain poisonous coloring ingredients. The room should have dark green blinds, so that it may be darkened during daytime, when the little ones take their noonday nap. The thermometer is an essential part of the furniture of a nursery, the temperature of which room should not be allowed to fall below 60 degs nor rise above 65 degs Fahr., except in the case of newborn infants or under the doctor's orders. Diseases of the head and debility arise when the rooms are too cold, while convulsions and nervous complaints are caused when they are too hot and insufficiently ventilated. The chief duties of nurseries should be simple, strong and washable. There should be no upholstery about it, and chairs and sofas with seats and backs of cane, or the best wood furniture, is the best and cheapest that can be had. Curtains should be tabooed, unless for the sake of excluding draughts, as they interfere with ventilation and harbor dust, and, moreover, curtains should never be drawn around cradles or beds, if there is suspicion of a draft, a screen should be placed so as to keep it from the sleeper. Cradles or cots should be raised to a level with the mother's bed and should never be made to rock.

Bedclothes should consist entirely of wool. The mackintosh sheet, which forms part of the clothes of so many an infant's bed, is highly injurious. It keeps the child damp with its own impurities, and soreness of the lower parts of the body is one of the least evils it produces.—Baby

Credit to Two Women

One writer claims that there is not an institution of learning, not a woman's club or a woman's art class, not a university extension scheme, not a degree, not a diploma granted at Barnard or a certificate of proficiency given at Harvard but owes its existence, its toleration and its triumphs to the courage of Emily and Elizabeth Blackwell, of England and New York, and the other women students of 1850, who demanded recognition and place and honor in the medical world.

This Date in History—March 9.

1796—Joseph Fraser Gall, founder of phrenology, born at Tiefenbrunn, in Baden, died 1828.

1796—Duke Caleo broken on the wheel at Toulouse, France, on the charge of having killed his son for turning Catholic; this case caused the Revolution, and that put an end to religious persecution in France.

1811—Isaac Hull, famous naval officer in 1812-15, born in Derby, Conn.; died 1843.

1820—Edwin Forrest, actor, born in Philadelphia; died 1872.

1832—David Davis, jurist and statesman, associate and lastingly true friend of Abraham Lincoln, born in Cecil county, Md.; died 1886.

1862—Great naval battle in Hampton Roads, near Newport News, Va., the Federal vessels Congress and Cumberland sunk by the Confederate ram Merrimac and the latter driven off by the Federal Monitor; this event is taken as the signal of a complete revolution in naval warfare.

1866—William L. Frederick William Ludwig Von Hohenzollern, emperor of Germany and king of Prussia, died; born 1797.

1881—Factory burned at Jamaica, L. I., by riotous workingmen; several persons injured by rioters throwing.

A Grave Responsibility.

Young Wife (indignant at her biscuits)—I have a notion to cast this bread into the pond.

"For heaven's sake, don't."

"Why not?"

"It might return to us again."—New York Herald.

She Was Sorry.

He (at 11 p. m.)—There's one thing I'd do, Miss Smithkinson, if I were rich.

She (wearily)—What is that, Mr. Lingerly?

He—I'd travel.

She (sympathetically)—I'm so sorry, Mr. Lingerly, that you are not rich.—Detroit Free Press.

A Happy Condition.

First Officer's Servant to Second Ditto—What's the matter with you. You look as happy as a skylark.

"And no wonder. You see, my Reuten ant sent me to get a cheese, and I dropped it in the mud—so I was allowed to eat it myself."—Fliegende Blatter.

Explaining a Mystery.

Briggs—Strange things happen. A Brooklyn policeman was seen walking the streets at midnight recently.

Griggs—What was the trouble?

Briggs—Upon investigation it turned out that he was a somnambulist.—Life.

1892 MARCH. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	D.M.	Third Quarter	21	2:16 p.m.
Full Moon	13	7:56 A.M.	New Moon	28	2:16 A.M.

PELTON Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Obtaining and Furnishing of a supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purposes of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Obtaining and Furnishing of a Supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purposes of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes," adopted by the Common Council March 7, 1882, re-adopted August 28, 1882, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Common Council March 7, 1892.
Approved by the Mayor March 8, 1892.
A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Fees—$6.70.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield," adopted by the Common Council March 7, 1882, re-adopted August 28, 1882, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Common Council March 7, 1892.
Approved by the Mayor March 8, 1892.
A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Fees—$6.80.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lord Day L. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

BREVITIES.

—Hear about Mammoth Cave at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—Capt. Geo. D. Morrison will address the meeting at Reform Hall on Sunday evening next.

—A woman residing near the Food Machine Tool Works was yesterday robbed of a pocketbook containing $10.

—The Rev. Dr. Guynon of New York delivered an interesting and instructive lecture in St. Mary's church last evening.

—Dr. Williams, the "champion," announces that on account of illness he will be unable to attend to business for a few days.

—The Fanwood Township Committee at a meeting held recently granted John Benner a license to keep a road house near Terrill road.

—James Force, the proprietor of Force's hotel, yesterday completed arrangements for the lease of the Hotel Gaddis at Bound Brook.

—The remains of the man named Canfield who was killed on the track at Bound Brook on Tuesday last were interred in St. Mary's cemetery in this city to-day.

—The auction sale of horses at the Metropolitan stables yesterday drew a large crowd of people and the sale is said to have been very satisfactory to both buyer and seller. Over forty horses were sold at auction and a number were disposed of at private sale, making a total sale of over fifty horses. The next sale will be held on Wednesday, March 23, as elsewhere advertised.

—The Trenton correspondent of the Jersey City Journal has completed a list of the bills passed and introduced by Democrats in the Legislature for the purpose of creating new officers, increasing the salaries of office holders, extending their terms of office. This list was carefully prepared, and it showed seventy different bills and a total of more than $500,000 increase of the burdens of the taxpayers of the State, as a result, if these bills are passed.—Elizabeth Journal.

—The nineteenth annual meeting of the Ladies' Baptist Foreign Missionary Society was held in the Baptist church yesterday afternoon. After the usual business was completed, Mrs. Hatesbury gave a very interesting talk about the work being done in Madras, and how it was progressing. She confined herself mostly to the work among the high caste. In the evening she told of her experience with the low caste, as it was among them that she spent most of her time.

—The Plainfield Common Council has no doubt good and sufficient reasons for finally granting licenses for the sale of liquor at Schorb's (although refusing a license to Schorb himself) and at Bock's. For several years past Mr. J. H. Force has been trying to secure Hotel Gaddis at Bound Brook, and finally succeeded. He paid $2,000 yesterday on account for the lease. The action of Council in refusing him a license for his hotel here has nothing whatever to do with the case, the statement in the papers owned by his brother to the contrary being misleading. The refusal to grant a license to the City Hotel proprietor was because liquor was sold there on Sundays, although it appears to have been done by the brother of one of the town, and he says without his knowledge or consent. It is probable that if his case is reconsidered, and his application granted, as it is reported it may be, he will take proper precautions to avoid a repetition of the offence against the laws. The Council, however, are not disposed to do as the combine did—allow ourlaws to be trifled with.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Charles Seibel, formerly of this city but now of Lambertville, is visiting friends here.

Mayor and Mrs. Alexander Gilbert of West Eighth st reet left to-day on a three weeks' trip to Florida.

Mr. Lindsay of West Front street who has been seriously ill for some time past is now slowly recovering.

Mr. Jacob Bimm has returned to his home on Somerset street from a Southern trip with the Volunteer Firemen's Association of New York.

Mrs. Alice Woodruff of Flemington and Miss Maggie Kenney of Philadelphia are visiting their brother, Mr. Matthew Kenney of West Front street.

Mr. William H. Bimm of Somerset street and Miss Louisa Seibel of Dorer street, North Plainfield, were married last evening by the Rev. Mr. Koechli. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride.

The Board Democratic.

The severe storm of Tuesday last kept a number of Republicans in Union county from voting and in consequence thereof the Board of Freeholders will be Democratic. The new Board will on May 1st choose Democrats to succeed Collector Wood, Jail Warden Dodd, County Engineer Linkhaus, County Attorney Ward, Capt. Hubbard, Director of the Board, and Charles S. Reed, its clerk.

The Board will stand ten Democrats to seven Republicans.

The result of the election at to Freeholders from the various townships is as follows:

Clark—John A. Halliday, Dem. Cranford—Jasper C. Hunt, Dem. Fanwood—George Kyte, Rep. Linden—J. Irving Winans, Rep. New Providence—John M. Badgley, Rep., 61 majority. Summit—William H. Swain, Dem. Springfield—J. Martin Rolfe, Rep. Union—Nash Woodruff. Westfield—Mulford M. Scudder, Dem., 86 majority.

In Cranford Township a Prohibition ticket polled 12 votes.

A SUPPOSED MAD DOG'S DOINGS.

Tore a Boy's Hand and Bit Several Dogs and a Goat.

A big and particularly ugly looking white bull-dog was chased by some boys this morning. It was supposed to be mad.

M. M. Dunham's boy was driving a pet goat when the bull dog came along and almost killed it. Fortunately it did not harm the boy.

Leaving the goat it went on and met Theodosus Van Zandt, who was walking with his small pet dog. This animal was the next victim and when the boy attempted to rescue his pet the bull-dog turned on him and mangled his hand. Dr. Endicott cauterized the wounds.

Other dogs, including one belonging to Mr. Kirkner, were bitten, and finally the supposed rabid animal dashed into ex-Councilman Clark's barn. It is there yet and will probably be shot.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.

The Result of the Election in Somerset County.

In Montgomery Township the whole Republican ticket was elected with the exception of John H. Schoupp, who was defeated by Wm. H. Ely for Overseer of the Poor. Orion Cramer the Democratic candidate for Township Clerk was defeated by Wm. H. Hoagland by one vote.

In Bernards, Calvin Thompson, the Republican candidate for town committeeman, was elected by about 130 majority.

In Hillsborough, Sutphen, the Republican candidate for Freeholder, is elected by two majority.

In Branchburg, Baird, Republican, was elected Freeholder by the ordinary majority.

Bedminster elects the whole Democratic ticket witdout a break.

Epworth League Convention.

On Tuesday next the Jersey City District Epworth League will hold its annual convention in the Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church. The members of the society in this vicinity have been *invited, and will be present. The other* districts in the Newark Conference will be represented.

Rev. W. B. McCowen will bring greetings from the Elizabeth district, Rev. John Gutteridge from the Newark district, Rev. B. K. Boyd from the Paterson district, Mr. J. V. Forster from the Jersey City district, while Rev. D. D. Lowrie, D. D., will respond. One of the features of the programme will be a "model cabinet," where the different departments of the work of the Epworth League will be discussed.

An address in the afternoon will be delivered by the Rev. L. C. Muller, on the subject, "How Far Should We be Old-Fashioned Methodists?" Reports will be presented from the delegates and pastors. An election of officers for the ensuing year will be held, and such items of business as may be considered necessary will be transacted. In the evening the corresponding secretary of the district, Rev. Edwin N. Crane, will present his annual report, and the Rev. Charles B. Mitchell of Plainfield, will deliver an address. The singing during the convention will be under the direction of Professor S. V. R. Ford, of the Methodist Book Concern.

A New Corporation.

The certificate of incorporation of "The Partridge, Powell & Storer Co." was recorded in the Somerset county Clerk's office on February 24. The members of the company are mostly Brooklyn capitalists, and the capital stock of the concern is $75,000. The company was formed for the purpose of manufacturing brick, tiles, pipe, terra cotta, etc., and its works will be in the vicinity of Rocky Hill, in Franklin and Montgomery townships.

Dunellen Election.

The elections in Dunellen and New Market Tuesday went Republican.

The contest at Dunellen centered in the offices of Freeholder and Town Committeeman. Gray, Republican nominee for Town Committee, was elected by 55 majority. Henry S. Garretson, Republican, beat Swackhammer, Democrat, for Freeholder, by 16 majority.

At New Market everything went Republican, even to the vote on appropriations.

He Had His Fit.

At about four o'clock yesterday afternoon a man asked some men on Somerset street where he could get some salt, as he felt a fit coming on. They told him to go to one of the saloons. While on the way he fell to ground in convulsions. He was carried to the station house and said he was over eight. The morning he went off. He is unknown.

Newhall Caught the First Shad.

Jared Newhall of Weston has the honor of catching the first Raritan River shad this Spring. The fish was caught early yesterday morning in a gill net just below the dam at Bound Brook. It was a fine roe and weighed two pounds and a half. Newhall sent the trophy to Gov. Abbett.

Smashed his Thumb.

While attempting to close a door in the stable of Undertaker P. Casey of New street a few days ago Mr. Weston Cross, employe of Mr. A. M. Huggins, caught the thumb of his left hand and badly crushed it. Yesterday he visited a physician and had the nail cut out.

In the Court.

There was no criminal business transacted in the Union county Court of Special Sessions yesterday morning. Several matters in the Orphans' and other branches occupied an hour or more.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE GUTTENBURG BILL PASSED THE HOUSE.

Passage of the Electrical Subway Commission Measure, with Opposition from Two Democrats—The Governor's Signature Needed Only to Extend the Terms of Freeholders in Essex and Hudson.

"Mr. Speaker, I move to take from the table Senate bill No. 60," said Mr. Hardin. The clock registered 11:40 a. m. yesterday. Instantly every member jumped to "attention" as they recognized the number of Guttenburg's Justice bill. Mr. Hardin said he desired to offer an amendment to the bill so as to provide that every constable should take his prisoner before the nearest justice. Under the existing law a man could be dragged from one end of the county to the other to give bail. It was, he said, a rank injustice to permit anything like that to be done, and by this bill he proposed to amend it would simply protect people from spite work.

Mr. F. D. Smith said he would vote to *take up the bill, because he wanted it* disposed of at once and for ever. The amendments did not help the bill a particle, he said, and it was simply beating the devil around the bush. The only demand for the bill came, he continued, from two race-tracks running in defiance of the Law.

The bill was taken up and amended by Mr. Hardin and then ordered to be engrossed. Mr. Smith wanted to have the bill printed as amended, but his proposition was voted down.

The amendments do not make any material difference in the bill. The clause giving the complainant the right to designate the justice before whom he should be taken was stricken out and one inserted requiring the constable to take the prisoner before the nearest justice elected in that district.

The bill came up on final passage in the afternoon. Mr. Kalisch defended it. He said that principle had existed in England ever since the law in England and should be the law here. Mr. Studer said that on the face of the measure it was all right, but it was perfectly well-known that it was in the interest of the race tracks.

Mr. Hardin said the same ground. "I hope no one will soil his hands with this bill," he said. "The finger-marks of the devil are all over it. We all know what the object of the bill is. It is a race-track measure pure and simple, intended to make crime easy. I do not come here to legislate for criminals. If this bill is to pass let no Republican vote for it. Let it be Democratic through and through."

Mr. Ford D. Smith appealed to the Democrats to vote down the bill. In his opinion it was thoroughly bad in its principle and provisions.

Mr. Hutchinson said that no complaint had been made to cause any such law as this. It was a measure which was introduced solely for the benefit of Guttenburg and Gloucester.

Mr. Kalisch asserted that it was not honest to oppose this bill because a strong public sentiment had been aroused against certain tracks and these tracks might secure some benefit therefrom. He said that nothing could be done in this thing except the bill itself, and no one had been able to say a word against it.

Mr. Hardin asked Mr. Flynn, who had just entered,

"Senate No. 60," replied Speaker Bergen.

"What is it?" queried Mr. Flynn. As he is supposed to be the confidential adviser of Governor Abbett the House roared with laughter at his assumed ignorance.

Mr. Hardin defended the bill because, he said, it prevented a man from being thrown from one end of the county to give bail. It provide that prisoners should be taken before the nearest justice, and was different from the present bill, which gave prisoners the right to designate the justice before whom they should be taken. The amended bill would be declared, a righteous one if there ever was one. Speaking about race tracks, he called attention to the fact that the race-track bills which were introduced early in the season did not come from a Democrat.

The bill passed by 35 to 32. Ford, Smith, Dwight and Strahan were the only Democrats who voted against it.

The Trenton Board of Works bill, which also was one of the famous nine bills, was called up on second reading. Mr. Hutchinson proposed amendments for the purpose of having the Commissioners elected by the people.

Mr. Ford said: "It stands is a Democratic measure," said Mr. Lanning, "and if these amendments were adopted it would be a Republican one."

Mr. Fotts said he was glad to hear Mr. Lanning confess that it was a Republican plan to submit such matters to the people.

Messrs. Hutchinson and Cole denounced the Democratic action of the Capitol rights. Mr. Hardin then sprung the previous question and it was carried despite Mr. Cole's long gas last. Mr. Hardin followed them in motion to the effect that the bill over till to-morrow. Mr. Fotts moved to indefinitely postpone. His motion was lost. Speaker Bergen voted "no" on the call of the Democrats voting for it. Mr. Hardin's motion was carried.

The House discussed for an hour today Senator Marsh's bill, which provides that where one-half of the directors of any corporation are away from their regular meetings, the stockholders can come in and run the business. Mr. Fotts wanted to amend it so that four weeks should intervene between the meetings. He was opposed by Messrs. Hutchinson and Cole, who said that the bill was a good one to prevent the directors of any company running it when they failed much of their discomforture. The whole Taxpayers' ticket was elected by about the same majority as a year ago last. It is a Democrat bill and about one hundred of Perry's followers visited his residence and serenaded him.—Somerville Messenger.

A SHOOTING CONTEST.

The Members of the Independent Gun Club Enjoy Themselves.

Yesterday the members of the Independent Gun Club enjoyed a shooting contest on their grounds in North Plainfield. The targets were live and "inanimate" pigeons. The scores were as follows:

FIRST EVENT—(10 Blue Rocks.)

											B.
Thos. H. Keller	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
Chas. Smith	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	9
A. Trust	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
Brantingham	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	9
G. Yeohl	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
A. Soper	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	8
Cramer	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
W. Case	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
D. Terry	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	9

SECOND EVENT—(10 Blue Rocks.)

											B.
Thos. H. Keller	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	7
Chas. Smith	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	9
A. Trust	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	6
G. Yeohl	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Brantingham	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	6
A. Soper	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
Cramer	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	8
W. Case	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
D. Terry	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10

THIRD EVENT—(15 Blue Rocks.)

																B.
C. Smith	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
Brantingham	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
Soper	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14
Yeohl	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14
Trust	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
Cramer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14
Terry	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14
Keller	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13

FOURTH EVENT—(10 Blue Rocks.)

											B.
C. Smith	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
Brantingham	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	8
Soper	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	7
Yeohl	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
Trust	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
Cramer	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	7
Terry	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
Keller	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9

FIFTH EVENT—(15 Blue Rocks).

																B.
C. Smith	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	11
Brantingham	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
Soper	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
Yeohl	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
Trust	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
Cramer	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
Terry	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
Keller	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13

SIXTH EVENT—(6 Live Birds.)

							B.
W. Force	1	0	2	2	1	2	8
Cramer	2	0	2	3	2	2	11
C. Smith	2	0	1	1	2	1	7
Brantingham	2	0	1	2	2	2	9
W. Terry	1	2	0	2	1	2	8
Soper	2	0	0	2	2	2	8
A. Trust	2	0	2	3	2	0	9
J. Darby	1	1	2	0	2	1	7
J. McCarty	2	0	0	2	1	2	7
W. Case	0	2	0	1	1	2	6
T. H. Keller	1	0	2	2	1	1	7
Geo. Yeohl	2	0	1	2	2	2	9
S. Terry	2	0	2	1	1	2	8
D. Terry	1	1	1	1	0	2	6

SEVENTH EVENT. (4 live birds.)

					B.
W. Force	0	1	1	1	3
C. Smith	1	0	1	1	3
W. Terry	0	1	1	1	3
T. H. Keller	1	1	0	1	3
Geo. Yeohl	1	1	1	1	4
S. Terry	1	1	1	1	4
D. Terry	1	1	1	1	4

EIGHTH EVENT.

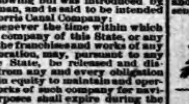
	B.
C. Smith	1
Trust	2
Keller	2
Case	1
Yeohl	1

Intensely Interesting.

Such will be the talk of Mr. H. J. Runyon at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock. Indisputably the Mammouth Cave of Kentucky is the greatest natural wonder of the world. Its vast vaulted chambers, floored with sparkling crystal; the subterranean river, with eyeless fish; its 16 miles of natural corridors and the numerous other marvels and impressive beauties will be described by Mr. Runyon in vivid style.

Mr. Perry Elected Mayor.

In the Mayoralty contest in Bound Brook Monday the Republican ticket was elected by a about 70 majority. All day long the workers on the opposing party, headed by Hon. George LaMonte, strained every nerve to put him in a position where they failed much to their discomfiture. The whole Taxpayers' ticket was elected by about the same majority as a year ago last. It is a Democratic band with about one hundred of Perry's followers visited his residence and serenaded him.—Somerville Messenger.



Thankful to Mr. Murray.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I want to express through THE NEWS my pleasure at learning that Rev. Dr. Schaeffer has been secured to give his talk on "The Study of the Bible in Spain."

Having heard this lecture, we can say that it is vivid and comprehensive, extremely interesting, and highly practical, especially to the earnest student whose time is limited.

We thank Mr. W. D. Murray for again bringing this treat within our reach.

T. S. HASELL.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

GRECIAN CHAMBER MUST GO.

The New Ministry Unable to Bring About an Agreement.

LONDON, March 10th. (Special.)—A despatch to the Times from Athens says that the new Constantopoulo Ministry have been unable to obtain a working majority in the Boule or Legislative Chamber, and that the dissolution of the House is therefore inevitable.

When the House is dissolved it is necessary, according to the constitution, that a period of fifty days shall elapse before the holding of new elections.

The dispatch adds that perfect quietness prevails every where in the country.

Beheaded by a Machine.

RAHWAY, N. J., March 10, (Special.)—A Swede known as Peter, employed at the terra cotta works of the Staten Island Wood and Tile Works, at Woodbridge, was instantly beheaded while examining a new machine placed in the factory, today.

Get Out Your Ulsters.

NEW YORK, March 10. (Special.)—Local Forecast Official Dunn predicts that by Friday or Saturday, the third anniversary of that memorable storm of four years ago, a blizzard of unusual severity will be raging all over this part of the country.

NEW LAWS.

Some of the Bills to Which Gov. Abbett Has Affixed His Signature.

Governor Abbett has affixed his signature to the following bills: Assembly No. 276, provides that the governor shall appoint, with the consent of the senate, three fish and game commissioners for *terms of five years; those commissioners* shall have the wardens of the State with fish, consolidate the game laws, etc; they shall appoint, and the governor confirm, a fish and game protector, who shall have charge of the fish wardens; this officer shall receive a salary of $900; the commissioners shall receive $5 each; commissioners for each county, who shall receive three dollars per diem for each day's actual work; Senate No. 27 provides for levying assessments on sewers; Senate No. 101 provides that every bottle of or second class rifles may change municipal election on the second Tuesday in April of the year next after the passage of this act; terms of office to begin with the fiscal year; Senate No. 102 provides that the State Board of Excise in any city and provides for the election of a suitable person to take his place.

British Sea-Power "At All Costs."

To those who take a patriotic interest in the British Empire, in unlimited series of British trade routes and coaling stations we recommend a careful perusal of Captain Mahan's fascinating volume on "The Influence of Sea-Power upon *History, 1660-1783.* Never, perhaps was* the maintenance of this predominating "sea-power" more necessary to us than at present. No Englishman can read this book without a new, ever-increasing conviction that British "sea-power" must be retained at all costs and against all combinations. British commercial supremacy has been attained through "sea power," and by "sea-power" only can that supremacy be upheld.—The London Chamber of Commerce Journal.

The American "reformers" who are always meddling and building, and owing to age, (I am 78), and ill health, I desire to retire from business, and have no offer to sell my brick plant, with all necessary fixtures for immediate operation. Said plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within one mile of the center of the thriving city of Plainfield, N. J. Has been running since 1887. Established 1887. Capacity three millions and upwards per season with home market for entire product. Equipped with "Martin's" and "Wise" latest improved machines and three tempering wheels. Abundance of shed room. Good water for steam. Boarding house for hands and house for renter if desired. Wood, coal dust and in making and burning. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Liberal terms will be made easy, and very liberal inducements offered. Apply on premises, No. 28 Maple avenue, North Plainfield, or address I. Barlbury, P. O. Box 633. 3-10 tf

FOUR rooms to let. First floor. Rent moderate. 31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 9 4

FOR RENT—A six room house on Somerset street. $14 month Occupancy April 1. Henry D. Morrison, 11 Somerset street. tf.

TO RENT or for sale. A Fine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell on easy terms. Inquire, 4 p.m. 3-10 tf

FOR RENT—A four room work shop. Just the place for carpenter. 46 month. Henry D. Morrison, 11 Somerset street. tf

TO LET—Low rent—House near Fouch's locomotive works. Inquire of Conrad Fouch. tf.

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with barn; centrally located. Price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 17tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD and rooms, large, newly furnished rooms. Two minutes from station. Address "Good Table," care of EVENING NEWS. 9 2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-10tf

THERE WILL BE A

GRAND CONCERT & EXHIBITION given under the auspices of the Bronze Drill Corps, at St. Mary's T. A. B. Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty streets, Thursday evening, March 10th, for the benefit of the Bronze Drill Corps. There will be solos, recitations, dialogues, a trial drill by the little tots, and music by Prof. O'Reilly. There will be refreshments and ice cream for sale. Admission 25 cents. Children under twelve, 15 cents. 3 3

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Work by assistant dressmaker. Address L. H., Plainfield, N. J. 9 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Monday morning, between Front and Watchung streets, a gold watch, No. 8,000, pocketbook containing money, card and ring. Suitable reward will be given at 157 Park avenue.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street, one mile west of North Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above tide. 2 17tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 97 acres. Handsomely located; 300 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Thomas Runyon, P. O. Box 29, Dunellen, N. J. 10-25

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Riker & Co., *Avenis.* 2 17tf

FOR RENT.

112 JACKSON avenue, five nice rooms, to rent, with water. Terms moderate. 10-3

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 249 Somerset street will be for rent. Call 11 Mountain avenue. 2 24 eod tf

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT.—Having been engaged for 15 years and upwards in manufacturing and building, and owing to age, (I am 78), and ill health, I desire to retire from business, and have no offer to rent my brick plant, with all necessary fixtures for immediate operation. Said plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within one mile of the center of the thriving city of Plainfield, N. J. Has been running since 1887. Established 1887. Capacity three millions and upwards per season with home market for entire product. Equipped with "Martin's" and "Wise" latest improved machines and three tempering wheels. Abundance of shed room. Good water for steam. Boarding house for hands and house for renter if desired. Wood, coal dust and in making and burning. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Liberal terms will be made easy, and very liberal inducements offered. Apply on premises, No. 28 Maple avenue, North Plainfield, or address I. Barlbury, P. O. Box 633. 3-10 tf

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As a rule—whatever is cheapest is most unsatisfactory—

H-O sells only for a fair price according to its value—

Is the best any too good for you?

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE AT AUCTION, Wednesday, Mar. 23.

A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E. RIDER, Manager.

AUCTION SALE OF New and Second Hand Furniture, AT CAREY'S,

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 11th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

Consisting of Oak and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Parlor Suite, Diningroom Chairs, Buffet, Sideboard, Tables in Oak and Walnut, and a number of rockers. New Folding and Sun Carpets, and numerous other things.

Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

BEFORE PURCHASING Your Mount for 1892.

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN, WHEELMEN'S HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

Friday Eve'g Mar. 11

DENMAN : THOMPSON'S

Celebrated play,

THE OLD HOMESTEAD

Under the management of E. A. McFarland Scenery New. Company same as last season.

PRICES—75, 50 and 35 Cents.

AFTER MARCH 16TH, THOMPSON PARK,

Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 28 East Front street, will be found at No. 4 East 125th street, New York, where communications will be personally and promptly attended to. Will visit Plainfield once a month for music store in Plainfield. Patrons can depend upon being dealt with as hitherto in my store. 6 1m

COAL and WOOD, E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

GET YOUR TEAMING and GRADING done by Weiss Brothers, 99 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 20tf

Report of the Condition OF THE City National Bank,

At Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business

March 1, 1892.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$393,995 18
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	779 19
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Stocks, securities	15,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents	58,183 94
Due from other National Banks	1,000 00
Due from State Banks and bankers	1,000 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	1,000 00
Premiums paid	1,000 00
Bills of other banks	14 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	87
Specie	25,000 00
Legal tender notes	13,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (five per cent. of circulation)	2,250 00
Total	$634,311 17

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$150,000 00
Surplus fund	17,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	27,000 00
National bank notes outstanding	45,000 00
State bank notes outstanding	1,000 00
Dividends unpaid	1,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	387,000 00
Demand certificates of deposit	5,000 00
Certified checks	1,000 00
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,311 17
Due to other National Banks	1,000 00
Due to State Banks and bankers	1,000 00
Total	$634,311 17

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
COUNTY OF UNION, }

I, F. E. Gardner, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above and foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. E. GARDNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1892. W. F. ANDERSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
HAMILTON HYDE,
J. F. RUNYON,
J. F. MACDONALD, } Directors.

W. F. HOFFMAN, CARPENTER AND BUILDER, Residence 31 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Terms to suit the times. Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 2 15tf

EDITORIAL NOTES

A Paternal Government.

Emperor William, who ever since his accession to the German throne has been calling himself the father of his people and telling them that if they obeyed his will all would be well with them, but if they did not obey him they would be "ground to powder," ought least of all to have been surprised at the Berlin riot. His will, be it observed, he considers the same as that of the Almighty. He has said so. If, then, his children come to him howling for bread when they are hungry, it is quite the right thing for them to do. All children go howling to their parents when they want something to eat. Emperor William has constantly preached to the German people that he was the one and the only one who could redress their wrongs, of whatever nature. When, therefore, 10,000 of them, many with families starving at home, marched to his palace door crying for employment, it was natural, not to say cruel, in William to have his soldiers and police charge into their midst and disperse them. It was not the part of a parent. He ought to have emptied out the last bit of food in the palace storerooms to them.

It seems possible that the father business may be carried too far in case of a government, for it leads the people to depend on the paternal government when they ought to be stirring their wits to help themselves out of a bad situation. That is what they would do in a republic, where men are trained to depend on themselves. A curious feature of the Berlin riots is that the socialists, on whom it has been the fashion to blame every disturbance in Germany for the last thirty years, repudiate root and branch all responsibility for the riot. They declared at a public meeting that they had no share in it. Further, they passed a resolution to the effect that socialists must abstain from disorder, since this only furnishes government a pretext for repressive measures. It will be queer indeed if in the course of time the only lawabiding citizens of Emperor *William should be the socialists.*

The bad crops and the Baring failure, with Emperor William's foolish speech at Brandenburg, were the cause of the riots at Berlin. The majority of the rioters were really unemployed workingmen, as it appears, men who, though they had no food, still seem to have been able to get plenty of drink.

The Most Intemperate Nations.

Axel Gustafson, in his series of papers in The Christian Union on drunkenness on the continent of Europe, places Belgium at the head of all as regards the amount of intoxication. Next comes France, the wine producing country, which thirty years ago had the reputation of being the most temperate nation in Europe. But a great wave of intemperance has swept over the whole continent in the last generation. The consumption of spirits, wine and beer in all the lands has increased many fold. Perhaps our ampous, high pressure life is to blame. Perhaps, too, the more general increase and distribution of wealth has something to do with it. Mr. Gustafson finds that, contrary to appearances and its general reputation, Russia, the brandy drinking land, is really the most temperate country of Europe. He sums up as follows:

We find:

That the two banner countries for freedom of commerce and industry—Switzerland and Holland—are also the most advanced in restricting the freedom of the alcoholic drink traffic and that despotic Russia comes next.

That the two most advanced nations—France and Germany—are more drunken than the most ignorant—Russia, Italy and Spain.

That while beer does not lead to intemperance drinking and that the two countries inhabited by the Latin and beer drinkers, and in which the wines and beers are of the lightest character—viz., France and Belgium—are the most drunken, while Russia—almost wholly brandy drinking—is a relatively sober country.

In 1877 the appropriation for Indian education was $30,000. This year it is $2,250,000. Public sentiment has steadily grown in favor of educating young Indians and reclaiming them from the wild state in which, with present surroundings, they fall lower and lower and are a menace to civilization. The wild cattle of Texas are being gradually transformed into beef animals that would be a credit to the Kentucky Blue Grass region; in time the Indian, too, may be transformed by education, moral and intellectual, into a civilized man. But it will require time and the expenditure of money, and that money should be appropriated by the general government. There are about 30,000 Indian youths in the country, and the cheapest thing to do with them will be to teach them the three R's and trades suited to them.

Mary Hopkins, who had been unable to speak for four years, had a current of electricity passed through the back of her neck and mouth every day for a month. At the end of that time she greeted her friends with a loud halloo.

About this time of year at least a dozen distinguished American gentlemen are wondering who will be sitting in a certain chair at Washington this time next March.

Mrs. Minnie Keeler Goad has been admitted to the bar in Missouri. But she will never succeed as a lawyer as long as she calls herself "Minnie."

ETHEL OSBORNE JAILED.

Sentenced to Nine Months in Prison at Hard Labor.

HER MELTING WAIL OF DESPAIR.

The Unfortunate Woman, Who Is in a Delicate Condition, Fell in a Dead Faint When Sentenced and Was Carried Out of Court by Her Weeping Husband.

LONDON, March 10.—One of the most pathetic and touching scenes ever perhaps enacted within the famous Old Bailey was witnessed today when Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne was sentenced in the central criminal court to nine months' imprisonment at hard labor for perjury and larceny of jewels from her cousin, Mrs. Hargreaves. The central is the most noted of London criminal courts. It is situated in the Old Bailey, adjoining Newgate prison, and in this building some of the most notorious British criminals have been tried.

In anticipation of the trial the court was besieged before the doors were opened. Tickets were issued by the sheriffs, but even this precaution did not prevent the building being packed to excess. Outside the Old Bailey, although it was snowing thickly, there were big crowds gathered in the hope of seeing Mrs. Osborne arrive. The curious mobbed, however, had little to recompense them. Mrs. Osborne was driven from Holloway in an ordinary four wheeled cab, her husband being with her and a female attendant, while a warden sat upon the box with the driver.

Mrs. Osborne Pleaded Guilty.

The cab was driven into the yard of the central court, the folding gates being closed instantly. Mrs. Osborne thus spared the indignity of going to the court, as is usual with prisoners in such circumstances, in the prison van known as the Black Maria. She alighted and was taken into the prisoner's waiting room, her husband, by special permission, being with her. When her case was called she was conducted up the steps to the dock, which stands about six feet above the floor of the room. She faltered for a moment as she entered, but immediately recovered.

Mr. Forrest Fulton appeared on behalf of the prosecution and Sir Charles Russell for the defense. Major and Mrs. Hargreaves were directly under the jury box. They seemed nervous and almost as much distressed as the prisoner herself. Captain Osborne sat in the well of the court facing the jury. Justice Smith presided, attended by Lord Mayor Evans, the sheriffs of London and several of the aldermen.

Mrs. Osborne was dressed in black. She looked terribly wan and worn, and sobbed convulsively. It was evident that she was in a condition of semi-collapse. She glanced at her husband, who held up his hands toward her in a beseeching manner. The indictment was read amid breathless silence and Clerk Avory said: "Prisoner at the bar, do you plead guilty or not guilty?"

Mrs. Osborne's voice was almost an inaudible whisper as she answered, "Guilty."

Mrs. Hargreaves Begs for Mercy.

Mr. Forrest Fulton then addressed the court in behalf of the government. The charge of larceny, he said, might well have been left to private prosecution, but it was desirable to overlook the perjury. With these words he would leave the case in his lordship's hands.

Sir Charles Russell followed in behalf of the prisoner. He said that those best acquainted with the prisoner were sure that she had been suffering from temporary aberration of mind. When the truth came to light the prisoner had done everything in her power to repair the mischief, and had made a voluntary surrender to justice.

Captain Osborne, her husband, had written to the treasury asking that the prisoner's trial might be delayed until after the prisoner's confinement. To this the treasury had refused to concede. He hoped the court would take into consideration the prisoner's condition.

Mrs. Hargreaves here arose and said in an agitated voice, "May I speak?"

The Judge—Only on the appeal for mercy.

Mrs. Hargreaves proceeded between her sobs: "I appeal for mercy with all my heart. I have known and loved Ethel all my life, and am convinced that she was not in her right mind." Then Mrs. Hargreaves sat down, weeping almost hysterically.

Her Last Wail of Despair.

The judge in passing sentence said: "Florence Ethel Osborne, you have pleaded guilty to having said perjury. You stole your friend's jewels while stopping at her house and converted the proceeds of the theft to your own use. When the finger of suspicion pointed toward you as the thief you commenced an action to vindicate your character.

"You were guilty of swearing falsely and corruptly in order to convince the jury that you were not the thief, and you sat still in attending counsel's address to the effect that your friends were the thieves. It would have been impossible to forecast the result of the action, but for the appearance of an unexpected witness, namely the Hargreaves might have been forever stained with ignominy."

His lordship then sentenced Mrs. Osborne to nine months' hard labor, which was to be such as the prison doctor would allow.

When sentence was pronounced Mrs. Osborne's face became ashen, and uttering moaned forth a wail of despair such as would have melted the heart of a stone, outstretched her hands and fell in a dead faint to the floor. The unfortunate woman had to be carried from the court room, her weeping and agonizing husband helping the court attendants.

Will Have Eight Hours.

BOSTON, March 10.—There will be no labor disturbances in Massachusetts this spring, as the eight hour system will be as accomplished fact among the various branches compromises under the head of building trades.

He was Minister and Politician.

LARSONVILLE, Ill., March 10.—Rev. George H. Larison, pastor of the Baptist church at Larison's Corners and also a practising physician, died at his home here. He was an active politician and had held many local and county offices.

The Duncan Glass Works Burned.

PITTSBURGH, March 10.—Fire of unknown origin totally destroyed the Duncan glass factory "D," of the United States Glass company, located on Tenth street. Loss $150,000. Two hundred men are thrown out of employment.

A Big Iron Mill Shuts Down.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., March 10.—Hoover's large mill has shut down for an indefinite period on account of overproduction. Over 250 iron workers are thrown out of employment.

HILL'S SILVER VIEWS ASKED.

He Is Asked by Tell the Country How He Stands on Free Coinage.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The following open letter has been addressed to Senator Hill by Congressman Harter, requesting his views on the silver question:

To the Hon. David B. Hill, United States Senator:

DEAR MR. HILL—*Learning from the early action of the party in New York, as evidenced by its February convention, that you are a candidate for the great office of president, I am moved to ask your views publicly on a most important question. I am led to this because I think all the people are entitled to them, and because, having read your public utterances on the general subject, I am unfortunate enough not to be able to grasp your convictions on it.*

At first I supposed this was due to a deficient understanding on my part, but since then I have consulted with some friends of yours whose members of this house, and I find they are also at sea, one of them telling me you are in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present ratio. This would give our legal tender dollar an inflated market value of not [illegible] *dollars, while you tell me you are opposed to free coinage and in line with the recent platforms of our party in New York, which declares for a dollar worth the world over, and by demanding that every dollar shall be of equal intrinsic value with every other dollar, which, as you know, is an exact definition of an honest Democratic dollar.*

Under the circumstances, believing you will be glad to put your views briefly, clearly, distinctly and unmistakably before the American people, I ask you whether you favor or oppose the outrageous measure of class legislation (usually called the Bland bill), which is now lurking in the senate, and which, under the hearty support of all the Republican bonanza senators, of the silver ring, of the lobby and of the stampeders, has had little to recommend them. Mrs. Osborne was driven from Holloway in an ordinary four wheeled cab, her husband being with her and a female attendant, while a warden sat upon the box with the driver.

Mr. Beach, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

61 Park Avenue. (Old stand of the Women's Exchange.)

NEW Spring Dunlap Style OF DERBY, Out TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

MASKS : : : : : : MASKS

ALL KINDS

and Prices.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Manor of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

CARPETS!

Large stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 10c yard, worth 15c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

TABLE OF LINENS—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 8c. Bleached Towelling, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 50c and 75 cents.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our seasonal Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

PEANUTS 5c. a quart. ALSO

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Prunes, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, cornor Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARK,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS M. POPE, Treasurer.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

W. B. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 2ly

TARIFF SPEECHES BEGIN O. M. DUNHAM,

McMillin and Dingley Open the Discussion in the House.

A WARLIKE TONE IN THE SENATE.

Bills to Attach Canada's Commerce in Retaliation for the Behring Sea Outrage, to Increase Our Navy and Better Our Torpedo Service Introduced.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—There was a decidedly warlike tone given to the opening proceedings of the senate when Mr. Hale, from the committee on naval affairs, reported a bill to increase the navy and to expend $500,000 in experiments with torpedoes and Mr. Morgan, from the committee on foreign affairs, followed this up by the introduction of a bill suspending the laws permitting the passage of Canadian goods in bond through United States territory. The senate afterward hurried through the remaining amendments to the pure food bill and passed it without even a division and then went into executive session on the Behring sea matter.

Prior to the regular order for the day in the house several bills from the judiciary committee, providing for holding United States district courts in Texas and Idaho and other bills of minor importance were passed.

The regular order was the consideration of the free wool and other amendments to the tariff law.

The Tariff Debate Opened.

Mr. McMillan opened the debate on the tariff question by saying that the last congress passed a law higher than ever levied in this country and made the most extravagant appropriations ever made in time of peace. The consequences were most correct this evil. The farmer now realized from two to three cents per pound less on his wool than formerly. Laborers' wages had not increased since the McKinley law, and they had to pay for the advance in the necessities of life. The McKinley bill had increased the tariff of 1883 15 per cent., and the rate of 1883 was before the income taxes than on the luxuries of life. The consumer had not been considered, and the manufacturer and trust combinations had been protected. The greed of the seller and not the need of the buyer was the measure of the rate of duty.

He alluded to Blaine's reciprocity scheme, which he called un-Democratic, un-Republican and un-American. The president, in his discretion, could impose or remit certain taxes. Such a power was unprecedented, and if exercised in England the queen would lose her crown, if not her head, and the house of lords would crumble.

The McKinley law had seriously affected our commerce. Before the war we got our material for our ships without excessive duty and could build ships to compete with the nations of the earth. We now carry only 13½ per cent. of our vast foreign commerce, and 7 per cent. of our foreign trade is conducted in steamships under our national flag.

Mr. McMillan continued:

Buying Abroad.

A rich man going abroad can bring back thousands of dollars' worth of clothing free from taxation, but if one of his humble laborers were to seek to get $300 worth of woolens bought back for the use of one of his family he would have to pay, according to the average rate on woolen goods, more than ninety dollars duty, and on some articles he would have to pay on knit goods more than $300 duty. There should be some limit placed on the amount, even of wearing apparel, that can be imported free of duty.

The law now enables those who buy extensively to pay the expenses of a trip abroad in the mere matter of saving duty. I know one man who in 1887 made a European trip, and who helped to saddle that pleasure upon the people, who in less than 107 days after its passage landed in the country, not only with $600 worth of clothes the first thing. He was a protectionist.

Mr. McMillin then said that the overwhelming Democratic successes at the last elections was the people's rebuke of the party that passed the iniquitous McKinley bill.

In conclusion Mr. McMillin referred to the peroration of Mr. Reed on Monday referring to the triumphant march of truth, which was exemplified by the ascendency of the Democratic party after twenty-five years and the relegation of Mr. Reed to the floor, where he could only cry and curse.

Mr. Reed was not in his seat, but entered the hall in time to hear the concluding sentences. In accounting for his absence he said it was due to the fact that Mr. McMillin was speaking. (Laughter.)

Mr. McMillin replied that he was glad to announce to the gentleman from Maine that the 10,000 words he had written had gone to print (Portland). (Laughter.)

Mr. Dingley's Speech.

Mr. Dingley, of Maine, said the situation which confronted the Democratic party as described by Mr. McMillin was significant. They were divided against themselves. The party had gone before the people at the last election, and they made their case, which the charges against the Republicans. The people of the country were looking with anxiety to see what they intended to do. The policy they had outlined. Upon looking over the three sporadic bills reported by the committee on ways and means he had endeavored to ascertain the scope of each and to see exactly what tariff reform meant as defined by the 140 Democrats in the house. This was the realization of the promise made in 1888 and repeated in the Chicago platform words here today. This was the remedy for the atrocious McKinley bill. This was to give relief to the country. Prosperity was to then ensue.

This was the delusion in which the Democratic party proposed to indulge, and pose before the people as tariff reformers. There were also a few other bills which they proposed to bring in. The present tariff in all its parts was correlative and framed in view of a consistent policy. There was nothing in the bills reported which enabled any one to judge as to the purposes of the Democratic party on this great question. If free binding twine, free wool and wooden goods, free cotton ties, were an index of the policy, then the Democrats were free traders. But that is specified in these bills. Cotton ties on the free list, and hoop iron, of which cotton ties were made, protected at 35 per cent. A new scheme of the Democratic party has been developed, namely manufactured articles were put upon the free list and tax the raw material.

Mill Girls Fight a Duel.

NEW HAVEN, March 10.—Kate Bradley and Mary Sullivan, Willimantic mill girls, fought a duel over a fellow whom both love. Miss Sullivan knocked her rival down and threw inches long in the head. Kate was arrested.

A Boy Torn to Pieces.

RALEIGH, March 10.—The boiler of a mill at Cedar Creek exploded, instantly killing John Stevenson, eighteen years old, and Colonel L. D. Stevenson, a prominent farmer. He was blown fifty yards and torn to pieces.

Blaine Somewhat Better.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Secretary Blaine is better and his fever has almost disappeared. He is now in bed. Dr. Kenney, one of his physicians no visitors are permitted to see him.

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Penny Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

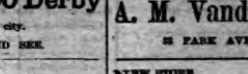
Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE DEF TEA



Household Necessity

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER AND STEAM COFFEE COOKER, now for sale at 61 Park avenue, are attracting a great many people's attention, simply because anything cooked by steam is far superior to any other cooking.

The food retains all the nutriment and sweetness, and weighs just as much after cooking as it did before. There is no smell from cabbage or onions while cooking in the Steam Cooker.

Mr. Beach, the agent, invites the public in general to call and see him and get a cup of coffee.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

61 Park Avenue. (Old stand of the Women's Exchange.)

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for not coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

Upons (Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Egg and Dressed Lumber.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for handling sand Screened Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery,

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke stack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

EITHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Masonry Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Radiem Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private parties.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for livery driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,

At LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a Fit.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done—Terms made to suit purchaser. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Private and street work. Orders left at Jones' Livery Stable, Somerset street, or addressed to Park Station, Plainfield, will receive prompt attention. 2ly

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

66 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES,
Of Finest

Light Blue Color.

Reference:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The Machinery and Buildings are very much raised by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
24 EAST FRONT STREET,

H. W. Marshall,

[Proprietor.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

26 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

J. ACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to Sewerage, and Sewerage Outlets. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office in the Chamberlain Building, over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public, etc. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners of Deeds, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 24. Important and Tasteful Residences in Plainfield, N. J.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you consider cost both at once.

Put you can. Come to my store for the best Fancy Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Fruits and Canned Goods of Colonel L. P. Ch. Low 8th. Telephone call 30.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

THE BEHRING SEA FIGHT

Salisbury's Reply to the President Anxiously Awaited.

THE PROVISIONS OF THE TREATY.

All the Questions at Issue Put in So Clear a Form That the Arbitrators Should Have No Difficulty in Arriving at a Solution of the Whole Problem.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—With the transmission of the recent correspondence on Behring sea matters to congress there is nothing now to do but wait for Lord Salisbury's reply to the note sent by President Harrison. It is awaited with considerable interest, not to say anxiety, and it is hoped that the document may be received in time for consideration at the cabinet meeting Friday.

A suggestion was made that the president in enforcing protection adopt a shore limit on the north Pacific coast of fifteen miles instead of three miles, which is now the universally recognized limit of jurisdiction. This suggestion is based upon the principle that a country may hold jurisdiction of so much of the surrounding ocean as it can defend.

But it is not probable that the president will initiate any such innovation upon the established order of things. It will doubtless be found that the United States will rest upon its claim of jurisdiction over the Behring sea and go before the arbitrators upon that uncompromised by any attempt to lord it over an area of ocean not recognized by the powers of the world.

The Treaty.

The preamble to the arbitration treaty, which was submitted to the senate by the president, recites the desire of the governments of the United States and Great Britain for an amicable settlement of the questions arising between them concerning jurisdictional rights of the United States in Behring sea and also concerning the preservation of the fur seal in the sea and the rights of the citizens or subjects of either country as regards the taking of seals in those waters. Therefore, they have resolved to submit the questions to arbitration, and the plenipotentiaries—Secretary Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote—have agreed to the treaty. The first article of the document recites that the questions mentioned in the preamble shall be submitted to a tribunal of arbitration to be composed of seven arbitrators —two to be named by the president of the United States, two by her Britannic majesty; the president of the French republic is to be requested to name one, the king of Italy to name one and the king of Sweden and Norway to name one. The seven arbitrators are to be jurists of distinguished reputation in their respective countries. In case of the failure of the three last named persons to designate arbitrators within two months after request, then the vacancy is to be filled in such manner as the high contracting parties shall agree.

Article 2 provides that the arbitrators shall meet in Paris within twenty days after the delivery of the counterpose mentioned in article 4; all questions, including the final decision, to be determined by a majority of the arbitrators. Each of the contracting parties is also to name one person to attend the tribunal as its agent.

Article 3 provides that the printed case of the two parties and all evidence shall be delivered in duplicate to each of the arbitrators and agents within three months of the date of the exchange of ratification of this treaty.

Article 4 provides that within three months following each party may likewise deliver a counter case and additional evidence in reply to the other party. An additional allowance of sixty days' time may be granted upon application.

Article 5 requires the agents within one month after the delivery of counter cases to deliver printed arguments to the arbitrators, and either party may support the same by oral argument by counsel.

Article 6 names five points which shall be submitted to the arbitrators in order that the award shall embrace a decision upon each of the points. The points are as follows:

1. What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea know s as the Behring sea and what exclusive rights in the seal fisheries therein did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the cession of Alaska to the United States?

2. How far were these claims of jurisdiction as to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?

3. Was the body of water now known as the Behring sea included in the phrase "Pacific ocean," as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia; and what rights, if any, in the Behring sea were held and exclusively exercised by Russia after said treaty?

Russia's Rights Our Rights.

4. Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction and as to the seal fisheries in Behring sea east of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United States and Russia of the 30th of March, 1867, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty?

5. Has the United States any right, and if so, what right, of protection of property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of the United States in Behring sea when such seals are found outside the ordinary three mile limit?

Article 7 provides that if the determination of these questions shall leave the subject in such position that the concurrence of Great Britain is necessary to the establishment of regulations for the protection of the seal, the arbitrators shall determine what concurrent regulations are necessary and over what waters they shall extend, on which point they may consider the report of the joint commission. Both parties agree to co-operate to secure the adhesion of the other powers to such regulations.

Article 8 recites that the parties have been unable to agree upon a reference of the question of liability for the injuries sustained in connection with the claims presented, and in order not to delay arbitration, they may hereafter submit to the arbitrators any question of fact involved in such claims and ask for the findings thereon, the question of liability to be the subject of further negotiation.

Article 9 recites the agreement by the parties to appoint two commissioners (who have already completed their work) to make the investigation contemplated in Article 7 and indicates the terms of the agreement on that point. From this agreement it appears that the reports of these commissioners are not to be made public until they shall be submitted to the arbitrators.

Article 10 provides that each government shall pay the expenses of its commissioners.

Article 11 stipulates that the decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made within three months from the close of argument on both sides.

Article 12 provides that each government shall pay its own agent and expenses of counsel and the arbitrators appointed by it. Other expenses are to be divided equally between them.

Article 13 requires the arbitrators to keep a record of their proceedings and employ necessary officers.

Article 14 binds the high contracting parties to consider the proceedings of the tribunal as a full, perfect and final settlement of all the questions referred.

Article 15 (the last) provides for the ratification of the treaty by the president, by and with the consent of the senate and the queen, and the exchange of ratifications at Washington or London within six months from its date, or earlier if possible.

Faster on the Ocean.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 10.—Secretary Foster has sailed on the Saxon for New York.

Couldn't Tell.

"There seems to be something the matter with my bwain," said Cholly.

"Wheah is yoah bwain, deah boy?" asked his bosom friend, Dicky.

"I can't find out—that's what the doctah said was the matter with it."—Life.

Near to Fortune.

Jack—Came within an ace of winning a thousand last night.

Jerry—Why didn't you scoop in the cash?

Jack—The other fellow held the requisite ace.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Alas!

The Gifted Author—In my new romance the heroine never marries.

The Bluds of Several Seasons—Alas! That is not romance—it is realism.—Life.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The General Appropriation Bill Passes the House Unanimously.

ALBANY, March 10.—The special order in the senate was the Hunter resolution appealing to congress to compel the World's fair to be closed on Sunday. Senators Edwards, Smith and Hunter talked themselves hoarse in favor of the bill. McClelland, of Westchester, thought we should clean house in New York before relieving Chicago from the foreign influences of a disregarded Sunday. The whole thing was ended by the adoption of a substitute which refers the whole subject to the to the state's fair commissioners.

The Stein bill to allow the mayors of cities to license the appearance of children in theatrical exhibitions was ordered to a third reading.

The ways and means committee of the senate agreed to report the World's fair bill as amended so as to provide for a portion of the appropriation being used for a naval display on Oct. 12 at New York.

The general appropriation bill unanimously passed the assembly. Its total is $6,071,106.67, of which $8,354,579.53 is to be raised by tax. The amount was increased $5,000 on its third reading.

Mr. Byrne' ten hour street surface railroad bill was lost—44 to 49. A motion to reconsider was tabled.

The assembly committee on codes has agreed to report favorably the bill of Assemblyman Stein amending the electrocution act of the state. The bill does away with the electrical current and substitutes in its stead the old process of hanging. The bill is reported without amendment.

Governor Flower has signed the Sullivan and McGowan Brooklyn bridge bill and the elevated railroad bill.

THE NEGRO LEADERS LYNCHED.

A Memphis Mob Takes Them from Jail and Riddles Them with Bullets.

MEMPHIS, March 10.—A mob was quietly organized and seized the Shelby county jail. There were twenty-seven prisoners in the jail, charged with assault with intent to kill, for the scrambling and shooting of four deputies last Saturday. There were but seventy-five in the mob, all being masked. They broke open the big doors and secured Calvin McDowell, Tom Moss and Will Stuart, leaders of the colored outlaws.

The mob placed ropes around the necks of their captives and hurried them to a lonely spot on the outskirts. The negroes were then placed together and in less than three seconds a volley of rifle shots rang out and they fell, dying almost instantly. The mob then quietly disappeared and it was not until broad daylight that the extent of the lynching was realized.

Five thousand negroes assembled near the jail where the bodies of the mob's victims lay. A posse of a hundred armed men were gathered in the sheriff's office during the morning and remained there all day subject to a call from the sheriff. The leading negroes are appealing to their black brethren to go peaceably to their homes and there remain quiet. There may be further trouble, as it is reported that another effort will be made to lynch Hugh Shields, alias Shanks.

Rev. Jones Makes Dire Predictions.

BOSTON, March 10.—The colored people of the West End are in a panicky condition on account of the direful prophecies of the Rev. Anthony Jones, of Allegheny City, Pa., who is conducting revival services at St. Paul's Baptist church. He foretold of the Johnstown flood and now predicts that Boston is to be overwhelmed by an earthquake and Chicago is to be scourged. He is going back to New York again to warn the people of that city that "God's wrath is near upon them."

Scudder Will Be Tried for Murder.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Dr. Henry M. Scudder has been released from the detention hospital and turned over to the police to stand trial for the murder of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Dunton. This will end Scudder's examination in the court for insane, and his mental condition will figure only in the defense before the criminal court.

Art Treasures Destroyed.

MILWAUKEE, March 10.—The collection of paintings, steel engravings and miscellaneous art works in the store gallery of Roebel & Seinhard were destroyed by fire. The loss probably embraces the treasures of many of the artists and art lovers of the city, and on some of them it would not be easy to place a money value.

Prohibitionist Hench Dead.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 10.—George Hench died of the grip, aged eighty-two years. He was nominated for congress five years ago by the Prohibitionists of the Nineteenth district and was defeated. He was president and director of the Cumberland Valley Fertilizer company.

To Kill Trichinosis.

BERLIN, March 10.—The Prussian government has ordered that experiments be made concerning the killing of the bacilli of trichinosis in pork by a new process. If successful the American pork arriving here will be subjected to such treatment before being sold.

Jealousy's Tragic Work.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Joe Krover shot and instantly killed his wife in a drunken and jealous rage. He then shot himself dead.

A Diamond Dealer Fails.

BOSTON, March 10.—W. F. Knowlton, diamond dealer, has failed for $300,000, with very em ll assets.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Frederic Hood, a Newark liquor dealer, was robbed of seventy-six dollars, the thieves overlooking in their hurry $1,300 which was within their reach.

James Beattie, of Jersey City, was arrested for helping his younger brother to run away from a farmer in Monmouth county, to whom he had been bound from the state reform school.

The New Jersey Legislative Correspondents' club gave their annual banquet to the state officials at Trenton last night. Among those present were Governor Abbett, General W. S. Sewell and Speaker Scranton.

By order of Bishop Wigger the body of Policeman Peter Rees, of Jersey City, was refused burial in consecrated ground and the rites of the church omitted because the deceased had been a Knight of Pythias. The body was placed in a vault and will probably be interred by the society.

Corporal Tanner, at Buffalo, said that Grand Army men generally would support Alger for president.

A war is imminent in Cincinnati between the Builders' Amalgamated congress and the outside builders.

The Deacon Scandal.

PARIS, March 10.—M. Lecoux, judge d'instruction of Grasse, has received the deposition of the concierge of the house in the Rue Penthievre in Paris as to which Abelile hired a room under a false name that he might meet Mrs. Deacon there. Mrs. Deacon is described by the concierge at length, even to the dresses she wore when, as he says, she came to Abelile. The room in which they met was on the ground floor and the concierge was able to see them by looking in a back window from a balcony across the court.

Methodist Episcopals in Session.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—The one hundred and fifth annual session of the Philadelphia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church is in progress here, with a full corded Sunday. The whole thing was ended by the adoption of a substitute which refers the whole subject to the to the state's fair commissioners.

The Stein bill to allow the mayors of cities to license the appearance of children in theatrical exhibitions was ordered to a third reading.

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Tried to Kill the Judge.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 10.—Charles Warner was taken into police court and up to Judge Borgeiet's desk, and drawing a revolver fired two shots at the judge in rapid succession. The first shot took effect in the region of the heart. The second shot struck the judge over the left eye. Warner was seized after a severe struggle. Judge Borgeiet's wounds may not prove fatal. Warner was fined by the judge last Saturday for stealing.

The Empire State Encampment.

BUFFALO, March 10.—The state Grand Army encampment opened here. Mayor Bishop made an address of welcome, which was responded to by Commander-in-Chief Veeder Freeman. This was followed by the solo and chorus, 'Unfurl the Flag," after which Commander in Chief Palmer delivered an address. Then Gorgetown took up the regular business of the encampment.

Pattison to Fight the Deal.

HARRISBURG, March 10.—It is stated here on what is said to be good authority that the governor declared confidentially to a friend that it is his intention to proceed both civilly and criminally against the managers of the Reading deal, and that he will insist that the legal fight shall be vigorously conducted.

New York's Women's Relief Corps.

BUFFALO, March 10.—The state encampment of the Women's Relief corps opened in Concert hall. Into the midst of the proceedings Mrs. Ellen W. Putnam, made a strong appeal for the establishment of a home in this state for ex-soldiers' mothers, widows, army nurses, and in special cases old soldiers and their wives.

Evans Held for Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Nelson F. Evans, a director of the defunct Spring Garden National bank, arrested for complicity in the embezzlement, was held in $15,000 bail, which was promptly furnished.

Indicted for Embezzlement.

TARRYTOWN, N.Y., March 10.—Joseph W. Mabee, ex-cashier of the Tarrytown National bank, was indicted today by the grand jury for embezzlement. He was arrested and held to await trial.

Only One Was Saved.

LONDON, March 10.—There is no doubt that the German steamer Bosnia, which left Barry dock on Feb. 18, was lost with all on board except the cook, off Scilly islands.

Separation, Then Death.

MILWAUKEE, March 10.—Charles Meising, who has been separated from his wife, stole into her house and fatally shot her and then blew his own brains out.

Foot and Mouth Disease Spreading.

GLASGOW, March 10.—The market here is closed against cattle, sheep and pigs in consequence of the spread of the foot and mouth disease in Scotland.

Horsewhipped by a Priest.

BROCKTON, Mass., March 10.—Father McGrail, of St. Patrick's church, publicly horsewhipped a man who had imposed upon his charity.

Newark Badly Plagued.

NEWARK, N. J., March 10.—Scarlet fever has become epidemic in the Foster Home, an institution containing a large number of children.

Fever Patients Abound.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The World says that the contagious diseases hospital on North Brother island are shamefully neglected and ill used.

A Man Roasted to Death.

JACKSON, Tenn., March 10.—Hooper block, including Riggs' hotel, was burned and Ben Maloney, a painter, was roasted to death.

Springer Still a Sick Man.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The condition of Representative Springer is somewhat improved, but he is still a very sick man.

Detective Mooney Dead.

CHICAGO, March 10.—James Mooney, Sr., the head of the well known detective firm of Mooney & Boland, died of paralysis.

A Boston Church Burned.

BOSTON, March 10.—The Methodist church in Tremont street was totally destroyed by fire. Loss $150,000.

Poisons for Criminals.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—Medical men are studying the question of the execution of criminals by poison.

C. ROTHSCHILD,
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
Has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Bow
nacles and Eye
Spectacles. Eyes ex
amined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget
the number.

Real Estate & Insurance

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45 North Avenue.

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Corner Front street and Park avenue.

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NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's
37 Somerset street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence and shop, Front street, Plainfield N. J. Upholstering, Furniture work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 321.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and fancy wood mantle work. Shop, Second street, west Rogers street, North Plainfield, N. J.
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Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near Park. Boxes P. O. Box 1344. Jobbing promptly attended to. Orders given Hall's Coal Office will receive prompt attention. Jobbing of all kinds of work done.

John P. Emmons,
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Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 968.

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CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 29 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:45, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 6:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:45 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Close—9:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

E. K. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(Time Four Minutes in R. On, Tunnel.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time from Plainfield, Nov. 29th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 34, 6 37, 7 30, 8 14, 8 39, 9 00, 9 36, 10 00, 10 37, 11 06, 11 36 a. m.; 12 00 noon; 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 01 night.

Sunday 5 34, 7 30, 8 14, 9 00, 9 36, 10 00, 10 37, 11 06, 11 36 a. m.; 12 00 noon; 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 01 night.

Arrive at New York, foot of Liberty street, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m.; 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 8 45, 7 20, 8 00, 9 45, 11 05, a. m.; 12 27, 1 05, 2 40, 3 55, 5 04, 6 05, 7 20, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 05 night.

Sunday 8 45, 9 45, 11 05 a. m.; 12 27, 1 05, 3 55, 5 04, 6 05, 7 20, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 05 night.

Arrive at Somerville, 9 10, 10 10, 11 30 a. m.; 2 05, 3 20, 4 35, 5 30, 6 35, 7 50, 9 55, 11 55 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 9 45, 7 20, 9 00, 9 45, 11 05, a. m.; 12 27, 1 05, 2 40, 3 55, 5 04, 6 05, 7 20, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 05 night.

Sunday 9 45, 11 05 a. m.; 12 27, 1 05, 3 55, 5 04, 6 05, 7 20, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.; 12 05 night.

Arrive at Easton, 12 10, 2 30, 5 15, 6 40, 8 00, 9 15, 10 45 a. m.; 2 05, 3 20, 4 35, 5 30, 6 35, 7 50, 9 55, 11 55 p. m.

Change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 34, 9 45, a. m., 1 56, 5 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 45 a. m. for Boston, Allentown, Bonding, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

1 56 p. m. for Elizabeth, High Bridge Branch, D L & W R R, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

5 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 35 p. m. for D L & W R R, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

6 35 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

7 50 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

9 55 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 55 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 1 56 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 5 20 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

8 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 57, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 26 p. m. Sundays 2 57, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 5 20 p. m. For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, 11 09 a. m., 5 20 p. m. For North Asbury Park, 2 57, 11 09 a. m., 5 20 p. m. Sundays 2 57, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 5 20 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 8 05, 9 00, 10 07 a. m.; 12 30, 3 05, 4 30, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 45 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 9 00, 10 07 a. m.; 12 30, 3 05, 4 30, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 45 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9 00 a. m.; 12 30 p. m.

Sundays 9 00 a. m.; 12 30, 11 45 p. m.; 1 00, 2 55, 5 00 p. m. Sunday 9 00 a. m.

SOUTHWARD MOVE.

For Philadelphia at 7 45, 8 30, 9 00, 10 07 a. m.; 12 30, 3 05, 4 30, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 45 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 9 00, 10 07 a. m.; 12 30, 3 05, 4 30, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 45 p. m.

For Trenton 8 05, 8 25, 9 45, 10 57 a. m.; 12 57, 1 55, 3 05, 5 45, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 17 night. Sundays 8 05, 9 45, 10 57 a. m.; 12 57, 1 55, 3 05, 5 45, 8 25, 9 30, 11 17 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 05, a. m.; 2 18, 4 14, 8 36 p. m.; 1 17 night. Sundays at 2 05 a. m.; 2 18, 8 36 p. m.; 1 17 night.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.

J. R. OLHAUSEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Reduced Rates to Meet Competition.

Protected through out by the inter-locking switch and signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:

4 35 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Buffet parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Columbus and Toledo.

7 39 a. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Buffet parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Columbus and Toledo.

9 30 a. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Buffet parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Columbus, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

12 00 noon—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, connecting for Cleveland.

1 30 p. m.—Baltimore, Washington and the Southwest, Washington Express, daily.

3 05, 5 07, 7 05, 9 05 a. m.; 12 02, 2 39 p. m.; On Sunday at 3 05, 5 07, 7 05, 9 05 a. m.; 12 02, 2 39 p. m.

For Newark 3 05, 5 07, 6 00, 6 45, 7 05, 8 15, 8 45, 9 05, 9 45, 10 05, 10 45, 11 05, 11 45 a. m.; 12 02, 12 45, 1 05, 1 45, 2 39, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

On Sundays—3 05, 5 07, 7 05, 9 05, 10 45, 11 45 a. m.; 12 02, 12 45, 1 05, 1 45, 2 39, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

For New York only—4 30 a. m. daily.

For New York only—2 39 p. m. daily.

For New York only—3 05, 5 07, 7 05, 9 05, 10 45, 11 45 a. m.; 12 02, 12 45, 1 05, 1 45, 2 39, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

For Atlantic City, (daily, except Sundays), 9 30 a. m.; 12 00 noon; 1 30, 4 30 p. m.

For Sunday—12 01, 1 00, 4 00, 7 30, 7 45, 7 50, 8 00, 8 30, 8 45, 9 00, 9 30, 9 45, 10 00, 10 30, 10 45, 11 00, 11 30, 11 45 a. m.; 12 00 noon; 12 15, 12 30, 12 45, 1 00, 1 15, 1 30, 1 45, 2 00, 2 15, 2 30, 2 45, 3 00, 3 15, 3 30, 3 45, 4 00, 4 15, 4 30, 4 45, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 5 45, 6 00, 6 15, 6 30, 6 45, 7 00, 7 15, 7 30, 7 45, 8 00, 8 15, 8 30, 8 45, 9 00, 9 15, 9 30, 9 45, 10 00, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45, 11 00, 11 15, 11 30, 11 45 p. m.

For Long Branch—4 04, 7 05, 10 30 a. m.; 2 39, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 15 p. m.; 12 01 night. On Sundays 4 04, 7 05, 10 30 a. m.; 2 39, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 15 p. m.; 12 01 night.

For Asbury Park—12 01, 4 04, 10 30 a. m.; 2 39, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 15 p. m.; 12 01 night. On Sundays 12 01, 4 04, 10 30 a. m.; 2 39, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 15 p. m.; 12 01 night.

For Lakewood—7 30 a. m.; 4 04 p. m.

For Barnegat, Barnegat and Camden, via Lakewood—7 30 a. m.; 4 04 p. m.

For Bordentown—7 30 a. m.; 4 04 p. m.

For Jackson—10 45 a. m.; 4 04 p. m.

For Toms River, Seaside Park and Junction—7 30 a. m.; 4 04 p. m.

For Beach Haven—7 30 a. m.; 4 04 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, New York and Long Branch Sea Shore—4 30, 7 45, 9 30 a. m.; 12 30, 4 30, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 45 p. m. On Sundays 4 30, 7 45, 9 30 a. m.; 12 30, 4 30, 6 30, 8 25, 9 30, 11 45 p. m.

For Freehold—7 45, 11 17 a. m.; 4 30, 5 15 p. m.

For Keyport, Matawan, Long Branch, Tom's River, 7 45 a. m. and 5 15 p. m. week days only.

For Boston, without change—4 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, with change—4 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence—7 45, 11 17 a. m.; 4 30, 5 15 p. m. week days only.

For Fall River

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL.

A Short Historical Account of This Burial Place of English Kings.

St. George's chapel as it now stands was begun in the reign of Edward IV (1474). Bishop Beauchamp and Sir Reginald Bray being the architects. But two chapels, built on the same site by Henry I in the Twelfth and Edward III in the Fourteenth century, preceded it. From an architectural point of view its vaulted roof with richly carved pendentives, is a grand specimen of Tudor work, like those in the chapels of the Seventh King's at Westminster abbey, and of King's college, Cam bridge. Its beautiful west and east windows belong to a slightly earlier period. On either side of the choir are ranged the richly carved stalls of the Knight of the Garter, with their banners pendant above each knight having his helmet, lambrequin crest and sword, the memorials of the dead being their armorial bearings.

In St. George's chapel, or in the immediate proximity to it, are buried the remains of several of the kings of England. Here is the tomb of Edward IV, inclosed by "a range of steel grit, cut excellently well in church work," by Master John Trasilian, smith. On the arch above hung this king's coat of mail, covered over with crimson velvet, and thereon the arms of France and England, embroidered with pearls and gold. Interwoven with rushes. This trophy of honor was stolen by Captain Fogg in 1642, who also robbed the treasury of the chapel of all the rich altar plate. Here rests Henry VI, removed hither from the Abbey of Chertsey, and "fast beside him once famed Edward sleeps," together with his wife, "Dame Elizabeth Wydvile." Henry VIII was laid here when the life departed from his body, by the side of the only woman he ever seemed to love—Jane Seymour. The tombhouse at the eastern end, magnificently restored and decorated during the present reign, was built by his father, but was abandoned for the yet prouder structure of Westminster. There his favorite, Cardinal Wolsey, began to rear himself a monument of almost regal splendor. This, however, was left incomplete and untenanted at his death; its bronze and marble gates were sold, and the sarcophagus was at last conveyed to St. Paul's to receive the remains of Nelson.

ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL—WEST ENTRANCE.

In the same vault as Henry VIII is the coffin wherein is laid the body of King Charles, brought hither from London and carried stealthily by night as the flakes of winter snow fell silently on the pall to be laid to rest in the new memorial chapel. For a long time the exact burial place of the ill fated king was unknown, but in the year 1813 search was made in the spot designated by Evelyn. The coffin was found and opened in the presence of the prince regent and the Duke of Cumberland. Beneath the chapel George III constructed a vault for his family, and there he rests with his wife and several of his family, including the two sons who followed him upon the throne. For a time the body of the princess Amelia, who died in the royal vault, but was afterward removed to the magnificent mausoleum which has been erected in the park of Windsor.

Founding of Universities and Schools.

The University of Oxford has the reputation of having been found d by King Alfred in 872. It numbers at present about 12,000 members.

The first college of the University of Cambridge was founded by Hugo, bishop of Ely, in 1257. The number of members last year was 12,770.

The University of Paris was founded by King Philip II about 1200.

The first German university was in Prague, 1348.

Trinity college, Dublin, was incorporated by royal charter in Queen Elizabeth's time.

The University of Edinburgh was founded in 1582 by a charter granted by King James VI of Scotland.

Harvard university had its beginning in Newtown, afterward Cambridge, Mass., in 1636.

Yale university had its beginning in Saybrook, Conn., in 1700, and removed to New Haven in 1716.

The first common schools established by legislation in America were in Massachusetts, 1645; but the first town school was opened in Hartford prior to 1642.

Things Told About the Human Body.

The average of the pulse in infancy is 120 per minute; in manhood, 80; at sixty years, 60. The pulse of females is more frequent than of males. The average height of an Englishman is 5 feet 9 inches; of a French man, 5 feet 4 inches, and of a Belgian, 5 feet 6½ inches. The average weight of an Englishman, is 150 pounds; of a French man, 136 pounds; of a Belgian, 140 pounds. The average weight of the brain of a man is 3½ pounds; of a woman, 3 pounds and 11 ounces. A man breathes about 18 pints of air a minute, or upward of 7 hogsheads in a day. The average weight of an adult man is 140 pounds 7 ounces. The weight of the circulating blood is about 28 pounds.

Asia, Europe, Australia.

A foreign authority says that Asia means morning or east; Europe, evening or west. Australia means lying to the south. Hence we may consider that these names mean Eastern Land, Western Land and Southern Land. Asia is a Greek word, Europe is the Hebrew oreb, Australia is a Latin word. The origin of the word "Africa" is uncertain. Some conjecture that it is a Semitic word, meaning Land of Wanderers.

Robbing Peter to Pay Paul.

Francis Rabelais, who was born in 1483 and died in 1553, first wrote, so far as is known, the now familiar words: "By robbing Peter he paid Paul—and hoped to catch larks if ever the heavens should fall."

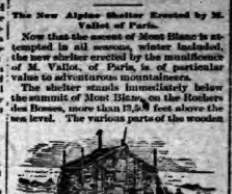
Science Progress

SHELTER ON MONT BLANC.

The New Alpine Shelter Erected by M. Vallot of Paris.

Now that the ascent of Mont Blanc is accomplished in all seasons, a winter lodging, the new shelter erected by the munificence of M. Vallot, of Paris, is of particular value to adventurous mountaineers.

The shelter is constructed entirely below the summit of Mont Blanc, on the Rochers des Bosses, more than 12,500 feet above the sea level. The various parts of the wooden



THE NEW ALPINE SHELTER.

but were carefully adjusted and marked in the valley, and divided into loads of thirty pounds weight. Between June 18 and July 31, 100 guides from Chamounix carried 112 loads of building materials and safety loads of furniture, tools, provisions and scientific instruments to the Bosses. Every ascent took three days, and on July 25 M. Vallot proceeded there with seven assistants to erect the hut. This took four days, during which the party was camping under canvas tents in the most intense cold. Bad weather compelled them to descend on July 29, but two days later M. Vallot, accompanied by his wife and Mr. Laurence Roth of the Blue Hills observatory, in America, ascended again, to have the work finished by lining the inner walls with stout felt, and piling stones around the outer walls. The shelter is divided into two rooms, one containing nine field bedsteads, an oven and two cooking stoves, with the necessary kitchen utensils and provisions. In the second room are a number of self acting scientific instruments, available to visitors by special permission of M. Vallot.

Iron Turnings in Cask Foundations.

A very simple method of laying the foundations for a low wooden building to be used for storage of machinery on a swampy location which did not furnish a firm subsoil is described by Engineering: "Casks were set in holes in the ground along the line of posts and were filled to the depth of about one foot with iron turnings. The posts were set in the casks, which were then filled with iron turnings compactly rammed in place. A solution of salt and water was then slowly poured over these turnings, which compactly solidified into a hard mass. The heat of the oxidation of the iron was so great that the posts smoked and were charred, the latter fact probably being the reason why they have not as yet exhibited any signs of decay, and in this respect the use of iron turnings furnishes an advantage over the use of concrete for cask foundations."

Volcanic Eruptions and the Moon.

According to Science M. Palmieri, director of the Vesuvian observatory, is responsible for the statement that all the great eruptions of Vesuvius take place at the new or full moon, and especially eclipses. The eclipse of June 17, 1890, was accompanied by violent earth convulsions. On the other hand, Captain de Montessus, who has patiently accumulated observations of earthquakes, has published, as the result, a catalogue of more than 60,000 of these phenomena individually described. He establishes that earthquakes are distributed uniformly over the whole globe, and that they have no relation to moon culminations and astronomical phases, and declares that the connection which has been claimed in the past rest on insufficient grounds.

Unbreakable Glass.

Of the various attempts to replace brittle glass by a similarly transparent but flexible and resisting body, that of Count Agenor de Gasparin, Paris, is worthy of record. His process, as described by The Industrial World, is as follows: "From four to eight parts of collodion wool are dissolved in 1 per cent. in weight of ether or alcohol; this solution is mixed with from 2 to 4 per cent. of castor oil or other nonvolatile oil, and forced 4 to 10 per cent. of Canada or Canada balsam. This mixture is spread on a glass plate and dried under the influence of a current of hot air, by which it is transformed in a short time of time into a transparent, hard, vitreous plate, the thickness of which can be regulated as desired. The material thus obtained is not affected by the action of salts, alkalies and acids, and is odorless. The advantages which it possesses over glass are that it is flexible and almost unbreakable. Its inflammability is much inferior to that of other collodion combinations, and it can be further reduced by the addition of magnesium chloride, while an admixture of zinc white produces an ivory appearance. Any color or shade may be imparted to the new glass."

Punching Steel.

Mr. F. H. Lewis, of the Philadelphia Engineers' club, in a paper on the use of soft steel in bridges, says:

It is desirable to place a limit on the thickness of punched steel. The thicker the material the greater the injury to the structure caused by punching. Recent tests made show that punching injures steel less than iron, up to say three-quarters of an inch thickness, at which point the two materials are about equal in this respect. Beyond this point the value of steel after punching decreases quite rapidly as the thickness increases.

In iron the percentage seems to be much more constant, the range being only from 80 to 90 per cent. The character of the fracture after punching is also materially affected by the thickness of the material, as can be seen by examining the photographs submitted. Mr. Lewis proposes to limit to one-half inch the thickness of material subjected to punching, except that in girders over fifty feet long it may be nine-sixteenths of an inch, in top chords and end posts five-eighths of an inch, and in shoes, pedestals and bolsters, three-quarters of an inch.

The Keynote of Halls and Churches.

Dr. Edgerton Ginter is credited with the statement that every hall or church has its keynote, and the audience will hear better if the speaker's voice is pitched and held to the note of the room. To find the right keynote, sing the natural scale slowly, evenly and smoothly, or play this scale on piano or organ. The note which is most prominent is the keynote.

The Figure Nine.

The figure nine, 9, will be observed in the calendar once in a decade, with 1899 came to stay for more than a century—till 1999, inclusive.

THE HOUSEHOLD

THE MYSTERY OF OMELETS.

It Consists in Neatness, Attention to Details and a Little Practice.

An idea obtains with a good many people that there is some occult mystery in the preparation of omelets. As a fact, nothing is more simple beyond attention to certain details. To begin with, the pan in which the omelet is to be cooked must be delicately clean, and above all perfectly dry. Some good cooks even go so far as to declare that if it is dusted out before using with a damp duster the omelet will be spoiled; certain it is that most curious blend will not allow their omelet pan to be washed, but empty it out directly the omelet is made and rub the pan clean with kitchen paper. Granted that the pan is clean, bright and dry (remember that a pan that has once been allowed to "catch" is no longer fit to use for this purpose), the next point to study is the fritture. For this butter is the best, and it should be used as follows: First put the pan on the fire to get thoroughly hot, then lay in the butter and begin to stir the pan steadily, to facilitate the spreading of the butter all over its surface as the fritture melts, and also to avoid any chance of the latter's scorching. Directly the butter is boiling, which you will know by its becoming perfectly still, and having an almost invisible vapor rising from it, pour in the omelet mixture and cook it till the eggs are almost set; then tilt the pan toward you, and with a broad knife—a palet knife is best—fold the half nearest you over the farthest one, and slip the whole thing well down to the front of the pan (which, partly from the tilt, will bring the omelet into a crescent shape). When colored a pretty golden brown slip it on to a very hot dish and serve at once. The fire for this purpose must be a moderate one, for if too fierce the omelet does not stop cooking the moment it leaves the fire; so, to allow for this, always lift it off the fire a wee bit underdone.

Some cooks never flirt a good tablespoonful of milk to every two eggs, added to the omelet mixture, will keep it in condition if it has to wait. For an average-sized omelet add a tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley and pepper to taste to the eggs beaten till light, and mix thoroughly. Melt one ounce of butter, and directly it is hot and cook the mixture. Do not add any salt to it, but sprinkle the amount required on the omelet when dishing.

Cut and Table Covers.

A lovely cut cover is made in a soft flannel or cotton cloth, which has a puffy surface. This is pinked around and then embroidered with sprays of flowers all over, or the word "Baby" is worked across. A frill of lace may be introduced beneath the pinking, but this is unnecessary. The revived crochet work has been applied to cut covers, which are generally made in thick red soft cloth.

Brocades are much used for handsome table covers. For teacloth linen with fancy borders is the finest fabric, and some are charmingly embroidered in the washing flax threads, which have all the appearance of silk without its costliness. Satin sheeting, serge and a large variety of woolen stuffs are used for the purpose, and some of the brocades have the outline traced all over them. There are several kinds of embroidery applied to tablecloths, and it is becoming the fashion to introduce appliques of velvet interwined with feather stitching and other embroideries.

An Easy Way to Clean Lace.

In cleaning fine lace the object is to not only remove all soil, but to do this in such a way that the slender threads may remain intact and retain their original contour. It is said that the best as well as the easiest way to accomplish this is to spread the lace out carefully on a smooth board, then sprinkle it carefully with calcined magnesia; place another paper over it, and pat it away between the leaves of a book for a few hours days. All it needs is a skillful shake to scatter the white powder, and then it is ready for wear, with slender threads intact, and as fresh as when new.

An Attractive Mat.

A pretty application of the now popular crocheted ring work is represented in the lamp mat shown in the cut.

LAMP MAT EDGED WITH CROCHETED RINGS.

The foundation is strawberry colored cloth, the edging being formed of rings in different sizes worked with the crochet hook in brome, strawberry, two shades of grayish green cotton and double gold thread, the whole being finished with tassels in colors to match the rings.

Polish for Patent Leather.

A recipe for a varnish for patent leather, which is said to give an excellent polish, is as follows: One pound of gum arabic, eight ounces of sugar candy, small bit of copperas, small bit of nutgall, half a pint of clear and fine port wine. Let it soak. Put the whole of the ingredients in an earthen vessel, keep it in a warm place and stir frequently till all is melted. Strain through a fine muslin, when cold add half a pint of spirits of wine. Shake all well together, then bottle.

Chocolate Custard.

Add a teacup evenly full of grated chocolate to a quart of fresh milk not skimmed. Boil together, then set aside to cool. Beat well four eggs, reserving three of the whites, however, for a meringue. Sweeten with a teacupful of sugar, and season with a teaspoonful of extract of vanilla. Mix chocolate and eggs together. Bake in a pudding dish slowly, and only until set like custard. Put the meringue on when the custard is cold.

Deviled Sardines.

Cut some neat fingers of bread, and fry them a golden brown, drain them well, and sprinkle rather thickly with grated cheese and cayenne. Heat the sardines well by putting them in the oven, well covered with oil, and dusted with cayenne, black pepper and a little salt. When thoroughly hot, place a sardine on each finger of toast, add a squeeze of lemon juice to each, with a dust of pepper, and serve very hot.

This Date in History—March 10.

1629—Hollingstaken or Elsingstaken, Roman emperor noted for fantastic luxury, deposed and beheaded.

1629—Pope Benedict III died.

1640—Thomas Lord Saymore, of Rodley, beheaded at the instigation of his brother, the lord protector of young Edward VI, who was his own nephew.

1669—Benjamin West, Anglo-American painter, died in London; born 1738 in Pennsylvania.

1785—John Fitz, inventor of the steamboat, died.

1809—General McClellan advised on Manassas with 300,000 men, found it evacuated and reported the Quaker guns to be real.

1872—Giuseppe Mazzini, Italian revolutionist, died at Pisa; born 1808.

1888—Chester A. Arthur, United States minister to Japan, died in Tokio. Sensational killing in Missouri, born 1839 in Pennsylvania.

1889—Lord Mayor Sir David H. Pollock died.

Alas! Alas!

"If you want me for your wife, Albert, and are afraid to say so," softly whispered the blushing girl, "there is no other way than for me to take the matter in my own hands, as I have a right to do this year, and you will promise to be mine, Albert, I will be a good wife. I will cherish you, care for you tenderly, love you and do everything that may fall upon us, and do all that a faithful, loving wife can do to make smooth the pathway of our married life."

"Noble woman, beautiful girl!" exclaimed the young man rapturously. "You have anticipated the proposal that my cowardly lips dare not utter! There is only one other thing I can ask you to promise," he added with trembling eagerness, "but upon that one thing hinges all our happiness."

"What is it, Albert?"

"Will you pay the gas bills?"—Chicago Tribune.

Brotherly Kindness.

A London paper says that a young man had a young sister by the name of Jessie, who was sent to a fashionable boarding school. When she went away he remarked that he hoped she wouldn't acquire any of the affectations so often learned in such places.

For almost a year he had no fault to find upon this score. Then came a letter signed Jessica instead of Jessie. He replied as follows:

"DEAR SISTER JESSICA—Your welcome letter received. Mammica and papaica are well. Aunt Maryca and Uncle Georgica started for Glasgowica, yesterday. I have bought a new horse. You ought to see it. It is a beauty. Its name is Mandica. Yours affectionate brother, SAMICA."

The sister's next letter was signed Jessie.—Youth's Companion.

1892.		MARCH.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 5 2:14 p.m. | Third Quarter 21 0:16 p.m.
Full Moon 13 7:55 a.m. | New Moon 28 9:19 a.m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3o E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished; steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m

50c a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 9 a. m.

The steamer "Rugia," from New York, March 2,, at 11.30 a. m.

The steamers for Stettin leave March 12, 26; April 16, May 7, 21; June 11.

Special rates. Get part cabins and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. cor.

HEYWOOD TRADE MARK SHOE NO SHODDY SOLD HERE

The Heywood Shoe,
for
MEN AND BOYS.
Try a pair and see if you agree with us.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
229 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

CUT THIS OUT.
THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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House-furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Leaves a d Chromos; all at prices that others cannot touch. 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 9 cents.
J. C. ALLEN, 16 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

WE

Have a very good opinion of
The Heywood Shoe,
for
MEN AND BOYS.
Try a pair and see if you agree with us.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
229 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Frederick Harpel, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of April next.
MARGARET HAPPEL.
ALVAH S. PETERSON.
Dated February 18th, 1892. 2 25 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Charles J. Fox, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of April next.
ALANSON J. FOX
ENOCH KITCHEN.
Dated January 9th, 1892. 1 12 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, Executor of Fannie L. Earle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next.
HOWELL HADDEN.
Dated February, 1892. 2 9 9

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Red Kidney beans, H. S. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Wisbrower's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Blackberries, Pineapples and tips.
Special reduction during the fair on dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewerth's 5 lbs and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

THE BEE HIVE!
Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hemstitched fast black Hose, 12½ and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black socks, 12c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!
4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns. Special, 67c.
2 button length Suede Mo-quitaire, in tans, navy slate, 65c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
Now line of black and colored silk gloves.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

THE HOUSEHOLD

$10 SAVED
ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME
Body Brussels Carpet.
THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.
It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.
EDSALL'S!

LENT HAS ARRIVED!
And we are prepared to supply everybody with FISH of all kinds at prices way down.
Choice Codfish, 2 lbs. for 15 Cents.
Big stock extra Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Yarmouth Bloaters, Sardines from 5c. box Salmon, Lobster, Brook Trout, etc.
BUTTER—We sell the BEST 25c. Table Butter to be had in the city.
Headquarters for New Crop Teas and Fresh Roasted Coffees.
Store Open Evenings until 9 p. m.
UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread as white
And biscuits as light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!
This is a facsimile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of BEST FLOUR in the World.
Power of the Dust BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have it. Ask Fred Barkley, Oaks and Jersey Bros., and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with
FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

SOMETHING NEW
AT
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.
Don't you want a new Toilet Set, as I have you seen that one you see are offering? Tis the greatest bargain we have ever offered. Only 98 cents for a 10 piece set, not secure one of these. Price 1.98. 75c in fine set shown elsewhere.
Any lady can have a new Dinner Set if We are offering a very fine English Porcelain decorated Set, 100 pieces for $8.75. 'Tis a bargain.
The Mailing Trade we are after and are going to get it. If price is new any inducement. We have just received 1,000 rolls of new goods, the latest and choicest designs.
We are pleased to announce to the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity that we have purchased a large line of fine Irish Point Lace Curtains, which we will sell at 25 per cent. less than the regular price. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $4.50 value, at $3.50 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $5.00 value, at $3.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $6.00 value, at $4.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $7.00 value, at $5.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $8.00 value, at $6.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $9.00 value, at $7.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $10.00 value, at $8.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $12.00 value, at $9.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $15.00 value, at $12.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $18.00 value, at $14.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $20.00 value, at $16.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $25.00 value, at $19.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $30.00 value, at $24.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $35.00 value, at $29.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $40.00 value, at $34.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $45.00 value, at $39.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $50.00 value, at $44.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $60.00 value, at $54.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $70.00 value, at $64.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $80.00 value, at $74.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $90.00 value, at $84.98 per pair. Another line of fine Irish Point, regular $100.00 value, at $94.98 per pair.
We are also showing a full line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, which we will sell at 25 per cent. less than the regular price. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $4.50 value, at $3.50 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $5.00 value, at $3.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $6.00 value, at $4.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $7.00 value, at $5.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $8.00 value, at $6.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $9.00 value, at $7.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $10.00 value, at $8.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $12.00 value, at $9.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $15.00 value, at $12.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $18.00 value, at $14.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $20.00 value, at $16.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $25.00 value, at $19.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $30.00 value, at $24.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $35.00 value, at $29.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $40.00 value, at $34.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $45.00 value, at $39.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $50.00 value, at $44.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $60.00 value, at $54.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $70.00 value, at $64.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $80.00 value, at $74.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular $90.00 value, at $84.98 per pair. Another line of Nottingham Lace Curtains

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

65 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 65. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE SUPPOSED MAD DOG

MADE "DOLT" BY BEING STONED BY BOYS.

After Some Promiscuous Biting, it is Finally Shot—Its Body to Be Examined.

As reported in THE NEWS of yesterday a vicious dog ran amuck in this city. It eventually sought refuge under the barn of Mr. James Clark on West Seventh street, where Special Policeman James Babbett succeeded in shooting it.

The dog was a white bull dog. Before it was shot it bit a young man named Van Zant, who resides on Crescent avenue, and Miss Ethel Titsworth of West Seventh street. Dr. Endicott cauterized the former's wound and Dr. Kenney the latter's. There is an opinion prevalent that the dog was not mad.

It is rumored that the same dog also visited Westfield Wednesday and bit several dogs there. The dog that did the biting at Westfield was a white bull dog and answered to the description of the dog shot here.

Mr. Titsworth, whose daughter was bitten by the animal, has secured possession of the body of the canine and will take it to New York to have it examined by a specialist to ascertain whether the dog was really suffering from the rabies.

The dog belonged to Robert Tracy, a son of ex-Councilman J. Evarts Tracy of West Eighth street. Thomas Marley, a blacksmith, who resides at the corner of Richmond street and Broadway, had charge of the dog. He informed a NEWS reporter this morning that he did not think the dog was mad. Several other persons who saw it say the same.

Mr. Marley says that a number of boys made the animal vicious by stoning it.

The dog bit two dogs belonging to Frank Vosseller of Broadway, and Dr. Gibler has requested Mr. Vosseller to *send one of the dogs bitten to the Pasteur* Institute in order that he may ascertain whether the dog bitten was mad. Mr. Vosseller will comply with his request.

Mr. Van Zant and Miss Titsworth were both taken to the Pasteur Institute in New York this morning. Mr. Van Zant's injuries are the most serious, a piece having been torn from one of his hands. Miss Titsworth was bitten on the elbow. Both are taking the matter very calmly, and it is to be hoped that the investigation will prove that the dog was only vicious.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clear and much colder.

BREVITIES.

—Nearly all the coal cars which passed through this city to-day were covered with snow.

—The Lenten devotions will be held in St. Mary's church this evening at eight o'clock.

—The wind storm of last evening did considerable damage to telephone and electric light wires.

—$2.50 for a man's calf skin shoe, is what Doane & Van Arsdale are advertising in to-day's issue.

—The colored man who was arrested by Policeman Saunders, was fined by the Mayor last evening.

—The new office adjoining French's Mill on Somerset street is now almost completed. Mr. Ed. French was the architect.

—Big inducements offered in groceries this week by the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association. Read their new advertisement.

—One of the fire horses used in drawing Zephyr Hook & Ladder truck to fires, has been very sick for some time past, but it is now convalescent.

—The threatened blizzard failed to pan out. There was plenty of wind but no snow. To-morrow will be the fourth anniversary of the blizzard.

—Pierson Hardware Co., are selling their entire line of hardware and etc., at cost to close the business. They will remain open 90 days. A long suffering public will experience a sense of peaceful satisfaction.—Es.

—Mr. M. E. Beach advises people "not to drink poor coffee when they can buy coffee of the standard of coffee sold here for $1.50 at 61 Park avenue." Mr. Beach is the agent and also says he is having a big run on them. See advertisement in another column headed "A Surprise."

—Last evening a man who was under the influence of liquor, was found wandering around the streets of North Plainfield. The night was cold. The man wanted to find Plainfield. He said that he had lost his way. He ultimately got a friend and was piloted to the home in this city.

—Mr. H. J. Runyon gave a very interesting description of the Mammoth Cave at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. The subject was one with which few are familiar and was listened to with the closest attention. The Thursday evening "talks" generously reward attendance.

—The American three-masted schooner Ryer G. Sargent, which was abandoned off Hatteras on January 31, 1891, has drifted more than 3,000 miles since that date, and has become famous among North Atlantic derelicts. She was sighted last on Feb. 16th, by the steamship W. L. Radcliff. She was then about 1,000 miles west of the Cape Verde Islands, in fairly good condition and with *the stump of* her mainmast standing. When abandoned in a waterlogged condition the schooner had $26,000 worth of mahogany under her deck cargo, but it is doubtful if she ought in value to bring this rich prize into port.

THE PARK AVENUE CHURCH TROUBLE

The Congregation Refuse to Accept Pastor Dilt's Resignation.

The trouble in the Park avenue Baptist church has taken a new turn, and the new complications threaten to cause a complete disruption of the church. A week ago the congregation apparently was anxious that the Rev. Mr. Dilts should sever his connection as pastor, and he was perfectly willing to go. He boldly said he would not preach to a people who refused to pay for the church they worship in. The congregation did *not relish the minister's ideas of honesty* and promptly accepted his resignation as soon as it was offered. At a congregational meeting held on Wednesday night, however, the feeling of the church people in the matter in dispute suddenly changed. Some warm speeches were made. Several criticised the pastor, and sharp and stinging responses were made. The opinion was emphatically expressed that Mr. Dilts had been treated shamefully. By a close vote the motion of the previous meeting to accept Mr. Dilts' resignation was reconsidered and the resignation was not accepted. Mr. Dilts, however, told some of his adherents that matters had gone so far and the feeling was so divided that he would not consent to remain. The workmen to whom it is alleged money is due under the old debt which Mr. Dilts insisted should be paid are not at a saying that so far as they are concerned the entire matter can be adjusted amicably in a few minutes. Mr. Dilts will probably accept a call to a large church which has been extended to him.

Respecting the Plainfield Water Supply.

Last Tuesday morning at eight o'clock the Water Company began a test of the capacity of the wells at Netherwood by starting both pumps, one with a capacity of two million and the other of three million gallons per day. They have been running steadily day and night since that time, and have pumped from three to three and a half million gallons a day —about seven times the quantity that the stand pipe will hold—since that time. When the pumps were started there was about thirty feet of water in the wells, and by rapid pumping the level was lowered about two feet and a half and has remained at that point without change during the week. Careful readings are taken hourly, which will be tabulated when the test is over. A large part of the water has been pumped through the mains and discharged in Green brook and many of the pipes that needed flushing have been cleaned out. The pumps will be stopped to-morrow (Friday) at half-past five o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Captain George D. Morrison will address the Reform Club meeting at Reform Hall next Sunday evening at 7.30.

The Council of the University of the City of New York have conferred upon Rev. Wm. R. Richards of the Crescent avenue church, the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity.

Mr. Lewis H. Brown, who for five years past has occupied the position of timekeeper at the Scott Printing Press Works, has resigned that position in order to accept a more lucrative one in New York.

Captain Frank L. C. Martin is to act as judge of the six-day race at Madison Square Garden to-morrow, which is the last and most important day of the race the contestants being so closely together a large gathering will undoubtedly be present to witness the finish, which is bound to be exciting.

An Enjoyable Affair.

On Wednesday night last Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Draper entertained Mr. Kingery's Bible class at their home on Washington avenue, North Plainfield. Nearly one hundred guests were present. A young man from Brooklyn performed many tricks of legerdemain, which were greatly enjoyed by those present. Music, songs and solos were rendered. A repast followed, and at midnight the guests departed, expressing themselves as much pleased with the pleasant evening they had spent. Mr. Kingery's Bible class consists of about seventy-five adults, all men, and is constantly growing. The class meets at Hope chapel.

Demands Damages for Her Fall.

Mayor Alexander Gilbert of this city, and Jacob Bimm, a hotel proprietor, have been served with notices to appear in Elizabeth next Tuesday as defendants to a suit for $10,000 damages brought by Mary Kiely through her guardian, John W. Kiely. The complaint alleges that on December 31, 1890, Mary slipped and fell on the icy pavement in front of Bimm's place, injuring her so that she has since been disabled.

A Barn Burned.

A barn belonging to William Boe of Chatham street was burned to the ground last evening. The alarm was sounded at about half-past eight. Neighbors succeeded in rescuing the live stock, which consisted of two cows and one horse. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

A Chimney Blown Down

A chimney on the house belonging to Mr. Begley who resides on Harrison street, North Plainfield, was blown down during the gale last night. The men residing in the house had retired only a few moments previous to the accident. They were badly frightened.

A Pleasing Entertainment.

A very pleasing entertainment was given for the benefit of the Baptist church at Mt. Bethel last evening. Mr. John Carney of this city and Miss O'Connor and Miss Shafer participated. The sketch, which was a German one, was loudly applauded.

THE LEGISLATURE.

GOVERNOR ABBETT'S NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED YESTERDAY.

A. L. McDermott Heads the Subway Commission—The Appointments—Jersey City Makes Another Bid for Newark's Water.

Governor Abbett yesterday made the following nominations, and they were all confirmed:

Electrical Subway Commission—Alias L. McDermott, Miles Rose, James Smith, Jr.

Police Justice—Frank Van Cleve, Paterson, Henry B. Paul, Camden; John Cammade, Trenton.

Law Judge of Camden—Richard T. Miller, to succeed Judge Hunt.

Bayonne District Court Judge—Thomas F. Noonan.

State Board of Assessors—A. R. Kuser, to succeed D. F. Cryan, deceased.

Lay Judge of Ocean, Egralus P. Emson, and Prosecutor of Ocean, Thomas W. Middleton.

Pilotage Commission—Thomas S. Sague, Robert Simpson and Daniel C. Chase.

State Board of Charities and Corrections—Benjamin Edge.

Trustees of Boys' Reform School—Joseph Willsand Thomas R. Kenney.

General Sewell was at Trenton fighting the bill to localize the coal combination and arrayed against him is all the power of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company. "I came here to attend the dinner of the Legislative Correspondents' Club," the General said, "and it was not until my arrival here that I heard anything about the bill. I am against it most emphatically. The combination was undoubtedly formed for the purpose of raising the price of coal and it is hard to see on what grounds any public official could give support to it. Mind you, these are my own views, for I have not consulted any of the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad and do not know what their views are."

The bill was reported favorably by the Committee on Railroads and Canals as soon as the House met in the afternoon. It is known as No. 448. Mr. Cole presented an adverse report, signed by himself. He said the bill nullified the general railroad law and permitted the absorption of competing lines. Mr. Cole declared that the issue was joined between a mammoth corporation and the people.

Mr. Time said that if Democratic success was desired in the agricultural districts the House should sustain the adverse report and cross the bill.

Mr. Potts maintained that the question was one of too great import to dispose of summarily at this late day. He hoped that the adverse report would be adopted, and said he did not represent any railroad.

Mr. Kalisch urged in favor of upholding the majority report of the committee in favor of the bill.

"Should the majority report be sustained, even though wrong?" asked Mr. Potts.

"The majority report should always be sustained," replied Mr. Kalisch. The committee was created by us and we stand by it."

Mr. Time hoped the minority report would be supported.

Mr. Beekman declared that a majority of the committee had signed the report in good one and should pass. He assailed the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and said every railroad company should have a show.

Mr. Potts said that Mr. Beekman was connected by the Reading, Central and Lehigh Valley Railroad Companies.

The adverse report was rejected by 37 to 17. Mr. Price voted with the Republicans in favor of it.

When the bill came up on final passage Mr. Potts made efforts to delay it. The roll was called, with this result:

Yea—Beekman, Bergen, Carroll, Cavanaugh, Coyle, Daly, Davidson, Dempsey, Dugay, Flynn, Giordieux, Heany, Hooes, Keller, Kisch, Lawrence, Magner, Mayhan, Nash, Nieder, J. Parker, J. F. Smith, T. Smith, Snyder, Strimple, Swartwout, Talbot, Van Syckel, Wilson, Wood, Wright and Zeller—34.

Nay—Barker, Ernst, Gledhill, Hagerty, Hogan, Jones, Kelly, Ketchum, Nicoll, Parker, Post, Potts, Ross, F. D. Smith, Stokes, Terry, Thompson, Time, Voorhees—19.

Hagerty, F. D. Smith, Strahan and Time were the only Democrats voting in the negative. The Democrats who voted with the majority were Glorieux and J. A. Parker.

Mr. Potts said Mr. Potts, "I think it timely to ask what has become of the investigating committee appointed to find out all about this question. What has happened to their report?" No answer was given.

The outlook is that there will be a bitter fight over the bill in the Senate, and the very next day final adjournment for another week.

No Room in the Borough for Idlers.

Last evening John Mowery of Chatham street, North Plainfield, was arrested by Constable Marshal Rotherham on complaint of Overseer of the Poor Bannerman, charged with failure to support his family. He has a wife and two children, one of whom, a boy, was born last week. Mowery is a good mechanic. He claims that he cannot get work, but the overseer says he has evidence that the man is too lazy to work, and that when he does work he spends his earnings for cigarettes, and drinking and carousing. The case will be heard two days hence if Mowery does not, and his wife is still penniless. She is now supported by the township, and the overseer is determined to teach the young man a lesson. He must either do his duty to his family, instead of wasting his earnings in the saloons, provide for his wife, or remain in jail. Before being released he must furnish a $200 bond satisfactory to the overseer.

An Insane Man Locked Up.

Policeman Shermer this morning took into custody a man named Mooney, who was found wandering in the vicinity of the Fond Machine Tool Works, in a demented condition. He was taken to the station house, and his sanity will be inquired into.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

A Visit of Grand Officers to Onward Lodge.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of Elizabeth Lodge, No. 2025 K. of H., was held on Tuesday evening, at their room, No. 807 Elizabeth avenue, Elizabeth. It being the occasion of the annual visit of the grand officers. A large delegation of the members of Onward Lodge, also of that city, was present, and a pleasant and instructive time was had in the lodge room, after which a collation was served.

Addresses were made by P. G. D. E. C. Jones, of Belleville; G. D. George W. Small, of Union; G. V. D. C. J. Feytel, of Plainfield, and G. A. D. P. F. Scherf, and P. D. William H. Neefus, of Elizabeth. The address of G. A. D. Scherf was in German.

The work and benefits of the order were dwelt upon by the speakers.

Since 1873 the order has paid $37,288,464 to widows and orphans, and $6,000,000 to members. During 1891 alone $4,169,209 was paid to beneficiary members.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

The Appointments for This County by the Legislature Yesterday.

The following commissioners of deeds for Union county were chosen in joint meeting of the Legislature yesterday:

Elizabeth—First ward, Cornelius F. Regan and Lawrence O'Donnell; Third ward, Charles Jacobs and Joseph F. Flynn; Fifth ward, John Hutchinson; Sixth ward, John J. Smith; Ninth ward, Samuel B. Ogden; Tenth ward, Frederick Zorr; Twelfth ward, William S. Cleveland.

New Providence—Bradford Jones.

Springfield—N. Cory Cox.

Summit—John B. Walsh, William D. Burger, Alexander A. Taylor.

Union—Noah A. Woodruff, D. Hobart Sayre, Thomas S. Kingsland.

Linden—James C. Starr.

Plainfield—Second ward, Joseph E. Mosher.

Rahway—First ward, Richard B. Fordham.

Westfield—Augustus K. Gale.

YOUTHS CHARGED WITH LARCENY.

It is Alleged They Frequented the Harrison Pool Rooms.

William Offenmueller and George Baker, youths recently confected and living in Elizabeth, were arrested by Detectives Decker and McGrail Wednesday evening, as reported in THE NEWS, of yesterday, upon a charge of larceny. The offense was committed in this city on the same day several was at the instance of Captain Grant, who telephoned to Elizabeth that they had taken from the house of Mrs. Mitchell, at 19 Prescott street, a pocketbook containing $6.75 in bills and the balance in change.

Captain Grant gave a description of the boys which Detectives Decker and McGrail had them in custody soon after their return to Elizabeth.

Offenmuller and Backer were acquainted at Mrs. Mitchell's and they are not charged with entering but of larceny. It is alleged that the youths have been led into this disgrace through the race track speculations, and that they were tempted to take the money to satisfy their passion for investing in the pool rooms in Harrison.

Young Baker was released under bail, and Ogenmueller was committed.

To Music Lovers.

The March number of Brainard's Musical World contains, besides a large amount of interesting reading matter, the following pieces of music: "Dearest," "La Ondin," a new skirt dance by North-rup; "Marie Antoinette" Minuet and Valse de la Reine, by Wrighton; popular compositions by Richard Ferber; "Never More" a tone-poem by Stephen Emery and the celebrated Galop de Concert by Anton Rubinstein. Also a charming new song, "Jessie," by Fred. H. Northrup. The number in advance is more worth $2. Mailed post-paid for 15 cents per copy.

The Musicians' Guide (new edition for 1892) contains, besides 212 pages of musical information, a catalogue of 130 pieces, with 28 portraits, a "Teachers' Guide" and other valuable features. Three new songs, "Sweet Spring," "Coming Back," "Lost Night" and "That is Love," and two piano pieces, "Sounds from the Ball-room" and "Spanish Dance" by Gavotte. Mailed free for eight two-cent stamps. Address, The Musicians' Guide, containing the above eleven songs and pieces, mailed for twelve two-cent stamps. Address, The S. Brainard's Sons Co., Chicago, Ill.

—Union County behaved quite badly on Tuesday last, but the rest of the State did better. Even Middlesex county gained one freeholder and also made material gains of minor offices.—Elizabeth Journal.

A Surprise.

MRS. ELLIS—"Have you heard about my surprise party?"

MRS. HILLIS—"No, what was it?"

MRS. ELLIS—"Why, I made up a purse in the company for a party, and then I invited them to spend an Arctic Autumn Evening. Cooley and I had a delightful time, and I guess they enjoyed everybody to know about it. Well, they all came in their warmest clothes, and I had a fire in the grate, and the windows and doors open, and I had a cake with a big piece of ice in the middle of it, and I had ice cream with ice in it, and I had ice water without ice. I want you to know that I am not to be caught napping when it comes to entertaining my friends, and I guess they will remember that party for some time to come. Cooley and I were at the theatre the other night, and I noticed that the people in the gallery were all sitting in their shirt sleeves, so I thought I would do the same thing, and I wore my—"

MRS. ELLIS—"Why, you made a great mistake, my dear. I am sure that you would not be allowed to wear your shirt sleeves in the gallery, but I advise you to try it. If Jack is at home when you do it, he will be sure to do everything he can to get you out of the house, and then you will be sure to get a seat in the gallery. Why, I remember when Jack and I went to the theatre together, and I wanted to sit in the gallery, he insisted that I should sit in the parquette, and when I refused to do so, he went out and got me a seat in the gallery, and there was no end to the fuss I made. I shall send an order to Jack around, I shall send an order to Jack around, I shall send an order to Jack around,

EDITORIAL NOTES

How would you like when you die to have such an obituary notice as this from the New York Sun: "Sir George Campbell, M. P., who died at Cairo this week, was the bore of the house of commons?"

Two hundred thousand Italians came to the United States in 1891. The fact that less than 20 per cent of them were women shows that many of these swarthy individuals propose to go back and enjoy their opulence in their native land as soon as they become bloated capitalists to the amount of $500 apiece.

The speaker of the national house of representatives has greater power than any other public officer in the nation except the president. Under the new rules of the present house the speaker may not count in a quorum from members present as Speaker Reed did, but under certain circumstances he is not allowed to entertain any motion made for delaying business.

Queensland, Australia, has taken a bold step in prohibiting immigration. Until the large number of unemployed workingmen already in the colony are provided for, Queensland will permit no more immigrants to land upon her shores. Thus history repeats itself, for this was the policy of China before western nations forced her to open her ports to trade and foreign people.

Jerome K. Jerome, the jolly young Englishman who has bloomed into success as playwright and author, says he means some day to have a chair built on purpose for him. In order to get it to fit him exactly he means to sit down in a mass of damp clay so as to leave the exact imprint of his seated body. Then he will roll about in the clay and move from side to side till he hollows out a space large enough to fit his every mood and movement. After this is done, by means of springs, wood and upholstery he will have a precise reproduction of this hole in the clay made for him. Then he will sit in the reproduction and be comfortable.

Joys That Fade Not.

Quoting from Bishop Phillips Brooks a comment on "the vast power to make one another unhappy" that is possessed by mortals, the Philadelphia Public Ledger goes to side to investigate whether there are not some individual joys so independent of others that we can make them permanently ours, and no man, woman or child will have power over us to take them away from us. The Ledger thinks there are such sources of happiness—plenty of them.

First of all is mentioned the joy of perfect work—"the hope of excellence." For this kind of happiness must have a work we love. We place before our mind's vision an ideal of excellence and beauty in that work. No matter what it is—it may be one of the mechanical trades, it may be a farm or a vegetable garden, or it may be the loftiest dream of rapturous perfection that ever illuminated the brain of poet, painter or sculptor. Whatever it is if we keep before us its desire and the determination to reach perfection in that work then we cannot be all unhappy. We are artists, loving our work, and no mortal can rob us of this triumphant joy. Emerson said, "A man is relieved and gay when he has put his heart into his work and done his best, but what he has said or done otherwise shall give him no peace."

Another joy made little of in this life is the pure unselfish happiness of loving people, and helping them just because you like to do so, without looking for any return price to be paid by them. Some one has said that it is no true love which exacts a return. If it is true love, it desires only the happiness of the beloved. It matters not whether the one beloved cares for the one whose affections are fixed on him; it matters not whether they ever meet in this life—the one who loves for the sake of loving and of wishing good to the object of his affections is the only true lover. So they say.

The Ledger mentions, too, the joy of sterling character. Your reputation is what other people think of you. Your character is what you know yourself to be. Your character is bad indeed when you know in your heart that you are dishonest, or a teller of falsehoods, or anything you would not be willing the whole world should know you to be. If you can look yourself in the face in the glass and feel conscious that there is not a shade of deception or hatred or envy or desire to injure or crow over another, if you know as you look at yourself that you would not wrong another out of a dollar to get on in the world yourself, that you would say no word about a person that you would not say to him, that you have not an opinion on any subject that you would sneakingly hide from men because it is unpopular, then indeed you have in yourself a joy that mankind cannot give or take away.

The Ledger says further:

> These are but a few of the many joys with which no one may meddle. There is a solace of honest, the delight in nature or art, the love of learning or literature, the joy of thought, truth, the enthusiasm in a good cause. It will be receive with gratitude or smiling, we fortunate all the good or the ill which the world may bring us, but it is also well to know the true source of joy in the secret recesses of the hearts, with which no hand can meddle or which no circumstances can sweep away.

POLITICS IN THE HOUSE.

The Tariff Debate Evolutes Into Partisan Discussion.

REED AND TURNER IN A WRANGLE.

The Latter Attacked the Decisions of the Former When He Was Speaker and Reed Retorted That Mr. Turner Was Foolish and Indulged in a Little Metaphor.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The senate devoted the day to discussing Mr. Vest's proposition for a general law to provide for the construction of postoffices in small towns, and without action on this matter went into a brief executive session and adjourned.

In the house Mr. Dingley, of Maine, resumed the floor on the tariff debate. He referred to an article in the March number of The North American Review by Mr. McMillin, in which the statement was made that the expenditures of the last congress were $1,000,000,000. This he laughed and said that the Democratic had included for purposes well understood the reduction of the public debt and other items not chargeable as legitimate expenses. The appropriations made by the last congress were less than $700,000,000. He referred to the speech of Mr. McMillin on Wednesday, and said that he was wrong in stating that materials for ships were higher under the McKinley bill. They had been cheapened.

Mr. Dingley and McMillin at It.

Mr. McMillin denied that he made such a statement. He said that Mr. Dingley was in favor of free salt for Maine fisheries. Was he in favor of free salt for the rest of the country? Mr. McMillin said he (Dingley) dodged his question.

Mr. Dingley said he had stated the true Democratic principle, as that party was the first to introduce a bill for the importation of salt in bond by American fishermen.

Mr. McMillin—I am glad you have fallen in love with Democracy. While the lamb holds out to burn, etc. (Laughter on Democratic side.)

Mr. Dingley stated that everything the laborer needed was taxed under the McKinley law. The hat he wore, the wool on his back and the lumber with which the roof of his house was constructed.

Mr. McMillin raised a laugh by asking, "How about the tin roofs?"

In conclusion, Mr. Dingley said this country, under the policy of protection, was the largest agricultural, manufacturing and mining country on the face of the earth. What had been accomplished in the past should certainly not be overthrown.

Mr. Turner, of Georgia, branched off into a political discussion. He said that the decision of Mr. Reed in counting quorums had caused him to change his views as to the decision of the supreme court they had decided the house had a right to enact rules for its proceedure, but they had not said like the outrageous ruling of Mr. Reed. The present speaker (Mr. Crisp) was a bitter antagonist of Mr. Reed against the latter's rulings, and he (Mr. Crisp) was now in Mr. Reed's place, and was right.

Tariff Turns to Politics.

Mr. Reed replied to Mr. Turner's allusion to the quorum decision of the supreme court. He was glad that the Democratic party had put forth its strongest man. He had stated the proposition with vigor and strength; that required no assistance from any other source. His opponent was not whether a present quorum or an active quorum was demanded by the courts of the United States, but whether he (Mr. Reed) as an individual and as speaker violated his duty in counting members present who were in the house.

Mr. Turner replied that he had merely insisted that the decision made by the supreme court clearly announced that the speaker had the right to count a quorum after the house had made the rule allowing him to do so.

Mr. Reed said the supreme court never announced any such thing. This showed the accuracy with which Mr. Turner treated this subject. A short but good natured colloquy ensued between Messrs. Reed and Turner as to the latter's motive. The latter said that Mr. Reed had occupied both sides of this question and had been wrong both times. [Laughter.]

Mr. Reed replied that his own course was correct and consistent, and said:

I leave the gentleman with the credit he has with his party associates on that subject. The whole attempt of the Democratic party to shift their objection from the question of a present quorum and an active quorum, which was the question of last year, to the question of a present and active quorum, which was the question of this session, is transparent that there is not a member on the floor who does not understand it. The court has decided in favor of the position taken by the Republican party, and does not raise the question by unanimous vote, the chief justice and two Democratic justices concurring in the opinion. Every court in every state in the union has decided this question had been unanimous in its decision without regard to party conditions or party feeling.

Reed Metaphorical.

The house of representatives today is acting in absolute defiance of the constitution, because it insists upon acting upon a quorum, when the constitution of the United States says that a present quorum is sufficient for the transaction of business. The house could make rules for its guidance, but they should be in accord ance with the constitution of the United States. Whether a quorum was present or acting was not to be determined by the house. That was settled by the constitution and by the supreme court which interpreted the constitution. The gentleman from Georgia had referred to the last election and the work of the Republicans. This argument had been exploited. "How often in the history of the world have the righteous been temporarily sent to the wall?"

In 1833, Oliver Cromwell was protector of Great Britain and the flag of that nation was protected on every sea, and the rulers of Cromwell stayed the persecution of Christians in every land. In 1649, when Charles I of England welcomed back the monarchy of Charles II. A few years after, Charles II lay buried in the great abbey where England's honored dead lie, and before his Oliver Cromwell had been buried under Tyburn Tree. Which would you rather be? Charles II seen porarily admired by the English people, or Oliver Cromwell honored by all mankind? It was not political victories, but triumphant truth, the Lord's truth, sound principles, and those principles of the Republican party, would ultimately be victorious. [Loud applause.]

Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee, made a brief speech touching upon political matters, chiefly devoted to an arraignment of the Republican party for its extravagant appropriations and false pledges to the people under which it had been relegated to oblivion in 1890. He was astonished that President Harrison, a grandson of a Virginian whom every southerner loved, should have his administration disgraced by the advocacy of that unjust and obnoxious measure—the Lodge bill. [Applause on the Democratic side.] The house then adjourned.

Acquitted of Murder.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 11.—James Fear, indicted for the murder of John King, at Niagara Falls, has been acquitted.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

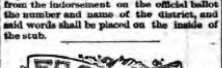
A Peculiar Bridge Bill Passes the Senate—Ballot Law Amendments.

ALBANY, March 11.—A bill by Dr. Bunker, of Sullivan, passed the senate. The bill provides for building a bridge across the Delaware river at Callicoon depot; then it goes on to specify that it shall be unlawful for any person without payment of tolls to the bridge company to cross the river within one mile below or three miles above the said bridge, either by ferry or by boat, nor can any one swim across the river without paying toll to the bridge company, nor can animals be driven across the river. Worden's bill, forbidding the manufacture of collars and cuffs in prisons, came up for final action and was passed—34 to 1. The freedom of worship bill also passed.

In the assembly the senate amendments to the anti-Pinkerton bill were concurred in.

General Husted gave notice that when the World's fair bill was reported that when it was reached on the calendar he would move to recommit it for the purpose of raising the appropriation from $300,000 to $500,000.

Assemblyman Farquhar, of the Third district, introduced his ballot reform amendment. The bill provides that the county clerk shall fold the official ballots, so that the erasure shall indicate to the voter how he must fold them. It also amends the ballot law so as to make the voter swear as to just what is the matter with him before he can claim assistance in preparing his ballot under the physical disability act. Another important change is that which removes from the ballot-board on the official ballot the number and name of the district, and said words shall be placed on the inside of the stub.



Spring Millinery.

A GROUP OF PRETTY BONNETS.

The new millinery is novel in design and extremely tasteful in coloring. The upper one shown here is a very smart hat, made with a wide, transparent brim of black lace, a crown of gold embroidery, with large jet pins, and a bow of black satin at the back.

The next one is a small bonnet with a crown formed entirely of flowers, the brim outlined with bebe ribbon, and a trimming of jet at the back. The model sketched had a crown of forget-me-nots, but the bonnet looks equally well, if arranged with daisies, buttercups, or other small flowers.

The other is a pretty bonnet of black lace and ribbon, trimmed with yellow jasmin, or any small spring flowers.

Lived and Died Alone.

NEW HAVEN, March 11.—Miss Elma Platt, an octogenarian, of Sherman Center, was found dead. A search of her house disclosed $4,000 in cash besides a number of bank notes, and a bank book showing $10,000 to her credit. For forty years she had been accustomed to come to enter her house and never visiting the neighbors.

Perry's Alleged Booty.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 11.—Detective Linde, in the employ of the American Express company, expresses his belief that Train Robber Perry secured $27,000 from the express car which he so daringly entered near Lyons three weeks ago. Linde believes that Perry concealed his booty in the swamp in which he was captured.

The "Kansas Demon" Downed.

BRADFORD, Pa., March 11.—The Greco-Roman wrestling match between W. H. Gibbs, the "Kansas Demon," and Ed Atherton, of Belfast, N. Y., a pupil of William Muldoon, at the Gentlemen's Athletic club, was won by Atherton in two straight falls.

A Great Copper Combine.

NEW YORK, March 11.—There are rumors of a great combination of manufacturers and dealers in copper. Very little is known of the scheme, but it is believed it will include the great copper interests in Europe as well as the United States.

A Girl's Throat Cut.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 11.—Betty Moore, thirteen years old, was found dead in her house with her throat cut. The affair is a mystery. The girl's father is a local preacher of some repute.

An Unfortunate Break.

PORT BYRON, N. Y., March 11.—Engineer Benner and Brakeman Smith, while fixing a break on a New York Central engine, were instantly killed by a passing train.

Beheaded by Machinery.

WOODBRIDGE, N. J., March 11.—A Swede known as Peter, employed at the Staten Island Tile works, was instantly beheaded while examining a new machine.

Bishop Brooks Declines.

CHICAGO, March 11.—Bishop Brooks, of Massachusetts, has declined to preside as chaplain at the dedication of the exposition buildings next October.

Scourged with Disease.

SAN JOSE DE COSTA RICA, March 11.—Yellow fever, smallpox and typhoid fever are raging. The latter is of a virulent type and several cases have proved fatal.

Sarah Althea Terry In Trenton.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 11.—Mrs. Sarah Althea Terry has been adjudged insane and committed to the Stockton insane asylum.

Judge White Reappointed.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Mayor Grant reappointed Advocate J. White a police justice for ten years from Nov. 23 last.

CANADA UNDER HOT FIRE

Her Loyalty to the Crown of Great Britain Questioned.

A SCENE IN THE ENGLISH COMMONS.

The Governor Was Asked What Would Be the Attitude of Canada During the Case of War with the United States, and the Questions Remains Unanswered.

LONDON, March 11.—The question of the defenses of the harbor of Esquimault, on Vancouver island was raised in the house of commons and was discussed with heat by Lord George Francis Hamilton, first lord of the admiralty, and several Liberal interrogators. Hardly had this breeze died out when the Canadian question was once more brought before the house by the questions addressed by Edward Temperly Gourley, the advanced Liberal member from Sunderland, and answered for the government by the Right Hon. James William Lowther, under secretary of the foreign office. Resold Cranford Munro Ferguson, Liberal member from Leith, led off in the matter of Esquimault's defenses by asking these questions of the first lord of the admiralty:

Does the site of the navy yard at Esquimault belong to Canada or to the crown? If Canada provides the money, men and ships, will she also provide the garrison? Will the work of improving the defenses of the harbor, including the entrance, engineering and construction, be done by the Candian governmeent or the crown? What rights of control, as regards stores, coal, the support of the garrison in case of need and harbor anchorage, has the commander of the Pacific fleet?

Are any advantages secured to her majesty's vessels at Esquimault harbor that are not accorded them in such foreign ports of the United States, France and other civilized nations? In case the proposed fortifications should be erected, would the government look to the loyalty of Canada or the crown? Will the garrison of the harbor defenses receive their orders from the imperial or Canadian government? If the garrison be put under the orders of the Canadian government, will the home government have any remedy against the support of that part of the name for her majesty's fleet in time of war? If, as has been suggested, Canada should decide to join the United States and become incorporated with that country, would she carry with her the guns and other portions maintain of the fortifications?

While making these interrogatories Mr. Ferguson was interrupted frequently by cries of "Oh! oh!" Ironical laughter and other noisy demonstrations from the ministerial majority. This was due to the fact that the last six questions were put in such a way as to suggest that in times of war or threatened war the imperial government could not rely upon the loyalty of the Dominion government for support, and that, therefore, it was foolish and unwise in uncertain hands a fortified harbor that might be used as effectively against the empire as for it. The impression left by his inquiries and by the emphatic "Hear! hear!" with which the last six were greeted from the opposition was that he intended to say that Canada had offered to join the United States and to be trusted to co-operate with the mother country in case of trouble with the American government.

They Were Not Answered.

This was Hamilton's view of the matter, and he declined to answer any except the first three questions. Upon rising to reply to Mr. Ferguson's interrogatories he said:

The site of the dockyard at Esquimault belongs to the crown, and the Canadian government has reserved for her majesty's ships exclusively a part of the harbor. The Canadian government will provide the site for the fortifications and also will be responsible for the manning of them. The honorable gentleman's other questions seem to have been met with in the dominion parliament. Should he be drawn that in time of trouble or danger Canada will not be ready to co-operate with the home government in the common defense of both against the enemy that will threaten us. The honorable gentleman must excuse me, therefore, if I decline to answer his hypothetical questions, which are prompted by suppositions at once injudicious and dangerous.

The close of Lord Hamilton's reply was greeted with ministerial cheers, which had not died away when Mr. Ferguson was on his feet asking:

I beg the first lord of the admiralty to answer my inquiry whether or not in the event of Canada's separating herself from her majesty's empire—[cries of "Oh! oh!" "Don't answer"]—the ports and harbors would be in the fortifications will belong to the imperial government.

The house was in a hubbub when Mr. Ferguson sat down, and rang with cries of "Order!" "Don't answer!" Lord Hamilton made no reply to Mr. Ferguson's repeated question.

Under Secretary Lowther, of the foreign office, in response to inquiries of Mr. Gourley, stated that the Behring sea arbitration commission, said that all the commissioners had signed the joint report embodying the points upon which they were agreed as regards the preservation and protection of the seal industry. The points upon which no agreement could be arrived at, and those were the main points, he added, concerned the length of the season round the pelagic islands. These questions would be referred to the arbitration commission for settlement.

Charged with Fraud.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 11.—William H. Mowe, president and treasurer of the Security association, of this city, bankers and brokers, was arrested on complaint of Stephen C. Earle for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Blaine Still in Bed.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Although Secretary Blaine is still confined to his bed his condition is much improved. He will not be able to leave the house for a week.

Springer Still Better.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The improvement in Representative Springer's condition continues, and the outlook for his recovery is bright.

Emperor William Has a Cold.

BERLIN, March 11.—Emperor William is confined to his bed. His physicians say that he is suffering from a slight cold.

Cleveland Hunting Ducks.

BALTIMORE, March 11.—Ex President Grover Cleveland is at Spesutia island to spend a few days in duck hunting.

Pole and Calls Barred.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The Produce exchange will neither allow ne trading in pole and calls on grain.

Colonel Norris Retired.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Colonel Basil Norris, United States army, has been placed on the retired list.

Killed by a Fall of Coal.

ALTOONA, Pa., March 11.—In the Fraggmine near Mike Sinosser was killed by a fall of coal.

Proceedings of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union.

(OFFICIAL.)

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 18, 1892.

Pursuant to adjournment the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union met on Thursday, February 18, 1892, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.

Present—Director Hatfield and Freeholders Bender, Brinckerhoff, Dely, Howard, Bailey, Jacobus, Kyle, Lindsley, Person, Post, Runyon, Schlosser, Thomas, Vreeland, Wilson, 15.

Absent—Speaker Van Syckel, Ward.—2.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and on motion approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.

To the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Union:

Gentlemen—The committee appointed to confer with committee from Essex county Board of Freeholders in regard to macadamizing and improving Morris turnpike, would report that the committee from Essex county would not pledge themselves to do any work of that character on the Morris turnpike, and any the matter before their Board and report to this committee, which has not been done, and we could therefore recommend that no further action be taken in the matter until some further communication be received from the Essex county Board.

J. MARTIN POLL,
A. VANDERBEEK,
WILLIAM H. BISHOP,
GEORGE W. DOTY,
Committee.

On motion of Freeholder Trahon report ed and ordered filed.

The following bills, audited and approved were read and ordered paid by unanimous vote:

Fridge secretary—G. W. Drury, Crosby & Co., 2; Bauman, do., $16.

County—W. J. Hicks, sheriff, $1,795.

Freeholder Bristol moved to adjourn.

Which was carried.

The Director declared the Board adjourned to Thursday, March 3, 1892, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. F. J. REID, Clerk.

Proceedings of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union.

(OFFICIAL.)

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 3, 1892.

Regular meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Union county, held on Thursday, March 3, 1892, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.

Present—Director Hatfield and Freeholders Bristol, Doty, Howard, Halsley, Jones, Lyon, Lindsley, Person, Post, Runyon, Schlosser, Thompson, Trahon, Vanderbeek, West.—16.

Absent—Freeholder Bender—1.

The minutes of last meeting were read and on motion approved.

COMMUNICATE ED.

ESSEX County Board of Chosen Freeholders, NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 26, 1892.

DEAR SIR—Please find enclosed a copy of a resolution adopted by this Board at a special meeting held yesterday, 25 h inst.

Very respectfully,
JOSEPH A. KINSON,
Clerk.

To the Clerk of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Union County:

WHEREAS, An act, No. 112, empowering the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Essex to construct a county portion of the Morris turnpike, was passed at the present session of the General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, but after the adjournment of the same, and this act imposes upon the same additional duties upon the people of the county of Union to act intelligently in this matter at their next meeting; be it

Resolved, That the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Essex shall at the next session of the General Assembly pass a county portion of the Morris turnpike as a county road; provided, however, that said county shall in no way be responsible for any part of the same by reimbursement or otherwise.

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Clerk of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Union.

On motion of Freeholder Trahon received and placed on file.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Freeholder Vandervoort:

Resolved, That the county collector pay Miller Bros., on account of contract, one thousand dollars for iron bridge over tarven brook at Scotch Plains, and that the warrant be issued of same by committee.

Freeholder Howard moved Pasado tion.

On roll call adopted unanimously.

By Freeholder Person:

Resolved, That the levy bill for quarterending February 13, 1892, amounting to $7,085 74, be paid when the same is properly approved.

Freeholder Vandeveer moved Resadoption.

On roll call adopted unanimously.

By Freeholder Jacobus:

Resolved, That the matter of the petition of Mrs. Ellen Sullivan, widow of the late Patrick Sullivan, be referred to county physician and auditing committee.

At this time Mr. Nevius, amount $82.50, for repairs on county road was read and referred to 6th for correction.

The bills were audited and approved were read and ordered paid by unanimous vote:

Public Buildings—Wheeler Ice Co., $83-55; D. B. Provost, $206 92; J. V. Kasmir, & Co., $9; Wm. H. Tucker, $10; Journal Publishing Co., Union county standard, $25; Elizabeth Daily Journal, $3.50.

Jurors—E. M. Wood, $125; Charles B. Reed, $25.

County Roads—Isaac Crane, $30 56.

Bridges—Wm. H. Tucker, $25; Daniel O. Sullivan, $14; J. P. Bathford, $34-52; Bridford Jones, $4.50; Wm. H. Briant, $36; W. Cox, $4.

Committee Expense Account—Geo. Kyle, $6.60; J. P. Hurlburd, $10 95; Bradford Jones, $3 60; Wm. H. Briant, $3.60; Isaac Trahon, $9.15.

Bridges and Culverts—R. A. Bigelow, $9.75; Elizabeth Daily Journal, $11.

Incidentals—John L. Crowell $55 31.

Bridges—Bradford Jones, Isaac Harwood, $28.75; Frederick W. Hagen, do., $1; David H. Tuttle, New Providence, $5.

Roads—Estate of C. W. L. Martine, $4.12; Charles F. Reed, $5.

Jail Account—James D. Brokaw, $13.82; M. F. Dewhurst, $4.50; Hide Leather & Co., $14; C. A. Harris, $58.32; Percy J. Emmons, $6.05; David A. Boomer $6.05.

County Buildings—Wm. H. Tucker, $5; do., $605 91; W. H. Hatton, $2.40; John H. Edwards, $112; Martin Brock, $10; Charles Wright, $10; Alfred Ackerman, $4.50; C. C. Mason, $3; John H. Sherman, $10; Benj. L. Ball Account, $3.75; Wing & Co., $10; James Ritchie, $10; Lewis C. Hyatt, $20; Peter Cornell, $8 50; R. J. Cooper, $13.50; W. S. Lyon, $4.50; Wm. Hicks, $94.50; Journal Democrat, $10; Secretary C. Treas., $25 20; James J. Carey, $21.50; James D. Green, $10. Freeholder Vandeveer moved to adjourn.

Which was carried.

The Director declared the Board adjourned to Tuesday, April 7, 1892, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.

CHAS F. REID,
Clerk.

DON'T FORGET

Is making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,

AT LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay the where for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

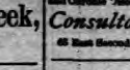
Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE DEF TEA



Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.
Of First
Light Blue Color
Reference:—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

REGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The same hands are kept that were employed by former laundering. Lace curtains a specialty. Orders solicited by mail will receive prompt attention. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street,

And not prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit or clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
65 East Second street, corner Washington

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

29 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam screening plant, by means of which coal which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUSE AND BARREL LIMING.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Teaming and Carting Sand, Stone and Gravel, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Shingle-stock building and planing.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

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Hot Water

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Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful driver, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

78 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes

FRESH EVERY DAY.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, pays the same annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

PUMPS.

Delivered to any part of the city by
S. SUMERUM.
A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 12y

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Prices same in operation. Our operation is approved of by the Board of Health. Private residences and yards put to disinfection. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of "Red Top" Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer, 200 lbs. per ton. Telephone call 29.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. They BEST grive better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once. 125

Don't you see. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Counsellors Solicitors and Masters in Chancery. Solicitor Public Notary. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.,
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to Sewerage and Drainage. Office, 13 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office, 2 Rockwell Place, opposite Park Hotel, Plainfield, N. J.

CLARK & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office over Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR B. TRALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 31 and 32. Importer and Trader in Slate Building Materials. Plainfield, N. J.

INDIANA FOR HARRISON.

The State Convention Indorses Him for Renomination.

OPPOSITION FROM ALLEN COUNTY.

Its Representatives Attack the Administration of the President, but Despite the Protest the Delegates to the National Convention Were Instructed for Him.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 11.—The Republican state convention for the selection of delegates at large to the Minneapolis convention met in Tomlinson hall. It was distinctly a Harrison convention, and the only opposition came from Allen county. The opposition was led by three ex-congressmen—White, Cheadle and Johnson.

Chairman Gowdy called the convention to order, and soon after the colored janitor in the gallery drew back a flag, exposing a likeness of President Harrison. A cheer greeted the picture. Warren G. Sayre, of Wabash, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, was announced as chairman. He addressed the convention at considerable length.

The committee on resolutions reported a set indorsing the principles of the McKinley bill, honest money and a free ballot, and closing with the following:

Harrison Indorsed.

We indorse the brilliant administration of Benjamin Harrison, under which the country has prospered, the rights of American citizens abroad been maintained, the bonded debt of the United States rapidly extinguished, and the revenues collected with diminished cost to the people and without corruption in any branch of the public service.

President Harrison has discharged his high duties in the spirit of a lofty patriotism and with a conscientious regard for the rights of all our people. That such a condition of affairs may continue to prevail, we urge his renomination by the national convention at Minneapolis.

He has lifted the nation higher in greatness, power and dignity, and we instruct the delegates this day elected to give him their earnest and unswerving support by working and voting for his nomination so long as his name is before the convention. Thus, and thus only, will they ratify the will of the Republicans of Indiana, already pronounced.

As General Packard finished reading the resolutions and moved their adoption, ex-Congressman White, of the Twelfth district, left his seat and, standing in the aisle, asked to be heard. He was greeted with cries of "No! no!" from all sides of the hall.

"There is no distracting voice here," shouted a delegate, and some one cried: "Throw him out. He's got no business here anyhow."

The convention was now in a tumult, and Congressman Cheadle got the ear of the chair and said:

"The man who has this floor is one of the most prominent citizens in Allen county, and secured 1,300 more votes in that county than Harrison himself. I trust no Republican will stoop so low as to refuse him a hearing."

Again Mr. White, who had been pacing up and down the aisle while the delegates heaped all sorts of abuse upon him, secured a hearing and was ordered by the chair to proceed.

I have nothing to say against General Harrison personally, but why do you insist on sending these delegates to Minneapolis instructed to vote for Harrison? If you persist in such underhanded schemes to make a machine of state politics you will lose the state by 5,000 at the next election. You talk about the policy of——

The Opposition Hissed.

Hisses, hoots and jeers had met every word the speaker uttered, and amid the wildest confusion he was compelled to stop till the noise subsided. He then continued:

We want these delegates to go to Minneapolis free to do as they please, and not bound hand and foot to support any one. We want them sent there to carry the party to victory and not to defeat.

You talk about the administration being pure. There is not an atom of purity in it. It is all nonsense. The administration deserves the severest censure instead of flattery. The officeholders, who predominate in this convention, may force these resolutions upon unwilling Republicans, but they must remember that men cannot be made to vote against their honest convictions.

Such methods as those that have been called into being to give Harrison an indorsement in Indiana cannot be invoked at the polls, and it is there that the real sentiments of the people will make themselves known.

The hisses from the Harrison Republicans continued through the speech. The resolutions were adopted. Allen county remaining silent.

R. W. Thompson, of Terre Haute; S. J. Peoble, of this city; N. J. Deyarw, of New Albany, and C. F. Griffin, were then chosen delegates at large. Chairman Gowdy withdrawing when his name was presented to the convention.

Secretary Blaine had many friends among the delegates, as was manifested in the hearty indorsement given the resolution which declared in favor of his reciprocity scheme.

A Political Deal in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 11.—It has been practically decided by the leading Democrats of Kansas not to put a presidential electoral ticket in the field and to support the People's party electoral ticket. A fusion will also be effected on state offices and congressmen at large. The Democrats will have two out of seven congressmen. The combination will extend down to the legislative and county offices. Democrats and Alliance leaders claim that this will wipe out the Republican party in Kansas.

The same tactics are to be used in Nebraska and the Dakotas. To offset this Republican leaders of these states propose to build a fire underneath the Democracy in several counties state. They will soon lay before the national committee the danger to the Republican party of such a combine and urge that the Republicans in the Virginias, Tennessee, Georgia, North and South Carolina enter into a fusion with the new party on electoral, state, congressional, legislative and county tickets, dividing each equally between the two parties.

David B. Hill Denounced.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The Union League club adopted resolutions condemning the "acts of David B. Hill while governor of this state in conspiring to defraud the people's will in electing state senators to represent them," and calling upon the people of the state and the United States to defend the American system of government "against such encroachments upon this fundamental principles as have been made by David B. Hill, the man who is now seeking the presidency of the republic."

Says Hill Won't Answer.

BROOKLYN, March 11.—A Washington special to The Standard-Union says that Representative Bartlett's efforts to draw out Senator Hill's opinion on the silver question will not bear fruit. Beyond acknowledging the receipt of the letter, the senator will give it no further attention.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The remaining assassins charged with participation in the recent attack upon the town of Xeres, who were tried by the court martial that convened in this city, have been acquitted.

General Butler was before the elections committee of the Massachusetts legislature and advocated the secret ballot law of forty years ago, which consisted in furnishing a voter with an envelope in which to inclose his ballot.

Joseph Ali Young, a Catholic priest of Newark, is alleged to have enticed nine-year-old Marie Rose into a room and brutally assaulted her.

The Newark Passenger Railway company has been leased to the New Jersey Traction company.

Ex-Congressman Judson C. Clements, of Georgia, who has just been appointed interstate commerce commissioner, will accept.

A bill has been offered in the Kentucky house this week to prohibit the playing of Sunday baseball, and which proposes to prevent, by heavy penalties, the very throwing of a ball within the state on that day of the week.

William H. Brooks, a burglar, was shot and fatally injured by Policeman Rockson a Philadelphia just as he had smashed the window of Hart's bicycle store on Arch street.

Samuel J. Hendrickson, who recently died at Red Bank, N. J., left $400,000 but no will. Miss Carrie Hendrickson, one of the neices, has filed a protest against probating any will which may be found.

THE STANDARD OIL TRUST.

The Question of Its Dissolution to Be Considered at a Special Meeting.

NEW YORK, March 11.—H. M. Flagler, secretary of the Standard Oil trust, announces that a special meeting of the holders of trust certificates will be held at the office of the trust, 26 Broadway, on Monday morning, March 21, to vote upon a resolution to terminate the trust agreement. The announcement was not unexpected. Since the decision of the supreme court of Ohio two weeks ago against the trust there have been daily meetings of the influential men of the Standard Oil company here in New York to discuss the situation.

The officers of the Standard Oil trust are John D. Rockfeller, president; Benjamin Brewster, treasurer, and H. M. Flagler, secretary. The trustees are John D. Rockfeller, William Rockfeller, H. M. Flagler, John D. Archibold, Henry H. Rogers, Benjamin Brewster and W. H. Tilford.

The Blizzard Still Rages.

CHICAGO, March 11.—The blizzard continues to rage in Wisconsin, Iowa and Illinois, and the mercury is still going down. Many houses have been unroofed by the storms and the damage to property will be enormous in the aggregate. Reports of numerous fatalities are coming in. At Albert Lea, Minn., Nelson Blackmer started to drive to the country and has doubtless perished. At Villisca, Ia., Charles Sunker was struck by a piece of flying debris and instantly killed. T. P. Sutton while blinded by the storm was struck by a train and killed at Nora Springs, Ia. Two deaths are reported from Devil's Lake, N. D., W. E. Gorriffin and a farmer named Harrison having been found frozen to death. It is believed that many lives were lost in North Dakota, but the reports will be slow coming in.

A Crisis in Greece.

LONDON, March 11.—A dispatch from Athens states that King George has utterly failed in his attempt to induce the people to accept his new ministry. The majority of his deputies are obstinately in favor of a constitutional rule, and, as they refuse to give consent to the new loan, and the cabinet which the king by a usurpation of authority has established, a dissolution is necessary. The situation is said to be critical.

Will Marry a Poet's Daughter.

BERLIN, March 11.—A stir has been created in the imperial circle by the news that Prince Ernest, of Saxe Meiningen, who is a brother-in-law of the German kaiser, is engaged to marry Karie, the daughter of the German poet, Wilhelm Jensen. It is of course a love match, and both the prince and the young woman are in Rome safe from any interference on the part of the kaiser or the reigning Prince of Saxe Meiningen.

The Reading Responds.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 11.—The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company filed an appearance in the prothonotary's office of Lycoming county, here, in answer to the bill of H. M. Arnold, of Elmira, N. Y., who seeks to set aside the Reading deal in the courts.

Turned Out a Forger.

NEW ORLEANS, March 11.—Amandes S. Leche, a leading member of the board of directors and a director, and one of the best and oldest families in the state, turns out to be a forger, and has fled.

Tar and Feathers Threatened.

NEWARK, N. J., March 11.—Several hundred certificate holders in the Commercial Enterprise company threaten to tar and feather the managers of the local concern, which is on its last legs.

They Burned the Depot.

NORWALK, Conn., March 11.—The Greens Farm depot of the Consolidated railroad was burned, the work of persons unknown who were dissatisfied with the location of the depot.

Farquhar Succeeds Whitman.

HARRISBURG, March 11.—A. B. Farquhar, of York, was elected commissioner of the Pennsylvania World's Fair board in place of Mr. Whitman, resigned.

A Crazy Patient's Suicide.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Joseph Rutkofski in a fit of insanity jumped from the window of the hospital on Hoffman island into the sea and was drowned.

Young Mrs. Blaine May Recover.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., has been somewhat delirious, but it is hoped that she is now in a fair way to recover.

Conductor and Brakeman Killed.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 11.—Conductor McGill and Brakeman Myers were instantly killed in a collision on the Big Four road.

Friends Guilty of Murder.

EBENSBURG, Pa., March 11.—Elmer Bruner, on trial for the murder of Samuel Reese, has entered a plea of guilty.

The Dolphin in Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Orders were issued at the navy department placing the steamer Dolphin in commission.

Lived to Be 114.

VALPARAISO, Chili, March 11.—Senora Catalina Fricita died here at the age of 114.

A "Small and Early."

—Life.

Some Specimens of Irish Wit.

Irish wit is often of the most mordant and even sardonic kind. Was there ever a more sardonic stroke of description than that O'Connell gave of Peel's bloodlessness? "His smile was like the silver plate on a coffin." Less scathing, but less witty also, was his description of a lady of a similarly repellent temperament. She had all the characteristics of a poker except its occasional warmth."

* * * * *

The late Hugh Stowell Brown, the popular Nonconformist preacher, once overheard an old Irishwoman in Liverpool mutter furiously, as a funeral, to which she ought to have been asked, passed her door: "Oh, go an wid ye! Go an wid ye! Go an wid ye! But maybe there'll be a funeral at our house soon, an thin we'll see who'll be asked!"

* * * * *

A friend of my father's had a servant called Jerry Doherty, a handy man, who was of invaluable service to him until poor Jerry took to drink. His master, as much in his own interests as in Jerry's, was continually trying to reform him, and to this end he would read out to Jerry from the newspapers every story of crime or of trouble traceable to drink which he could find in them. At last he came upon a story which might have reformed Bardolph. It was a thrilling tale of a drunkard, who was so saturated with whisky that his breath caught fire as he was blowing out a candle, set his inside ablaze as it would have set any other whisky cask and burned him to ashes in five minutes. "Now, Jerry—now, Jerry," urged the master, with the solemnity of an adjuration, "let this be a warning to you!" "Oh, begor, it will so, sir!" groaned the horrified Jerry. "I'll never blow a candle out again the longest day I live!"—Belgravia.

Judge Maynard's Investigators.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Frederick R. Coudert, James C. Carter, E. H. Robinson, John E. Parsons, Elihu Root, Clifford Hand and Albert Stickney constitute the committee appointed by President Peckham, of the Bar association, to investigate the charges against Judge Isaac H. Maynard.

Died of Trichinosis.

SHELBURNE FALLS, Mass., March. 11.—Trichinosis has appeared in the little hamlet of Willis Place, in the township of Colrain. Three persons have died from it. Three of the victims have died. The others are still seriously ill.

A Perpetual Lottery Charter.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, March 11.—The Louisiana Lottery company has secured a perpetual charter from this government and at the expiration of their American priv leges will remove their business to Greytown.

To Colonize Russian Jews.

PARAMA, March 11.—Baron Hirsch is seeking to introduce Russian Jews into British Guiana, and has applied to the government of that colony for lands on which to locate colonies.

Legalizing the Reading Combine.

TRENTON, March 11.—The house of the assembly has passed the bill which legalizes the coal combine between the Reading, New Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley railroads.

Bancroft's Effects Sold.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 11.—The effects of the late George Bancroft, exclusive of his extensive library and valuable furnishings, have been sold.

A Rejected Lover's Crime.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 11.—A rejected lover, Herman Krouse, murdered his sweetheart, Margaret Conrad, and then killed himself.

The Kaiser as a Yachtsman.

LONDON, March 11.—Emperor William of Germany has entered his yacht Meteor for the queen's cup. He will sail her himself.

Struck by a Train and Killed.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., March 11.—Paul Hausner, of Utica, a brakeman, was killed here by being struck by a train.

GET YOUR TEAMING and GRADING done by Weis Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 20tf

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed in most the vases of those who Pennsylvania World's Fair. It is a very perfect field glass of very superior quality. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his employees or of his neighbor's dogs among his sheep. It is the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS he will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.

Prices { Smallest size $2.50 / Medium size 3.25 / Largest size 4.00 } All in Russian leather with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price we will send any of the above by insured mail, prepaid.

QUEEN & CO., —Manufacturers— 924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

Miss Blanche Fellows SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and entire correction of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 97 Bucr St., North Plainfield.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING. 49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's 37 Somerset street, for ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Prunel streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Frame work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

William C. Smith, Practical Mason and Builder. All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Saddleson, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 123

JOHN BERRMANN, Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker, shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-ly J. BERRMANN, 6 Regent street.

R. V. SAUNDERS, Carpenter and Builder, Saddleson Cottage, near depot, Plainfield, P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Will make given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons, MASON AND BUILDER. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Watchung avenue and Prospect street. P. O. Box 502.

PIERSON & GAYLE, Carpenters & Builders P. O. BOX 51. W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street. All work promptly executed by

Daniel Hulick, CARPENTER AND General Jobber. SHOP, 39 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J. Storm doors and weather strips a specialty. Jobbing promptly attended to. Window Screens made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS. Arrive—6:30 a. m., 12:05, 6:05 p. m. Close—8:30 a. m., 12:30, 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS. Arrive—8:45 a. m., 5:05, 6:05 p. m. Close—8:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia 2:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS. Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 8:30 a. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey. (The Jersey Shore Line.) Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Plainfield is about 1 hour from New York.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12 a. m., 2:45, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 12 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:35, 9:07, 9:55, 11:05 a. m., 12:05, 1:35, 2:35, 3:35, 4:35, 5:35, 7:05, 9:05, 11:05 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 9:05, 11:05 a. m., 1:35, 5:35, 9:05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 10:30, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 2:10, 3:10, 4:10, 5:10, 6:10, 7:40, 9:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 6:30, 9:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:10, 5:10, 9:40 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 9:44, a. m., 1:05, 5:20 p. m. Sunday at 5:20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 9:44, a. m., 1:05, 5:20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5:05 a. m. Express for Washington, Hackettstown, Hainesburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge. 7:35 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

8:40 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE Station, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9:44 a. m. for Washington, Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

1:05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Hainesburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

3:20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, etc.

4:22 p. m. for DELAWARE, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Hainesburg, Pottsville, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Wyoming Valley, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Roaring Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

5:20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, etc.

6:20 p. m. for Flemington, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8:25 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hainesburg, Scranton and Scranton. 8:15 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mauch Chunk, Hainesburg, Scranton and Wilkesbarre. 5:05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Roaring Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6:05 a. m. for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Matawan, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Atlantic City, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point and Cape May. Parlor car to Long Branch.

7:05 a. m. for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Matawan, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Atlantic City, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point and Cape May. Parlor car to Long Branch.

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11:05 a. m. for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Matawan, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Atlantic City, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point and Cape May. Parlor car to Long Branch.

12:05 p. m. Sunday for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Matawan, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Atlantic City, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point and Cape May. Parlor car to Long Branch.

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2:05 p. m. for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Matawan, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Atlantic City, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point and Cape May. Parlor car to Long Branch.

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2:05 a. m. Sunday for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Matawan, Long Branch, Ocean Grove

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

A New Version of the Old Story of the Ghost of the Pecos—A Legend That Has Long Been Prevalent in New Mexico.

(Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.)

Some years before the railroad came to New Mexico I was at a dinner in Santa Fe given by the territorial officers to a number of engineers who had been making a preliminary survey down the Rio Grande. It was a stag party, and after cigars were lighted Mr. Chaves, the gentleman who presided, announced to the guests that he expected each one to make a speech, sing a song or tell a story. Colonel McC——, then on the staff of General Getty, who commanded the Department of New Mexico, chose to tell a story, and the graphic recital and the startling and unexpected termination struck me so forcibly that I wrote it out the next morning. Here it is:

"Gentlemen, I do not wish to reflect on any of the stories that have been or that may be told, but what I am about to narrate has the very decided merit of being true.

"At the breaking out of the late war a large number of men who were living in Texas, but who were strongly opposed to secession, decided to put all their portable effects into wagons and come north to New Mexico here to remain till the war was over.

"They were induced to come to this territory by an old hunter named Combs, who knew the country as well as if he had made it, and who readily consented to be a guide for the patriotic exiles.

"The women and children, with a good supply of provisions, were placed in ten wagons. In addition to the drivers there were twelve well mounted and well armed men with the guide, and these drove along a lot of cows and beef cattle, which it was expected would be found useful in the new home, which it was decided should be in the northern valley of the Pecos river.

"After a march of more than 800 miles, during which the exiles suffered many privations, they reached their destination, and they were delighted with the upper Pecos, which every good New Mexican regardless as Klein. Soon after their arrival Combs, the guide, was killed by the Comanches, at least he never came back to them, and at the same time the startling news reached them that General Sibley, with a brigade of Texans, had come into the territory and proposed to hold it for the Confederacy.

"The Germans consulted together. They had not bettered their condition by leaving Texas, for the enemy had followed them. After a prayerful consultation of the cows and a careful examination of a map of Old and New Mexico they made up their minds to reload their wagons and go to the latter country. As this was early in 1862 they knew nothing of the designs of the French emperor on the hills of Montezuma.

"They did not think it worth while to be accompanied by the guide, the most powerful of the party, was left. Without hope, yet urged to madness by the thirst that cracked his lips and blackened his swollen tongue and made thirsty every pore of his gaunt form, the poor fellow staggered on. The red sun rose into the coppery sky, mounted to the zenith, then sloped west from the verdureless Pecos, but he saw no sign of relief.

"One night the last of the exiles, his strength all gone and the coming of death the one thing wished for, threw himself on the blistering river bed and raised his red, sand blinded eyes for a last earthly look at the stars. The vision that he saw we must attribute to the condition of his mind, but as he looked a meteor-like star fell from the zenith to the south of the Pecos. The eye blazed like furnaces, and the mouth was like the crater of an active volcano.

"'My friend,' said this figure, 'do you know who I am?'

"'No, no! Water! water,' cried the poor man.

"'I said the specter, 'am the Ghost of the Pecos! Don't you think that in this land it's rather a long time between drinks?'

The colonel sat down after this story, but it was some seconds before the horrified company realized the cruel sell and hateful bluff out of the room.

A MONSTROUS SPECTRAL FIGURE.

"Pull of you, they started off for Mexico, and it was not till they had been traveling for a week that they noticed the cottonwoods had given place to sagebrush and cactus, and that the rich pasture of the upper river were replaced by powdery bunch grass. The water became somewhat saline, the sun poured down blister ing hot from a cloudless, coppery sky. In shimmering waves the radiating heat distorted the landscape, and, in the early morning and after sunset, the mirage appeared with its delusive cities, its pellucid lakes and its purple mountains of the blessed.

"At length there came a day when the current ceased and they found the water only in tepid, brackish pools. Still on and down they pressed, hoping and praying for a sight of the Rio Grande and the Sierras of Old Mexico.

"Then the pools vanished, swallowed up in the parched earth, and they had to dig for water in the arid and dusty bed of the river, at first a foot, then two feet, then one-half their time was spent in digging for water and they were forced to travel at night, for the cows had died or wandered off and the horses and mules looked like parched skeletons.

"Then there came a day when the last of the exhausted animals died. The wagons fell to pieces in the furnace heat, and gaunt, wild eyed women staggered down the bed of the river with their little ones dying on their milkless and shriveled breasts. The women and children and then the old men died one after the other on the blistering banks of the waterless river.

"After this the younger men died, till at length only one, the most powerful of the party, was left. Without hope, yet urged to madness by the thirst that cracked his lips and blackened his swollen tongue and made thirsty every pore of his gaunt form, the poor fellow staggered on. The red sun rose into the coppery sky, mounted to the zenith, then sloped west from the verdureless Pecos, but he saw no sign of relief.

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The colonel sat down after this story, but it was some seconds before the horrified company realized the cruel sell and hateful bluff out of the room.

Worse Than Death.

Until a recent date it was the law in Austria that a woman convicted of a capital offense and condemned to death could be saved, even if on the scaffold, if a single man would come forward and then and there make her his wife.

The women of Vienna are justly celebrated for their beauty, and more than one of the fairest women of the Austrian capital has suffered the death penalty for crimes, usually incited by jealousy, that would shock a band of thugs.

Marie Hartman was employed as governess in the family of a colonel of Hussars. She was wonderfully bright, and in addition she had the rare beauty that comes from a crossing of the Magyar and Teutonic races. Colonel Von Graff was about thirty years of age, rich, handsome and gallant—his adventures in the latter line being excused by his associates, owing to the fact that his wife had been an invalid since the birth of her only child, now a little girl of six.

Forgetting their social difference as well as the marital barrier that separated them, Marie Hartman fell violently in love with the colonel, and although he denied ever having encouraged her passion there were not wanting those who believed that the girl had some reason for believing that her employer preferred her to his invalid wife. But be that as it may, it is very certain that Marie got the idea into her empty but very wicked little head that if Mme. Von Graff were out of the way she would be installed very soon thereafter as the mistress of the colonel's heart and home.

Too impatient to wait for the natural agencies that produce dissolution, Marie determined to become an active ally of Death. She was a great favorite with the invalid lady, and this gave her the opportunity to carry out her plans, which she did with a calmness and a heartlessness to which the annals of crime present but few parallels.

From the time she began administering poison to her mistress till the day that unfortunate lady died was exactly seven weeks, and during that time the change in Madam Von Graff's case puzzled the two most doctors in Vienna, including the physician of his majesty the Emperor Francis Joseph.

While the colonel's free consent an autopsy was held, and then the truth came out. The unfortunate lady had been killed by arsenic. Administered with surprising skill.

It was some time before suspicion pointed to Marie Hartman, and then it pointed unmistakably. The girl was arrested, but displayed a moral obliquity that amazed men whose lives had been devoted to the investigation and punishment of crime.

Even when the evidence was overwhelmingly against her she protested her innocence with a calmness and extremity that astonished the court. She was convicted and sentenced. She broke out with a torrent of profanity and told the judge that she expected to make faces at him when they used in a place warmer than Vienna.

The girl's recklessness and beauty attracted the interest of one of the prison officials, a student named Otto Graff, who was noted for his plain features and professional skill. This interest gradually intensified into love, and Otto Graff offered to accompany his feelings to his friends or to the beautiful criminal.

At length the day set for the execution of Marie Hartman arrived. In the interim between her sentence and execution she refused to see any clergyman, declaring with a laugh, when talked to on the subject, that she had no hope of heaven or fear of hell.

Dr. Trost was at the place of execution, and when he saw the lovely fiend about to mount the scaffold all his dread of what society would say vanished, and urged thereto by his overpowering love, he rushed up to Marie and seized her with his arms about her neck: "Marie, I love you, and I will save you by making you my wife!"

Marie laugh, she looked into the plain, honest face, and asked:

"Must I marry you in order to live?"

"Yes," replied the lover. "Say you will marry me and you will live. The clergyman, who is here to point out the better way, will unite us."

Marie Hartman looked from the earnest, plain faced man to the scaffold: then, shrugging her shoulders, she said:

"One can purchase life at too high a price. I think that if marrying you is the only alternative, I prefer to die."

And with a mocking laugh she mounted the scaffold and died with the least sign of agitation or a pang of penitence.

"Two Quarts and a Pint."

There is today an English actor in the United States, who is winning both fortune and fame, who owes his start in life to his early ignorance and innate honesty. When a lad he was what is known as a "pot boy" in a public house near Covent Garden theater, in London.

A gentleman came in late one evening, and while taking refreshments he ordered the boy to call a hack for him. On reaching home the man missed his pocketbook, containing a large sum of money, a lot of valuable papers, and he believed that he had dropped it in the hack, the number of which he had forgotten. He hastened to the public house early the next morning, and after telling of his loss he asked the boy if he could remember the number of the hack.

The poor youth could neither read nor write and knew nothing about numerals, but he knew the signs by which his employer scored the quarts and pints of porter that were drank at his house, so he called out on the instant

"It was two quarts and a pint, sir!"

111

This was unintelligible to the gentleman till the landlord explained that the boy meant 777.

The hack was soon found, and the driver was forced, somewhat reluctantly, to acknowledge that he had picked up the pocketbook when he went to the stable.

The acuteness of the boy so pleased the gentleman that he sent him to school, where he learned rapidly and soon showed that he had histrionic talents of a high order.

ALFRED R. CALHOUN

THE HOUSEHOLD

WOOD STAINING.

Sunny Yellow, Translucent Blue, Rosy Mahogany and other Hues.

It is astonishing in these days of decoration and home beautifying that so little is known about stains, says the Kansas City Architect and Builder, which proceeds to give the following hints to the ignorant: In the first place all of the transparent colors and some of what are called opaque colors can be used on stains if sufficiently thinned by the use of turpentine. Raw sienna is one of the most useful, and if mixed very thin will give, when varnished, the sunny yellow of yellow pine; and as it does not show dust or footmarks is most useful in a summer cottage.

Prussian blue makes a beautiful stain if mixed very thin with turpentine—when varnished it has all the translucent effect of water. It must be Prussian blue—no other blue will do, and with a very large proportion of turpentine. In fact, it can hardly be mixed too thin. One cannot lay too great stress on the thinning of stains, for that is the great secret of staining—that, and to apply it evenly with the brush—and with due modesty let the writer say that these stains have been pronounced very good by many good judges.

There is one lovely floor in a certain country house of crimson lake; diluted it makes a beautiful rose, deepen it and you have a crimson. Burnt sienna makes almost a perfect mahogany and matches one's old Chippendale pieces admirably. Raw umber makes a very good stain if greatly diluted, and very thin Vandyke brown on Georgia pine has a particularly good effect. On white pine the umber is best. The variation in color of a stain is almost entirely simply on its dilution with turpentine; it should never be mixed.

The walls of one room in a country cottage which was ceiled with Georgia pine are stained with simple diluted white. The delicate line and pink colors of the wood show through the white with an opalescent effect that is charming. The inventor of this decoration has been much amused by people asking how such a result could be produced. It was done simply by adding a little lamp black to the white paint, and after telling of his loss he asked the stain on a wall is prettier and softer without. For a varnish, hard oil finished is satisfactory as anything, and is the cheapest. Put it on just as it comes prepared, and a day and a night will dry it.

A Simple and Pretty Lamp Shade.

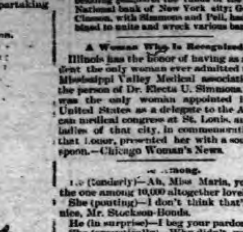
A pretty way to make an inexpensive lamp shade is described in The National Builder: Take pink cheese cloth, wet it thoroughly and then, after it has been doubled several times, twist it until it doubles itself up in a knot. Secure it from untwisting and wipe it dry with a towel and put away to dry. It will take about ten days to dry it thoroughly, during which time it should not be disturbed. On unrolling the cloth it will be found beautifully crushed, and a lamp shade can be made *in the same way as tissue paper by simply* cutting a hole for the chimney in the center of the cloth. The top should be arranged with a high ruching and a broad satin ribbon of exactly the same shade fastening it. A fringe of soft lace makes a beautiful trimming, and the ruche at the top is also improved by a lace edging.

How to Keep the Carving Knife Sharp.

A carving knife needs to have a different kind of an edge from a razor. The steel which ordinarily sharpens a carving knife and fork is very small to give a fine enough touch to the edge, but an ordinary whetstone, such as a reaper uses for his scythe or sickle, is the most useful implement for sharpening a knife. One or two rubs on each side of a knife whets it up mightily, and then two or three licking touches from the steel and the knife is in order for the most delicate execution, says The Industrial World. Carving with proper tools is an easily acquired accomplishment, and the awkwardness of a novice at a table seems awkward, and his evident labor and pain detract from the pleasure those at his table feel in partaking of his good fare.

A Convenient Combination.

Hanging bags or pockets to contain catchalls and for holding shoes, etc., are decorative and convenient that assume variety of fashion many fit the closet pocket represented in the cut needs little description.



A COMBINED BAG AND POCKET.

The foundation of this is a long, straight bag in either plain silk, cashmere or cretonne, edged with lace and set off with a pocket in fancy material, gayly lined and draped with a ribbon rosette, matching the drawstrings.

Banana Jelly.

Make a mold of lemon jelly. Cut bananas in slices and line the bottom and sides of a mold. Pour the jelly in slowly that it may not float the fruit. Keep in ice water until hard. If you have no mold, use a small, round tin pail. Put the sliced bananas on the bottom, then turn in a little jelly, when hard put a row around the sides with space between, and fill the center with bananas and more jelly, enough to cover. Reserve a cupful of jelly, and, when ready to serve, break this up lightly and scatter it over the top.

A Rushing Rhyme Party.

A rushing rhyme party is a very enjoyable entertainment. The hostess provides her guests with a party inconstruction. Pencil, paper and subject must be given each guest; they, at a given signal, begin to write, and at the end of five minutes each must read what he has written. A committee decides on the best production and prizes are awarded accordingly. Another plan is to let the last word of each line *written the guest to fill in the omitted* words. For instance, "night, sing, bright, ring," the last words of four stanza five lines, and the writer must use them in order and yet her lines have sense. The lines produced are in various grades, from the sublime to the ridiculous.

This Date in History—March 11.

1824—Turquate Tasso, Italian poet, born died.

1796—William Hazlitton, British statesman, founder and economist, born in Worcestershire died.

1811—Desperate cavalry battle at Paris, Texas.

1818—General Timothy Patrick Andrews died; born in Ireland in 1760.

1861—Le Vengeur and four other violent journals suppressed in Paris.

1881—Thomas Sumner, statesman, died in Washington city; born in Boston in 1811.

1888—Jacob Sandford Rowden, sculptor and author, died in Ipswich, Mass., aged 81. Rowden was Thaxa resigned as Hungarian prime minister and was succeeded by Count von Szapary.

1891—James A. Simmons found guilty of embezzling $400,000 of the funds of the Ninth National bank of New York city; General Clinton, with Simmons and Pell, had combined to unite and wreck various banks.

A Woman Who Is Recognized.

Illinois has the honor of having as a resident the only woman ever admitted to the Mississippi Valley Medical association in the person of Dr. Electa U. Simmons. She was the only woman appointed in the United States as a delegate to the American medical congress at St. Louis, and the ladies of that city, in commemoration of that honor, presented her with a souvenir spoon.—Chicago Woman's News.

Among.

Ida (tenderly)—Ah, Miss Maria, you are the one among 10,000 altogether lovely.

She (pouting)—I don't think that's a bit nice, Mr. Stockingsoles.

He (in surprise)—I beg your pardon.

She (exegetically)—Why didn't you say one among Four Hundred?—Detroit Free Press.

Turns His Eyes Away.

"Before he married me John said he would love me too well ever to see me build a fire."

"And does he?"

"Yes. He never looks at me when I am building it."—Washington Star.

His Life Work.

Smith—So you are a poet? And may I ask how you make your living?

Rambler—Oh, I win all the fasting competitions at the dime museums.—Jester.

Young in the Business.

"Want do you think of your new governess, Tommy?"

"Oh, she's all right for a beginner, but she'll soon learn."—Boston Post.

1892 MARCH. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 5 9:14 a.m.
Full Moon 13 7:55 a.m.
Third Quarter 21 0:16 a.m.
New Moon 28 8:19 a.m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
J 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 24 6m

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHITES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 840 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg American line will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 9 a. m.

The steamer "Rugia," from New York, March 24, at 11:30 a. m.

The steamers for St. Petersburg leave March 19, April 16, May 7, 28; June 11.

Special rates. Get part culars and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE
AT
AUCTION,
Wednesday, Mar. 23.
A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.
A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E RIDER, Manager.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

CUT THIS OUT.
THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
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Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
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Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Chinese Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others don't think of making, 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 5 cents.
J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes. Fait & Wiberner's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.
Special reduction given in the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Doworth's 3 lbs and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Maker of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

CARPETS!
Largest stock, newest patterns; largest and best 5 piece carpets; lowest prices.
Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 15c.
Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full size, well-made garments, at less prices than cannot be equaled.
Fruit of the Loom—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 6c. Good Yonkalite, at best prints 5c; white blankets, 65c and $1.19 pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Mass. Look out for a full assortment of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.
L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

V. L. PHARES,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
26 West Front Street.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

BEFORE PURCHASING
Your Mount for 1892,
You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on
FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,
WHEELMEN'S :: HEADQUARTERS,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,
and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

$10 SAVED
ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME
Body Brussels Carpet.
THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.
It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.
EDSALL'S!

AUCTION SALE
OF
New and Second Hand Furniture,
AT CAREY'S,
CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON
Friday, March 11th, 1 p. m. Sharp.
Consisting of Oak and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Parlor Suits, Dining-room Chairs, Bedsteads, Extension Tables in Oak and Walnut, and a number of rockers. New Bedding and Rag Carpets; and many other articles.
Terms Cash.
T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

SOMETHING NEW
AT
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.
Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen that new one that we are offering? The fine grade of bargains we have over offered, and you can get a good Toilet Set out, a new one of them. Prices $2.98. See them in our store window.
And, how about a Dinner Set? We are offering a very fine English Porcelain Decorated Set, 100 pieces for $4.75. 'Tis a bargain.
Tea Bottles! Tea! we are after and are going to get it. If you have any information, we have just received 200 cases of new goods, the latest and choicest designs.
We ask special attention to a line of Hemstitched Handkerchiefs that are said to be the best in quality and design and the lowest in price ever offered in Plainfield. Only 25c.
Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 25c., our price 19c. Good Hemstitched Hose, 12½c. Ladies' Balbriggan Hose at 19c. and 25c. Gents' Hose at 12½c. and 19c. and Tan Socks, same as you usually pay 50c. for; our price 25c.
Our sale of fine grocery lines were still continues. This is the time for us to save you money, and you may be sure about the same price that you pay for other goods.
Van Emburgh & White.

MASKS : :
: : : MASKS
ALL KINDS
and Prices.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,
40 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

PELTON
Water : Motors.
CHEAPEST TO
Buy and Operate!
LAWN SEEDS
and Fertilizers.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Hardware, Plumbing
and Tinwork.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS
PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—20 East Front street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Long Dog 2. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST, SATURDAY, MARCH 12, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MORE NEW AVENUES.

MR. JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON'S LATEST INVESTMENT.

The Esterbrooke Property Purchased. To be Cut Up Into Boulevards, Have Handsome Dwellings Erected, and Otherwise Improved.

John Taylor Johnston has purchased the Esterbrooke property on Mountain avenue for $95,000 which is considered but about half its value.

The property comprises thirty-two acres fronting on Mountain and Belmont avenues, commanding a fine view of the mountain.

Mr. Johnston has had maps prepared, laying out the property into boulevards and proposes during the coming season to erect a number of tasty modern $6,000 to $8,000 dwellings. The work of clearing the ground has been already begun. Mr. Johnston, it appears, was led into the project by the success of the one which resulted in the creation of Sandford avenue with its numerous beautiful structures a few years ago.

That this will gives one of the most beautiful views to be had about Plainfield, and if terraced to the avenue as spoken of would be exceedingly picturesque.

There has been a rumor afloat for some time of a syndicate of New York capitalists arranging for an electric railway to run from Bound Brook, along the vicinity of Mountain avenue, being the most direct route along the base of the mountain connecting Newark and the Oranges, and New York, the idea being to boom the mountain property for people who wish to reside out of New York.

A syndicate was incorporated in this State a few weeks ago with objects, as declared, similar to the above, but whether this is the company or not cannot be ascertained. This sort of a rumor comes up every year or so with more or less detail, and, where there is so much smoke it is reasonable to presume that there is some fire. When some definite action is taken it will probably find its way to our columns.

BREVITIES.

—The drivers of the various fire engines of the city have procured new uniforms.

—Mr. E. L. Bonny will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4.15 p. m.

—The entire stock of the Pierson Hardware Company is being sold at cost, as advertised elsewhere. Genuine bargains may be secured.

—It was reported that Mr. Jeremiah Rowe of North Plainfield had fractured one of his legs by slipping from a wagon. The report is false.

—There will be a special musical service at the church of the Holy Cross to-morrow afternoon. The music sung will be of high character.

—According to the New York papers this morning a caboose standing on the track at Bound Brook was blown down the embankment by the wind storm yesterday.

—A Lehigh Valley brakeman named Deitz had three fingers crushed while coupling cars at South Plainfield Tuesday morning. He was taken to Bound Brook and Dr. David Davis amputated the injured fingers.

—A pigeon-blood Oriental ruby is the most costly gem in the world. A five-caret ruby of this kind is worth ten times as much as a five-caret first water Brazilian diamond, which is the most precious species of diamond in the world.

—To-morrow, both morning and evening the First Baptist church people, will have the privilege of hearing the Rev. H. F. Barnes of the Fairmount avenue Baptist church of Newark. The Rev. Dr. Yerkes will exchange pulpits and preach in Mr. Barnes' church.

—Mr. George Bickert of North Plainfield desires us to contradict the statement to the effect that he furnished THE NEWS reporter with the information that Eugene Hoerster had received a number of cases of whiskey. The reporter got his information elsewhere.

—The McAll Auxiliary has secured the Rev. Samuel H. Anderson, of Paris, one of the most earnest workers in the McAll Mission, to speak in the interest of that work at the Congregational church, Tuesday evening, March 15, at 8 o'clock. The auxiliary extend a cordial invitation to everyone.

—Mr. Eugene Hoerster says that the liquor which he received Thursday reached him ahead of time, as it was forwarded to Jersey City until after he got his license and that it is not now even in Union county, but Somerset county, and is not for sale, until after he gets a license.

—That clean and jolly play, "The Old Homestead," seems to have the drawing power of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," judging from the crowds that witnessed it last night, when it was presented for the second or third time in Plainfield. Many of the audience were compelled to stand, every seat being filled.

—The fire loss of Mrs. Ruthletts Drake of North Plainfield, March 3d, has been adjusted by the American Insurance company of Newark, for which their agent, H. M. Dunham. The amount paid is the second yesterday was eleven hundred and fifty dollars. This old agency is well known for its prompt payments.

THE DOG DECLARED MAD

RIB—STOMACH FOUND DISTENDED WITH WOOD, DIRT, STRAW, AND PAPER.

Miss Titsworth's Wounds from the Dog Pronounced not Dangerous—Mr. Van Zandt is to Danger.

Ernest Van Zandt, of Crescent avenue, and 11-year old Ethel Titsworth of Seventh street, the two persons were bitten by the rabid bulldog which ran loose in this city Thursday, as reported in THE NEWS at the time, put themselves under the care of Dr. Paul Gibier of the Pasteur Institute, West Tenth street, New York. The body of the dog was taken to Dr. Gibier for examination. The doctor said to a Sun reporter yesterday:

"I do not anticipate any trouble from the girl's case. The thick coat which she wore protected her to a great extent, and although the dog's teeth entered the skin it is probable that most, if not all, of the virus was taken off by the cloth which the teeth had to penetrate before reaching the skin. Miss Titsworth will be inoculated with the virus daily for thirty days.

"Was the dog really rabid? Undoubtedly. The fact that it attacked animals and people without provocation would go far to show this, but I found stronger proof when I cut open the body. The stomach was full to distention of all kinds of foreign substances, splinters of wood, dirt, straw, bits of paper and string, and other substances which no sane dog would swallow. This is an almost unfailing test of rabies. We shall know certainly before long, however, for I shall inoculate a live dog and some rabbits with virus taken from the body of the bulldog."

"Mr. Van Zandt is in more danger, although in his case, as in the girl's, the prompt cauterization of the wounds did much to eliminate the danger. The dog seized on his bare hand, and the wounds are much deeper than the girl's wounds. The young man will be inoculated forty times, once a day. There is little or no irritation consequent upon this inoculation and neither of the patients will be incommoded by it.

There are also at the Pasteur Institute, under treatment, Mrs. G. A. Bull of Alabama, sister of a Commissioner, and her little boy. The boy was bitten severely by a ferocious dog. The mother sucked the wound, and having a slight cut in her lip was herself as badly poisoned as the boy.

Four patients were discharged yesterday as cured: Oliver Conlin and Frederick Call of Elizabeth, who were bitten by their master about two weeks ago; Samuel Hall, who came from Virginia with a badly lacerated leg twenty days ago, and Stanley Shoemaker of South Carolina, who was bitten by a mad cat.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Charles B. Mitchell of Grove street has gone to Pittsburg for a month's visit.

Mrs. Susaun Chambettas was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Obitz of North Plainfield yesterday. Mrs. Chambettas has just returned from the West and expects to start in a short time for Europe.

Mr. A. B. Duplap of this city starts Monday for Ponta Rassa, Florida. Mr. Duplap is an enthusiastic and proverbially successful follower of Izaak Walton, and hopes to have the pleasure of catching at least one of those gamiest of fish, the tarpon, in his three weeks' stay in Florida.

The marriage of Miss Taylor Johnston, daughter of Mr. John Taylor Johnston, of Plainfield, whose winter residence is at No. 8 Fifth avenue, and Mr. Pierre Mali, the Vice-Consul to Belgium, whose engagement has just been announced, will take place on April 20. The ceremony will be solemnized in the picture gallery of the Johnston house. A temporary altar will be set up and before it the Rev. Dr. Rylance, rector of St. Mark's Church, will perform the marriage ceremony. A large reception will follow and a wedding dinner for the bridal party. Mr. Mali belongs to one of the oldest families in Belgium. He is the eldest son of Judge Mali, who died at his home in Verrieres shortly after a visit to this country nearly fifteen years ago. The bridegroom elect, who is 36 years old, has been in New York about 12 years. He acts as Vice-Consul to Belgium. His uncle, Mr. Charles Mali, of Brooklyn, being the Consul. He is a member of the Union and Tuxedo clubs. Mr. Mali is at present in Belgium, but is expected to arrive in New York in about a fortnight. Mr. Mali's grandfather was one of the chief counsellor's to the King of Belgium.

Amateur Base Ball.

The Unions of Grant avenue have organized their ball team this year with the following players: " Geo. Bolsterli, catcher; Fred Coverly, pitcher; M. S. Sutphen, first base; James Penny, second base; G. E. Firstbrook, third base; F. Farley, short stop; Bertram Tallamy, centre field; Chas. Rice, right field; C. Sutphen, left field.

The Unions will play any team not over 15 years of age in Plainfield, Garner may be arranged by addressing James Penny, captain, No. 9 Manson place, Plainfield, N. J.

Mail Robbery.

A mail pouch was picked up along the Philadelphia road near Weston early yesterday morning, and taken to Bound Brook. A slit was cut in the bottom of it and as it was empty the officials presume it was robbed of its contents and dropped off from the Washington mail car, which passes East through here at 2.30 a. m. The affair will be investigated.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Captain Geo. D. Morrison will speak at Reform Hall Sunday evening.

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. H. J. Carroll.

Major W. D. W. Miller will speak at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

The young men's meeting will be held as usual at the Y. M. C. A. at 4.15 p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. All men are welcome.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

Devotional services of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday in Reform Hall at 9 15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. The pastor, the Rev. K. P. Ketcham will preach.

Services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 7.30, 8.30, 9.45 and 10.45 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

The usual gospel services will be held at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening and an interesting speaker has been secured.

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. C. A. Goodrich pastor, morning service at 10.30. Sunday-school at 2.45 p. m. C. E. meeting at 4.30 p. m.

There will be the usual meetings in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Richardson, pastor. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All seats free at the evening service.

All men are invited to the song service to be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. Mr. J. D. Shearman of Goldsboro will speak and the boys' choir will sing.

There will be special music and short talks by young men at the meeting to be conducted by Mr. E. L. Bonny at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. All men are invited.

Warren Hickman. Sunday-school at 2.30. Preaching services at 7.30. Devotional services at eight o'clock. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. All are invited to attend.

First Unitarian church, Second place. The pastor Rev. Hobart Clark will preach. Services at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 11.45 a. m. All seats free and the public cordially invited.

Service will be held in the German church on Crotty place, North Plainfield to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and at eight o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m. Society service Wednesday at 7.30 p. m.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck at 10.30 a. m. The pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed D. D. will preach at 7.45 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.

Church of the Holy Cross the Rev. T. Logan Murray, D. D. rector. Celebration of the Holy Communion at 8.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Even song at 4.30 p. m. our special monthly musical service.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach at 10.30 a. m. the last sermon in a series of four sermons on the resurrection. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Epworth League at 6.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. Hurlbut.

Monroe Avenue Chapel. Sunday-school at three p. m. At eight p. m. the pastor Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach. At this service new members will be received into the church. The ordinance of baptism will be administered, and the Holy Eucharist will be celebrated.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. Rev. Dr. L. S. Dills will preach in exchange with the pastor. The Sabbath-school will meet at 2.30 p. m. In the evening at 7.30 the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck will preach. Subject: "Manhood in the Market."

First church of Christ. Preaching at 10.30. Forty Sunday-school at 11.45. Sunday-school at 2.30. Baptism at Park avenue church at five p. m. Right hand of fellowship at 7.30. Rev. A. G. Wilson will speak at eight o'clock. Ladies prayer meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

The services in St. Joseph's church, Manning avenue, North Plainfield, during Lent will be as follows: Low mass at 6.30 and high mass at 10.30 a. m. Vespers at 3 p. m., and vesper service at 8 p. m. Week day service at 7.30 a. m. Lenten services every Wednesday and Friday evening at eight o'clock.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman rector. March 13th Second Sunday in Lent. Sunday-school at 9.30. Holy Communion at 10.30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Evening prayer at 7.45 p. m. Short service and sermon. The sermon on Thursday evening will be delivered by Rev. W. Jay Gardner, of Orange.

Church of Our Saviour, Nethersted, Rev. S. P. Simpson officiating. Second Sunday in Lent. Holy Communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany, and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Evening prayer at 8.45 p. m. One free stage leaves railroad station on North avenue every Sunday morning for the church at 10.30 a. m. Another to Rose Park. Returns to Plainfield at the conclusion of the service.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., special service of prayer for God's blessing upon the services of the day; 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. preaching by the Rev. H. F. Barnes; 3.30 p. m., the Sunday-school and young people's meeting; 7.30 p. m. Weekly appointments at 3 p. m., as follows: Monday, the Bible Normal class, conducted by the pastor; Tuesday, young people's meeting; Friday, prayer meeting of the Young People's League. All, especially the young, are invited to these services.

Taken to the Asylum.

The man who was taken into custody by Special Policeman Sharmer as reported in yesterday's NEWS was declared insane by the physicians yesterday and committed to Dr. Grant took him to the Morris Plains asylum.

IT PASSED THE SENATE

THE BILL LEGALIZING THE READING DEAL GOES THROUGH.

Great Excitement and Bitter Opposition.—No One Speaks in Favor of It. What the Result is Likely to be.

The bill to legalize the Reading deal is now in the hands of Gov. Abbett, and his approval of the measure is a foregone conclusion. The fight of the Reading, Lehigh Valley, and New Jersey Central companies to put the bill through the Senate was the sharpest ever witnessed. The clearest lobbyists of the Pennsylvania Railroad company were here to influence the Senate against the bill. Not one of them got a wink of sleep Thursday night, so busy were they in the rooms of the Senators.

Senator Gardner spoke bitterly against the bill. He said: This railroad deal was a matter so gigantic that it constituted a menace to the State and foundation of society, because it was in opposition to the tendencies of modern sentiment, discussion, and legislation. If there were any arguments in favor of the bill, he did not know what they were. None had been made. The value of the coal stocks had increased since the consummation of this deal. Their intrinsic worth was no greater, but through the deal Reading's income will be increased $6,000,000 annually. Where was this money to come from? Could any living man point out more than one source—the people, the consumers of coal? Opposition might, with equal justice, pass a bill assessing the people annually to the extent of $6,000,000.

No one spoke for the bill at this passed by the following vote: Yeas:—Adrain, Bedle, Berbey, Barrett, Butcher, Cassidy, Hinchliffe, Hudspeth, Marsh, Martin, McMickle, Miller, Pelkins (Dems.,) Fowler (Rep.) Nays—Cranmer, Gardner, Rogers, Rue (Rep.) Winton (D-m.)—5.

Governor Abbett nominated the following for riparian commissioners: Willard C. Fish and Augusta A. Beide, of Hudson; Miles Ross, of Middlesex, and Alvin P. Hilbreth, of Cape May county. All were confirmed.

PAY GRUDGES WITH BULLETS.

Plainfield's Boy Bandits Make Free Use of Fire Arms.

A number of Plainfield boys will probably be arrested. Several of the band are sons of prominent citizens. The boys have a rendezvous near the Grant avenue station of the Central Railroad. Several days ago they began to arm themselves and all carry fire-arms, chiefly revolvers. The free use of the fire-arms has recently resulted in loss of life several time.

While a young woman from out of town was driving on Second street Thursday one of the young men deliberately fired a revolver at her on several times. It is said he had a grudge against her brother.

Several nights ago the windows on one side of the Monroe Street Public School were shattered with pistols by the band. A young man living in the neighborhood who saw the shooting reported the identity of the miscreants, and, when they were arrested through his arrest, their parents bushed up the matter by paying damages. The gang found out who had informed on them, and a night or two ago when he was driving home in the road, his buggy top was riddled with bullets. He escaped serious injury and possibly death by crouching in the bottom of the vehicle, and the bullets went over his head. He says he knows the names of all who assaulted him, and their arrest is expected.

An anonymous communication has been received, stating that the above is not true.

The police know nothing about it.

Somerset Commissioners of Deeds.

The following are the Commissioners of Deeds elected for Somerset county by the joint meeting of the Legislature Wednesday.

Bernards—Theodore Allen, Frank B. Bowman.

Bridgewater—Joshua Doughty, Jr. Christopher D. Bogert, Jr. Bound Brook—Borough of Bound Brook—Robert R. LaMonte.

Franklin—Garretson Hagaman, Ayers Codington, Edgar T. Barcelow, William I. Bastedo.

North Plainfield—William B. Matthison, Stewart C. Sharon.

—The belief lately discussed that great battles are foll.wed by great rains is very old. After describing the battle in which Marius defeats the barbarians at Aquæ Sextiæ, Plutarch says: "It is observed, indeed, that extraordinary rains generally fall after great battles; whether it be that some deity chooses to wash and purify the earth with those showers above, or whether the blood and corruption, by the moist and heavy vapors they emit, thicken the air, which is thus apt to be altered by the smallest cause."

A Surprise.

MRS. ELLIS—"Have you heard about my parrot?"

Visitor—"No! what was he?"

MRS. ELLIS—"Why, I gave a price in the paper written by a lady, who said she had lost her parrot. I answered the letter, and sent and found it such a thing for talking that I bought it myself. The first day I had it I took the cage out into the garden, and left it there while I went indoors. Presently I heard a voice in the garden, and I went out to see who it was. There was no one to be seen, but I heard a voice say, 'Pretty Poll, pretty Poll, how are you?' I went back to the house and sat down, and I never have to give a thought to my parrot now."—[Novel Library.

Visitor—"Did you find the name of your parrot?"

MRS. ELLIS—"Oh, yes! I found out that it was a cockatoo."—[Novel Library.

Visitor—"Did you find out the name of your parrot?"

MRS. ELLIS—"Well, yes! I found out that it was a cockatoo."—[Novel Library.

MRS. ELLIS—"Well, you made a great mistake. I can assure you my parrot is a hen."—[Novel Library.

Visitor—"Did you find out the name of your parrot?"

MRS. ELLIS—"Well, yes! I found out that it was

EDITORIAL NOTES

Commissioners from France, Italy and Sweden respectively will aid the commissioners, two each, from Great Britain and United States, in settling the vexed Behring sea seal question. This is very much better than having a fuss and jingo talk.

The champion sewing machine has apparently been invented. It will stitch easily and quickly through layers of leather five-eighths of an inch thick, will sew together two layers of maple wood, the whole being three-eighths of an inch thick. After having accomplished this it finishes off the test by stitching through a ¼-inch piece of brass laid between two layers of leather. By and by perhaps we shall stitch the walls of a house together.

Many an enterprising young debater is making just what is meant by the term "free silver." Well, free silver, as is understood by those who are advocating it, means the privilege of taking silver bullion to the United States mints and having it made into standard coins free of charge. This is what is done with gold now. But under the present silver law the owner of silver bullion sells it to the government at so much per ounce. The government pays him for the silver and either coins it into dollars or issues silver certificates that represent its value. This is the present difference in the bases on which gold and silver coinage stand before the law.

Fortunate Philadelphia.

A bequest of Mrs. Anna H. Wilstach leaves the city of Philadelphia richer by $2,000,000. The bequest is not all in money, but one million is in pictures and a rare art collection, which will enrich Philadelphia even more than a million of money would do. Besides this, the schools, hospitals, churches, and almost every benevolent institution in the city were remembered in the will of this public spirited lady. At the time of her husband's death he left an estate worth $2,000,000. Mrs. Wilstach had also a fortune of her own. She never touched a dollar of the money Mr. Wilstach left, but devoted herself to increasing it. She lived off her own means and managed her husband's estate so wisely and well that she increased it to $5,000,000. Happy the sums she was able to bestow for public purposes.

It is coming to be recognized generally that a very wealthy person owes it to his fellow citizens to do something for them, especially if he has gained his wealth in their midst. There is an immense field for such munificence in every town and city of the country. Parks, art collections, opera and clubhouses, libraries, scientific laboratories, scholarships for social and political economists, where men may have leisure to study the problems that now crowd mankind for solution—all these are open to the public spirited individual. Bequests to the state agricultural stations, which are doing so much to forward the leading industry of the country, will work good. At any rate it is a thoroughly sound principle that the rich man must do something for the public. The poorest way to discharge this obligation, however, is to give money in that kind of downright charity which tends to increase pauperism.

Pensions for the Aged.

An idea which seems at last to be favorably regarded even in England is that of state pensions for men and women who have passed the age of sixty-five. Mr. Charles Booth has formulated out of his own head a plan which he thinks will fit all cases and make poor old people comfortable. Bismarck's scheme provided for raising this pension by deducting a small sum weekly from the wages of workingmen through youth and middle age. Mr. Booth would not do this, but would have the amount raised by general taxation for the old age pension fund.

On his estimate $1.25 a week would support each old person from the age of sixty-five till his or her death. This estimate is based on prices of living as they now are. If they should rise from any cause, then the pension would be insufficient, which is one of the chief objections to the scheme. Another is that it would take $85,000,000 a year out of the British treasury. Then, too, if the rascally political methods that British statesmen are pleased to believe are chiefly confined to the United States should ever come uppermost in her majesty's realm—which heaven forbid!—then these methods might be employed to increase the pensions for the purpose of increasing votes for one party or the other.

These pointers show a snare and a danger whichever way one turns in considering the subject of pensioning old people in the United Kingdom. On the whole the American way is best—pay working people such good wages that they can lay aside a little yearly for the time when they shall be too old to labor, then encourage them by all possible means to join building societies, co-operative savings banks, etc., and lay up enough themselves to take care of themselves. A training to habits of thrift and good business sense is worth all the old age pensions ever advocated.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Henry Watterson Out Against Cleveland's Candidacy.

AND CALLS ON HIM TO WITHDRAW.

The Kentucky Editor Says the Democratic Party Will Commit Political Suicide if It Puts the Ex-President at the Head of the Presidential Ticket.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Henry Watterson calls upon Grover Cleveland to withdraw from the struggle for the presidential nomination. The editor of The Louisville Courier-Journal thinks the Democratic party would commit political suicide if it were to place Cleveland at the head of the ticket. He believes that Hill has done his personal grave digging in New York, and regards the chasm between the ex-president and the senator as being far too wide to bridge.

Mr. Watterson, before he left Chicago for Louisville, said: "I have never indulged myself much in here worship; any good Democrat whom the national convention may see fit to nominate will suit me. If I had to put a man in the White House, he would be Mr. Carlisle. I regard him as the best equipped Democrat in public life. Placing him aside, anybody will suit me, if he does not come from New York. The factions there have made the nomination of any New Yorker impossible. Governor Hill has killed Mr. Cleveland, and in doing so has, I think, killed himself.

"The nomination must come west or go to Massachusetts, Pennsylvania or Maryland. If we could not elect Mr. Cleveland in 1888, when he was in the White House with the power of all the outer forms and shows of harmony in the state of New York, what chance would we have against the present vehement opposition? Mr. Cleveland made a good president. In great affairs he has many of the elements of a great man. I am sincerely his friend.

Not the Only Moses.

"But I must contest, and sometimes feel like resenting the notion that he is our sole, our only and most original Moses in the matter of tariff reform. Mr. Cleveland allowed two years of his old administration to pass before he declared himself. When other Democrats were struggling with the demons of darkness he was passive and silent. When he did speak out he spoke well, but he was so skeptical of the issue he had himself precipitated he sent Mr. Gorman and the late William L. Scott to St. Louis with a cut and dried platform, ignoring his own message, ignoring the Mills Bill, and reasserting as the party law the straddle we had made in Chicago.

"I do not mean to impeach or criticise Mr. Cleveland in the least. He is as good a tariff reformer as I am, but he is no better than half a dozen who have an equal claim with him to the public confidence. In the face of the New York schism it seems to me nomination would be sheer suicide, and I have so much respect for his sense of dignity and honor that I take it for granted that he will, in due time, withdraw his name."

"Do you think Senator Palmer is too old?"

"Why, what is the matter with Gladstone or Bismarck. No, certainly not. He is an excellent man, and if there are no stalwarts in his record would make an excellent candidate. So would Governor Boies, of Iowa. So would Governor Hoard or Governor Patterson or Mr. Gorman do if we decide to go east. The woods are full of admirable possibilities."

Senator Hill's Southern Tour Extended.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Senator Hill will visit Savannah, after all, and will be present at the banquet in that city on the 17th. He was impelled today, by the strong pressure brought to bear, to reconsider his previous determination to simply go to Jackson and return, making a speech on his way back at Birmingham, Ala.

A delegation from Charlotte, N. C., called on him at the senate and were presented by Senators Ransom and Vance. They called to ask Mr. Hill to deliver the address in that city on the 20th of May, the anniversary of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence. He accepted the invitation in a few very pleasant remarks.

Holman in the Field.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Representative Holman, of Indiana, is a candidate for the presidential nomination, and his friends are at work trying to secure for him the support of the Indiana delegation. He has made no public declaration on the subject, but some of his intimate friends in Congress know what his hopes are and expect to see his name go before the Chicago convention.

The Third Party Movement.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In an interview with the representative of The National Democrat Colonel Polk, editor of the National Alliance, declared unequivocally for the third party movement. He said that he expected to be nominated for vice president at the Omaha convention in July.

Joseph Francis Ninety-one.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 12.—Joseph Francis, who is known all over the world through his invention of life saving appliances, among which are the Francis metallic lifeboat, and the corrugated metallic life car for the rescue of the shipwrecked, attained his ninety-first year today. He was the founder of the American Shipwreck Society in 1848.

A Paper Sued and Attached.

NEW HAVEN, March 12.—Ex-Commissioner Harry Leigh, of the board of public works, has sued The Union for libel, claiming $7,500 damages. The property of the newspaper was attached pending the outcome of the suit.

General Steele Dying.

ORANGE, N. J., March 12.—Brigadier General Dudley S. Steele, commanding the First brigade, National Guard, New Jersey, a dying from a complication of diseases.

The Bay State Shakes.

BOSTON, March 12.—Distinct earthquake shocks occurred at Gloucester, Marblehead, Wenham, Hamilton, Danvers, Salem and other points in the state.

Perished in the Flames.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., March 12.—The house of Jacob Cronk, a wealthy citizen, eighty years of age, was burned and Mr. Cronk perished in the flames.

Professor Remsen Declines.

BALTIMORE, March. 12.—Dr. Ira Remsen, professor of chemistry in the Johns Hopkins university, has declined the Chicago university call.

Jay May Drive Him Mad.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 12.—James Fear, who was acquitted on the charge of killing John Long, is almost insane from joy.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Abolition of the Death Penalty Bill Rejected Yesterday.

ALBANY, March 12.—In the senate the annual supply bill was reported. Judiciary is a thanking and reconsideration for adjourning. The total is about $2,000,000, which is a little larger than that of last year because of extra appropriations for hospitals and asylums.

Mr. Saxton introduced and sent to a third reading the concurrent resolution providing for a constitutional amendment whereby all contested seat cases shall be taken from the senate and assembly and given over to the courts. The same resolution is a special order in the senate next Monday night.

The finance committee introduced and had passed a bill to expend $25,000 on improvements to the executive mansion by the erection of an engine and boiler house, stables and other outbuildings.

Senator Smith introduced a bill to prohibit all disposition of human bodies except by burial. It is directed against the system of cremation. It also prevents embalming except by consent of relatives.

The Dalmiglied bill, to provide for the cleaning of streets in New York city under the block system, which is the one prepared by the mayor's advisory commission, was passed by the assembly.

Mr. Wood's bill providing for the abolition of the death penalty was reported favorably to the house.

The assembly adjourned just as it ran up against the greater New York bill on its calendar, and only touched that important measure lightly by voting to make it a special order for next Tuesday morning.

FASHIONS

From Paris

WHAT THE SUMMER WILL BRING.

Already the summer costumes are being designed, and one can see the direction the fashion is taking from the cut which is the first one shown. The colors of this gown are somewhat eccentric, the skirt being of palest blue cashmere, while the draped bodice is trimmed with white lace and has sleeves of amber plush. Round the waist there is an embroidery of gold and turquoise. The large hat is of soft straw, trimmed with amber-colored nigrettes and dark ruby velvet.

Inhumanity to a Child.

PEORIA, Ills., March 12.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Petty have been arrested on a charge of cruelty to a little girl. They forced her to peddle, and, according to the child's story, if she did not sell a certain amount, tied her up by the thumbs and severely beat her. Then they would burn her arms and legs with a red hot poker and rub salt into the sores.

Women's Relief Corps Officers.

BUFFALO, March 12.—The Women's Relief corps elected the following officers: Department president, Miss Ida M. Putnam, of Buffalo; senior vice president, Mrs. Harriet A. Lathrop, of Syracuse; junior vice president, Mrs. Harriet Howard, of Watertown; treasurer, Mrs. Kate L. Gledhill, of Albany; chaplain, Mrs. Mary Andres, of Troy.

Rev. John Jasper to Wed Again.

RICHMOND, March 12.—The famous colored preacher, Rev. John Jasper, exponent of "the sun do move" theory, announces that in a few days he will wed his third wife. The preacher, who is eighty years old, says his daughter and her husband were plotting against his life, and he wants a wife because he needs a housekeeper.

William's Firm Mazd.

BERLIN, March 12.—A whole edition of The Beobachter, containing reprint of The Times' leaders on the riots and the emperor, has been confiscated, and 700 persons are being prosecuted in the empire for lese majeste.

Germany Pardons Treber.

BERLIN, March 12.—Mr. John Treber, a citizen of Deadwood, S. D., has been pardoned. Mr. Treber visited Germany some months since and was implicated charged with having violated the military laws of that country.

A Priest Suspended.

ST. LOUIS, March 12.—Rev. C. Kuhnen, business manager of Church Progress, a Catholic weekly of this city, has been suspended from exercising his priestly functions by Bishop Ryan, of Alton.

He Murdered a School Teacher.

BARRIE, Ont., March 12.—Fifteen years to the penitentiary is the sentence imposed by Judge Wright upon J. Marshal Rye, the aged murderer of School Teacher John J. Winslow, of Charles county.

The Indiana Sighted.

LONDON, March 12.—The American steamer Indiana, which sailed from Philadelphia for Russia with a cargo of provisions for the famine sufferers, has been sighted off the outer Hebrides islands.

The Balance in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Since the 1st of March receipts and expenditures have run about even, there being today a net balance in the treasury of more than $61,000,000.

OVER A HUNDRED DEAD.

Men and Women Buried Alive in a Belgian Coal Mine.

SALISBURY MEETS WITH DEFEAT.

The Government Beaten by a Majority of Five on the Members Railroad Bill—A French Judge Threatened with Death and His House Wrecked by Dynamite.

BRUSSELS, March 12.—An accident occurred in a colliery near Charleroi which it is feared will result in great loss of life. Three hundred miners and a large number of women were employed in the colpit, when there was a terrific explosion of firedamp, followed at short intervals by two others. The effect of the explosion was terrific. The cage and the ventilator at the mouth of the pit were shattered. The destruction of the ventilator adds an element of great danger to the situation. The men, it say, who survived the shock of the explosion are likely to meet their death from the choke damp, as with the destruction of the ventilator it is impossible to rid the mine of the gases.

The place at which the explosions occurred is in the second gallery, 500 yards below the surface, and work at this depth is difficult and dangerous. Volunteers were hastily organized and let down in a cage. When half way down on the first trip the further caving of the shaft frightened them and they returned. Five of the ten men refused to go down again as the mine was flooding rapidly, they said, and the loosened sides of the shaft threatened to fall in and bury them.

The other five made the second trip and reached the mouth of the second gallery. There they found a few men who were nearest the shaft when the fire explosion occurred. These miners had run for their lives, but had been caught at the entrance by falling timbers. All had broken bones and three were so dreadfully scalded in the wreck that the rescue party dared not wait to extricate them. Five of the wounded were brought up on the second trip, and two others and five dead were brought up on the third.

The Work of Rescue.

The rescued men say that twenty-five of the miners still imprisoned are women. There are about 300 in all still to be accounted for. It is thought that those nearest the first caving in the gallery may be rescued alive. Those further from the entrance of the gallery have probably been suffocated before this and if not will die before they can be reached.

The work has been set back twice by the caving of great blocks of soil and stone from the sides of the wrecked shaft, and since the third cave in it has been extremely difficult to get volunteers for the work of rescue. The superintendent of the mine twice went down to the bottom himself and says that the chances would be four to one against him if he went lower. A fourth body of rescuers was organized and they made the descent with many misgivings.

They succeeded, however, and cleared away the debris at the entrance of the gallery and found twenty-five dead bodies, five of them women. Most of the bodies were terribly mutilated. Others showed but a few fractures of the limbs. Death had been caused apparently by suffocation. This rescue party again bravely returned to the gallery and have not yet returned.

The loss of life will number at least 150 souls.

SALISBURY MEETS DEFEAT.

The Government Beaten by Five Votes on the Members Railway Bill.

LONDON, March 12.—The government was defeated by a vote of 154 to 149 in the house of commons yesterday on the question of the cancellation of certain votes for the survey appropriation for the proposed Mombasa railway in Africa.

John Gordon Swift MacNeill, anti-Parnellite member for South Donegal, moved that the names of William Abraham, Bartlett-Burdett-Coutts, Conservative for Westminster; Lieutenant General Sir Lewis Pelly, Constitutionalist for North Hackney, and Sir John Henry Puleston, Conservative for Devonport, be canceled on the list of members voting for the survey appropriation.

His reason in making the motion, he explained, was that the gentlemen named were pecuniarily interested in the British Africa company, for whose benefit the proposed railway was projected. Most of Mr. Hynnan would be built, if built at all. All three gentlemen were directors and considerable stockholders in the company in question.

The motion was supported by Mr. Gladstone and Sir William Harcourt, and was opposed by Mr. Balfour. After a long discussion it was carried by a vote of 154 to 149. The announcement of the vote was greeted with loud cheers by the opposition.

The result is regarded as a defeat of the government, which has fostered the Mombasa railroad scheme in every detail from its inception, and has let it be known that it intended to stand or fall by the decision of the house on the bill for the appropriation of the survey.

DYNAMITE IN PARIS.

Judge Benoist's Life Threatened and His House Blown to Pieces.

PARIS, March 12.—A dynamite bomb was exploded with terrific effect at the house partially occupied by Judge Benoist, of the magistrates who sentenced the St. Denis anarchists. Ever since the trial he has been annoyed by anonymous letter writers, who have warned him that he was about to be killed. Finally he received a note which said: "You have betrayed the cause of liberty. You are in league with the oppressors of the proletariat. You have condemned innocent men and your hours are numbered."

There was a ring at Benoist's door and the hall porter answered it. He opened the door half way, but before he could see outside the bomb exploded. The force threw him back thirty feet and M. Benoist's valet was hurled against the opposite wall of the room. The door, doorcase and all the adjoining woodwork in the house were torn out. Almost everything in M. Benoist's apartments was demolished. The walls of all the floors in the building were seamed, the plastering fell, blown from all the ceilings and windows 200 yards from the house were shattered. M. Benoist was not injured. Other occupants of the house received only trivial wounds. Although there were many people in the street when the explosion took place, nobody could be found who had seen any one ring M. Benoist's bell. There have been no arrests yet.

Blackmailer Murdered Sentenced.

LONDON, March 12.—Blackmailer Francis Martland Moreland, the sixty-five year old Oxford tutor, has been sentenced to prison for ten years at hard labor.

Is this pie delicious? "Better made it in 20 Minutes"

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is *Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.*

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

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CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, the yard, worth 15c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-cut and well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 8c. Good bleached sheets, best prints, 5c; white blankets, 50c and $1.19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring sale. Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

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Dealer in all kinds of

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Do not forget the number.

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SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental store furniture to order.

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LIVERMORE'S, the Tailor,

No. 18 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Banjos, Fancy Boxes, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

NEW GOODS

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE REP TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for sun coal, which he confidently believes enables him to furnish coal that is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONESDALE COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROSIN AND RESINED SIZING.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Tarring and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CRANE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkeman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

EITHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

18 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. HUMPHREY.

A postal addressed to Box 99 North Plainfield will receive prompt attention. 21y

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM

FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

23 East Second street, corner Walnut.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of Stone

Light Blue Color.

Reference:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

76 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

REED CHAIR AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business recently conducted by him as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

Having newly refitted the entire establishment with improved machinery, I am now prepared to do work in a manner that cannot be excelled for neatness and quickness, and at prices as low as the cheapest. Orders left at my office, corner of Park avenue and Second street, will receive prompt attention.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E., Engineer of the Fanwood Union County Road System. Special attention given to surveys, laying out sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,

Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office, 2 Park place, Plainfield. Money to loan on approved real estate security.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Assistant, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 20 and 21. Improved and Tropical Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Were quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Yards and cesspools can be cleaned at short notice. Office, 9 Front street. Residence, 17 Second street. Orders left at Post Office, Garde's and Field Portfolioes, P. O. box 605. Telephone No. 8.

"The Very Best"

is our rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Bakery and canned Home goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 2 East Front street.

ENGLAND STILL SILENT.

The President's Behring Sea Ultimatum Unanswered.

BUT THE SEALS WILL BE PROTECTED

Our Navy in Good Shape to Swarm Over the Enjoined Waters, and Answer or No Answer This Government Is Determined to Maintain Its Every Right.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—A tariff speech by Mr. Dolph having special reference to the agricultural interests and further discussion of the postoffice building bill without conclusion occupied the whole day in the senate.

The debate on free wool in the house was without special interest, save for a colloquy between Mr. Gray, of New York Mr. Pendleton, of West Virginia, and Mr. Meredith, of Virginia, in which some sharp words were exchanged. The only speech against the bill was made by Mr. Ray, of New York. The Democrats upholding the measure were Messrs. Stevens, Montgomery, Brookshire and Coombs.

No Answer from Salisbury.

The cabinet held a short session and although the Behring sea question was discussed no action was taken and no new propositions were made in view of the fact that nothing has yet been received from Lord Salisbury in response to the president's dispatch of Tuesday. The administration is waiting for the English minister to show his hand before taking additional steps, and there is no indication as yet that Salisbury intends to make an early reply to our request for an agreement on the modus vivendi.

The treaty is still in the hands of the senate committee on foreign relations, and it may be stated that it will remain there until some word arrives from Salisbury. The action of the committee and of the senate will depend to a large extent upon the nature of that communication and the spirit in which it is couched. As soon as the reply is received the treaty will be taken up without delay, and an attempt will be made to secure immediate action on it by the senate, as it is of the utmost importance that the government should know at the earliest possible moment just what steps it will have to take toward the preservation of the seals.

The navy department is ready at an hour's notice to put a respectable fleet in motion toward Behring sea which can be depended on to properly police the sealing grounds. There has been no formal conference or consultation on the subject, for the simple reason that none is needed. Secretary Tracy has already arranged to meet all possible contingencies, so that the vessels of the navy now in Pacific waters can be easily directed toward the north. When the proper time comes, unless Salisbury listens to reason, whether the treaty is ratified or not, the administration will throw into Behring sea all its available force now in the Pacific ocean. Poachers will be duly warned to keep off the sealing grounds and commanders of vessels will be directed to seize without discrimination all vessels found sealing in the forbidden waters.

The Seals Will Be Protected.

It is believed that with a sufficient force the United States can clear the waters of the Canadian thieves or make it so uncomfortable for them that there will be neither pleasure nor profit in pursuing their unlawful calling.

If great Britain concludes to interfere to prevent the punishment of the Canadian violators of American regulations it is impossible to predict what the outcome will be. Only one thing is certain from the opinions expressed in legislative and administrative circles. There will be no faltering on the part of the United States, whatever may be the action of Lord Salisbury. The English prime minister will be compelled to accept the responsibility for the consequences of his interference, and as that interference might easily have a disastrous effect upon the peace of Europe, it is not believed in Washington that Salisbury will be so rash as to venture it, even at the price of clinging to his office and satisfying the demands of the restless Canadian dependency.

How Canada Feels.

OTTAWA, March 12.—There is much diversity of opinion here among members of parliament regarding the attitude Great Britain has taken in declining to extend the modus vivendi in Behring sea for another year. While the Conservatives are inclined to support Lord Salisbury in his contention, the Liberals in the house deprecate his refusal to renew the arrangement.

Dr. McMillan, Liberal, said that if the settlement of the Behring sea question cannot be arrived at now, the modus vivendi should be continued until the arbitrators are able to report.

Mr. Allen, Liberal, said: "While the Behring sea question is still a subject of arbitration, every possible conciliatory effort should be put forth to insure a continuance of friendly relations with the United States. A rupture now with the United States would be the most lamentable thing that could happen to us."

Want a Recoup Provision.

Mr. MacGregor, Liberal, said: "We cannot afford to sacrifice our best interests at this moment, when we are using our every endeavor to consolidate our commercial interests."

Finance Minister Turner has given notice of an address to the British government praying that the modus vivendi be not extended unless provision be also made to recoup the sealers for any losses they may sustain owing to such extension.

Great activity prevails in British Columbian ports, where the Canadian seal fleet is fitting out for an early expedition to the sealing grounds.

Down an Embankment.

JACKSON, Miss., March 12.—A passenger train on the Illinois Central was derailed and thrown down an embankment by a washout. Engineer Nelson had both legs broken; Fireman Young, badly scalded; Baggagemaster Schroeder, head cut; Postal Clerk Harris, face mashed.

Buffalo's Population.

BUFFALO, March 12.—The completed census of this city shows a population of 278,-022, exclusive of inmates of public institutions, which number about 5,000.

Trains Snowbound.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 12.—The storm has virtually blockaded travel on the Central east of this city.

Ballot Reform in Iowa

DES MOINES, March 12.—The senate passed the house Australian ballot bill.

The Kaiser Can Sit Up.

BERLIN, March 12.—The emperor's cold is better and he is able to sit up.

ANOTHER AMERICAN CARDINAL.

Archbishop Ireland to Be Made a Prince of the Catholic Church.

ST. PAUL, March 12.—The Rev. Father Ruffaux, who has charge of Catholic affairs during the absence in Rome of Archbishop Ireland, has at last received definite advices from the Holy City that the archbishop is to be made the second cardinal of the United States, and that the ceremony will occur in Rome during the latter part of this month. The statement has been made that such action would probably be taken, but the official notice has never before been made. It is

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

now stated that the official paper of the pope, The Observatoire Romani, will publish the above facts in its next issue.

Minnesota Catholics express gratification over the rapid advancement of Ireland from bishop to archbishop, and thence to cardinal, but are deeply grieved over the fact that it will necessitate his removal to some more central city, probably Chicago or St. Louis.

Mgr. McDonnell Made Bishop.

BROOKLYN, March 12.—In opposition to the wishes of the Catholic clergymen of this city, who desired one of their own number named, the pope has appointed Mgr. McDonnell, the private secretary of Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, to be bishop of this diocese in place of the late Bishop Loughlin.

NEW JERSEY SOLONS ADJOURN.

TRENTON, March 12.—Final adjournment of the legislature was had at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Speaker J. J. Bergen was presented with a solid silver tea service by the members of the house of assembly. Seven hundred and fifty-two bills have been introduced during the session, 270 of which were passed. The last official act of the legislature was the passage of the bill creating a board of public works in cities of the second class and principally intended for the city of Trenton. Twenty-five per cent. of the legislation enacted during the session was of a partisan character, the principal feature of which was the passage of bills applying to second class cities.

Pennsylvania's Finances.

HARRISBURG, March 12.—Auditor General McCammant's annual report just issued shows the receipts of the state treasury for the past year to have been over $13,000,000, an increase of $5,350,000 as compared with the previous year. Under existing legislation all the revenues derived from retail liquor licenses goes into county, city, borough and township treasuries, and the auditor general suggest that wholesale liquor license in revenues which are now paid into the state treasury be given to counties in relief of local taxation.

Young Mrs. Blaine Recovering.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., is rapidly recovering. It is expected that in the course of a few days Mrs. Blaine, Jr., will give to the public her long promised reply to Secretary Blaine's "personal" statement alleging that she inveigled his son into marriage.

More Food for Starving Russia.

NEW YORK, March 12.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon, if the last portion of the cargo can be stowed away at that time, the steamship Missouri will weigh anchor and set sail with over 5,000,000 pounds of flour for the starving poor of Russia.

Attempted an Impossibility.

CLEVELAND, March 12.—The supreme lodge of the Ohio Beneficial society, of Cleveland, has failed for $60,000. It attempted to pay a fifteen dollar weekly sick benefit and $150 yearly benefit on a three dollar assessment.

The Ranger for Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Secretary Tracy ordered the United States steamer Ranger in commission on April 22. She will be under the command of Commander H. E. Nichols, and will do duty in Behring sea.

Short in His Accounts and Fled.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 12.—H. Hill, of the firm of Hill & Searle, storekeepers, is missing, and a shortage of $5,000 is found in his accounts as receiving agent for the United Brethren Mutual Aid society.

Denied by Mrs. Potter Palmer.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Mrs. Potter Palmer, president of the board of lady managers, denies that the board intends to separate from the World's fair commission.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The treasury department purchased 476,000 ounces of silver as follows, 76,000 at .9090, 150,000 at .9095 and 250,000 at .9070 per ounce.

Frozen to Death.

DEVIL'S LAKE, N. D., March 12.—A Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Aron were frozen to death. Many persons caught in the storm have been rescued badly frozen.

Colonel Whittemore Assigned.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Colonel James M. Whittemore has been assigned to the command of the United States powder depot at Dover, N. J.

Jail Breaking Frustrated.

NEWARK, N. J., March 12.—Nicholas Pedelisi and Jack Carrado had almost cut their way out of the Essex county jail when they were discovered.

Belgium and the Fair.

BRUSSELS, March 12.—The Belgian government will ask the chamber for a special appropriation for Belgium's exhibit at the Chicago World's fair.

Blown from His Wagon.

FORT DODGE, Ia., March 12.—Thomas Oneson was blown from his wagon by the gale and his neck broken.

Blaine Up and Dressed.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Secretary Blaine is much improved. He dressed today and ate a hearty lunch.

A Long Strike Lost.

PITTSBURG, March 12.—The Knights of Labor declared off the long strike on the Pittsburg, Allegheny and Manchester Traction lines.

A Rich Man's Despair.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 12.—Isaac B. Johnson, one of the city's wealthiest men, shot and killed himself. He was estranged from his wife.

Killed a Burglar.

TAMPA, Fla., March 12.—Officer Bevan shot and instantly killed an escaping burglar. He passed under the name of Wilson.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The liabilities of the insolvent Massachusetts Provident Mutual order are $10,000 and the assets $778.

Dennis Shannon, a carpenter employed by the Singer machine works, Elizabeth, N. J., was killed by a locked engine belonging to the company while crossing the railroad.

Thirteen new cases of diphtheria have been reported in Bordentown, N. J., within the past twenty-four hours, and the board of health has ordered the public schools closed and has requested the closing of all private and parochial schools.

The Tabernacle Congregational church in Yarmouth, N. S., was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The loss amounted at $25,000.

It is reported that thousands of acres of winter wheat in Kansas have been damaged by the recent blizzard. In many cases it is stated that the wheat has been blackened and wilted.

The strike in the Pennsylvania Railroad company's shops at Parkesburgh has caused some apprehension in Jersey City that it might extend, but Chief Engineer Brooks, of the New York division, said that there was no sign of trouble, so far as he knew, on the eastern division.

Mrs. Patrick Lanigan, while attending the funeral of a friend in St. Mary's cathedral, Trenton, suddenly dropped dead, as supposed, of heart disease.

Patrick E. O'Connor, of Hoboken, is missing and his children believe he has committed suicide, as he threatened to do before leaving home. He was once a well to do tradesman and had considerable property. His wife died three years ago and since that event Mr. O'Connor has been despondent.

General Booth Rooted.

LONDON, March 13.—General Booth tried to address 3,000 thieves, loafers and tramps in the Grecian theater. His voice was drowned by cries of "Go it, old sweater!" "Come out and have a drink!" "What are you doing with all that money!" etc. General Booth gave up speaking and policemen cleared the house.

Crowded.

Algy—Do you think, my love, that your father will consent to our marriage?

Angely—Of course papa will be very sorry to lose me, darling.

Algy—But I will say to him that, instead of losing a daughter, he will gain a son.

Angely—I wouldn't do that, love, if you really want me. Papa has three such sons living at home now, and he's a little bit touchy on that point.—Tit-Bits.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.—Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Al berti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.—Instruction and entertainment in French Lessons, class or private lessons at residence or Plainfield. Weekly correspondence in French for Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and further particulars, address Mme. L. Vivien, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY, Boarding and Day School, Re-opens MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891. For information call at the Academy or address REV. ABEL J. HARNED, Pres. 197 First ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON, Teacher of piano and harmony, citizen at her own or at pupils' residence. Address letters to care Scribner & Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield. Terms, $2 per lesson.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 27 Roser St., Potts Plainfield,

"I WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Blind.

They are blind who will not try a box of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For the ill-orders which prevail and all Impaired Digestion Without a Parallel.

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 66 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Full charge taken of Carpenter Jobbing, promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Residence, 19 Somerset street. Shop, Rear of Front street. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Cedarcliffe avenue. P. O. Box 329

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Grand and Sugar streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

P. O. Box 1544. J. HERRMANN, 2d Regent street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Jobbing in Cedarcliffe, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1388. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Second avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 353.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. Pierson, Box 15 Vine street, N. P. Gayle, Box 19 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 29 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE AT AUCTION, Wednesday, Mar. 23.

A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

H. B. RIDER, Manager.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are sold gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 108.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to suggest to our guests for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 1057.

Lumber & Coal

LOOMIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in 2287

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

BROWN & MILLS,

Carpenters and Builders, Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop and residence, corner Grant avenue and Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Orders may be left at Conklin's, 39 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Box 1544.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection. 1892. March. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. Wherever located. Over 200,000 members. Assets, January 1st, 1892, $1,000,000. Reserve, $1,000,000. Surplus, $1,000,000. Membership, 200,000. Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. Wherever located. Over 200,000 members. Assets, January 1st, 1892, $1,000,000. Reserve, $1,000,000. Surplus, $1,000,000. Membership, 200,000.

Louis I. Van Alstyne, Declaimer.
Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 35, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 15 to 17

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. B. STEBBINS,

Has 10 Wilcox & White organs, pianos and organs for sale or to rent. Pianos and organs packed, moved, stored, tuned and repaired. Orders left at 15 Park place, Plainfield, or Box 1406 P. O. will receive attention.

MRS. LINDSAY,

Dressmaker and Fashion Outfitter, 10 West Front street. Good fits and satisfaction guaranteed. Also full line of fine ready-to-wear corsets, gloves, hosiery, underwear, etc. 1 tf 27

HOW

How to Be Friends with Your Son-in-law.

It would seem a harder task to be friends with one's son-in-law than with any other relation, for it is hard to see the daughter who has been the petted and caressed and irresponsible darling of the home pass from that life, where another was everything, to her new home, where her new duties and new life put her upon the footing of a new being. No man can or is expected to treat his wife as the mother treated her daughter, and it hurts a mother keenly until she can become accustomed to it. Her new relation is antagonistic from the beginning, more from habit of hearing mothers-in-law ridiculed and abused than anything, and he is determined that she shall not dominate him. The only way in which she can hope for friendliness is to remember the difference between a husband and a mother, close her ears to complaints and her eyes to faults and avoid giving advice or taking side when little things that are bound to arise to disturb the peace of the household. Every man has a dim distrust and jealousy toward his wife's mother, and only time will wear it away. The mother-in-law has a very different role to play, particularly if obliged to live with her son-in-law. She is often unjustly blamed and made to feel herself an intruder, her wishes and natural desire to take the lead in household matters, which she understands and her daughter does not, are resented. She is openly snubbed and persistently slighted by nine out of ten sons-in-law, and it is no wonder that bitter enmity is engendered. The only safe rule for a mother-in-law to be friends with her daughter's husband is to efface her individuality as completely as possible and worship, or pretend to worship, the noble being who has married her daughter. Above all, she should never know anything about her son-in-law's shortcomings or late comings. Some people might call her an accomplice, but it is her only hope.

MOTHER-IN-LAW.

How to Make Hens Lay Every Day.

Give each hen an ounce of fresh meat every day, and mix a small amount of red pepper with their food during the winter. Give them plenty of grain, lime and water, and keep them by themselves.

How to Clean Lamp Chimneys.

Unless a chimney be very badly smoked it is really very much better not to wash them. Nothing is better as a cleaner than old newspaper. First rub off the chimney; then breathe into it and twist a piece of the paper into it until the inside is polished. Rub the outside with the paper after moistening with the breath. Many chimneys are broken in the wash basin, and tender parties of the towels with which they are wiped frequently cling to the chimneys and then catch fire after the lamp is lighted. Water, soap and towel make them no brighter than rubbing with a piece of paper.

How to Trap Insects.

Place an empty barrel smeared with tar among the fruit trees, with a light set in the barrel. The insects will be attracted by the light, and circling around it will stick in the tar.

How Some Short Words Are Pronounced.

Gauntlet—*gat-let*, not *gawnt-let*. Haunt—hant, not hawnt. Heights—hites, not higths. Heinous—*hay-nus*, not *hee-nus*. Instead—*in-sted*, not *in-stid*. Knew—*nu*, not *know*. Legend—*led-gend*, not *le-gend*. Many—*men-ny*, not *may-ny*. Mattress—as spelled, not *mat-trass*. Matron—*ma-trun*, not *mat-tron*. Minute—(sixty seconds) *min-it*; (small) *mi-nute*. Ne'er—for never, nare. Nephew *nev-u*, in England; elsewhere, *nef-u*. News—*nu*, not *noo*. Obligatory—as spelled, not *o-bligo*. Obloquy—*ob-lock*, not *o-blikv*. Of—or, except when compounded with there, here and where, which may be pronounced *here-of*, *there-of* and *where-of*.

How Buckwheat Derived Its Name.

The word is a corruption of beech-wheat. It is so called from the similarity of the shape of its grains to the mast or nuts of the beech tree.

How to Treat Burns and Scalds.

Of all applications for a burn none is superior to a simple covering of wheat flour. This is always at hand, and while it requires no skill in using, it produces astonishing effects. The moisture produced upon the surface of a slight or deep burn is at once absorbed by the flour and forms a paste which shuts out the air. As long as the fluid matters continue flowing they are absorbed and prevented from producing irritation, as they would do if kept from passing off by oily or resinous applications, while the greater the amount of these absorbed by the flour, the thicker the grote tive covering. Another advantage of the flour covering is that heat to the surface it is kept moist and flexible. It can also be readily washed off without further irritation in removing. It may occasionally be washed off, very carefully, when it has become matted and dry, and a new covering be sprinkled on.

How to Keep the Carving Knife Sharp.

A carving knife needs to have a different kind of an edge from a razor. The steel which ordinarily accompanies a carving knife and fork is very well to give a finishing touch to the edge, but an ordinary whetstone such as a reaper uses for his scythe or sickle is the most useful implement a carver can keep at hand. One or two rubs on each side of a knife whets it up mightily, and then two or three finishing touches from the steel and the knife is in order to do most excellent execution. Carving with proper tools is an easily acquired accomplishment, but without them a man at the head of a table seems awkward, and the invited labor and pain detracts from the pleasure those at his table feel in

HE WAS TOO "COURTUS."

It Isn't Always Good for a Man to Know Too Much.

"Young man," said Davy, leaning forward and tapping Jack's sleeve warningly, "don't you be cur'us! I'm jes' comin from the fun'ral of a man who was cur'us. Tell you how it was, jes' the same. When the Lord ever turned loose—he was that! An he was allus so—yes, sir! Biggest his name was Tuggart. Jes' a little feller. It wasn't nothin but a baby he got a present of a Noah's ark. Pretty soon he was awful sick. Came to and sot he'd eaten Shem, Ham and Japheth and a elephant; wanted to see what they was made of.

"When he was a bit bigger he put his hand in a farmer's nest to see if they'd eggs as had as Bill Henry said they would. He was mos' blind for a spell. One day he climbed up the ladder of his pa's windmill to find out what made the big rooster glist diffrunt ways at diffrunt times. There come a cyclone. He was blowed off. The doctor had to set his right arm an his left leg. He was jes as cur'usly as he was cur'us. What didn't concern him he wouldn't let alone. An he was unfortines as he was contrairy. But that was the natural evolushun of curiosity in his cirkumfunes.

"Now, there was Elihu Burns went an tole him how hay dropped through the newfangled shoots in the Widder Smith's barn after the hay lightens. What does that young limb of Davy Taggart do but goes up into the loft an lets himself slide down with the hay—in fact, he jes' did. Bumped! The bump on his head was the size of a turkey aig, not to chronicisate the fact that old Bet nearly clawed his pants off afore he rescued him out.

"Next? Well, there weren't any special next with him. It was all next. His pa coms to din. expect hyrus conflusters. then about Davy cauled the deease. Anybow, onct he heard if a body drank p'rison an then drank lots of warm water with mustard in it he wouldn't hurt him a speck, so when he found a little bottle marked, 'P'rison,' he drank what was in it. Then he started to get the mustard and water. But he flopped scrungin in no time. They run fur the doctor. He come with a stomach pump. After lots of work, he said he guessed Davy wouldn't die yet awhile.

"'Davy,' cries his mother, 'will ye promise me ye will stop investigationing?'

"'—rupt—ull—when I find out all I want—rupt—to know!'

"Finally Davy growed up. He got a girl. She was a nice girl. He made up his mind to marry her. He asked her what her pa died of. What her grandpa died of. What her grandaunt died of. If she was skeerd of mice. If she liked children. If she could make bread. If she ate onions. If she was wasteful with starch. If she put up sunerkraut the way his ma did. And if she liked ministers. I don't know what she said to the rest, but she answered:

"'I don't like the average minister.'

"'Then I'll marry her,' says Davy; 'I'll make you Mrs. Taggert.'

"'Not much,' she says. 'I haven't a hankerin fur preachers, but they ain't as nosy as that. What wants to know a blame sight too much.'

"An she married a preacher. As for Davy, they sent him up to Geneva lake to vacashe. On the beach he met a lovely woman. They got to talkin. He was slicked up, you see. An pretty soon he thought he'd make love as cool's he could be.

"'Don't ye think I am a mighty nice fellah?' he says.

"'Oh, yes!' she says, but she looked scared.

"He wasn't. He was a regular little grabber of a chap. He had jacky ways and ginger ways.

"'Ah ye glib!' he asked.

"'Twenty-two,' says she.

"'Have ye corns?'

"'One.'

"'How much do ye weigh?'

"'One hundred and twenty.'

"'Are you engaged?'

"'If these last more questions you'll like it well,' she replied somewhat tartly, 'my husband will answer them, Tobias.'

"Tobias, he come. Davy got up with a pale of bad eyes that time. He started west. In Omaha he got a job sellin soap. That suited him. There was a inquiry in it. He used to ask every one that passed, 'Do you use Apple's soap?'

"One day there was a motor comin. Davy he run. 'I want to find out,' he said. 'If I can't git ahead of it!' An he shouted about the track. 'I'm on my way home from his fun'ral. They took him up with bluttin paper. Here's my station. Good-by.' Then he cur'usly. A man don't need to know too much, any mor'n a cat needs two tails! Good luck!"—Chicago Herald.

Salaries and Duties.

He—I think we need not worry about the future. I am now getting $2,000 a year as second assistant subeditor of The Daily Blower.

She—Yes, but you are killing yourself doing two men's work.

He—I know, but before long I may be promoted, and then I'll get $8,000 for doing one man's work, and if I have patience I will eventually get to a position where I will get $20,000 for doing nothing at all.—New York Weekly.

How to Do It.

Bingo—I've got so I sleep in pajamas altogether.

Kingley—Why, I thought you didn't like pajamas?

Bingo—I didn't, but my wife made me some nightshirts.—Clothier and Furnisher.

We All Need It.

Teacher of Physiology—What ingredient which is highly essential in the composition of the human body does sugar possess?

Pupils (in one voice)—Sand.—Pharmaceutical Era.

Bid for a Hat.

They were about going out, and she sat down while her husband got into his overcoat.

"I don't believe you love me any more," she said with a sigh. "I'm convinced of it," and her voice trembled a little.

"Not love you, my dear? Why, how absurd! Most I tell you every moment that I love you—love you with all my soul?"

"Oh, that will do to say, but I know you care for me no longer. How can you love me in this old hat?"—Buffalo Courier.

Unavoidable.

Reporter—Was that accident unavoidable?

Railroad President—Certainly, sir, certainly. No one to blame. You see the watchman had two groundhogs to look after, half a mile apart. You can't expect a man to be in two places at once, can you?—New York Weekly.

Something New.

Dressmaker—How would you like your costume made, madam?

Mrs. Chumpleigh—Can you make it with one of those vestibule trains that I've been talked of lately.—Boston Bulletin.

GOOD HEALTH

FOOD FOR COLD WEATHER.

What to Eat When Heat Producing Elements Are Desirable.

All food contains nitrogen, the substance which supplies muscle, flesh or strength. Carbon, another element contained in food, gives warmth. The colder the weather the more carbon is required. Alcohol is almost wholly carbon and heat, however, but not a particle of flesh nor strength. A person feels stronger after tasting a dash of spirits, but it is not real strength. It is only strength preternaturally drawn in advance, the nervous system having been stimulated to make that draft, by the influences which the alcohol had on it.

The following substances have a large percentage of carbon and also a good percentage of nitrogen, so that they furnish warmth in cold weather, and also make muscle. Potatoes, puffs, butter, lard, soup, wheat, rye (all good for bone but not for muscle), beans, meat loaf, veal (all good for both heat and strength), and lean meat. Better for strength than heat. It will be seen, says Hall's Journal of Health, which is quoted as authority for the foregoing, that the best food at this season is roast beef or beans, as both furnish heat and muscle. While pies, cakes, pastry, fried soup, etc., give warmth they, like alcohol, furnish little or no strength. Even bread contains but little nourishment.

Dangers of Dust Overrated.

Dr. Felix L. Oswald is credited with the statement that the hygienic disadvantages of carpet dust have been considerably overrated. He says that in the houses of wealthy Turks where sitting room and bedroom is often furnished with the heaviest woolen carpets, which are rarely removed oftener than once in three years, lung diseases are almost unknown. Dr. Edward Smith, of Health, which is quoted as authority for the foregoing, that the best food at this season is roast beef or beans, as both furnish heat and muscle. While pies, cakes, pastry, fried soup, etc., give warmth they, like alcohol, furnish little or no strength. Even bread contains but little nourishment.

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EUREKA

A GUEST'S GRIEVANCE.

As Related by a Victim of the Fussy Host and Who Is Bent on Exterminating Ones.

If it is true that you never thoroughly know your worst friends till they come to stay in your house, it is likewise undeniable that even the friend of your bosom will develop entertainment of domestic virtues, and vices when you become the recipient of her hospitality. Have you never, for instance, been the victim of the undivided attention of a fussy hostess, who was bent on your taking your? Happily, this class of hostess who even extends her solicitude to pressing you to eat and drink more than you want or than is good for you—is becoming more rare, and let us hope that in time it will be as extinct as the dodo. Meanwhile, here is a slight sketch of the burden.

After you arrive to blame we arrive at fifteen minutes before the dinner hour We note that the master and mistress of the house are in evening garments. He confers long time for dinner the unpardonable sin We think with despair of our necessary unpacking and arranging, while our hostess tells us that the dinner allows 37 ten minutes in making what she considers proper inquiries. "Why the train was late! If we didn't find it very cold!" etc., and at length asks if we would like to see our room.

We jump at the offer and wonder which frock will go on the quickest. She precedes us up the stairs, opens a door, we enter and so does she. Our vision of down in time with a scramble begins to disappear. She first perceives that the light are not burning well and proceeds to manipulate them. She next sees that the curtains are not down and draws them, with the remarks that sometimes these fire flies, which it is not, and a hot bed room happens to be our bete noir. She opens an oval, inckily blacks her own fingers and apologizes in a retire. I hope we are late, but our host on this occasion is amiability itself, and a volume of domestic history is contained in his dry remark: "I was sure you would be late. I heard my wife in your room." At 10:30 a move is made for bed. Tired and headachy we welcome the release, when "I'm coming up to see that everything is right in your room," comes sweetly from the lips of our tormentor.

On entering our bedroom she declines the proffered chair, and says she must be going in a minute. Despite this assertion she gets upon the subjects of clothes and servants and minor leaves us till midnight. Much the same class of trials awaits us on succeeding days, with this addition, that our entertaining hostess is always racking her brain to hit upon some new for us to go or something for us to do.

We all know the houses where any desire for privacy on the part of the guest meets with no recognition. In a house of this sort the taking up of a book is regarded as a personal slight, and even one's letters are written under very great difficulties. Life is full of compensations, however, and an occasional visit to a friend who is a real boon companion atones for many social vexations

Date in History—March 12.

1802—Napoleon Bonaparte, G. DORIA. first Napoleon Bonaparte, founder of the "Napoleonic law," closely so maintained that "God is in the world and Napoleon is his vicegerent on earth."

1749—John Gottfried Ernestus Heckewelder, born in Bedford, England, died 1823, subsequently among the American Indians and of great service in negotiating treaties on the Wabash.

1825—Thomas Buchanan Read, poet, born in Chester county, Pa; died 1872.

1857—Sixty lives lost in accident on the Great Western railway in Canada.

1858—Henry Bergh, humanitarian, died in New York; born 1822.

1881—Great storm on the North Atlantic, and 200 vessels lost, many lives and $2,000,000 worth of property.

From a Man's Standpoint.

This is the way a reporter, who wrote up a recent party given at Dallas, described a lady's toilet:

"Miss X—— wore a red bombazine dress ruched with point aplace and an overskirt of rose gingham with a border of parsley blossoms. Her tournure was particularly noticeable from the fact that her hair was so deliciously scrambled in front. She also wore No. 9 lilac double buttoned gloves, No. 6 store shoes slashed at the heels and pompadour socks.—St. Louis Republic.

Fallen from His High Estate.

"Will you please give me some change, ma'am?" begged a tramp.

"I guess so," was the reply. "Will you have a plate of soup?"

"I'm not particular," said the tramp. "There was a time," he went on, mournfully, "when I wouldn't think of sittin down to dinner without soup; but things is different now. You kin start me on roast beef, or pie, or even an entry, for all I care."—Texas Siftings.

Bound to Assert Itself.

"If it hurts you, dear," said the surgeon, as he applied the bandages, "cry all you want to. You will feel better."

"Thank you, doctor," replied the little Boston girl. "I never weep. It wrinkles the face."—Chicago Tribune.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	9:14 a. m.	Third Quarter	21	9:16 p. m.
Full Moon	13	7:55 a. m.	New Moon	28	9:16 a. m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 26 6m

50c a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHITES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT

Is written that you may know that we are selling:—

COFFEE—An extra grade of crushed Java Coffee 30c. lb., with 3 Sterling plated tea spoons FREE.

TEA—With a pound of our Famous 50c. T a, your choice of 4 cakes best laundry soap, 4 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 cedar pail or 6 Sterling plated tea spoons FREE.

BUTTER—We have an elegant table Butter at 25c. lb. Also other grades including the finest Elgin Creamery, 3 c. lb.

SUGAR—Standard Granulated Sugar, 4½c. lb.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 500 barrels of flour a day.
Now they make 6000 barrels daily.
This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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House-furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch; parties use on apartment, 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Yeast Powder at 15 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS
DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 25c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mo quitaires, in tans and slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,
46 West Front Street.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

BEFORE PURCHASING
Your Mount for 1892.
You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on
FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,
WHEELMEN'S :·: HEADQUARTERS,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,
and examine his line of wheels, both n w and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

$10 SAVED
ON AN EXTRA 5-FRAME
Body Brussels Carpet.
THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.
It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.
EDSALL'S!

AUCTION SALE
OF
New and Second Hand Furniture,
AT CAREY'S,
CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON
Friday, March 11th, 1 p. m. Sharp.
Consisting of Oak and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Parlor Suits, Diningroom Chairs, Buffets, Extension Tables in Oak and Walnut, and a number of rockers. New Bedding and fine Carpets, and many rooms only to hang.
Terms Cash.
T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

SOMETHING NEW
AT
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.
Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen that new one that we are offering? The 10 piece set in Japan as we have ever offered, and you can get it for $2.50. Also a nice one of three pieces. Price $1.98. Also a full line of decorated sets.
And how about a new Dinner Set? We are offering a very fine English Porcelain decorated Set, full pieces 1-4 $9.15. This is a bargain.
Tea Kettles: Triple we are after, and are offering the 3 quart at 98c. Nothing better. We have just received 250 cans of new crop of the Lake and choicest d ugust.
We call special attention to a line of Hemstitched Handkerchiefs that are the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever offered in Plainfield.
Another line of Ladies' Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, regular 25 cts Ladies' Black Hose, Velvet Top, our price 10c.
The sale of Gas Stoves has been very large this season. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you buy it for a little more than the price that you pay for a poor one.
Van Emburgh & White.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Pure sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Early tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Pain & Whitemore's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips
Also a fine assortment of Garden & Dewerth's Pickles always in the case or dozen Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewerth's Jellies and Preserves.
79 BROADWAY.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

PELTON
Water : Motors.
CHEAPEST TO
Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS
and Fertilizers.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Hardware, Plumbing
and Tinwork.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS ↓ †
‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper, Painters' supplies. Office and store—26 East Front street.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co will leave New York for Hamburg March 17, at 9 a. m.

The steamer "Hecla" from New York, March 22, at 11:30 a. m.

The steamers for Shechin leave March 12, 26; April 16, May 7, 24; June 11.

Special rates. Get pamphlets and tickets of Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset st. 1288.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Norriss, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Issued Nos. 1 Publication Co. Delivered. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

DR. KETCHAM TO RESIGN

HE GAVE NOTICE FROM THE PULPIT YESTERDAY.

Mr. Ackerman of the Congregation Strongly Urges Him to Reconsider, but the Minister Says No.

Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham preached his sermon at the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning to a large congregation, choosing for his text Luke, 24th chapter, 26th verse: "Abide with me." His discourse had no direct reference to his near departure from the pastorate of that church, other than to advise them to always abide with the Saviour and continue to do his will.

Just before the final hymn however he made a short address to the congregation, saying that there would be a meeting of the officers of the church immediately after the morning service. He also stated that the Presbytery would meet at Rahway on Friday, March 25th, and it was his intention to most earnestly request that they sever his relation with the First Presbyterian church of Plainfield, and that he was quite sure his request would be granted. He also stated that there would be a meeting of the Congregation on Wednesday evening, March 23, for the purpose of asking a congregational vote to present *to the Presbytery Board, and he most earnestly* desired that the vote should be unanimous. It will be no good, he said, to vote against this move as I know my wishes will be granted. When he had finished Mr. Ackerman of Scotch Plains arose in the congregation and speaking for a large number of the members said with great emotion that he wanted Dr. Ketcham to carefully reconsider this most important and sad step. There *must be some reason for this thing*, he said, and there must be a better way of remedying it. He viewed the many improvements that had taken place during Dr. Ketcham's term, the beautiful church, the flourishing condition of the church and its societies and the great good accomplished. It seemed an unchristian and ungrateful act to depart from the work of years. Dr. Ketcham said that he thought he was doing the best thing and was determined in the matter.

After the congregation was dismissed, many gathered together in small groups and discussed the matter.

It is not thought that the congregation will send a unanimous vote for his removal to the Elizabeth Presbytery.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer with possibly rain or snow

BREVITIES.

—There is a case of scarlet fever reported on East Fifth street.

—"The Pearl of Pekin" is to be interpreted at Music Hall to-night.

—The city Common Council will hold an adjourned meeting one week from to-night.

—Two roughs engaged in a fight in *Fruden's alley Saturday evening, and* escaped arrest.

—The Rev. C. B. Mitchell will address the "Y's," in their rooms, on Tuesday, March 15, at four p. m. All the "Y's" are asked to be present.

—The new sanitarium which is being erected for Dr. J. R. Cooley on Somerset street, opposite Johnston's drive, is rapidly nearing completion.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the parlors of the chapel tomorrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Mr. J. C. Allen of 28 West Front street has a new and interesting announcement today, of special interest to housekeepers, which they would do well to observe.

—It was reported on the streets of this city Saturday evening that Mr. Wm. F. Trust, a boarder at the City Hotel, was *found dead in his bed. The report is un*true.

—James H. Force, the proprietor of Force's Hotel, has notified his boarders to secure quarters elsewhere as he proposes to remove his family to Bound Brook to-morrow.

—Miss Fellows, who advertises elsewhere, is becoming as famed for her teaching abilities as for her artistic singing. Among her pupils are numbered good voices from Dunellen, Fanwood and Scotch Plains.

—Charles Howarth and Randolph Marsh go to Somerville this week to organize a brick layers' union in that town, to be governed by the International Union of America. They will install the officers the same evening.

—The Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. is hereby notified that Mr. W. D. Murray will give a short Bible reading under their auspices to-morrow, Tuesday evening. Members are requested to be present at 7.45 o'clock.

—The Columbia Road Racer at Frank L. C. Martin's, corner of Park avenue and Fourth street, is attracting considerable attention. It is a handsome looking machine, fitted with Columbia pneumatic tires and weighs only thirty-six pounds. Mr. Martin is expecting a large shipment of the road racers very shortly.

—The executive committee of the Union County Christian Endeavor Union met Friday evening in the study of the Second Presbyterian church. There was a very full representation from various parts of the county. It was decided to hold the convention in Elizabeth on the last Thursday in May. There will be afternoon and evening sessions, and local societies will entertain the out of town societies with luncheon from five to seven o'clock. It is probable the evening address will be by General Secretary Bear. There will be some new features in the exercises, and the convention will no doubt be a notable event.

PENALTIES IMPOSED.

A BIG BATCH OF OFFENDERS IN THE SPECIAL SESSIONS.

The Cases of the Chicken Thieves Deferred — The Westfield Express Agent Makes Restitution—John Finch Discharged.

Senator Marsh was kept busy in the session of court Saturday morning clearing the calendar of several criminal cases deferred at Wednesday's session because of his attendance at the Legislature.

A long procession of prisoners was brought into court on his motion, and the allegations read. The boys charged with the numerous thefts of pigeons and chickens were among the prisoners arraigned. They are John Sullivan, Thomas and Joseph Brady, and William Belder. Several allegations against each were read, and all pleaded guilty.

Mr. Marsh briefly related the facts of the series of robberies, and called the court's attention to the fact that Sullivan, the oldest of the accused, was only recently discharged from jail after serving a term for offenses similar to that now charged against him.

Judge McCormick postponed the passing of sentences until next Wednesday. An effort to have two of the boys sent to the reform school is to be made.

LINDEN RECEIVES A LIGHT SENTENCE.

Vincent C. Linden, the United States Express messenger at Westfield, who appropriated a box of jewelry consigned for delivery there, and was arraigned for sentence, he having pleaded guilty on Saturday last.

Prosecutor Marsh stated that Linden accompanied the officer from New York willingly without a requisition, and that he had made full restitution of the value of the goods. It was also believed to have been his first criminal offense.

In view of these and other circumstances, Judge McCormick said the court had decided to be exceedingly lenient, and sentenced Linden to the county jail for 30 days.

HE LEFT A HAT AS GOOD AS HE TOOK.

George Edmonds, who was arraigned last week on a charge of stealing a hat from a bakery team, was sentenced to the county jail for 5 days. Detective Keron said that Edmunds went into the complainant's store to buy, and on leaving took the man's hat, leaving his own, which was as good.

A STOLEN BICYCLE INCLUDED THERE.

Edward Collins, alias Stephen O'Brien, pleaded guilty to taking a banjo valued at $17 from the barroom of Mcadams Hotel. He was drunk when he took the banjo, which he left in Heldrixter's lumber yard, and it was found by the owner. He was sentenced to the county jail for two months.

MR. MARSH WAS SURPRISED.

John Fitch, who was charged with hitting a twelve year old son of B. Frank LaMott on the head with a hammer, was arranged, and Mr. Marsh expressed surprise, saying to the court that he had known the accused man to be a hard working fellow, and never before a prisoner in the court.

Fitch said the boy hit him with a stone, and greatly exasperated him. He ran back and struck the boy with the handle of the hammer.

Judge McCormick said acting upon the *statements made by the court would suspend* sentence, and Fitch was discharged.

In police court it was stated that Fitch struck the boy several violent blows, inflicting severe injuries, and it was subsequently reported there was danger of erysipelas setting in, and the boy's life was threatened.

OTHER SENTENCES IMPOSED.

Patrick Fitzgerald pleaded guilty to stealing $5 from the bar of John Burns' saloon, and he was sentenced to the county jail for 30 days.

Peter Reilly pleaded guilty to four charges of petit larceny. Reilly and others stole a quantity of tools from workingmen at Roller Park.

Judge McCormick under a new State law, imposed a sentence of one year in State prison.

THOSE TYPHUS CASES.

WHAT A PLAINFIELDER WHO KNOWS SAYS OF THE MATTER.

Tammany Responsible for Bringing Them into this Country—A Competent Port Physician Could Have Kept them Away.

Congress has appointed a committee to investigate the causes which have led to the introduction of typhus fever into this country. The lower house is overwhelmingly Democratic, and, strange as it might seem, politics are largely responsible for the disease being here at all.

The Congressional Committee in a Government vessel steamed about New York harbor recently and paid particular attention to Ellis Island, which is not under the control of Tammany, but of the Republican administration.

The Ellis officials reveal with indignation the attempt to put the blame on them, and one of the number who resides in this city, expressed himself to some friends here yesterday something after this manner:

The blame belongs to Tammany. The brother-in-law of Dick Croker, the Chief of Tammany Hall, now fills the position of Port Physician, at a salary of $10,000 per year, and that typhus cases were brought into the port of New York I *consider due to the fact that Tammany was* more interested in supplying a berth for his brother-in-law than in securing a competent physician and proper assistants.

If there had been competent physicians these cases would never have got past quarantine. They now try to make it out that some time ago the New York papers were given to understand that the Board of Health had got all the *cases, but day after day new cases are* reported, as may be expected, for this is one of the most highly contagious diseases known, and liable to prove fatal at any stage of its progress.

In children under fifteen the death rate from the disease is only five per cent., but the rate increases with increasing age, until it is 46 per cent. in persons over fifty.

Two of the emigrants brought into that *port managed to get into New Jersey* and start the disease in this State, and though they were quickly hustled back to New York, you cannot swear that they have not left any of the contagion behind them.

We are liable to have the dread disease from all over the world break out among us while we receive such contraband as come here now-a-days.

I have noticed that the cleanest of all *emigrants we receive, so far as personal* appearance goes, are the Chinamen. Yet we have to watch them constantly for leprosy.

The next in cleanly appearance is the Irishman. He, however, never brings any disease.

But the filthiest of all are the Finlanders. They seem to live on whale oil and codfish mixed, and are unfit to associate with ordinary mortals. Luckily they are sent up to Assinibone and Manitoba, the cold countries. Emigrants from other countries always give them a wide berth in port and on the vessels. But the Hungarians are not much better.

Such as these ought never to be allowed into the country. We have a right to at least insist on cleanliness. With that we would have one great protection from disease.

But you can expect no improvement while Tammany controls, though you can rest assured the Democratic junketing committee won't say a word to hurt Tammany, even to save people's lives. That isn't the nature of the animal.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Charles F. Wilson of Chicago is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. William Addis, Jr., of Orange street, is confined to the house with inflammatory rheumatism.

Miss Annie Chambers of Faurape is visiting Miss Nellie Mills of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield.

Charles Leslie Edmonds, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Lambert Edmonds of South Bound Brook, died Friday evening of pneumonia. Mrs. Edmonds was formerly Miss Esther Kidd of this city.

Last Friday morning Mrs. Jane Bundy of 37 Somerset street, was about the house as usual. Early in the afternoon she complained of feeling unwell, and started upstairs for her bedroom, assisted by Mrs. Richter, with whom she resided. Soon afterward she required Mrs. Richter's aid. She was seventy-five years old, a widow, and owned some property, including the house in which she died.

Mrs. Sarah Runyon, after an illness of one week with pneumonia, died at the residence of her daughter Mrs. Charles Stimpson of West South street, on Sunday. She was a life long resident of Plainfield and was born in the old Runyon house corner of Front and Washington streets in 1813. She was the mother of Mr. A. M. Runyon, and her father, Mr. Jacob F. Randolph, was the first pastor of the First Baptist church. The deceased was well-known and although her advanced age made her illness doubly serious, yet her many friends were not prepared for her death. Notice of the funeral will be given to-morrow.

Local Base Ball News.

A meeting of the Central New Jersey Base Ball League will be held at the Crescent League Club House to-day city hall, Somerville, at eight o'clock. The main purpose of this meeting is to adopt rules for the coming championship series.

THE CLOTHING HUMBUG.

OVER A HUNDRED VICTIMS OF THE NATIONAL CUSTOM CO.

Strange How Rational People will be so Easily Duped.—Many of the Dupes Here Employes of the Machine Shops.

Manager Irving and Hutchings of the Nathional Clothing scheme, it is said, left over four hundred persons in the lurch in Elizabeth and over 100 in this city, where they established branch offices. His collector said each one of these had paid from $30 to $35. It is expected that there will be a stormy meeting of the dupes, who, however, cannot do anything, although they threaten to go to Newark in a body and sack the office of the concern.

Several women called at the company's office in the Postal Telegraph Building at Elizabeth Saturday night to make their weekly payments, and were surprised when Agent Williams informed them he could not receive any more money, as the company had gone into a receiver's hands, and the depositors would be lucky if they received five cents on their investments. Some of the women burst into tears, while others began to upbraid the agent, although he was not responsible for their losses. The *worst thought it the wisest plan later in* the evening to get out of the way.

Several more strike cripples in the Singer Sewing Machine works lost all their savings. Each had three or four books. Most of the depositors are employes of the Singer Company. Last Tuesday a number of them, threatened to mob Agent Crane if their money was forthcoming this week, as they had all largely overpaid the stipulated amount. Crane threw up his job the next day, Collector Williams of Elizabeth, taking his place.

Several depositors who had paid in over $30 settled a couple a weeks ago for $7.50 each, and thought they were badly swindled, but now see that they fared much better than if they had remained in the company another week.

Among the number who were duped in this city were employes of the Pond Machine Tool Works and the Potter Press and Scott Press Works.

Ten Rawa has often exposed these humbugs for getting other people's money that we feel sure that none of those swindled are among our readers. The schemes are on a par with the short term orders which THE NEWS exposed some months ago, starting on the authority of the Secretary of State that they were swindles, later events fully sustaining our charge.

About One of Edison's Latest Inventions.

In Butler, a village in the norther part of this State, there is a concern which has been for months engaged in manufacturing rolls, miles long of sensitized paper which it is reported in the vicinity, to be used in the newest of Edison's inventions.

A Plainfielder who was recently in the locality of the manufacture says that the paper is made underground, and after being prepared is passed through long dark tunnels to be thoroughly dried and rolled up in tin cases, all in the dark, as a ray of light would spoil such extremely sensitive paper.

Edison had his invention described some months ago in the New York papers, and, as nothing more has been heard of the matter, it has no doubt passed out of the public mind. But this Plainfielder says that extensive preparations are being made to put the invention on the market as no distant day. It will be remembered that Edison proposed, by means of an electrically operated camera and phonograph to reproduce all of a person's movements as well as the voice.

This, in an opera, would be given by series of instantaneous views, every movement of those taking part, in perfect unison with the reproduction of every sound and voice.

Great is Edison; and wonderful indeed is the age we live in.

Robbery at Westfield.

House thieves who operated in a similar manner to those who have so recently visited this city, were in Westfield on Thursday and robbed the residence of Mr. B. J. Crosby, taking a gold watch and $10 in money.

One of the thieves went to several houses and asked as to the presence of the family; and when anyone answered the door bell he pretended to be taking names for a directory. In this city the thieves represented themselves as census enumerators.

A Surprise.

MRS. ELLIS—"Have you heard about my poor"

MRS. DIXON—"Not what is it?"

MRS. ELLIS—"Why, Jack saw a piece in the paper yesterday in which it said that Mr. Gladstone had bought a donkey that was going to be sold at auction. Of course I was very much surprised to hear that my husband had bought a donkey without consulting me. I must say I was very much annoyed at it. And to make the matter worse, I found out that he had bought it on the down town car, and I never have to give a penny for my car fare. I don't know what to do with the animal."

MRS. DIXON—"Oh, I see it was the same thing as happened to me. I was very much annoyed when I found out that my husband had bought a donkey without consulting me. I must say I was very much annoyed at it. And to make the matter worse, I found out that he had bought it on the down town car, and I never have to give a penny for my car fare. I don't know what to do with the animal."

MRS. ELLIS—"Well, you made a great mistake. I am not annoyed at all. I am very much pleased. I have been wanting for a donkey for a long time. I had no idea my husband was going to get me one, but I am very much pleased. I am going to have it shod at once, and I shall ride it down town every day. I am very much pleased indeed. I am very much pleased. I am very much pleased. I am very much pleased

EDITORIAL NOTES

A Centenary of Mourning.

This year a whole nation, the people of the country that was once Poland, wears mourning. The women will appear clad in black garments, the men will wear crape bands, till the year 1893 arrives. It means that a century ago, in 1793, was completed the final crime by which a nation was wiped off the earth, chiefly by the machinations of Russia, and divided between Austria, Prussia and Russia. Russia got the most of it, Prussia the least, being then herself a small and comparatively weak nation. Russia had meant to gobble it all up for herself, but the other powers would not listen to this, so in order to quiet them she consented to divide.

As far back as 1764 Russia was at work to get Poland. An army sent by the great Catherine watched over the polls at the election which placed Stanislaus upon the throne of Poland in that year.

Stanislaus was the tool of Catherine and the laymoets of her soldiers kept him on the throne. An army of 10,000 Russians remained in the country. Polish patriots, at the head of them Count Pulaski, rose in arms to drive the Russians from their land. Catherine called this revolution and rebellion and opposed it on the ground that the patriots were "*brigands.*" *The strategic* tactics and peculiar diplomacy that have characterized Russia ever since were manifestations of it all their force against unhappy Poland. In 1792 Kosciusko took the lead and hurled all the force of hapless Poland against Russia. But it was in vain, and Poland's star went down.

Three generations have passed since then, yet today the love of liberty is as strong among Russian, Austrian and German Poles, and the sorrow for their lost autonomy is as keen as ever. It ought to be a lesson and a warning to *great states that take possession of little* states and blot them out of existence by simple right of being the stronger. Russia will have a black reckoning to pay some day.

To Get Rich.

Mr. Erastus Wiman has been telling young men how to get rich again. *First* of all you must never go in debt, never, unless you can thereby certainly secure immediate and profitable returns. Then use your credit. But otherwise the person who goes in debt pawns his future.

Having determined to keep out of debt, then begin to save regularly and systematically. For this purpose nothing is better than to lay up your savings in a loan and building association, called in Massachusetts a co-operative bank, which is a good name. The combined capital of building associations in this country exceeds that of the national banks. The next step is to get hold of some land, a plot near a growing town or city. If you live in the country and cannot get a town lot get a farm or portion of a farm. Agricultural lands are bound to become valuable soon, because there are those now living who will see, *in this country a population of* 120,000,000, all of whom must be fed.

If, however, it is not convenient to get land in any shape, then invest your savings in industrial stocks of some kind, as, for instance, the great oil, sugar and lead industries. Combination is the order of the day in the business world, and those will make fortunes who seize on the spirit of the time. Then, says Mr. Wiman, watch the first symptoms of economic changes and go in on the top wave. This is all very fine and wise. At the same time many of the large fortunes have been made by disregarding *every* one of the rules laid down by Mr. Wiman. On the other hand, thousands who have observed his most important rules all their lives are as poor as a church mouse and likely to remain so. One can't always tell.

It is a wonderful process, that by which barrels and casks are now made directly from the wood without the staves being first made. A tree is cut into lengths suitable for the height of the barrel. The short log thus formed is boiled three hours in water through which a current of electricity is constantly passing. The softened wood is then cut into layers or sheets the right size for the barrel. The sheets are grooved for the heads and are pressed in a form which gives the proper taper. *Last of all the single joint is* fastened together and the barrel is complete.

From June, 1891, to January, 1892, 514,625 hogs were examined under the new meat inspection law. Nearly 2 per cent. of the swine were affected with trichina, which shows the need of the new hog law. Of cattle, 2,048,705 passed the rigid examination now demanded by the United States government, and of these less than one-tenth of 1 per cent. were found to be unhealthy. What country could make a better showing than this in the matter of healthy beef? No wonder our meats are getting a good name abroad at last.

The new mining city of Creede may now be considered permanently established. It has had its first circus.

As soon as I discover my opinions to be erroneous I shall be ready to renounce them.—Abraham Lincoln.

UNCLE SAM'S NEW NAVY.

The Report of the House Committee on Naval Affairs.

WE WANT MORE FIGHTING SHIPS.

Our Force Afloat Should Be Strong Enough to Command Peace—Look at Armor Plate Stands in the Way of Rapid Progress—A Reduced Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The report of Representative Herbert, of Alabama, chairman of the house committee on naval affairs, accompanying the naval appropriation bill, has been submitted to the house. The bill carries an appropriation of $25,055,823, being $3,467,816 less than the estimate and $8,814,831 less than the appropriation for *the current fiscal year. The committee*, the report says, have been enabled to make this reduction without in any manner impairing the progress of our new navy in great part because of the large surplus that will remain on hand unexpended and to the credit of the "increase of the navy" at the end of the present fiscal year.

The report continues: Your committee are unanimously of the opinion that every dollar should be appropriated necessary to complete the vessels heretofore authorized. To this end they have recommended, as they believe, all the money that will be called for during the coming fiscal year. They also believe that it should be the settled policy of congress to authorize the construction of one or more new vessels at each regular session until we shall have provided a considerably larger number of fighting ships than we now have or will have when those authorized are completed. The recent Chilian embroglio, during which a naval war seemed for a time to be quite a probability, demonstrated the fact that our people are quite approve of the policy in which we are engaged of rehabilitating the navy. By thoughtful people who appreciate our situation and who understand the policies of the government as settled many years ago such a reminder was not needed.

The Armor Plate Problem.

It seems to your committee that every one who considers at all the welfare and honor of the whole country must recognize, as every president has done, from George Washington down to the present day, the necessity of putting ourselves in condition to resist attack coming from the sea. The report reviews at some length the difficulties met with in making shafting, steel forgings and armor plate and says that the com*mittee are gratified to be able to state that* the present secretary of the navy, Mr. Tracy, in view of the delays incident to the work under the Bethlehem contract, in the summer of 1890 endeavored to secure a second source of supply, and on the 29 of that year entered into a contract with Messrs. Carnegie, Phipps & Co. for 5,934 tons of armor at the same price as that stipulated in the Bethlehem contract.

The time fixed for deliveries to begin was July 1, 1891. This time proved to be insufficient. Carnegie, Phipps & Co., though *they are furnishing*, are not yet able to deliver at the rate required by their contract. Had the same price been furnished by the Bethlehem company according to agreement we should have had, perhaps, two monitors besides the Miantonomah, ready for use against Chili in case of war. As it is except the Miantonomah, the armor for which had already been purchased almost, *not one of the armored vessels provided for* in the act of Aug. 3, 1886, or since, has been completed.

We Need Battleships.

For these reasons the majority of your committee have decided that it would not be best now to authorize the construction of another battleship. Some of the projected vessels have been awaiting their armor for years. There is no reasonable expectation that the armor for all the three ships can be furnished before we enter upon the calendar year 1894. Your committee do not believe, however, that our new navy has yet reached the point at which further increase should cease. It may be taken for granted that we do not need to build a great and expensive navy, like those of Great Britain and France, but certainly the time has come when it would be well to form some distinct and definite idea of the position we are hereafter to occupy among the naval powers of the world.

To regain the relative position among these navies we occupied prior to our civil war is certainly not too much to attempt, especially as we know now that we have no such efficient coast defenses as we then believed ourselves possessed. To reach this point it is not disputed that we need more first class battleships. We have now only three authorized. Eight or nine more or less, in addition to our authorized fleet, would give us a respectable navy, sufficient, perhaps, for the purposes.

But if a battleship were authorized now, we could not reasonably expect that the *heavy armor it would require could be fur*nished when needed. Certainly, if reasonable progress were made in construction, either the new ships or some of those already authorized would be obliged to wait for armor, as several of them are doing now. Some of them have been ready, or in condition to be speedily made ready, for armor for years.

Our Commerce Destroyers.

Next in importance to these are strong and swift commerce destroyers, such as the New York, which is armored with six inches of steel, sufficient to protect the crew from the destructive missiles of rapid fire guns. This ship is considered the best "all around" ship in the world, combined speed, endurance and fighting capacity considered. Nothing can be more effective argument for continued peace than such a vessel as this, especially when considered by a nation having a large commerce afloat. We have only one such vessel as the New York, and it is believed we need another. Wish two such ships as this and four 21-knot and other unarmored swift cruisers, it is believed by the committee, if they may venture an opinion for consideration by the house, that our present navy would be a navy indeed. It ought to be sufficient, at least for a number of years to come. Afterward we may continue the construction of battleships.

In conclusion, the committee say that they have been thus full and explicit in their explanations of the progress that has been made in the construction of the new navy because we have now reached a point in its development which is full of interest to the country, and they have quoted largely from the reports made to it in order that congress may be able to see for itself what was then proposed and to judge of the manner in which its programme has been carried out. With the results thus placed before it, it is for congress in its wisdom to decide upon the steps to be taken for the immediate future.

A NEGRO GIRL LYNCHED.

She Had Tried to Poison a Family of White Persons.

RAYVILLE, La., March 14.—The lifeless form of a colored girl was found dangling from a tree on the road leading to this place. The body was identified as that of a servant, fifteen years old, employed in the family of W. R. Holmes, who resides on the Greenwell place, twenty miles from here.

The girl became offended at the action of a colored man, also employed in the house. She put rat poison into the coffee intended for the family to drink. Almost nine persons drank the concoction, and all came very near dying. The girl acknowledged that she intended to kill the man, and she did not much care who else suffered.

A party of citizens started to bring the girl to the jail at Rayville, but it had not proceeded far before some masked men overtook it and strung the girl up to the limb of a tree at the first crossing. All the person poisoned will recover.

FASHIONS

For Mantel Drapery.

The mantel is always draped nowadays, the material as a rule being brought out inside up. A pretty decoration is to take some soft, flimsy material, one with a stripe of some kind running through. Fasten this on both ends by some ornamental tacks, and draw up in the centre by a bow of ribbon, not to match the stripe, but of some pretty contrast. Then place the forte-a-brac, but do not overcrowd. The whole can be easily removed while the room is being cleaned.

To Distinguish a Lady.

There is a saying that a lady always, no matter what her circumstances, wears neat gloves and shoes. If she cannot afford for high priced ones always, she will *keep her old ones in good condition.* Gloves are peculiarly trying, and need so much attention. In buying, buy the best that you can; they will wear longer and better than cheaper qualities.

Flowers Are Fashionable.

HAIR DECORATING.

Now that everybody is wearing flowers in her hair, we can't ask them how to fix them. Make them conform to the shape of her head and look as if they were there for some purpose, not as if they had just fallen and stuck where they dropped. With soft curly hair or artificially waved locks a loose, informal wreath is becoming and in place, but on smooth hair the effect is poor if such loose arrangements. With a soft Grecian dress such a coiffure as that in the picture is almost irresistable.

Soft Silk Waists.

The little soft silk waists are growing in favor, and to the girl who has to accomodate in clothes they are a delight. With a well-made dress skirt they can be worn at informal affairs, and make pretty home dresses. A ribbon is gathered at the low neck and belt, and are worn either inside or outside of the skirt, which ever happens to be the most becoming.

Health is Ruined.

American women eat too many candies, that is certain. They are bad for teeth, digestion and complexion. If you age one English fashion, girls, never eat, since you must have sweets—more of the jams and marmalades and less of the bonbons it would be better for you and worse for the dentists, doctors and confectioners.

Robbed by Mexican Bandits.

DURANGO, Mex., March 14.—C. W. Brittain, manager of the Vacas mines, left here for the mines with 10,000 silver dollars in an ore train in a wagon, accompanied by J. P. Herndon, a young American, and three guards. When near Constancia twenty-five men rode up and commenced shooting. One of the guards was killed and Herndon severely wounded. The *ore of the bandits was* returned and one of the robbers was killed, but they took the weapon and money supplying his shotgun into Schaefer's leg while the latter was bending the bushes for him during a hunt.

Suicide After a Lovers' Quarrel.

BERLIN, March 14.—Miss Margaret Schmidt, the daughter of a wealthy family of East Prussian land owners, committed suicide after a quarrel with her lover.

Prince Bonaparte Discharged.

LONDON, March 14.—A compromise was affected in the case of Prince Bonaparte, on trial for stealing his divorced wife's jewels, and he was discharged.

Irish Papers Consolidate.

DUBLIN, March 14.—Negotiations for the consolidation of the Freeman's Journal and the National Press have been concluded.

Accused Out in One Year.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—John Purcell, of Buffalo, and Ned Cartwright, instructor of boxing at the Columbia Athletic club, of this city, fought and Purcell was knocked out in the first round.

Father and Son Murdered.

YANKO CITY, Miss., March 14.—J. Mintz, his son and his overseer, Joe Ross were murdered. A hatchet was the weapon used. No clew to the murderers.

General Steele Dead.

ORANGE, N. J., March 14.—Dudley S. Steele, brigadier general of the New Jersey National guard, is dead. He was born in Jersey City in 1839.

French Railroad Fares to Be Reduced.

PARIS, March 14.—French fares will be reduced 10 per cent. throughout the country on April 1, and 20,000,000 old tickets have been destroyed.

Blaine Can Soon Go Out.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Secretary Blaine is much better, and it is thought he will be able to go out in a day or two.

ANOTHER ROYAL DEMISE

The Reign of Ludwig in Hesse-Darmstadt Ended by Death.

HE WAS A SON-IN-LAW OF VICTORIA

A New Order of Things May Be Inaugurated by the Heir to the Throne—Over Half a Million English Coal Miners Now on Strike—The Mine Horror in Belgium.

DARMSTADT, March 14.—The Grand Duke Ludwig IV is dead. Three of his daughters and Prince Ernst Ludwig, his heir, were at his bedside at the time of his death. The city is in mourning. In the English quarter, where the grand duke was especially popular, many houses are draped.

The Grand Duke Ludwig IV was the nephew of his predecessor on the throne of Hesse-Darmstadt. He was born on Sept. 12, 1837, and he married in 1862 the Princess Alice, second daughter of Queen Victoria. She died six years later, after bearing him five daughter and one son, the present grand duke.

In the war of 1866 he commanded a brigade in the Hessian contingent and in 1870-71 the *Twenty-fifth Infantry division* of the Ninth army corps. He distinguished himself by his bravery at Gravelotte and in the fighting on the Loire.

He became heir to the throne by the death of his father, Prince Karl of Hessen, in March 1877, and three months later, upon the death of his uncle, Grand Duke Ludwig III, he succeeded the throne. In 1884 he married Frau von Kolemine, nee Countess Czapska, but was divorced from her shortly afterward. He was liberal in his political views and inclined to the tendency toward Englishmen and English ways, was a much *more popular ruler than his son is likely* to be.

It is expected that the present grand duke will forsake the liberal principles which characterized his father's government, and inaugurate a new order of things. It is said to dismiss the ministry of Finger and call upon Baron Gagern to form a ministry of Conservatives and Ultramontanes.

ENGLAND'S GREAT COAL STRIKE.

Another Hundred Thousand Added to the Half a Million Men Out.

LONDON, March 14.—The great coal strike is spreading. The miners of Lincolnshire quit work. This will make necessary the shutting down of the Appleby Iron company, the North Lincoln Iron company, the Trent works, the Redburn Hill Iron and Coal company and several other large firms in the North Lincolnshire iron trade. The furnaces of South Lincolnshire will be damped down, and the manufacture of pig iron in that district will practically cease.

By the action of today at least 100,000 men will be added to the great army already out of work. Reports from Sheffield, Birmingham, Manchester and Leeds show a low stock of fuel, which must result in the stoppage of work in the factories. The price of coal is expected to make another jump tomorrow, so that even private families will suffer severely.

The Miners' Federation held meetings today throughout Yorkshire, Lancashire, Derbyshire, Cheshire and North Wales. The organization claims to have money enough to keep the men out four months, if necessary. Five hundred and seventy thousand miners are now out.

THE ANDERLUES HORROR.

One Hundred and Fifty-four of the Belgian Miners Are Dead.

BRUSSELS, March 14.—The official computation of the number of victims in the Anderlues tragedy it appears that there were 154 men in the shaft, of whom 154 are dead. Six have been saved.

The fire has now gained the top stage and is burning within ten meters of the surface. Eight days at least will be required to flood the lower and middle galleries, which are at present the seat of the fire, and before the submerged bodies can be recovered the water will have to be pumped out.

A fresh explosion of fire-damp shook the middle gallery toward daybreak. The *engineers had already begun flooding the* lower gallery when a second explosion took place and numerous landslips occurred, obstructing the shaft. One cage was cut into shreds.

Dynamite in Ireland.

DUBLIN, March 14.—A large package of dynamite was found in the yard of Tom Laderick to Tipperary. It was intended evidently to wreck the express, and there was enough of the explosive to dash the whole train to pieces. A farmer's son named Harrigan, living near Limerick, has been arrested, but he protests his innocence.

Shot His Gamekeeper.

BERLIN, March 14.—Banker Seligman, of this city, was ordered by the courts to pay 6,000 marks to Gamekeeper Schaefer for emptying his shotgun into Schaefer's leg while the latter was bending the bushes for him during a hunt.

Suicide After a Lovers' Quarrel.

BERLIN, March 14.—Miss Margaret Schmidt, the daughter of a wealthy family of East Prussian land owners, committed suicide after a quarrel with her lover.

Prince Bonaparte Discharged.

LONDON, March 14.—A compromise was affected in the case of Prince Bonaparte, on trial for stealing his divorced wife's jewels, and he was discharged.

Irish Papers Consolidate.

DUBLIN, March 14.—Negotiations for the consolidation of the Freeman's Journal and the National Press have been concluded.

Accused Out in One Year.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—John Purcell, of Buffalo, and Ned Cartwright, instructor of boxing at the Columbia Athletic club, of this city, fought and Purcell was knocked out in the first round.

Father and Son Murdered.

YANKO CITY, Miss., March 14.—J. Mintz, his son and his overseer, Joe Ross were murdered. A hatchet was the weapon used. No clew to the murderers.

General Steele Dead.

ORANGE, N. J., March 14.—Dudley S. Steele, brigadier general of the New Jersey National guard, is dead. He was born in Jersey City in 1839.

French Railroad Fares to Be Reduced.

PARIS, March 14.—French fares will be reduced 10 per cent. throughout the country on April 1, and 20,000,000 old tickets have been destroyed.

Blaine Can Soon Go Out.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Secretary Blaine is much better, and it is thought he will be able to go out in a day or two.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS—EFFECTUAL FOR

BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS,

Such as Sick Headache, Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness after Meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Cold, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations. Every sufferer is urged to try one dose.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

B. F. Allen's Depot, 365 Canal St., New York.

Just Received!

OUR

First Shipment

OF

BABY CARRIAGES

Including all kinds and prices

CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS

PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—249 East Front street.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a strong power-ful glass at a moderate price. Every tenant or farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly and accurately count the number of sheep or cows across the fields of his farm; in short to have an invaluable assistant for them. The QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS is made with achromatic combination for three powers.

Prices { Smallest size $6.50 / Medium size 7.50 / Largest size 8.50 } All in solid leather sling case with cross-strap.

The Largest Optical House in America.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by return mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,

Manufacturers,

924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, select patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; full pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 36 yard, worth 25c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.—For ladies, misses and children; all finished, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM.—We are still selling this popular brand of 4 4 unbl-ac hed Cotton Flannel, 6c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 35c and 49 per pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring sale. Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. E. ROESSEL, 7 West Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Maker of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison ave. and East Third street.

ROLL BUILDING A SPECIALTY.

Also Plain and ornamental Glass furnished to order.

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LEINBACH BROS., the Tailors.

NO. 18 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE ONE TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for last coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND ROBERTSDALE COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Teaming and Carroll Scawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Belts and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

201 North Avenue.

Corner Berkmen street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

EITHER

Hot Water

OR

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

92 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Metal Repairs, etc.

A. M SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Boston Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.

Horses for boarding.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

73 Park Avenue.

SOME MADE

Bread Rolls Pies Cakes

FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WELLS, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SUMNER.

A postal addressed to Box 99 Dunn Place street will receive prompt attention. 24tf

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Bells are administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM

FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

42 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

Reference:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROB'T. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HARDGOODS, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

18 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics are very carefully cleaned by improved machinery. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET,

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made-to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department has added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Conveyancers, Notaries Public and Solicitors in Chancery, Dunn Building, Plainfield, N. J.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.

Engineer of the Famous Union County Road Machine. Will give special attention to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,

Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Money Public. Office No. 29 West Front street.

CLARK & MARSH,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

CRANE & MARSH,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Masters in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

JOHN WADE,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, and Plainfield. Dunn Building, Second Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Were quietly and thoroughly organized for business in operations. Our apparatus is entirely free from all offensive odors. Orders left at our office, 15 Park place, or at residence, 1 Prospect street, will receive prompt attention. Orders can be entered at Post Office, Manufacturers' Office and Leigh's, Randolph and Plainfield Banks.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST given better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot find both at once.

Next you come, come to my store for the best gold chromos, Mottoes, Wreaths, Easels, Artists, and assorted frame goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

Republicans Bothered by the Prohibition Issue.

WHAT BEFORE THEIR CONVENTION.

The Man Selected as Temporary Chairman Hinges the Temper of the Body—Algor's State Said to Be for Harrison—Senator Hill Starts South.

DES MOINES, March 14.—The Republicans have held county conventions in thirty-six different counties to elect delegates to the state convention, which meets here next Thursday. The delegates in thirteen of these counties were instructed for Harrison, three for Blaine, and in twenty-two there were no instructions. In many of the counties sending uninstructed delegates, however, there is a strong Harrison sentiment. It is beyond question that the Harrison men will be in control of the convention, although they may not attempt to pass a resolution of instructions.

A prominent Republican stated that an effort will be made to have the convention adopt a resolution declaring that prohibition is not a test of party fealty. He contends that upon the passage of such a resolution ten to twenty Republicans in the house will vote for the Gatch bill, which has already passed the senate, for a modification of the prohibitory law in the direction of county option. Indications do not point to the probable passage of such a resolution. In several county conventions where the anti-saloon league was influenced by the prohibitory policy, resolutions favoring the Gatch bill have been voted down. If the resolution passes it will be because the prohibitionists are caught napping. This vexatious question is likely to cause a good deal of trouble in the state convention. The independent or license Republicans are indignant at the treatment Mr. Cummins received at the hands of Polk county.

After having been selected by the state central committee as temporary chairman of the convention, to be left off the delegation is a direct personal insult to him and a slap in the face of the committee. Chairman Mack is disposed to stand by Cummins, and still insists that he shall act as chairman. Mr. Cummins has the matter under advisement and will return a definite answer tomorrow. If he should conclude to act, the prohibitionists declare that they will howl him down and refuse to organize with him in the chair. The convention promises to be either as quiet as a graveyard or as active as a den of wildcats. Nobody can tell which turn its affairs will take.

Michigan for Harrison.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 14.—The Daily Telegraph prints a political article of great importance in Michigan, being the estimates made by leading editors in various parts of the state regarding the choice of the people of their several localities for the Republican nomination for president and governor.

There is no disguising the fact that the state is called Alger sentiment is merely the result of the "rotten row" idea, and while there have been attempts to show that President Harrison is not strong here, the fact is that, next to Blaine, he is regarded as the most available candidate. The feeling is manifest that the movement for Alger is the outgrowth of a desire to embarrass the president, and it is evident that there is no sincerity in the so called boom.

Of the estimates that are positive and unequivocal the people from eleven sections favor Harrison as the first choice, while only six speak for Alger. In two sections, Escosta and St. Joseph counties, McKinley is spoken of next to Harrison.

A Denial from Ingalls.

KANSAS CITY, March 14.—J. Ware Butterfield, of Topeka, has made public the following letter from ex-Senator Ingalls:

ATCHISON, Kan., March 11.

MY DEAR MR. BUTTERFIELD—In reply to your note of this date I would say that if there is any report that I wrote to the secretary of the Republican league last fall offering to make no speeches in the campaign and that my letter was employed the statement is incorrect.

Your friend, JOHN J. INGALLS.

Since the speech made by Senator Ingalls before the Republican league all sorts of charges and statements have been made. Mr. Ingalls will unquestionably give the men who are at present in charge of the machinery of the party a great deal of trouble. Among the old crowd of politicians Ingalls has but few, if any, friends. They believe that the ex-senator should be made to feel a Republican rebuke for what they are pleased to term his ingratitude to the party.

Hill's Southern Tour.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Senator Hill has left here for Jackson, Miss. Among those who accompanied the senator were Representative Booker, of Mississippi; Colonel J. S. McEwen, assistant adjutant general, of New York, and J. W. Ridgway, district attorney of Brooklyn. Senator Hill will reach Jackson at 11 o'clock Tuesday. He will address the legislature of Mississippi by invitation and in the afternoon will leave Jackson for Birmingham, Ala.

A Grain Elevator in Flames.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The floating grain elevator America caught fire at her pier, and in a moment was enveloped in flames from stem to stern. She was cut loose from the pier and drifted with the tide until just off the battery, where she sank.

A Schooner Wrecked.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., March 14.—The schooner Rob and Harry McLain, from St. John for New York, was driven on shore on Cuttyhunk island and completely wrecked. One of her crew was drowned.

General Williams' New Position.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—General George B. Williams, formerly United States minister to Japan, is going to London as the agent for a prominent New York life insurance company.

Governor Gray in the Race.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 14.—Governor Gray, the most popular Democrat in Indiana, has refused a renomination for governor, and announces himself a candidate for president.

Nicaraguan Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—President Harrison has issued his proclamation announcing the establishment of a reciprocal treaty with Nicaragua.

A Minister Struck Blind.

BUSSELL, Ia., March 14.—The Rev. Mr. Sweet, the young Methodist minister at this place, was stricken with apparent total blindness.

May Die, but Will Never Resign.

CHICAGO, March 14.—Mayor Washburne, when asked about his reported intention to resign, said, "I may die, but will never resign."

SULLIVAN'S FIAT GOES FORTH.

He Will Retire from the Ropes Arena After His Next Fight.

CHICAGO, March 14.—John L. Sullivan has issued another ultimatum. After his next fight for the championship he will retire from the ropes arena in which he has enjoyed an unbroken reign of ten years and devote all his time to the stage, with which he appears to be infatuated. "I must," he declared, "and I will. My ultimatum, first come, first served, will be strictly lived up to. Corbett has posted $1,000 of the $2,500 and I give him till next Wednesday to put the remaining $1,500. My $2,500 is already up. If Mitchell really wants to fight, as he loudly proclaims, he has a chance to get in ahead of Corbett, whose forfeit is only partly up. Let him post his $2,500, as the conditions imposed by me require, at once, and I will be bound to give him the preference.

"I am willing to fight before the Olympic club, but I am Sullivan"—and here the champion smote his brawny breast with his hand—"the champion of the world, and I will not allow any set of businessmen to draw up my articles for me. As champion I have the power to dictate my own terms, and no man or set of men can alter my purpose. Of course, if the Olympic club's articles suit me I will sign and stand by them, but no one outside of Johnson, who is my backer and knows exactly what I want, and myself, has any power to say I shall do this or that. And that reminds me that the stories printed in the papers, to the effect that President Noel had forwarded articles for my approval, are not true. At least I have not received them, nor have I been officially notified that they have been forwarded.

"This will be my last fight. After it is settled I will retire from the ring. I am meeting with a share of success in my new business and am satisfied to remain where I am for two years or so, when I will retire from the stage and settle down."

THE BEHRING SEA TROUBLE.

Erastus Wiman Inclined to Think That War Will Result.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Behring sea situation remains unchanged as nothing has been received from Lord Salisbury, nor has there been any developments to change the state of affairs.

CHICAGO, March 14.—A war between England and the United States as an outcome of the Behring sea complications is seriously talked of by Erastus Wiman. Mr. Wiman is visiting friends in Chicago. "The English government," said he, in an interview, "is under tremendous pressure now from the Canadian government, which, being Tory in complexion and reinforced by the recent elections, is in a mood to insist that Canadian sealers be protected and given equal rights with Americans on the high seas.

"Besides, the coming contest in England between the Tories and Gladstone and the Liberals makes it incumbent that a diversion of some kind be created to insure Tory success at the polls. Nothing will so fire the British heart with enthusiasm as anything calculated to maintain the feeling that Britannia rules the wave, and under such circumstances it is not improbably that a vigorous foreign policy will prevail during the coming campaign in which the peace of the world may be threatened. Actual hostilities are doubtful, but many a war has sprung from less serious causes, and it is a fact that party exigencies have caused one-half of England's wars. At any rate, no party was ever in greater straits than is the Tory party now."

MORRILL CRITICALLY ILL.

Grave Fears for the Life of the "Father of the Senate."

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The venerable Senator Morrill, of Vermont, is critically ill of pneumonia, and the gravest fears are entertained. Senator Morrill is eighty-two years old, and has recently been in feeble health.

He has been in the senate since 1866, and is recognized as the father of the senate.

Two Boys Poisoned.

CHESTER, Pa., March 14.—The poisoning of the two Moore boys has caused excitement here. Deputy Coroner Jeffries made a postmortem examination of the bodies, but declined to disclose the result of the examination until the inquest. There is not the slightest doubt that a trap was set for boys in the mill where they were employed at Upland, where the pilfering of dinner pails has been carried on for some time. The boys were poor, and only recently lost their mother by death.

A Brazen Piece of Work.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—An Italian fisherman, S. Camilla, had a quarrel with a fellow fisherman named Cicerillo, who belonged to the Mafia. Camilla shot Cicerillo on Roe island in Sacramento river, and then coolly towed the body down to the coroner of Benecia, who paid him five dollars for the body and took his deposition in regard to finding it. When the coroner went to Roe island he was amazed to learn that Camilla was the murderer.

Pleasanton's Bad Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Major General Alfred Pleasanton, one of the most distinguished cavalry leaders during the war, is spending the last years of his life in a small room of a poor hotel here. He is not in want, but suffers greatly from disease and longs for his children. He declines to see any one but his old colored nurse and his physician.

Relief for Mexico's Hungry.

SAN LUIS POTOSI, Mex., March 14.—Sixty-five thousand bushels of corn from the United States have just arrived here and placed on sale under the direction of the state governor, who has ordered prices to the poorer classes. The consignment has broken the corn monopoly.

A Fearfully Fatal Explosion.

QURAY, Colo., March 14.—Four men were putting in blasts in Bevenue tunnel and had fifteen holes charged when all exploded, tearing Joe Robinson and his head torn from his body, Pat Maloney was instantly killed and Pat Burns fatally mangled. The fourth man was but slightly injured.

Fell Overboard and Drowned.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 14.—When the steamer David Kemp was making the night trip to Mayport John Crawford, a passenger from Highland, N. Y., fell overboard and was drowned.

Consumed in by Flames.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The Janet apartment house was burned, and one family of seven, that of Carroll Kemp, was burned in by the fire and had to be rescued from the windows by the firemen.

Frederic Douglass Accepts.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Frederic Douglass, selected by the government of Hayti as the representative of that country at the Chicago exposition, has accepted the position.

Fired the First Gun.

In the Crimean war a war correspondent was told off to watch the fire of the Russian artillery and spy out to his comrades when shot, shell or rocket was fired, so that they might be prepared for the fray. He gave the signal, "Shot!" "shell!" "shot!" "shell!" proportionally until he saw a rocket, which of course is a long, tailed like missile. It was the first he had seen, and imagining it was a cannon he yelled out: "Take an ague, boys, the gun as all is comin! If the Russians are coming after it they won't leave a mother's son of us alive."—Irish Times.

Considerate.

The Doctor—Have you called on the Butlers since the failure?

Miss Newgold—No. I think I shall have to scratch them off. Poor Mrs. Butler is so sensitive that I hesitate to intrude upon her in her trials.—Brooklyn Life.

Prairie Fires Start Early.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 14.—A terrible prairie fire has been raging for several days in the eastern part of Payne county, doing many thousand dollars' worth of damage. John Bledwell, William Quarry, John Quarry and others had their farms swept clear of everything and are left penniless. John Quarry was fatally burned while attempting to save his home.

The City Records Destroyed.

BEDFORD, Ind., March 14.—One half of the south side of the public square was destroyed by fire. Eleven business houses and two residences were consumed. All the city records are destroyed.

Left Seven Children Behind.

ATLANTIC, Ia., March 14.—Lindsey A. Bennett shot his wife, killing her instantly, and then killed himself. The cause is said to have been jealousy. The dead couple leave seven children.

Divorced for Cruelty.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., March 14.—A bill of divorce was granted to the wife of Sid Conger, superintendent of the stock department of the World's Fair. Mrs. Conger charged cruelty.

Dwight Succeeds Wiman.

TORONTO, March 14.—It is understood that H. P. Dwight has been appointed to succeed Erastus Wiman as president of the Great Northwestern Telegraph company.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Cor. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. A. Bartel, P. O. Box 1009.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainments in Prof. Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at Dudley Institute, Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and a trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Tyrol, care of Misses Gardner and Brown, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

A Boarding and Day School. RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 7, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDW. H. N. HARNED, Prin. 127 Park Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. The next session in Reading and Practice. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

C. BECKINGER

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

13 PARK AVE

Do not forget the number.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

40 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 65 FORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

S. F. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. P.O. Box 1009.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Bow and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Shop for First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 1219.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-y J. HERRMANN, 6 Rogers street.

P. V. SAUNDERS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Brown & Co.'s line. Plainfield. Jobbing attended to and given cheerfully to all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Madison avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 949.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 83.

W. J. Pearson, No. 13 Vine street, N. P. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 69 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

Storm doors and window screens a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 57 Duer St., Perth Plainfield.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

(THE NEW JERSEY SOUTHERN R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 30, 6 45, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave Newark at 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 45, 7 55, 9 05, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m., 12 05 night.

Leave Somerville at 6 45, 7 25, 8 25, 9 25, 10 25 a. m., 12 25, 1 25, 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 25, 10 25 p. m., 12 25 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOUTH AMBOY.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 05, 11 05 a. m., 1 05, 3 05, 5 05, 7 05, 9 05 p. m.

Leave South Amboy at 6 45, 8 25, 10 25 a. m., 12 25, 2 25, 4 25, 6 25, 8 25 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 10, 9 45 a. m., 4 30, 6 25 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 45 a. m. for Junction, Allentown, Bradley, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago and the West; Lakehurst, Tuckerton, Williamstown and Scranton.

7 30 a. m. for Flemington, Delaware Bridge Branch, Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 05 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk, Lehigh Valley Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Erie, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Chicago and the West; Lakehurst, Tuckerton, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport, Harrisburg and Erie.

11 05 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, etc.

1 05 p. m. for Junction, Bethlehem and Allentown.

3 05 p. m. Sunday for Boston, Middletown, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wissahickon and Scranton, at 12 38 Junction for Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Bound Brook, Delaware Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

5 05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wissahickon and Scranton, at 12 38 Junction for Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Bound Brook, Delaware Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wissahickon and Scranton, at 12 38 Junction for Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Bound Brook, Delaware Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

7 05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wissahickon and Scranton, at 12 38 Junction for Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Bound Brook, Delaware Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 1 05, 5 05 p. m. Sunday 11 05 a. m. Ocean Grove, 7 30, 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 1 05, 5 05 p. m. Sunday 11 05 a. m. Asbury Park, 7 30, 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 1 05, 5 05 p. m. Sunday 11 05 a. m. Long Branch, 7 30, 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 1 05, 5 05 p. m. Sunday 11 05 a. m.

For Atlantic City 7 45 a. m., 12 00 p. m.

For Cape May, 7 45 a. m., 12 00 p. m.

For Sea Girt, 7 30, 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 1 05, 5 05, 6 05 p. m. Sunday 11 05 a. m.

SOUTH AMBOY AND SOUTH.

For Philadelphia at 6 45, 7 30, 9 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 25, 1 05, 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 25, 10 25 p. m., 12 25 night. Sunday at 7 30, 9 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 25, 1 05, 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 25, 10 25 p. m., 12 25 night.

For Trenton 6 45, 8 25, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 25, 1 05, 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 25, 10 25 p. m., 12 25 night. Sunday at 8 25, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 25, 1 05, 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 25, 10 25 p. m., 12 25 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 6 45, 8 25, 10 45 a. m., 2 25, 4 25, 6 25, 8 25 p. m., 12 25 night. Sunday at 8 25 a. m., 2 25, 4 25, 6 25, 8 25 p. m., 12 25 night.

For Pittsburg at 10 45 a. m., 12 25, 2 25 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m., 12 25 p. m.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R.R.

The Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:

4 45 a. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Car, Dining Car and Sleeping Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Camden and Delaware.

7 00 a. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Sleeping Cars for Pittsburg, Chicago and St. Louis, daily except Saturday for Cleveland, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and daily except Sunday for Niagara Falls.

8 45 a. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Parlor Buffet Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and St. Louis, and Dining Car for Pittsburg or Cleveland.

10 45 a. m.—Express, West, Boston and the South—1 05, 7 05, 9 05 a. m.; 12 05, 2 05 p. m. On Sundays—1 05, 9 05 a. m.; 12 05, 2 05 p. m.

11 05 a. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

12 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

2 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

3 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

4 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

5 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

6 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

7 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

8 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

9 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

10 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

11 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

12 05 p. m.—Express daily, with Pullman Parlor Cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Local, daily except Saturday, for Philadelphia.

1

UNHAPPY QUEENS.

UNEASY HEADS THAT WERE NOT BORN FOR ROYAL CROWNS.

Eight European Sovereigns Not of Royal Birth—Each One of Them Has Been an Object of Sympathy and Pity Rather Than of Envy—Stories of Their Lives.

Although there exists a popular impression to the effect that thrones in these modern times are beyond the reach of those who do happen to be of imperial or royal birth, yet the fact remains that during the present century there have been no less than eight women who, notwithstanding the absence of the blood of monarchs in their veins, have been raised from among the people to sovereign rank.

It is worthy of note, however, that the crowns won by the eight women of non royal birth to whom I have referred above have proved to be of an exceedingly thorny character. Indeed, each of these fair sovereigns remains on record as an object of sympathy and of pity rather than of envy. Their elevation above the heads of the people to whom they belonged has been accompanied by an amount of unhappiness, misery and bitterness far beyond the share that falls to the lot of the ordinary woman, and the celebrity which surrounds their names is due not so much to the brilliancy as to the sadness of their lot.

Empress Josephine never took her place in the niche of history to the heartless treatment to which she was subjected by her husband, and she is remembered—not as the brilliant and frivolous consort of the monarch who, for twelve years, was the mightiest in Christendom, but as the pitiable victim of his selfish ambition and of his cruelty.

A MOTHER OF A NAPOLEON.

Equally sad was the fate of beautiful Hortense, mother of Napoleon III, who, from the day she became queen of Holland until the time of her death in poverty, abandonment and exile, was a disappointed, sorrowful and heartbroken woman. The gilded apple of royalty, which had been plucked in her hands in 1806, had turned into Dead sea fruit. She had seen her eldest son die, her second son killed and her third son a fugitive, forced to seek a haven of refuge in the United States.

The very name she bore was proscribed, all her relatives were either in banishment or dead, while her poverty was so great that she was forced to appeal to King Louis Philippe, the bitterest enemy of her house and the most relentless persecutor of her surviving sons. Nor was the fate of Queen Caroline Murat, whose husband was first imprisoned and then executed by the order of the Bourbon king of Naples, any happier.

Julia and Desiree Clary, the two daughters of the Marseilles broker, who became respectively Queen Consort and queen of Sweden, were both noted for their domestic sorrows, and for the neglect and indignities of every kind to which they were subjected by their husbands.

Exile, widowhood and the tragical death of her only son in South Africa have rendered Eugenie de Montijo, the grand daughter of Don Kirkpatrick of Irish patrick, with a majesty which, though sorrowful, is far superior to any which she ever possessed in the days of her greatest magnificence at the Tuileries. The assassination of the once beautiful, brilliant and supremely elegant, but now broken, infirm and prematurely aged consort of Napoleon III is sufficient to excite commeration even in the hearts of the bitterest enemies of the Bonaparte regime.

Yet another of the most pathetic of royal romances is Natalie de Keshko, the once or less legally divorced queen of King Milan of Servia. Her life until now has even been more strange, more extraordinary and more full of exciting incidents than those of the other three ladies above mentioned. Were it described in a novel it would be set down as extravagant, unreal and impossible; but fact from end to end is the case, it constitutes one of the most romantic pages of the contemporary history of Europe.

QUEEN NATALIE.

Queen Natalie spent most of her childhood at Florence, where she attended one of the schools, a number of young American girls being among her schoolmates. On completing her education she lived some time on her father's estates in southern Russia and at St. Petersburg, where she, however, did not figure among what Thackeray describes as the "upper society."

Finding that his advances were spurned at all the foreign courts and even by the great families of the nobility on the Continent, Milan determined to fly for a wife game and to content himself with wealth instead of lineage. This he found combined with beauty of no ordinary nature in young Natalie Keshko, at that time only eighteen years of age. His request for her hand—and for her fortune of course—was not received with any great enthusiasm by Colonel Keshko, who was warned by his friends that the princely throne of Servia would constitute a bad investment for his money. At length, however, yielding to a hint from the authorities at St. Petersburg, who realized the advantages of having a Russian girl as mistress of the palace at Belgrade, he gave his consent, and the marriage was celebrated on Oct. 17, 1875, in the Servian metropolis.

A few years later, on Milan's assumption of the title of king, the pretty little school girl of Florence became a full fledged queen. From that moment her sorrows began. They are of too recent a character to need any description anew here. But it must be admitted that she has suffered more than most women, and the incredible indignities and cruelties to which she has been subjected, both as a wife and as a mother, are sufficient to win for her the pity of all right minded and good hearted people and to discourage young girls from all inclination to grasp the royal or imperial crowns that may be brought within their reach.—Ex-Diplomat in New York Tribune.

A Plea for Knit Goods.

I am one of the "shut in winter ones." I would like to do a little missionary work out of the regular line for humanity's sake.

I have asked many of my friends if they would not like to have for underwear and bed wear more of the knit garments. They think it would be nice and they would laundry so easily. Night wear for both sexes could be knit, and it would be much more soft and grateful for summer. For bed use, sheets must be very soft, and could also pillow slips, and for children, all their little garments would be so much better to laundry. Also common knit dress goods, ladies could be made in colors, and we could easily "fit ourselves" to them without having to go at least three times to have a common dress "fitted."

I wish if there are any ladies that can have any influence with the manufacturers of these goods they would use it to have them introduced as soon as possible. I think the public is ready and waiting for them.—Cor. St. Paul Pioneer Press.

How to Teach a Horse to Single Foot.

The single foot, or the "rack" as it is called in Kentucky, is an artificial gait, but certain breeds of horses have been educated to it. So accustomed to nature that to go the gait has become second nature to them, just as it is natural now for a pointer puppy to point game, even before he has been trained. The single foot is a combination of the trot and a jog, and any active and not too nervous horse can be broken into it. When the horse has quickened his pace from a walk to a jog, and just as he is about to begin going one degree faster, that is into a trot, if his head be held up with the curb rein, this interference will cause him to move his front feet more quickly and take shorter steps. Then he will be neither trotting nor jogging, but racking. By continuing this operation the horse will soon learn what the rider wishes by the jerk on the curb and will go into the single foot at command. It is the easiest of all gaits on the rider and the hardest on the horse.

How the Expression "Before You Can Say Jack Robinson" Originated.

This current phrase is derived from a humorous song by Hudson, a tobacconist in Shoe lane, London, England, who lived about the close of the last century. He was a professional song writer and vocalist, who was engaged at supper rooms and theatrical performances.

How the Apostles Died.

St. Matthew is supposed to have suffered martyrdom or to have been slain with a sword in Arabia Felix. St. Mark was dragged through the streets of Alexandria in Egypt until he expired. St. Luke was hanged upon an olive tree in Greece. St. John was put into a cauldron of boiling oil in Rome, but escaped death. He afterward died a natural death at Ephesus in Asia. St. James the Great was beheaded at Jerusalem. St. James the Less was thrown from a pinnacle or wing of the temple and then beaten to death with a fuller's club. St. Philip was hanged up against a pillar at Hierapolis, a city of Phrygia. St. Bartholomew was flayed alive by the command of a barbarous king. St. Andrew was bound to a cross, from which he preached to the people until he expired. St. Thomas was run through the body with a lance at Carmandel in the East Indies. St. Jude was shot to death with arrows. St. Simon Zealot was crucified in Persia. St. Matthias was first stoned and then beheaded. St. Barnabas was stoned to death by the Jews at Salamis. St. Paul was beheaded at Rome by the tyrant Nero. St. Peter, or Simon Peter, according to the tradition of the early church, was crucified at Rome about the same time as St. Paul.

How the Russians Keep Eggs.

They set them small end down in troughs, they pour in melted tallow till the crock is full and let it harden.

How to Subdue.

A tinker needs few tools for his soldering. A fire, a soldering iron, a bar of solder, a lump of resin and a brick will set him up in trade. Watch him never so closely and you will be likely to miss one trick on which his success hangs. If you try soldering yourself you must know it. Heat your iron very hot—not unexpectedly red hot, but hot enough to melt the solder on contact. Then let a few drops of the solder fall on the brick and rub the iron in the molten metal till it (the iron) is well covered. Then go ahead; the rest is easy. Chamfer a little room on the spot that is to be tinkered. Melt as much solder as you need, letting it fall on the resin, and rub the iron over it till you have it well in place. It will cool very quickly. If you don't cover the iron fully with solder first you can't do the job.

To Remove Tar Spots from Carpets.

Cover the tar spot with butter; the tar and butter will combine and can be sponged out with soap and warm water.

How to Make Beaten Biscuits.

This is the most wholesome form of hot bread. The biscuits are sometimes called "Sally Lunn" and sometimes "Maryland biscuits," but they did not originate there and are common all over the south. Rub one-quarter of a pound of lard into 1½ pounds of flour, adding a pinch of salt. Mix enough milk or water with it to make a stiff dough. Beat the dough well with a rolling pin for half an hour or more, or until it blisters under the blows and will break when pulled. Little machines come for the purpose of working the dough instead of beating it. This is a good substitute, as it saves labor. Roll the dough out to a little less than half an inch in thickness, cut it into little biscuits, pricking each one with a fork, and bake. They are best served hot, but are also good cold.

How to Sweep a Carpet.

Incline the handle of the broom a little forward and give a light drawing stroke. The strokes should be such as to roll the dirt along the carpet, not to throw it up and forward. Old tea leaves or little bits of damp paper help to take up the dirt.

How Some Polysyllables Are Pronounced.

Antipodes—an-tip-o-dees. Ark—in English compounds, such as archbishop, archduke, etc., *arch*; but in words derived from the Greek, *ark*; for instance, archaic is pronounced ar-ka-ic; archangel, ark-angel; archbishop, ark-bishop; archipelago, ar-ke-pel-a-go; archives, ar-kivz, etc. Asparagus—as spelled, not asparagrass. Biography—as spelled, not *be*-ography. Covetous—cuv-e-tous, not cuv-e-chus. Courteous—curt-yus. In bronchitis, tonsilitis, laryngitis and similar words of local inflammations sound the *i* long, as bron-*kite*-is, etc.

Women of the Middle Ages.

It is perhaps doubtful whether modern civilization has produced any women of greater strength of character and much better mental and social acquirements as those who were the wives and daughters of the lords and signors of the feudal ages. The well read librarian of the Fifteenth century have immortalized women who remain models of virtue and refinement for the Middle Ages; also, if we only took the trouble to study them, we should find that the women of the Latin nations were extremely cultivated and most intimately and affectionately associated with the pursuits and cares of their lords. At least such appears to have been the case in France, if we may judge from the romances, the illuminated missals, the poetry of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth centuries, and from the evidence of the splendid monuments of architecture and the grand old palaces which have preserved the memories of so many ladies in sculptured effigies and eloquent epitaphs.

Like the models of feminine good breeding created by Castiglione at the court of Urbino, the ladies of the Middle Ages had not only the charm of delicate education and refined hospitalities, but also the nobility sentiments, a love of justice, a marked hatred of hypocrites and cowards and the independence of character.

Ladies must indeed have had great charm, seeing that their feudal lords remembered it even in the best of battle and looked forward to its solace as one of the rewards of victory.—Theodore Child in Harper's Bazar.

Women in George I's Time.

A manuscript diary of a middle class family belonging to the time of George I gives anything but a very flattering picture. The ladies were always going about. But they staid at home in the evenings. There was a very good reason why the women should stay at home. The streets were infested with prowling thieves and with dangerous bullies; no woman could go out after dark in the city without an armed escort of her father's apprentices or his own servants. The occupations of a young lady—not a lady of the highest fashion—of this time are given by a contemporary writer.

He says that she makes tippets, works handkerchiefs in catgut, collects shells, makes mottoes, copies music, paints cuts out figures and landscapes and makes screens. She dances a minuet or cotillon, and she can play ombre, lansquenet, quadrille and Pope Joan. These are frivolous accomplishments, but the writer says nothing of the morning's work—the distilling of creams, the confecting of cakes and puddings and sauces, the needlework and all the useful things.

They did not always stay at home. In the summer they sometimes went to Vauxhall, where the girls enjoyed the sight of the wicked world as much as they liked, the singing and supper and the punch that followed.—Walter Besant in Harper's.

She Never Thought.

A lady possessing a treasure of a domestic was surprised and angry to learn that said treasure was about to leave her employ.

"I consider your conduct very ungrateful," she said angrily. "I have paid you good wages and taught you to do my things, and this is the way you treat me. It is shameful."

The girl murmured something about being sorry, but persisted in her determination to go.

"You can at least tell me why you are leaving," said her mistress.

"Well," said the girl, "when you were sick I gave my bed to the nurse and slept on the floor, and I never got over the cold I caught then; and carrying all your meals up stairs gave me a hurt in the side, and I froze my fingers hanging out clothes, and the doctor says it's too hard, and if I don't quit I'll be laid up sure."

"Nellie, is this true?" asked her mistress, with tears in her eyes. "I never thought of all that. Why, you may stay and I will get some one to help you, and I'll take care of you myself until you are quite well and strong."

Nellie staid, and her mistress did as she promised, and this true story is commended to other housekeepers who have a treasure they are thoughtlessly overburdening.—Detroit Free Press.

Training of Girls in China.

During her first ten years the Chinese girl enjoys as much freedom as a boy; like a boy, she wears her hair in a long "pig tail," and frequently goes about in boy's attire, especially where there are no men in the family—for in that case (as Chinese wish to maintain the illusion that sin is not without male descendants) during this time, common mother wins, by station, she is trained in all household duties and woman's handicrafts. A high value is put on becoming demeanor, decent attire and clothing, and in many houses it is considered a point of honor for the daughter to be able to prepare a large part of her dowry with her own hand.

While the little Chinese girl may be no less fortunate than a European child, during these years of impressionable childhood, in wealthy parents, with only few exceptions, commit the first wrong to their daughters by letting them grow up without any schooling. This applies especially to the north; in the south, particularly in the Quang-Tong province, in which Canton lies, a better report was obtained. Although there education among women did not begin to be so common as among men, there were a few schools for girls under women's directions, while many received instruction from private teachers at the homes of their parents.—Chautauquan.

A Pretty Den.

If you are repairing an old house and wish to have a pretty den, two sitting and effective features, choose a room for a den and have the whole of a windowless side finished with drawers, cupboards, nooks and playseats. Shut in some of these with stained glass doors, drape others with real silk or blue and white porcelain tinted crapy goods. Leave a gallery along the top for books, pottery or unframed paintings. Cover the floor with matting and rugs, and if possible place low seats in the windows for plants or books. Select wrought iron frames for hanging lamps, with a copper candlestick placed here and there.

An old portable clothes closet may be converted into a corner shrine for such a room by being covered with dark red plush, in which is kept some family heirlooms. A few odd bunches of dried flowers will best harmonize with the rest of the room, or stiff carved chairs in dark mahogany, while an old fashioned sofa, covered with Canton crape in New England years ago, or any antique table or stand, will find a suitable abiding place here.—Exchange.

A Poor Way to Bring Up Children.

It never makes children better to tell them a dozen times a day that they are too mean for any use.—Ram's Horn.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 tf m

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Early tomatoes, Mt. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Falt & Wiebener's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case or doz. Also a fine assortment of Gorden & Dowerth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

Make a Note of it.

The steamer "Gellert" of the Hamburg-American Packet Co. will leave New York for Hamburg on April 21, at 10 a. m.

The steamer "Hevelia" from New York, March 3, at 11:00 a. m.

The steamers for St Nic leave March 12, 26; April 16, May 7, June 11.

Special rates. Get your excursion tickets of Henry D. Harrison, agent, 9 Somerset s reet.

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe —Made of Calf Skin.—Narrow toe with tip.—Square toe plain.—Good Fitters.—Good Shapes.—Worth $3 to any man.—And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

THIS ADVERTISEMENT

Is written that you may know that we are selling:—

COFFEE—An extra grade of crushed Java Coffee 30c. lb., with 3 Sterling pasted tea spoons FREE.

TEA—With a pound of our Famous 50c. T's, your choice of 4 other best "Sunnyside" teas; 4 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 cedar pail or 6 Sterling pasted tea spoons FREE.

BUTTER—We have an elegant table Butter at 27c. lb. Also other grades including the finest Elgin Creamery, 30c. lb.

SUGAR—Standard Granulated Sugar, 4½c. lb.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 22 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 500 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 5000 barrels daily.

This is to cause a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and this quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Herrendorf fast black Hose, 19 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, shades and fancy stripes, 15c.
Herrendorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES ! GLOVES !

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Spanish), 67c.
Full length Suede Mo quitaine, in tans and shades, 98c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
Nice line of black and colored silk gloves.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

NEW Spring Dunlap Style OF DERBY, Out TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

BEFORE PURCHASING

Your Mount for 1892.

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,

WHEELMEN'S :: HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushio or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 5-YARDER

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the biggest $10 again we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

EDSALL'S!

AUCTION SALE

OF

New and Second Hand Furniture, AT CAREY'S,

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 11th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

Consisting of Oak and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Parlor Suits, Diningroom Chairs, Bedsteads, Extension Tables in Oak and Walnut, and a number of rockers. New Bedding and fine Carpets, and many more other things.

Terms Cash.

E. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

SOMETHING NEW AT VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

Think you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen the one that we are offering? It is the great of bargains we have ever offered, and you will find a great thing if you do not avail yourself of them. Price $5.00. Many to our store windows.

Our Special Dinner Set! We are offering a very fine English Porcelain Decorated Set, 112 pieces, for $8.50. This is bargain.

The Hardest Trade we are after, and are going to get it. If prices have any in harmonize, we have the largest and finest line of new goods, the best and cheapest.

We ask special attention to a line of Knee Surgs, handkerchiefs that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another case of those fully regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 20c., our price 10c. Gent's Seamless Hose, 12½c. Ladies' Fine Hose, Tuck Stitch, same as you usually pay 25c. for; our price 15c.

Our case of Corsets we have yet a few sizes. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you buy it at about the same price that you pay for the ordinary.

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VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

This Date in History.

March 14.

1794—A dismal looking flying sheet at Portsmouth for alleged libel on the character of President Washington. Some of the inmates have universally been considered insane, and the case is celebrated as one in which the government acted as a scavenger, born 1701.

1805—The talented poet, [illegible] Frederick Knapp, died; born 1758.

1820—Congress passed the Missouri compromise act.

1833—Charles Sprague, the banker poet, died; born 1791.

1836—Captain Cook, of Cook's Straits, N. Z., murdered.

1837—Count Real, in New Orleans; Italians charged with the murder of Chief of Police Hennessy had been acquitted, whereupon citizens stormed the jail, shot nine of the accused dead and hanged two others, causing an international complication with Italy.

Not His Boy.

Jim has returned home with a city made photograph:

Say, Jim, my son, this hain't sure fortygraft!
It bay Gli ont—ye make the ole man laff.
That your? Why, Jim, my boy, ye ain't in that!
Feel blame, I never seen ye with yer ha's so slick—
I never seen ye with yer ha's so slick—
Mos' unearthly mussed like an ole haystick.

They've libeled of you, Jim, up thar in town.
What's yer ole clay pipe? What's yer dowsy cowat
'N our Cloth Hips, Jim, kinder pe'ved, screwed
Yer smile seems faintly smile or more from home.
Yer cheeks looks shaved—not a derned bit like you.
They're sorter pink than'd o' ha'ry blue.

I don't want that, so take the thing away;
It ain't the Jim I've known'd this many a day.
More like a city fellar—kinder dudie.
The blame thing really knocks me off my foot.
Yer might be made to look so, but ye see
I like ye better, Jim, just as ye be.

These folks can paint their churches blue 'n red,
'N not a word by me'll e'er be said;
Revise the good book even, I'll not kick,
Altho' the habit makes me mighty sick;
But as for fortygrafters, Hen'ry help him
Whichever gits caught changin' my boy Jim!
—Harper's Magazine.

A Fellow Feeling.

Grumbling Consumer (at gas company's office)—Between footpads and gas bills a man's life is hardly worth living any more, Clerk—Have the footpads been after you?

Grumbling Consumer (handing over a twenty dollar bill)—No. They know I'm a customer of yours.—Chicago Tribune.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

☽ First Quarter	5	2:14 p. m.	☾ Third Quarter	21	2:10 p. m.
○ Full Moon	13	7:50 p. m.	● New Moon	28	2:34 a. m.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell,

or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

12 EAST FRONT STREET

3 12 1m

AFTER MARCH 15TH,
THOMPSON PARK,
Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 28 East Front street, will be located at No. 4 East 125th street, New York. Store connected with which will be opened early April promptly attended to. No connection with any other music store in Plainfield. Patrons can depend on getting what they want as hitherto in my store. 3 m

GET YOUR
TEAMING and GRADING
done by Weiss Brothers, 99 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26f

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

PELTON Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

12 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Look Box 1. Telephone Call 68. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST, TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE FEAST OF PURIM.

THE MEANING OF AN HISTORIC OBSERVANCE AMONG THE JEWS.

Celebrating the Heroism of Queen Esther, and the Overthrow of Haman—A Beautiful Story.

The Feast of Purim began Saturday at sunset and lasted till the same hour Sunday evening. According to the Jewish calendar, this is the thirteenth day of the month Adar and celebrates the heroism of Queen Esther who at the instigation of her uncle Mordecai or Mordechaus, the institutor of the feast, boldly bearded Haman at the court of Ahasuerus or Xerxes—perhaps Artaxerxes, the Persian king, and not only caused the deliverance of her uncle and people from a cruel death, but also persuaded the king to hang Haman on the gallows which he had prepared for Mordecai.

It was called Purim ("Lots") in irony as Haman seems to have been very superstitious and greatly given to casting lots and had indulged in his favorite amusement to find out thereby which would be a lucky day for beginning the massacre of the Hebrews.

For fifteen hundred and 3,500 years have continued to observe the feast, which is ushered in by a general illumination of candles as soon as the stars begin to appear, and a service in the synagogues. As soon as the people are assembled a short prayer is offered and a thanksgiving recited, after which the reading of the book of Esther begins. This book is written on a roll, one of those called the *Megilloth*. The name and memory of Haman are held so accursed that when mention is made of it by the reader all clap their hands, strike with their fists and with mallets on the benches and desks and cry out "Cursed be Haman; blessed be Mordecai; cursed be Zorah (the wife of Haman); blessed be Esther; cursed be all idolaters; blessed be all Israelites; blessed be Harbonah who hanged (crucified) Haman!"

In the service in the synagogue the next morning after the prayers, that passage is read from the law (Exodus xvii 8-16) which relates the destruction of the Amalekites, the people of King Agag (1 Sam xv 8) whom legend assigned to Haman as his ancestor. The *Megilloth* is then read in the same manner as on the preceding evening and though the service of the second day is more solemn than that of the first, as soon as it is concluded all the worshippers give themselves up to merry-making.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally clear and colder.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Manning Vermeule of West Front street is dangerously ill.

Mr. Wm. R. Richards of Flemington, N. J., spent yesterday with friends in this city.

Mr. John Utzinger is visiting his mother in North Plainfield after a six years' absence in Savannah, Ga.

Mr. Walter Gibson of West Second street is convalescent from a severe attack of quinsy sore throat.

Mr. Frank Rogers of North avenue proposes to leave next week for Florida, where he will hereafter reside.

Miss Amie Buckley has returned to her home on West Fourth street from a three weeks' visit to Little Falls, N. J.

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Rudolph Speigel of East Front street and Miss Lizzie Richards of New York.

An illustrated lecture entitled "Venice" will be delivered by the Rev. J. L. Hurlbut in Vincent chapel next Thursday evening.

Rev. Father Smith of Cranford will preach to-morrow evening (Wednesday) in St. Joseph's church, Manning avenue, North Plainfield.

Prof. Guntzer, the organist in St. Mary's church, received a telegram from New York yesterday notifying him of the death of his mother.

Mr. I. D. Titsworth of Dunellen, the president of the First National Bank in this city, is dangerously ill at this home in the above-mentioned place.

Miss Elizabeth U. Yates of Maine, a returned missionary, will speak of China, Wednesday evening, at eight o'clock at Vincent chapel. She will be attired in native costume. All who are interested are invited to be present.

Base Ball To-morrow.

Washington Barriman, who last year acted as umpire for the Crescents and who has been re-engaged to act in that capacity this season, will umpire the game of indoor base ball which is to take place at the Crescent Rink to-morrow evening, between the Crescents and a nine chosen from the members of the Plainfield Bicycle Club.

The Gordon Case Adjourned.

The case of Harry Gordon, who is charged by Overseer of the Poor Van Derbeck with non-support of his wife, which was set down for trial this morning, was adjourned over until April 6th. Mrs. Gordon and her father arrived in this city this morning and held a consultation with Corporation Counsel Marsh.

Presented with a Cup.

Prof August Walter, the captain of the bowling section of the Plainfield Gesang und Turn Verein, was on Saturday presented with a cup bearing the insignia of his office. Mr. A. G. Vogeller, a member of the club, made the presentation speech.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The Plainfield Bicycle Club Held its Annual Election Last Evening.

The annual election of officers and regular monthly meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club was held in the club house last evening. The following officers were elected:

President—A. L. C. Marsh.
Vice President—E. L. Walz, Jr.
Secretary—David H. Lenox.
Treasurer—A. A. Titsworth.
Captain—F. L. C. Martin.
Trustees—Townsend Rushmore, T. S. Barr, Jos. W. Sandford, Jr., and Roger F. Murray.

Many important changes were made in the constitution of the club, with the result that the club has withdrawn from the League of American Wheelmen, and that the Captain or the Club shall be one of the trustees. It was decided to extend to the lady friends of the club the privilege of witnessing the exercises of the gymnastic class every evening, and a committee was appointed to arrange an entertainment to which the ladies shall be invited. Mr. Wm. B. Wadsworth was unanimously elected to membership.

The secretary's report for the closing year showed a membership of 101, and the treasurer's report was favorable.

BREVITIES.

—The choir of St. Mary's church are rehearsing Easter music.

—The Union county court of Special Sessions will meet to-morrow morning.

—The Jr. Y. P. S. C. E., of Hope chapel will hold a meeting to-morrow evening.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—The "Pearl of Pekin," a comic opera, was presented at Music Hall for the second time last evening.

—A missionary sociable will be held in the Congregational church on Wednesday evening. All are invited.

—A number of Plainfielders went to Springfield to-day to participate in a shooting match which is being held by the Springfield Gun Club.

—On account of a hot box the P. & P. engine, drawing the train due in this city at 8.45 a. m., was delayed here yesterday for about an hour.

—Four persons were baptized in the Park avenue Baptist Church on Sunday last by the Rev. J. B. Cleaver, formerly of this city, but now of Bound Brook.

—In another column Messrs. Windham & Crowley advertise that their hotel, the Cowperthwait, is now open and that they are ready to accommodate transient and permanent boarders.

—Liveryman Stelle of West Sixth street yesterday, shot two valuable dogs. They had been bitten by the mad bull dog on Thursday last. The dogs shot, however, showed no signs of the rabies.

—A bowling team chosen from the members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of Elizabethport will visit this city to-morrow evening and roll a game with a team belonging to the Young Men's Lyceum of this city.

—The Dunellen churches are holding a series of union temperance meetings. The meeting last Sunday was in the Presbyterian church, and was addressed by Prof. Roberts of the Dunellen Public School. The next meeting will be in the Methodist church.

The ledge of stone has been discovered in Chetco, Ore., which as yet no one has been able to verify. The rock is of sandstone formation, having a greasy touch, and is susceptible of a high polish. It can be sawed or shaved with a knife, but when exposed to the action of fire becomes hard.

—Mr. George R. Musgrave has started a store at No. 37 Somerset street for the purchase and sale of second-hand furniture, as elsewhere advertised. He will also receive orders there as well as at his place No. 66 Front street, for carpenter work. Mr. Musgrave has been well and favorably known in Plainfield for years.

—The regular number of the Sabbath Reform Library for March is devoted to an article by Rev. Dr. Lewis of Plainfield, entitled "The Time of Christ's Resurrection and the Observance of Sunday." The position taken by the learned divine is that Christ was crucified on Wednesday and arose late on Saturday afternoon, as against the popular tradition that he was crucified on Friday and rose on Sunday. He supports his position by numerous authorities.

—At Hanover, Ind., while Mrs. Charles Logan was putting up jelly in her kitchen, assisted by a servant an immense swarm of bees flew in, driving the family from the house and settling upon the pans containing the jelly. Two of Mrs. Logan's children were frightfully stung, and the lady and her servant saved themselves from serious injury by grasping quilts from a bed and throwing them about their heads. The bees were easily expelled by burning brimstone.

—Some one is going around Plainfield, Dunellen and Bound Brook representing himself as an agent of Dickinson, the optician and jeweller, on Park avenue, and taking orders for eye-glasses, and to repair watches. Recently he sold a common pair of glasses to a lady in Dunellen representing them genuine pebbles. She called at Mr. Dickinson's to get her money back, being dissatisfied, and thus the swindle was discovered, as Mr. Dickinson had no agent and knew nothing about the matter. He learned that the man had victimized others in the same way. At Bound Brook the man secured a gold watch from a lady to be repaired. That was some time ago, but both the man and the watch have disappeared and cannot be found.

JERSEY REPUBLICANS.

GETTING INTO SHAPE FOR THE COMING CAMPAIGN.

What the State League of Republican Clubs is Doing with President Gaskill at its Head—Organizations to be Perfected in Every Hamlet of the State.

Under the above headlines the Philadelphia North American, on the 14th inst., has the following special dispatch from its Trenton correspondent, relative to the vigorous opening of the campaign of the State Republican League, under the presidency of Hon. Jos. H. Gaskill:

TRENTON, March 13.—If opposition is the life of trade in a business sense, it likewise has the same effect in politics. Especially is this so in Jersey, where, as a rule, defeat by fair means only crowns Republican efforts, but each following campaign sees the party come up smiling, determined and hopeful.

The State Republican League is already in the field, and will be heard from at any until the polls close on election day next November. It commences its work by a systematic re-organization of the local clubs and the establishment of new ones throughout the State. If possible, President Gaskill proposes that every township shall have a club as a nucleus of Republican organization. He is a live man, Mr. Gaskill. He was made president of the State League last year to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of his predecessor. At the State convention of the League clubs last October, at Trenton, he was elected on his own merits for the full term, and from that time to the present he has been perfecting his plans for actively, aggressive campaign, and in my judgment he will have it. Full of vim and vigor and push, self-reliant and fertile in resources, indefatigable in his efforts, he rises early and gets to work when others go to bed. He resides in Mount Holly and is one of the leading members of the bar in Burlington county.

He has selected as the secretary of the League, Mr. J. Matlack, a bright young lawyer, also of Mount Holly, and Mr. W. J. Bruce, of Burlington, as corresponding secretary. He is thus able to be in constant mail communication with the working forces of the headquarters, which he has transferred from Newark to his own quiet town. Here he can keep the League work under his own eye.

This work is not of a nature to need any brass band attachment, and the headquarters are not intended as a gathering point for noisy meetings or political meetings or crowds of any sort. They consist of a plain room in the old hotel of Mount Holly, kindly furnished. The money has been or will be spent for Wilton carpets, easy chair or lounging couches, but a home made shelving for documents and political literature, and racks for holding newspapers, covers the walls, an ordinary table and a neat of pigeon holes complete the equipment. The secretaries are in charge of Mr. W. J. Bruce of Baltimore, well known throughout the State as a newspaper man of long experience.

One of the most efficient means adopted by President Gaskill for making the late League work practical and profitable is the appointment of a State Organizer, whose duty it is to visit every county, township and school district in the State, to consult with the local management, the county committee and others, to put new life in the old clubs and to establish new ones wherever possible. For this responsible position the State League has appointed Hon. John Ulrich of Plainfield, whose acquaintance throughout the State is a large one and widely varied. Mr. Ulrich is a member of the Union county bar, and was a member of the last House of Assembly from the county since. It is expected that he will give his entire time and attention to this necessary work of organization. He is "on the go" now from day to day, and reports from Warren to Cape May the League clubs are enthusiastic and growing into lively motion.

This information was further heightened by the reports from the members of the Executive Committee, who with the League officers were in council at the Trenton House in this city on the 9th instant for several hours. It was a very full meeting, only one or three counties having no representative present. Several propositions for the further efficiency of the work were discussed and adopted.

Among those present beside the officers of the League were General Sewell and T. F. Varney, of Camden; John L. Mackey, of Warren; Hon. Jeremiah Large, of Hunterdon; Senator Gardner, of Atlantic; I. N. Hildreth, of Cape May; Senator Lee, of Ocean; Hon. Robert S. Carson, of Middlesex, and other prominent Republicans of the State.

The League evidently mean business and results.

STABBED A FELLOW WORKMAN.

"Jack" Used a Pitchfork to Kill Henry—The Men Had Quarrelled.

Yesterday morning two men named Henry Meyer and "Jack" Garrigan, employes of Mr. Wm. Baldwin of North Plainfield, had a dispute. The men have been engaged by Mr. Baldwin to drive hay wagons.

They both returned to Mr. Baldwin's last evening. Meyer arrived first. When "Jack" arrived he again renewed the quarrel. He became greatly enraged, seized a pitchfork and made a "dash" for Meyer. As he struck at him the pitchfork penetrated Meyer's forehead and it was at first thought that the prongs had penetrated the brain, and that the wounds were fatal.

Dr. Carman was immediately summoned and dressed the wounds. Garrigan, when he saw what he had done, immediately fled, fearing arrest. He has not as yet been captured.

Meyer was able to go to work this morning.

Killed at South Plainfield.

Joseph Hudson, 29 years old, of South Easton, Pa., was instantly killed on Friday night while drilling cars at South Plainfield. He fell from the top of a box car in the yards and the body was almost cut in two under the wheels.

Muzzle Your Dog.

The notice advertised elsewhere, regarding the muzzling of dogs, should be carefully read and heeded. There are too many unmuzzled dogs running loose on the streets.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Mr. Tracy Disowns the Animal.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—A late number of THE EVENING NEWS contained a statement that the alleged mad bulldog recently killed in Plainfield belonged to my son Robert.

This statement was and is wholly untrue, and there never was any foundation or justification for it. The dog neither belonged to, nor was ever harbored by or known to me or any member of my family.

Inasmuch as I find this untrue statement constantly repeated in conversation about town, I shall feel greatly obliged if you will correct it.

J. EVARTS TRACY.

[When the mad dog referred to had bitten Miss Thworth of Seventh street, Mr. Vanzant of Orchard avenue, a goat and several dogs, as we reported at the time, THE NEWS' reporter who was sent to investigate the matter, traced the possession of the animal to Mr. Thomas Marley, a blacksmith, residing at the corner of Richmond street and Broadway. He said in the presence of several witnesses that the dog was owned by Mr. Tracy's son, as reported; that the young man, who is a Yale student, had bought her in Connecticut and sent her to him to keep for breeding purposes. Mr. Marley said he did not believe Robert's father knew anything about the matter, and this is confirmed by Mr. Tracy's letter, as above. Evidently the animal was not the property of any one, however her owner may be. It will be seen, however that Mr. Tracy is slightly in error when he says that there was not "any foundation or justification" for the statement of ownership attributed to THE NEWS.—ED.]

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD SUED

Grocer O'Neill of Elizabethport Demands $2500 Damages.

John P. O'Neill, an Elizabethport grocer, yesterday began a suit in the Union County Circuit Court against the Central Railroad Company for $500 damages. On last Friday evening a grocery wagon belonging to Mr. O'Neill was being driven along the Elizabeth street crossing, when a Philadelphia express train hove in sight. The gateman dropped the gates, shutting in on the track the rig, which was driven by a young man named Manning.

The latter tried to back the horse out of the way of the express and barely succeeded, but the animal was so badly frightened that it broke away in a wild run when the train passed and demolished the wagon in its flight and ripped the harness to pieces, while the driver was thrown out and badly bruised.

In the complaint it is set forth that the incompetency of the gate tender, and proposes to make the railroad company pay for the carelessness.

Union County School of Methods.

The Union county school of Methods will hold meetings in the Fulton street Methodist church at Elizabeth next Thursday. The following programme will be adhered to:

MORNING SESSION.

9.30—Devotions.....Mrs. M. A. Huntsman, Elizabeth
Welcome.....Mrs. M. F. Francis, Elizabeth
Appointment of Committees.
Minutes of Executive Committees.
Appointment of Committees.....
.....Mrs. T. C. Bodine, Dunellen.
Paper—What can Sunday Schools do to advance Temperance Sentiment.....
.....Mrs. S. Wilson, Rahway
Discussion.
11.30—Bible Reading and Praise Service.....
.....Rev. A. B. F. Hamilton, Roselle
Noontide Hour of Prayer.
Collection. Lunch.
Executive Committee, 1.00 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

1.30—Praise Service.....Mrs. W. A. Deland, Elizabeth
Minutes of Executive Committee.
2.10—The Sunday School at Trenton.....
.....Mrs. M. C. Van Dyke, Elizabeth
2.30—Primary Work and How to Organize.....
.....Miss Annie Milner, Westfield
3.00—Physical Culture...Miss Ada Sulger, Trenton
Demonstration of Physical Culture.
3.40—Duties of Cor. Sec., Miss C. Yates, Plainfield
4.15—Resolutions.
Question Box. Collection.
Adjournment.

EVENING SESSION.

7.30 o'clock.....Praise Service and Prayer
Praise of Church.
Address.....The Conflict of Modern Heroism."
Miss Elizabeth U. Yates, Maine.
Collection. Consecration Ceremony.
Apostolic Benediction.

To Occupy the Elkwood.

Next Thursday the hotel formerly known as the Elkwood, will be formally opened as the Salvation Army barracks. This afternoon Mr. George Houseman, an employee of Mr. Seely Edsall, is engaged carpetting the stage.

A Dog Bitten.

A dog owned by the proprietor of the "Pearl of Pekin" company while being led along North avenue this morning, attacked and severely bit a small dog on that thoroughfare.

MUNDT—At her late residence, Somerset street, Wednesday, March 9th, 1892, Jane, widow of John B. Mundt, and daughter of the late Titus Meininghway, in the 75th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 120 Somerset street, Wednesday, at 2 p. m.

RUNYON—On Sunday, March 13, 1892, Asenath F., widow of the late Ephraim L. Runyon, in her 63d year.

Funeral services at the residence of her son, Aaron S. Runyon, 251 Main st., Rahway, N. J., on Wednesday, March 16, 1892, at 2 p. m. Interment in the Presbyterian cemetery, North Plainfield, N. J.

RUNYON—In this city, March 14, 1892, Sarah, widow of the late Ira Runyon, aged 79 years.

Funeral services from the residence of her son-in-law, Charles Stillwagon, 17 W. Sixth street, Plainfield, N. J., Thursday, March 17, 1892, at 2.30 p. m.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE READING DEAL IN COURT.

Attorney-General Hensel's Bill Asking for Its Annulment.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 15.—(Special.) Attorney-General Hensel filed in the Dauphin County Court to-day his bill in equity asking the Court to declare null and void and to perpetually enjoin the record deal by which the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company secured a practical monopoly of the anthracite coal business.

THE RIDER A HOPELESS LOSS.

A Gale is Sweeping the Coast and Breaking Over the Decks.

LONDON, March 15, (Special.)—It is feared that the Elder, the German steamship wrecked near Atherfield, Isle of Wight, is now a hopeless loss. A gale is raging on the coast, and heavy seas are breaking over the vessel, sweeping the decks and burying her at times out of sight. All attempts at raising the Elder have ceased for the present.

A PANIC AMONG EMPLOYES.

When Typhus was Discovered on the Steamer Gellert.

NEW YORK, March 15. (Special.)—There was a panic among the employes at Ellis Island this morning when the news spread that typhus fever had been discovered among the immigrants landed yesterday from the steamship Gellert.

GREAT FIRE IN DANBURY.

Telegraph Wires Burned Out, but Details Not Known Yet.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 15th. (Special.)—Word reached this city early this morning that a great fire was raging in Danbury.

No particulars can be obtained, as the wires are all burned out there.

Negroes Settling on Indian Land.

FORT SMITH, Ark., March 15.—(Special). Three thousand negroes, one-third men, were landed here yesterday from Pine Bluff and Lower Arkansas River counties. They are on their way to the border of the Cherokee Strip, to be ready to enter when the sale has been confirmed by Congress. The majority are moneyless.

Talks of a Compromise.

Several hundred certificate holders of the defunct National Custom Clothing and Merchandise Company went to the offices of the concern in the Clinton Building, Newark, yesterday. They were all anxious to find out what chance they had of getting some of the money they had invested in the concern. They found four young men there. One of them said to the bond holder who acted as spokesman for the crowd: "You see it's just like playing the horses. You put out your money to get odds. Sometimes you win and sometimes you drop your money." They were told they would have to wait for the receiver's report.

Clerk Johnson said afterwards that Lauver Bell, who has gone to Chicago to find Treasurer Hutchinson, was expected back the last of the week, and then some compromise would be offered the certificate holders.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending March 14, 1892:

Brown, Miss Maggie; Laizne, Miss Lizzy
Bowen, George; Marshall, Robert
Carr, Miss J; Mitchell, Irene
Carey & Quigley; Nash, Miss Mary L
Dallas, Wm; O'Neill, Annie
Fosbery, Mr. & Hannah; Palmer, Walter
Forgyth, Thos; Poware, Mrs
Gaines, Mrs Ann F; Peterson, Walter
Herman, John; Platz, Livingston
Hadd, Charles; Rand, Edward W
Jonson, Mrs C P; Sandford, Lizzie
Kling, Mrs Mary; Teller, Miss
Kingsly, Carrie E; Thompson, Kate M
Lowland, Mrs C F; Williams, Annie E

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. POPE, Postmaster.

An Order from the State Tax Board.

The State Tax Commission yesterday issued an order which requires assessors in cities to return the values of land and buildings separately. The board decided nearly all the appeals from Jersey City adversely to the appellants. One exception was the Weldon building, the value of which was reduced from $180,000 to $125,000.

—The highest bid for the Burlingham property on Park avenue at a sale to-day was $6,000. The sale was postponed.

(Have some H.-O. for breakfast.)

Because

being the only digestible oat-food it renders all other food more digestible and nourishing.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)

G. R Musgrave, Proprietor

Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at

Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,

No. 66 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

NEXT ATTRACTION AT

MUSIC -:- HALL!

Thursday Evening, March 17,

The Prima Comedienne, Mercy

FANNIE RICE,

And her superb company of Singers and Comedians.

A JOLLY SURPRISE

Full of pleasing surprises. Bright catchy music. Laughable situations. All mirth and music.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
NAILS SCREWS, BASH,
WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street 11 lm

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this beautiful open stock pattern and save just one half. The style is Oriental Decorated Viennese Creamer, on Parisian Granite body, illuminated with gold. Gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

This pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so broken pieces can be replaced by new ones at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $25 to $30. We have matched many sets for New York prices, and a set can be made from this pattern costing as low as $8, and a set can be enlarged at any time. Don't buy till you have seen this pattern, when you are sure to have no other.

Decorated Toilet Sets at $2.85; worth $5.00, 25 per cent. off on Decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Long and Short Chains in variety, and our prices secure you for all time as customers on these. Examine and price our Chamber Suits at $22 and over. You will see at once why we command the most complete line of Thware in town at prices the lowest. We remain steadfast to our motto, "A can not be undersold," and have proved it this Spring, and sell them for less than west they would cost in New York. Remember you need your Imperial Granite Iron Enamel Kettles.

ROYAL Tooth Powder at 10 cents equals anything sold for 25 or 30 cents. Thousands are using it in Plainfield and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

THE ANNUAL

School Meeting

of

DISTRICT NO. 38,

North Plainfield, N. J., will be held in the School Building,

TO-NIGHT

at eight p. m.

At which meeting one Trustee is to be elected, and other regular business transacted.

12 3* E. L. BONNEY, Dist. Clerk.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF

Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Ornaments, will be found to be of the kind that ever attempted in this city. Latest styles of Ladies' Spring Jackets and Children's Blouses at New York prices. Immense variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in trimmings.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 36 inch Ingrain for 25c, good quality. Carpet lining by the piece &c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

A Novel Invention!

Of great merit. Constructed on scientific principles. The

ARNOLD STEAM COOKER

and

STEAM TEA and COFFEE COOKER.

In the kitchen and elsewhere.

"The best-laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley."

The Arnold Steam Cooker prevents such accidents. Can be used over a wood or coal fire, a gas or an oil stove, or over an alcohol lamp. Is the cheapest cooker in the world.

Please call and see it at 414 Park avenue.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 69 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 28tf

Special Notices.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The owners of all who own or harbor dogs is hereby called to the city ordinance forbidding the running at large of unmuzzled dogs. The law must be complied with or penalties. The ordinance the impounding of dogs and other certain duties devolve upon the Chief of Police, and other complaints the neglect of the owner a penal offence for which he may be arrested, convicted and fined. In view of the above notice the police authorities have been instructed to use needful diligence in performing their duty in the premises, and to prosecute every case in which the law may be violated.

S. A. GRIGGS, Acting Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Plainfield, N. J., Mar. 14, 1892.

Amusements.

The Third Lecture

in the Library Course will be delivered

AT THE CASINO,

by

PROF. STURGES,

on the evening of the 17th inst. The subject of the lecture will be

"The Interior Architecture of Modern Residences,"

and it will be illustrated by 47 stereopticon. Single tickets will be 75 cents and may be obtained at the door.

The second lecture will be by Bishop John H. Vincent, entitled "A Talk About To-Morrow" and will take place on March 31.

OPENING GAME OF

BASE - BALL

at the

CRESCENT RINK,

Wednesday, Mar. 16.

CRESCENT BASE BALL CLUB

vs.

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Mr. T. H. Keller will then announce his this season's famous team.

ADMISSION - - - 25 Cents.
Game called at 8:30. 14 3*

MISS C. E. CLARKE

will lecture on

"Realism and Idealism in Fiction," at the Unitarian Rooms, Saturday, March 19, at 3 p. m. Admission, 25 cents.

MUSIC HALL!

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.

Appearance of the Indescribable Phenomenon, Miss Annie Eva Fay, in a Scientific Seance on

SPIRITUALISM.

Miss Fay is the only Medium who has received the indorsement of members of the Royal Scientific Society of London—Professors Crookes, Wesley, Varley, Sargent, Cox and others.

She discovers, through spirit hands, forces and forms, beautiful flowers and fruits, which are passed to the audience by hands plainly seen, and which are left as a lasting memento. All materialization in full gaslight.

PRICES—25c, 35 and 50 Cents.

Seats on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Friday.

AFTER MARCH 25TH,

THOMPSON PARK,

Plainfield Model Farm, consisting of No. 21 East Front street, will be leased, or No. 25 East Front street, will be leased, or No. 25 East 12th street, New York, where cows can be purchased to be personally selected from the herd. Milk delivered to any part of the city. Also milk delivered to any other city or town desired. Parties can be accommodated upon being dealt with at either of the above places. 9 1m

EDITORIAL NOTES

A hundred men may succeed in making a fortune for one who makes himself a gentleman.—Harper's Monthly.

A French officer has invented a rifle that will hurl vitriol in the faces of an advancing foe. He says it is to be used "only against savages who are making frenzied rushes." But is this civilized warfare?

Mrs. Humphry Ward, author of "Robert Elsmere" and "David Grieve," promises to be the George Eliot of her generation. Like George Eliot she never indulges in the small talk of society. Her conversation is on grave problems of life. George Eliot always seemed to feel that responsibility rested on her to say something that would help people or make them think of the deeper philosophical, moral or artistic questions. Her conversation was a grave, sweet music. So we are told it is with Mrs. Ward.

Bad Country for Newspapers.

There is no such thing as a really free country on earth, social philosophers say. But that some are considerably freer than others is proved by the arrest of the editors of the Cologne Gazette for criticizing the celebrated speech made recently by the German emperor at Brandenburg. In that speech his majesty recommended everybody who did not support him, Emperor Billy, to shake the dust from his feet and get out of Germany. I further said he would "grind to powder" those who opposed him."

If a monarch in any other kingdom of Europe except Russia had made such silly and violent remarks, every newspaper in the realm would have been out in criticism against him next morning and spoken in no measured terms. Thus much has been gained for the press—even in Europe. But in Germany this foolish ruler will allow no criticism of any of his acts in the newspapers. One thing is plain, he is brewing for himself such a storm that one of these days, unless meantime he learns to keep his mouth shut and modify his notions to suit the requirements of modern times, his kingdom will come tumbling down over his head. Instead of leaving Germany his subjects will rise in a body and make him leave it, that in short order too. William seems to have never heard of the French revolution.

The Dolgeville Way.

Whenever any great manufacturing establishment or corporation has succeeded in *establishing satisfactory* cooperative relations with its employees, giving them a share of the surplus earnings and creating such a cordial spirit on both sides that there are never any strikes or labor troubles, it has been, almost without exception, brought about through the initiative of the founder of the industry. When that founder has died, moreover, it is the history of such enterprises that they straightway go to pieces. If the Dolgeville system of dividing surplus earnings with workingmen goes down when its founder, Alfred Dolge, leaves the world, it will be a pity.

He came to America from Germany when a young man, without a cent, but with a good knowledge of how to make the kind of felt required for the hammers of pianos. He could also make all the parts of a piano. His father had been a socialist in Germany and suffered imprisonment for his opinions. The son inherited just enough of his father's ideas to make him kindly disposed to the workingman, at the same time that he kept his head level enough to use shrewd business sense in all his undertakings.

He began the manufacture of piano felt in Brooklyn twenty-three years ago. Eighteen years ago he went to Brackett's Bridge, N. Y., where there was a magnificent water power, and established his factory there. The place is now called Dolgeville and has 1,700 inhabitants. When Dolge bought the old tannery and turned it into a factory the town had scarcely a hundred inhabitants. It now has the best of schools, a fine library and a handsome clubhouse for the working people. It is a beautiful town. Dolge's workmen have an annual banquet with their employer. At the last one there were present 700.

The industries at Dolgeville now include piano felt and sounding boards for pianos, with other articles made from lumber, and felt shoes. The feature in which all the world is interested, however, is Mr. Dolge's provision for his workingmen. The provision is made from the surplus earnings of the factories. It embraces a pension system for old age, a life insurance plan by which the lives of all employees are insured, and third an endowment scheme. By this last an employee who has worked for the firm over five consecutive years has credited to him each year such an amount as he has produced for the firm above his wages. He gets 6 per cent. on this amount, and the principal is paid to him when he is sixty years old. If, on the other hand, he has caused a loss to the firm, the loss is charged against his endowment account. If at the end of a year it is shown that any department has made unusual profits, the surplus is divided with the workmen in that department. Mr. Dolge's creed is that capital and labor should divide the profits between them.

CLEVELAND IS WILLING.

He Will Accept the Nomination If It Is Tendered to Him.

BAYARD'S WARNING TO HIS PARTY.

He Writes an Open Letter to the Democracy Praying Its Congressional Representatives to Beware of the Free Silver Monster—A Series of Hill Ovations.

MILWAUKEE, March 15.—Grover Cleveland has written a letter in response to a request from General Edward S. Bragg, of this state, for a definite statement from Mr. Cleveland, permitting the presentation of his name to the national Democratic convention as a candidate for the presidency. *General Bragg is the man* who declared in the national convention that first nominated Cleveland: "We love him for the enemies he has made." His letter to Mr. Cleveland concludes:

"I write you to see if your party and the people that your name may be presented to the national Democratic convention as a candidate for a renomination to the presidency, and that you will accept the nomination if the convention shall make it, and again undertake the duties of president if the people shall, as I believe they will, choose you for that office.

Mr. Cleveland's letter to General Bragg, dated at Lakewood, N. J., March 9, is as follows:

Mr. Cleveland's Letter.

Hon. Edward S. Bragg.

MY DEAR SIR—Your letter of the 5th inst. is received. I have thought until now that I must continue silent on the subject which, under the high sanction of your position as my "fellow Democrat and fellow citizen," and by your request, you have addressed to me, put pressure to me. If in answering your questions I might only consider my personal desires and my individual ease and comfort, my response would be promptly made and without the least reserve or difficulty.

But if you are right in supposing that the subject is related to a duty I owe to the country and to my party, a condition exists which makes such private and personal considerations entirely irrelevant. I cannot, however, refrain from declaring that the very experience in the great office of president of the United States has so impressed me with the solemnity of the duties and the responsibilities that I cannot bring myself to regard a candidacy for the place as something to be won by personal striving and active self assertion.

I have also an idea that the presidency is preeminently the people's office, and I have been sincere in my constant advocacy of the effective participation in political affairs on the part of our citizens. Consequently, I believe the people should be heard in the choice of their party candidates, and that they themselves should make nominations as directly as is consistent with open, fair and full party organization and methods.

I speak of these things solely for the purpose of advising you that my conception of the nature of the non-official citizen and of the position that the voters of our party should be free in the selection of their candidates, precludes the possibility of my leading and pushing a self seeking canvass for the presidential nomination, even if I had a desire to be again a candidate.

Believing that the complete supremacy of Democratic principles means increased national prosperity and the increased happiness of our people, I am earnestly anxious for the success of my party. I am confident that success is still within our reach, but I believe this is a time for Democratic thoughtfulness and deliberation, not only as to candidates, but concerning party action upon questions of immense interest to the patriotic and intelligent voters of the land, who watch for an assurance of safety as the price of their confidence and support.

Yours very truly, GROVER CLEVELAND.

The Letter Speaks for Itself.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 15.—There was a reception at the Cleveland cottage here, but Mr. Cleveland found time to speak of his letter to Bragg. He said: "I have not seen the letter," he said, "but I sent one to the effect mentioned on the 8th of this month. Every word which I wrote is true, and I will stand by it all." When asked if the missive could be looked upon as an indication that he is willing to accept the nomination for the presidency, he replied: "The letter speaks for itself."

NEW YORK, March 15.—A number of prominent Cleveland Democrats were asked their opinion of the Cleveland letter and they responded as follows:

Charles S. Fairchild—It is an acceptance pure and simple.

William C. Whitney—It is a good sound letter, filled with true Democratic principles.

C. C. Baldwin—I interpret the letter as meaning that Mr. Cleveland will accept the nomination.

R. G. Monroe, Secretary of State Provisional Committee—The letter is strictly in keeping with every utterance Mr. Cleveland has made on the tariff question.

Charles S. Smith—I am very glad Mr. Cleveland has made his position so clear. The letter is a straightforward and excellent one.

BAYARD WARNS HIS PARTY.

He Begs the Democrats to Steer Clear of the Free Silver Bill.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 15.—In an open letter to the Democratic party of the United States Thomas F. Bayard drew a vivid picture of the evils he believed would follow the passage of the free silver bill. Among other things, Mr. Bayard says: "A cheaper dollar means a poorer dollar, and the poorer the dollar the poorer must be its owner. Let this thought be borne in mind when the immense aggregate of the wages of labor is compared by the test of the cheaper dollar or a poorer dollar of less worth, it is less purchasing power than a gold dollar.

"It is not necessary to draw a picture of the distress of Russia that afflicted a people deprived of the anchorage of a stable standard of value, for uncertainty would amend every business transaction, gambling in the chances would replace careful and settled calculations and fluctuations like the tide of the sea would not only twice a day, but every hour of the day, unsettle the relations of debtor and creditor, and make all calculations at naught all calculations. Surely it does not require courage to oppose measures that threaten to bring about such a condition of affairs, and indeed nothing but foolhardiness can describe the condition of mind that an deliberately advocate it.

"It would be unfaithful to my party affiliations and unmindful of my duty to my country, if I did not beg the Democratic advocates of free silver coinage to beware lest by their action they lose the well won public confidence in the wisdom and conservation of the organization of which they are members and thereby increase the dangers and evils of the continued ascendancy and control of a political party proved by its record in the last congress to be sectional in its purposes and partisan seriously throughout its organizations, and regardless of the constitution of our government whenever power is to be obtained or perpetuated by its violence."

General Alger's Defense.

DETROIT, March 15.—In consequence of the bitter editorial attacks of the New York Sun on General Alger's military record in connection with his aspirations for the presidential nomination, the general wrote two pages of a defense in The Tribune of this city, which, on that account, is to-day selling more than double its usual sale. Eight days earlier than General Alger's letter appeared Sun with a letter without name and recommending his dismissal from the army, and General Sheridan's unofficial report of the battle in which a promotion had been accepted by President Lincoln.

The article concludes: After leaving the service, with his accepted prospects in his pocket, Colonel Alger learned that there was prospect of an active campaign in the Shenandoah valley. He did not present his resignation at the war department, but hastily rearranged his business as well as possible and started for the scene of operations, arriving, on account of misunderstandings as to time of the departure of the train, one day late. It will be seen that Colonel Alger did not have to report to his brigade commander as all it he had desired to quit the service at that time. He did not present his resignation. but went to the front.

Six weeks later, on Sept. 16, 1864, the date of General Custer's return and seven days before it had received its final endorsement, he tendered his resignation anew. The same day it was accepted by the president. The acceptance was indorsed by the secretary of war on Sept. 17, and by special order of Sept. 20, 1864, signed by Adjutant General E. D. Townsend, he was honorably discharged from the service of the United States.

A Series of Hill Ovations.

JACKSON, Miss., March 15.—Senator Hill and his party reached Canton at 11:15 this morning and received a great ovation. The senator was escorted to the governor's mansion and then to the capitol, where he addressed the legislature. He has been urged to remain in Jackson until tomorrow night, but his present plan is to leave Jackson between 4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon, spend the evening at Meridian, and then go thence to Birmingham, where he is booked to make a speech Wednesday.

All the way from Roanoke, Va., to this city it was a constant cheer for the senator, and he made a speech at every station where the train stopped, many times against his will, but the clamor was too great to resist.

New Jersey Republican Convention.

TRENTON CITY, March 15.—The Republican state executive committee met here and decided that the Republican state convention shall meet in Trenton April 27, and elect delegates to the national convention at Minneapolis. The basis of representation will be one delegate to each two hundred votes cast at the last convention, except in Hudson county where the basis will be on the presidential vote. The congressional convention is called for the same date.

Inclined to Quay.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., March 15.—The Republicans in convention here selected James Hirsch and George D. Thora delegates to the state convention, and named John C. Lowe as national delegate from this district. Preference was expressed for Harrison. The delegates are inclined to Quay.

FASHIONS

EVENING GOWNS.

Chic and Graceful Toilets Worn at Balls and Other Evening Entertainments.

Evening gowns for young belles are very chic and light. The gown shown in the cut is an exceedingly graceful one in rose brocaded satin, trimmed with gold and silver embroidery, and embroidered lisse in gold and colors. A deep gold and silver fringe edges the basque. Another charming evening dress recently is of yellow satin, veiled with silk net of the same shade, relieved with touches of pale blue. By the by, a new fabric veil is being used with success on imported gowns is a fine net, covered with floral designs formed of sequins and pearls.

A GRACEFUL EVENING DRESS.

Leading dressmakers are employing tulle for ball gowns, and some of these toilets display tucks of tulle on tulle. A rumor is floating about to the effect that there is to be a revival of the dress of Henry VIII times. As a matter of fact the Tudor style has been in vogue in the sleeves and collars for the past year or two. The mediæval girdles, after a long season, are just going out of fashion.

Ass Potter Indicted.

BOSTON, March 15.—The federal grand jury rendered their report in the Maverick bank cases, after two weeks' consideration. *The following are indicted:* Asa Potter, tillman's former president; Colonel Jonas H. French and Thomas Dana, directors.

Strikers Enjoined.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 15.—The Pennsylvania company obtained an injunction against the striking machinists, restraining them from interference with the company's property.

Charged with Embezzlement.

BOSTON, March 15.—Augustus P. Calder, ex-supreme secretary of the Mutual Guaranty Fund Benefit order, was arrested charged with embezzling $15,000 of the funds of the order.

Women May Attend Yale.

NEW HAVEN, March 15.—In and after the next academical year at Yale the graduate courses which the degrees of doctor of philosophy will be open without distinction of sex.

Short Lived Liberty.

NEWCASTLE, Del., March 15.—Four prisoners dashed out of the jail gate as a load of dirt was being hauled in, but were caught after a hot chase.

THE YOKOHAMA TRAGEDY

Hetherington Held on a Charge of Willful Murder.

ROBINSON FORGAVE HIS SLAYER.

Before He Died He Wrote to Admiral Belknap Fully Pardoning the American Lieutenant and Hoping That He Would Be Leniently Dealt With.

YOKOHAMA, March 15.—The inquest into the circumstances attending the death of George Gower Robinson, a prominent broker and society man, shot by Lieutenant J. H. Hetherington, of the United States steamer Marion, on Feb. 13, was concluded with a verdict charging Hetherington with willful murder. He had accused Robinson of alienating Mrs. Hetherington's affections from him and meeting Robinson, who was driving with a friend named M. Poss, on the afternoon of Feb. 13. Hetherington fired three shots, one bullet passing close to Poss. The second bullet also went wide of the mark, but the third struck Robinson in the side, shattering his hip, the ball traveling forward and upward until it reached the stomach.

Robinson was carried into the United club building where he lingered until 11 o'clock Sunday night, Feb. 14, when he died. Before dying he caused a letter to be written to United States Admiral Belknap, expressing pardon for Hetherington's act and requesting that the utmost possible leniency might be shown in dealing with the case.

The Story of the Shooting.

Many prominent officials and residents of Yokohama were present at the inquest. Dr. Wheeler was among the first called to the bullet in Robinson's abdomen and that death was caused by hemorrhage. Dr. Eldridge testified that Robinson told him in an indirect way who fired the fatal shot, and added, "Doctor, if I get through this time alive, he'll finish me next time."

The doctor replied: "No, if you recover, he'll be the last of the men doing you any mischief." On Robinson asking what the doctor meant, the latter stated that Hetherington was the assailant. Robinson responded: "Good God! that will never do; it will ruin the poor fellow." After repeating this, Robinson asked Dr. Eldridge to write a letter to Admiral Belknap. This is the letter Robinson used the phrase, as nearly as the witness could remember, to the following effect: "If anything from me can make the position of Lieutenant Hetherington easier or better, I shall be very glad. I fully forgive him."

Inspector Ozaki testified to taking Hetherington into custody. Kendo Makichi, a native employed by Dr. Eldridge, testified that he was in charge of the letter's carriage on the afternoon of Feb. 13. He saw a man in naval uniform walking to and fro on the Bund way. The witness knew, from what "Jinrikisha Man" told him, that the naval man was Lieutenant Hetherington, living in the hotel near by. The man was waiting there about ten minutes when a dog cart containing two foreigners passed. The naval man rushed up and shouted "Stop!" and when the cart did not stop he caught hold of the dashboard and fired a revolver. There were three shots fired, the last quite close at a short distance. At the time when a third shot was fired both foreigners jumped or fell out of the vehicle.

A Second Shot Fired.

M. Poss testified that he was a German subject residing in Kobe, being a merchant there. Robinson was one of his best friends. On Saturday afternoon he went driving with Robinson. While in the cart the latter English club after passing the Peninsula and Oriental office. The witness' attention was attracted by a man who stepped up to a side cart with a revolver in his hand. The man, whom he subsequently ascertained was Lieutenant Hetherington, cried out, "Stop, you blackguard!"

Robinson made no reply, as Hetherington at the same time fired the first shot. Hetherington had his hand on the cart. Whether Robinson intended it or not, the cart stopped, though not entirely. It appeared to witness that Hetherington did not intend to stop the cart before firing. Poss further testified that a second shot was fired while he was rising from the seat to jump out. Robinson cried out, "Oh, my God!" and sent one hand to his left side. The witness jumped to the ground, saying, "Gower, drive for your life; I'll stop him."

Witness struck the ground and received some injuries. He then got into the cart and proceeded some distance. He threw himself upon Hetherington and they both fell. Hetherington rose, then clinging to him, endeavoring to count the revolver and deploring Hetherington to desist.

This continued for some seconds, Hetherington expressing the intention to continue firing. Finally he dropped his arm, saying, "I have done it." Poss then ran after Robinson and two policemen took charge of Hetherington. Hetherington told him that afternoon that he was in trouble, but was pledged not to divulge what he had heard.

Guilty of Willful Murder.

Coroner Troup then delivered the evidence. He wished to impress upon the jury that in considering a verdict they must dismiss from their minds all reports and rumors which they might have heard. The jury returned the following verdict, "We find from the evidence laid before us that George Gower Robinson came to his death on Feb. 14 from a bullet wound inflicted by J. H. Hetherington, lieutenant, of the United States navy, on Feb. 13, at a little before 6 p. m. on the Bund, Yokohama, and we find said J. H. Hetherington guilty of willful murder."

Robinson's funeral took place on Feb. 21 and was attended by a majority of the leading residents.

Lieutenant Reesy was the first of Hetherington's friends to arrive, and his wife arrived at the consulate shortly after. Owing to the fact that Robinson had been involved in various other scandals it is considered that the feeling was so strong against him that a number of British war vessels in port refused to receive him on board. Despite the fact that he was a rich man and prominent merchant, surrounded by friends, none of the latter came forward to swear a complaint against his slayer.

Threatened by a Volcano.

MORELIA, Mex., March 15.—The Fuego volcano is again in an active state of eruption, and several Tarasco people are in terror, their houses being threatened with devastation. At Copandaro, one hundred miles from the volcano, heavy showers of ashes have been falling for several days.

Alley is Not Reconciled.

CONCORD, N. H., March 15.—In view of a recent decision of the United States supreme court that a prisoner must be present in court when sentence is pronounced, Chief Justice Doe will shortly fix a day for sentencing Frank C. Alley, the murderer of Deborah Warden.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

A Bill to the Assembly Providing for a Constitutional Convention.

ALBANY, March 15.—The special order on the question to the senate to-day was the concurrent resolution sending all election cases of contest in the legislature to the court. Mr. Saxton asked that it be laid over, and that was done. The other important order was the Buffalo grade crossing bill, and that too went over.

Bills passed: Mr. O'Connor—For a new jurist district in Binghamton. Mr. McCarren's general bill for building and loan associations. Mr. Hall's—Allowing Romer Point to take water from Mr. Riley's. Opening certain public streets in Brooklyn. Mr. Hall's—Appropriating $25,000 for the publication of geological volumes. Mr. Webster's—Providing for a new county seat in Hamilton.

In the assembly Mr. Sulzer introduced a bill providing for a constitutional convention; also making Oct. 12, 1892, the anniversary of the discovery of America, a legal holiday, and another authorizing the mayor to appoint a committee of 100 citizens to properly celebrate that day. Mr. Husted at first objected to the latter bill, but subsequently withdrew his objection, saying he should oppose the bill if it were ever reported the state was going to celebrate that day.

The supply bill was reported and made a special order for tomorrow.

Mr. Husted's bill amending the excise law, requiring that complaints against liquor dealers must be verified, was attacked by Mr. Husted, who said it was knocking out the whole law. Mr. Husted said he was a good conservative bill. Mr. Husted said we had a law against the sale of poisons, but it was not enforced because complaints had to be verified. Whisky was poison—nothing less. Mr. Wisely said if whisky was poison he could not account for the number of gray hairs in his head. Mr. Hill said he thought the law would prevent blackmail. The bill was lost—53 to 40. A motion to reconsider was tabled.

The annual supply bill for the deficiencies in the maintenance of the government calls for $1,883,316.30, a slight increase over that of last year.

Cent-a-Word Column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNISHED rooms. Good table board, 35 Fourth street, West of Central avenue. 15-3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-30tf

ROOMS, with board. Opposite First Presbyterian church, on East Front street. 12 6

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A situation, by Protestant, as cook. Can furnish references. 17 Lake street, back part of house. 14 2

HELP WANTED.

SEAMSTRESS wanted. Steady employment for a neat hand. Address "A. C." Box, 331. 14 3

WANTED—An invalid lady, active boy, 16 to 18 years old, in a wholesale boarding office. Apply at 113 Madison avenue, New York, must be of the best. "H," Plainfield, N. J. 8

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A dog. Owner may have it by calling at 25 Howard street, North Plainfield. 14 2

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—A safety bicycle 1891 Victor B pattern. Cushion tire. Fine running order. Will exchange for an acre of farm and suitable for trucking and within walking distance of depot Address "Wheel" care of EVENING NEWS. 15-3

FOR SALE.

56 INCH Victor Bicycle for sale, cheap. Address "F. C." care of EVENING NEWS. 14 3

LADY'S horse; young and sound; good for business purpose or saddle. Address "D." care of EVENING NEWS. 14 3

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address H. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulf, real estate broker. Call and see them. 50 feet above the sea level. 2 13tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 37 acres. Handsomely situated; 1½ miles from Manville station on Lehigh Valley railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey. For terms apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 125, Dunellen, N. J. 56-28

HOUSE for sale, furnished or unfurnished. Inquire of Mrs. Jennie Forrest on premises, 20 Liberty street. 14 2

ROAN HORSE for sale; 15½ high; kind in harness; good for all work. George W. Pelicier, 25 Broadway. 13 4

FOR RENT.

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT—Having been engaged for 25 years and upward in manufacturing and building, and owing to age, (I am 70), and ill health, I desire to retire from business and therefore offer for rent my plant, with all necessary fixtures for immediate operation. Said plant is located in the Borough of North Plainfield, within one mile of the center of the thriving city of Plainfield, N. J., via macadamized roads. Established 1867. Can employ three millions and upwards per season with home market for entire product. Equipped with "Marion's" and "Whitney's" latest improved machinery, and three tramping wheels. Abundance of shed room. Also, a large, well stocked, boarding house for hands and house for rental or desired. Wood, coal dust and all building and sufficient water for use. Liberal terms will be made easy, and very liberal inducements offered. Apply on premises, No. 1 Front street, North Plainfield, or address L. Scribner, P. O. Box 654. 2-9 tf

FOR SALE or to rent, fully furnished until November 1st, property No. 53 Central avenue. Address "Owner," on premises, or care EVENING NEWS. 12 2

FURNISHED room to let, with or without board. 29 Emily street. 12 3

HOUSE of six rooms. Water on first floor. No. 9 Somerset street. For rent cheap. Henry D. Arnold, 9 Somerset street. 11-3

ONE more of the brick houses on Grove street is for rent. Don't wait. See Riker & Co., agents, 12 East Front street. 12

TO LET—Rooms of five rooms. Inquire at 9 Somerset street. 5-3

TO LET—Two handsomely papered flats, over drug store, corner Somerset street and Park avenue, with all modern conveniences. Inquire of Alex. Thorn, 27 Somerset street. 12 tf

FREE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, 4 tf

TO LET—Low rent—House near Park's. Inquire 37 Central avenue. 3 10tf

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hernsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hernsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, 69c.
4 button length Suede Mousquitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

Just Received!
OUR
First Shipment
OF
BABY CARRIAGES
Including all kinds and prices
CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—229 East Front street.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

V. L. FRAZER,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

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Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Manor of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Beckh.

PELTON
Water : Motors.
CHEAPEST TO
Buy and Operate!
LAWN SEEDS
and Fertilizers.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Hardware, Plumbing
and Tinwork.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
62 East Second street, corner Watchung.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES,
Of Even
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MERRER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
Goods called for and delivered to any part of the city. Work guaranteed to be very thoroughly finished by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gents' and Boys' Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public and Conveyancers, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan on bond and mortgage. Office, Office Building No. 20 West Front street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRANE & MANNIX, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TRALLE, Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Improvements and Tenement Block Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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Warm quarters and thoroughly dry. Our system is modern and complete. Our basement is approved of by the Board of Health. Terms low for private rooms or by the day. Orders received at Park House, Middlebrook, Dunellen, Lewis, Garden and Field Portfolios, P. O. box 226. Telephone call No.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST given better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once. 3-28

But you can. Once convinced of the superiority of the BEST, you will never be induced to buy the CHEAPEST. Orders received at Park House, Middlebrook, Dunellen, Lewis, Garden and Field Portfolios, P. O. box 226. Telephone call No.

C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Second street.

WAITING ON SALISBURY.

England Still Silent on the Behring Sea Controversy.

SENATORS FAVOR A FIRM POLICY

The Treaty, Buried in Committee, Will Not Be Considered Until After the President's Note Is Answered—The Postoffice Bill Passed in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The senate passed the postoffice construction bill so amended as to authorize the construction of a postoffice building in every town where the postal receipts average over $8,000 a year, at a graduated scale of cost ranging between $20,000 and $75,000. The rest of the day was devoted to executive sessions.

Contrary to expectation, at the first executive session of the senate the nominations of the judicial circuit judge were not acted on, but were simply reported favorably to the senate.

The Behring Sea Question.

The second executive session of the senate was devoted to a discussion of Behring sea matters. The session was called shortly after the receipt of the documents transmitted by President Harrison, and was more or less in pursuance of a consultation earlier in the day, at which were present the president, Attorney General Miller and Senator Sherman, chairman of the committee on foreign relations. General J. W. Foster, who is in charge of the Behring sea negotiations, and Ex-Minister E. J. Phelps, who will be the counsel of the United States before the board of arbitrators, under the pending treaty, also called at the White House, and held a conference with the president after the attorney general and Senator Sherman had departed.

The documents sent to the senate proved to be the reports of the Behring sea agents, provided for in the ninth article of the pending treaty, who were appointed and did their work practically before the treaty was signed. The conclusions arrived at by these commissioners, Sir Baden-Powell and Mr. Dawson for Great Britain and Professors Marsian and Mcdonald for the United States, are given in three separate documents—a joint report on points upon which they agreed and a separate report on the points upon which they could not agree. The agents are said to have agreed upon the point that pelagic sealing will inevitably result in the destruction of the seal herds.

While the senate remained in executive session a general debate took place upon the whole project, but no action was proposed and no action was taken. The treaty still remains with the committee on foreign relations, and is not expected in the senate until after a reply has been received from Lord Salisbury to the note from the president of the 8th inst. That reply has not yet been received.

Still Waiting on Salisbury.

The point was made, in the course of the debate, that inasmuch as Lord Salisbury had refused to admit to the treaty a provision for arbitrating the question of damages growing out of the alleged illegal acts by Canadian seal poachers, declining to assume any responsibility for their acts, he would not interfere, by the use of the naval power of England to defend those poaching vessels against any steps that the United States might take to protect the seals. Of course, if the arbitrators found that in protecting the seals the United States vessels or authorities committed any unlawful acts, it would be responsible therefor. Notwithstanding this, the opinion was generally expressed that the United States should undertake to be the full extent of its ability to protect the seals.

The best means of doing this was, however, a subject upon which differing opinions were held, and as stated in the report of Consul Myers at Victoria, B. C., many of the poaching vessels have cleared for the sealing grounds much earlier than usual, fearing that the modus vivendi may be renewed, and hoping by this early start to avoid notice of that fact. How to reach these vessels that have already gone is a problem that is engaging the attention of the authorities, who say, however, that there are several ways by which they can be reached. Particulars, however, are not vouchsafed to the general inquirer. There is no change in the situation, and the stereotyped reply to the questions on the subject is given, "We are awaiting Salisbury's reply to the note of the 8th inst."

In the House.

The proceedings in the house were uninteresting, the entire session being devoted to the consideration of measures reported from the committee of Columbia committee, several bills of local interest being passed. The army appropriation bill was then considered for half an hour, when the house adjourned. Among the probable speakers on the tariff bill today are Dockery, of Missouri; Ellis, of Kentucky, and Burrows, of Michigan.

Nurses Stricken with Typhus.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—Two sisters named Jacobs, nurses, who attended typhus fever patients in Bellevue hospital, New York, are in the Municipal hospital here suffering from the disease.

A Bark Probably Lost.

PORTLAND, Ore., March 15.—It is feared that the bark Mokeanahe Bay, which sailed from Callao Oct. 20, for this port, has been lost. Nothing has been heard from her.

Death of Dr. Bayley.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., March 15.—Dr. Alexander Hamilton Bayley died, aged seventy-eight years. Dr. Bayley has been president of the state lunacy commission.

Movements of the Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Thetis has arrived at San Diego, Cal., the Newark sailed for St. Thomas and the Philadelphia arrived at St. Thomas.

Laurier to Go in the Ranks.

MONTREAL, March 15. — Hon. Wilfrid Laurier says he will relinquish the position of Liberal leader in the house at the end of the present session.

"Rabbi Mendez" Assailant Caught.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—Joseph Bisachi was committed without bail. He is the man who shot Rabbi Mendes a week ago in New York.

The English Court in Mourning.

LONDON, March 15.—The queen has ordered that the court go into mourning for six weeks for the late grand duke of Mecklenburgstadt.

Murdered an American Citizen.

PRESCOTT, Bolivia, March 15.—Mariano Flores, convicted of the murder of David Redman, an American citizen, has been executed.

Schedule Time.

Hungry Traveler (at railway dining station)—How soon will the train start, conductor?

Conductor—It'll start on time today. I ain't got much appetite.—New York Weekly.

Found Starving to Death.

COLUMBUS, Ind., March 15.—Ben Sher, aged thirty; his wife, aged sixteen, were found in a rear alley building lying on a pallet of straw, sick and almost starved to death. Sher had to be carried to the hospital, while his wife could not walk without support.

A Spree Ends in Murder.

PATON, N. M., March 15.—John Moley, a conductor on the Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, was shot and killed by Louis M. Blair, one of the owners of the Home Ranch, of this city. Both men had been off on a spree.

The Blizzard in New York.

OSWEGO, N. Y., March 15.—The blizzard is still raging along the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg railway. Only one train has reached here over the Niagara Falls branch since last Thursday.

Cotto to Die Thursday.

SING SING, N. Y., March 15.—Warden Brown will send out the invitations to the people who are to witness the execution of Cotto, the Brooklyn Italian murderer, on Thursday.

Noyes Succeeds Ellis.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 15.—Milton H. Noyes was elected superintendent of public instruction to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of superintendent S. A. Ellis.

Tried to Wreck a Train.

LINCOLN, Mass., March 15.—Charles Tyler, eighteen years old, was arrested for trying to wreck a passenger train by placing ties upon the track. He admits his guilt.

Tillman's Shortage Made Good.

LOUISVILLE, March 15.—The shortage of $25,000 of Maj. or Tillman, ex-cashier of the Falls City bank, has been made good by his surety, Charles H. Pettit.

Couldn't Stand Adversity.

DENVER, March 15.—Jacob Boehm, proprietor of one of the largest liquor houses in the west, killed himself on account of business reverses.

A Pauper Kills Himself.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 15.—Isaac Carpenter, a despondent inmate of the almshouse, committed suicide by jumping from a window.

Policy Shops Closed.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—Twenty-two policy shops in Covington, Ky., and all in Newport have been closed by the police.

A Military Academy Afire.

CHARLESTON, March 15.—The main building of the South Carolina Military academy was partly destroyed by fire.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, Science of Physical Culture, Voice Culture, address MISS. A. Ford, P. O. Box 1090.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson, free, write to Prof. L. VIRUX, care of Misses Berliner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891
For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED, Prin. 8 29 ly 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of piano. Hours between other of her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 14 Roosevelt Street.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

Spicer & Hubbard
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Tv

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 67 Dean St., North Plainfield.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Penny Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact every thing in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeck,
32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEST TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam thawing mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Thawing and Screening the coal, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice

Machine Works.
FREDERICK P. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Bells and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

EITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
60 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for hire or driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION,
13 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal card will do it. No. 60 Emery Street will receive per 25th attention. 9 2ty

Real Estate & Insurance
Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.
P. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 2 10ly

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Best masonry furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Plastering work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 513

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood panel maker, Shop corner of Grand and Negus streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 6 Negus street.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens P. O. Box 1028. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place, P. O. Box 943.

PERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 51.
W. J. Person, No. 13 Vine street, H. J. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS
At LEINBACHER'S, the Tailor.
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.00, 8.30, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 8.30, 10.00 p. m.
Close—7.00, 8.30, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 8.30, 10.00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8.30, 11.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m.
Close—8.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

United mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.00 to 9.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Four Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time tables to collect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 12.45, 2.27, 5.28, 6.14, 6.28, 6.58, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m., 12.01, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m., Sunday, 2.15, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 p. m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., 12.01, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark and intermediate stations.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.30, 8.07, 9.42, 11.02 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 9.00, 11.10 a. m., 12.05 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Somerville at 6.45, 8.15, 9.15, 10.45 a. m., 12.05, 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.15, 7.45, 10.15 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 10.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.15, 7.45, 10.15 p. m. Passengers for Newark and intermediate stations.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 9.42, 11.02 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 9.15 a. m., 12.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 9.54, a. m., 1.00, 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5.05 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Manunka Chunk, Stroudsburg, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
7.10 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Phillipsburg.
8.05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
9.42 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
11.02 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
1.00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
2.40 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
3.51 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
4.55 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
6.15 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
8.05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
9.05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
11.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
12.00 night for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.

SUNDAY TRAINS.
5.05 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Manunka Chunk, Stroudsburg, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
8.05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
9.42 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
2.40 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.
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LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.05, 9.42, 11.02 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 9.15 a. m., 12.05 p. m. For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Bay Head, Point Pleasant, Lakewood, Toms River, Seaside Park and Tuckerton, 7.10 a. m., 4.55 p. m. Sunday 9.42 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

MIXED BRIDGE BOATS.
For Philadelphia and Intermediate points, 10.07 a. m. and 12.00 night. Sundays at 12.00 night.

For Trenton 5.45, 9.20, 9.42, 10.10 a. m., 12.07, 1.30, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays at 9.15, 11.10 a. m., 12.05, 5.15, 6.15, 9.05 p. m., 1.10 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.42 a. m., 2.40, 3.51, 9.05 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 9.42 a. m., 2.40, 3.51 p. m., 1.17 night.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen Pass Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard Railway of America.
Protected throughout by the block signal system.
Short line between New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.
On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

For Philadelphia—Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule, parlor and sleeping cars daily for Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and Chicago, except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

For Pittsburgh—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday for Cleveland, Akron, Canton, Crestline, Bucyrus, Bellefontaine, Niagara Falls.

For Atlantic City, (daily except Sundays), with day coaches and parlor cars.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—Express, 1.00, 4.00, 7.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 1.00, 4.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 5.00, 9.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

For Trenton, 1.00, 4.00, 5.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.20, 9.42, 10.10, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.30, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 7.00, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 1.00, 4.00, 9.15, 11.10 a. m., 12.05, 5.15, 6.15, 9.05 p. m., 1.10 night.

For Philadelphia, 1.00, 4.00, 5.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.20, 9.42, 10.10, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.30, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 7.00, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 1.00, 4.00, 9.15, 11.10 a. m., 12.05, 5.15, 6.15, 9.05 p. m., 1.10 night.

For Junction—1.00, 4.00, 5.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.20, 9.42, 10.10, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.30, 2.40, 3.51, 4.55, 6.15, 7.00, 8.05, 9.05, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 1.00, 4.00, 9.15, 11.10 a. m., 12.05, 5.15, 6.15, 9.05 p. m., 1.10 night.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Manunka Chunk, Stroudsburg, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.

For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo and the West.

For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Hackettstown

WOMAN'S WORLD

THE INFLUENCE THAT CHILDREN'S AMUSEMENTS HAVE UPON THEM.

"It isn't the fault of the children, it is the fault of their mothers," said a bright woman the other day in a discussion on children's social pleasures. "Children naturally will enjoy simple entertainments, just as they will find diversion in simple toys, if parents would recognize the fact and not spoil their tastes by too generous giving."

Any one who has watched the rapid progress of elaborate parties, coupled with late hours, for young folks, will understand that such a subject was not out of place and will see why it drew forth many instances of the fact.

One mother told how her child, not yet five, was invited to a party of a child just five, the hours specified being 2 to 10, which, of course, seemed ridiculous to those whose children were in the habit of going to bed at 7, but not at all so when they had been allowed to sit up at home until 9 or 10.

Instances were given where children of fifteen had been invited to 10 o'clock dances, and others more incredible still and more inconsistent with common sense, all the details being on the same grand scale with which entertainments for grown people are planned.

"It's all wrong," said a woman with old fashioned ideas on the subject of early to bed and early to rise. "It is wrong from a health view, and besides there is nothing left for such children when they grow up. I can count a half dozen girls whose education is called finished at seventeen, who go to balls, parties and theaters all winter."

Then some one tried to make early dancing accountable for all the mischief, claiming that children now went to afternoon dancing school at six, and that there was no end of the subject as soon as they could dance. This met with strong opposition from one who generally has her own ideas on a subject. She claimed that it was for better for children to learn to dance young and to enjoy it in the same way they did plays of any kind when to walk until they were older. At six or seven it was happy exercise, with no thought of dress or beau. This was a new suggestion to some, who could not but acquiesce that if children would dance as they played kindergarten games, and would not grow to think of it in any other way, it would be a step in the right direction.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Mothers and Married Children.

I have known more than one woman who turned against a son because he had not married to please her, and said: "I have done with him; his wife can look after him now."

Though in some cases the wife was an innocent, thoughtless, even a giddy girl, yet the mothers kept their words, and even took a certain pride in witnessing the son's deterioration under his wife's management. I knew a lady whose young married daughter (a helpless invalid, confined to her couch for many months), implored her to make her home with them in order that in her afflicted life she might have the solace of her mother's presence. She offered her mother and unmarried brother a good home and as much privacy as they desired. All she craved was to be with them and see them during some of her lonely hours.

The mother, a good, unselfish woman wrote back that she could never leave her present home on account of the ties she had in the neighborhood, the graves of her long dead husband and baby! How blind! What a fullness of joy she might have taken into her afflicted daughter's life! What a beneficial influence here might have been upon her little granddaughter, who so often was almost deprived of a mother's care! What a peaceful, all pervading comfort over all the daughter's home and its inmates her presence might have been! There are not a few mothers who permit the only child left at home to wean them away from their married sons and daughters. This is natural, but should not be permitted to deprive other children of their rights.

It is a difficult thing for a mother at all times to do all that is right and impartial for each of her children; it requires a vast amount of study and at times a really hard sacrifice of personal feeling; but personal feeling should be suppressed, and it should be looked at as much as possible from each child's individual standpoint.—Housekeeper.

How Kate Field Looks.

While it is true that Miss Kate Field is located in Washington permanently, it is also true that she skips about the country so often that she may be said to be a resident of either San Francisco, Chicago or New York. Few women have been as privileged to enjoy the friendship of as many famous men and women. She is one who impresses the forcefulness of her own personality on every one with whom she speaks. She has a clear, incisive voice, a charmingly frank manner and an interrogation point constantly at her tongue's end. If she does not like a person she makes him understand it without giving offense. If some statement is made in her presence that she does not indorse she has no hesitancy in saying so, no matter what the position. Yet she does this in such a quiet, unobtrusive way that no one can find fault with her.

In addition to being a clever and forcible writer, she is also a patient student of the drama. She appeared on the stage once in New York as Peg Woffington. I believe she was not a success, but she continues to study dramatic works, and she is considered one of the ablest writers on the drama in this country. She did a great deal in her favor in her newspaper work is that she knows what she is writing about. She has traveled all over America and Europe many times, and she is on friendly terms with the great public men of both continents.

In appearance Miss Field is short of stature, but as straight as an Indian. Her head is well poised. The face is one that beams with intelligence. She has a firm mouth, and eyes that seem to penetrate the very hearts of those about her. Her hair, a trifle gray, falls gracefully over her head in a slight bang. She is one of the best women speakers I have ever listened to.—Foster Coates in New York Mail and Express.

A Woman of Widespread Influence.

Kate Douglas Wiggin, the author, is a woman of great versatility of accomplishments. She is best known to the world as a kindergartner of exceptional ability and as the founder of the first kindergarten of San Francisco, which now has fifty-six kindergarten schools. The reports of these schools have inspired similar efforts in Japan, Australia, New Zealand, British Columbia and the Sandwich Islands. The story of "Polly" and "The Birds's Christmas Carol" were written and sold to raise money for the kindergarten work in which Mrs. Wiggin was so actively interested, and these stories had such popularity that they were quickly followed by others equally successful.

Since her marriage Mrs. Wiggin has given up teaching and devoted her time to writing, to reading her books, lecturing in public and to music, of which she is very fond. She has herself an exquisite voice for singing, and has composed melodies for her favorite poems and children's songs. She is a woman of winning personality and a great favorite in society.—New York Sun.

Children's Table Manners.

One of the first lessons of a child at the table should be to take liquids noiselessly from the side of the spoon. This does not seem to be an easy accomplishment, judging from the small number of persons who possess it. Another should be to keep the lips closed when eating solids, to avoid the disagreeable noise that sometimes accompanies the action. Bread to be eaten with soup or milk should be laid at the left of the plate, and broken with one hand only. Meat must be finely cut and eaten slowly. Vegetable food requires even more mastication than meat, as it must be thoroughly mixed with the saliva to insure proper digestion. It is better to help children to small quantities and to replenish the plate than to give too large a portion at once. Which there is a decided dislike to any article of food only a mouthful or two should be given at one time.—Elizabeth R. Scovil in Ladies' Home Journal.

A Pioneer Female Dentist.

Dr. Olga Neymann is the girl pioneer dentist of our metropolis. She is the daughter of Clara Neymann, for many years prominent in the work for woman suffrage. Dr. Olga, who is a slender, handsome brunette, still in her twenties, graduated as a Cornell "co-ed," and immediately after entered the Pennsylvania Dental college, whence she came, at the expiration of her term, with a diploma and flying colors, to set up in practice in New York. She thinks dentistry an admirable field for women's work, and speaks gratefully of the cordial welcome and encouragement she received from the handful among her masculine competitors. Her chosen profession is one which exempts the practitioner from much of the physical fatigues and details her sister workers in the kindred field of medicine.—New York Advertiser.

The Waists of Women.

While 20 or 23-inch waists may be a deformity in an adult woman, it may be justly doubted whether the 36-inch waist of Venus de Medici is not somewhat too large to be in proportion with the average of the average American woman. It is characteristic of women of the highest type of the Indo-European races to have wide hips and narrower waists. In other races the hips are narrower and the waist larger. The American woman appears, in consequence of her large hip measurement, to be a trifle above the average in waist also. To the unskilled masculine eye a girl with a waist of 22 or 23½ inches may seem to have a exquisite figure, when in well fitted corsets, but she is very nearly what it should be to satisfy the critical judgment of an artist or her family physician.—Toledo Blade.

Decorations for Prussian Women.

Prussia has several decorations for women, the highest of which is the Louise order, founded in 1440, allowed to lapse during the Reformation and revived in 1843. The Order of Louise, named after Prussia's famous queen, is given to women for meritorious services in nursing the wounded in war of the second class, to women distinguished for philanthropic work generally. The Cross of Merit was instituted by Frederick William III. in 1814. The third decoration that women of Germany showed for the soldiers in the last war." Special medals for nursing were also struck in 1807-14 and 1870-1.—Vienna Letter.

A Protection for Open Bookcases.

Persons who have a large number of books and find it difficult to care for them in rented houses and places where no permanent shelves may be set up and glass in closed, will find the following strip of pinked out leather or enamel cloth attached by brass nails to each shelf a great protection. Though narrow, it acts as a dust guttierer, and is really a most efficient bar in the way of preventing dust from flowing through to the books on the shelf. Many book lovers dislike to put their favorites behind glass, feeling that they are shut away from quick contact, and such may conveniently put on this fringe, especially if the bookshelves are backed as all should be.—Her Point of View in New York Times.

When Needles Were Invented.

The date at which needles were invented and first used is lost in the darkness of prehistoric times. No doubt "necessity" was "the mother of invention" in this instance, as in so many cases, but it is an interesting fact that the word occurs in the oldest books, both Hebrew and Sinnscrit, and that needles have been found in caves, mounds and ancient tombs. The bronze ones found in Egyptian tombs are from 3 to 5½ inches long. Their general size and quality can only be a matter of conjecture, particularly those used by the ancient women for their fine work, which must have been of the most minute kind.—Woman's Work.

What Women Like in Men.

Women like honesty of purpose and consideration. They like a man who is interested in their new dresses, who can give an opinion on the fit and who is properly indignant at any article written against woman. They like a man who likes them, who doesn't scorn their opinions, who believes in their good taste, who has confidence in them, and who, best of all, knows that the love promised begives him. They like a man who can be strong as a lion when trouble comes and yet, if one is nervous and tired, can button up a shoe with an amount of consideration that is a mental and physical bracer up. They like a man who is master of the situation—That is, who has brains enough to help a woman decide what is the best thing to do under the circumstances, and who has wit enough to realize, when one of the fairer sex is slightly stubborn, that persuasion is more powerful than all the arguments in the world.—Exchange.

A Queen's Present Lot.

Visitors at Notre Dame cathedral may frequently see a sad faced, black robed woman kneeling at one of the smaller altars absorbed in her grief. Less than forty years ago she was idolized by the people who today will not allow her to own a bit of land within their country. Poet sang of her beauty, painters and sculptors fought for the privilege of immortalizing her effigies on their canvas.

For this woman, who plighted her troth with Napoleon III, surrounded by the dignitaries of the empire, amid the sparkle of jewels and the splendor of court garments, while the roll of artillery drowned the chime of wedding bells, the Duchess de Costa is building the home that the French government will not allow Eugenie to build for herself near Mentone, where she hopes to spend her childless, widowed old age among the people over which she once reigned.—Paris Letter.

How Cardinal Manning Regarded Women.

Cardinal Manning disliked very much the little paragraph written about women of fashion. "I do loathe," he said, "a woman's appearance and toilet always the secret from the public. Ah, poor thing!" he used to say of one who had placed herself beyond the pale, "she has suffered." Never a word of censure or of blame. During one or two years I was a neighbor of his, writes a woman who knew him well, and he always had leisure not only to receive me, but any friends I might recommend. I don't believe in his whole page life that he ever did or said or thought an unkind thing.

Dean's Believe in Progressive Women.

Rider Haggard evidently has no sympathy with the "progressive" woman, and in fact does not much believe in her progression. He inclines to the belief that all the efforts in the world will not bring about woman's emancipation, since providence and nature have marked out the functions and spheres of the sex. It may well be questioned, he thinks, whether we but the "eternal boundary stones" set by providence and nature are not to be lightly rolled away. "May women," he says, "be such as our mothers were! I wish them no better."

To Whiten One's Hands.

Pour some lemon juice into an equal quantity of glycerin and rub your hands with the mixture before going to bed. If you don't mind sleeping with gloves on, that is better still, and helps considerably in the task of whitening your hands. In the morning wash your hands thoroughly in warm water and apply the juice again pure, but only a few drops this time. You You must not keep this up too long or your hands will show such a dazzling whiteness as to make all the other young ladies in the vicinity jealous.—New York Herald.

His Wife Helps Him.

A chivalrous justice in Alabama says that when the young lawyers spout law at him till they don't know which side they are arguing and he doesn't either, he listens to them all and reserves his decision until the next day. Then he goes home, states the case to his wife and she gives the opinion, which he announces in the morning. The man says his wife doesn't know a line of law, but that she has the biggest stock of common sense of any woman in that part of the country.—Woman's Tribune.

Cream for the Hands.

A very simple and efficacious cream for the hands may be prepared as follows: Take two ounces of lanoline and one ounce of glycerin, place in a small jelly can and stand in a warm oven until the lanoline is entirely melted. Then add a few drops of attar of roses, lavender or rose water, and stir the whole briskly while cooling, otherwise the lanoline and glycerin will separate.—Exchange.

Women's Colleges Will Have to Grow.

President Eliot, of Harvard, is represented as saying: "These women's colleges will hardly come to be equal to the colleges for men for years to come. They have not had the time to get together the necessary laboratories, collections and libraries or to obtain properly trained teachers. Besides highly educated men, as a rule, prefer to teach in men's colleges."

A Good Way to Kill Mosquitos.

In dealing with the mosquito as a household pest, good pyrethrum powder is probably the best preventive of its annoyances. Moistened and made into little cones, allowed to dry and then burned in a closed chamber, this powder will either stupefy or kill, and is one of the best means of freeing chambers from mosquitos.—Boston Advertiser.

What Women Have Done for France.

"What would become of France without her women?" inquires Kate Field. "Who do the hard work, keep the books, save the money and bring out stockings filled with coin when a national loan is issued? Whenever I hear men abused as housewives I feel like hiring somebody to knock them down."

Got Your Gloves Too Large.

The heavy walking gloves which are the effigent accessory for street wear by women who dress well, should be gotten a quarter or half size larger than the ordinary glove, for one is supposed to put them on with great ease, and to permit one's hands to move about with perfect freedom.—New York Journal.

The Marechal Davoust, Princess Rejmuhl, was at eighty-five renowned for her queenly carriage, superb eyes and beautiful clear skin, which was so white as to rival the snow of her abundant hair. She used only pure water on her face and allowed herself only a very simple diet.

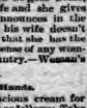
Miss Martha Morton, the playwright, is under thirty years of age. She is a woman of medium height, with an interesting face and a head covered with dark brown hair.

Wash nice in a strong solution of warm water and washing soda or ammonia and soap; afterward wash thoroughly with a woolen cloth saturated in kerosene.

After the juice is squeezed from lemons the peels are useful to rub brass with; dip in common salt, then brush with dry bath brick.

Curled hair pillows are liked by many. They need picking up and cleansing as well as the feather pillows.

This Date in History—March 15.



44 B. C.—Caius Julius Cæsar was assassinated in the senate house at Rome by 30 conspirators: born 100 or 102 B. C.

1683—John Endicott, Colonial governor of Massachusetts, died in Boston: born 1588.

1767—Andrew Jackson, general, seventh president, born at the Waxhaw settlement, S. C.; died 1845.

1877—Michael Crawford Kerr, statesman, born in Titusville, Pa.; died 1876.

1854—Cardinal Wiseman, the extraordinary linguist, died: born 1774.

1880—Revolt in Afghanistan: the ameer, Abdurrahman, beheaded and his supporters driven out.

1891—The British steamer Roxburgh Castle was sunk near the Scilly Isles and 27 persons drowned.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

☽ First Quarter	5	2:14 p. m.	☾ Third Quarter	21	9:16 a. m.
● Full Moon	13	7:35 a. m.	◐ New Moon	28	8:16 a. m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 13 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
First-class family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
12 26 6m FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL.

24 & 26 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Cor. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention given to transient guests.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

PLAINFIELD.

No. 11 E. Front St.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

1 27 First-class bar attached.

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe —Made of Calf Skin.—Narrow toe with tip.—Square toe plain.—Good Fitters.—Good Shapes.—Worth $3 to any man.—And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

THIS ADVERTISEMENT

Is written that you may know that we are selling:—

COFFEE—An extra grade of crushed Java Coffee 30c. lb., with 3 Sterling plated tea spoons FREE.

TEA—With a pound of our Famous 50c. T-s, your choice of 4 cakes best laundry soap, 4 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 cedar pail or 6 Sterling plated tea spoons FREE.

BUTTER—We have an elegant table Butter at 25c. lb. Also other grades including the finest Elgin Creamery, 28c. lb.

SUGAR—Standard Granulated Sugar, 4½c. lb.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 500 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 8000 barrels daily.

This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

MASTER'S SALE.

CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Sarah S. Line, et al., defendants. By virtue of a writ of fieri facias of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above stated cause, and bearing date the 15th day of February, in the eighteen hundred and ninety two, I, John H. Jackson, one of the masters of said Court, will expose for sale at public vendue on the premises on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MARCH

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m., so much of the lands and tenements mentioned in said bill described, to wit, all those certain tracts and parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the estate of Jane E. Stoney and the hereinafter corner of property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Line and Abram M. Vail (First Part), and running thence (1) by a line of said division along said Spooner line, a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to a corner of lot sold by said Line and Vail to Michael Rimmer; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to another corner of said lot; thence along the rear line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence (2) Northeasterly direction along the center of said Division avenue, a distance of forty-five feet to the line of lot sold by said Line and Vail to John S. O'Beirne; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Vail and Hiltz to John J. O'Connor; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of fifty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of said O'Connor's lot in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-eight and seventy-tenths feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street; thence along the line of said lots in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about forty-five and five-tenths feet to a corner of lot sold by Line and Vail to James Weston; thence along said line and the line of lot sold by Line and Vail to William Fischbrook in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-four feet to a corner of said Fischbrook's lot; thence still along said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of eighty-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence (3) Northwesterly along the said center of John street in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to the center of Division avenue; thence (4) Northeasterly direction, a distance of fifty-five feet to a corner of said lot; thence along said lot in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-three feet to the center line of West Fourth street; thence along said center line of West Fourth street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-three feet to a point in line of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and sixty-eight and three-tenths feet to a corner; thence still along the line of property of said Spooner estate in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about three hundred and thirty feet to the place of beginning.

SECOND PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Seventh street and the Easterly corner of property sold by Vail and Line to L. A. Cuttriss; thence along the line of said property in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of three hundred and twenty-five and nine-tenths feet to a corner of said property; thence along the rear line of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to the center of John street; thence (5) along the center of John street in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about two hundred and sixty-one feet to a point in line of lot sold by Line and Vail to Daniel Manning; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of fifty-five feet to a corner of said lot; thence along said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-three feet to the center line of West Fourth street; thence along said center line of West Fourth street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-three feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along said center of John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along said center of John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a point in the center of John street; thence (6) Northeasterly direction a distance of about seven hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property sold by Samuel M. Gillespie to Line and Vail by deed dated March 11, 1872; thence (7) along the line of said tract of land Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (8) Northeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (9) Southeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (10) Northeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (11) Southeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (12) Northeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (13) Southeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; thence (14) Northeasterly direction, a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to a corner of said property; 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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. E. W. Harrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 3 Somerset street, Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printer of All Kinds. 15 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The temperature will remain about the same, and snow is probable.

BREVITIES.

—Ex-City Judge Ulrich is suffering from a sprained ankle.

—Fanny Rice is to appear at Music Hall Thursday evening.

—Williams, the druggist, makes a specialty of filling prescriptions.

—A missionary sociable is to be held in the Congregational church this evening.

—The Rev. Father Smith of Cranford will preach in St. Joseph's church tonight.

—The heavy fall of snow which greeted the people this morning was a genuine surprise.

—There will be a devotional meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

—The city Common Council will meet in adjourned session next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—Mr. Nief Agar of Evous made the best score at the shooting contest at Springfield yesterday.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Two or three brave but imprudent robins arrived in town early last week and held several matinees in the naked trees.

—There will be a praise service in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church next Sunday evening at half-past seven o'clock.

—A horse attached to a light wagon ran away on Park avenue this morning. No damage resulted. The horse, was frightened by the cars.

—At Werner's Clothing House overcoats are being sold "at almost your own price" to make room for Spring stock. This is overcoat weather.

—The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians are to tender their friends an invitation sociable at the Saengerbund Hall to-morrow night.

—The popular talk to be given by ex-Mayor Randolph under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. has been postponed to Thursday evening, 31st inst.

—A man named Frucht was arrested this morning for obstructing the sidewalk. When arraigned in court he plead not guilty. City Judge Codington set his trial down for Saturday morning.

—There is to be an indoor game of base ball this evening at the Crescent Rink between the Crescent team and a team chosen from the members of the Monmouth and Plainfield Bicycle club. Mr. Berriman will umpire the game.

—A team chosen from the members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of Elizabethport will visit this city this evening and bowl a game with a team chosen from the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of this city.

—The Elkwood Hall, No. 10 West Second street, will be re-opened under the auspices of the Salvation Army on Thursday, March 17th, at 7:45 p. m. Commissioner Ballington Booth has assisted by an able staff will conduct the service.

—Patti is very fond of parrots, and when she sees one that strikes her fancy she does not hesitate to pay the price asked for it, however exorbitant it may be. Some years ago she actually paid $5,000 for a parrot, and this precious bird is still to be seen and heard in her Winter garden at Craig-y-Nos. One of the diva's favorites is Miss Welsh, another French and others English.

A Fire on Washington Avenue this Morning.

The new one-and-a-half story dwelling on Washington (sometimes called Wilson) avenue, owned by Charles Preusser, was discovered on fire this morning about nine o'clock. The fire was supposed to be caused by a defective chimney. The women gave the alarm and then began vigorously to work to extinguish the flames, which they succeeded in doing.

No fire alarm was sounded, so the department was not called.

The damage is not known. The fire was between the partitions and walls, and also the flooring, which it is thought it will be necessary to pull down.

The house was insured for $1,500. The furniture was slightly damaged, although much of it was got out. The furniture was also insured.

Third District Congressional Committee.

The Republican State Committee which met at Jersey City on Monday of this week appointed Senator Nevens of Monmouth county, Joseph H. T. Martin of Middlesex county, and Charles Place of Somerset county, as the Congressional Committee, to call the Congressional District convention, composed of the above named counties. This committee will call the District convention to select delegates to attend the State convention at Trenton, April 27th to select delegates to the Minneapolis National convention. The counties of Middlesex, Monmouth, and Somerset, under the last gerrymander of the Legislature now compose the Third Congressional District in this State.

School Election in Washingtonville.

At the election for school trustees in Washingtonville, B. Luensen was unanimously elected. Robert Clark, Jr., having resigned, Frank Mobus and Andrew Wilson were nominated to fill the vacancy, resulting in the election of Mr. Mobus by a majority of one vote.

CARD OF THANKS.

I hereby extend my heartfelt thanks to the members of U. O of I. O. Ladies and Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R. Also the members of W. R. C. 92, to G. A. R. for the kind services rendered at the funeral of my deceased husband, the late Henry Prosser, also the undertaker, Terrill & Cole.

JOSEPHINE PROSCHER.

Plainfield, March 14, 1892.

A CURIOUS ACCIDENT.

Illustrating a Senseless Way of Tying a Horse.

A man tied a horse to a telegraph pole on Somerset street to-day with the reins. They were not unbuckled nor pulled through the rings, and were tied without leaving any slack.

The horse happening to move backward when its driver left, the reins, through the saddle rings, acted as on a pulley, and the animal instantly felt a tug at the bit. In response it backed. The more it backed the harder the reins pulled, and the obedient dumb beast struggled desperately to try and satisfy *the desire of its supposed driver.*

Its jaw was in a fair way to get broken when a passer-by, noticing the horse's head pulled close to its chest, and discovering the cause of its efforts to back, quickly untied the knotted reins about the pole.

The horse, thus suddenly released from the strain, fell sideways over the shaft to the ground, showing the energy with which it had been working.

Fortunately nothing was broken. The "intelligent" driver, who rushed out of a nearby store when the animal fell, and helped get it upon its feet again, at once started to rein it as before, but was stopped. He was with difficulty shown why.

PERSONAL.

Dr. E. W. Hedges and bride returned yesterday from their wedding trip.

Mr. James Clarkson of Brooklyn is visiting Mrs. Green of Somerset street, North Plainfield. Mr. Clarkson is her nephew.

Mr. George G. Doty and bride of Buffalo, N. Y., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Lewis of Mountain avenue, North Plainfield.

Next Saturday afternoon Miss C. E. Clarke will read a paper on "Realism and Idealism in Fiction". The paper will be read in the Unitarian rooms on Second Place.

Mr. Lewis H. Brown, who was formerly time keeper in the Scott Printing Press works in this city, is a candidate for clerk of the Union County Board of Freeholders.

Miss Elizabeth U. Yates of Maine, a returned missionary, will speak of China, this evening, at eight o'clock, at Vincent chapel. She will be attired in native costume. All who are interested are invited to be present.

The late Henry Prescher, whose widow has a card of thanks in another column, *considered himself a man in prime* health. He was sure and robust, age 49 years, weight about 200 lbs., and was always cheerful and industrious. He was employed at Scott Pres Works at heavy work, and the night he was taken ill, was chatting merrily with his wife at home at 9 o'clock, when he suddenly fell from his chair unconscious. He recovered consciousness, and told his wife that his heart fluttered like the wings of a bird. He complained of no pain, although he had lost the use of his legs, and died six hours afterwards. The doctor said it was a case of heart disease. Yet one meeting Mr. Prescher the day before his death would have considered him a man of more than usual health. Such is life.

Mr. Samuel Townsend, who was elected school trustee last evening, is a resident of Rockview avenue, and a partner of Mr. Morgan S. Taylor, also of Rockview avenue. Both are engaged in the dry goods' commission business in New York. Mr. Townsend travels for the firm, and has very little time to devote to the public schools. He was reported to be at Chicago last night when nominated, and to have had no intimation whatever that he would be chosen. In fact he was only dimly conscious of the very last moment. The prominent taxpayers of the district appeared to take very little interest in the meeting. Mayor Place, after the meeting, remarked that Dr. Carroll had done more for the advancement of the school interests of the District than any other twenty of its citizens. Mr. Townsend is highly spoken of by all who know him, and will no doubt do all he can conscientiously for the good of the school, if he can be induced to serve. A neighbor of his said last night he did not think Mr. Townsend would serve because he was away so much of the time. However, it is hoped the children will not be permitted to suffer. If Mr. Townsend can serve he will do so to his own credit and the good of the District.

TO CONTEST THE READING DEAL.

"Penney" to Show that the Legislative Bill is Unconstitutional.

The Pennsylvania Railroad may not be so completely "turned down" as the Reading, Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central people imagine, now that the bill to legalize the Reading deal has passed the Legislature and is only awaiting the Governor's approval to become a law. A conference of Pennsylvania's officials was held yesterday, and it is said that counsel is satisfied them that the bill in question is unconstitutional and will not stand the test of courts. Said one of Pennsylvania's agents:

"The Pennsylvania may not be as big a corporation now as the Reading, but it is not a bankrupt concern by any means. It has plenty to fight with in the courts, and it will fight the matter to the bitter end."

According to the speaker's information the bill is unconstitutional because it violates a provision of Article IV., Section 7, of the State Constitution, which forbids the enactment of any special bill "unless public notice of the intention to apply therefor and of the general object thereof shall have been previously given." No notice of intention to apply for this legislation was given.—Newark Evening News.

—To-morrow will be St. Patrick's Day.

THE SCHOOL MEETING.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS ELECT A NEW TRUSTEE.

Mr. Samuel Townsend Chosen to Succeed Dr. H. K. Carroll.—The Trustees' Report for the Year 1891.

The annual school meeting of the inhabitants of School District No. 26 was held last evening in the basement of the North Plainfield Public school building.

Mayor Chas. Place was chosen chairman, and Town Clerk Horace Martin, secretary.

The Clerk read the *call for the meeting*, which stated its object to be to hear the report of the School Trustees, elect a trustee to succeed Dr. Carroll, whose term had expired, to vote money for the support of the schools for the ensuing year, and such other business as should come before the meeting.

The District Clerk Bonney read the annual financial statement and a supplementary report showing the receipts and expenditures for the past year. The *totals are as follows:*

Total expenditure	$11,474.25
Total receipts	11,326.67
Teachers salaries	8,007.50
Balance on hand	264.72

THE REPORT OF THE BOARD FOR 1891-'92 was read by the President of the Board and is as follows:

"The number of scholars enrolled the present year is 654, a slight increase over the enrollment of last year. The average attendance, however, has been somewhat less, owing to the prevalence of the grip and other kinds of sickness. The work of the school has been quite as efficient and satisfactory as in former years. It is our endeavor to give every child as thorough a training as the crowded state of some of our rooms will permit. It is with great regret that we are compelled to report the continued use of the room for part of the first grade in the basement. This room was fitted up originally for temporary occupancy only. It is not a proper place for children. The ceiling is low, the windows are small and the room is partly above and partly under ground. It is not a cheerful room even in bright weather, and on dark and cloudy days it is gloomy and unhealthful.

The number of children of school age in the district, when the last school census was taken in May, 1891, was 940. This indicates a loss during the year of 26.

We have three new teachers, all engaged to fill vacancies caused by resignation. Miss Cutter succeeds Miss Perdue as a teacher in the tenth grade; Miss Shafer takes charge of the ninth grade in place of Miss Harvey; and Miss Mackey has the class in the basement room, Miss Stremmell having retired from one of the classes in the second grade. We have, as last year, thirteen teachers besides the principal; and all are heartily co-operating in the endeavor to make the school second to none in the State."

Both reports were accepted.

The chairman then stated that nominations for a school trustee were in order. Dr. H. K. Carroll, the President of the present Board of school Trustees was nominated. Samuel Townsend was also nominated.

A vote was taken which resulted as follows:

Carroll	37
Townsend	58

The chairman declared Mr. Townsend elected.

*Dr. Carroll thanked the people for re*lieving him of a duty which he had performed for nine years, and for electing such an excellent man as Mr. Townsend as his successor.

On motion of Mr. Voehl the Trustees were instructed to call a meeting of the citizens of the district for the purpose of considering the advisability of increasing the school facilities.

FRIGHTENED BY A MULE'S BRAY.

James Emmons Met the Animal in the Dark and Became Insane.

James Emmons, a farmer's son living near New Germantown, Somerset county, has become insane. About ten days ago the barn on the Emmons farm was set on fire and burned to the ground. Abraham Crosby, a negro, was then believed to be the incendiary, and was arrested for the crime.

About midnight the night following *that of the fire young Emmons went out* of doors for a moment, and just at that time a stray mule happened to wander into the yard. Emmons' mind had been somewhat unbalanced by the proceedings of the night before, and when the mule uttered a hoarse bray Emmons became so frightened that he burst in the door of the house and fell prostrate upon the floor.

For hours he cried with fright that the negro was out in the yard and had tried to kill him. Subsequently he was seized with violent fits of insanity, and these have continued ever since. His mind is badly affected.

Robbing Farmers.

Some persons as yet unknown have been robbing the farmers in the vicinity of Evous. Last night two of them were seen to enter the barn of Mr. Edward Agar and depart with a number of bushels of corn. Two persons in the vicinity are suspected and hereafter a close watch will be kept on them.

Ought to be Attended To.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The worst biten dog by the mad dog of last Thursday was Dr. H. H. Lowrie's. Why have not the authorities ordered it chained or shot? Park avenue is a street quite PUBLIC.

CONGREGATIONAL MINISTERS MEET.

At the Spring Meeting of the Northern New Jersey Conference.

The Spring meeting of the Northern *New Jersey Conference of the Congrega*tional churches was held yesterday in the First Congregational church of Elizabeth.

Delegates were present from churches in Newark, Jersey City, Morristown, Bound Brook, Long Branch, Plainfield, Rahoken and other parts of the State.

Rev. Dr. William Hayes Ward of Newark, was moderator, and the Rev. L. W. Hains of Newark was the scribe.

Rev. J. W. Davenport of Newark, opened the conference with prayer. The chief speakers were Rev. J. Lester Wells, Rev. Dr. Bradford, of Cedar Grove, and Rev. W. F. Cooley, of Short Hills.

Rev. J. L. Scudder, the noted preacher of Jersey City, Rev. Dr. England, Rev. Charles L. Goodrich of this city, Rev. C. H. Patton, of Westfield, were among the clergymen present. Rev. Dr. Kincaid, Secretary of the Home Missionary Society, delivered an address on missionary work.

Rev. John H. Myer of Rohoken, opened *the afternoon session with prayer, and* after this a large amount of routine business was transacted. The conference adjourned at five o'clock.

CHARGES ARE PILING UP.

Offers to Compromise, Followed by Complaints and an Arrest.

Several leaders of the collapsed Commercial Employment Agency were in Newark yesterday trying to effect a compromise with the local certificate-holders. The basis of the compromise is a choice of accepting a gold watch on instalment of $5 a month.

Henry C. Benesol, one of the managers, was among the number. He was arrested on Market street at four o'clock yesterday afternoon by Detective Volz on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The complaint was made before Justice Blauvelt by Gordon of No. 191 Market street. Benesol was patrolled for examination this morning.

Lawyer Charles Bried, counsel for a number of the customers of the concern, said there would be over twenty additional complaints against Benesol this morning.

Chief Robert Haggerty left for Camden yesterday to arrest Thompson Foster, General Manager of the Commercial Enterprise Company. He is wanted on a similar charge. Numerous other warrants have also been issued for the arrest of C. H. Morris, the Newark agent of the company.

About Lemons.

Do you want to know the name of one of the best all around household doctors and certainly the cheapest that can be found in any country?

It is Dr. Lemon. Yes, an ordinary, sour, yellow lemon, which you can buy at any grocery for a few cents.

Here are some of the things Dr. Lemon will do for you if you give him the chance:

Squeeze him into a glass of water every morning and drink him with very little sugar. He will keep your stomach in fine level order, and never let Mr. Dyspepsia, whom he hates cordially, get into it.

Rub him on dark hair and it seems to be falling out, cut off a slice of the doctor and rub him on your scalp. He will stop that little trouble promptly.

Squeeze him into a liberal quantity of glycerine and rub your hands with the mixture before going to bed. If you don't have chapped hands you have that is better still, and helps the doctor considerably in his work of whitening the hands. In the morning wash your hands thoroughly in warm water and apply the doctor again pure, but only a few drops of him; don't keep this up to long, or your hands will show such a dazzling whiteness as to excite the other young ladies in the vicinity jealous.

If you have a bad headache cut Dr. Lemon in small slices and lay along your temples. The pain will not be long disappearing—or, at least in growing smaller and less.

If a bee or an insect stings you, clap a few drops of the doctor on the spot and he will find power to omit the better for it.

If you have a troublesome corn the doctor is most powerful to afford relief by rubbing him on the toe after you have taken a hot bath and cut away as much as possible of the troublesome intruder.

Besides all this, the doctor is always ready to assert himself in the cause of Russian tea—slice him in without sugar—or in the preparation of old-fashioned lemonade. Either will drink is more wholesome.

Altogether Dr. Lemon is an individual few people can afford to get along without.—New York Herald.

STATE NEWS

There is a specimen of nature's freaks on the beach at Long Branch, in Monmouth County. In a large boulder of blue limestone are several imprints of feet of a human being. The heel, toe, instep and heel are distinctly marked. The largest imprint will measure nearly eighteen inches in length, below the same is smallest is about the size of a number two shoe. The imprints are sunken from two to three inches below the surface of the surrounding rock.

A horse belonging to W. E. Jacobson of Belleville, near Newark, became dead, and to be killed in its stable on Wednesday. The animal was noted for its gentleness, was driven hitherto by a little dog that showed signs of rabies at the time and was shot. The horse had been acting violently for the last few days, and on Tuesday he became so violent that it was necessary to bind him with ropes to prevent him from tearing the flesh from his body and limbs with his teeth. A veterinary surgeon was summoned advised that he be killed.

—"Jack" Carrigan, the man who stabbed Meyers with a pitch-fork, has not yet been arrested.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TO TEST FIELD'S SANITY.

Judge Van Brunt Ordered his Incarceration in an Asylum.

New York, March 16th, (Special.)—Judge Van Brunt handed down this morning a decision in the case of Edward Field, stating that, in his opinion, Field should be committed to an asylum under the supervision of the State until it could be learned whether the symptoms of insanity which he professes to exhibit are feigned or actually exist.

E. M. Field, who was the senior partner of the firm of Field, Lindley, Wiecher's & Co., which failed for over $2,000,000 last December, was brought to the bar to plead to an indictment charging him with forging a bill of lading.

[Mr. Wiecher's is a well-known resident of this city.]

RELIEF FOR STARVING RUSSIANS

The Indiana, Laden with Food, Reaches Libau.

LIBAU, Russia, March 16. (Special.)—At 1.30 o'clock this afternoon a steamer was sighted off this port heading in from the westward, and almost immediately afterwards the flag of the United States of America could be distinguished from the stern of the vessel.

It was known then for a certainty that the approaching vessel was the Indiana, under the command of Captain Sargeant, which sailed from Philadelphia for this port on February 23, with a cargo of flour and provisions for the relief of the famine sufferers in Russia.

The Indiana will enter the harbor in a short time.

SPRECKEL'S REFINERY BURNED.

The Sugar King's Loss Estimated at $150,000.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th. (Special.)—Fire in one of the drying kilns of the drying house of the Spreckel's Sugar Refinery this morning destroyed that building. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

WORTH $10,000.

A Dentist Sued For That Amount For a Broken Jaw.

A suit for $10,000 damages for breaking her jaw was brought yesterday in the Union County Circuit Court by Miss Gabrielle Miannay of 340 Washington ave., Elizabeth, against Edward D. Frost, a dentist. The plaintiff alleges that the damage was done in December, 1890, while the dentist was extracting a tooth. She has suffered from the injury since and has consulted specialists in New York, she says, without obtaining much relief. She is 26 years old, and is the daughter of Eugene Miannay of New York city.

Dentist Frost denies that he broke her jaw and says the suit is an attempt to blackmail him.

Half Rates to Clergymen on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

In offering half rates to clergymen the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has instituted the most comprehensive and liberal arrangement ever adopted under like circumstances. Not only is the reduction available by ministers of the gospel and their families on the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad, but it applies equally to those of any section of the United States, and the rate is accepted on the entire Pennsylvania Railroad system both east and west of Pittsburg. A clergyman having a charge in any portion of the West or South is entitled to travel at half fare over the Pennsylvania on presentation of his clerical order to any ticket agent of the company, and likewise any clergyman of the East may use the lines of the company over their entire extent under the same conditions.

Ministers of the gospel were never before accorded such concessions, and it is easy to predict that they will show their appreciation of the Pennsylvania Railroad's liberality by patronizing it when they or their families have occasion to travel.

—A new invention that will doubtless "go" this Summer when the swimming season sets in again is a webbed rubber glove for use in the water. Young swimmers find one of the most difficult points to learn is to make sufficient headway in the water. With the webbed glove this will not be necessary, as for instance will then be able to row and can safely compete with the Newfoundland dog.

IT creates a miracle of energy at a still greater miracle of cost—

H-O

Hers some H-O to boulder.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

BOUGHT AND SOLD,

AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)

G. R Musgrave, Proprietor

Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at

Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,

No. 66 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

NEXT ATTRACTION AT

MUSIC HALL!

Thursday Evening, March 17,

The Prima Comedienne, Merry

FANNIE RICE,

And her superb company of Singers and Comedians.

A JOLLY SURPRISE

Full of pleasing surprises. Bright catchy music. Laughable situations. All mirth and music.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

NAILS SCREWS, SASH,

WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,

STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

Cent-a-Word Column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNISHED room. Good table board, 35 Fourth street, West of Central avenue. 15-2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

ROOMS, with board. Opposite First Presbyterian church, on East Front church. 12-6

HELP WANTED.

SEAMSTRESS wanted. Steady employment for a post hand. Address "A. C." Box 221. 14-3

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Green street, on March 15th, a beaver cape Return to 91 Mercer avenue, and receive suitable reward 3 16tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—A safety bicycle 1891 Victor Pattern. Cushion tire. Fine running order. Will exchange for an acre of farm land suitable for cropping and within walking distance of depot Address "Wheel" care of EVENING NEWS. 15-3

FOR SALE.

56 INCH Victor Bicycle for sale, cheap. Address "F. C." care of EVENING NEWS. 14-3

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address H. F. H. Chase, Plainfield N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level 2 15tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely located; 200 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 135, Dunellen. 98-2tf

ROAN HORSE for sale; 15¼ hands; kind in all harness; good for all work. George W. Belcher, 75 Broadway. 15-4

FOR RENT.

A SEVEN room house on Grandview avenue, for rent cheap. Riker and Co., agents, 18 East Front street. 14-3eod*

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT — Having been engaged for 25 years and upwards in manufacturing and building, and seeing to age, (I am 70), and ill health, I desire to retire and will supply to C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level 2 15tf

FOR RENT—Two rooms, with or without board. Inquire at 109 North Second street. 15-2

FOR RENT—Handsome store and flats, 33 Somerset street. 15-4

FOR RENT—Two handsomely papered flats, over drug store, corner Somerset street and Craig place. Inquire of premises. Enquire of Asst. Town. 27 Somerset street. 12 6tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a pleasant office for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham. 2 12tf

Amusements.

OPENING GAME OF

BASE - BALL

at the

CRESCENT RINK,

TO-NIGHT

CRESCENT BASE BALL CLUB

vs.

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Mr. T. H. Keller will then announce his this season's famous team.

ADMISSION - - - 25 Cents.

Game called at 8:30. 14 3*

MUSIC HALL!

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.

Appearance of the Indescribable Phenomenon, Miss Anate Eva Fay, in a Scientific Séance on

SPIRITUALISM.

Miss Fay is the only Medium who has received the indorsement of members of the Royal Scientific Society of London—Professors Crooks, Huxley, Varley, Sargent, Cox and others.

Produces ponderous rock, spirit hands, forms and faces. Beautiful flowers, materialized and passed to the audience by hands plainly seen. And many other tests of startling nature. All materialization in full gaslight.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 Cents.

Seats on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Friday.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF

Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats,our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Orna ments, etc., will exceed in beauty and excellence attempted in this city. Latest styles of Ladies' Stylish Jackets and Children's Cloaks at New York prices. Immense variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in trimmings.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 90 inch Table Oil Cloth for 75c., good quality, express glass-ware, &c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weise Brothers, 99 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 20tf

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

AFTER MARCH 15TH.

Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 32 East Front street, will be located at No. 4 East Front street, where all kinds of musical selections will be promptly and promptly attended to. No connection with any other store. Repairing done in the best manner and guaranteed upon being done with as reasonable in any store. 2 1m

EDITORIAL NOTES

Our Moral Brain Areas.

Edward Payson Jackson has considerable to say in The Popular Science Monthly about the moral educability of the race. *He reminds us of the three* different areas into which the human brain is divided by certain scientific individuals. As it is generally conceded to be the center of intellectual activity, so also it is the center of physical and moral expression. A certain area is devoted to each of these three sets of faculties. If the brain is small and the convolutions shallow in the intellectual area, then the subject is but feeble witted. If his convolutions are few and the space limited in the physical area of his brain, then he will suffer from invalidism; and the same is true of the moral convolutions.

Accordingly, if you would know whether a man is honest, or strong, or intellectual, examine his brain tracts. These will show whether one is in his areas any feeble or arrested development. That is what defective intellect *or moral character* is called now.

Mr. Payson thinks man's intellectual and physical brain tracts developed first, ages ago, in fact. The great brained man of today is no way superior to Plato, Copernicus or the other old fellows who were the great lights of the ancients. Neither are our strong and good looking men of today finer than the Greek athletes. But the capacity of the human race for moral improvement is plainly shown to Mr. Payson's mind by the fact of the decline of the death penalty for small offenses, the torture rack, the gladiatorial shows and bull fights. Mankind is more humane and altruistic than it used to be, altogether. Maybe not all the same, a few weeks ago a man was burned at the stake by a party of lynchers in one of the states of this Union, and a woman applied the torch.

Peter Ibbetson's True Dreams.

The most original idea advanced in recent fiction is that of George du Manrier in "Peter Ibbetson." The heroine *is married to another man, the unhappy* hero is shut up in an asylum, yet these two devoted lovers are constantly together in their dreams. They walk, they talk of their love, they pass blissful hours in dream life. They remember in their waking life the rapture of these dream hours, and the remembrance comforts them inexpressibly. So they live on to middle life and old age, always lovers, always as happy as in the first hours of love's young dream. They travel together in their dreams on long, sweet journeys that give them joy unspeakable. They never tire of one another, as the most devoted of lovers sometimes do in real life—after they are married. *On the contrary, they are to* one another always young, splendid and beautiful. After the years of childhood they met in the flesh but twice in their lives, yet in the "true dreams" they met constantly. "Peter Ibbetson" is the most remarkable psychological novel written recently.

But what a world of joy it would be if others, like Peter Ibbetson and his lost love, could meet in true dreams. Across the ocean, over half a hemisphere would fly the thoughts of those who were dear to one another. It would be like no parting at all between loved ones. The happiness mankind enjoyed in dream world would make them strong to bear the roughest of the ills that come upon them in the external world, knowing night had only to let fall her gentle curtain, and then would begin the life in which, in full splendor, all the fondest hopes and dreams of each mortal would be realized.

Wood pulp has been found useful for a variety of purposes. It is now molded into any shape desired, stained and varnished and affixed to furniture so skillfully that it cannot be distinguished from wood carved and turned. It has also been found to serve an excellent purpose as an antifriction material for water wheels and other wheels under water. It is first hardened in molds under enormous pressure. Then it makes a grainless substance which can be bored, drilled and worked in all respects like metal. Used for the various purposes of machinery it has one great advantage, and that is it requires no oiling. It is especially valuable in bearings, and has been tested in this line in cotton spinning machines, dynamos, steam engines, etc. After months of use without any oiling the wood pulp bearings have been found to be still in good condition, and the friction was one-third less than with the ordinary bearings.

In experiments made in the welding of metals by electricity it has been found that by the agency a bar of steel a foot long and an inch thick can be melted in forty-five seconds without raising the temperature of the room one degree. If the electrical welding and melting process should become common with metals a great amount of heat, dust, ashes and labor would be avoided.

Ministers are naturally the guardians of public morality. But before they make sweeping denunciations from their pulpits they should ascertain the exact truth of all the statements they make and be prepared to prove them. This will make it easier for them afterward.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

Hill's Speech Before the Mississippi Legislature.

THE RHODE ISLAND REPUBLICANS.

They Nominate a State Ticket and Indorse Harrison—Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, Tells Them Their Fight Is More Than Local and Denounces Hill.

JACKSON, Miss., March 16.—The hall of the house of representatives, in which Senator Hill was to speak, had been decorated with bunting and small flags hung around the speaker's desk and from the galleries. Early in the afternoon the galleries had been filled with colored people, but they were cleared out by the police and room was made for white men and for the ladies of Jackson. Some of the wives of the members were admitted to the floor of the house. When Governor Stone appeared escorting Senator Hill the whole assemblage rose to meet them and the galleries and floor applauded loudly. The governor escorted Senator Hill to the rostrum, where he took a seat beside the speaker and the lieutenant governor. When the assemblage had quieted, Governor Stone introduced Senator Hill, who said:

From this vast assemblage I am tempted to remark that Mr. Reed, who was once speaker of the house of representatives but who is not today, (cheers) would have no difficulty in counting a quorum. [Cheers and laughter.] The senator thanked the members of the legislature for the compliment they had paid him. There was good reason at all times for interchange of thought between the people of forty-four states. But now there is especial reason; the principles of Democracy were at stake in greater danger. The Democrats of New York had taken their stand on the groundwork of the whole democratic doctrine. This was the ground on which he would like to see the Democrats of the south, whether of the Farmers' Alliance or not, take the stand. The Democratic principle had created the Democratic party.

The Democratic party is stronger than any man or any set of men. No man is ever indispensible to it, for its strength is with the people, said the senator. Should the future of the nation be intrusted to the Democratic faith there were new lights, plenty of them. There were cracked lanterns furbished up to look like new—plenty of them. He referred to Russia, Germany, France and other governments. He doubted if there was any governmental structure stronger than the Democratic party.

The senator attacked the work of the last congress, denounced the McKinley bill and said:

It shocks the historic sense to witness that recent forging of the Lodge and Haines Garrison should be associated with the Harrison that slavery is dead, even white slavery. Bryant or Wordsworth should be alive to pour forth in lofty verse the deep respectful sympathy with which the nobler hearts among your kindred race now follow your successful trial. There is kept at the archives of the common mind that will forget thee, thou hast all alike, thy friends are saved, thy agonies and love, man's unconquerable mind.

The senator then attacked the Sherman silver bill and other Republican measures and said:

A Crucified Constitution.

That's the way they "promote the general welfare." They promote their own welfare. But we need no help from Republican papers in next November's election if the good people of these United States will make absolute with one another and with the Democratic party to repeat their verdict on the wrong doings of the Republican congress and upon the executive who indorsed them all and made them laws.

That is the first and greatest step in our return to the old Democratic faith and tradition. That is the way to begin living up to our constitution, in full obedience to its unquestioned supremacy, instead of taking paternal guidance from Republican revolutionists over a crucified constitution. We need no help from Republican partisans. It is enough that we all of us unite who hate these Republican revolutionists over a crucified constitution. It is enough that we all of us unite who hate these Republican wrongdoings in order to elect a congress and an executive that will put a stop to and repeal their odious laws and restore the country's peace and prosperity.

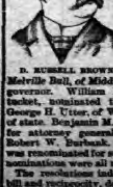
Our strength is enough, but it needs our united strength. Division is defeat. Division in Mississippi is nothing else but a vote to prolong the Republican domination and renew that party's life. But unity will destroy the Republican party and sweep it off the face of the earth. It can never survive the renewal of the people's verdict pronounced in their great uprising two years ago. The Republican party will go where the Federal party went. It will go where the Whig party went. It will go where the Know Nothing party went. Let us *once more unite and once more defeat the Re*publican party and its constitution. Its defeat will be its death. It will disintegrate, dissolve and perish. The curse will be removed, the evil of an unjust verdict will be over and gone. The conspiracy of the Republican revolutionists of the billion dollar congress to wreck this great experiment of Democratic justice and liberty will be crushed, and we shall awake from this long darkness and foul dreams to assert once more and save our life.

When senator Hill rose to speak he was greeted with applause and some of the cer splitting yells peculiar to the south. The audience listened with close attention to all the speech and applauded it liberally at its conclusion. After a reception at the governor's house Senator Hill and party left for Birmingham.

"When I'm out for politics I don't say I have gone duck shooting." That is all Senator Hill would say when asked what he thought of ex-President Cleveland's letter announcing that he would accept a renomination for the presidency.

Rhode Island Republicans.

PROVIDENCE, March 16.—The state Republican convention held here was one of the most enthusiastic of recent years. Music hall was crowded. Chairman Goodwin called the convention to order. At the call for nominations for governor, Isaac P. Wilkins, of Bristol, nominated D. Russell Brown, of Providence, and Mr. Brown was chosen unanimously. John J. Pockett, of Newport, nominated Colonel



D. RUSSELL BROWN.

Melville Bull, of Middletown, for lieutenant governor. William R. Walker, of Pawtucket, nominated the incumbent, Hon. George H. Utter, of Westerly, for secretary of state. Benjamin M. Bosworth nominated for attorney general the present incumbent, Robert W. Barbank. Hon. Samuel Clark was renominated for state treasurer. These nominations were all made unanimous.

The resolutions indorsed the McKinley bill and reciprocity, denounced free coinage of silver and concluded:

The state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations now carries the highest degree of agreeable fire for the vigor, wisdom and courage he has shown in the conduct of all the important national affairs and for the manly and honest Americanism.

We also recognize and appreciate the distinguished services Hon. Nelson W. Aldrich has rendered the state and the country in the senate of the United States, and the well grounded reason that he has consented to become a candidate for reelection.

Senator Hawley's Address.

The several candidates were sent for and expressed their thanks, after which Senator Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut, addressed the conventions. He said he would not have come up merely for a local election.

We have four majority in the United States senate. Now, suppose it possible for David B. Hill to be elected president, which God forbid, and you would have a house to correspond. There is danger of losing a senator somewhere. There is some danger in Connecticut and a little over here in Rhode Island. Study what the government would be with Hill as president and a Democratic senate. The question of coinage and tariff we think we are right on and we fear it. I mean enough fraction of the party in the western part of the country. We know where the Democratic party is going, where it would go today if it could. They feel the drift toward unlimited coinage. Now they are saying a great deal, but whatever a Democratic congress passes Hill approves. The Democratic party has not the courage of its convictions. We are against free coinage and we say so. We are against free trade and we say so, and we took the opportunity at the last congress to pass a strong tariff bill.

Clarkson Not a Candidate.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., March 16.—James S. Clarkson, chairman of the Republican national committee, who came to this city four weeks ago to try and arrest a siege of inflammatory rheumatism, came too late, and has had a severe and painful attack of it. He is at Battery Park hotel, where a United Press representative saw him. When asked as to the truthfulness of the reports that he is a candidate for the presidency, he replied:

"Of course there is no foundation whatever for such reports. My answer to all such inquiries and kindly proffers of help on this subject has constantly been no. I have never heard that bell ring and its music is not enchanting to me."

Who is your preference for the Republican nomination? was asked.

"I have not taken sides in the matter, and as chairman of the national committee I could not properly do so. We need a man who will heal all Republican divisions everywhere; who will poll the full party vote and draw most strongly on the voters this year and most heavily draw from Democrats in New York and northern states; men who are already halfway in favor of Republicanism by being in favor of reciprocity."

"Do you think there will be several candidates balloted for?"

"It looks so. Alger, Cullom and Blair are proclaimed candidates; Manderson is likely to be. There is a strong undertone of popular movement toward Uncle Jerry Rusk and one of gathering power for Governor McKinley."

The Kansas Fusion a Fact.

TOPEKA, March 16.—Ex-Governor George W. Glick stated that the Democratic and People's state committees had met and come to an understanding and that the combination between the two parties was now a certainty. "There will be only two tickets in the field," said he, "and everyone of the combination has been so effected that the Democrats will certainly get three congressmen from this state. The People's party committee recognized there was no chance for them in the First and Second congressional districts and will give us both. The Democrats will support the People's electoral ticket in exchange the People's party will give us the congressman at large and two places on the state ticket. The combination is good politics, for the People's party could not expect to make a clean sweep of the state and the Democratic party holds the balance of power.

Newark's New Officials.

NEWARK, N. J., March 16.—The common council appointed the following officers to fill vancies caused by a resolution passed some time ago to consolidate all offices vacant: City clerk, W. E. O'Connor; city attorney, James A. Dempsey; receiver of taxes, Martin Isaler, and James M. Anschicks, city engineer. W. B. Guild was elected city counsel. The remaining officers were allowed to hold over for a month. Aldermans Wagner, a Republican, voted with the Democrats, giving them the necessary 16 votes to 14 Republicans. The proceedings passed off quietly, and the session lasted only half an hour.

The Anti-Hill Movement.

UTICA, N. Y., March 16.—The anti-Hill Democrats in Utica and Oneida county will hold a mass meeting at the opera house in this city. E. Ellery Anderson, of New York, and other gentlemen from abroad will make addresses. Some local speakers will be heard. Some anti-Hill men say they propose to send a full delegation from this congressional district to the state convention, but it is to be held in Syracuse. Within two weeks they say there will be music in the air.

State a Presidential Candidate.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—A private letter from ex-Senator Blair was received which indicates the possession by Mr. Blair of a belief that he will be nominated for the presidency by the Minneapolis convention. Mr. Blaine writes philosophically of the issue which is being showered upon him from some sources, but is confident of being elected if he receives the nomination.

Harrison Opposes Hill.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 16.—Hon. William R. Morrison, of Illinois, has expressed himself as against Hill. As to his own state, the Hon. Thomas Was for Palmer. Illinois is for Cleveland, fully 95 per cent. of the Democrats favoring his nomination.

Mills' Chance for Senator.

AUSTIN, March 16.—The senatorial situation is taking more definite shape. The Mills men say Roger Q. will be elected on the first ballot. They claim 75 out of 106 in the house.

We Have a King with Us.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—Tomo-rona, king of the Gilbert islands, has arrived. This is his first visit to the white man's country, as he expresses it, and he has come to America to study the ways of civilization.

A Business Block Destroyed.

KITTANNING, Pa., March 16.—Fire destroyed almost an entire block of business houses in the center of the city. The loss will aggregate $125,000.

That Gould Castle Story.

NEW YORK, March 16.—George Gould denies in very emphatic terms the story that he, or any other Gould, is about to buy the castle of Chenonceaux.

SULLIVAN'S FINAL FIGHT.

It Will Be with Corbett, the Pacific Coast Champion.

ARTICLES SIGNED AND FORFEITS UP

The Battle to Be for a Purse of $25,000 and a Stake of $20,000, and Will Take Place at the Olympic Club, New Orleans, Sept. 7, and Will Be to a Finish.

NEW YORK, March 16.—James J. Corbett, the California champion heavy weight pugilist, has shown by a positive act that he wants to fight John L. Sullivan. He has put up money to the extent of $2,500 to bind a match for $10,000 a side, and "money talks" the world over.

Corbett and his manager, W. A. Brady, were first on hand. John Wakely, Sullivan's representative, came in a little later. It was agreed to select only a temporary stakeholder just now and a final stakeholder when the next deposit was made on June 1. George N. Dickinson, sporting editor of The World, was accepted as temporary stakeholder of the $5,000, meantime.

The next subject was the time of fighting and the battle ground. Corbett conceded to the demand of the other side to have the fight during the first week in September, as to the place both liked New Orleans, and both agreed to give the Olympic club, of that city, the preference provided they would come to $25,000 purse. If the Olympic club would not hang up $25,000 then the organization that would offer the most money would get the fight. Articles were then drawn up and signed as follows:

The Articles of Agreement.

These articles of agreement are to govern a glove contest to a finish between John L. Sullivan, champion of the world, and James J. Corbett, of California.

First—The match is to decide the heavyweight championship of the world, a stake of $20,000 and a purse of $25,000.

Second—Said contest shall take place before the Olympic club, of New Orleans, on Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1892. In case the said Olympic club refuses to give a purse of $25,000, the contest shall take place before a club mutually agreed upon by the signers of the articles.

Third—The contest shall be under the Marquis of Queensberry rules, the gloves shall be the smallest the club will allow, and other details of the contest shall be left entirely to the decision of the Olympic club or the club before which the contest shall take place. The club selected shall name the referee.

Fourth—The sum of $2,500 has been deposited by each party. It is agreed that the remainder of the stake of $20,000 a side shall be deposited on the days named here—June 1, $5,000; July 15, $5,000; Aug. 25, $2,500.

Fifth—That final stakeholder shall be agreed upon on the date of the second deposit, June 1.

Sixth—Should either party fail to comply with the articles, the money then in the hands of the temporary stakeholder shall be forfeited to the party who shall have fulfilled its obligations according to this paper.

J. C. KENNEDY, JAMES WAKELEY,
JOHN MCDONOUGH, *JAMES J. CORBETT.*
Witness for Sullivan.

Most exciting proceedings and everybody went away satisfied.

Mitchell Too Late.

President Noel, of the Olympic club, sent a telegram to Arthur Lumley, of The Illustrated News, stating that Charley Mitchell was willing to meet Sullivan in New Orleans for a $30,000 purse, but would not bet more than $5,000 on the outside. Noel requested Lumley to communicate with Sullivan's representatives in the Corbett match before the latter agreement was made. Mr. Lumley returned word that it was too late for the Sullivan-Corbett match had been arranged.

The $25,000 Purse Assured.

NEW ORLEANS, March 16.—The Olympic club directors, at a meeting called for the purpose, decided to give a purse of $25,000 for Sullivan and Corbett to contend for. The club hitherto has offered only $20,000, but the determination of Sullivan and Corbett to fight for not less than $25,000 influenced them in altering their offer. President Noel sent telegrams to Sullivan and Corbett informing them of the club's decision.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Sleepy.

He was in despair until one day they gave him a good night's sleep, helped his digestion and stomach disorder.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

by removing the waste matter which is clogging the system, with worst Bilious and Nervous disorders, and will quickly restore Females to complete health.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

A Novel Invention!

Of great merit. Constructed on scientific principles. The

ARNOLD STEAM COOKER

and

STEAM TEA and COFFEE COOKER.

Is the kitchen and elsewhere.

"The best-laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley."

The Arnold Steam Cooker prevents such accidents. Can be used over a wood or coal fire, a gas or an oil stove, or over an alcohol lamp, with equally satisfactory results.

Please call and see it at 241 Park avenue.

M. E. BRACH, Agent.

NEW

Spring Dunlap Style

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DERBY,

Out

TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of farmers, a very powerful glass at a moderate price. Every farmer needing a glass will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his cattle or stock at some distant point of the farm; to observe the approach of a storm, etc. Ask for QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS and have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.

Prices { Smallest size 2½-in. $3.00
Medium size 3-in. 4.00
Largest size 3½-in. 5.00 } with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price we will send any of the above by insured mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,
—Manufacturers—
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS

PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—529 East Front street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black cashmere Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 25c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, sage, slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

PELTON

Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

12 East Front Street. Telephone 4.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Boxes, Horseshoes, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

38 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE STAR TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Having the pleasure to announce the opening of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for our coal, which he confidently believes for further to deliver coal cleaner than is possible by any other method of screening.

Dyrem Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

He would also announce recently furnished in timber for Tarnhagen and Worrall Mfg'ing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK E. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Repairs, Bolts and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

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Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

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Hot Water

OR

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,

'PROFESSOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 22.

Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for hire by the day.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

23 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes

FRESH EVERY DAY.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts so acknowledged by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION,
RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS
DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

22 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES,

Of Stone

Light Blue Color.

References:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

129 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics may very safely be entrusted to our care, as our new and improved machinery will enable us to return them as good as new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

P. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Passaic Union County Water System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

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Attorney at Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office, No. 29 West Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Solicitors. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Attorney at Law, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 18 and 20. Improvement Trader Bank Building, Plainfield, Plainfield N J.

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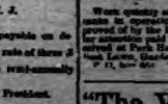

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"The Very Best"

is our rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get but in at once.

But you can. Come to our store for the best work at moderate prices. Wrapping, Writing Paper, and stamps if home grown.

C. E. CLARKE.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS
No. 2 East Front street.

FASHIONS

For a Lady's Bed.

A HANDKERCHIEF SACHET.

A fashion of our grandmothers is again coming in vogue. It is to have a handy pocket at the head of the bed to keep a handkerchief, bottle of smelling salts or anything needed during the night. Our illustration shows one. It is a very dainty nightdress and handkerchief sachet, made of delicate salmon-pink quilted satin, turned over at the corner with a honeycomb of lemon-yellow satin, and finished off with ribbon bows as shown.

Stabbed in a Drunken Row.

LANCASTER, Pa., March 16.—Frank Daly and James Selles, each one armed cattle drivers, both under the influence of liquor, quarreled, and Selles fatally stabbed Daly and was arrested.

Mismanagement.

Won't Die in the Chair.

ALBANY, March 16.—Governor Flower has commuted the sentence of the New York murderer, James Minanagh, who was to die next week at Sing Sing, to life imprisonment.

The Mohican Afloat.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—The United States steamer Mohican, which ran ashore at Point Washington with the Nipsic in tow, is off, apparently undamaged.

Noble Back in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Secretary Noble has returned to Washington from Florida, where he accompanied his wife who had been in bad health.

Death of Dr. Stone.

CORTLAND, N. Y., March 16.—Dr. D. H. Stone, president of the Cortland County Medical society, died at his home in Homer from heart disease.

DRIFTING INTO INSANITY

The Kaiser's Ear Disease Eating Onward to His Brain.

A REGIME OF DYNAMITE IN PARIS.

Another Mighty Explosion and an Avowed Intention on the Part of the Anarchists to Inaugurate a Reign of Terror—The The Marquis De Morès Fights a Duel.

LONDON, March 16.—It is said the malady of the kaiser's ear is getting worse, and is attended by frequent paroxysms of excruciating pain. The disease is incurable, and the most serious results may be expected. The kaiser's recent extravagances and aberrations are attributed to the effect of the disease on his brain. The kaiser is said to have ordered the discontinuance of the imperial subscription to the London Punch because it contained several allusions of a distasteful character of his recent actions. Rumors of the progress of the disease of the emperor's ear have had a disquieting effect in official circles. The emperor was to have a special consultation with Caprivi on the passing of the school bill before the recess of the landtag. The chancellor, after waiting in the ante-chamber a half hour, was informed that the emperor could not see him.

The inflammation which heretofore has been internal is said to have caused a painful swelling in the side of the neck and to have extended toward the base of the brain. The result is that the emperor suffers from insomnia and is exceedingly irritable. Nevertheless he attends to his duties as usual, although against the advice of his physicians.

It is thought that the excitement of the last two weeks, including the riots and the storm of opposition against the school bill, have aggravated his case. The emperor makes every effort to quiet the apprehension which his condition excites among his family and ministers. His frequent appearance on horseback in the streets is said to be due to his desire to disprove the disquieting reports afloat as regards his health.

PARIS AGAIN DYNAMITED.

An Anarchistic Reign of Terror Seems to Be the Scheme.

PARIS, March 16.—Another fearful dynamite explosion occurred here at 5o'clock this morning, occupied by the Republican Guards, adjoining the Hotel de Ville, and it looks as though a reign of anarchistic terror was about to be inaugurated. The barracks are occupied by 800 guards, but they were not all in the building. There were, however, a large number of men asleep in the barracks. Suddenly awakened by the tremendous roar and shock, the men sprang for the doors and windows, thinking that any moment the walls would come toppling down upon them. The people in the streets hastened to the scene. The police learned that a dynamite cartridge had been placed upon a ledge of a window of the messroom, on the ground floor of the barracks. Pieces of the copper casing of the cartridge and bits of lime were found.

By the greatest good luck the guards escaped without injury. The material damage was great. Hundreds of windows were shattered, and the walls of the barracks and other buildings bear marked traces of the explosion. In the messroom was a large and very heavy table. This was completely wrecked. Every chair had been blown from its place and the room presented a very sorry appearance.

The side of the barracks on which the explosion occurred presents the appearance of having been riddled with shot. There is not a whole pane of glass in the windows, and the window frames are torn and jagged. Opposite the barracks stands the church of St. Gervais. Many of the windows in the church were ground to atoms by the shock.

Interviews have been had with two of the anarchist leaders, who are known to their colleagues as Companions X and Z. They said:

"We have begun a war, a outrance. We have long since abandoned hope of obtaining anything from socialism or legal action. The laws are made solely for the purpose of safeguarding capital and property. The final struggle is commencing. Yes, it is by terror that we will overcome the present state of things. We launched upon it in any other way. We are solidly organized. We have no papers as an organized society, but there is an invisible link which serves as an organization. Each man acts on his own account, without informing anybody of his plans save two or three companions who assist him."

DE MORES IN A DUEL.

He Dangerously Wounds M. Isaacs, His Parisian Opponent.

PARIS, March 16.—A duel was fought between the Marquis De Mores and M. Isaac, the subprefect of Fournies. The cause was a letter which the marquis published some time ago reflecting upon the character of M. Isaac. Isaac was dangerously wounded in the right breast, and great loss of blood caused the seconds to forbid the duel proceeding.

Marquis De Mores married a daughter of L. von Hoffman, the New York banker. For several years the couple lived in the west, where the marquis owned a ranch. He is small in statue but big in courage and a terror to the cowboys.

He is known as a "royal" socialist. He has been a follower of Boulanger and a Radical. He has an aversion to newspaper comment unfavorable to himself.

Torn to Shreds by Wild Beasts.

LONDON, March 16.—Delhi Montara, the famous lion tamer, went into the cage to perform in Wombell's menagerie at Hodsdesdon and was torn to shreds by the wild beasts before the eyes of the horrified spectators.

Abettie's Significant Will.

PARIS, March 16.—M. Abettie, who was killed by Deacon, left a will giving his property to Mrs. Deacon's youngest child, who greatly resembles him.

Paris Bankers Fail.

PARIS, March 16.—Guenzberge & Co., leading bankers of Paris and St. Petersburg, have failed for a large amount.

Four of the Crew Drowned.

LONDON, March 16.—The bigger Walmer Castle capsized off the Isle of Wright. Four of the crew were drowned.

Lady Churchill Robbed.

MONTE CARLO, March 16.—Lady Randolph Churchill's pocket was picked of £250 in the Casino here in a crowd.

Consul Stewart Dead.

BALTIMORE, March 16.—A private cablegram was received here stating that John H. Stewart, the United States consul at Antwerp, Belgium, had died in Paris.

An Old Story.

"I thought you knowed her, Billy?"

"So I did—once, but money stepped in atween us an' she growed proud an' haughty?"—Life.

The Alleged Plot to Kill Terry.

FRESNO, Cal., March 16.—Papers have been discovered here in the safe in Sarah Althea Terry's house which are said to establish the claim of ex-Judge Terry's friends that his shooting at Lathrop was the climax of a conspiracy to murder. Agents of Porter Ashe went to the Terry mansion and found under carpets and in private drawers several thousands of dollars and jewelry worth $3,000. The safe in Judge Terry's room they had broken open, and in this, it is said, the compromising papers which Terry refused to make public during his life were discovered.

Mysterious Disappearance.

FARMINGDALE, N. J., March 16.—Joseph P. Cuthbert, of this place, is mysteriously missing since he left here Feb. 19, intending to go to Red Bank and return the same day. Instead of purchasing a ticket for Red Bank, he bought a single ticket for New York. Mr. Cuthbert was married two years ago, when he was seventy-eight, to Miss Coke, of Red Bank, aged twenty-three. When he left home he had nearly $1,400 in his possession, and some believe that he has met with foul play.

A Battle on a Train.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 16.—Four men suspected of five burglaries in Milford and three policeman who were on their track, had a battle on the north bound Norfolk express. The burglars escaped by jumping from the train, which was going at the rate of thirty miles an hour. One of the officers received three bullet wounds. One of the burglars was afterward captured at Claymont, suffering from a bullet wound, from which he died later. He gave his name as John Burns and his home as Philadelphia.

There Is Talk of Lynching.

NEWPORT, Tenn., March 16.—In the latter part of November Squire David Bover disappeared, and his horribly decomposed remains have just been found in a well. Three bullet holes were in his body. Mr. Bover's twenty-five-year-old son Wash, who is county superintendent of the public schools, fled as soon as the body was found. His brother offered $500 for him, dead or alive, and he was captured. There is strong talk of lynching.

Contesting Mrs. Glover's Will.

BOSTON, March 16.—The hearing upon the contested will of Mrs. Sarah W. Glover, who died at East Braintree, leaving by will the larger portion of her estate, valued at nearly $1,000,000, to Thayer academy, Braintree, was begun before Probate Judge White. The contestants are the heirs-at-law.

Axtel and Allerton Matched.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., March 16.—C. W. Williams received an acceptance from Budd Doble of the proposition to match Axtel against Allerton in a $10,000 purse, the winner to take all. The race will take place over the kite track at this place during the August meeting.

To Remove Soldiers' Orphans.

HARRISBURG, March 16.—At the meeting of the state soldiers' orphan commission it was decided to remove the soldiers' orphans at the Logsville school, Perry county, to other institutions on May 31.

Agnew in Death's Shadow.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Dr. D. Hayes Agnew, emeritus professor of surgery at the University of Pennsylvania, and one of the most eminent surgeons in this country, is dying of heart failure.

Powderly on the Combine.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 16.—Mr. Powderly has a long letter in the Scranton Truth on the railroad combine, in which he denounces his critics and says coal will surely be advanced before the fall.

The Beef Trust Alarmed.

CHICAGO, March 16.—The Daily News says: "The beef trust has burned its books. The action was taken a few days ago in order to be prepared for the scrutiny of Federal officials."

Killed His Little Son.

BOSTON, March 16.—John Ryan killed his little son with a chair while aiming a blow at his wife in a drunken quarrel. He was held for the grand jury.

Their Whiskers Can Stay.

BOSTON, March 16.—Landlord Whipple, of Young's hotel and the Parker House, has rescinded his order that all waiters must be clean shaven.

Grant Has the Grip.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Assistant Secretary of War Grant is confined to his bed with an attack of grip. He was taken ill Sunday.

Newest Begins the Test.

HARRISBURG, March 16.—The attorney general of Pennsylvania has filed a bill in equity to test the legality of the Reading leases.

Police Commissioners Resign.

SARATOGA, March 16.—Police Commissioners Knapp and Galler, who were charged with bribery and blackmail, have resigned.

Mrs. Searle's Will Affirmed.

BOSTON, March 16.—Judge Allen, in the supreme court, confirmed the probate court's settlement of the Searle will case.

The Treasury Surplus.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The net surplus in the treasury has again taken a downward turn, it being but $30,909,000.

Senator Morrill Weaker.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Senator Morrill is somewhat weaker, but otherwise no change is noticeable.

Cut in Two by a Train.

VANCENNES, Ky., March 16.—A telegraph operator, name unknown, was cut in two by a train near here.

DOUCHERTY'S NEW ENGLAND CONDENSED

MINCE MEAT
THE ORIGINAL
...Mincemeat Pudding...
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Merrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes Fait & Winberner's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips
Special reduction given by the case or down. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
Also Gold Specs and Eye Glasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE
Do not forget the number.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 87 Dover St., corner Plainfield.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
at LINDABURY'S, the Tailor.
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET.
At the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Scroll and Turned Work, Stair Rails, Newels, Balusters, Brackets, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Manufacturer of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGES
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGES
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders' Cards.

P. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 3 10y

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Wrecked work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker. Shop corner of Grand and Rogers street, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 9 Regent street.

R. V. HAUNS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound P. O. Box 1020. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Watchung avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 705.

DIBBLEE & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 51.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, E. S. Doyle, No. 19 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.00, 9.05, 9.45 a. m., 12.15, 3.00, 5.00 p. m. Close—7.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.30, 3.30 and 5 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9.30 a. m., 2.00, 5.00 p. m. Close—9.00 a. m., 2.00 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 5.00 p. m.
E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 16th, 1891.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.14, 5.25, 6.30, 8.14, 9.20, 9.60, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.35, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Staten Island change cars at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.35, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 1.00, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.35, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 1.00, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.35, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 1.00, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.07, 9.45, 11.01 a. m., 12.07, 2.40, 3.45, 4.50, 5.45, 6.54, 8.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7.35, 9.45, a. m. 1.00, 4.50 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5.45 a. m. for Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Sunbury and Lewisburg.
7.35 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
8.07 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.
9.45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Pottsville, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Lehigh, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
1.00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Pottsville, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Lehigh, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
1.00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.
4.35 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.
4.50 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.
5.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.
6.30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.
8.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9.45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
11.30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Sunbury and Harrisburg.
8.30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.05, 11.09 a. m., 4.15, 8.20 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 9.05 a. m., 5.20 p. m. Perth Amboy at 3.37, 8.05, 9.05, 11.09 a. m., 1.05, 3.01, 4.15, 7.08 p. m. Sunday 9.05 a. m., 5.20 p. m. Arrive at Atlantic City at 6.40 a. m., 1.02 p. m.
For Long Branch at 8.05 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Sunday 9.05 a. m.
For Ocean Grove at 8.05 a. m.
For Philadelphia at 5.45, 8.20, 9.45, 10.47 a. m., 12.27, 1.35, 3.05, 3.50, 4.30, 5.40, 6.40, 7.30, 9.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 5.45 a. m., 2.16, 4.34, 5.14 p. m., 11 night.
For Trenton 5.45, 8.20, 9.45, 10.47 a. m., 12.27, 1.35, 3.05, 3.50, 4.30, 5.40, 6.40, 7.30, 9.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 11.10 a. m., 2.16, 4.34, 5.14 p. m., 11 night.
For Baltimore and Washington at 5.45 a. m., 2.16, 4.34, 5.14 p. m., 11 night. Sunday at 5.45 a. m., 2.16, 4.34, 5.14 p. m., 11 night.
For Tickets, Time Tables and Information apply at Union Pass Agt. J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Education.

LOCUSTON.
Instruction in Elocution, either for private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alice Ward, P. O. Box 1020.

KENILWORTH SEMINARY.
Boarding and Day School, Re-opens Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891. For information call at the Academy or address Miss Ida Ireland Powell, Medical Graduate, and Others. For terms &c. &c. call or send free circular to Prof. L. Vivian, 215 and 217 Berckman and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, Re-opened Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891. For information call at the Academy or address Miss A. M. Harned, Plainfield, N. J.
9 29 y

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Instruction School. 2 Netherwood Building, Park and Front sts. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her home or at pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Best of references. No. 15 Somerset street.

Lodges.

FRATERNITIES AND PROTECTIVES
1872. Membership, 195,000.
Death benefits paid over $22,000,000 since organization. WINDSOR LODGE, 2451 Knights of Honor, meets First and Third Thursdays, in Pythian Hall, 9 Chetopa Lodge Square. Wm. F. Bubbins.
Louis I Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.
Wesonpis Commandery, No. 34, meets 2nd and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 66 1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. SPENCER,
No. 22 and 24 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner, dealer in choice groceries, fine cut tobacco; white granite, C. C. yellow soap, cakes and glass ware; flower pots and hanging baskets; also choice sugar cure hams a specialty. Base ball ammunition.

MRS. LINDLEY,
Real estate agent. Office, 19 West Front street. Real estate wanted. Parties who may have a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs 3 26 y

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE
P. O. BOX 1057.
Upper Lehigh and all of choice coals on hand.

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE
AT
AUCTION,
Wednesday, Mar. 23.
A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.
A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E. RIDER, Manager.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
The North Plainfield Grocers.

AUCTION SALE
OF
New and Second Hand Furniture,
AT CAREY'S,
CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON
Friday, March 11th, 1 p. m. Sharp.
Consisting of Oak and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Parlor Suite, Diningroom Chairs, Buffets, Extension Tables in Oak and Walnut, and a number of rockers. New Bedding and fine Carpets, and numerous other things.
Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

Great Overcoat Sale.
30 DAYS ONLY!
OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.
GENUINE : BARGAINS!
Call and examine before they are are all gone.
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
80 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
General Hardware and House-furnishings,
and STOVES.
Carpenter and Machinist Tools!
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
HARNESS and BLANKETS.
USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 130.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.
A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice
Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,
BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine stock of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.
If given a call will be able to compete our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.
F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer.
Telephone Co 137.

Lumber & Coal
Loomis & Rice
B'dway 49 Thirtieth St.
BROWN & MILLS
Starches and bulk sugars, starch, in quantity to suit purchasers. 41 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Your block cheerfully remembered with one dime.
PURE MILK
Delivered in any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to Box 60 West Front Street will receive prompt attention. 3 17 y

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

THE FAMOUS BUCEPHALUS.

The Favorite Horse of Alexander the Great and the City Built in His Honor.

When Alexander, the son of Philip, king of Macedon, was a youth, a Thessalian dealer brought to the court a beautiful and high spirited horse, which he offered to the king for sale. The animal was pure white, all but his forehead, on which there was a black mark in the form of a bull's head, hence he received the name Bucephalus.

THE HORSE OF ALEXANDER THE GREAT.

which is Greek for "bull's head." The king would gladly have bought the horse, though he was informed he asked an immense sum for it, but none of the courtiers could manage the creature. Whenever any of them mounted him he reared and threw his rider, with the result that he broke some of their bones.

Now, the young Prince Alexander, carefully watching the horse's proceedings, noticed that he swerved aside and became unruly from fear of his own shadow, and having asked and obtained his father's permission to try his hand, he boldly mounted the animal and rode him full against the sunshine, so that his shadow fell behind him. Bucephalus, no longer seeing the object of his dread, became quite docile and carried the prince quietly. The king was so overjoyed at the courage and skill of his youthful son that he presented him with the horse, exclaiming, "Go, my son; seek another kingdom, for Macedonia cannot suffice for thee."

Alexander became much attached to his horse, and took him with him through all his campaigns in Asia. After bearing his master safely through many conflicts, Bucephalus is said to have died of the wounds he received in the battle with Porus, the Indian king; but Arrian, the historian of Alexander, says that he died of fatigue and old age, being then about 30 years old. However that may be, Alexander was deeply affected at the loss of the faithful companion of his victories, and on the banks of the Hydaspes he built a city in his honor, which he named Bucephala.

Oriental Gardening.

In many of the warm countries of the east melons and cucumbers are raised in great quantities. The beds of the rivers and small streams are used for this purpose. During the hot weather these streams are nearly dry, and the melons, gourds and cucumbers flourish finely on the smooth, sandy bottoms, while their roots penetrate deep enough to find the necessary moisture. Sometimes an unexpected shower in the dry season raises the river and the whole crop is swept away. The tender young shoots are fine eating for small birds and mice, and in some countries the owners build or lodge in pat up among the vines, where boys sit and watch the vines to drive away these little thieves. The Christian Register tells that in Arabia they have a different out fashion. A letter received the other day from that far off land says: "We have been for a walk to a little village of about eight mud huts, two camels, a few goats, and three sheep. On the way we passed the pottery, where there is a cucumber field, hoping to get some cucumbers. We took them, as they are not good raw. The bit of sand was inclosed with thorn branches, and two cats were tied to guard the young plants which were just appearing."

A Story for Very Little Readers.

There never was such a musical family. Ella played on the accordion, and seemed as if she could not tire of playing. Her brother Fred had a trumpet which he blew, Rose did not play, but she could sing, and George and Harry had violins, on which they scraped from morning until night.

Now, George was the one who could play best on the violin, and so he was the director of this little concert band. He placed a piece of music on the stand, and put his violin under his arm and held his bow in his right hand, after the fashion of musical directors. Said he: "Ella and Harry stand in front and Fred and Rose stand behind, and when I wave my bow and count one you must all begin."

"But what are we to play?" asked Ella.

"Oh, we will begin with something simple," said George. "We will have 'Polly

GEORGE'S CONCERT.

Put the Kettle On.' Now, Rosa, just sing the first line through, then Harry will play it and you go on singing, and Ella will also play, and Fred must blow at the end of each line. Now—one!"

Then Rosa sang:

Polly put the kettle on,
Polly put the kettle on,
Polly put the kettle on,
And let us have some tea.

And George waved his bow, saying: "Now louder, now softer, now louder again; and you, Fred, blow as loud as you can to end with."

As papa's head ached, he went into his study and closed the door, but mamma remained as audience, and, clapping her hands, encouraged a noisy encore.

Neapolitan Cake.

Black Part—One cupful of brown sugar, two eggs, half a cupful of butter, molasses and strong coffee respectively, two and a half cupfuls of flour, one of raisins, one of currants, a teaspoonful each of soda, cinnamon and cloves, and half a teaspoonful of mace. White Part—Two cupfuls of fine white sugar, half a cupful of butter, one of milk, two and a quarter of flour, one of cornstarch, the whites of four eggs and a scant teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Put a layer of dark, then light. Bake in a moderate oven.

CRUSHED.

Afraid She Did Not Notice the Change in Him.

"You seem preoccupied, Mr. Hankinson."

"I—I was not aware of it, Miss Irene."

The young man answered her in an embarrassed way. He had shifted his position again and again, as if uneasy about something, and had looked furtively at her from time to time with a surprised, wistful, half-deprecatory conscious expression, such as may be seen on the face of a ten-dollar-a-week man lingering in the business office on pay day morning and trying in vain to attract the attention of the cashier without speaking to him.

"You are not ill, Mr. Hankinson, are you?"

"No. I never was in better health in my life. Do I—do I look ill?"

Miss Irene scrutinized him calmly.

"No," she replied, "I can't say you do."

"Then why—pardon me—did you ask the question?"

"I thought you seemed somehow ill at ease—and out of sorts."

"Any unusual—er—paleness about me, Miss Irene?"

Again the young woman subjected his face, now grown eager and questioning, to the ordeal of a prolonged scrutiny, with apparently the same result as before.

"I cannot see any, Mr. Hankinson," she replied.

He seemed disappointed, not to say hurt.

"I am well, Miss Irene," he said, "but I—I must confess that it is not I have passed through an—an experience that has—that has left its mark upon me."

"Have you lost some dear friend?" she asked with earnest sympathy.

"N-not exactly," he said. "That is—no, no, I have not had to pass through any sorrow of that kir.d."

"Is it any presentiment or warning or foreboding?"

"No, Miss Irene. The fact is, when I said I had passed through an experience I did not mean anything distressing."

"Yet you said it had left its mark upon you."

"I said it—it might have—or may have done so."

"I confess I cannot understand you, Mr. Hankinson."

"Miss Irene," he said, with some agitation, "can you not see that I am a changed man?"

He rose and stood before her with folded arms.

"Upon my word, Mr. Hankinson," said the puzzled young woman, "I am totally at a loss to comprehend your meaning."

"You said awhile ago I seemed preoccupied!"

"Yes."

"And you asked me if I was ill?"

"Yes."

"Yet you don't see any—any change in me?"

"I surely do not."

"Look again."

There was a wild, despairing yearning in his voice.

She looked again.

"No, Mr. Hankinson, I cannot see any change in you."

He covered his face with his hands and sank into a chair.

"What is it, Mr. Hankinson? In mercy's name, what is it?"

"Nothing," he said bitterly, reaching for his hat and cane. "Nothing! I thought it was something, but it wasn't! Miss Irene," he added, with frightful calmness, "I have shaved off my mustache—and you haven't noticed it. That's all. Good night."—Chicago Tribune.

One Advantage of the Weather.

He had his coat buttoned up around his neck and was shivering as he stopped a friend on the street to remark:

"Awful weather!"

"It isn't of the best," returned the friend.

"Either cold or wet every day," went on the shivering mortal. "By George! I wish summer would come again."

"Well, I don't know that I quite wish that," said the friend doubtfully.

"Oh, I can stand heat better than cold."

"So can I."

"And I'd rather take chances with sunstroke than grip."

"For that matter, so would I."

The shivering mortal shivered some more and then asked:

"Well, what makes you stand up for this weather, then?"

"Why, in summer I have to keep the windows open."

"Of course."

"And every one else does the same."

"Naturally. What of it?"

"There are seven babies in the neighborhood that cry at intervals all night. The weather is bad, but it keeps the windows down and I'm not kicking so hard as I might."—Chicago Tribune.

Used to It.

In the city of H—— lived a family who had one of those domestics of the familiar heavy hand. A few years ago the town experienced a slight shock of earthquake. Pictures were thrown down, crockery and furniture rattled about. In the midst of the tumult the mistress went to the head of the basement stairs and called out in a would be patient tone, "Mary Ann, what are you doing now?"—Harper's Bazar.

A Slow Child.

If an Austin colored woman can be relied on to tell the truth, the Texas children are not as precocious as children are in other parts of the country. She wanted to hire into the family of Colonel Yerger.

"Do you understand how to take care of children?" asked Mrs. Yerger.

"Yes, indeed I does. I tuck car' ob a little young chile for more dan twenty years."—Texas Siftings.

Flat Prices.

Lady—So you have no objection to children here?

Janitor (city flat)—No, mum.

"What do you charge for this flat?"

"How many kids have ye?"

"I have three children."

"Sixty dollars a month."

"That's rather high."

"Our reg'lar terms, mum. Twenty dollars a kid."—Good News.

A Predicament.

Truckman—Is the hired girl in?

Lady of the House—No. She's gone for a walk.

Truckman—Then who's going to tell me where to put this piano?—Brooklyn Life.

Worse Still.

Miss G.—How torturing the thought must be for a great singer to know that she has lost her voice.

Mr. ——It's much more torturing when she doesn't know it.—Life.

Where There's a Will There's a Way.

"This," said Willie, as he softly closed the door of the little closet behind him and reached up for a jar of blackberry jam, "will exactly fill the Bill."—Chicago Tribune.

SHOT FROM MANY LOCKERS.

"Excuse the liberty I take," as the cuckoo remarked when he escaped from state prison.—Texas Siftings.

"Waiter, this steak is smaller than the one I had yesterday. How's that?" "Oh, it comes from a smaller ox."—Fliegende Blatter.

At an examination of students, one young gentleman being asked to describe Henry VIII, replied, "He was a professional wid ower."—Evening Gazette.

"What does Bluffer let his whiskers grow so long for?" "He thinks he can work his chin in conversation and polish his shoes without extra effort."—Washington Star.

Physician (to shivering patient)—If you'd followed my prescription you'd have been warm in less than no time. Patient—I know it, for I threw the prescription into the fire.—Exchange.

Bridegroom—You said I would be surprised when you told me about the dowry you were going to give your daughter, and now you give nothing at all! Father-in-law—And you are surprised, are you not?—Fliegende Blatter.

A number of children were talking about what they would like to be when they were men and women. One little girl wanted to be a teacher. "Oh, my!" said little Mary, who lived on a farm, "I don't want to be a teacher. I'd rather be a sunflower bonnier than anything else."—Youth's Companion.

Mr. Kelly's Proposal.

A widow of comely face and buxom form occupied one corner of the car, and next her sat a middle aged man whose conversation denoted that he, too, had been deprived by death of the companion ship of a spouse.

The twain were acquainted and were discussing each other's loss aloud to the edification of the rest of the passengers.

Then the conversation took a tender turn and their looks indicated that the mutual sympathy between them had progressed into a warmer sentiment.

The gentleman gave the widower sit a wee bit closer to the widow and neard him say in tones too loud for a stage whisper:

"It's too lonely and hard for me to endure it any longer, Mrs. Murphy. I'm thinking of getting married again."

"Well, Mr. Kelly," said the fat old widow, with a look which in her earlier days used to make the heart of the late Murphy thump against his ribs.

Then she turned her head sideways and closer an eyed the blooming Mrs. Murphy with such favor that she dropped her gaze to the floor.

"Yes," continued he, "I am beginning seriously to think about taking the step. I believe as soon as I find a good strong healthy woman who is willing to do my housework, I'll ask her to marry me."

He said this with a coaxing, insinuating air and paused to hear the widow's answer.

It came more quickly than he expected.

"Well, Mr. Kelly," said she tartly, "I wish you luck in your undertaking, and if I hear of any scant, healthy woman who is out of employment I'll send her to you."—Boston Herald.

Funny Answers.

Unconscious humor is frequently the best humor. The funniest things that were said were never thought to be funny by the people who uttered them. The answers given in school examinations are very often hilarious.

In a recent examination some boys were asked to define certain words and give a sentence illustrating the meaning. Here are a few: Frantic means wild: I picked some flowers. Arbitrary, to write a book. I had a dog with an arbitrio in his tail. Athletic, strong: the vinegar was too athletic to use. Pardon, one behind another: the girls sit together at school.

And then some single words are funnily explained: Dust is mud with the wet squeezed out. Bats are false wings made of a mouse and bat with a tail. Stars are the moon's eyes, circumference is distance around the middle of the outside.—Yankee Blade.

A Mild Winter.

We were walking down to Jay street from the West Shore depot in Hoboken when the conversation turned on the weather, and after a bit one man observed:

"Well, I've got my mind made up to see one of the hardest winters we have had for the last twenty years."

"Yes, so have I," replied a second. "All signs point to the fact that we are to have a long, hard winter."

"I've been out in the country," added a third, "and I've been taking notice of everything. The corn husks are thicker than usual, the frogs have gone down deeper, the birds are going south much earlier. Gentlemen, prepare for a tough winter, and heaven help the poor!"

"Look-a-here!" said a big, ugly faced man, as he pushed himself forward, "who's a talkin' about a hard winter? I'm a-tellin you that this is goin to be the mildest winter we have had in twenty-five years, and I know it! There won't be a freeze-up before January, and you'll see buds on the trees in February. You won't even have to light your coal stoves."

The crowd looked at him in a doubtful way, and he unbuttoned his pea jacket and continued:

"Does anybody doubt my word? Does anybody want to kick to it that it's going to be a hard winter?"

He was sized up and nobody doubted. Indeed, the man who had opened the subject hastily called upon to explain:

"While I said I expected to see a very hard winter, I didn't exactly mean in this locality. I meant way out west."

"So did I," added two or three voices in chorus.

"Well, that's all right," growled the big man as he buttoned up his jacket again. "I'm not running anything outside of this state. I say it's goin to be like June all winter, and I'm ashin to meet a feller who thinks I'm a-goin left on account last summer!"—New York Evening World.

A Wild Goose Chase.

Chapple (faintly)—Doctah, my saw-head feels awful! Does grip eyah go to the brain?

Doctor—Sometimes.

Chapple—I have pains rushin around all eyah, in me arms and hands and feet and everywhere.

Doctor—That's grip.

Chapple—What's it trying to do, doctah?

Doctor—Trying to find your brain, I guess.—New York Weekly.

Excusable.

"Talk about mean men. I've read a good deal about them; but the meanest man is the fellow who steals my jokes without credit!" exclaimed the humorist to the editor.

"Oh, I don't rather," said the editor. "but you must remember that the man who would steal your jokes must be exceedingly hard up, and, besides, there is no credit in it, one way or another."—Boston Post.

This Date in History—March 16.

1751—The Boston Emperor Fabrication III was born.

1755—Caroline Lucretia Herschel, astronomer, born at Hanover, Germany; died there January 9, 1848; and her life work passed to England with her brother, Sir William.

1757—Johann Gottfried Herder, philosopher, born in Port Canary, Vaudrel 1803.

1802—West Point selected for a military academy by act of congress.

1802—Walter Quinton Gresham, jurist and soldier, born near Louisville, Harrison county, Ind.

1861—This day was remarkable for a great number of minor battles and skirmishes in all parts of the Confederate States, the principal being at Pound Gap, bounding Virginia, Black Jack Forest, Texas, and Arquin Creek, Ark.

1888—Senator Lazare Hippolyte Carnot died in Paris born 1801.

Knew Her Darling.

Mr. Jollibuy—My gracious! This cold fashioned snowstorm makes me feel young again. Little Johnny should be over at the hill coasting, instead of sitting in a stuffy schoolroom such grand weather as this. I'll go up to the school and fetch him.

Mrs. J. (quietly)—Perhaps, my dear, you would save some steps by looking for him on the hill first.—Good News.

Why Didn't He?

They had been talking about waltzing, and he, not being a dancer, had made a few remarks about arms being around the girls and that sort of thing, when she asked "Why don't you waltz?"

"Oh," he said, with much meaning significance that the girl actually blushed "I don't have to."—Detroit Free Press.

The Worst of It.

Bicycle Dealer—This machine will be better for your boy than a pony. It doesn't eat anything.

Frugal Parent not entirely convinced—No, it won't eat anything, but I'm afraid it'll give the boy a thundering big appetite.—Chicago Tribune.

Natural Enough.

Bagley—Poor Dullbrook never gets any credit.

Brace—Why doesn't he?

Bagley—He never pays.—New York Herald.

He Knew.

Wife—Shall I have my black silk fixed over, dear, or would you get a new one?

Husband—By all means get a new one it's cheaper.—Cloak Review

1892 MARCH. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 5 2:14 a.m.
Full Moon 13 7:55 a.m.
Third Quarter 21 9:16 a.m.
New Moon 28 2:12 a.m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 26 6m

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Cor. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to permanent guests.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

PLAINFIELD.

No. 11 E. Front St.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

Bus First-class bar attached.

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe ——Made of Calf Skin.——Narrow toe with tip.——Square toe plain.——Good Fitters.——Good Shapes.——Worth $3 to any man.——And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

212 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

THIS ADVERTISEMENT

Is written that you may know that we are selling:—

COFFEE—An extra grade of crushed Java Coffee 30c. lb., with 3 Sterling plated tea spoons FREE.

TEA—With a pound of our Famous 50c. Tea, your choice of 4 cakes best laundry soap, 4 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 cedar pail or 6 Sterling plated tea spoons FREE.

BUTTER—We have an elegant table Butter at 25c. lb. Also other grades including the finest Elgin Creamery, 28c. lb.

SUGAR—Standard Granulated Sugar, 6½c. lb.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 500 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 6000 barrels daily.

This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

Everybody Likes Me,

ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimpl s; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

Just Received!

OUR

First Shipment

OF

BABY CARRIAGES

Including all kinds and prices

CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

Are you going to Europe?

Anchor Line Steamers—

CITY OF ROME,

ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, Etc.

Hamburgh American Packet Co.'s

AUGUSTA VICTORIA,

FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, Etc

to any port.

Passenger tickets and drafts for sale by

HENRY D. MORRISON,

9 Somerset Street.

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your set from his best full open stock pattern and save just one half. The style is the Imperial Oxford, on Persian Granite body, illustrated with gold. Gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very handsome indeed.

This pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so broken pieces can be replaced by new ones at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $22 to $30. We have marked these ware at New York prices, and a set can be made from this put on sale as low as $6, and as it can be enlarged at any time. Don't buy till you have seen this ware, as you are sure to take one home with you.

Decorated Toilet Set—at $2.5, worth $3.50, 29 per cent. off on Decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Large stocks and changes in endless variety, and our prices secure you for all time as cheap as the cheapest. We buy and price our Common Crockery—We can save you money. If we can't show you as good a line of Tinware in town at prices the lowest, we remain out of sight. We can supply the housekeeper of your Household wants during this spring, and sell them for less than what they would cost in New York. Remember you get your goods on 5 per 10c. counter in one of two kinds of Pearls.

Rock Top Powdered Borax equals anything sold for 25 or 50 cents. Thousands are using it in Plainfield and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

BEFORE PURCHASING

Your Mount for 1892.

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,

WHEELMEN'S :: HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street.

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 9-FRAME

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

EDSALL'S!

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen just new one that we are offering? 'Tis the great or Imperial we have ever offered, and you can get a good thing if you do not secure one of these. Price $4.98. Look them in our store window.

And how about a new Dinner Set? We are offering a very fine English Porcelain Decorated Set, 107 pieces for $8.75. This is a bargain.

The Spring Trade we are after and are going to get it, if prices can do any inducement. We have just received 250 rolls of new cards, the latest and choicest designs.

We ask special attention to a line of Rose burgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever shown in this city.

Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose, Value 25c., our price 19c.

Gents' Unlaundried Shirts, 1892 pattern, open front and back Bosoms, same as your laundry pay 85c for; our price 50c.

Our sale of fine goods has been still a success. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you buy it at about the same price formerly you paid for poorer goods.

Van Emburgh & White.

Legal Advertisements.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Leasing or Purchasing of a supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purposes of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes," adopted by the Common Council, and to enact in lieu thereof an Ordinance to provide for the leasing or purchasing of a Supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the purpose of extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes," adopted by the Common Council, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Common Council March 7, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor March 8, 1892.

A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. REWTON, City Clerk.

Fees—$2.70.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield," adopted by the Common Council on October 19th, 1891, and re-adopted November 2d, 1891, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Common Council March 7, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor March 8, 1892.

A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. REWTON, City Clerk.

Fees—$2.80.

PUBLIC SALE WITHOUT RESERVE.

Subject only to confirmation by the Chancellor.

The valuable lot slightly located for stores on the westerly corner of Park avenue and Fourth street, Plainfield, N. J., known as the Buckingham property, being about 38 feet on Park avenue by 100 feet on Fourth street (inside the fence), together with the dwelling house thereon, will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder on

TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1892,

at two o'clock p. m. on the premises. Terms of sale—10 per cent. on the property being struck off, the balance on April 30th next or cash on delivery of title deed after confirmation by the Chancellor, or, at purchaser's option, 25 per cent. of purchase price may remain on bond and mortgage.

W 3 15 E. R. POPE, Administrator.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell,

or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

13 EAST FRONT STREET

2 12 1m

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—64 Madison Avenue.

Office—67 North avenue, (with Workman & Smith.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Mortland, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box L. Telephone Call 33. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.
The weather promises to be cloudy, with unchanged temperature.

BREVITIES.

—To-day is St. Patrick's Day.

—Two masses were celebrated in St. Mary's church this morning.

—There was no session in St. Mary's Parochial school to-day. The children were given a holiday.

—Mrs. L. Adams announces in another column that she will have her Spring millinery opening on Saturday, March 19th.

—The New Jersey Conference of the A. M. E. Zion Church will meet this year in Somerville, on Wednesday, April 20, Bishop J. J. Moore presiding.

—Mr. I. H. Boehm announces in another column that he will have his Spring millinery opening next Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

—Williams, the druggist, corner of Front and Grove street advertises a well known tonic in his advertisement elsewhere. It is peptonized beef, iron and wine.

—Ellen Nolan was sentenced to ten days in the county jail this morning by City Judge Codington. The charge against her was drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—There was a large attendance at the Vincent chapel last evening to hear Miss Yates, whose lecture on Chinese missions was extremely interesting. Mrs. Winters presided.

—Joseph Green was arrested last night for fast horse-back riding on Jackson avenue, by Borough Marshal Rutledge. He will have a hearing before Justice Crossley Saturday night.

—The G. R. R. of N. J. Employees' Mutual Benefit Association paid out for sickness alone during the month of February $480, in addition to two death claims at $100 each. The officers have decided to issue an assessment for the death of William A. Berger. The Association has, since its organization, paid seventeen death claims, the present assessment being the second one issued.

PERSONAL.

Mr. S. S. Haines of Netherwood will be the speaker at Reform Hall next Sunday evening.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Emma Somers Vreeland to Elon Sefton Rogers to take place at East Millstone on the 23d.

By the death of Isaac Lewis three of his sisters inherited a million of dollars' worth of stock of the Brooklyn Elevated Railroad. They are Mrs. J. W. Sandford of West Seventh street, Mrs. A. A. Drake of Westfield, and Mrs. Martin of Brooklyn.

It is rumored Miss Fellows, the soprano at the First Presbyterian church contemplates accepting a church position in New York City. Should she do so, the cultured singers in its church choirs and it is to be hoped such an excellent singer will be retained here.

Mr. F. A. Dunham of Plainfield, surveyor of Union county roads, has just been re-elected city engineer of the city of Dunkirk, N. Y. That enterprising locality is having its streets paved with paving brick. This pavement is at present very popular in the West, being considered superior to macadam, as it ought to be, costing twice as much. But Dunkirk people consider it worth the difference, and to avoid having good pavement spoiled, do themselves the great credit of selecting Mr. Dunham to supervise the work. His wide experience while in charge of county roads insures the best results for the Dunkirkers.

One of the best known names in the insurance business in the East is that of Henry W. Baldwin, General Manager of the New York Life Insurance Company's Sea Board Department. His department embraces the States of Rhode Island, Connecticut and New Jersey, with Long Island and Staten Island thrown in to fill up the chinks. Mr. Baldwin's insurance career began nearly twenty-five years ago, and the new business of his department now amounts to over seven million dollars per year. Percy V. Baldwin, the Assistant Manager of the department, is a young man who has risen to his present position by hard work and close attention to business. We congratulate him on his success, which certainly he deserves. The policy-holders like him, and the agents of the department swear by him.

THE PLAINFIELD TEAM DEFEATED.

The Elizabethport Team Visit this City and Carry Off the Honors.

A team chosen from the members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of Elizabeth visited this city last evening and rolled a game with a team chosen from the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of this city. The former team won. The score was as follows:

ELIZABETH.		PLAINFIELD.	
O'Brien	122	Winn	129
Burke	140	Schoff	141
McVoy	130	Revell	108
Brennan	109	Traynor	109
French	170	Lenihan	126
Burk	171	Carty	135
Kruse	134	Gallagher	118
Engle	138	Kneeland	168
Connets	140	Lynch	115
McGowan	136	White	146
	1,367		1,389

—Mr. Scely Edsall is still impressing the fact on the public that $10 may be saved. That he means it may be seen by reading the advertisement elsewhere.

—The Pierson Hardware Co., are disposing of their stock at cost. Mr. J. C. Pierson, Jr., so long prominent merchant here, will locate in the West in a few weeks.

M. E. CONFERENCE.

THE FIFTY-SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION OPENED YESTERDAY.

The Officers and Committees of the Conference—Little Business Transacted.

The brethren of the New Jersey Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church arrived in New Brunswick in large numbers Tuesday and yesterday. The opening of the Conference was marked with a solemn communion service in the First M. E. Church, at which over 200 clergymen were present.

Bishop John H. Vincent, D.D., L.L.D., formerly a resident of Plainfield, and in honor of whom Vincent chapel on West Front street, said to be the finest in the United States, is named, made his first appearance yesterday morning, being unable to attend the Epworth anniversary through a slight indisposition. He presided at the communion service in his usual impressive manner, being assisted by several presiding elders.

The following officers were appointed by the Conference:

President, Bishop John H. Vincent; Secretary, G. S. Wight, Trenton; Assistants, J. L. Roe, Freehold; G. C. Stanger, Camden; G. S. Messeroll, Pennsgrove; Statistical Secretary, H. J. Zelley, South Amboy; Treasurer, H. G. Williams, Tuckahoe; Assistant, W. N. Osborne, New Egypt.

Bishop Vincent announced the following committees:

Public Worship—Dr. James Moore, W. P. C. Strickland, J. Morgan Read, J. E. Mace.

Education—S. E. Post, W. S. Barnhart, J. B. Graw, J. S. Heisler, R. J. Andrews, B. C. Lippincott, Sr., J. W. Morris, Asaunias Lawrence, Thomas Runion, Edmund Brown, C. S. Haines, W. W. Moffett, D. B. Harris, John Handley.

State of the Church—D. H. Schock, A. B. Richardson, Peter Prevost, J. E. Smith, E. R. Brunyate, J. R. Thompson, C. S. Miller, J. E. Willey, S. S. Weatherby, G. C. Sensor, J. M. Gamble, J. B. Westwood.

American Bible society—C. K. Fleming, Pennington Corson, R. B. Stephenson, G. S. Sykes, Henry Cheeseman, D. H. Mickle, G. H. Tullis, J. H. Diverty, H. Neal, Jr., J. O. Edwards, H. S. Gascoigne, John Wagg.

Tract Society—J. R. Whitton, Alonzo Chambers, Ed. Marchester, Edw. Mount, J. B. Dare, H. J. Conover, Edw. Waters, C. B. Ogden, John Wareman, J. H. Boyd, J. Mann.

Sunday School—Percy Perinchief, J. S. Hammond, S. M. Vansant, W. A. Libby, D. C. Cobb, R. W. Lee, Alfred Wagg, William Disbrow, G. W. Pine, L. A. Beamore, Joseph Garrison, J. O. B. Cortes.

Women's Home Missionary Society—Philip Kline, W. A. Massey, B. C. Lippincott, Sr., F. Harrison, E. J. Sandford, J. S. Heisler, S. S. Weatherby, D. B. Harris, G. S. Seitz, Marshall Owens, J. M. Read, J. R. White, J. S. Richardson.

Books and Periodicals—C. W. Heisler, B. J. Lippincott, Samuel Serjeant, Eli Gifford, Edw. Mount, H. H. Potter, J. W. Clark, W. A. Alleu, W. S. Ludlow, J. H. Boyd.

Conference Relations—W. P. Davis, M. C. Stokes, E. C. Hancock, S. C. Cantlin, G. H. Hollingshead, William Mann, J. H. Mickle, T. D. Sleeper, C. S. Lawrence.

Temperance—J. B. Wescott, S. H. Hayes, C. F. Hall, C. S. Maddock, N. G. Wright, Henry Beiting, W. S. Zane, John Wagg, Jess Stiles, James Rodgers, J. G. Scott, John Handley.

Post Offices—C. W. Livezly, Z. T. Dugan, G. H. Greening, C. R. Smith, J. H. Nelson, D. W. C. McIntyre, T. C. Parker, W. G. Moyer.

Church Extension—Board of Church Extension.

Sabbath Observance—J. A. Dilks, W. F. Herr, J. H. Hutchinson, G. C. Stanger, R. B. Westbrook, Marshall Owens, F. Heilegman, J. B. Tulpin, David Steward, A. M. Lake, G. F. Bishop, F. G. Carman.

Memoirs—R. S. Mackenzie, J. W. Morris, L. B. Edward, J. Heisler, Wm. F. Frankiln, Amos North, A. B. Richardson, Pennington Corson, Ed. Hall.

Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education—S. S. Gaskill, Dedimon Moore, G. B. Edwards, J. Howard, E. Bawn, J. P. Connolly, C. H. Elder, W. E. Greenbank, H. M. Smith, E. L. Alleu, G. H. Neal, W. E. Blackiston.

Women's Foreign Missionary Society—H. M. Brown, W. A. Stewart, W. M. Osborn, T. S. Wilson, Wm. Mitchell, A. H. Eberhart, W. R. Wedderspoon, G. F. Hilman, D. W. C. McIntyre, T. C. Parker, W. G. Moyer.

Complaints—J. V. Sooy, G. S. Miller, J. D. Lake, J. Anderson, Edmund Jarvis, David Stewart, J. F. Sechrist, Levi Larue, Wm. Mitchell.

TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE MEETING.

Held Last Night and Organized.

The members of the North Plainfield Township Committee met last night and organized by electing Mr. A. P. Voorhees chairman, and Mr. W. C. Smith treasurer. The treasurer is to receive the usual salary of $150 per year.

A petition from S. C. Allen requesting the committee to appoint him overseer of the roads for District No. 1, was on motion tabled.

The bond of J. W. A. Bauerschox as Overseer of the Poor was accepted. The sureties are Messrs. H. N. Spencer and F. M. Whitely.

A claim from the trustees of the M. E. church for a plot in the cemetery was ordered paid.

Dr. H. Harman was chosen as Township Physician.

The Committee authorized the purchase of 600 tons of crushed stone to be used in various parts of the township and the meeting adjourned.

Bowling at Turner Hall.

Two teams chosen from the members of the Plainfield German and Turning Society engaged in a bowling contest in the hall on Somerset street last evening. The score was as follows.

TEAM NO. 1.			TEAM NO. 2.		
	1 & 2.	TOTAL		1 & 2.	TOTAL
Otto	136	269	Walter	144	288
Bender	133	266	Brunkel	142	284
Schmidt	132	263	Brunkel, Jr.	142	284
Klinsman	132	262	Meyer	136	271
Kruse	131	261	Schmidt	134	267
Gantz	129	259	Vogler	133	265
Bender, Jr.	128	256	Wilson	132	264
Maedlock	124	246	Richter	125	250
		1,762			1,853

—See Mr. Martin's advertisement elsewhere.

THE CITY HOTEL SALE.

MR. KELLY WHO BOUGHT IT FOR $27,000 REFUSED TO TAKE IT.

Suit is Begun, and he Pays $1,500 to Have Proceedings Stopped, and Secures Another Agreement.

To-day and to-morrow had been set by Vice Chancellor Van Fleet for the final argument in the suit of John C. Moore vs. Wm. C. Kelley, on the latter's contract to buy the City Hotel property for $27,000. Mr. Kelley paid $500, the amount of forfeiture named in the contract and said that he would throw up the contract and let the $500 go. Moore's counsel advised him that he could compel Mr. Kelley to complete his contract notwithstanding the forfeiture clause. Hence the suit. It was settled yesterday by Mr. Kelley paying $1000 damages in addition to the $500 already paid, and $100 cost of suit, and obtaining a postponement of foreclosure of the property for one year.

The lawyers in the case were Mr. Craig A. Marsh for Mr. Moore, and ex-Gov. Ludlow and ex-Congressman Clark for Mr. Kelly.

The refusal of Common Council to license the hotel is thought to have influenced Mr. Kelly to change his mind about buying. The Council has not refused to license the hotel, but only Mr. Beerbower, because liquor was sold at the hotel on Sunday, while he has been running it.

SOMETHING ABOUT RABIES.

Brought Out by a Denial from a Well-Known Physician.

Dr. H. H. Lowrie says that the correspondent of this yesterday's paper who says the doctor's dog was bitten by the mad dog last Thursday is entirely mistaken. The doctor says he saw the entire proceedings; says that one of his dogs was chained in his carriage house, and that his house dog and dogs unless they are destroyed. The doctor says, however, that it is a matter of record that not one dog in several even, when bitten by a mad dog, becomes rabid, and that the percentage, when it is a human being, is still less, because the dog usually must bite through clothing, which cleanses the teeth before they touch the flesh. The doctor does not expect any symptoms to show themselves in the cases of the gentlemen bitten by the dog in the Theater Institute, New York, until Saturday, as it requires, as already stated, nine days for the virus to be carried into the system.

Captain Grant informed Dr. Lowrie that there was no epidemic of the road in 1866, John O. Stearns was superintendent and Captain Pegram secretary and treasurer.

In 1869 a road was built from Somerville to White House and incorporated under the name of the Somerville and Easton Railroad. In the same year the Elizabethtown and Somerville and the Somerville and Easton roads were consolidated, under the name of the Central railroad of New Jersey. In 1869 the road was extended to Easton, Pa. In 1876 the cinder roads from Elizabethport to Jersey City was made, thus completing an all-rail route from Easton.

Mr. John Taylor Johnston of Plainfield as President of the road made it among the foremost in the country, having all the old-time cinder rails removed, and steel tee rails substituted.

INDOOR BASE BALL.

A Game Played in the Crescent Rink Last Night—The Crescents Won.

Six members of the Crescent League base ball team played a game of indoor base ball with the Bicycle Club's team at the Crescent Rink last evening. There was not a large audience present, but the game was very interesting, and several brilliant plays by members of the Crescents were applauded.

The teams were made up as follows:

Crescents—Bonner, Lledy, Turner, Keeler, Jones and Windish.	
Bicycle Club—Sandford, F. Walz, Mc-Longlin, McMurray, Tilney, Murray and Erickson.	10,000 00
The Crescents easily defeated the Bicycle team by a score of 20 to 11. The scores by innings is as follows:	
Crescents	3 2 3 2 5 3 6 7
Bicycles	0 0 2 0 6 1 0—11

Mr. Washington Berriman acted as umpire. His decisions were entirely satisfactory.

The members of the Crescent team, participated in the game, were very good ball players. The Bicycle team was also a good one.

A Union Meeting.

A Union meeting of the King's Daughters is called by the "Charity Circle" for Wednesday, March 25th at four o'clock, in the parlors of the Crescent avenue church. Members of the Order are earnestly requested to be present. It is requested that each Circle present a report so that the work of the Order in Plainfield may be more thoroughly understood.

—That very necessary article of merchandise—a baby carriage—is the topic of Mrs. A. W. Read's advertisement. She has a large assortment of them on hand.

50 YEARS' PROGRESS.

REMINISCENCES OF AN OLD RAILROAD ENGINEER.

Two Hours Required to Go from Elizabeth to Somerville, Now Reached in Less than Half the Time, Through a Plainfielder's Energy.

Probably the oldest railroad conductor in New Jersey, if not in the United States, who is at present in active service, is Philip Van Arsdale of the Central. Mr. Van Arsdale was born in 1819, and will be sixty-three years of age this coming August. Although nearly three score and ten Mr. Van Arsdale still retains a large amount of youthful vigor, and can be found on duty at all times. He is as straight as an arrow, and moves with a greater alacrity than many men in the service who are only half his age.

In conversation with a reporter recently, Mr. Van Arsdale said: "I entered the employ of what is now known as the Central Railroad of New Jersey, in the Autumn of 1838; at that time the road extended from Elizabethport to Somerville, and was known as the Elizabethtown and Somerville Railroad. The equipment of the road consisted of three ten-ton Baldwin locomotives, one passenger coach and six freight cars. The road went by the name in those days of the 'snake head,' as the rails consisted of thin strips of iron spiked to a stringer of yellow pine. It was a frequent occurrence for the strips to become detached from the stringers and curl up beneath the train, forming what was called a 'snake head.' Occasionally these 'snake heads' would run through the floors of the cars, making matters extremely interesting for the occupants. At one time a passenger met his death by being struck by a 'snake head,' in this manner, the iron being forced into his neck as he was sitting in the car seat, killing him instantly. In the Winter season, during snow and ice storms, it was necessary to place a man on the plot of the locomotive with a long-handled shovel, or pike, to remove the ice or snow from the straps, or rails, in order that the train might proceed. There was one and one half hours to make the run between Elizabethport and Somerville, the time consumed generally being two hours, oftener than less, which would be considered creeping in this present age of progressive railroading.

"Two boats, the 'Waterwitch' and 'Cinderella,' were run between Elizabethport and New York city for transfering passengers and freight. A third, and much larger boat, was afterwards put in service named the 'Red Jacket.'

Brakemen in those days received $21 per month, which was considered good pay. Mr. Van Arsdale served as a fireman for a short period. The locomotive was fired with wood entirely, and it can readily be imagined that the fireman was compelled to keep on the move in order to supply the required amount of steam with this inflammable fuel.

Stephen Vail of the Speedwell Iron Works, was president of the road in 1846, John O. Stearns was superintendent and Captain Pegram secretary and treasurer.

In 1869 a road was built from Somerville to White House and incorporated under the name of the Somerville and Easton Railroad. In the same year the Elizabethtown and Somerville and the Somerville and Easton roads were consolidated, under the name of the Central railroad of New Jersey. In 1869 the road was extended to Easton, Pa. In 1876 the cinder rails from Elizabethport to Jersey City was made, thus completing an all-rail route from Easton.

Mr. John Taylor Johnston of Plainfield as President of the road made it among the foremost in the country, having all the old-time cinder rails removed, and steel tee rails substituted.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A MURDERER'S DEATH.

The Austrian Way of Hanging.

VIENNA, March 17. (Special.)—Frank Schneider, who, with his wife, assaulted and murdered many servant girls, was executed to-day. Schneider was gibbeted after the Austrian manner. A cord was passed around his neck and two men pulled on his legs and he slowly strangled to death.

MORE DEATHS FROM TYPHUS.

The Contagious Disease Has Two More Victims.

NEW YORK, March 17th. (Special.)—Dr. Edson was informed this morning that two more death from typhus had occurred in the Riverside Hospital. The victims were Lizzie Fitzpatrick and Mary Bergman, nurses in the institution.

A CUNNING PRISONER.

Perry Makes Another Futile Attempt to Escape.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 17th, (Special.) Perry, the train robber, undaunted by recent failures, has made another attempt to escape. A hole has just been discovered in the wall of his cell.

To Tax All Bequests.

One of the most important bills passed by the Legislature is the act to tax gifts, legacies and collateral inheritances. The bill aroused but little discussion, and passed both houses very quietly. As it was strongly recommended in the Governor's message, it will undoubtedly become a law. It imposes a tax of $5 on every $100 worth of property which passes by will, or by the intestate laws, to any person or body politic or corporation other than to or for the use of a father, mother, husband, wife, children, brothers and sisters, and their descendants, and the wife and widow of the son and husband of the daughter. All other property which passes by will or through the Orphans' Court will hereafter pay 5 per cent tax to the Treasurer of the State for the use of the State fund. In order to insure its collection administrators and executors are liable for it, and estates valued at less than $500 are excepted.

The scheme is a new one in New Jersey, but has been used in the State of New York and in England, and is a source of considerable revenue.

The tax under this act becomes due immediately upon the death of the deceased, and if not paid within one year, 10 per cent. interest is to be added; if not paid within one year, the Treasurer may exact a bond for its payment, and it acts as a lien upon the property. When the estate is in litigation the 10 per cent. interest will be remitted, and only 6 per cent. will be charged. The Surrogate and County Clerk under the act are to make a written statement to the Treasurer every three months of property from which they believe a tax under this act is due and unpaid, and in order to enforce its payment the Treasurer shall notify the Prosecutor of the Pleas, who is at once to commence suit for its recovery, and all costs awarded are to go to the Prosecutor as his compensation. If the value of the estate is in dispute, appraisers are to be appointed, who are to receive $5 per day and their actual expenses. If such appraiser accepts any fee from any parties interested in the estate he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be fined not more than $1,000 and imprisoned not exceeding ninety days.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate to the respective towns or townships mentioned have been recorded in the County Clerk's office of Somerset county between February 26 and March 1:

Mary I. S. McCutchan to the Rector, Wardens and Vestry of the Holy Cross, North Plainfield	$ 1 00
Christian Insurance Co. of N.Y. to John Layton Johnston, North Plainfield	800 00
The Washington Park Improvement Company to the Park Club, of North Plainfield	1 00
The Washington Park Improvement Company to the Bicycle Club—Sandford, F. Walz, McLoughlin, McMurray, Tilney, Murray and Erickson	10,000 00
Mary L. McCutchan to Clarence L. Murphy, North Plainfield	1 00
Clarence L. Murphy to Elias McKeown, North Plainfield	1 00
Frederick W. Bird to Robert T. Carrie, North Plainfield	675 00
Mary E. Lounsbe to Louise Hyleus Jennings, North Plain'd	1 00

Auction Sale at Carey's

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 18th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Oak Bedroom Suites, Chiffonieres, Ex-tables,

Parlor Suites, Double and Single Harness, Carpets and Rugs, Mattress, Pillows, Blankets, Quilts and lots of other things too numerous to mention.

Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

NEXT ATTRACTION AT

MUSIC HALL! TO-NIGHT

The Prima Comedienne, Merry

FANNIE RICE,

And her superb company of Singers and Comedians.

A JOLLY SURPRISE

Full of pleasing surprises. Bright catchy music. Laughable situations. All mirth and music.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK at COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
NAILS SCREWS, SASH,
WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

Cents-a-Word Column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 9-2917

ROOMS, with board. Opposite First Presbyterian church, on East Front church. 12.8

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COLORED woman wants washing to do at home. 102 West Fourth street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be good cook, laundress and cook. Steady in habits and have first-class references. Address P O Box 704. 17 2

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—A 4-fury bicycle 1891 Victor B pattern. Cushion tire. Fine running order. Will exchange for an acre of farm and suitable for trucking and within walking distance of depot. Address "Wheel" care of Evening News. 15-3

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased cheap at Fairview, Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 3.0 feet above the sea level. 2 13tf

FOR SALE IN CALIFORNIA—28 acres of full bearing apricots, cherries, peaches, prunes and currants, location Haywards, Alameda county, Cal., 20 miles from San Francisco, 15 minutes from train; fine 9 room house highly finished hot and cold water throughout; cottage for help, tank, station, coach house, nice orange grove just be ring. Electric road will be completed—Oakland to Haywards—30 days. Everything in perfect order. Can commence to realize on crops in May. Present owner in coming business and will consider for trade from this section at good prices. R. Richmond, owner, 635 Myrtle street, Oakland, Cal. 2 5mw

FOR SALE—Farm, 57 acres. Handsomely located; 5 miles from Plainfield; New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 125, Dunellen, N. J. 26 3m

ROAN HORSE for sale; 15¾ high; kind in all harness; good for all work. Call at W. Belcher, 75 Broadway. 15 4

FOR RENT.

$12 MONTH—Six room house on Somerset street for rent. Rider and Co., agents, 12 East Front street. 14 4 m s n 5

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT — Having been engaged for 55 years and upwards in manufacturing brick and having failing in age, (I am 70), and ill health, I desire to retire from business, and hence offer to rent my brick plant, with all necessary machinery for immediate operation. Said plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within one mile of the business centre of Plainfield, N. J., viz. manufactured road. Established 1857. Capacity three millions and upwards per year. Will rent for a term of years or entire product. Equipped with "Martin's" and "Parker's" latest improved machinery and three steam engines, wheels, elevators, etc., complete for eight hands. Possession given April 1st, 1892. Apply to or address Frederick W. Bird, on the premises of the deceased. Wood, coal dust and in addition sand sufficient for first kilu. To rent for a term of years or entire product. Equipped with "Martin's" and "Parker's" latest improved machinery and three steam engines, wheels, elevators, etc., complete for eight hands. Possession given April 1st, 1892. Apply to or address Frederick W. Bird, on the premises of the deceased. Wood, coal dust and in addition sand sufficient for first kiln. To rent for a term of years or entire product. Equipped with "Martin's" and "Parker's" latest improved machinery and three steam engines, wheels, elevators, etc., complete for eight hands. Possession given April 1st, 1892. Apply to or address Frederick W. Bird, on the premises of the deceased. 9 2m

ONE more of the safes known as Gem Safes at for rent. Don't wait. Rider & Co., agents, 12 East Front street. 12

TO LET—A barn. Inquire 54 Front street. 29 4

TO LET—House of five rooms. Inquire at 107 Somerset street. 17-2

TO LET—Handsome store and flats, 99 Somerset street. 15-6

TO LET—Two handsomely papered flats, with all modern improvements, bath and Grate plans, with all improvements. Inquire of Alex. Thom, 27 Somerset street. 12 tf

THE office at No. 3 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a real estate, Life or Insurance Agency. Apply to Rider & Co. 2 12tf

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.

Appearance of the Indescribable Phenomenon, Mlle. Annie Eva Fay, in a Scientific Seance on

SPIRITUALISM.

Miss Fay is the only Medium who has received the indorsement of members of the Royal Scientific Society of London—Professors Crookes, Huxley, Varley, Serjeant, Cox and others.

No darkened rooms, spirit hands, forms and faces. Beautiful flowers, materialized and passed to the audience by hand; plainly seen, and many other tests of a startling nature. All materialization in full gaslight.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 Cents.

Seats on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Friday.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF

Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Novelties, etc., will eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted in this city. Latest styles of Ladies' Spring Jackets and Children's Blouses at New York prices. Immense variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in Trimmings.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 36 inch towel for 10 cents. Large size damask for 9 cents a yd. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Reading, Pa.

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ┼ ‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—429 East Front street.

PIPTONIZED Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

SINCE MARCH 10TH,
PIERSON PARK,
Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 23 East Front street, has been located at No. 4 Park place, New York, where he will be pleased to see all old friends. He promises to do business on the same principles that have made him so popular here, and hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Remember the place, No. 4 Park place, New York, and call when in that city. 9 1m

Special Notices.

HOME BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION. A re-ad meeting of this association will be held Monday evening, March 21st, at 8 o'clock, at Fish House, 21 Park place, for the purpose of nominating officers for the ensuing year. E. Sommerfeld, Sec'y.

MRS. L. ADAMS,
Will have her Spring Opening of Millinery on Saturday, March 19th, when she will be pleased to see all her old customers and as many new ones as will favor her with a call. Mrs. Adams will please accept this notice in lieu of opening cards. 17 2

EDITORIAL NOTES

He Wanted to Travel.

A young Harvard student was seized with a violent desire to visit England and he had only ten dollars with which to make the trip. He hired himself to tend cattle on a great four masted ship that was carrying 850 beeves to Liverpool. He, student though he was, pleased the "boss" of the cattle so well by his work that he got from that individual a pound in English money and return trip ticket. Brains tell, even in rough labor.

The youth smuggled his bicycle on board and then made friends with the ship's boatswain. The men had to feed and water the cows every day. They gave corn to all the animals except the Colorados. These were fed on meal. For food the cattle tenders had boiled beef, otherwise called "salt horse," and potatoes with bread and coffee.

In England the young man became a vegetarian for cheapness, and traveled upon his bicycle through the entire country. He found that he must live on twenty cents a day to make his money last. This he managed to do. A "very large tea cake" and a glass of cider cost three cents, and on this he made many a meal and got fat on his trip. The roads were a wellspring of pleasure, "being macadamized with very small stone." The English atmosphere is filled with a peculiar soft, dreamy haze which he can not account for. In the north of England the name for candy is "spices;" in the south of England it is "sweets."

The young man discovered much that travelers who have more money miss. Therefore his story is more interesting than theirs. He found among other things that the English farm people, living in mudhouses with cement floors, think our American dwellings are far inferior to theirs in the matter of home comforts and furnishings, and they are sorry for us. The boys and men dress in corduroy, which lasts so long that one suit made for the first son will do for all the boys, each successively outgrowing it. Moreover, our American heating stove is practically unknown. The rural people at the inns sat around "a kind of open fireplace," with a grate for coals and an oven at each side. He never saw anybody intoxicated at the country wayside inns, neither did he ever see any quarreling, which surprised him, as he had heard so much of the Englishman's love of a fight. On the contrary, he returned home with a sense of high respect for the politeness and hospitality of the English people whom he met on the journey that cost him fifteen dollars.

So he writes in The Christian Union.

Work Talks.

The aim of the active, working religion of today is social regeneration. In the history of churches there was never a time when there was so little doctrinal preaching and so much humanitarianism. Best of all, too, the humanitarianism is displayed in wiser ways than mere almsgiving. Its aim is nothing less than the actual elevation of ignorance and depravity to a plane where the evil will drop away and the good manifest itself gloriously.

The Philadelphia Evening Telegraph speaks thus of the new movement:

> Ecclesiastics, doctrinaires, may dispute as they will, but this dogma or that passage as long as the churches everywhere are actively engaged in bettering the condition of the poor, living and teaching the sick, feeding the hungry, giving shelter to the homeless, visiting the prisoner in his cell, overcoming ignorance, vice, squalor, misery, and the weakness of men and women how to elevate, ennoble their lives, to make them fuller, more hopeful and more helpful, this regeneration is the keynote of the religion of today, and it was never sounded more clearly, persistently or loudly. All the wrangling of the doctors and professors amounts to nothing in comparison with what the real exponents of religion are doing. Talk goes for little; work is what is of the truest value. Instead of being hopeless or pessimistic, the religious folk should be full of hope, jubilant and exalted. Fashions in religion are changing along with other things, and the changes are improvements.

It was Mr. Catchings, of Mississipi, who caught Speaker Crisp's eye immediately after the chaplain had finished his prayer, before the journal of the previous day's proceedings had been read, and called for the report of the committee in favor of considering the free silver bill March 22. Catchings is a good name for a man who could catch an opportunity like that. The ruling of Speaker Crisp that business could be considered before the journal was read is a notable one. It is as if in any organization the members should proceed to business before the reading of the minutes of the last meeting. Occasionally, when time is pressing, it is customary, on motion, to dispense with the reading of the minutes, but for the presiding officer to decide on his own responsibility that the minutes may be dispensed with is a new parliamentary ruling. At any rate, Catchings carried his point, and now he is catching it from those who don't like it.

Professor S. C. Chandler has discovered that the pole of the earth revolves through a circumference which is about 60 feet in diameter once in 427 days. It wobbles, so to speak. Consequently the parallels of latitude are movable to a slight extent and are not fixed, as has always been believed. Is anything fixed any more?

Dr. S. P. Thompson writes that the chief use of the electro-magnet in surgery thus far has been the extraction of particles of iron from the eyeball.

THE CRIMES OF A FIEND

A Tragedy Unrivaled in the Annals of British Horrors.

ARTHUR WILLIAMS' SIX VICTIMS.

Five of Them Brutally Murdered and Buried in Cement in a Fireplace in Rainhill and His Young Wife Served the Same Frightful Way in Australia.

LONDON, March 17.—A tragedy unparalleled in the history of British crime came to light through a most singular chain of circumstances. In July last a man named Arthur Williams rented a villa in the Dinham villa, Rainhill, a fashionable suburb of Liverpool, and passed as a well-to-do bachelor. He courted Miss Mather, a young woman generally admired for her beauty and other attractions and recognized as a local belle. They married and went to Australia, where they were supposed to be living happily. The people of Rainhill were shocked a few days ago by news from Australia that Williams had been arrested on a charge of murdering his wife, and that he had concealed the body of the murdered woman beneath the fireplace, carefully covering the place again with cement. There the authorities unearthed the remains.

A Sickening Discovery.

As soon as these facts became noised about in Rainhill the people called to mind queer suspicions that had been afloat about Williams when he occupied the Dinham villa. They remembered that one day a lady and two children had visited the villa to see Williams, and from the moment of their entering the place no one had seen them again. The affair caused some remark at the time, but nobody thought of murder, and the matter was dropped with the supposition that the lady and the two children had gone away without being observed. Now, however, the neighbors began to suspect that there might have been foul play, and they determined to state the facts to the police. The police concluded that no harm could be done by investigating, and they proceeded to the Dinham villa and began to dig up beneath the fireplace.

They hardly expected, however, to discover anything, and their amazement was great when after a little of the cement had been removed all were sickened by a nauseating odor. The men at first refused to proceed, but after they had drunk heavily of brandy they resumed work. Just under the cement they came upon the decomposed bodies of three children. Two of them had been apparently between five and seven years old. Their throats were cut and the bodies were dressed only in night shirts, which were crusted with blood and dirt. Just beneath them lay the body of a girl of about twelve years, also clad only in a night shirt. There were no wounds on her body and the police say she was strangled. The decomposition of the body was further advanced than that of the other three.

Even the Police Horrified.

About two and a half feet beneath the cement, and further from the wall, was found the body of a tall woman. There was an end of rope around her neck and her throat was cut. A baby's body, with the head crushed in and the throat cut, was still in her arms. Even the hardened policemen could not restrain an exclamation of horror as the tiny and shrunken body was lifted up to view.

The woman's body was the least decomposed of all. Mother and baby had been wrapped up tightly in an eiderdown quilt, which was wound with heavy cord at the neck and ankles. The woman wore a wedding ring and guard, silk underclothing and silk stockings and fine boots. Her hair was yet black.

The police kept digging, while outside the news spread and the excitement grew, and thousands rushed to the scene of the tragedies. A new force of police was called upon and a cordon established around the villa, and the digging proceeded rapidly, for rumor grew on rumor, and other suspicions suggested that there were more victims in the sepulcher beneath the fireplace.

Up to this hour no more discoveries have been made. The news has caused almost a frenzy in Liverpool, and the multitude have rushed to the conclusion that Williams must be "Jack the Ripper." There is no known evidence, however, to sustain this theory, as the victims were not mutilated otherwise than stated above. At least such is the statement of the police.

The people of Rainhill believe that the woman and two children who disappeared upon visiting the villa, and whose bodies were undoubtedly among those discovered, was a former wife of Williams and their two children, and that Williams had got possession of them for the purpose of getting rid of them in order that they might not be in the way of his marriage to Miss Mather.

At His Fiendish Work.

Arthur Williams arrived at Rainhill village early one morning in last July and took a suit of rooms at the Commercial hotel. He showed great sums of money and assumed a free and easy air at once with the people of the house. He is described as about thirty years old, with a heavy dark mustache, high cheek bones and sallow skin. He spoke rapidly, and not as an Englishman. He wore his hair rather long, his clothes fitted his body figure rather loosely and he walked with a long, heavy stride. He is supposed to be a Yankee or a Canadian.

He affected the rollicking, big hearted form of life, spent his money freely on everybody he met and apparently liked everybody. He wore massive jewelry and diamonds. He was a capital story teller, and a conversation betrayed a wide experience in the colonies and on the continent. His two peculiarities were that he would never talk about his own affairs and would not allow himself to be photographed.

Before Williams married Miss Mather and about the time of the disappearance of his visitors he commenced to act strangely. He said his house was out of order, and he bought a number of barrels of cement to patch it up, he said. He appeared nervous while at this work, drank heavily and finally called in two laborers to complete the alterations. They found the fireplaces partly laid with fresh cement, and they finished the job. Then Williams began to go to the Commercial hotel at nights often and sleep there, saying he hated his own place. He visited London the middle of August, and in a week returned pale and nervous to a marked degree.

Married to Miss Mather.

He appeared on the day after his arrival in Rainhill in a fantastic costume, which, he said, was the uniform of the Bengalese cavalry in which formerly he was an officer. The uniform resembled, however, more closely that of a gendarme. It consisted of a light blue tunic, dark trousers and a plumed helmet. He called upon Miss Mather in this costume and shocked completely her family who had begun to find fault with the living at the villa. He slept at the villa only three or four nights after his return from London, complaining that it was damp and gloomy. He also told the Mathers that he and his bride could not live alone during the honeymoon, as had been planned, as he disliked the place and regarded it as unhealthy.

The couple were married early in September in the parish church. None of Williams' family or old friends was present, and this fact caused considerable comment. Williams packed up all his trunks at the villa and took them on his wedding journey. He took his bride to New Brighton for a few days, and she wrote daily to her mother letters in which she praised the kindness and manliness of her husband. Subsequently the couple traveled in the south of England and then unexpectedly crossed the channel with all their baggage, went to Antwerp thence to Bremen, and at the end of September purchased on the Kaiser Wilhelm II of the North German Lloyd line, for Australia.

Mrs. Mather saw her daughter last at Dover just before she sailed. She then left both Williams and his wife seemed to be perfectly happy, and that they promised to return to Rainhill within two years for a visit, and perhaps to purchase a permanent residence. At every port at which the Kaiser Wilhelm II stopped the bride had posted a letter to her mother in which she described how happy she was. Some of her daily life and her joy that she had found such a model husband as Williams. She told her mother of the plans she and her husband were making for furnishing their home in Melbourne or Sydney, according to the requirements of his business, and closed one letter with the words:

She Was So Happy.

Only be thankful, darling mother, that your little girl has found one to watch over and protect her so lovingly all through life. I am by my side constantly and does not seem to have a thought except for my happiness and welfare. Is it not a shame that I cannot have him all to myself when we have our own little home with all my dearest in my possession? But I fear we shall not be together as constantly as we wish until we are back in Rainhill.

Your ever loving and happy girl, ALICE.

The young couple made their home in Melbourne, whence Mrs. Williams continued to write extravagant accounts of her happiness and of Williams' fine qualities. On Dec. 1 Williams himself wrote to his mother-in-law a long letter, praising his wife and dwelling at length upon their happiness. It was the last letter received from Mrs. Williams.

Shortly before Christmas Mrs. Williams left for Hong Kong for the Christmas holidays and added, "Both Alice and I are looking forward with joy to the time when, without the cares of business to distract me, I can pass all my time uninterruptedly in her society." On the margin of the letter were a few words from Mrs. Williams. That was the last that Mrs. Mather heard directly from her daughter or Williams. The next news of them was in dispatches published in Liverpool newspapers as to the murder of her daughter and the arrest of her son-in-law.

The dispatches stated that Williams hired soon after his arrival a house in Windsor, a suburb of Melbourne, and lived there a short time with his wife. They apparently were happy and Williams was kind to his victims at home. Then his wife vanished and he advertised to sublet the house. He had decided to return to England, he said. Immediately after finding tenants he left. The new tenants found that the floor of the fireplace was in bad condition. It was uneven and showed that it had been laid by an amateur hand. Workingmen who began mending the floor noticed a horrible odor and tore up the cement. Under it they found the body of a woman, who was identified afterward by neighbors as Williams' wife.

She Was Literally Butchered.

The skull was fractured and the face was beaten in. The throat was cut so that the head was almost severed from the trunk. The wounds in the body had been so severe that decomposition was far advanced. The body was in a rigid form and was wound tightly from neck to ankles with heavy cord. It was evident that the murder had been committed before the child's body. It was done a day or two after Williams' last letter to Mrs. Mather. The police think the letter was written merely to mislead the Mathers into making inquiries into the cause of their daughter's long silence. The Hong Kong story was concocted for this purpose and the marginal note signed "Alice," was added by Mrs. Williams at her husband's instance, to give the fiction all appearance of plausibility.

Williams was arrested upon the description of him sent out by the Melbourne police. He was paying court to a girl of nineteen at the time, and her parents said that she was considering his proposal of marriage.

Mrs. Mather has been on the verge of filling her asylum and has been kept crushed in her. She has not risen from bed and most of the time is delirious. The excitement in the vicinity of Villa Dinham is intense.

Although the description of Williams corresponds with one description of "Jack the Ripper," the general impression is that the two men are not identical. The wounds on the bodies of the murdered women, however, show few, if any, of the anatomical features of the "Ripper" murders. The digging in the kitchen, where Williams had the floor with his own hands, is expected to throw new light on the case. His care in allowing no workmen to help him in the kitchen causes the Liverpool police to think that the revelations there will surpass those already made and show conclusively Williams' methods of killing.

This Trial Was a Farce.

SPRINGFIELD, Kan., March 17.—A noll prosequi has been entered in the cases of all the men under indictment for the murder of Sheriff Dunn last fall and they were discharged. Thus ends a trial considered to be a farce from its commencement.

Lawyer Trunkey's Suicide.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 17.—W. G. Trunkey, a prominent attorney of Warren, Pa., son of the late Judge Trunkey, committed suicide here by hanging himself from a gas jet in the Turkish bath parlors while suffering from grip.

Buried with Military Honors.

NEWARK, March 17.—Brigadier General Dudley S. Steele, of the First brigade of the National Guard of New Jersey, was buried from his home in East Orange with military honors.

Parts of Rome Under Water.

ROME, March 17.—The overflow of the Tiber has inundated the lower parts of Rome. Railway communication with Naples and Florence is interrupted.

Canada Short of Rifles.

OTTAWA, March 17.—The Canadian Militia Gazette says the government has in store a sufficient number of Martini-Henry rifles to arm the entire force.

The Insane's Trial Trip.

BOSTON, March 17.—At the trial trip of the Iowana, the government tug, it attained a maximum speed of 11¾ knots. This is but fairly satisfactory.

MILLIONS ARE STARVING

Russia Pleads for Bread for Her Famishing Peasants.

THE MIREEY RAFFLES DESCRIPTION.

Distress Increases in the Stricken Country and the American Relief Committee There Asks for More Help—The Indiana Arrives with Her Cargo of Grain.

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.—The following cablegram from the committee who went to Russia to distribute the supplies sent by the American Indiana, has been received by Mayor Stuart:

"ST. PETERSBURG, March 16.

"Hon. Edwin S. Stuart, Mayor and Chairman:

"If the American people knew the extent of the suffering in the famine districts of Russia they would everywhere come to the rescue. Twenty millions of people are affected and in danger of starvation. Typhus fever is raging in many provinces, and horses and cattle are perishing of hunger.

"Arrangements proposed by Minister Smith for distribution of cargo excellent. It will be shipped in 230 Russian carloads to ten provinces, comprising forty-three districts, consigned to carefully selected, trusty persons, who will see to proper distribution.

To Help Humanity.

"Destitution in Samara province baffles description. We therefore buy forty Russian carloads of flour here for immediate shipment, as after heavy snows in the Volga the province cannot be reached for weeks.

"Had interview with minister of imperial household, Count Woronzoff-Dashkoff, committee. Russia is deeply grateful, he states. Distress is not exaggerated, and any American contributions are heartily welcome. Deaths have not naturally increased as season advances.

"We advise, therefore, sending other cargoes. A hundred thousand horses, from official information, can be preserved in Voronej province. Send Iowa corn to save horses and cattle or farming will be impossible, consequently famine will be repeated.

"Telegraph Mayor Washburn, Chicago board of trade, and other places to help humanity. "RODOLPH BLANKENBURG,

"A. J. DREXEL, Jr.,

"ALEXANDER W. BIDDLE,

"Committee of American citizens sent to Russia."

The Indiana Arrives.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 17.—The steamship Indiana was greeted with cheers and waving flags from the crowds on shore and in small boats when she came into the roadstead at Libau today. The Russian cruiser Straach saluted and manned the yards, and the officers and crew were led by the captain in repeated cheers for the United States. The officers of the Indiana were taken aboard the cruiser, where they were met by Consul General Crawford, of St. Petersburg, and Consul Barnholdt, from Riga.

After the naval band had played the "Star Spangled Banner" the captain of the Straach made a speech of welcome, in which he dwelt upon the friendly relations which had always existed between Russia and the United States and the generosity of the American people. Consul General Crawford replied. The consul general returned to St. Petersburg with two of the Indiana's officers.

The Indiana's cargo will be discharged immediately. Mr. Bornholdt will defray the cost of discharging the cargo.

PERRY'S SHACKLES CUT APART.

Some Astonishing Discoveries Made by a Search of the Train Robber's Cell.

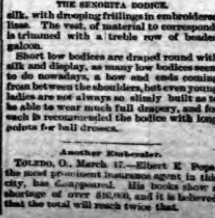
LYONS, N. Y., March 17.—Deputy Sheriff Collins searched the cell of Train Robber Perry and found two fine saws secreted in a mattress. A more astounding discovery was made when Perry's shackles were examined. The hemp cord which the rubber had wrapped about the shackles to prevent them chaffing his ankle was removed and the irons fell to the floor. They had been cut clean through by some instrument duller than the saws, probably a file. No trace of such a tool could, however, be found.

Perry's clothing was next searched and $250 in bills was found inside the lining of his waistcoat. The robber has been very closely watched of late, but the vigilance will now be redoubled.

FASHIONS

An Attractive Bodice.

The blouse, elbow sleeves and fan plaited epaulets of this novel and dressy bodice are of pinkish mauve crepon silk, matching the plaid satin of neck band. The wristlets and scarf are in deep heliotrope bengaline



THE SENORITA BODICE.

silk, with drooping frillings in embroidered lisse. The vest, of material to correspond, is trimmed with a treble row of beaded galloon.

Short low bodices are draped round with silk and display, as many low bodices seem to do nowadays, a bow and ends coming from between the shoulders. Between young ladies are not always so slimly built as to be able to wear much full drapery, and for them the best model is the bodice with long points for ball dresses.

Another Embezzler.

TOLEDO, O., March 17.—Elbert E. Pope, the most prominent insurance agent in this city, has disappeared. His books show a shortage of over $30,000, and it is believed that the total will reach twice that.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Kari tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Winbermer's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Springless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black stainless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
6 button length Suede Mo-quittaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

PELTON

Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

12 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Mazer of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

O. BLACKMAN,

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

18 PARK AVE

Do not forget the number.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete cultivation of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 20 Bucy St., orth Plainfield.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Penny Banks, Horseshoes, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE

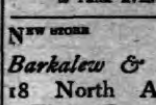
Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE TEA



Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONESDALE COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

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Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Hot Water

OR

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Measuring Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

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on Front Street, Opp Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

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AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

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HOME MADE

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FRESH EVERY DAY.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

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Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

22 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES,

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

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To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

Rough dry, coarse, cotton and woolen goods will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, N. J. Rooms over First National Bank, Plainfield.

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Orders left at Somerset House, or addressed as above, will receive prompt attention. Office opposite Post Office.

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is not ours. Ours BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Test you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Harness, Horse Clothing, Carriage Robes, and Rubber Horse goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

ENGLAND MUST WAKE UP

Patience Ceasing to Be a Virtue in the Behring Sea Case.

SALISBURY BOODLED BY HARRISON.

He Is Requested to Send an Early Answer to the President's Ultimatum—Diplomatic Relations, It Is Said, Are About to Be Re-established with Italy.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—During the morning hour in the senate Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, gave an illustration of what he considered a little matter which it would not take long to consider by calling up under the three minute rule a bill to appropriate over $3,000,000 to reimburse California, Oregon and Nevada for expenses incurred during the war. Messrs. Allison, Sherman and Cockrell manifested quite a different opinion as to what constituted a trifle, and the bill went over. The senate early resolved itself into executive session on the Wood case and discovered it until adjournment.

The senate in executive session confirmed the nomination of ex-Representative Clements, of Georgia, as interstate commerce commissioner to succeed the late Commissioner Bragg.

In the House.

The debate on the tariff was continued, Mr Sayers, of Texas, and Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, the only two speakers. The speech of the latter occupied two hours and was closely listened to by the largest attendance of members since the tariff debate began. Upon its conclusion he was loudly applauded, and was the recipient of numerous congratulations.

Wharton Prods Pauncefote.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—A most unusual step in diplomatic correspondence, which emphasizes the critical nature of the relations between the United States and Great Britain on the question of jurisdiction in Behring sea, was taken by President Harrison yesterday. He instructed Mr. Wharton, who is acting as secretary of state during the illness of Secretary Blaine, to inform Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, that this government would be pleased to receive, without further delay, a reply from Lord Salisbury, the British premier, to the last communication, written by the president himself, notifying the British government that the government of the United States would not consent to a refusal to renew the modus vivendi as to the killing of seal and that it would defend its rights in Behring sea with all the resources at its command.

Why Salisbury Delays.

This notification was sent to the British government through Minister Pauncefote on Tuesday of last week and no reply has as yet been received. There has come, however, an intimation that Lord Salisbury would propose to renew the modus vivendi, which has for its object the preventing of pelagic sealing, or in other words, the preservation of the seals, provided that the United States would guarantee to pay any losses which the owners of the Canadian poaching vessels would suffer because of an enforced suspension of their thefts. To such a proposition, of course, the United States would never agree, and Lord Salisbury has not yet ventured to suggest it.

The usual step of requesting an answer to a communication already sent is taken because Lord Salisbury's delay in answering is evidently designed to defeat the very object of arbitration—namely, the preservation of the seals. The fleet of sealing poachers has already cleared from Victoria, and it is well understood that thousands of the animals have already been slaughtered.

While President Harrison is thus endeavoring to spur the British official to some recognition of his recent letter, the officials in the treasury department have to say that the case of the United States is placed in practical peril by the great delay on the part of Lord Salisbury.

They base this assertion on the reports of the special agents who have investigated the sealing industries. These reports show that the sealing season opens the latter part of May and lasts until the end of July. The sealing is therefore only six or eight weeks distant, and these experts say it is quite impossible for the negotiations can be so pushed forward as to allow our revenue cutters to receive instructions and be in Behring sea in time for the opening of the sealing season.

Russia Said to Object.

It was rumored today, "on excellent authority very close to the cabinet," that a communication from the Russian foreign office would soon be laid before the foreign relations committee of the senate, protesting in vigorous terms against any arbitration of the Behring sea question.

The rumor states that the attitude of the Russian government is to the effect that when it sold Alaska and the Behring sea possessions to the United States it sold a possession which it owned outright, and that any movement on the part of the United States to arbitrate must necessarily serve to cast a shadow on the good faith and the validity of Russia's original title and jurisdiction of the possessions she sold the United States.

The czar particularly resents, says the story, any attempt of any European nation, and, above all, the great Britain, to put his government in the disgraceful attitude of having sold to a friendly nation for a liberal price, territory and waters which his government had no legal right to sell, and whose usufruct it could not guarantee.

Our Relations with Italy.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Indications are that a resumption of the diplomatic relations between the United States and Italy, which were interrupted by the withdrawal of Baron Fava from Washington at the time of the massacre of Italians at New Orleans, will shortly occur. It is not known that Baron Fava has returned to the United States; reports have been printed to the effect that he would be sent to some other post. The report that Minister Porter has received instructions to return to his post in Rome cannot be confirmed at the state department, in fact it is rather denied there, but the denials are accepted in some circles to be purely diplomatic.

The question remaining to be settled before the entente cordiale between the two nations is completely restored is that of damages to the families of the victims of the New Orleans outbreak. It has been suggested that an appropriation to enable the state department to make a payment on this behalf be inserted in the consular and diplomatic bill. The suggestion was referred with favor by the members of the house committee on foreign affairs to whom it was broached, and as the bill will be under consideration by the committee at its meeting, the matter will probably be presented. Favorable action, it is believed, would restore the re-establishment of friendly intercourse between the two governments.

Absentminded.

"Now I have found a capital place, and today I believe the fishing will be fine."

"Ha! what was that? That noise was suspicious. In these times everybody ought to be careful. Somebody could easily surprise me and throw me in the river. * * * But it seems after all as if I am mistaken."

"So I will sit down again."—Humoristiche Blatter.

MORE DYNAMITE IN PARIS.

The Police Warned and All the Public Buildings Under Guard.

PARIS, March 17.—Intense excitement prevails here on account of more explosives having been discovered by the police. A man named Chaumenlin has been arrested for complicity in causing the last two explosions. Further searches of houses of suspected anarchists have resulted in the discovery of large quantities of explosives, chemicals for manufacturing more and several Hotchkiss shells.

The police have been warned by nine letters that it is necessary to watch all the public buildings to prevent further outrages. The streets around the main buildings are full of detectives and policemen in citizen's clothes. The number of gendarmes at the parliamentary building, the department of war, President Carnot's home, the Bank of France and the bourse has been doubled.

Juveniles Wed and Flee.

NEWARK, N. J., March 17.—Anatasio Tevitu, a fifteen-year-old girl, was married to Joseph Carey, a seventeen-year-old boy, a few months ago. Her family and the priest have been keeping the couple from living together, saying as they were not of age the marriage was not legal. Last evening Anatasia left her home, and going to the shop where her husband worked, met him, and they went away together. It is thought they have gone to New York. Their parents now want them back, for Bishop Wigger has decided to allow the marriage to be blessed.

The Suits Against Eva.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Lawyer Sprague states that the reason why the suits brought against Evangeline L. Hamilton by recruiter Hamilton, Jr., and Gertrude V. C. Hamilton, as guardian of Schuyler V. C. Hamilton, Jr., were discontinued was that Eva's counsel had appealed to the general term from Justice Gaynor's decision. His client, he said, wished to have a decision from the supreme court, and that was the reason why the suits were brought, but now as long as the case is in that court on appeal it was unnecessary to continue.

Trenton's New Fire Department.

TRENTON, March 17.—The fire commissioner ordered a paid fire department with four companies and two trucks. It goes into service April 1. Philip Freiemacher, the present chief, was re-elected, but offered his resignation, to take effect twenty four hours after the new service is inaugurated, so that he can have the honor of being the first chief. William McGill was elected his successor.

Tramps Kill a Policeman.

TAMAQUA, Pa., March 17.—Policeman John Mergott, of this place, was shot and killed at Hegerville by three tramps whom he was trying to arrest for burglary. The tramps escaped at the time, but they were afterward captured and lodged in jail here. There is great excitement and threats of lynching are freely heard. The jail is well guarded.

A Well Known Printer Dead.

BOSTON, March 17.—M. R. Walsh, for the past fourteen years connected with The Herald, died from dropsy. He was secretary of New York Typographical union from 1878 to 1880, representing that society in the International Typographical union in 1871, being chosen vice president of the latter body.

Historian Freeman Dead.

LONDON, March 17.—News has been received here that Professor Edward Augustus Freeman, D. C. L., LL. D., of Somersleaze, Wells, Somerset, the famous historian, died in Alicante, Spain, of smallpox.

Sued for His Shaving Bill.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Ex-Mayor Wickham has been sued by Barber Kludge for a shaving bill for seventeen months of $187. Mr. Wickham says it is blackmail.

Coal Goes Up.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The regular meeting of the coal agents resulted in an advance of twenty-five cents per ton for chestnut coal, to take effect immediately.

A Lutheran Seminary Burned.

TOLEDO, March 17.—The Lutheran seminary located at Woodville was totally destroyed by fire.

The Cigarette Has Some Friends.

BOSTON, March 17.—The house rejected the anti-cigarette bill—73 to 113.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

Senator Tabor Opposes the Reapportionment Bill in the Senate.

ALBANY, March 17.—The reapportionment bill introduced in the senate by Mr. Cantor and by Mr. Brown in the assembly and which is to still mean the approval of Governor Flower, gives New York city an extra congressman by adding it to Richmond county. The apportionment is as follows:

First District—Suffolk and Queens.
Second to Sixth District—Brooklyn, New Utrecht, Gravesend and Flatbush.
Seventh to Sixteenth District—Richmond, New York and Westchester.
Seventeenth District—Rockland, Orange and Sullivan.
Eighteenth District—Putnam, Dutchess and Ulster.
Nineteenth District—Columbia and Rensselaer.
Twentieth District—Albany.
Twenty-first District—Greene, Schoharie, Otsego, Montgomery and Schenectady.
Twenty-second District—Fulton and Hamilton, Saratoga, Warren, Essex and Washington.
Twenty-third District—Clinton, Franklin and St. Lawrence.
Twenty-fourth District—Oswego, Jefferson and Lewis.
Twenty-fifth District—Oneida and Herkimer.
Twenty-sixth District—Delaware, Chenango, Broome and Tioga.
Twenty-seventh District—Onondaga and Madison.
Twenty-eighth District—Wayne, Cayuga, Cortland and Tompkins.
Twenty-ninth District—Seneca, Schuyler and Steuben.
Thirtieth District—Ontario, Yates, Livingston, Wyoming, Genesee and Orleans.
Thirty-first District—Monroe.
Thirty-second District—First, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twenty-second wards of Buffalo.
Thirty-third District—County of Niagara, fourth assembly district of Erie, including what is now known as the twenty-fifth wards of Buffalo, fifth assembly district of Erie county, and the twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-third and twenty-fourth wards of Buffalo.
Thirty-fourth District—Chautauqua, Cattaraugus and Allegany.

Governor Flower signed the bill prohibiting the making or laundering of shirts, collars or cuffs in state prisons, except for the use of the prisoners. The bill is to take effect July 1 next.

End of the Boyd-Thayer Case.

OMAHA, March 17.—The supreme court at Lincoln in the case of the state ex rel Thayer versus James E. Boyd on motion of Governor Boyd's counsel confirmed judgment and dismissed the case at Thayer's costs. This practically ends the case.

Miss McElvaine Didn't Prosecute.

BROOKLYN, March 17.—Webster B. Hill, charged with having stolen a watch from Miss McElvaine, of the Evelyn college, Trenton, where he attended a reception, has been discharged, as Miss McElvaine did not press the complaint.

Canada's Fee to Carlisle.

OTTAWA, March 17.—The Dominion government paid $12,500 counsel fees to Calderon Carlisle, a New York lawyer, for arguing in behalf of Canada the Sayward case before the United States supreme court.

Congressman Stone Paralyzed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 17.—It is reported here that Congressman Stone, who is at Eureka Springs, Ark., undergoing treatment for his health, suffered a paralytic stroke.

Educational.

EDUCATION.
Instruction in Elocution, concert work a specialty. For terms, address Mrs. Alpheus P. O. Box 1092.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French. Lectures, &c. Highest references from private residences in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Address Prof. Jules Ferval Pau, Bell Hill School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Viewig, care of Misses Bethell and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield

HARNED ACADEMY,
For Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED, Principal, 107 Park Place, Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Address Box 1, Best of references. No. 156 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.

1872. Membership, 126,000. 1891.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. WENONAH LODGE, 2461, CHOSEN OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 P. M., in Wenonah Lodge Room, Watson's Block, Plainfield.
Louis I Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.

Wenonah Commandery, No. 84, second and fourth Tuesdays at 8 p. m. 12 20 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. E. SPENCER,
18 and 18 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and confectionery always on hand. Ice cream and glass ware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Ice cream delivered.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Publishing Office, 21 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines, and shrubs 2 20 tf

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
South Avenue.
P. O. BOX 1402.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 21 WEST FRONT STREET,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
40 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
P. O. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 3 30y

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder Best modern conveniently furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Orders left at residence, 107 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1561

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 22

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer, shop corner of Grand and Rogers avenues, Box 1, North Plainfield. 10-25-1y J. HERRMANN, 9 Rogers street.

R. V. SAUNDERS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near South. Brace P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Somerset avenue and Prospect place, P. O. Box 842.

PIERSON & SAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 9.
W. J. Pierson, No. 18 Vine street, H. S. Sayle, No. 18 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—6.30, 8.05, a. m., 12.05, 3.05, 5.30, 7.45, 9.15 p. m.
Close—7.00, 8.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 6.00, 8.00 p. m.

ROCKVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9.05 a. m., 3.05 p. m.
Close—9.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Parcel mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.
Mail closes at 9.00 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Trains to connect with Ferry Boats.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.56, 4.29, 5.30, 6.14, 6.46, 7.30, 8.05, 8.40, 9.20, 10.00, 11.05, 11.40 a. m., 12.05, 12.40, 1.15, 2.05, 2.40, 3.15, 3.50, 4.25, 5.00, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 8.00, 8.40, 9.20, 10.00, 10.40, 11.20, 12.00 p. m. Sunday, 3.56, 5.45, 7.30, 8.05

GIRLS OF MEDICINE.

WAYS OF THE FEMININE CREATURE TERMED "THE HEN MEDIC."

A Young Person of Rather Queer Ideas. Perhaps, but a Womanly Woman for All That—Her Tastes for Science by No Means Drive Out Her Gentler Qualities.

Ten to one the reader doesn't even know what a Hen Medic is. Well, she isn't a woman doctor just yet, but she's going to be.

It is difficult to describe her so that one can tell who she is at the first glance, she looks wonderfully like any other bright, earnest girl; but a few truths about her may not come amiss.

To begin, she may or may not wear her hair short. As the Irishman said, "Some does—more don't." But if it is short, it is safe to say that it is prettily curled close to her shapely little head, and it is apt to be brushed back from her smooth, white forehead.

In the matter of dress she is reasonable and conservative. Something neat and stylish always, but running to neither extreme. Overdoing is one extreme, tight lacing is the other, she will tell you with a wise look.

She has discarded corsets, to be sure, but that never would be known from the fit of her gown. Her hats are neat and inclined a little to jauntiness, and she affects jack ets with pockets on the sides. To tell the truth, she rather likes to stand upon the street cars to let the people see that she hasn't a "sack," and one notices that the hand that holds the strap is well gloved. She's a companionable creature withal, and will tell you about the most interesting operations she has witnessed, all in the same breath with a description of a "sweet gown" she's having made, and an account of the play which she saw the other night.

SHE IS NOT AFRAID.

Dissecting isn't the pleasantest task in the world, and she is frank enough to own that she doesn't just like it. The "subject" is gruesome at best; and it may be that she feels at the first sight that she would like to scream and run away; but she doesn't.

She may have to be carried out once or twice—her brother, the Hooster Medic has had that experience at times himself—but she is up and at it again in no time at all; and soon her soft taper fingers are slashing through the tissues.

She can her work conscientiously and well. She fishes daintily around for the end of a nerve or a tendon, and, although she handles it a bit gingerly, to be sure, she hangs on to it tightly all the same, and she gets the bearings of that particular nerve so that she remembers ever after ward.

She studies hard and understandingly and her examination papers are neat compendiums of medical knowledge. While she learns just how much to mix a mustard plaster, she doesn't forget how many eggs to put in a cake, and her knowledge of the manner of stitching up a wound doesn't interfere with her learning the very latest stitch in embroidery.

MAKES AS EXCELLENT WIFE.

She does not have a minute's time to practice, yet you will find that she knows all the new airs, and she can tell you just how the world started in Cuba. If there is a rubber at whist and the table is short, she can take a hand and play it with such unusual luck and skill that you would much prefer to be her partner than her opponent.

As a matter of fact, one secretly looks forward a life partnership with this little Hen Medic, but is half afraid of her to name the knows no match. But despite her knowledge she has a heart as tender and true as that of the most innocent little maiden, and if that is one her hand goes with it. And once she's won, it is forever and aye, through thick and thin; and her "Materia Medica" and her "Essentials of Anatomy" will go up on the topmost shelf of her closet, and her practice will be confined to you and the children of the poor of the neighborhood.

The girl knows how "the boys" regard her and she laughs at it and it doesn't hurt her a bit. Now, it may be that the women who first got this nickname were not of the same make. They may have worn smooth hair and spectacles and talked through their noses and gone about in draggled gowns. But if that was the case that sort of people are back numbers now and the girl the men toast is the Hen Medic of today.—Chicago Tribune.

Gasoline for Grease Spots on Carpets.

The best thing to remove grease spots from carpets is gasoline. If the carpets have been well soaked the spots should be taken up and thoroughly shaken free from dust. A perfectly clean cotton cloth should be laid under the grease spot, gasoline should be poured over it and it should be rubbed with a clean cloth till it disappears. As the cloth you are rubbing with becomes soiled turn it for a clean one, or rub in a clean place of the same cloth. In this way the most obstinate grease spots may be removed by a few minutes' hard rubbing.

There should be no light or fire in the room, and the windows should be open when gasoline is used, as it is otherwise a most dangerous and inflammable material. Used with care it is perfectly harmless, and more efficacious than anything in removing grease, being better than naphtha or benzine.—New York Tribune.

Curing a Troublesome Habit.

The biting of nails in these days of care fully watched children is not nearly so prevalent as formerly. The old potion, too, that the habit was significant of a bad temper is exploded. It is often a mere mannerism growing out of embarrassment, and it is not infrequently inherited. The writer knows of at least one case where the daughter at birth showed the marked finger tips which her mother owned from years of the practice, and as soon as the little teeth had come the nail biting began.

Such cases are undoubtedly difficult to cure. An old remedy, and one still efficacious employed, is to smear the fingers with aloes. If this does not bring about a cure a good plan is to have the child wear gloves at night and indoors; this, with constant watching and reminding, should be of permanent benefit.—Her Point of View in New York Times.

No Patent on This.

"I wonder how she manages to have such a lovely complexion all the time?"

"She keeps her heart filled with sweet charity and the milk of human kindness, and it tinctures her face from within."—New York Press.

An Excellent Dressing for Fine Shoes.

Paraffin will soften leather which has been hardened by water and restore its suppleness. A mixture of lemon and ink is an excellent thing to rub on ladies' fine kid boots.—New York Herald.

THE NELSON OF CHILI.

PERSONAL DARING OF CAPT. PRATT IN THE WAR WITH PERU.

He Pitted Wooden Ships Against Ironclads and Fell After Gaining the Enemy's Deck—His Gallantry an Inspiration to Chilian Sailors.

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HAT true American did not have the slightest sympathy for our gallant tars in their struggles to measure broadsides with the Chilians? Our spick and span white squadron lay there like a streak of its bright paint dingy in a boat with an enemy. With the glory won by Paul Jones, Hull and Laurence, by Foote, Farragut, Cushing and Winslow in its keeping, it doesn't know whether that glory shall be upheld when assailed or not. And it would have been no child's play to have fulfilled the requirement of the republic. Chili has worldwide fame behind her pretensions, although she is rated below second class as a naval power. She has the blood of old Spain mixed in her sailors, too, a strain quite as legitimate as our own and fully as likely to give a good account of itself.

The list of her naval heroes reads like a page from English or American records, with its Pratts, Condells, Williams, Edwards, Leighton, Thompson, Cox, Warner, Rogers, Lynch, Wilson, Smith and Wood. Her crack vessels bear names known to both worlds and hailing from somewhere between "Land's End and John O'Groat's." There are the Condell, the Lynch, the Cochrane, the O'Higgins and the new masterpiece whose completion was watched with such anxiety during the late war scare, the Prat, which is an English word with its "fifth" taken away. Should the Prat or Pratt, prove worthy the name it carries, our Yorktown, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Chicago might well look to their laurels. Chili celebrates "Prat Day" in honor of one who in a small way stands for her Nelson. The little republic has her Trafalgar at Iquique, where the naval pride of her great rival, Peru, was taken down several pegs and the man of the hour was Capt. Arthur Pratt, or Arturo Prat, who went down as did Nelson at Trafalgar, leaving to his followers a memory as carrier

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

MODERN ARCHITECTURE

WHAT PROF. STURGES OF NEW YORK SAYS ABOUT IT.

His Lecture Last Evening at the Casino.—Stereoscopic Illustrations. An Appreciative Audience Hear the Reason why Escape Leads Us.

The third of a series of four lectures for the benefit of the Plainfield Public Library was given by Prof. Russell Sturges of New York at the Casino last evening, the subject being "The Interior Architecture of Modern Residences."

His lecture was profusely illustrated by many beautiful stereoptican views of many interior decorations, showing ancient and modern designs and work of different countries.

He criticized the modern so-called fireproof buildings and explained how it would be possible to make them absolutely fire-proof. His plan was in substance to have only iron, stone and cement, using no wood, and leaving no air chambers.

Nearly all the modern architects give more attention to the exterior appearance of buildings, and woefully neglect the interiors, which by proper use of material and coloring could be made so beautiful.

Speaking of the progress of art in interior decorating and architecture the lecturer said that this country was far behind France and England, though in past years many clubs and societies had organized for decorative work, and were so successful that in a few years we might hope to equal the best.

Many of the small towns in Southern France had more wood carvers than the entire community for fifty miles around New York, and the reason why foreign buildings are so much more beautiful in design and workmanship than those in this country is because hand-work is much cheaper there.

Buildings in many parts of Europe are absolutely fire-proof because, by the scarcity of wood, the people have been compelled to resort to stone, and the mason takes the place of our carpenter for all sorts of jobbing work.

Europe, he said, had much soft white stone which this country had not, and which could be most beautifully carved. The stone is so cheap and plentiful that it was brought over in sailing vessels as ballast, but cement and plaster can be made to serve the same purpose and is fire proof.

Several Plainfield architects were numbered among the audience and the details of the use of material and artistic arrangement were undoubtedly of much interest to them. Prof. Sturges was very heartily applauded at the close of his lecture.

BREVITIES.

—About six inches of snow fell during last night and this morning.

—There will be a song service in the Crescent avenue church Sunday night.

—The City Common Council will meet in adjourned session next Monday evening.

—The regular meeting of the Plainfield branch of the Mercantile Retail Commercial Agency will be held to-night at 8 p. m.

—Joseph Greenan, who was arrested in the borough Wednesday night for fast driving is to have a hearing before Justice Crossley to-morrow.

—"A Jolly Surprise," the comedy at Music Hall last evening, was very appropriately named, and the audience thoroughly enjoyed by the audience, Miss Fanny Rice, the leading lady, getting a large share of the applause, though no one was slighted.

—The members of Branch No. 4, A. O. H., entertained their friends at an evening sociable in the hall of the Plainfield Steam and Turning Society. The affair is said to have been very enjoyable. A large crowd attended.

—Miss Lee Jarvis, one of the Lydia Thompson Company, has received unlimited praise from critics all over the country for her exquisite rendering of the popular song, "Sweet Marie," which so widely famous by Marie Tempest. The company is advertised to appear at Music Hall.

—"The Commercial Strength of the Liquor Traffic," will be the theme of Dr. Lewis' sermon at the Seventh-day Baptist church to-morrow morning. He will discuss the corrupting influence of this business on municipal and national life. The advocates and the opponents of the "license system," are invited to listen.

—There is a probability that Common Council will reconsider its action in case of the granting of a license to the City Hotel, it being understood that Mr. Beerbower did not intentionally violate the law last year. All he has is invested in the hotel, and to deprive him of a license would mean the ruin of his hotel business, which the Council has no disposition to do, especially as there is need in the opinion of many good people of at least one licensed hotel in the center of the town.

—The weather prophets said a week ago that we would have a blizzard about the 18th. The snow began falling about nine o'clock last night, and from six to eight inches of snow fell during the night. This morning there was good sleighing, and plenty of sleighs out. But there isn't any thawed yet, if one should come THE NEWS is prepared to keep up communication with its readers if there is a possible possibility of so doing. By our enterprise last of the last blizzard THE NEWS was the only paper in this section able to hold out, despite the storm, and kept the business men and the mothers informed of their absent kindred when there was no communication to be had by wire or railroad.

WOMEN IN COUNCIL.

They Discuss Methods for Advancing Temperance Sentiment.

An audience of ladies, each wearing a white ribbon, assembled in the Fulton Street M. E. Church, Elizabeth, yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock. They were members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and represented the various unions throughout the county. The occasion of the meeting is what the ladies term the Union County School of Methods, and annually they hold a similar convention for the purpose of discussing how best to promote and advance the work of temperance.

The entire day was taken up with the sessions, and afternoon and evening large representations of the unions were present. In the evening the meeting was of more general interest, and the attendance was not so confined to the women active in the work, but everybody having intepest in the temperance cause no doubt profited by the address of Mrs. Elizabeth Yates on "The Conflict of Modern Heroines."

The morning's session was opened with devotional exercises conducted by Mrs. M. A. Huntsman, president of Union No. 1, of Elizabeth, and one of the oldest and most active Christian temperance workers in this vicinity.

After the delegates were welcomed there were a few minutes given to business matters. Mrs. T. B. Bodine, who was a delegate to the national convention of the W. C. T. U., made an address, giving an interesting account of the proceedings of that great convention. "What can local unions do to advance temperance sentiment" was the title of a paper in which some pungent thoughts were given by Miss S. Wilson.

A Bible reading and praise service was conducted by Mrs. B. F. Carpenter, of Roselle.

The delegates at noon were entertained with a lunch served in the W. C. T. U., chapel by the ladies of the local union. Another collation was served between the afternoon and evening sessions.

NEW ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY.

The Contracts for the Suburban Company Have Been Awarded.

The Suburban Electric Light Company, which now controls the lighting in Elizabeth, Roselle, Cranford, Westfield, etc., has broken ground for its 3,000 horsepower plant, to be erected on Murray street, Elizabeth, and yesterday morning awarded the contract for the building of the works to J. S. Hoagland.

The structure will be 80 feet in width and 225 feet long, two and three stories high. The contract price is about $40,000, and the plant will be finished and in operation July 20th. One and a half million bricks will be used in the construction of the building. Mr. W. H. Moore, formerly manager of the Plainfield Gas and Electric Light company, is manager of the Suburban Company.

Children Cause a Fire.

There was a fire in the bed-room of a house belonging to Mr. Herman Parsch which is situated on Harrison street, North Plainfield, at about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. The fire was caused by three small children who were playing with matches. The children were rescued with difficulty. The flames were extinguished by neighbors after considerable hard work. Mr. Parsch's loss is about $100 and is partially covered by insurance.

Westfield School Trustees Elected.

At the annual meeting of Public School District No. 10, of Westfield, held Tuesday night, H. B. Doherty, Ph. D., and the Rev. Wm. Rice were elected trustees for three years. Dr. Doherty is general secretary of the Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal church, and Mr. Rice is one of the secretaries of the American Tract Society.

Dr. Schaffner To Lecture.

Dr. Schaeffner, who is to lecture in the Crescent Avenue Church next Thursday, has charge of the work with which Mr. J. A. Goodhue, formerly of this city, is now connected. The collection to be taken at the lecture will be used in the mission work in New York city. The lecture will be on Bible study.

Grand Officers Visit Plainfield.

The members of Noah Dove Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows of this city held a meeting last night. The Grand Officers of the State were present. After the transaction of business pertaining to the interests of the Lodge, the visitors and members sat down to a banquet.

An Underground River.

The existence of an underground river at Plainfield seems to be clearly established by tests recently made by the Public Water Supply Company of that city. It is reported that soundings have been made by competent engineers, which have developed the fact that the Company actually tap a vast river many feet below the surface; that the stream is a swift, current, and averages a depth of beautifully white, smooth pebbles. The water is said to be of the finest quality, and supply practically inexhaustible. This may prove to be the means of solving the difficulty of a supply of pure water for Jersey City and Newark. If the reports are true, and there seems to be no question about it, it is a matter of the utmost importance to the inhabitants of that section.—Trenton Times.

—The balance of the stock remaining after the end of the month, Mr. Pierson says, will be taken to Minnesota. He advertises that he is selling as cost.

—Keep an eye on the bargains offered by the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, they change their ad every Friday. Don't miss reading to-day's advertision.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

MAKE ELKWOOD HALL THEIR HEAD QUARTERS.

Street Parade in Honor of Gen. Booth.—The Hall Thronged With People.—The Meeting a Great Success.

The building which was formerly known as the Elkwood saloon, situated on West Second street near Park avenue, was formally opened last evening as the barracks of the Salvation Army. The place has been re-modelled. A large stage has been built and about eight hundred chairs have been placed in the auditorium.

Shortly after seven o'clock, the local Army, headed by a band, paraded to the depot and received a number of visitors. All then paraded to the hall where the meeting was to be held.

Every seat in the hall was occupied, and many persons were compelled to stand. The services began shortly after eight o'clock. The band played a selection and the Commander, Ballington Booth, was introduced. He is in charge of the work in the United States. He is ably assisted by Colonel Evans, Major Evans, Adjutant Dunham and Adjutant Hunter.

The Commander, whose stalwart form towered above those around him—he stands at least four inches tall—with an intellectual face, yet care-worn looking, and keen lustrous eyes, said that the Army had established barracks in five hundred cities; the total membership is 18,000,000; the Army is mostly composed of workingmen; that there were 1,200 commanding officers; and the Army had a membership of 135,000 in the United States.

He said he came here through the instrumentality of Major Evans, Col. Hall, Rev. George F. Oyler and Mr. Charles McCutchen. As he announced the names each one was loudly applauded by the audience. He spoke about the work of the Army, and closed his address.

Adjutant Leyis, the first officer in command here, Captain Atkinson, Captain Oliver, Mrs. Colonel Evans and others made addresses.

During the evening it was stated that the Army had expended $400 in furnishing the barracks and an appeal was made to the audience to help them in connecting the debt. Subscriptions were called for and one hundred dollars was subscribed. Fifty dollars were also received in the contribution box. It was stated that the Army had leased the building for one year with the privilege of three.

After singing several hymns the meeting was brought to a close.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

While Reading a Report the Rev. George Reed Faints

Yesterday morning's session of the New Jersey Methodist Conference was opened with devotional exercises.

Reports of Presiding Elders being in order, Rev. G. L. Dobbins, of the Bridgeton District, reported prosperity during the past year, with the addition of 1,000 probationers. The district has twenty-nine chapters of the Epworth League, with 1,700 members.

Mr. Milton Relyea, of the Camden district, reported the new $40,000 Broadway church of Camden. There are thirty chapters of the Epworth League, 2,616 members. They have also been large additions to the church.

Rev. Dr. James Moore, of the New Brunswick District, reported an encouraging year, with the St. James and Fitzman churches in New Brunswick clearing of their debts.

The Quarterly Conference recommended for examination M. D. Johnson and Frank Moore, Seaside; Samuel K. Hickman, St. Paul's, Trenton; William H. Gooderham, Lower Bank; G. T. Harris and S. A. Johnson, Hancock's Bridge; John Good and Daniel P. Lyon, Camden; A. L. Scott, Magnolia. They will be advanced to deacons.

Rev. George Reed, of the Trenton District, while reading his report was overtaken with dizziness and fell into a chair. After recovering a little he was removed to the residence of ex-Sheriff Lick, whose guest he is.

Father Strut of Camden, eighty-five years of age, though he his not preaching, is nightly instructing young men preparing for the ministry. Presiding Elder Relyea paid him a high compliment.

Dr. Kynett, from the Committee on Church Extension reported: Total collections for twenty-five years, $44,322.27; collections, $19,315; loans, $8,480; outstanding, $600. Churches added, 62.

Real Estate Transfers.

Following are the recent transfers of realty in this city as recorded in the county clerk's office:

Johnson avenue; Edward C. Perkins and wife to Wm. Mott, $1.

Watson avenue, south side corner of George street; Watson Whittlesey to Sidney Dorcett, $250.

Watson avenue, East of George street; Watson Whittlesey to Mantanus Allen, $270.

Johnson avenue, West of North avenue; John E. Whittlesey to Robert C. Everett, $270.

Fifth street, corner of Liberty street; Robert C. Garrison and wife to Herman V. D. Terhune by Carrie Ellen Gorton, $5.

Madison avenue, northeast of North avenue; Watson Whittlesey to Frances E. Hamilton, $271.50.

—Dinner sets are often partly broken and Mr. J. C. Allen advertises a cheap way to keep a set as the wanted number elsewhere. Read it.

THE REWARK CONFERENCE.

Many Changes Will Take Place in the Ministry.

The Newark Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be held at Morristown, during the week of March 23.

Right Rev. Thomas L. Bowman, of St. Louis, is announced to preside. A great many changes will take place in the ministry, especially among the large churches, particularly in Newark.

Rev. Warren L. Hoagland, of the Centenary Church, of Newark, will be transferred to Trinity Church, Paterson. Rev. Dr. W. C. Snodgrass, of the Bedding Church, Jersey City, will probably succeed Rev. Mr. Hoagland. Rev. Albert Mann, jr., of St. Luke's, Newark, will retire to pursue the study of Christian science, and his place will be filled by Rev. F. G. Baldwin, of the Union street church.

Rev. Dr. Spellmeyer will go back to the Central Church, and Rev. Dr. A. D. Kendig, of the Ramsee Place church, Brooklyn, will succeed him at the East Orange church. Rev. Dr. Parsons, of St. Paul's, Newark, will step into Rev. Dr. Kendig's place. Rev. Dr. Henry Baker, a former pastor of St. Paul's, but now of Philadelphia, will again assume the pastorate of St. Paul's.

Rev. M. K. Brooks of Hoaxhope, will go to the Union street church. Revs. W. Boyd Brady, of the Franklin street church; C. S. Woodruff, of the Eighth avenue church; Rev. E. M. Gorton, of Summit, will remain where they are. Rev. L. C. Miller of the Emory street church, Jersey City, will be sent to Newark to conduct the work of the M. E. Extension Society of that city. Rev. W. P. George of Jersey City, will go to Seattle, Wash. Rev. P. G. Blight of the Lafayette church, will go to Somerville, N. J., and Rev. C. E. Little, of Grace church, Staten Island, will take Rev. Mr. Blight's place. Rev. J. C. Jackson, of Paterson, be sent to Hedding church, Jersey City, and Revs. Solomon Parsons and R. Fred Bays will receive Trenton active work.

Rev. Dr. J. W. Marshall of Jersey City, is being urged for presiding elder of the conference.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR

Corporations to be Taxed on the Gross Amount of Receipts.

Among the important bills signed yesterday by the Governor are the following: House 169, authorizing the publication in the daily newspapers by excise boards of the names, residence and places of business of applicants for licenses and renewals. House 228, requiring Boards of Freeholders to fix fortnightly dates to which an account of receipts, expenditures and minutes in daily newspapers.

House 404, giving power to freeholders in first-class counties to fill in vacancies and make the resignation of any member effective upon being filed with the clerk. House 413, requiring the receiver of taxes in third-class cities to publish all taxes in arrears with interest.

House 277, taxing gross amount of receipts of telegraph, telephone, express and cable companies 3 per cent.; gas and electric light companies one-half of 1 per cent.; oil and pipe line companies eight-tenths of 1 per cent.; insurance companies, more than title, 1 per cent. Title insurance companies are taxed 1 per cent. on surplus since December last.

Tramp Ingenuity.

The ingenuity of the thoroughbred tramp is worth noting. Two of the fraternity—young, light built fellows—negotiated a meal at Charley Hagle's bakery, and after being refused payment, they left the place, and as they did so they both seized hold of an innocent looking and defenseless pie that was standing on the sash. The conductor, who started for the car, had charge of one of detective John Ramsey, who was with them, and before they reached the station house the pie was spoiled, and the officers, and they were hauled off to jail. This was the last which was seen of the smile with which the dirty faces as they bumped toward the Court House on board as No. 9 door. The pie escaped.—Hunterdon County Democrat.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Wm. Johns of East Third street left last evening for Chicago in the interest of the Scott Printing Press Works.

—The Elizabeth Journal comments as follows on the story published in THE NEWS relating to a young man: "Plainfield has a pitiful story of a bright young man who was dragged down and ruined and his little family brought to sorrow and shame by the unscrupulous influences of the race tracks and pool rooms. It is the innocent, who, after all, suffer the most from the baleful influences which are rampant in Philadelphia, especially, every day, and to-day and his losses at Gloucester, whether that the wife had but $1,000 to make good defalcation rather than that the husband should be finally disgraced and he is ruined. Day by day these sad cases are chronicled and the innocent are the ones who suffer most, and it is largely by reason of their sufferings that the leaders of the race tracks and the pool rooms and bookmakers—

"YES Mr. Headshaker of course you don't believe H-O superior to these common oatmeals"—Here is our remedy for prejudice—

Save name H-O cover for breakfast.

DEATHS.

LANE—In Rock, Plainfield, March 17, 1892, Margaret E. Lane, aged 72 years.

Funeral Services from Friends' meeting house, Front street, on Sunday (Sunday) afternoon, March 20, at 2 o'clock. Relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

183-T. & C.*

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

ASHORE AT DEAL BEACH.

The British Bark Windermere Wrecked Near Asbury Park.

DEAL BEACH, N. J., March 18th. (Special)—The British bark Windermere, 2,000 tons burden, went ashore here this morning with her crew of thirty-eight men, and the life saving crew had great difficulty in rescuing the men because the sailors do not understand the management of the breeches buoy. The vessel is from Milford Haven, Jan. 23, in ballast, for New York and Calcutta. She is consigned to Vernon H. Brown & Co. of New York.

A POLICEMAN DIES OF TYPHUS.

Member of the Sanitary Squad.—Caught the Disease on Duty.

New York, March 18.—(Special)—Policeman Edward H. O'Connor of the Sanitary squad died at the Riverside Hospital this morning from typhus fever. He, his side partner Policeman Whalen, and Reporter Hamilton were together in the pavilion especially set aside for members of the Sanitary service when the fever struck them down, as it was bound to.

YELLOW FEVER AT RIO JANEIRO.

775 Persons Have Died There in Two Weeks.

New York, March 18th. (Special.)—A despatch from Rio Janeiro states that during the last fortnight there were 775 deaths from yellow fever there.

The crews of twenty-three steamers have been attacked by the disease.

THIRTEEN WORKMEN KILLED.

A Building Collapses in Russia and Causes the Accident.

St. Petersburg, Russia, March 18th. (Special.)—A three story house in course of erection here collapsed to-day. Thirteen workmen were killed.

Execution in Switzerland.

Berne, Switzerland, March 18.—(Special).—The first execution in Switzerland since 1869 took place to-day at Lucerne. An Italian named Gatti, who murdered Mlle. Degen, a teacher, was executed by the guillotine.

—Sergeant, (Pa.) Republican, Nov. 16, 1880. Pat Rooney has returned, established beyond all question his claim to the championship of Music Hall. The house last night was large, but it was no larger than it was comfortable. The crowd was at times deliriously happy. The fun was especially well pleased, and the applause called after recall was given. Mr. Rooney appeared in a good comedy character, and Mrs. Rooney and her son supported by good people, but it was noticeable that Mr. Rooney, in his quaint songs and dances, was the principal attraction. Whenever he was upon the stage the audience was loth to let him go. "Lord Rooney" will appear at Music Hall Monday, March 21, as advertised elsewhere.

—When an Arab damsel gets married, says the Indian Mirror, her mother gives her the following advice for securing her future happiness: "You are leaving your nest to live with a man with whose ways and habits you are unfamiliar. I advise you to be his slave, if you wish to become the absolute mistress of your husband. Be satisfied with little, endure hardships, and never complain. Be submissive to his mother. Said plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within two squares of the proposed line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 128, Dunellen, N. J. 28-3d

PIANO must be sold. No reasonable offer refused. Can be seen at 15 Somerset street, and can be seen at any time. Address "Piano," care of EVENING NEWS. 18 3*

FOR RENT.

A SEVEN room house on Grandview avenue, for rent cheap. Rider and Dey, agents, 12 East Front street. 14-3-3m*

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT — Having been engaged for 18 years and upwards in manufacturing and selling brick, I will rent, (I am 72), and ill health, I desire to retire from business, and have only to say brick for sale. Plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within two squares of the proposed line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 128, Dunellen, N. J. 28-3d

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We are the Acknowledged Headquarters FOR BUTTER

Fine Table Butter from 20c. per pound up.

NEW CANNED FRUITS—Extra choice Apricots, 15c. can, 2 for 25c.; extra choice grated Pineapple, 15c. can; extra choice Peaches 2 for 25c.; extra choice Cherries 2 for 25c.; extra choice Pears 2 for 25c.; extra choice Blackberries 2 for 25c.

When you need a good Pineapple, Hunt try us. Ferris' Hams and Bacon, 12½c. per pound. Best Tomatoes 10c. can, 81 dozen; best French Peas 2 for 25c.; best early June Peas 2 for 25c.; best sugar corn 3 for 25c.; best Lima Beans 2 for 25c., best Pumpkin, 3 for 25c.

Extra Special Inducements with Tea, Coffee and Baking Powder. In Flour we lead ALL.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

SELLING OUT OUR
ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.
For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
NAILS SCREWS, SASH,
WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,
NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND. STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,
Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

BEFORE PURCHASING
Your Mount for 1892,
You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on
FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,
WHEELMEN'S :·: HEADQUARTERS,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,
and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tire.
BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

Cent-a-Word Column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

ROOMS, with board. Opposite First Presbyterian church, on East Front church. 12 6

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Two in family. 120 West Seventh street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be good worker, honest and cook. Steady in habits and have first-class references. Address P. O. Box 294. 17 3

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased on Madison avenue, Plainfield, Grant avenue, Park avenue, Terrace and Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mallard, real estate, Plainfield, and see them. 806 feet above the sea level. 2 19tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely located; 200 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 128, Dunellen, N. J. 28-3d

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Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!
MARCH 21.
The Inimitable exponent of Irish Mirth and Melody,
PAT ROONEY,
In his latest successful musical comedy, entitled,
"Lord Rooney!"
Supported by a very excellent company including the phenomenal child-artist, little Minnie Rooney. New trios, songs, dances, quartettes, specialties.

MUSIC HALL!
TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.
A Seance of the Indescribable Phenomenon, Miss Annie Eva Fay, in a Scientific Seance on
SPIRITUALISM.
Miss Fay is the only Medium who has received the endorsement of the Committee of the Royal Scientific Society of London. Professors Crooks, Huxley, Varley, Sargent, Cox and many other tests of a startling nature. All tests produced in full gaslight.
PRICES—25c., 35c. and 50c. Cents.
Seats on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Friday.

MUSIC HALL!
Wednesday, Mar. 23,
One Night Only!
The World Famous Comedienne,
LYDIA THOMPSON,
Supported by her own comedy company in a bright bill.
As a BAD PENNY.
At 9—UNCLE DAN.
At 10—A BRIC-A-BRAC SHOP.
Pure, bright and sparkling comedy.

BOEHM'S GRAND ARTISTIC SPRING OPENING OF
Millinery and Jackets
Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.
Our variety of Tailor-made and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets is the largest and most complete ever shown in Plainfield. Also a full line of Velvets, Ribbons, Crapes, Feathers, Flowers, Ornaments, etc. Our assortment of Ladies' Jackets and Children's Reefers is unsurpassed. Our prices are the lowest. Don't forget the dates. Boehm's Grand Opening. Ladies' Dress Goods will be found elsewhere in these columns.
Boehm's, 16 Park Place.

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 19tf

SEALS MARCH 25TH. THOMPSON PARK.

Dealer in Model Instruments, of No. 23 East Front street, has been located at No. 4 Park place, New York city, where all orders will be promptly and promptly attended to. Will any one desiring a first-class store in Plainfield, please call on or address the above with an intimation to any place. 3 tue

Special Notices.

MRS. L. ADAMS, 5 East Front street, will exhibit a variety of French patterns in hats, and the latest styles in bonnets, on Tuesday, March 22, and Wednesday, March 23. Ladies are invited to call. Trimmed hats will please accept this notice. 18 3*

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS
PAINTERS.

EDITORIAL NOTES

"A great nation with unprotected cities on three seaboards" is what this country has been called, and it is the truth.

When a congregation get to quarreling about their preacher and the police are obliged to rush in to quell a fight, it looks as if some members of that church ought to try and be converted over again at the revival meeting this winter.

An innovation at the New York dog show was the appointment of Miss A. H. Whitney as judge of the class of Newfoundlands and St. Bernards. Miss Whitney is a school teacher, and spent her childhood on a farm at Lancaster, Mass. She was born with a love of dogs, and has spent her leisure time since she was a little girl in rearing and taking care of them. On the farm at Lancaster she has now thirty St. Bernards and ten pugs. The superintendent of the dog show said of the selection of a lady, "I don't believe there is a man or woman in the world who knows more about St. Bernard dogs than she does."

A German scientific writer has been analyzing the action of intermittent geysers. He tells us that far down in earth, down in the region of internal heat, are caverns filled with water. The internal fires heat the water till the steam thrown off becomes, with the pressure that is above it, hotter than 212 degs., and is converted into superheated steam. Leading up to the earth's surface is a natural standpipe full of water, pressing upon that in the cavern. The superheated steam, striving to escape, forces the water in the standpipe upward and hurls it out upon the earth's surface. When the steam is relieved the disturbance subsides till the water in the cavern is again heated so that the steam overcomes the pressure of water in the standpipe. If foreign bodies are thrown into the seething water the disturbance is more violent. Eruptions may be caused by throwing stones and clods into the basin of the geyser. This action, the German professor reasons, is analogous to that which occasionally takes place in steam boilers.

When Men Love Best.

A certain famous novelist, as he himself grew older year by year, added in like measure to the age of his heroes. If she had not been cut off untimely in a generous middle age he would perhaps have lengthened the age of his desperate lovers till they rounded out a good century.

Violet Paine says that men never love most profoundly till they have passed their youth. In order to fall in love to the best purpose—in short, to get the most satisfaction out of the thing—men must have had opportunity to store up "memories, regrets, the experience which furnishes the opportunity for making comparisons." She herself would "certainly not seek for the constant and devoted heart beneath the striped flannels of an undergraduate, any more than within the trim bodice of the raw schoolgirl." The whole matter of falling in love she considers to lie "centered in the inappreciable age of the heart."

If this is true, then sweet sixteen and brave twenty-one must henceforth take a back seat. Their fits of falling in love are only the crude and violent experimenting of natures that have not yet found themselves, and therefore such fits are not worth a moment's consideration. The true lovers, the intense lovers are the ones, not too young, who have sounded their own depths and found their heads. We report this view of a very important matter to our readers without making any recommendations either way.

What Stead Thinks of Russia.

It is curious to note that W. T. Stead, radical though he is, rather inclines to sympathize with the czar in considering the troubles of hapless Russia. He does not believe that Mr. George Kennan himself would introduce the American constitution and the Australian ballot into a country where not one man in ten can read and not one citizen in a hundred would have the remotest idea what to do with his vote if he had one. Neither would any intelligent Englishman try to introduce that parliamentary system, which some persons choose to believe is even now breaking down before the eyes of the inhabitants of Great Britain.

What then can anybody do? Heaven knows! Mr. Stead says he came away from Russia with a keen sense of the powerlessness of the czar. Alexander III is intensely in earnest in trying to wipe out the evils that he believes with all his soul most afflict Russia. These are three—the Jew, famine and typhus—and a heretical hatred of Protestant Nonconformists upon the ancient and orthodox Greek church. These evils the czar desires with passionate earnestness to extirpate.

The czar, as he would be the first to confess in office as powerless to effect between him and check chaos as he is to modify the rigor of the Russian winter or arrest the advance of the Russian glacier. Mr. Stead does not believe in Russia do not realize the immensity of its area, and the absence of those elements which, in America and England, are relied upon to effect changes and to initiate reforms. There is no fourth estate that great mass which is like the vis inertiæ of a glacier. If Stepniak or Prince Kropotkin or George Kennan were czar tomorrow, they would no more be able to transform the country or eradicate the evils which are continually being held up to the execration of the world than M. de Lesseps or Edison would be able to quicken the march of the Rhone glacier.

HILL RALLIED BY REED.

The Ex-Speaker Pays His Respects to the New Senator.

A CLEVELAND CANARD EXPLODED.

The Ex-President Denies That He Wrote a Letter Declining to Be a Candidate and That His Wife Was Instrumental in Having It Destroyed—Political Notes.

PORTLAND, Me., March 18.—The Young Men's Republican club held its third annual dinner at Gilbert hall under unusually favorable auspices. Hon. Thomas B. Reed was the central figure. Among those present were Hon. Henry B. Cleaves, Hon. Charles F. Libby, Hon. C. E. Gibbs, of Bridgton; Hon. E. B. Mallet, of Freeport; Hon. Marius F. King, Hon. A. B. Neally, of Lewiston, and many representative Republicans of this city and county. After cigars were lighted President E. C. Reynolds announced that he had received letters of regret from Hon. James G. Blaine, Senators Hale and Frye and others. He then introduced Hon. Thomas B. Reed, who after a short introduction of a complimentary nature plunged into a discussion of national affairs. Said he:

Senator Hill Criticised.

Perhaps the very best example of the fundamental differences between the Democratic and Republican parties can be seen in that copious excursion of Jaybel in search of his father, or David hunting the presidency—[laughter and applause]—which is now visible under southern skies. David B. Hill is a typical Democrat and he ought to be the presidential candidate of his party, because he represents it. He is the best that the party can do for it. But even if he is elected, he will be it. The Democratic party is the party of odds and ends. It is part and parcel of the counter or remnant order. It is made up of people who are opposed to us for reasons which has happened. It is a party of negation.

When Mr. Hill bloomed into a United States Senator he hastened to give the first signal instance of his national leadership in a speech in which he invited the Democrats in congress assembled to repeal the McKinley tariff bill and silver act of the year 1890. This was an excellent instance of true Democratic principle. Let us, for heaven's sake, get back to yesterday if we can.

We would like to reel back the tide of 1,800 years, but we are quite sure that we couldn't do it; but let us at least establish something which is the Democratic way in trying to put back civilization for a couple of years at least. Surely there could not be any better experiment of what Democracy is and what it means.

The Constitution Question.

Mr. Hill says in his speeches that the Whig party has passed away, other parties have passed away, but the Democratic party is forever and ever. That is so. That rises from the very nature of things. There never was in the world a pancake so flat that it didn't have an under side. Or, to raise this metaphor to the dignity of the present occasion, there never was an army that didn't have a rear guard. But, say some of you, this rear guard of yours seems to have been pretty well to the front at the last election. Well, I admit it, but see what they are doing in congress assembled. You can change your vision, but never your minds when you cross even the widest seas. That rear guard of ours is to the front to-day looking as far backward as it ever did in days of yore. Nature will assert itself. They no more think of being pioneers in the future than they ever thought of initiating the civilization of the world.

Mr. Hill says that the Democratic party should stand by the principles of the party, but he never utters one except as a glittering generality, about as useful, as the rule of practice, as the distinct guidance of a will o' the wisp in a quagmire. A strict construction of the constitution, he says, must be had. A strict construction of the constitution, why the best thing that patron saint of Democracy, Thomas Jefferson, ever did in this country—the Louisiana purchase—was in defiance of the strict construction of the constitution and in defiance of his own principles as he said himself.

The Republican party is a party of action. Whenever anybody is to be done the country elects Republican officers to do it, and then with that single exception of human nature, they generally punish them for doing it.

Mr. Reed's remarks were received with long continued applause.

Senator Hill in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, March 18.—All the way from Macon to Savannah, wherever Senator Hill's train made a stop, some of the people boarded it to shake the senator's hand. As it entered this city the engineer started his whistle and kept it going. The signal started the other whistles in the railroad yards, and they shrieked a strident and deafening welcome to the party as the train drew into the station. Senator Hill stepped it was surrounded by a crowd, which welcomed the senator as he stepped upon the platform with cheers and cooing of hands.

M. A. O'Byrne and J. M. Bryan, of the Hibernian society, met the senator at the station and escorted him through the surging crowd to a carriage which was in waiting for him, and in which he was taken to the De Soto Cote, where the banquet was held. Senator Hill said:

GENTLEMEN OF THE HIBERNIAN SOCIETY—It is presumptuous on my part to attempt to follow the eloquent words that you all over the country as the land of orators and eloquence. My embarrassment is relieved by the fact that, glancing over the list of officers of your club I think I recognize some that I am among friends. [Laughter.] Glancing over the names I am induced more of the general committee of — many Hall than of anything else. [Prolonged and repeated laughter and applause.] I am glad to know something of that organization.

Speaking of your orators I think I know where the most prevalent of the United States, whoever he may be, can fill up his whole subject. Slingluffer and I have been and talk about the loyalty of Savannah. I had not been here an hour before I was convinced that every citizen here was in favor of the land for an appropriation for the harbor. [Great laughter.]

The senator said that he had promised to vote for the appropriation, and his only fear might cost the government heavily. As he had been very busy, the senator said, hunting and fishing down south [prolonged laughter] he had prepared a few remarks which he would read. He then read his prepared speech, which was on a line with those delivered at Jackson and Birmingham.

The Iowa Convention Harmonious.

DES MOINES, March 18.—President Harrison's Des Moines friends held a Republican state convention here. A delegation was selected to represent the state at the national convention, pledged to vote as a unit for the renomination of the president, and all of which, it is confidently believed, will vote for him.

The selection of A. B. Cummings, a prominent Anti-Prohibitionist, as temporary chairman, was regarded as an indication that both factions are to be united for the national campaign. On assuming the chair Mr. Cummings spoke at length on the issues before the party in state and nation. He referred to Senator Hill as "the last stronghold in Democratic politics," and declared that for the first time in the history of the United States, a great national party lay prostrate at the feet of a local organization, Tammany Hall.

For delegates at large General J. S. Clarkson and R. R. Rood, ex-Governor Sykes, H. Gear and D. C. Chase were chosen.

The following platform report was presented by R. M. Clark, of Keokuk. The resolutions declared that there is no test of fidelity to the principles of the party to-day other than an adherence to the fundamental principles as announced in its national platforms, and continue:

That we cordially indorse the administration of President Harrison. It has been a worthy successor to the series of Republican administrations begun by Lincoln, and have made the last half century of the republic free, united and prosperous to a degree unrivaled in human history. The foreign policy of President Harrison has kept every pledge made by his party, and elevated and strengthened the American name and honor abroad. He has surrounded himself by a cabinet which has in every department conserved the interests of the country and added new strength and lustre to American statesmanship.

Resolved, That we appeal to Republicans in all parts of the state to unite, disregarding all local differences, and on the platform of national Republicanism, the maintenance of protection, the full establishment of reciprocity as a policy of the government, which is one of the great achievements of the present administration, the elevation and prosperity of labor, the maintenance of a sound currency, every dollar of which shall be equal to every other dollar, and of securing to all American citizens, white or black, their equal legal rights, the republicans of Iowa shall re-establish the old political rank and make the state triumphantly Republican in November.

The report was adopted without opposition and the convention adjourned.

A Cleveland Canard Exploded.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Evening Telegram published a spread story, under a sensational head, to the effect that Grover Cleveland recently wrote a letter declaring that he would not allow his name to be put in nomination. This letter was said to have been written by the ex-president, but before it was to be given to the press Mrs. Cleveland sent for one of the most trusted friends of her husband, and with the assistance of other friends induced the leader was persuaded to withdraw the letter.

A reporter of the United Press showed this article to ex-President Cleveland, at his home at Lakewood, N. J., and Mr. Cleveland denied the story in toto, and said it was made out of the whole cloth.

Mr. Cleveland showed the article to ex-Secretary Fairchild, E. Ellery Anderson and other friends and supporters of Mr. Cleveland in New York. They all declared that they had never heard of it, that they had never heard of Mr. Cleveland writing such a letter, and that they were positive he had not done so. At the headquarters of the democratic state Democratic committee the story was said to be "rot."

A Combine in Colorado.

DENVER, March 18.—The Times prints a very sensational article in which it claims and proves that a conspiracy, headed by ex-Senator N. P. Hill and seconded by Griffith, of The Sun, is on foot to head off Senators Teller and Wolcott, and send a Harrison delegation, regardless of silver, to Minneapolis. Senator Wolcott refused to put up money to fight Wolcott. He refused, and Evans, son of ex-Governor John Evans, seems to have been induced to contribute and put up funds and run his brother-in-law, Judge Elbert, for the United States senate in opposition to Wolcott. The Sun has been committed to the anti-silver delegation because Moffatt and others made trouble to free silver own a controlling interest in the paper, but The Sun says nothing about Wolcott's policy against Harrison. The combine is one of the strongest ever formed.

FASHIONS

EARLY SPRING BONNETS.

The Low, Flat Shapes with Soft Crowns and Straight Brims Still Prevail.

The smallest importations in spring bonnets show few changes from the now fashionable low, flat model. English split straws and Milans come in various colors for serviceable general wear; simple spring hats are found also in lightweight chips and Neapolitan, while there are a variety of fancy braids and lace straws.

A leading French milliner is using a mixture of orange, nasturtium and light lemon shades in her bonnets. The capotes are small; the crown pointed in open gold work or in the shape called "toque d'avocat" in open jet. Strings are worn to hats and bonnets.

A pretty spring capote has the crown composed entirely of one large pale yellow chrysanthemum, at the back a small bunch of orange and lemon feathers; the coiffant, or front that rests on the hair, of pale yellow Chine ribbon and lemon moire strings. Large pasts or diamond crystal pins are used to fasten the bonnets and hats. A hat

AN EARLY SPRING BONNET.

moderate in size, has a jet crown with a Spanish point in front, and is turned up at the back, with a bird called tangara (the tail in the shape of a lyre); a ruched black lace brim, and in front two crystal pins; black velvet strings.

Lace, ribbon, flowers and feathers are included among fashionable trimmings. Jet is to be worn even on straw hats and bonnets, sometimes in a narrow edge finishing the brim. Long stemmed flowers quivering from the brim of a large hat are stylish. Long strings are brought from the back of bonnets, to be tied under the chin and fall in long ends. White and light colored straws are worn by those who are in mourning. A striking feature of some English bonnets consists of strings long enough to reach the hem of the dress and ornamented at the ends with tassels or crystal drops.

Brown is a color that holds its own, white yarn and black made a combination useful for wear with a variety of dresses.

The exceptionally deep crowns of spring bonnet shows in the cut is in gray fancy straw.

JOLIET YAWNS FOR THEM

Startling Official Corruption Unearthed in Chicago.

BRIBERY RULED IN ITS COUNCIL.

At Least Ten Aldermen and Some of the City's Most Prominent Citizens to Be Indicted by the Grand Jury—The Rottenness Said to Be Appalling.

CHICAGO, March 18.—At last the boodling aldermen of Chicago's city council are to be brought to justice. State's Attorney Longenecker and the Citizens' association have begun an investigation which will be completed only when a large number of the aldermen, and possibly some prominent citizens, are landed behind the bars of the Joliet penitentiary. Today the grand jury, at the instance of the state's attorney and on the strength of the evidence submitted by him, decided to at once begin an investigation of the boodling methods of the council. Subpoenas will be issued at once for certain aldermen, notably Aldermen Kunz, Coleman, Darling, Roth, Cremer, Culherton and O'Brien, and they will appear before the official inquisitors tomorrow. Indictments and arrests will follow in quick succession.

There is plenty of evidence to convict some of the most prominent aldermen, and it has been furnished largely by their own colleagues. The proceedings of the council for the last year or two have been engaging the close attention of several well known citizens. They have been gathering evidence against the aldermen, and have now secured it in such shape that, together with the testimony of some members of the council, who hope to appease offended justice and retain their liberty, makes a strong and convincing indictment against the swindlers of the council.

Sensational Disclosures.

The evidence is ample to secure conviction. Some of the boldest boodlers are now falling over each other in their hurry to reach the state's attorney's office. There was consternation in the council when it was learned that their official acts were to become a subject of investigation by the grand jury.

Several were paralyzed with fright when they found that they were being closely observed by detectives. There is therefore no possibility of their escaping justice by flight to Canada, as for the honor indictments will be returned by the grand jury and those aldermen who have boldly and almost publicly sold franchises to corporations will be in the clutches of the law.

The evidence against them is of the most sensational character. Witnesses will testify regarding the sums of money paid for various franchises granted. In the last year, the amount each aldermen received for his vote, and when, where and by whom the money was paid. The occasions which contained the cash will be exhibited, and it will be shown that they were handed the boodlers in certain saloons and meeting places. It will also be shown that the lobby in the back room of the council chamber was a favorite place for the passing of money from the base boodlers to the greedy councilmen.

It is known that all aldermen have squealed. Public criticism has been too strong for these weak ones, and they determined to save their own liberty by turning state's evidence rather than submit to prosecution. The evidence to be presented to the grand jury is not to be made public at present. It has been worked up without regard to expense by public spirited men, and a full disclosure at this time would but put in the hands of the defendants the tools with which to prove the alibi and establish other methods of defense. The rottenness in all classes of society who are subject to the investigations and prosecutions of the law.

The Corruption Appalling.

It will be shown that the Union compressed air, the Northern Pacific and the economic gas ordinances went through by virtue of the purchase in hard cash of the votes of city fathers. Who these were, and price of their votes and the people who paid for them will be given, and those who paid the money and made the purchase will be held amenable to the law as fully as those who sold their votes.

"I have all the evidence I require," said State's Attorney Longenecker, "to convict several aldermen. I can assure you it will not only be ample to convict the boodlers, but it will cause a sensation in this community. The sensational disclosure is supposed to be disclosures as to the names of men who have been doing the bribing, among Chicago's most prominent citizens.

"One member of the grand jury who is familiar with the evidence said that there was not the slightest doubt that several members of the council could be sent to Joliet.

"The corruptions that will be shown to have existed in the council," said he, "is simply appalling. We have absolute proof of facts and where several aldermen received money for their votes I know the amount received and the persons and corporation that gave is to them. Citizens will be surprised and horror stricken when the whole facts come to be known.

"How many aldermen are indicted?"

"I am not at liberty to say. The number cannot be less however. The men who received the bribes, moreover, will not be the only ones punished. The evidence against the officers and employees of some of the corporations which have been granted franchises and other valuable privileges is equally strong, and they will be made to stand up and take the medicine prescribed by law for giving bribes."

A Newspaper Insurance Test.

HARRISBURG, March 18.—The attorney general has instituted proceedings against the Philadelphia Inquirer for alleged violation of the insurance laws by offering $500 to each person killed with an inquirer coupon.

No Truce of Foes.

TOLEDO, March 18.—The shortage of Insurance Agent Elbert A. Pope is found to be over $50,000. Mrs. Pope is still inquiring between life and death. In spite of the slightest chew has been found of the missing man.

Blaine and Grant Better.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Secretary Blaine and Assistant Secretary of War Grant are both much improved. They expect to resume their official duties next week.

Funeral of the Grand Duke.

DARMSTADT, March 18.—The funeral of the late Grand Duke of Hesse took place and an immense throng of people attended the ceremonies.

Peruvian Inaugurated.

GUATEMALA, March 18.—General Reina Barrios was inaugurated president with much ceremony. The country is in perfect peace.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

Is composed of the very best materials and is a very powerful glass. Can be quickly set for the eyesight of any person. Can be quickly set for the distance of the farm, or any distance desired. Every farmer should have one. QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS is the best in the world.

Prices { Medium size glass $2 / All in leather case $2.50 / Largest size, all in leather case $3 } with strap.

The cheapest glass in the market considering quality.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by return mail, postage paid.

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Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.—
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black Hose, 23 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Bermudors' fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mosquitaires, in tans, and slate, 89c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

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CHEAPEST TO
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HARNED ACADEMY, Bowling and Dey Block, Park place. School will re-open MONDAY, JAN. 18th, 1892. For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD HARNED, Principal, 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, 22 and 24 High Instruction in English and French. At home from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and 2 to 3 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

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SOPRANO SOLOIST,
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
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Fine Groceries,
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20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
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Orders Left at Honeybrook Coal Yard in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner on short notice.

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FREDERICK F. CHASE
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Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.
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Carriages for all occasions for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
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DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES,
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ALL SIZES,
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By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
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Holders and Segars can be found only at
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Having Purchased from C. A. Brown his business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
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The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Such mistakes rectified. Special attention to flannels. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city, or suburbs free of charge.
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Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department just added, is a new venture.
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C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 2 East Front street.

A BIG SOCIETY SCANDAL

The Astor Beauty, Mrs. Coleman Drayton, the Cause.

HER HUSBAND DEMANDED A DUEL.

Harrold Borrowe Declined to Fight, Saying Drayton Had Forfeited His Rights. Both Are Crossing the Ocean on the Majestic, and There May Be a Tragedy.

LONDON, March 18.—The White Star steamship Majestic, which is endeavoring to break the record between Queenstown and Sandy Hook, may arrive in New York with a tragedy on board.

Two of her passengers are Hallett Alsop Borrowe, son of Samuel Borrowe, vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, and James Coleman Drayton, who married Augusta, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Astor. Mr. Drayton sailed on the Majestic from Liverpool Wednesday. Mr. Borrowe, learning this fact after the steamer had left the Mersey, took the Irish mail at 8 o'clock Wednesday night and overtook her at Queenstown Thursday. He is accompanied by Harry Vane Milbank, whose reputation as a duelist is known throughout Europe.

A Queer Arrangement.

For two months the American colonies of London and Paris have heard vague rumors of a prospective duel between Mr. Borrowe and Mr. Drayton, growing out of suspicions entertained by Drayton regarding Borrowe's friendship with Mrs. Drayton, which Borrowe has always declared to be entirely Platonic. Friends of Mr. Borrowe say that Mr. Drayton recently made charges against his wife to her parents, and that they agreed to pay him $5,000 a year and $15,000 a year for the children, who should remain under her care; but that if she kept up her acquaintance with Borrowe the children and their $15,000 income should come under the charge of Mr. Drayton.

In the fall of last year Mr. Drayton and his wife and children came to Europe, and he took a house at Wimbledon, spending most of his time, however, in London, where he made the St. James' club, in Piccadilly, his headquarters. Mr. Borrowe arrived in London in January and took up his abode in the Hotel Victoria.

Caught Lunching Together.

Soon after his arrival Mr. Drayton found Mr. Borrowe and Mrs. Drayton lunching together at Midland Grand hotel. According to Mr. Borrowe's friends Mr. Drayton came up to them accompanied by two detectives and said:

"Ah! Caught you again! When are you going to bolt?"

Then he left the room. It was not long afterward that the correspondence passed between the two men, and Mr. Drayton endeavored to bring about a duel. Mr. Borrowe was ready enough, but his seconds, Harry Vane Milbank and Edward Wortley, refused to allow him to fight on the ground that Drayton's conduct in accepting money and the fact that he had been suspicious of his wife five years before he had challenged Borrowe, forfeited his right to ask for the satisfaction of a gentleman.

In this decision the seconds were upheld by no less authorities than Aurelien Scholl and the Duc de Morny, two of the most celebrated duelists in France.

Nevertheless, Drayton has not hesitated among his friends to attribute Borrowe's conduct to cowardice.

Drayton Followed Him.

Borrowe telegraphed to friends in America some time ago that he would sail on the Majestic. A week ago he postponed his departure for a week, and he learned only yesterday, when the steamship had sailed, that Drayton was on board.

Fearing that the circumstance that he had announced his own departure by the Majestic had given Drayton the idea that Drayton had, might lend color to Drayton's charge that Borrowe was afraid of him, Mr. Borrowe started for Queenstown at an hour's notice.

This is the reason why there may be a tragedy on board, though Milbank will do his best to prevent it.

The Scandal Expected.

NEW YORK, March 18.—People in New York who knew the Draytons have for some time been expecting an explosion of some kind. Society here remembers with curious distinctness that Mr. Drayton had no especial fondness for young Mr. Borrowe, and it remembers, too, that Mr. Borrowe some weeks ago himself declared to some friends that he was ready to be shot by Mr. Drayton; in fact, that he had presented himself before that gentleman and exclaimed:

"Shoot now, if you want; or I'll meet you anywhere."

The sympathies of society people all tend in the direction of Mrs. William Astor, the mother of Mrs. Drayton. She sailed for Europe just a month ago and is at present in France, with Mr. Astor, who went abroad before the holidays.

Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton was Miss Augusta Astor, the third daughter of Mr. William Astor. She was married to Mr. Drayton two years ago, in her father's house, on the corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-fourth street. Her choice of a husband was fully approved by her parents, and unalloyed happiness was predicted for the couple.

Mr. Drayton is a native of Philadelphia, related, of course, both to the Colemans and Draytons, and is of excellent family. The bride had a fortune of $500,000, according to report. Mr. Drayton has always been regarded as exceedingly quiet and unpretentious and was never very fond of the gay world. Mrs. Drayton, who was considered the beauty of the Astor family, had been accustomed to go about much more freely, and it is said she soon realized, after she and Mr. Drayton had settled down to married life, that they were not altogether compatible in temper.

Hall Challenges Fitzsimmons.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Warren Lewis has posted $1,000 with The World on behalf of Jim Hall, of Australia, and challenged Fitzsimmons to a finish fight before the club that would give the largest purse.

Another Fleecing Enterprise.

NEWARK, N. J., March 18.—The Equitable Enterprise company has followed the rest of the "get poor quick" concerns and has closed. The officers of the company have fled.

A Big Railroad Strike.

MONTREAL, March 18.—On the western division of the Canadian Pacific railroad the trainmen, yard and switchmen from Port William to the Rocky Mountains are out on strike.

Max Strakosch Dead.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Max Strakosch, the famous impresario, died of paralysis.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Effort to Move the Wo. ld's Fair Appropriation Increased Fulls.

ALBANY, March 18.—In the senate the finance committee reported the annual appropriation bill favorably and it was passed. The total of the bill is $9,093,956, an increase of $260,350 over last year. Senator Saxton's bill allowing the endowment of public libraries during the donor's lifetime was passed, as was the bill of Senator Edwards providing for allowing the women of the state to vote for school commissioners, the latter by a vote of 35 to 1.

The governor sent the name of Peter Walworth, of Chittenango, for commissioner of the state board of charities (reappointed), and he was confirmed. He also sent in the names of present trustees of the Middletown hospital for reappointment, and they were sent to the finance committee.

A report of progress was received from the committee on general laws on their investigation into the alleged coal combine in this state. The committee finds that the traffic is controlled by the Reading, Delaware and Lackawanna and Jersey Central roads and that the object of the combine was true. They had taken testimony to show that the combine purpose was to control coal traffic and thus the public pay any rate they demanded.

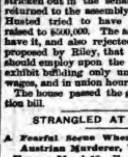
The assembly passed the World's fair bill without striking out the Sunday closing clause. The senate only last week decided against closing the World's fair exhibit on Sunday. The Sunday clause, which is an assembly amendment, will consequently be stricken out in the senate, and the bill be returned to the assembly for concurrence. Husted tried to have the appropriation raised to $500,000. The assembly would not have it, and also rejected an amendment, proposed by Riley, that the commissioner should employ upon the New York state exhibit bellhing only union men at union wages, and in union hours.

The house passed the game law codification bill.

STRANGLED AT A STAKE.

A Fearful Scene When Schneider, the Austrian Murderer, Was Gibbeted.

VIENNA, March 18.—Frank Schneider, who with his wife, assaulted and murdered many servant girls, was executed. Schneider was gibbeted after the Austrian method. He was entirely broken down as he was led



FRANK SCHNEIDER.

from the cell to the scaffold. As he saw the stake and spike from which he was to be hanged rising above it, his sallow face then turned a greenish hue, and he had almost to be carried to the spot. The stake had fixed in the top of it a spike about six inches long. Schneider shrieked: "Have mercy on me, my God! I will tell all." The priest who was in attendance upon him urged him to think of heaven. There were three steps to lift the doomed criminal up. He was lifted to the spike and the back of his neck held close to it. Then a cord was passed around his neck, fastening it tightly to the spike, and he was strangled to death.

To hasten his end the executioner pressed his arms around the mouth and nostrils of the dying criminal, while one assistant held and pulled Schneider's arms and another pulled his legs. The wretch died in four minutes. The body was left suspended to the stake.

Foster and "Flannel Mouth."

NEW YORK, March 18.—At the banquet of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, Secretary of State Thomas F. Foster was present. He was called upon for a speech and was introduced as a representative of the nation. He said: "I do not intend to trespass upon your time. While I was invited by your worthy chairman I was informed, and it was a part of the agreement, that I was not to make a speech, but confine myself to monthed Irishmen.'" (Laughter). He then made a short speech, and when he finished Mr. Sanders arose and asked, "Did you use the phrase, 'flannel mouthed Irishmen?'" "No," replied the secretary, and then the assemblage broke forth in prolonged applause.

Saved from Hanging.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 18.—Governor Markham commuted the sentence of Charles Freeman, who was to have been hanged today, to imprisonment for life. During an argument with Mark Feeney, a diminutive cook, Freeman carried him to a water barrel and held his head under water until he was drowned.

Postmasters Nominated.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The president nominated the following postmasters: Charles Wood, Sidney, N. Y.; Pennsylvania—William F. Briggs, Honesdale; Jonathan H. Langham, Indiana; William H. Bosser, Jones Mills; Asa S. Light, Lebanon. Hiram Young, York.

It Costs to Pay Fare.

BOSTON, March 18.—The first result of the passage of the anti-free pass bill was shown in a bill reported by the finance committee, which recommends the appropriation of $10,700 for traveling expenses of members of the house and $6,000 for the senators.

Excited Irishmen.

NEWARK, N. J., March 18.—The effigy of an Irishman, decorated with green ribbons, hanging to an electric light pole here, gathered a mob of excited Irishmen, but they dispersed peaceably after the dummy had been cut down.

"Steeple Jack" Killed.

LIVERMORE FALLS, Me., March 18.—C. Shaw, of Portland, widely known as "Steeple Jack," while repairing the spire of a church in South Livermore, fell from the top and was instantly killed.

His Wife and Babes Destitute.

TOLEDO, March 18.—Reginald Heber, solicitor for an installment house, started on his rounds Monday morning and has not been seen since. A wife and three children are left destitute.

Berlin Anarchists Arrested.

BERLIN, March 18.—The police arrested two more anarchists. The authorities are convinced that the anarchists meditate mischief in Berlin.

Hope for Senator Morrill.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Senator Morrill, it is believed, has passed the crisis, and there is now hope for his recovery.

Deacon's Trial Day Fixed.

RICE, March 18.—The trial of Mr. Deacon for killing M. Abelle has been appointed for May 10.

The Concord at St. Thomas.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The United States steamer Concord was arrived at St. Thomas.

In the Land of the Free.

"Where tonight?"

"I am going to congratulate Miss Beaufort."

"What's your rush? The engagement didn't come out till this morning."

"I know it, but I want to call before it is broken."—*Life.*

MADE LAWS BY GOVERNOR ABBETT.

He Signs Among Others the Bill Revising the State Corporation Tax.

TRENTON, March 18.—Governor Abbett has signed the bill which revises the corporation tax of the state. It taxes every telegraph, telephone, cable and express company 2 per cent. upon its gross receipts; gas and electric light companies one-half of 1 per cent. on gross amount of receipts; each oil or pipe line company eight-tenths of 1 per cent. of its gross receipts, and every insurance company, other than life, 1 per cent. of its gross receipts; each life insurance company 1 per cent. of its surplus according to the last December report.

The governor has also signed the bill which provides that all elections hereafter shall be conducted by the election board appointed by the county board of registration and elections. Also the bill that gives the board of public works of any city power to issue summons for a witness when any of its committees are conducting an investigation. Also to allow Newark to issue temporary loan certificates to pay for the opening of streets. Also a bill compelling freeholders to publish itemized accounts in newspapers.

The governor has not yet signed the bill which legalizes the coal deal between the Reading, Lehigh Valley and Jersey Central railroads, and much comment is the result.

Bank Bills Burned.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—A United States Express car on the Wabash was burned and $50,000 in bills consigned from Washington to the subtreasury in this city was burned so much as to be of no value. The federal authorities think the express company will not lose the entire amount.

Failure Follows Failure.

CHICAGO, March 18.—As a result of the Schweisthal failure Messrs. Nagle & Brecher, whisky and champagne commission merchants, intimately connected with Sieben & Co., of Denver, and M. Schweisthal & Co., bankers, followed these two concerns and suspended.

Balfour Talks Too Much.

LONDON, March 18.—The Times defends Balfour against the attack of the opposition and the lukewarmness of some of his own supporters. It admits that Mr. Balfour speaks oftener than prudence dictates.

Postmaster Nagee Arrested.

NEWARK, N. J., March 18.—Frank P. Magee, who has for three years been postmaster of Islandia, Morris county, was arrested by Postoffice Inspector McCready charged with rooting the mails.

Want the Priest to Resign.

NEWARK, N. J., March 18.—The Italians of this city have called a mass meeting for tonight to ask that Father Ali, who is alleged assaulted a little girl last week, to resign from his charge.

A Schooner Overdue.

BOSTON, March 18.—Schooner Tecumseh, which sailed from Baltimore over three weeks ago for here, has not been heard of since, and it is feared she is lost.

Lottery Dealers Stop.

LOUISVILLE, March 18.—The lottery venders of the Frankfort lottery have decided to remain closed until the matter is definitely settled in the courts.

Smallpox Kills Scores Daily.

GUANAJUATO, Mex., March 18.—Scores of deaths occur here daily from smallpox. All efforts to prevent a spread of the disease have failed.

An Express Thief Caught.

STAUNTON, Va., March 18.—Sam Wilson was arrested for stealing $2,380 from the Adams Express company. Wilson was captured by means of a decoy package.

A Railroad Changes Owners.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Delaware and Hudson Canal company has obtained full control of the Adirondack Railway company.

A Bomb for a Judge.

LYON, March 18.—A bomb was found at the door of the magistrate who sentenced three anarchists to terms of imprisonment.

Anarchist Once Arrested.

PARIS, March 18.—Cesare, a dangerous anarchist, has been arrested. The police found a quantity of dynamite in his room.

The Kaiser Attends a Concert.

BERLIN, March 18.—Yesterday William was officially well yesterday to preside at a cabinet council.

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LENBARGER'S, the Tailor,

P. O. 18 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay the others for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a Fit.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1-T. MORTGAGE

NO. 68 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

W. F. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8 0y

JOHN ARBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Rue and Prospect streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Store front and interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1504.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 89

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood finisher. cabinet. Shop corner of Grand and Sagers alley. Near Depot. P. O. Box 1504.

10-18-1y J. HERRMANN, 9 Sagers Court.

R. V. HAUSE,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near Sagers. Box P. O. Box 1268. Estimates cheerfully and promptly given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Somerset street and Prospect place. P. O. Box 628.

DIBBLE & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 6.

W. J. Pearson, No. 16 Vine street, H. S. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 19 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and window sashes a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens

made to order.

D. BECKWITH,

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER.

Has a full line of

JEWELRY

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

E. D. SCHENCK.

A postal card addressed to No. 60 Sumit Street will receive prompt attention. 2 0y

BROWN & HILL,

Slating and tank coating parlor, in rear of JOSEPH BOND, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Chimneys built and repaired quickly. Roof block hand cement with the slate.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

NEW YORK HARBOR.

Arrive—6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

Depart—6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAINE.

Arrive—8.30 a. m., 1.30, 5.45 p. m.

Depart—8.00 a. m., 1.00, 5.15 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.

Mail closes at 10.30 a. m.

E. B. POTT, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street and Communipaw ferry.

Time-table in effect Nov. 29, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leaves Plainfield at 7.15, 8.23, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

Sundays—7.15, 8.23, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

Arrive in New York, foot of Liberty street, 8.45, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 p

WORK IN WOMAN'S WORLD.

HER PROGRESS TOWARD GOOD SENSE IN DRESS.

The Very Latest Fashions—What Can Say They are Not Beautiful—The Summer Costumes are Already Designed.

When Bernhardt talks about dress she almost always says something worth hearing. Here's her latest: "I abhor your dog dress becomingly. That is my rule. See that what you wear suits you—your person, your individuality. Make your costume to suit you, not yourself to suit the costume."

Where will Women's Progress Lead.

In the progressive age the women are marching on like the march of John Brown. It is not an easy matter to foretell just what the future contains for the world, impelled by the higher education of woman and with both sexes on an equal plane of mental development.

Rev. Olympia Brown used to tell a funny little story about the woman question. A crate of puppies was standing in a baggage room of a railway station. A traveler observed them, went home informed and finally inquired where they were going. "That's the question of it," replied an employee, eying them critically. "I dunno where they're goin', nobody dunno where they're goin', the puppies theirselves dunno where they're goin', cause they dun et up their directions."

One Man's Point of View.

Why, oh why, will women, also, nest, closely women, persist in following so unnice, unnest and unclosely a fashion as the present one of wearing a trailing skirt in the street? Walking behind one of them is almost as unpleasant as walking in the wake of one our street-sweeping machines.

Their *gathering in of refuse* would be bad enough were they always of plain, heavy cloth, with the possibility of being brushed out and cleaned, but when these skirts are trimmed with a band of fur, which soon bedomes like unto an overused whisk-broom, then indeed is a combination achieved, the powers of which as a dirt accumulator are unequaled.

THE LENTEN GIRL

Very Demure and Clothed in a Gown Befitting the Season.

You may meet the demure devotee on any bright morning in her dove gray Lenten gown, simply fashioned, it is true, but with a simplicity marred with the unmistakable *Paris stamp and lined with* silk. The trailing gray skirt has no hint of trimming, but is finished with soft folds of material laid one above the other like tucks, and is joined to the waist beneath a chatelaine of dull silver, formed of rosary beads with a tiny silver prayer book fastened among its flagging trinkets. The waist is full from the high collar of velvet which comes down into the belt snugly and the long "chatelaine" sleeves have deep over sleeves fallfor to the elbow and edged with gray folds and repeating the chatelaine of a silver gray lining. A bonnet of purple violets is an essential part of the Lenten dress, either worn upon the head or fastened in the muff. The hat is black, and the veil thick and massive, emphasizing the fairness of the face beneath, and adding dangerous brilliancy to the eyes darkly fixed upon the book of prayer.—N. Y. Sun.

To Stop a Leak Temporarily.

"I do not know if one way of stopping a leak in a permanently known," says a young housekeeper, "but it struck me as original, and it is certainly very simple and effective. I was in a hotel the other day and saw that my cook, who is French, had something simmering on the fire. As she was pouring it out, *I saw a white ray* at the bottom of the saucepan. "What is that, Pauline?" I said. "Oh, did madame never see that way of mending a hole?" she explained. "I see, it is very simple," and she pulled out the little piece of linen and showed me quite a large hole in the agate pan. "I put the corner of a bit of linen through, so," she went on, "and then I pull it until the fulness is jammed very tight; then with a knife I cut it off on each side and it holds perfectly." I said I should think it would burn," I said. "It never does," said Pauline, "but I don't know why—perhaps because it remains wet—voila!"

The Tallow Tree.

The tallow tree is a tree reaching forty feet in height, the seeds of whose flowers are covered with something resembling tallow, which rises to the top when the seeds are thrown into boiling water, and, being skimmed off and pressed, makes a hard cake of tallow, from which excellent candles are manufactured and which can be used in various salves and ointments. The tree producing this really valuable substance is a native of China, but now is to be found all along our southeast seacoast.

Choose Your Furniture Carefully.

While a home is being built up there is continual pleasure in adding furniture piece by piece as one finds it, purchasing a choice bit here and there as one comes across something that suits—thus moulding the fabric of a home to meet the tastes and needs, as much a thing of perpetuity as earthly things can be.

Use White Sugar.

There is no economy in purchasing brown sugar. The moisture it contains more than makes up for the difference in price; but for some things, such as dark cake and mince pies, many cooks prefer it. Granulated sugar is the purest and best for ordinary uses.

Get Rid of the Roaches.

A remedy for roaches can be obtained by mixing gum camphor and powdered borax in equal parts, and scattering it around freely, but in small quantities, which must not be swept up, unless replaced, until all have disappeared.

A Baking Cover.

A box-shaped cover made of fine manilla or foolscap paper, cut at the corners and fastened with a stitch or two, or even with a pin, is very nice to place over a roast, cake or the like. It should be buttered or oiled for roasts.

THE OUR HOUSEHOLD COLUMN

DECORATIVE NOTES.

Designs for Means, a Fruity Handbag, Embroidered Linen Covers, Etc.

A charming design for a painted mantel consists of a single rose beautifully tinted, with the stalk apparently drawn through a slit in the card. A bunch of violets held together with a ribbon bow is another pretty design for the same use. The very attractive arrangement consists of daisies, primroses or violets, powdered over the surface of the card.

A handsome table for workroom, parlor or carriage use may be made of cream colored courtil, thirty inches long and eight inches wide. Fold twenty of these lengths in two, leaving a projecting piece of ten inches for the lapel at the top. This will make one seam on each side. Shape the extra piece of the top into a triangle or a leaf, and slightly gather it across where it extends beyond the bag, then pass it through an ivory ring, by which it can be suspended from the wall as desired. The front of the bag is prettily embroidered with a vinelike design, with jewels interspersed here and there. The bag should be lined with the same color used in the embroidery, a single tint being employed.

Large squares of white or cream linen, embroidered with fine cross stitch, are useful, and slightly gather it across where it extends beyond the bag, then pass it through an ivory ring, by which it can be suspended from the wall as desired. The front of the bag is prettily embroidered with a vinelike design, with jewels interspersed here and there. The bag should be lined with the same color used in the embroidery, a single tint being employed.

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CROWN DERBY VASE.

The English porcelains, including Crown Derby, Royal Worcester, Doulton, etc., are, it may be said, in high favor. Notable among these is Crown Derby, well known among connoisseurs for the brilliancy and purity of its coloring. Its ground colors are rich, and the gilding, jewelling and enameling of the ornamentation most handsome. A crown and two D's reversed represents the mark of this china. Perhaps the best examples of Crown Derby are in the enamel cabinet pieces, which vary in design and decoration from sumptuous oriental colorings and form to the most refined classic shapes and ornament. One set, reproduced in The Jewelers' Circular, is a characteristic example of a handsome Crown Derby vase. In this ware, colors, maroons, turquoise blue and azure are included among colors employed as backgrounds, with gold ornamentation in striking relief.

Household Hints.

Salt tongue should be soaked over night, and then cooked from five to six hours. Throw it into cold water when done, and peel off the skin and fat.

In cooking beans leave at least two inches of the top, and do not break off the little fibers or the juices will be lost.

To remove rust from knives cover the blades with sweet oil for a day or two and then rub with a lump of lime.

Salt and vinegar used hot will brighten copper and brass kettles.

A little borax added to cold starch is excellent for bleaching and stiffening.

A tight shoe may sometimes be made easy by laying a cloth wet in hot water across where it pinches, changing several times. The leather will shape itself to the foot.

Shred a cucumber by a cabbage and dip the head first in the dressing. You will soon have a firm bit of cord ready to be cooked, unless you wish to eat it, in which case nothing of the kind is necessary. Cucumbers, if nicely seasoned, are longer lasting will harden it. A large cabbage can thus be brought up to a steamer to prove if the crew is healthy or a cucumber can be passed in a bowl under a weight.

Art Furnishers.

The table china has always been dear to the feminine heart, and now art pottery has become a passion in the sophisticated set known as polished. Here is one of the newest methods of decorating objects. There are wonderfully pretty things to be had in the more inexpensive wares, and when one comes to the finer productions such as Sevres, Vienna, Dresden and the English porcelains, one revels in art treasures.

TOO PROGRESSIVE FOR HER.

I am a victim of a virtue, just a-month ago to-day;
A thing that's hale an hearty as stranger you all do see;
But I've heard some men this morrin that has made my old head ache,
An I'm going to tell them my troubles if I never speak no'e.

I've lived my fourscore years of life, and never till to-day
Was I taken for a jackass or an ignorous kind of jay.

Tew be stuffed with such darned nonsense
As I have seen in print this day,
That's a killin human bein's with their "microscopic germs."

They say there's "microbes" all about a-lookin for their prey;
There's nothin pure tew eat nor drink, an no safe place tew stay;
There's "ptomain" in the dewfall and "malary" in the sun;
Tain't safe to be outdoors at noon or when the day is done.

There's "bacters" in the water and "arthsony" in the meat,
"Anecdy" in the atmosphere, "calory" in the heat;
"corpuscels" an "pigments" in a human bein's blood,
An every other kind o' thing exhein sence the flood.

Terbacker's full o' "nickertees," whatever that may be,
An your mouth'll all get pestered with the "tanuin" in the tea.
The butter's "oxymargarees"—it never saw a cow;
An things is gittin wus and wus from what they be just now.

There beas is all about us, just a-waitin for a feast
Tew navigate our vitals an 'naw us off like pieces o' paste.
There's men that spends a lifetime huntin worms, just like a goose,
An tackin Latin names to 'em an lettin on 'em loose.

Now I don't believe sech nonsense an I'm not a-goin tew try;
If things has come tew such a pass I'm satisfied tew die.
I'll go hang me in the sullar, for I won't be sick a bit
As to walk until I'm pisoned by a "unaynmally cost."
—Lurana W. Sheldon in Brooklyn Life.

A Terrible Revenge.

Dicky—Wh-what's the matiah, old fellah? You look awfully devilish.

Cholly—Feel that way, old chappie—been subjected.

Dicky—You don't mean it? Why, I intahfered you to her myself. When was it?

Cholly—Lawst evening. I came right back to town—fellahs all saw my hair was crumpled and feared I'd do something violent, don't you know—as they sent for the police. They didn't dare stay in the room with me. Policeman came in and looked at me. Then he said that he'd need re-enforcements; heard him swear awfully. He went back to the station, but I guess the re-enforcements were afraid, for they never came.

Dicky—Pshemies me not to commit suicide, old chappie.

Cholly—I've been waiting for you to make my promise that, old fellah. If you hadn't I'd have done it, sure.

Dicky—Awfully lucky I came in.

Cholly—Saved my life.

Dicky—What are you going to do about it, dear boy? Of course you must do something.

Cholly—Going to revenge myself. Told her so—twitened her to death, I assuah you.

Dicky—How are you going to do it?

Cholly—Going to wait till she is engaged to some one, and then I'm going to cut him.

Dicky—What, with a knife?

Cholly—Oh, dash me, no. Just cut Miss Dicky—Oh, that will be awful.—Life.

"Beautiful."

The fashion in literature which consists in imparting vividness to a narrative by writing in very short sentences, disregarding grammatical construction, is a "real little story," which is as yet in manuscript, the following thrilling paragraph:

"Perkins entered a fashionable saloon. In a corner of the room sat four persons.

"They were engaged in low conversation. Three of them were men. One was a woman.

After a somewhat long and minute account of the appearance of these people, the narrative goes on:

"Suddenly the door opened. A peddler entered. He was a Jew. He carried a basket.

"He approached the persons in the corner. The woman bought of him three red cotton handkerchiefs. One of them was white."—Youth's Companion.

He Ate Too Much.

A colored couple, evidently belonging to the upper crust, of Thompson street colored society, were walking up Sixth avenue when a gentleman who was walking behind them overheard the following conversation:

"Adolphus, does yer still entertain dem same tender sentiments for me you used last night? Am I yer honeysuckle an yer dark eyed gazelle yit?"

"Of course I does, Miss Julian."

"Den don't feel like a hog at de supper tonight of you wants ter make folks b'lieve yer hubs me."—Texas Siftings.

Liked It Better That Way.

Customer—I got a bottle of cod liver oil here yesterday that you said you had disinfected so that no one would know it. I have brought it back.

Druggist—Why, isn't it all right?

Customer—No. Give me a bottle with out any disguise.—Life.

Long Jackets and Other Wraps.

Long jackets are more prevalent than any other style of wrap, but the cold weather has brought out the long cloaks, some of which seem to be all collars and fur trimming. The fashionable length of jacket cannot be said to be becoming. And it is now only one thing nor another. Jackets for smart wear are in black velvet or seal plush, with jet pockets and cuffs, or with a rich trimming of jet and no jet pockets. There is an attempt to introduce confining jackets in rough cloth, Astrakhan or sealskin, but at present there is not much inclination for them. They only look well on tall, slight figures, and those figures, as a rule, like to show themselves in well fitting jackets. The boxed cloaks which look as if they were cut from a large checked Angola shawl, fringe and all, are becoming popular for driving and traveling.

With a Moral.

A Weak Man going up, and said:

"I took a thistle yesterday." It requires less exertion, not from choice. I pray you, sir, assist me to regain the summit."

"Gladly," said the Strong Man, his face *illumined with the glory of self-esteem.* "I have always considered my strength a sacred gift in trust for my fellow men. I will take you along with me. Just get behind me and push."—San Francisco Examiner.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PAPE AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY

Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
213 2t*on

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL.

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken by

Reasonable Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison Avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention to transient guests.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

PLAINFIELD.

No. 11 E. Front St.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

BOUGHT AND SOLD,

AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)

G. R. Musgrave, Proprietor.

Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at

Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,

No. 68 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 600 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 6000 barrels daily.

This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 26. Nos. 6, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Auction Sale at Carey's

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 18th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Oak Bedroom Suites, Chiffonieres, Ex-tables,

Parlor Suites, Double and Single Bureaus, Carpets and Rugs, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Quilts and lots of other things too numerous to mention.

Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz.: French peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Pork and sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Salt & Wisbermer's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hamburg asparagus and tips.

Special reductions given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewerth's Pork and Beans.

79 BROADWAY.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'

Are you going to Europe?

Anchor Line Steamers—

CITY OF ROME,

ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, Etc

Hamburgh American Packet Co.'s

AUGUSTA VICTORIA,

FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, Etc

to any port.

Passenger tickets and drafts for sale by

HERBT D. MORRISON,

9 Somerset Street.

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe——Made of *Calf Skin*——Narrow toe with tip——Square toe plain——Good Fitters——Good Shapes——Worth $3 to any man,——And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this beautiful open stock pattern and save just one half. The set is in "Decorated Virginia Crescent, on Parisian Granite body, illuminated with gold. Good decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

The pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, as broken pieces can be replaced by one used at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $18 to $25. We have marked them where at New York prices, and a set can be made from this pattern cost, as near as 50 to 60 per cent. less than the enlarged set can be bought for elsewhere. Don't buy any dinner sets now. Wait until you see ours in this advertisement. Decorated Toilet Sets at $12, worth $18, 20 per cent. off on decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Lamp Shades and chimneys in endless variety, and our prices ensure you the all time to go to others to look. Matching one piece now. Christmas Goods—Don't buy until you see our prices. It will save you money. If we can't show you the most complete line of Tableware in town at prices the lowest, we promise not to ask you to look at it. We have bought a large line of Decorated Ware this Spring, and sell them for less than what they would cost in New York. Remember you get your goods on sale at the counters and we have no pay of them.

Don't be fooled by auctioneers. 12 50 Gents Toilet Sets at $2.98 at 25 cents. Thousands are going to be Plastered and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

$10 SAVED

ON AN EXTRA 9-FRAME

Body Brussels Carpet.

THEY ARE FINE NEW STYLES and on a carpet of 40 yards we will guarantee to save the purchaser just $10.

It's the Biggest Bargain we ever offered. The quantity is limited. SPEAK QUICK.

EDSALL'S!

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMPURGH & WHITE'S.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen that new one that we are offering? It's the finest at bargain we have ever offered. Can be had in pink, blue or gray. If you do not answer one of these. Price $2.98. Is there any use of writing?

And how about your Dinner Set? We are offering a very fine English Porcelain Decorated Set, 100 pieces for $13.50. This is bargain.

The Stocking Trade we are after and are getting it with both feet. Ladies' fine cashmere hose just received 500 pairs of new goods, the latest and choicest designs.

We make special attention to a line of Hemstitched Handkerchiefs that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever shown in this city.

Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose, value 25c., our price 19c. Another case of those fine Ladies' Fast Black and Tan Hose, same as you usually pay 35c. for; our price 25c.

Our sale of Ruchings from yesterday still continues. This is the finest lot we have ever shown, and you may be sure that the same price that we put for good things.

Van Empurgh & White.

Just Received!

OUR

First Shipment

OF

BABY CARRIAGES

Including all kinds and prices

CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell,

or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

12 EAST FRONT STREET

A Novel Invention!

Of great merit. Constructed on scientific principles. The

ARNOLD STEAM COOKER

and

STEAM TEA and COFFEE COOKER.

In the kitchen and elsewhere.

"The best hold, place of mine and soon gone all right."

The Arnold Steam Cooker prevents cook accidents. Can be used over a stove or coal fire, or one oil stove, or over an alcohol lamp. With capacity suitable for any family. Please call and see it at 64 Park avenue.

M. H. BEACH, Agent.

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by White Brothers, 30 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 29tf

NEW

Spring Dunlap Style

OF

DERBY,

Out

TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

2 West Front Street.

This Date in History—March 18.

1766—Repeal of the Stamp Act.

1837—Queen of King Edward of England, commonly called "The Martyr."

1845—Texas annexed to the United States.

1850—John Caldwell Calhoun, statesman, born in South Carolina, died.

1858—Adam Horne Tesko, English political writer, died.

1865—Gen. Joseph Hawley, of Connecticut, born.

1867—Gen. Alexander H. Rice, governor of Massachusetts, born.

1869—George Yeo Cuprier selected as chancellor for Imperial Monarchy.

1875—Lieutenant Arthur Dunn shot and killed Frank Walters, a newspaper man, in Mesa Orizaba, Mexico, for criticising the former's conduct in the Hennessy murder cases.

Seems Rather Rough.

Little Nell—What's the matter?

Little Dick—Pop caught me smoking an he's going to lick me.

"When?"

"Quick as he gets through smoking."—Good News.

A Thwarted Ambition.

I would I were a "funny man,"
But Fate has been unkind;
I have no knack in trade of jokes
Such as they seem to find.

No one cooks onions in my food,
My gas bills are not large;
The ice man makes, I must admit,
A reasonable charge.

My cook is all that I could wish,
And hash I never see;
A janitor woman never lived
That's any better-to-last.

My coat has never carried home
A note from some stray cur;
I never knew a hotel clerk
Nor bill collector, pal.'

Typewriters do not bother me—
My own is quick and neat;
The only western girl I knew
Had very dainty feet.

The theater bats I've sat behind
Were of a modest height;
The bathing dresses I have seen
Were never "out of sight."

The chorus girls I've known were young
The choirs I've heard could sing;
I sometimes even like to read
A dainty "Ode to spring."

And so, although I'd like to be
One of these funny folks,
I have to give it up, because
Where can I get my jokes?
—James B. Burnett in Life.

1892	MARCH.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 5 8:14 a.m. | Third Quarter 21 2:10 a.m.
Full Moon 13 7:55 a.m. | New Moon 28 2:10 a.m.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE WORK OF TRAMPS.

WHILE PRETENDING TO SEEK FOOD THIS MORNING

They Find the Servant Girl Alone, Point a Revolver at Her Head to Prevent an Alarm, Assault Her, and Then Escape.

About six o'clock this morning the servant girl in the employ of Mr. Lemuel Serrell on East Front street, started down stairs to the kitchen to prepare breakfast for the family. Hearing a knock at the kitchen door, she opened it and was accosted by two tramps, who asked for something to eat. She told them that she was only getting the fire started and had nothing. Meanwhile the tramps edged their way indoors. Suddenly one of them drew a revolver and held it to the girl's head, threatening to blow out her brains if she gave any alarm, while she was criminally assaulted by the other. When they had accomplished their purpose they disappeared, and when the terrified girl had gotten over her fright she called up Mr. Serrell and told him of what had occurred. Mr. Serrell immediately telephoned the affair to Sergeant Lynch at police headquarters.

Mr. Lynch hurriedly got out and started with other policemen in search of the scamps, but got not the slightest trace of them.

Telegrams have been sent in all directions to secure the arrest of all tramps within a radius of twenty miles or more, in the hope of getting those wanted.

The servant girl is about thirty-five years of age, and unmarried. Dr. Boone was summoned later in the day to attend her. She seemed greatly overcome by the shock. The doctor found evidence to confirm the story as true, though it is difficult to understand how an alarm could not be given in time to capture the miscreants.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clearer and somewhat colder.

BREVITIES.

—There was not a quorum present at the time set for a meeting of the Grocers' Association last evening and it was adjourned.

—The Independent Gun Club of North Plainfield will have a shooting contest on their grounds in North Plainfield one week from next Wednesday.

—An anonymous correspondent who requests us to publish the name of a winner in a drawing last evening is informed that to publish such information is contrary to law.

—Priestley's famous black silk warp Henriettas and other popular black goods are advertised for sale at Edsall's at prices just as low as in New York. He says that persons about to put on mourning attire will find it to their interest to examine his large stock.

—The four o'clock evangelistic meetings under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. at 78 West Front street, Sunday afternoons, are being attended with a large increase in numbers, and revival interest. The Union extend a most hearty invitation to these services.

—Mr. J. Coleman Drayton, the man who challenged Hallett Borrowe to a duel, and is returning from France on the steamship Majestic, an account of which was published in THE NEWS of yesterday, is a cousin of Mr. William Drayton of Crescent avenue.

—An invitation dance was given by Mr. Puvillard at Mt. Bethel Hall last Tuesday night. A fair sized company assented in full force. Among the guests we noticed the beautiful blonde, little Mary E. By the way, she is a lover of roses, but there was no trotter in it this time. She had been in Plainfield for the last week where she saw the robbers. As this intelligence reached us too late, we could not give it publicity in last week's issue, although the little Miss was eagerly looking for it. They all had a good time, to say the least. Helps furnished the music.—Bound Brook Democrat.

Arrested for Burglary.

The blankets, robes, etc, that were stolen from Bound Brook a few weeks ago have been recovered, having been found in the possession of David and James Taylor of that place, who purchased them of a tramp named Henry Hoffman. Hoffman has been arrested and is now in the New Brunswick jail awaiting trial.

Men's Meeting To-morrow.

Mr. C. B. Brown, assisted by members of his class for men, will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. An unusually large number of testimonies may be expected. All men are invited to be present and to join heartily in the singing which is an especial feature of these meetings.

A Sleigh Overturned.

A sleigh occupied by a young man and young women, names unknown, was overturned at the corner of Front and Liberty streets shortly after eight o'clock last evening. The young woman was slightly injured. One of the shafts of the vehicle was broken. The sleigh-ride was postponed.

Mrs. Fernald Will Speak.

Mrs. Fernald, wife of Rev. James C. Fernald of this city, well known in the temperance work, will deliver the address at the monthly evening service in the Congregational church to-morrow evening at 7.30.

INDIVIDUAL BOWLING TOURNAMENT.

The Members of Crescent League Who-Will Compete.

N the League's alleys the Crescent League Individual Bowling Tournament, will be resumed under the schedule 1 s h w. All games not rolled as scheduled will be declared forfeited unless illness pre-

vents the player from bowling, in which case application must be made to committee before six p. m. of the day for which game is scheduled. No trading of dates will be allowed.

Monday, March 21st—Hallock to play Brett, Leggett, and Hervey Doane; Brett, Leggett, and Hervey Doane; Leggett, Harvey, Tevis, Ames and Van Emburg; Buckie; Arnold, Adams, and Keller.

Tuesday, March 22d—Codington, Woolston, McIntyre, and Van Winkle; McIntyre, Van Winkle and Davis; Van Winkle, and Davis; Woolston, Barnes, and Edwards; Edwards, Barnes, Haynes, Emerson, Hawkins, Hervey Doane.

Wednesday, March 23d—Hallock, Van Emburg, Adams, Buckie; Van Emburg, Keller, Adams; Adams, Keller; Buckie, Reed, Leggett; Reed, Leggett, Moore; Moore, Haynes.

Thursday, March 24th—Barnes, Davis, Van Winkle, Haynes; Davis, Hervey Doane, Haynes; Hervey Doane, Haynes, Rogers, Brett, Van Emburgh, Emerson; Van Emburgh, Codington, Moore; Moore and Brett.

Friday, March 25th—Schuits Green, Hervey Doane; Green, Hervey Doane, Hallock; Hervey Doane, Hallock; Hallock, Buckie; Buckie, Codington, Davis, Thiers, Van Winkle, Emerson; Van Winkle, Leggett, Woodruff.

Saturday, March 26th—Teel, Woodruff, Keller, Brett, Woodruff, Keller, Brett; Brett, Hawkins; Reed, Adams, Emerson, Haynes, Adams, Lyman, Hawkins; Lyman, Leggett.

A MARRIED WOMAN PICKS UP A LAPROBE.

Takes It Home to Await an Owner and is Arrested.

Mrs. Susan Johnson, formerly janitress at the depot, found a laprobe on the sidewalk in front of her house on Manning avenue, North Plainfield, Wednesday evening about nine o'clock, while on *the way to the grocery. She took it into* the house and called her husband's attention to it, and also her children, with directions to watch the paper next day and see if whoever lost it should advertise, so that it could be returned. Next morning she went to work as usual. Meanwhile Cabman Keilly, who had been driving Johnson home in a cab earlier in the evening, and who had it appears dropped the robe from his cab, *upon missing it next morning procured a* search warrant and found the robe thrown over a chest in the hall room of Mrs. Johnson's house. Officer Jones, on her return from work, he had Mrs. Johnson arrested.

THE NEWS preferred to withhold particulars of the affair yesterday until Mrs. Johnson had a chance to explain.

When told the charge she was astonished. She was taken before Justice Sperry, who bound her in the sum of $50 to await the action of the Grand Jury. Mrs. Johnson says she told Marshal Codrington she had found the robe, but when Mr. Keilly asked her, she did not believe it was his and that he had heard who the owner was and only wanted to find out if she knew anything about it so that he might get the credit of returning it. Mrs. Johnson is a widow and is treated as an honest woman. She feels naturally much annoyed at the awkward position she has been placed in.

Mrs. Matilda Clay of East Fifth street, who had procured the cab to take Mrs. Johnson home, says in a communication saying that she considers the charge very unjust. The cabman first took Mrs. Clay home, and she picked the robe off the street, and threw it back in the cab, and it probably fell out a second time.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. Marion F. McAllister of Trinity Church, Elizabeth, preached in the Church of the Holy Cross last evening, being one of the course of Lenten sermons.

Richard R. Field died at his home on Broadway yesterday. Deceased was seventy-four years of age. The funeral will take place from his late residence Tuesday at 2.15 p. m.

A service of Scripture and Song, recently composed by the Rev. Dr. Lowry of Madison avenue, this city, has been published by the Biglow & Main Company of New York. The service is entitled "The Prince and the Saviour."

Manning Vermeule died at his home on West Front street at an early hour this morning. He was one of Plainfield's old time merchants. Deceased was eighty-eight years of age. The funeral will take place from his late residence Monday afternoon at half-past two.

The Bound Brook Chronicle publishes the following respecting a former well-known Plainfielder: "Rev. J. B. Cleaver's sermon Sunday evening as to whether or no Christians should dance, was attentively listened to by a large audience. Mr. Cleaver claimed that inasmuch as the Bible tells us that dancing was indulged in upon the return of the Prodigal son there is no harm in amusing themselves in the same manner if we carry it not to excess. He also touched upon other matters. Theatre-going he thought was proper, or otherwise it was very instructive. Card-playing he claimed was innocent amusement when the players understood right from wrong."

—The City Common Council will meet in adjourned session Monday evening.

CONFERENCE WORK.

ANOTHER LOT OF PREACHERS ADMITTED TO FULL MEMBERSHIP.

The Election to the General Conference in Omaha—Earnest, Consecrated Men are Needed to Preach in North Dakota—The Pennington Seminary Alumni Association Gives its Second Annual Report.

The New Jersey M. E. Conference opened yesterday morning with devotional exercises led by Bishop Vincent.

Rev. D. C. Pinnnett, presiding elder of North Jersey District Conference, spoke of the need of earnest consecrated men in that field.

Rev. Dr. A. B. Leonard congratulated the conference that the past year was the most prosperous in the history of the Missionary Society. At the close of the year there was $25,000 in the treasury and the debts were paid. In India 19,000 persons had professed conversion.

Rev. S. S. Weatherby, Secretary of the Missionary Society, reported that $37,141 had been collected the past year, an increase of $833.

Rev. P. F. Fisher, retired for ill-health in 1885, was received by vote. Speech of the first class on motion of Presiding Elder Reed.

The following preachers were admitted to deacons' orders and full membership, having passed examination with the usual satisfactory averages: John Allen, Jr., 90, Seaville; Wm. R. Weddergrove, 95, Long Branch; Charles D. Applegate, Jr., 97, Berlin; James A. Lumley, 87, Centreton; Verona A. Lournier, 90, English Creek; John W. Hickman, 90, Millville; Wm. G. Moyer, 87, South River.

The following were elected to deacons' orders: Edward Hagaman, 90, Wm. S. Mitchell, 95, Estontown; Holmes P. Gravatt, 100, Delanco; John H. Race, 100, Princeton; Jacob Hoffman, 93, P. E. Shaw, of Camden, was continued.

The conference proceeded to the election of five delegates to the General Conference in Omaha in May next, with Revs. R. G. Hancock, J. J. Reisel, Lewi La Rue, John Handley, M. M. Brown and M. Harris as tellers.

Only three persons received a majority of the votes cast, 98 being necessary to an election. Those elected were Dr. Thomas Hanlon, 102; George R. Wright, 103; J. B. Graw, 101. This leaves two to be elected.

Rev. Buckeridge, of the Brooklyn Methodist Hospital, made a humorous address and said that next week the commencement of an annex to the present building to cost $50,000 would be begun. Rev. Dr. Deems, of the Church Methodist Hospital, spoke of the good work that institution is doing.

Rev. Dr. Buckley, Rev. Dr. Reed, E. Hewitt and W. P. Davis were appointed to the Committee on Hospitals.

Rev. Dr. Buckley spoke in the interest of the Sunday-School Union.

The Lay Electoral Conference met this afternoon and elected as delegates to the General Conference to Omaha, in May, Col. W. J. Hill, of Trenton, and Rev. Dr. A. E. Street, of Camden.

The second annual banquet of the New Jersey Conference Alumni Association was held last evening at Bates' Cafe. Rev. Dr. John Handley was toastmaster. Responses were given by Bishop Vincent, Rev. Drs. Thos. Hanlon, R. S. Mollenauer, L. O. Kinsley, Jas. J. Reading and Col. W. J. Hill.

Mr. Rowland Cox on a Theme He is Familiar With.

In the March number of a monthly journal for advertisers entitled "Success" appears the following from the pen of that distinguished lawyer and practical writer, ex-Councilman Rowland Cox of Seventh street:

TRADE MARKS AND UNFAIR COMPETITION.

BY ROWLAND COX, ESQ.

The subject of trade marks and the prevention of unfair competition in business is of the greatest interest to the manufacturer and merchant of established reputation. And it is gratifying to believe that there has been and continues to be an increasing development of the right direction.

About the middle of the 18th century an eminent English judge refused to grant an injunction, saying he knew of no instance in which passing off a trade from making use of the name of another. Something more than a hundred years later it was said by an eminent judge in the city of New York: "All practices which tend to engender unfair competition in the sale of goods and will be restrained by injunction."

The earliest trade mark decision recorded in England is that of Blanchard vs. Hill, and there was a second one in 1742, but prior to the 18th century the law was very limited and arbitrary. The whole number reported prior to the year 1850 is only about 1,945 and 1,100 of these are of the last half of the 18th century, however, a phenomenal increase commenced. Between 1845 and 1850 there were 2,000 reported cases, and within the last decade the adjudications have been almost innumerable and still increasing.

With the increase in the number of adjudications, the remedies have grown broadened and more effectual, until it may now be said that almost any conceivable species of fraudulent competition will be restrained.

The recent decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States and the House of Lords virtually hold that the successful manufacturer or merchant will be protected against any and every species of unfair competition in the way of misrepresentation and deceit, including some forms of wrong-doing which a few years ago were not considered unfair competition. The protection goes much beyond questions concerning what are known as trade marks. Form of package, color of package, the name and general appearance of the article, labels, boxes, etc., which give individuality and to differentiate the article from others of the same class, will be protected against fraud, and in case is properly presented to the court.

An examination of the cases which have arisen in the United States will show that just as the number has increased the doctrines and rules have undergone a change and development until it may be said that the existing principles are now almost all that can be desired. The law is now, in the main adequate, but in the matter of the fundamental doctrines very little remains to be added or made better in every way.

It is ideally instructive and important fact that the conclusion arrived at by the House of Lords was reached by other tribunals after long consideration and specific precedent. This concurrence of a number of expanding minds is, in the highest degree, evidence of correctness. These have been minds which have had the largest experience in connection with the subject-matter.

The conclusion is that the conclusion arrived at is a necessary one, and the safest in large prophylactic and deterrent as the principles and forces at issue.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

(Notice of regular services not published in this list free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.)

Mr. R. L. Suffern will lead at the East Third street mission to-morrow night.

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. Carroll.

The usual gospel services will be held at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

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The second annual banquet of the New Jersey Conference Alumni Association was held last evening at Bates' Cafe. Rev. Dr. John Handley was toastmaster. Responses were given by Bishop Vincent, Rev. Drs. Thos. Hanlon, R. S. Mollenauer, L. O. Kinsley, Jas. J. Reading and Col. W. J. Hill.

Mr. Rowland Cox on a Theme He is Familiar With.

In the March number of a monthly journal for advertisers entitled "Success" appears the following from the pen of that distinguished lawyer and practical writer, ex-Councilman Rowland Cox of Seventh street:

TRADE MARKS AND UNFAIR COMPETITION.

BY ROWLAND COX, ESQ.

The subject of trade marks and the prevention of unfair competition in business is of the greatest interest to the manufacturer and merchant of established reputation. And it is gratifying to believe that there has been and continues to be an increasing development of the right direction.

About the middle of the 18th century an eminent English judge refused to grant an injunction, saying he knew of no instance in which passing off a trade from making use of the name of another. Something more than a hundred years later it was said by an eminent judge in the city of New York: "All practices which tend to engender unfair competition in the sale of goods will be restrained by injunction."

The earliest trade mark decision recorded in England is that of Blanchard vs. Hill, and there was a second one in 1742, but prior to the 18th century the law was very limited and arbitrary. The whole number reported prior to the year 1850 is only about 1,945 and 1,100 of these are of the last half of the 18th century, however, a phenomenal increase commenced. Between 1845 and 1850 there were 2,000 reported cases, and within the last decade the adjudications have been almost innumerable and still increasing.

With the increase in the number of adjudications, the remedies have grown broadened and more effectual, until it may now be said that almost any conceivable species of fraudulent competition will be restrained.

The recent decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States and the House of Lords virtually hold that the successful manufacturer or merchant will be protected against any and every species of unfair competition in the way of misrepresentation and deceit, including some forms of wrong-doing which a few years ago were not considered unfair competition. The protection goes much beyond questions concerning what are known as trade marks. Form of package, color of package, the name and general appearance of the article, labels, boxes, etc., which give individuality and to differentiate the article from others of the same class, will be protected against fraud, and in case is properly presented to the court.

An examination of the cases which have arisen in the United States will show that just as the number has increased the doctrines and rules have undergone a change and development until it may be said that the existing principles are now almost all that can be desired. The law is now, in the main adequate, but in the matter of the fundamental doctrines very little remains to be added or made better in every way.

It is ideally instructive and important fact that the conclusion arrived at by the House of Lords was reached by other tribunals after long consideration and specific precedent. This concurrence of a number of expanding minds is, in the highest degree, evidence of correctness. These have been minds which have had the largest experience in connection with the subject-matter.

The conclusion is that the conclusion arrived at is a necessary one, and the safest in large prophylactic and deterrent as the principles and forces at issue.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

HARRIS GETS A STAY.

He was Sentenced to be Executed Some Time Next Week.

New York, March 19th, (Special.)—Both Carlyle W. Harris and Noah Richards, the negro, were sentenced to die by electricity sometime during next week. Neither will be executed, however, as the counsel in each case have filed a notice of appeal, which operates as a stay of proceedings.

HE TO BECOME A CARDINAL.

An Unconfirmed Report That the Archbishop is to Be Promoted.

New York, March 19.—(Special.)—A report from Rome had it this morning that Archbishop Corrigan was to be made a cardinal.

At the episcopal residence no confirmation of the report was made.

Cents-a-Word Column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR $45.50, (in instalments if desired), the Columbus, Ky., Excursion Company guarantees one first-class railway passage to Chicago and return, seven days' hotel accommodations, six miles ride to the city, and transportation to and from depot and hotel with baggage. Apply to R. C. Mulford, assigned agent, 43 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 3 12s tf

MULFORD'S is the place to get bargains in real estate 12 months in the year. 30 6s

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-30tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A SWEDISH girl wishes a situation as cook. 47 West Second street. 19 2

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD cook and laundress wanted at 16 Franklin place. 19 4

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Thursday, pocketbook containing money, between Putnam's and Putnam avenue. Return to 29 Putnam avenue and receive suitable reward. 19 2

FOR SALE.

$75 CASH, $1 per week. Don't miss this bargain. Lot 50x150, Lincoln place, opposite Grant station, will be sold from $100 to $200. This is an opportunity of a life time, and must be sold. Call on or address, Chas. H. Lyman, 61 North avenue.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased on Hamilton avenue, Grant and Arlington streets. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, or apply on the premises. Terms easy. Price low. Call and see the above lots at once. 9 10tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 37 acres. Handsomely located; 30 cords wood from New Market starting on Cedar street, Plainfield, one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey; at present in hands of Benjamin Runyon, P. O. Box 98, Dunellen, N. J. 26 3s

MY EXPERIENCE in real estate in Plainfield gives me the opportunity of offering you 20th Century bargains. If you want to buy, sell or exchange property, if you want for a home, not here to-day and gone to-morrow, if you want money where property is sure to increase in value from the time you are old. From the best authority can say the street cars will soon be running to Plainfield. Call or take tea this evening. Chas. H. Lyman

ON MONDAY maps can be seen at my office, 61 North avenue, giving full description of the most desirable lots ever offered for sale in Plainfield, $15 cash, $1 per week.

PIANO must be sold. No reasonable offer refused. Instrument is first-class, and can be seen at any time. Address "Piano," care of EVENING NEWS. 18 3*

FOR RENT.

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT—Having been engaged for 25 years and upwards in the manufacture of brick, I desire to rent, (I am 70), and ill health, I desire to retire from business, and hence offer to rent my brick plant with all the appurtenances thereto belonging, in first-class condition for immediate operation. Said plant is located in the town of Piscataway, Middlesex county, New Jersey, on the line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, and within one mile of the station of Plainfield, N. J., viz. manufactured, made and burned in 1891. Capacity three million per month. Apply to or address, Jacob Runyon, Piscataway, Middlesex county, New Jersey. Railroad will "Martine" bring parties to the premises. Will be at there beginning about the first of April next. Address for right time, as I expect to be absent for a few days. Wood, coal and coal or soft coal sufficient for first kiln. To responsible parties the terms will be made easy, and will give bond for the faithful performance of the same. No 30 Bleeker avenue, North Plainfield, or Central R. Surfboro, P. O. Box 693. 3-4-5-6

SEPARATE sleeping rooms, with pleasant surroundings, for gentlemen only. 19 Park place. 19 2

TO LET—Five rooms, furnished. No. 44 East Front street. 19 2

TO LET—A barn. Inquire 54 Pearl street. 16 4

TO LET—Rooms of five rooms. Inquire at 107 Somerset. 17-4

TO LET—Handsome store and flats, 28 Somerset street. 15-6

DEATHS

FIELD—In this city, March 18, 1892, Richard R. Field, aged 74 years.

Funeral services at the late residence, 91 Broadway, Tuesday, March 22, at 2.15 p. m.

LANE—In North Plainfield March 17, 1892, Margaret E. Lane, aged 32 years.

Funeral services from the house, Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock. Interment at Bound Brook on Sunday (Easter day) three months, 1892, at 11 a. m.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. 18-2 2 (*)

VERMEULE—In this city, March 18, 1892, Manning Vermeule, in the 89th year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, 104 West Front street, Monday, March 21, at 2.30 p. m.

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!
MARCH 21.

The Inimitable exponent of Irish Wit and Melody,

PAT ROONEY,

In his latest successful musical comedy, entitled,

"Lord Rooney!"

Supported by a very excellent company including the phenomenal child-artist, little Mamie Rooney. New trios, songs, dances, quartettes, specialties.

MUSIC HALL!
TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.

Appearance of the Indescribable Phenomenon, Miss Annie Eva Fay, in a Scientific Séance on

SPIRITUALISM.

Miss Fay is the only Medium who has received the indorsement of a committee of the Royal Society Society of London—Professors Crooks, Huxley, Varley, Serpent, Cox and others.

No darkened room, spirit hands, forms and faces. Beautiful flowers, materialized and passed to the audience by hands plainly seen, and many other tests of a startling nature. All materialization in full gaslight.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 Cents.

Seats on sale at the Music Hall Pharmacy, Friday.

MUSIC HALL!
Wednesday, Mar. 23.

One Night Only!

The World Famous Comedienne,

LYDIA THOMPSON,

Supported by her own comedy company in a tripos bill.

At 8—A BAD PENNY.

At 9—UNCLE DAN.

At 10—A BRIC-A-BRAC SHOP.

Pure, bright and sparkling comedy.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF

Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Ornaments, etc., will admit anything of the kind to be found in the city. Also a full line of Ladies' Bathing Jackets and Children's Reefers at New York prices. Immense lines of Dress Trimming Goods with latest novelties in Passementerie.

Many leaders in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Linoleums, both for Parlors. A 36 inch tapestry Brussels for 50c, good grade; 45c; extra good, 50c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa.

No 7 West Front Street.

SINCE MARCH 10TH, THOMPSON FAHR, Dealer in Meats, Provisions, etc., of 54 East Front street, has been located at No. 4 West Front street, where all former patronage will be promptly and promptly attended to. No favoritism with any other dealer. Thanking the public for the liberal support given him in Plainfield, he hopes to receive a continuance of the same at his new store. 8 1m

Special Notices.

HOME BUILDING & LOAN ASSOC'N. A special meeting of this Association will be held Monday evening, March 21st, at 8 o'clock, at the usual place. Business: The purpose of nominating officers for the ensuing year. S. R. STOUTENBURGH, Sec'y. 19-2

Why?

Delicate, sustaining, always relished—That's why.

AT THE PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen that new one that we are offering? It consists of 10 pieces, is white with gold band, and you get a good thing if you do not secure one of these. Price $2.98. See them with us.

There is a very pretty 100 piece Decorated Tea and Dinner Set, that goes for $7.75 per set.

We will no 1 one lot, 25 pair, of Fine Chenille Portiers Curtains, for $4.98 per pair, final value $6.

If mattings are wanted, we can offer you 40 rolls Cotton Chain, 2 yards wide, at 25c per yard, and then every time 50 cents buys a fine Jobbing Matting, and for 14 cents you buy an extra heavy rag check.

Ladies who like an extra long waist, Corset should call and see the "P. B." It is a good one and well worth a trial.

It's all cold for day, but we have some very nice valued Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, etc.

We have received another lot of the Granite Iron Ware, and will offer this desirable ware at lower prices than ever sold at before.

It's not necessary to send to the City of Hamburg for Handkerchiefs that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in this city.

Van Emburgh & White.

BLACK

PRIESLEY'S RENOWNED BLACK SILK WARP HENRIETTAS'

And other popular Black Goods. Large lines of Novelties just received from the New York Jobbers, which we put on mourning sales will find it to their interest to examine our stock. Large lines of Ribbons in Corsets will hold good until April 1. The stock is unusually large and up-to-date.

EDSALL'S!

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Late dispatches indicate that the unconquerable Germans may be overcome at last by an enemy that made it easier for them to whip France in 1870, namely, intemperance. The brewing and distilling business has increased enormously in Germany in the past five years. The increased consumption of intoxicating liquors is shown in the energetic efforts of Emperor William to suppress drunkenness. Worst of all, the manufacturers of intoxicating drinks, in their efforts to supply the increased demand and grow rich faster, adulterate the liquors with poisonous and hurtful drugs to an alarming extent, producing stuff which will enable poor men to go on a cheap and furious drunk at any time. In time these adulterated intoxicants will destroy the manhood of Germany and of France as well.

Of much interest to sportsmen would be the exhibit proposed for the World's fair to show the civil service man, Theodore Roosevelt. Theodore wants to have on exhibition a progressive display of all the weapons and utensils used in North America in hunting, fishing and trapping since the country was discovered. He would begin with the traps and weapons used by the wild Indian when the white man first set foot upon the continent. Next he would exhibit the pioneer patch and ball gun of Daniel Boone and others, who fished and hunted in the western wilds of the old time. Along with these would be wigwams and "shacks," also stuffed heads and specimens of all the kinds of game that have ever been taken in North America. Last of all, winding up the show, would come the elaborate artificial flies, fishing tackle, rifles and luxurious camping outfits of hunters and fishers of our day. He would name the display collectively the "American Sportsmen's Exhibit." Highly interesting it would be. With all their fine and expensive new fashioned guns and outfits, however, the hunters of today can kill no more game or catch no more fish than the old fellows who had no outfit at all to speak of.

Civilized Roads.

The higher civilization of good roads cannot be too often and too strongly preached in this republic. Improved carriage roads, such highways as are the wonder and delight of every American who goes abroad, are what we want. It matters not much how we get them, whether by the state laying its tyrant hand upon the good old rustic custom of "working the roads," and taking charge of the matter itself, or whether by a few enthusiasts in each neighborhood arousing public sentiment to the increased value property would have thereabouts, and so persuading individuals to move in the matter. Any way or anyhow, good roads we must have in this country.

The states themselves are becoming awakened slowly to the need, and several bold governors have warmly fought for civilized highways by message and otherwise. Any neighborhood can have good roads. There are books written in abundance telling just how these can be made—books that anybody can understand. If a farmer could not induce his neighbors to join him in building respectable roads, he could make high, dry and beautiful the highway passing his own land certainly. The increased value such a highway would put upon his farm would be impressive enough in one way, while the increased beauty of his grounds would be quite as impressive in another.

If you want to build up your place and get up the farms into town lots and sell them to city people, build good roads. Colonel Alfred Pope, writing in The Forum, tells us that bad roads force people to live in cities, while good roads draw them into the country. It makes a great difference whether you can drive to a railway station in five minutes or whether it shall take you fifteen, and that is the difference between a bad highway and a good one. The increased cost of transportation on a wretched highway is more than sufficient to pay for a smooth, hard driveway. And the cost of transportation is one of the most serious problems at present confronting us in this big country.

Colonel Pope has a plan of his own for improving our highways, and it is as follows:

I would have each state by a legislative enactment do at once two or three things in the direction of this movement, viz: Prepare and disseminate information by establishing a bureau where the facts relating to the expense, mechanical construction, care, durability, use and extent of the different kinds of roads shall be known and ascertained; then I would have some kind of state supervision and advisory assistance by a competent engineer or engineers appointed by the state to aid or road and bridge building and repairing upon scientific principles and upon a comprehensive and connected plan for the whole state; finally, I would have the state either own or contribute materials more through highways, connecting the principal towns in the state and connecting those with the principal towns of adjoining states, and I would have such road let, either for great public exigencies or for the greatest general use.

The state would thus promote the equalization and the general reduction of expense of construction and maintenance of these main roads, and would give a profitable example and a strong incentive to the adjacent towns to construct and maintain their roads as feeders to the main ones. I would have the state divide the expenses of this scheme of road betterment in the tax levy, so that part of it should be apportioned to the whole state, part to the counties through which the roads ran and part to the towns. And, further, I would have this tax levy kept small, and the investment adequate and quickly made by the business man's method of borrowing the money on long loans. It would thus be easily paid out of the profits by those sharing them.

NOYES WILL BE SEATED.

Hill's Friend, Rockwell, Must Retire from the House.

WAR CRUISERS FOR BEHRING SEA.

The Cabinet Approves of an Energetic Policy and Secretary Tracy Will Send Vessels to Arrest All Seal Poachers. Salisbury Not Yet Heard From.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The house committee on elections decided the contested election case of Noyes against Rockwell from the Thirty-eighth New York district in favor of Noyes and against Rockwell (Dem.), the sitting member. The vote was 7 to 1. Seven members of the committee were absent. Those voting for Noyes were Messrs. O'Ferrall, Paynter, Lawson (Dem.), Haugen, Dunn, Johnson, of Indiana, and Clark, of Wyoming. (Rep.). Mr. Gillespie, of Pennsylvania (Dem.), voted for Mr. Rockwell. The absentees were Messrs. Moore, Cobb, of Alabama; Brown, Lockwood, Johnston, of South Carolina; Taylor, of Tennessee, and Reyburn.

The committee also decided to hear argument in the case of Reynolds versus Shoulk from the Twelfth Pennsylvania district on Friday next.

Mr. Rockwell is an Elmira man, and is said to be a close personal and political friend of Senator Hill. A story was widely circulated to the effect that Senator Hill strove hard to secure his seat to Rockwell. A few weeks ago, the story goes, the senator learned that the committee would decide against Rockwell, and invited all the Democratic members of the elections committee to his rooms. With those who accepted the invitation he argued, it is said, that the unseating of Rockwell would have a bad effect in New York state.

Senator Hill Got Angry.

The scene was described as highly exciting. Colonel O'Ferrall, a typical Virginian and an old soldier, was very angry, it is said, by the time Senator Hill had finished talking.

"We are trying this case, sir, as jurors, not as partisans, and we shall decide it according to the law and the evidence," Mr. O'Ferrall is said to have replied.

Senator Hill got angry, and bringing his fist down on a table by which he was standing, reasserted what he had said about the importance of keeping Rockwell in his seat. It looked for a moment as if the two men might come to blows. They stood facing each other only a few feet apart.

Finally Colonel O'Ferrall turned on his heel and left the room. Senator Hill returned to the senate chamber.

The story is very generally credited, although the absence of Senator Hill from town indulges some members of the house to withhold belief in it until he can be heard.

The house occupied its time in discussion of a question of personal privilege and a private claim for the relief of H. H. Sibley. Mr. Williams (Dem.), of Massachusetts, charged that the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Walker) had published a tirade against him and his fellow Democrats from Massachusetts in The Record which was never delivered in the house. He denounced this action, and quoted from the Bible to show the hypocrisy of Walker. After some discussion the matter was referred to the committee on printing to ascertain the facts and report to the house.

The greater part of the session of the senate was again devoted to the executive business. A number of bills were taken up from the calendar and passed during the morning hour. Mr. Gibson's Mississippi river improvement scheme and two other improvement measures, applying to the Columbia river, were made the special order for Tuesday next.

The Behring Sea Case.

Behring sea matters were the chief topic of discussion at the meeting of the president and his cabinet. The result of the conference was the approval of an energetic policy for the protection of the seals of Behring sea and of adjacent waters thereto, in harmony with the letter of the note of the 7th inst. from Mr. Wharton, assistant secretary of state, to Sir Julian Pauncefote, intended by the president for Lord Salisbury, Great Britain's prime minister. Secretary Tracy in due time, which may be in the very near future, will issue orders to the Pacific squadron to police Behring sea and apprehend the poachers found on the interdicted territory, whether they be from Canada or the United States.

In the absence of any definite knowledge of Lord Salisbury's intentions it was deemed proper and best by the president and his advisers for him to proceed in accordance with the intention expressed to the British government and arrange for the protection of the interests claimed by the United States. In coming to this determination, it is not expected that the enforcement of the policy outlined will lead to any serious complications with Great Britain, as it is assumed that Great Britain will not attempt to interfere with any arrangements the United States may make to break up the pelagic poaching.

How many vessels Secretary Tracy will order to Behring sea is not definitely known, but there will doubtless be enough to demonstrate to the world that the United States is earnest in the effort to protect the commercial interests involved in the preservation of the sealing industry under the regulations provided by this government.

The Silver Bill Debate.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The policy of the anti-silver men on the debate next week has not thus far been agreed upon. No agreement has been reached between the silver and anti-silver wings of the Democracy. Mr. Tracy will control the time for the Republicans and Mr. Tracy for the anti-silver Democrats. Among the speakers on the Democratic side against the silver bill will be Tracy, Cox, Geraud, Dunphy, Bunting and Cockran, of New York; Deforest and Sperry, of Connecticut; Rayner and Pugh, of Maryland; Bushnell and Lynch, of Wisconsin; Castle and Hall, of Minnesota, Baltshower and Mutchler, of Pennsylvania; and Williams and Andrews, of Massachusetts. Among the Republicans who will speak against the measure will be Cutting, of New York; Walker and Lodge, of Massachusetts; Hopkins, of Illinois; C. W. Stone and Brosius, of Pennsylvania; Hopkins, of Illinois; Johnston, of New Jersey.

The house will meet during the silver debate at 11 o'clock, will continue in session until 5 o'clock and will take a recess until 8 o'clock for three days until the bill is disposed of.

Will Appeal to the Cardinal.

NEWARK, N. J., March 19.—The Italians meeting held to denounce Father Ah decided to communicate with Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, and ask that Father Ah be removed from his present pastorate.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Hill Has No Apologies to Make for His Trip to the South.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 19.—Senator Hill received a most marked and cordial reception in this city, and was escorted to the Opera House, where he was to speak, by a distinguished committee. The Opera House was filled to the doors when the party arrived. The appearance of the senator was loudly cheered. Mayor Alexander presided over the meeting. Senator Hill was introduced by Mr. Walsh, of the Augusta Chronicle.

Senator Hill thanked the assemblage for its cordial welcome, and after explaining that he had come "south to address the legislature of Mississippi" continued:

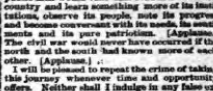
I have no apologies to make to anyone for my southern trip. The south is a part of our common country, and any citizen has a lawful right to visit any portion of it. The cause of good government would be subserved if more of our public men would visit this beautiful southern country and learn something more of its institutions, preserve its people, make its progress and become conversant with its needs, its sentiments and its pure patriotism. [Applause.] The civil war should be a bond of interest of the north and the south had known more of each other. [Applause.]

I will be pleased to repeat the crime of taking this journey whenever time and opportunity offer. Neither shall I indulge in any false excuses for my visit. I dislike hypocrisy and sham. I desired to meet the people of the south, and I frankly confess it. [Applause.] I shall return to the north with a better knowledge of their situation than I ever had before; with a more correct impression of their great resources; with a higher appreciation of their lofty and steadfast patriotism.

The senator then discussed the political questions of the hour. His speech was warmly applauded. Senator Hill remained over night for a short time to meet some of the leading Democrats of Augusta, then returned to the hotel. Senator Hill goes direct to Washington from this city.

Making Way for Mills.

AUSTIN, March 19.—The Culbertson caucus decided to withdraw the name of Mr. Culbertson from the senatorial race.



Graceful and New.

A HANDSOME STREET DRESS.

Here is a very graceful and novel gown, made in one of the new reversible tweeds, with a diagonal stripe in dark brown, on a lighter ground, on one side, and a white stripe, on a dark ground on the other side. The gown is made up on the pale side, with revers of the dark side, and a suede vest, toning with the darker cloth.

A "Friend's" Startling "Think."

FISHKILL, N. Y., March 19.—The "fiend" who has been sending threatening letters to Mr. Cassidy, demanding $30,000 on pain of blowing up by dynamite, turns out to be a twelve-year-old boy, who says it was all a "think."

The Worst in Twenty Years.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., March 19.—The worst snow storm experienced in the past twenty years raged here. Telegraph and telephone wires are down, and railroad travel is seriously impeded.

Superintendent Smith Accused.

HARRISBURG, March 19.—Governor Pattison has ordered an investigation of the charges made against Superintendent Smith, of the Huntingdon reformatory, alleging cruelty to inmates.

McKenna Resigns from Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Hon. Joseph McKenna, confirmed by the senate as a circuit judge, has sent his resignation to the governor of California as a member of congress.

Dewitt's Resignation Accepted.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The resignation of First Lieutenant Theodore F. Dewitt, United States navy, has been accepted by the president, to take effect May 16.

Closed by Dull Trade.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., March 19.—The Logan iron company's blast furnace at Greenwood has closed for four months by reason of the dullness in trade.

Found Dead in Bed.

CORTLAND, N. Y., March 19.—Warren J. Bostwick, a prominent G. A. R. man, was found dead in bed from cystic degeneration of the kidneys.

Crushed to Death in a Coal Mine.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., March 19.—Herman Disso, Cailin Pring and his son were crushed to death by a fall of rock in a coal mine at Robertsdale.

Thirteen Workmen Killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—A three story house collapsed, and thirteen workmen employed on the building were killed.

A Schooner in Distress.

NORFOLK, March 19.—The schooner Charles F. Savannah *for New York*, is in the harbor in distress.

Fruit Crops Ruined.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 19.—The fruit crop of this section was entirely destroyed by last night's freeze.

The Kearnage at Key West.

KEY WEST, Fla., March 19.—The United States steamer Kearnage has arrived here.

MORE WOE FOR WILLIAM.

The Kaiser Now Has a Cabinet Crisis on His Hands.

CAPRIVI SAID TO HAVE RESIGNED.

The Trouble Was Brought About by a Disagreement Over the Education Bill Which Is a Pet Measure of the Young Emperor's—Berlin Greatly Excited.

BERLIN, March 19.—There are wild rumors of a cabinet crisis and an open rupture of the emperor and his ministers, and the report that Chancellor von Caprivi and the Count von Zedlitz Trutzschler have resigned, owing to differences that have arisen over the primary education bill, is semi-officially confirmed.

At Thursday's council the education bill was not on the orders of the day, but cropped up in a conversation after official business, the emperor saying that he wanted an agreement with the moderate parties, or, according to another version, expressing his desire to postpone decision on such an important and difficult matter. No regular discussion occurred.

Count von Zedlitz was reticent, apparently feeling his inability to coincide with the emperor's views. Chancellor von Caprivi observed that he ought to continue the discussion of the bill in committee. Count von Zedlitz wrote his resignation and presented it this morning.

Caprivi Declines to Reconsider.

At the cabinet council this afternoon much pressure was brought to bear on Count von Zedlitz-Trutschler to induce him to reconsider his resignation. He is said to have answered all arguments with the statement that any variation from the original programme for the school bill rendered it impossible for him to retain office. He was appointed to office to frame and put through the landtag such a bill after Minister von Gossler, his predecessor, had failed and he therefore could not, with justice to himself, remain in office when the government refused to be bound with any of *its support. His resignation, therefore,* must stand if the emperor would accept it. It is reported that Count Caprivi also declines to withdraw his resignation.

The greatest excitement prevails here and wild rumors are started hourly as to the refusal of the bill between the emperor and the cabinet. It is said that the emperor will probably let Count Zedlitz go, but will make every effort to retain Caprivi. Among the Germans consternation is manifested at the sudden turn of affairs and they threaten that, should Caprivi fall on account of his adherence to the bill, they will bolt the government coalition in both lantag and reichstag.

The Opposition Jubilant.

The Independents, National Liberals and Social Democrats are jubilant over the embarrassment of the government and predict that the emperor will be thrown for legislative support on their parliamentary representatives.

Such an event would necessitate a complete change of programme, an abandonment of the present "personal" policy and the undoing of much paternal legislation of the last two sessions of the reichstag and landtag.

The Kolnische Zeitung says: "Count von Caprivi's decision is awaited with the utmost anxiety. The chief endeavor should be to confine the present conflict to the limits of the ministry of public worship and to keep the chancellor out of the controversy."

They Shouted for Anarchy.

BERLIN, March 19.—The socialists gathered in thousands and went in procession to Friedrichshain to decorate the burial places of the victims who were killed by the military on the memorable day in 1848, when the king and queen of Prussia stood with uncovered heads before the dead. On the way back from Friedrichshain people in the crowd shouted: "Long live anarchy! Down with government!"

The police were watching the procession with considerable force, at once made a rush charge, slashing right and left with their swords, but not striking to kill. The populace were astonished, but did not use weapons in resistance. The blows from the police soon scattered the mob, a number of whom were severely hurt. The police took twenty prisoners, who were lodged in the cells for trial on a charge of rioting and sedition.

France May War with Morocco.

PARIS, March 19.—The French government expects a war with Morocco. The sultan is not willing to yield to the French claims of sovereignty over the oasis of Touat and other territory where Morocco has exercised a more or less acknowledged jurisdiction. If the sultan persists in his present attitude the French will undoubtedly take forcible measures.

Locke Was First Prize.

LONDON, March 19.—In the British Chess association tournament Locke was first prize, with a score of 9 games; second prize, Mason, 7½; third prize, Lomax, 7; Bird, 6½; Gossip, 6½; Steinitz, 6½; Pelham, 6½; Jamesgrodski, 5; Van Vliet, 4½; Mortimer, 3½; Rumbell, 3; Gossip, 2½.

Ten Men Horribly Scalded.

BERLIN, March 19.—The boiler of the armored coast defense vessel Siegfried at Wilhelmshaven exploded. Ten men were horribly scalded. The cause of the explosion is a mystery.

A Fatal Trial Trip.

BERLIN, March 19.—The builder, two owners, two engineers and a fireman of a new tug were blown to pieces by the boiler exploding on the trial trip.

A Rare Event in Switzerland.

LUCERNE, March 19.—The first execution in Switzerland since 1865 took place, Gatti, who murdered Mlle. Dupuis, a teacher, being guillotined.

He Was a Whist Master.

BOSTON, March 19.—George Pettit, a recognized authority on American whist, died suddenly of heart disease at his residence in Brookline.

Murdered for No Reason.

LAKE CITY, Colo., March 19.—William Burns made an assailant for attack on Harry Hughes and cut him to death. Burns was arrested.

Look at this pic delicious
Nearer made if in 20 Minutes"

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 23 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
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GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Saxde Mo-quitaines, in tans, and slate, 89c.
We Lave about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes. Fult & Wisbernes's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.
Special reduction given by the case or down. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dworth's 3-lbs and mince meats.
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OUR
First Shipment
OF
BABY CARRIAGES
Including all kinds and prices
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CHEAPEST TO
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LAWN SEEDS
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All Kinds of Bologna.
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Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
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and Sporting Goods.
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Barkalew & Dunn
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Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
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Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Dyer (Lehigh and Hemlock Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Planing and Re-sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.
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Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Steam Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp Madison Avenue,
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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private use.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.
Horses for ladies' driving.
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AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.
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Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

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Pure Fruit Flavors

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
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All Sizes,
Of Best
Light Blue Color.
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Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
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Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
112 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very carefully and promptly attended to. Our charges are below reasonable equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
Proprietor.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
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We Have Cut Prices
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"The Very Best"
Is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction in the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
But you can. Come to my store for the best cold compound Hydrogen, Horehound, Wild Cherry, Tolu, and Syrup of Rose garden.
C. E CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

THE DRAYTON DISGRACE

Society Circles Excited Over the Remarkable Scandal.

EVERY STORY HAS TWO SIDES TO IT.

And Mr. Coleman Drayton's Version Is Now Anxiously Awaited—In the Meantime the Tongues of Busy Gossips Tell Queer Tales of Alleged Wicked Doings.

NEW YORK, March 19.—To say that society is torn from center to circumference over the Astor-Drayton-Borrowe scandal is putting it mildly. All interest now centers on the coming hero of Mr. Drayton, so that his side of the story can be learned. Gossip is busy in the meantime with the names and doings of the principals in the affair.

The scandal is a remarkable one in all its aspects. Hallett Alsop Borrowe, son of Samuel Borrowe, vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, is a comparatively young man, who became acquainted as a neighbor with Mr. and Mrs. Drayton at their country seat, "Crow's Foot," near Bernardsville, N. J.

He was an occasional visitor at the house, and while he did not find especial favor in the eyes of the master, he appeared to be a favorite with Mrs. Drayton, a state of affairs that the gossips were not slow to notice and comment upon.

Mr. Drayton had sunk into comparative obscurity soon after the buzz which followed his marriage subsided. He was rather a taciturn man, not fond of gayety and rather inclined to be studious. He was not known in the commercial world until he invested the greather part of his wealth in the Arcade underground railway scheme.

Borrowe's Visits.

Indifferent to his wife's happiness and having tastes entirely at variance with hers, he neglected her. Accustomed all her life to social enjoyment, Mrs. Drayton chafed under the restraint which this neglect implied, and the flirtation with Young Bor-

MRS. COLEMAN DRAYTON.

rowe came as a sort of relief. The visits of the young neighbor to the Drayton house became more frequent and more prolonged.

It was his habit to ride over at nights, when Drayton was absent. After tongues began to wag young Mr. Borrowe abandoned the role of a "friend of the family" and made his visits surreptitiously.

Instead of entering the house by the front door he crept through a cellar passage, after having first hitched his horse a quarter mile away, to avoid observation by the neighbors.

It eventually came to the husband's ears that his neighbor was staying later at night in the Drayton dwelling than propriety would permit. He kept a quiet watch for a time, and then employed detectives, and went to Europe, remaining abroad for a month. On his return he received a report which partly confirmed the suspicions he had entertained.

To further convince himself he paid an unexpected visit to his home in company with one of the detectives, and surprised Borrowe in the house with Mrs. Drayton. The husband drew a revolver and threatened the young man with death. Borrowe, with a dramatic gesture, threw open his vest and exclaimed, "I have earned the right to be killed!"

There was no shooting, however, and Mrs. Drayton's companion left the house.

The Alleged Pecuniary Deal.

Quarrels between husband and wife were frequent after this, and one day, after being taunted into a rage, Mrs. Drayton called Mr. Drayton a scoundrel and a villain, and told him that he was not the father of one of the children born during the ten years of married life.

The husband immediately left the house and went to his father-in-law, William Astor, to whom he related all he had suspected, discovered and been told. To avoid a scandal Mr. Astor advised a separation. He offered to settle the estranged husband's $5,000 per annum and $15,000 per annum for the children, who should remain under the mother's care, but that if Mrs. Drayton continued her acquaintance with Borrowe she children and their income should revert to the father.

Drayton accepted this as balm for his outraged honor. Borrowe had been cutting a pretty swath meanwhile, and became such a slave to drink that he was placed in a private asylum for treatment.

In September, 1891, Mr. and Mrs. Drayton, who had become reconciled for appearance sake, went to Europe. Borrowe followed soon after, and then came the exposé. This is what the gossips say, but until Drayton is heard from it must all be taken with a grain of salt.

The Money Consideration All Both.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Mr. Percy Drayton, a cousin of J. Coleman Drayton, spends much time in Washington in the season. He is a member of the Metropolitan club. He is here at present the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. H. Clark, of New York, at their residence on H street. Mr. Drayton was found there by a reporter, to whom he said:

"I will say that I think the case as presented is possibly a little one-sided. It gives Mr. Borrowe's side of the story, and perhaps you had better wait until you hear from my cousin directly. I believe my cousin sincerely desired to fight Borrowe, chiefly on account of the children, and wished to fight in France for the reason that it was practicable to fight there under the laws.

"The charge as to a monetary consideration is all bosh, I am thoroughly convinced. Aside from the question of honor on which I have no hesitation in refuting the charge to my own satisfaction, my cousin is heir to abundant wealth, always at his disposal, from his aunt, Mrs. Coleman, who lives in Lebanon, Pa. To tell the truth, I know very little about my cousin's affairs."

IS DEEMING JACK THE RIPPER?

A Growing Belief That He Will Prove to Be the Whitechapel Fiend.

LONDON, March 19.—Albert Deeming, who bears a remarkable resemblance to his brother, Frederick Deeming, alias Williams, whose atrocious murders have excited Liverpool, was the first witness before the coroner's jury at Rainhill. He wept bitterly on the witness stand. He said that he identified the murdered woman as the wife of his brother, Frederick Deeming. He himself married a sister of his brother's wife. Here the witness broke down and sobbed out:

"Oh, my! when my sister-in-law and her children were murdered I dreamed it seven months ago. I never what I should see before I reached Rainhill."

A Juryman—What do you mean? that you saw it all in your dreams?

Deeming replied that he had dreamed of his sister-in-law coming, with her children, to a tragic end. His brother, he said, had always declared that his family was at Brighton. Before going to Rainhill Deeming, alias Williams, took £100 from his wife. When the wife of the witness wished to have her sister Maria, the murdered woman, stay a few weeks with her, Williams replied, "You will have quite enough of us before long."

The police have compared Deeming's handwriting with the fac simile letter of "Jack the Ripper" and find that they are very much alike.

MELBOURNE, March 19.—The Victorian detectives are of opinion that Deeming is in reality "Jack the Ripper," and the most general surmise is that the woman whose remains were discovered at Rainhill had, in some way, become aware of his connection with the Whitechapel outrages and that he killed her in order to make sure of her silence. Great excitement reigns here over the developments in regard to the Williams murders, and the jail containing the criminal is closely guarded for fear of popular violence.

Two Murderers Lynched.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 19.—Hollin and Dye, who were convicted of the murder of a woman and her four children, and were sentenced to be hanged but were granted a respite by the governor, were taken from the hands of the sheriff and his posse and hanged to a tree, after which their bodies were riddled with bullets.

Fearful of a Great Flood.

CINCINNATI, March 19.—The whole Ohio valley is enveloped in a heavy snowstorm. It reaches as far south as Knoxville, Tenn., where the snow is reported eight inches in the valleys and fifteen in the mountains. A terrible flood is predicted, as the rivers are already full.

Mrs. McKeown's Search.

LONDON, March 19.—Much interest has been excited in Kerry, Ireland, by the arrival of Mrs. John McKeown, of Washington, Pa., who with a solicitor is searching for relatives of her deceased husband, who left an enormous fortune.

Elder Wilson Vindicated.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 19.—Rev. J. A. B. Wilson, presiding elder of the district of the Wilmington Methodist Episcopal conference, has been acquitted of the charges of lying, hypocrisy and corrupt administration.

A Senator's Brother Murdered.

ROSEBURG, Ore., March 19.—During a quarrel A. Hansbrough, brother of Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota, was stabbed and killed by Nicholas Jones. The latter gave himself up and is now in jail.

Dug His Way to Liberty.

MARYSVILLE, Cal., March 19.—Edward Raymond, who killed Thomas D. Rice and was sentenced to imprisonment for life, escaped from jail by digging through a brick wall two feet thick.

Silver Is Cheap.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The price 9015 cents per ounce paid by the treasury department today for silver is the lowest figure at which the government has ever purchased silver.

Dying in the Street.

NEWARK, N. J., March 19.—Phillip Mulligan, of Trenton, was found lying in the snow on Broad street, dying of pneumonia. He was taken to a hospital.

Aldrich to Succeed Taft.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The president sent to the senate the nomination of Charles H. Aldrich, of Illinois, to be solicitor general, vice W. H. Taft, resigned.

Killed by an Explosion.

CARLIN, Pa., March 19.—A dynamite explosion at the Juniata Limestone quarries killed John Gates and injured two other workmen.

Hotel Guests' Narrow Escape.

CLEAR LAKE, Wis., March 19.—The Merchants' hotel and adjoining buildings were burned. The hotel guests barely escaped alive.

Manager Van Allen Dead.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 19.—Peter Van Allen, manager of the Western Union telegraph office here, died.

Blaine Able to Go Out.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Secretary Blaine was able to leave his room and attend to some private business.

Educator Watkins Dead.

ALBANY, March 19.—Dr. A. B. Watkins, assistant secretary of the state board of regents, is dead.

Sentenced to Death.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Frank Poledna was sentenced to death for the murder of Dominick Gibbons.

Nothing Will Be Lost.

Young Man (whose mother severely objects to girl of his choice)—Mother, you say how much I will lose by marrying a girl so far below me in social standing as Clara, but then just think of how much she will gain, and it will all be to the family.—Harper's Bazar.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS.—EFFECTUAL.

FOR BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS, such as Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

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DECORATORS and PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'S Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is *Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.*

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is *delicious,* nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

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EDUCATION.
Instruction in Elocution, elsewhere or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Board, P. O. Box 1095.

FRENCH LESSONS
Instruction in French and Spanish given in French Lessons, also by private exchange of conversation. Excellent reference given. Address Box 1, Plainfield.

MISS ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For circulars call at the Academy or address EDNA RUTH BARNARD, Principal, 1st Front st., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, English literature, Music, Latin and French. At her residence, 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupils' residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. Box 16 Somerset Street.

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In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

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OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

at LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a Fit.

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OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER
has a full line of
JEWELRY
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

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Delivered to any part of the city by
D. CONNERS.
A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 23 1

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Sharpen and hair cutting parlor, in CRAIG'S HOTEL, NO. 12 PONTE AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best block steel scissors used in shop.

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P. O. BOX 81.
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Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
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Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete schooling of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
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NEW YORK MAILS.
Close at 6.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 6.00 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Close at 6.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 6.00 p. m.
Depot mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 10 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8.00 to 10.00 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.
E. S. POPE, P. M.

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Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Station in Jersey City, foot of Jersey street.
Trains leave Elizabeth for Plainfield, Dunellen, Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Cape May, Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Point Pleasant, Tom's River, Barnegat, Beach Haven, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Bay Head, Point Pleasant, Lakewood, Toms

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

The Exciting Adventure of Howard Weldon, a Young American Doctor, in a Den of Thieves in the Great, Wicked City of London.

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]

Howard Weldon, a native of St. Louis, had early taken his doctor's degree at one of the most foremost medical schools in Philadelphia, and having money, time and the inclination, decided to spend some years "walking" the best hospitals of London, Paris and Vienna.

He had a friend in London with whom he was going to lodge during his stay, but as it was midnight, and raining at that, when he reached the world's metropolis, he made up his mind to spend the night in some quiet hotel not far from his friend's residence.

Outside Euston station he accosted one of a hundred waiting cabmen, or "cabbies," as they are called, for short, and asked him if he knew of any public house in the vicinity of St. John's Wood.

The man touched his hat and replied that he knew every public house in the city and that he was particularly well ac-

THE SKYLIGHT WAS PUSHED UP.

quainted with all the inns in the neighborhood of the place named, and would take him to a nice quiet one.

Leaving his baggage to be attended to on the morrow, Dr. Weldon got into the cab and was driven away.

He knew that London was an immense city, but it seemed to him that he had been in that wretched cab for hours and hours, when it suddenly brought up before a building faintly indicated in the darkness by a dim lamp in front.

The driver rang the bell, and a dark, ringed man, who was introduced as the landlord, responded. The doctor had had *his supper on the way from Liverpool*, so after paying for the cab he asked to be shown to a room.

In response to the landlord's summons an evil eyed woman, in a black gown and her hair in papers, appeared with a lighted candle and led the guest up stairs, and as he was ascending he caught the words coming up from the hall:

"Yes; he's an American and they're all as rich as the Jews."

Leaving the candle on a table in a room that appeared to be comfortably furnished the woman said:

"This is your apartment, sir. Will you have breakfast served to you in the morning, and when do you wish to be called?"

"I will breakfast here, and call me about 9. Good night," said the doctor; and the woman retired. "What a night!" and went out as silently as the shadows that swallowed her up.

Doctor Weldon was neither nervous nor a coward, but there was that in his surroundings that stirred his suspicion and added twenty degrees to the chilliness of the room.

He was about to pull off his boots, but he changed his mind and began to look more carefully into the situation. Besides letters of credit, he had on his person a gold watch, a diamond ring and £150 in ready money. Here he was, in a gloomy house, in a city he knew nothing about and his whereabouts unknown to his friends. The landlord and the woman had a look that disturbed him, so instead of pulling off his boots and going to bed, he began to think, and the more he thought the worse the situation looked.

He was unarmed, and although reasonably strong and active, he knew that if he were attacked it would be with sufficient force to overcome speedily any resistance he might make. He looked at the window and looked out, and as he did so he heard the growling of a dog underneath. It was horribly dark, and as there was not a lamp in sight he reasoned that he was outside the city limits.

He had read of trapdoors and sliding walls, so he at once began an examination. He bolted the one door inside, and there was nothing in the walls to excite his suspicion. The carpeted floor seemed to be all right, and he was beginning to feel easier when he bethought him to look under the bed. There was no carpet there, but what seemed like and looked to be a trap that opened from below. He laid his ear against it and he distinctly heard voices and caught the words:

"He's tired and will soon be asleep."

There was no gas in the room, and within ten minutes the bit of a candle would be extinguished in the socket.

He was now certain of his danger. He had been trapped into a den of murderers and thieves, and his only hope of safety lay in immediate action.

With his pocketknife he quickly cut the *sheets and counterpane into wide strips*, twisted and knotted the lengths, and made one end fast to a stout lambrequin above the window.

His room was next the corner, and by means of the flickering candle he saw that he could swing himself to the waterspout and climb to the roof above, for the huge dog visible below convinced him that it would be death to drop to the ground.

He had just made these observations when the light went out, and he heard the trap being lifted under the bed. He coughed and called out, "Who's there?" but got no reply.

He pulled off his boots, fastened them about his neck, seized the attenuated rope and swung into the storm and darkness. By pressing his feet against the *wall he increased* the oscillating motion till at length the window came within his reach, when he seized it and let the rope go. It sustained his strength, and then he recalled the method he had seen Arabs practice in their own land, and by the strength of his toes and fingers he succeeded in gaining the roof, which he found to be slated and comparatively flat.

If he could remain here till daylight he might be able to summon honest people to his aid and be rescued. The sky was filled with heavy clouds, and by careful feeling he found it, and then his fingers came in contact with a loose bolt which he grasped with a feeling of joy.

Slowly and carefully the fights were flashing, and the house was in commotion. After awhile the skylight was thrown up, and shouts by the light from the lamps showed a search party had been brought down the hole with a blow that sent the man rolling down the steps.

He listened the skylight again, and ig noring the oaths and threats and coaxing for him to come down he held the fort till daylight, when he attracted the notice of a policeman, who had the thanks of a body of police who were out on relief.

Amazed at safety, the doctor descended and told his story. He and all the people in the house were placed under arrest, as was the cab driver, whose number he remembered.

The end of it was that Dr. Weldon was released and became the London lion of the hour. A search of the house discovered the trapdoor and three skeletons in the cellar.

English justice is speedy. These wretches soon paid the penalty of their crimes, but even to this day Dr. Weldon shudders when he recalls that night of terror.

A Case of Nerve.

When traveling through India some years ago, my letters of introduction from English officers at Hong-Kong gave me a welcome in many quarters not accessible to the ordinary tourist. I met Major Bell, of the Indian service at Calcutta, and we traveled together on the cars to the famous city of Lucknow, outside of which, some six miles, he lived with his wife, two children and an army of native servants.

As I was master of my own time and had conceived a decided liking for the soldierly Englishman, it did not require much urging on his part to induce me to go out with him to his bungalow, near which he promised me some good jungle fowl shooting. "But," he said, "I regret to tell you that we are out of reach of tigers," and I assured him that I did not regret it at all, and that I did not come to India to hunt for lost tigers.

I am tempted to dwell at length on this delightful visit to Major Bell, but as my purpose is simply to describe a little adventure in which my host exhibited the *strongest nerve and the coolest head I have* ever met with, I will come at once to the incident.

The major's first born was a handsome, lovable little fellow of six, the idol of his mother's heart and the apple of his father's eye.

One evening as we neared the house, after a not very successful tramp through a jungle along the Goomty river, on which Lucknow is situated, we saw "Pinty," the pet name for the boy, playing by the roadside, where he had evidently come to meet us. His back was toward us, and he was so much interested in something in front that he neither saw nor heard us as we drew near.

Thinking to give the little fellow a pleasant surprise, the major motioned to me to *keep perfectly quiet*; then he went softly behind him, and within ten paces of the child he came to a sudden halt, steadied himself as if to keep from falling, and the side face turned toward me was ashy and pain lined.

Two silent steps forward revealed the situation that had wrought this sudden change in the major. Directly in front of the child, and not more than five feet away, was an enormous cobra.

It was coiled, though not to a ring like the American rattlesnake, and from the center of the glistening mass of coils reared the three feet of its head, with its hood distended to its widest extent, which swayed round and round in rhythmic curves, while the forked tongue darted in and out between its jaws and the head kept time to the liquid day.

The major had raised his gun, but realizing that it would be impossible to discharge it at the cobra without hitting the child, he lowered it with a groan.—he changed his purpose and reached back to his hip for his pistol.

As he raised the weapon I lost for the moment all sense of the child's danger in admiration for the father's phenomenal nerve. Not a muscle trembled as he raised the weapon, and his arm was as rigid as iron.

An instant of awful anxiety, then a flash and a crack, and dropping the pistol the major leaped forward and caught the startled and unharmed child to his heart.

The bullet went directly through the cobra's head, and for a week after that I saw cobras in my dreams.

Going to Desert.

I do not think that General Burnsides' soldiers thought he was the ablest general of the war, but they firmly believed, and long years have not changed that opinion, that he was the kindest, gentlest and bravest man that ever led a corps.

During the siege of Knoxville by Longstreet, Burnside's men were sorely tried, not only in resisting assaults and in maintaining a constant vigilance, but for want of proper clothing and sufficient food.

One early morning as General Burnside was making his way along the outer works, he came upon an unarmed soldier whose conduct excited his suspicions.

"Hello, my man, who are you?" demanded the general.

The soldier gave his name and regiment.

"But your regiment is at Fort Saunders," said the general. "What are you doing over here?"

The man scratched his head, looked up at the patient, kindly face, then blurted out:

"General, I'm so nigh starved that I thought I'd desart to some place where there's more food."

Instead of showing indignant General Burnside laid his hand on the man's shoulder, and said:

"Well, my friend, I must acknowledge the temptation is very great. But I'll make a bargain with you."

"What is that, sir?"

"Go back to your regiment and do your duty for ten days more like a man; then, if things haven't improved, come to me and I'll desert with you."

The man went back, and before the ten days were up Sherman had raised the siege.

ALFRED H. CALHOUN.

A Case of Alliteration.

"Speaking of alliteration," said a New York lawyer the other day, "I am reminded of what I heard in a down east grocery store.

"'Got any good m'lasses, George?' asked a farmer's wife of the grocer.

"'Good's I ever had in the store, Mrs. Littlefield,' answered the grocer.

"'Waall, put me up sew gall'us, George.'

"'A week or so later Deacon Littlefield called the grocer to account for selling his wife a poorer quality of molasses than she had been accustomed to.

"'It's good 'nough in Injin puddin,' he said, 'but nawthin' more, Sol. George, I gin ye my word as a cle'kin, it's terrible teezin in tea.'"—New York Times.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

f 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated through out.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Cor. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

PROPRIETOR.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to accommodation.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

PLAINFIELD.

No. 11 E. Front St.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

☞ First-class bar attached.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

NAILS SCREWS, SASH,

WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,

NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND. STOVES, RANGES, ETC

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

BOUGHT AND SOLD,

AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)

G. R. Musgrave, Proprietor

Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at

Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,

No. 66 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 300 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 6000 barrels daily.

This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST.

Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 16. Nos. 7, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

PIPTONIZED Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'

V. L. PHAZEN.

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

26 West Front Street.

Are you going to Europe?

Anchor Line Steamers—

CITY OF ROME,

ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, the Hamburgh American Packet Co.'s

AUGUSTA VICTORIA,

FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, &

to any port.

Passenger tickets and drafts for sale by

HENRY D. MORRISON,

9 Somerset Street.

The Chalfonte Shop

ANCIENT TELEGRAPHY.

How the Ancient Greeks and Romans Telegraphed to One Another.

The ancient Greeks and Romans practiced telegraphy with the help of pots filled with water and with torches. First of all, which being placed in rows exposed in certain letters, according to the order in which they were lighted; but the only one of their contrivances that merits a detailed description was that invented by a Grecian general named Æneas, who flourished in the time of Artaxerxes, Ochus, and wrote a treatise on the generals of an army. It consisted, says The Industrial World, of two exactly similar earthen vessels filled with equal quantities of water, from each of which would discharge an equal quantity of water in a given time, so that the whole or any part of the contents would escape in precisely the same period from both vessels.

On the surface of each floated a piece of cork, supporting an upright, slanted rod into divisions, each division having a certain sentence inscribed upon it. One of the vessels was placed at each station, and when anything was to be communicated he lighted a torch, which he held aloft until the other did the same, as a sign that he was all attention. On the sender of the message lowering or extinguishing his torch *each party immediately opened* the cock of his vessel, and so left it until the sender enlighted his torch, when it was at once closed. The receiver then read the sentence on the division of the upright that was level with the mouth of the vessel, and which, if everything had been executed with exactness, corresponded with that of the sender, and so conveyed the desired information.

Foreign Moneys.

France, Belgium, Greece, Italy and Switzerland constitute what is known as the "Latin" union, and their coins are alike in weight and fineness, occasionally differing, however, in name. The same system has been in part adopted by Spain, Servia, Bulgaria, Russia and Roumania, but they have not joined the union. France and sometimes of France, Belgium and Switzerland constitute the gold unit, and centissimi in Italy; drachmai and lepta in Greece; dinars and paras in Servia; pesets and centimos in Spain; leys and banis in Roumania; leva and stotinkis in Bulgaria. Similarly the Scandinavian countries, Norway, Sweden and Denmark, employ coins of the same weight and fineness, their names being also alike. Most of the South American states possess a standard coin, equal in weight and fineness to the silver five franc piece, generally termed a "peso."

Electricity.

There are, as most readers know, two kinds of electricity—the static and the dynamic—when the latter stands for instantaneous, it is referred to as the "electric discharge," which occurs when opposite electricities seek each other and the bodies return to a state of equilibrium or neutralization. These bodies, if insulated, obtain no more electricity after the spark has passed, but if there is a constant source of negative electricity supplying one and a constant source of negative electricity supplying the other, there will be a succession of sparks; and if they communicate by a conductor there will be, through this conductor, an uninterrupted flow of electricity, and the phenomenon of the two electricities, and this is what is termed the continuous dynamic state or electric current.

Hippophagy.

Hippophagy—the practice of horse feeding on horseflesh—which prevailed to a great extent in very remote times in France, where the practice of eating the flesh of horses killed in battle is interesting. In Paris alone between 1866 and 1877 seven animals were consumed in 1867, and from 1868 to 1869 the total was 275,000. In other departments of France the number of horses consumed is enormous; 1,500 inhabitants use about twenty-five each year. In Vienna about 4,000 horses are sold as food each year; in Berlin, about 6,000, and in Amsterdam, 3,000. Horse-flesh is also used for human food in Denmark, Sweden, Switzerland and parts of Italy. In Paris the price is about half that of beef.

Washington's Subsistents.

First of all, Washington was called "Father of his Country." Sigonney calls him "Pater Patriæ." Chief Justice Marshall, the "American Fabius." Lord Byron, in his "Ode to Napoleon," calls him "The Cincinnatus of the West." For having a new world on his shoulders he was called the "Atlas of America." The English soldiery called him by the sarcastic name of "Farmer George." Red Jacket, the Seneca Indian chief, called him the "Flower of the Forest." The Italian poet, Vittorio Alfieri, called him "Deliverer of America." In the Senate of the United States he was called the "*Savior of his Country.*"

The Noble Metals.

There are nine metals which rank under the denomination noble. Those are Mercury, silver, gold, platinum,* palladium, rhodium, ruthenium, osmium, iridium. The first four on the list are the only ones with which the average reader has an intimate knowledge.

"To Suffer Is Divine."

Well, to suffer is divine:
Then the watchword down the line,
Pass the countersign, "Endure."
The foregoing lines appear in one of Whittier's later poems, entitled "Burial of Barbour."

Facts About the Earth.

According to Clark, the equatorial semidiameter is 20,926,202 feet—3,963.296 miles, and the polar semidiameter is 20,854,895 feet—3,950.058 miles. One degree of latitude at the pole—69.407 miles. One degree of latitude at the equator—68.704 miles.

Domestic Practice.

Resin applied to kid makes an admirable plaster for corn or bunion. Sometimes a genuine "blister" is effectual, but the remedy must be very careful.

Try taking your cod liver oil in tomato catchup if you want to make it palatable.

A simple remedy for a bad cold is to inflate the throat by a chest inspiration through both nostrils and mouth, holding the muscles to full stretch and tension by the sustainment of the abdominal muscles. Added to this is a douche or gargle of cold water three times a day.

A physician says: "Be careful in your eating to a state of indifference. It irritates the stomach far more than spice, and an overdose will bring on an unpleasant sensation for days."

A pinch of salt added to a glass of milk makes it not only more palatable to many, but more easily digested.

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A pinch of salt added to a glass of milk makes it not only more palatable to many, but more easily digested.

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FOR

BUTTER

Fine Table Butter from 20c. per pound up.

NEW CANNED FRUITS—Extra choice Apricots, 18c. can, 3 for 50c.; extra choice green Gages, extra choice Plums, 15c., extra choice Cherries, 2 for 25c.; extra choice Pears 2 for 25c.; extra choice Blackberries 2 for 25c.

When you need a good Flamington Ham try us. Fancy Hams and Bacon, 15c. per pound. Best Tomatoes 10c. can, 85 dozen, best French Peas 2 for 25c.; best early June Peas 2 for 25c.; best sugar corn 2 for 25c.; best Lima Beans 2 for 25c., best Pumpkin, 2 for 25c.

Extra Special Inducements with Tea, Coffee and Baking Powder. In Flour we lead ALL.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe —Made of Calf Skin.— Narrow toe with tip.— Square toe plain. — Good Fitters.—Good Sleepers.—Worth $3 to any man.—And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

228 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this handsome full open stock pattern and save just one half. The style is "Decorated Virginia Creeper, on Parisian Granite body, illuminated with gold. Gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

This pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so when pieces can be replaced by any one at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $25 to $30. We have marked these sets at New York prices, and a set can be made from this pattern assorted for $15 and upwards. Call and see them. Remember, we have no agents, but sell direct to you at first hand. We have seen it has value, when you can save to take no other.

Decorated Tinted Ware at 25c., 33c., 50c., 75c. per cent. off on Decorated Tea and Dinner Ware. Lamp Burners and chimneys in endless variety, and our prices secure you for all time at an advance on the old. Extension and patent Combination Cookstove—We can save you money. If we can't show you a saving in buying of us we don't want your trade. Our prices are the lowest possible for honest goods, and we are bound to have your business. We are the largest portion of your Household outlay for Hardware, and we are bound to have it. We would like to have you call and see us and get your bargains on a cash basis, ourselves, as of we have any of them.

Our 5 cent Counter is the largest 5 cent counter anything sold for 25 or 50 cents. Thousands are now in at Plainfield and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

BEFORE PURCHASING

Your Mount for 1892,

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,

WHEELMEN'S : HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

This Date in History—March 19.

1687—Sir Isaac Newton, author of the Principia, born in Lincolnshire, England. Died March 20, 1727.

1794—Elias Hicks, founder of the Hicksite Quakers, born in Hempstead, N. Y.; died 1830.

1813—John J. Hasz, famous as comptroller of the currency, born in Kingston, N. Y.

1826—Grover Cleveland, twenty-second and twenty-fourth President of the United States, born in Caldwell, N. J.

1831—Mrs. Anna Jameson, author, died in London; born 1797.

1872—Town hall and famous art galleries at Crefeld, Germany, burned.

1873—City of San Salvador destroyed by earthquake; 30 lives lost and $12,000,000 in property destroyed.

1876—John P. King, ex-United States senator, died in Atlanta; born 1798.

1881—Joseph Perkins, a rich Detroit miller, was kidnaped and $15,000 ransom demanded, but he was released after 72 hours captivity in a secluded building.

Made an Impression.

Mr. Sophend (sighing)—I wish you could find something about me to like.

Miss Beautiful (kindly)—Well, Mr. Sophend, there is one thing about you I like very much.

"I am glad to hear you say so. What is it?"

"You make short calls."—New York Weekly.

Plenty to It.

Bullfinch—How is that little mining scheme of yours getting along? Any money in it?

Wooden—Any money in it! Well I should say so! All of mine, all of my wife's and about $50,000 that I got from my friends.—Boston Courier.

Commercial Item.

Fakir—Don't ye want to pay somethings?

Dude—No, I've got everything I need.

"Don't ye want to pay a fine razor?"

"I never shave myself."

"Then maybe you want to commit suicide some day."—Texas Siftings.

Where They Were.

Mrs. Witherby—Your old clothes man was around today.

Witherby (grimly)—Tell him next time that if he wants back at any old clothes of mine he will have to call at the office.—Clothier and Furnisher.

1892 MARCH. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

☽ First Quarter	5	9:14 a.m.	☾ Third Quarter	21	2:16 a.m.
● Full Moon	13	7:55 a.m.	☽ New Moon	28	2:16 a.m.

Legal Instruments.

PUBLIC SALE WITHOUT RESERVE.

Shelgrove Villa to be sold at auction by the Chancellor.

The valuable lot slightly located for three on the westerly corner of Park avenue and Fourth street, Plainfield, N. J., known as the Shelgrove property. Lot 100 feet on Fourth and Park avenue by 200 feet on Fourth street fronting the Fence Road, together with the dwelling house thereon. This will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder on

TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1892,

at two o'clock p. m. on the premises. Terms of sale: One-fifth of the purchase money to be struck off, the balance on April 15th next in cash on delivery of the deed after confirmation by the Chancellor, or bond and purchaser's option. 50 per cent. of purchase price may remain on bond and mortgage.

w,s,m E. E. POST, Administrator.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want

to rent, to buy, to sell,

or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

12 EAST FRONT STREET

3 12 1m

A Novel Invention!

Of great merit. Constructed on scientific principles. The

ARNOLD STEAM COOKER

and

STEAM TEA and COFFEE COOKER.

In the kitchen and elsewhere.

"The best-laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley."

The Arnold Steam Cooker prevents such accidents. One to meet over a meal, or cook food, a pint or an old pot, or over an alcohol lamp, with equally satisfactory results.

Please call and see it at 64 E. Park avenue.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 20 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26tf

NEW Spring Dunlap Style OF DERBY, ON TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

6 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$6 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morton, Manager and Proprietor. Office, No. 324 Park Avenue. Terms for All Points. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J. "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

BREVITIES.

—The City Common Council will meet in adjourned session this evening at eight o'clock.

—The Central Railroad is to have four more engines of the compound type. They are to be built at the Baldwin Works.

—The furniture at Force's Hotel will be sold at auction. The sale will commence to-morrow and will continue Wednesday and Thursday.

—A service, known to Catholics as the Forty-Hours devotion, will begin in St. Mary's church next Sunday morning at the 10.45 o'clock mass.

—The Republican party has elected ten presidents and the Democrats nine, but both parties have ruled the same number of terms, thirteen.

—"The Capture of Fort Fisher," will be the subject of the talk to be given under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow evening.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the lecture room of the chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The two tramps who were arrested in North Plainfield Saturday for trespassing on coal cars were yesterday taken to the Somerset county jail to serve out a thirty days sentence imposed by Justice Crosley.

—At 10.35 a. m. yesterday Spring began with the sun shining brightly, a clear sky, the ground covered with snow, plenty of sleighing, and yet birds of Spring singing in the leafless trees, altogether a strange combination.

—Senator Marsh says he voted for the Reading combine bill because he favored it, and that's all he'll say about it. But if coal goes up in price and every poor man has to pay twenty-five cents more for every ton of coal he buys, it will probably the able senator will offer some further explanation.—Elizabeth Journal.

—The Central Hotel, East Front street, next to the First National Bank, will be opened to-morrow by the new lessees, Messrs. Windham & Crowley, who have been licensed by Common Council, and propose to make the place acceptable to the community generally, and their patrons particularly. Their announcements appears in another column.

—A late invention is a process for lacing a gentleman's or lady's shoe in place of the hook that is in use now. A cord, neatly arranged pulley is placed between the lace stays, so arranged that when the lacing is once adjusted the shoe is simply pulled open to admit the foot, the lace pulled tight, and it sets upon the pulleys, lacing the shoe in a perfect manner.

—The police ought not to leave any stone unturned to secure the capture of the tramps who visited Mr. Serrell's residence and outraged his servant girl Saturday morning. If the tramps are not captured, it will be a serious reflection upon the police, in connection with other offenses which have occurred, the offenders escaping, will give cause for enough complaint to require some improvement on the force. The people pay enough money to secure the best of protection.

—The health authorities in England have determined to stamp out the influenza, or grip, by enforcing the law which forbids persons suffering from contagious diseases to come in contact with the people in the street or in public places, and a number of persons have been arrested and fined $25 each for violating the law. His anything been done in this country to prevent the spread of this disease? If all persons afflicted with this abominable complaint were forced to remain at home, our streets would be as deserted as our art galleries are; in fact, we would take a day off ourselves occasionally.—Pharm. Era.

—There is to be an entertainment Tuesday evening at Music Hall, entitled "A Reception at an Equestrian Show." It will be the first entertainment of this character at the hall, but Miss Fay, by whom, as advertised it is to be given, appears to have very high endorsements, and to meet with considerable success. The newspapers where she has appeared refer to the affair as worth seeing, and one of our local papers gives nearly three-quarters of a column of space to a highly flattering notice. People usually give those addicted to spiritualism a wide berth, as having a screw loose somewhere, but scientifically done as Miss Fay does it excites curiosity enough evidently to attract audiences. Read her advertisement and see what she says for herself.

—During the Winter and Spring of 1891 a series of experiments were made by Miss Mary E. Hoyt at the Iowa State University, the results of which are here given. She attempted to separate the Bacterium, *Bacillus subtilus*, from the yeast plant *Saccharomyces cerevisiæ* found together in ordinary bread yeast. She then endeavored to obtain pure cultures of both, and to find the part each played in bread making. Bread made of sterilized flour and raised with pure bacillus culture was light, but not so spongy as ordinary bread, sweet, closed grained and rather dark colored, resembling "salt raised bread. Bread raised with the pure yeast culture under similar conditions was somewhat light, sweet, not so fine grained nor as light as either ordinary bread or that made with bacteria. It had an insipid taste and peculiar odor. The result seems to be that both together produce the best results and that the bacillus alone is more efficient than the yeast culture used by itself. However no one set of experiments can be conclusive, so we await further developments.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF.

An Interesting Legal Question Raised in the Court of Chancery.

On motion of William A. Cotter, counsel of the New Jersey State Firemen's Association, Vice Chancellor Van Fleet on Wednesday granted a rule to show cause why an injunction should not issue against the Jersey City Firemen's Relief Association and the individuals composing the Board of Representatives, Officers and Trustees of said association, restraining them from paying money to those not entitled under the law to receive it. The rule is returnable on the 29th of March, at Newark.

The bill is a very long one, over thirty pages type-written, and makes a great many specific charges of illegal paying *out of money by the Board of Representatives* in the past year to the amount of over two thousand dollars. It is charged in the bill that the Board of Representatives have usurped the powers of the Board of Trustees in allowing relief, and that every grant of relief by the representatives is illegal, as the matter of relief by law is left wholly with the trustees.

An accounting is asked for and that the defendants pay back to the association the money found to be illegally paid out.

Assistant Chief John T. Desmond is the complainant, and the affidavits are made to the bill by him and Chief John Conway and Superintendent John H. Brown, of the Jersey City Fire Department. Some time ago complaint was made to the members of the Executive Committee of of the State Association of the waste and illegal use of the funds of the Jersey City Association, and at a meeting held on March 3d the Committee instructed the State counsel to bring suit for any member who would act as complainant, and if not then to take steps for a criminal prosecution for taking part in *the misappropriation of the funds and*, if necessarary, act with the attorney general in having the association dissolved. This will raise a point that will interest firemen generally. Namely, whether individual members of the Board of Representatives can be made to account for any money illegally paid out. The decision in this case will be watched with much interest by firemen.

ROBBED BY TRAMPS.

These Gentry Should be Jailed.

A young man named Tom Kane is said to have been stopped and robbed by tramps early Saturday evening on Plainfield avenue. He reported the robbery to the police. Three tramps were arrested on suspicion but were let go as he could not identify them.

John C. Moore's "Luck" has Turned.

In January Judge Codington purchased at Sheriff's sale the Moore property on North avenue, Mr. Jno. C. Moore having through his counsel, Mr. Craig A. Marsh, filed objections to the sale, claiming that because it was expected the sale would be adjourned, persons who intended purchasing and who would give $15,000 for the property, had not attended, and that the property was sacrificed. Judge Codington retained Charles A. Reed as his counsel and the question was tried before Vice Chancellor Green, the result being that the objections were all overruled and the sale ordered confirmed.

Fanwood Notes

Mrs. C. K. Moore gave a church party Wednesday.

Cards are out for a musicale for Wednesday next to be given by Mrs. A. D. Bocken.

L. J. Briggs left for the South Monday evening.

Mrs. P. Robinson gave a very enjoyable lunch party Tuesday afternoon.

The Fanwood Whist Club's team visited Bergen Point Wednesday evening and played a team of the New Jersey Athletic Club. The Fanwoods won six games and the New Jersey's won three.

A Debt Paid Off.

Sunday there was a grand rally in the New York avenue Baptist church of Westfield for the purpose of raising money to pay off the last $75 of the church debt. Rev. J. W. Mitchell of Plainfield preached at the eleven o'clock hour; Rev. T. G. Wright of Plainfield preached at 3.30 in the afternoon, and Rev. Wm. Perry of Montclair spoke in the evening at 8 o'clock.

Injured at the Gas House.

Eugene W. Brokaw, an employe of the Plainfield Gas and Electric Light Company, while assisting in unloading a coal car at the gas house, a few days ago, slipped through the "drop" and was painfully injured. Mr. Brokaw says that had he not doubled up he would have undoubtedly been killed.

To Meet Wednesday.

The Plainfield "Branch of the National Alliance of Unitarian and other Liberal Christian Women" will meet next Tuesday at 3 p. m. in the Unitarian rooms, No. 4 Second place. Addresses will be delivered by Mrs. R. Ward Dix, Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Catlin of the New York League.

DEATHS.

FIELD.—In this city, March 18, 1892, Richard H. Field, aged 74 years.

Funeral services at his late residence, 22 Broadway, Tuesday, March 22, at 2.15 p. m. 1192*

TWO FIRES IN TWO DAYS

SATURDAY NIGHT'S FIRE.

The Loss About Two Thousand Dollars—Mostly by Water.

At about eight o'clock Saturday evening an alarm of fire was sounded from Box No. 13, situated at the corner of Somerset and Front streets. The fire proved to be in a storage room in the Sillman building on West Front street. The firemen responded promptly and endeavored to extinguish the flames with fire extinguishers. When they found they could not do so they turned a stream of water on it. The fire was between the ceiling and the floor and was a hard one to fight. The owner of the building says that the loss is about $2,000. It is covered by insurance. The damage was mostly by water.

While responding to the alarm one of No. 2's new horses balked thus somewhat delaying the firemen. Gazelle Engine Company No. 1, bursted several lengths of hose and one length belonging to Alert Hose Company.

THE NETHERWOOD STATION DESTROYED BY FLAMES.

A Child's Narrow Escape From Suffocation. — An Overheated Heater Caused the Fire. — The Firemen Handicapped by the Bursting of Hose.—Other Particulars.

Shortly after two o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm of fire was sounded from box No. 23, situated at the corner of South and Woodland avenues. The fire proved to be at the Netherwood station, which was totally destroyed.

Mr. Christoper Angenbauer was the agent at the station. He and his family lived on the second floor. His family consisted of himself, his wife and a child of about eight months old.

A few moments previous to the fire Mr. Angenbauer locked up the station and accompanied his wife to the home of his brother who resides nearby. They left their eight months old baby asleep on the bed in the family apartments on the second story. Soon after the agent left dense volumes of smoke began to poor from the cellar windows. When an alarm of fire was sounded Mr. Angenbauer saw from his brother's house that the station was afire.

He rushed over to the station, and burst open the door and rushed into the suffocating smoke to the crib where his child was sleeping. He grasped the baby in a blanket and bore him safely to the open air, where he (Mr. Angenbauer) fell exhausted. Both he and the child were nearly suffocated.

The fire originated from a defective furnace, concerning which, Amenbauer says, he complained a company some time ago. A high wind was blowing at the time and when the department arrived the fire had gained considerable headway.

The firemen, together with many of the poor, water supply the flames were easily stopped and the firemen to check the flames. They worked zealously, however, and narrowly escaped injury when the front wall, which was of brick, fell in.

The city pays money enough to have good hose.

The station was one of the handsomest on the road. It was built of brick and stone and was finished with hard wood. The lines of hose stretched across the track, interfered with the traffic somewhat, but not seriously.

There were several hundred dollars' worth of tickets in the office, and some cash. All are recovered.

Mr. Angenbauer's household goods property was insured. He saved nothing. He had them partially insured.

The loss will probably reach $10,000.

The fire attracted thousands of people, who crowded on all the tracks.

While responding to the alarm Zephyr Hose Company No. 1 had a runaway. The truck was taken back to the house, the ladders were transferred to another vehicle and the company again started for the fire, doing good service.

The telegraph system was crippled by the fire. Men repaired the wires this morning.

A car is being used as temporary station.

A Treat in Store for Plainfield.

Rev. W. H. Walker, well-known as a wonderful expounder of Bible doctrines, will give a series of talks on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week at the First Baptist church, and on Friday afternoon at four o'clock, will speak to the Sunday-school teachers and scholars in the same place. Anyone who has heard Mr. Walker once, will be desirous to hear him at all these lectures. He has few equals in his line of study. The lectures will be free, and every Sunday-school teacher and scholar in Plainfield is urged to make a special effort to be present, and hear this noted Bible teacher.

Boys' Club Notes.

The average attendance at the rooms last week was sixty-three per evening; the largest being 76 and the smallest 57. Number of visitors was 12.

The bowling tournaming is about finished and are now getting their work ready for the exhibition, which occurs next month.

The total membership of the club is 220.

Laing's Rural Sale Adjourned.

The sale of Laing's Hotel which was to have taken place to-day, was adjourned for one week. There was a bid of $80,000 on the property when the sale was adjourned.

STATE NEWS

Anglesea will hold another election for Marshal, as the result of Tuesday.

A Stockton township resident voted six stickers on a card in his official envelope on Tuesday.

The Prohibitionists of Jersey City have nominated Richard Grant for Mayor. The Democrats have nominated Allan McDermott.

Mrs. Houch of Dover, who fell off an uncompleted bridge and broke her leg, sues for $5,000 damages from the county. The committee offered to settle for $1,500.

In attempting to go down stairs to get a glass of water for her sick child, Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. Stephen J. Reynolds of Morristown, tripped and fell headlong to the foot of the stairs, breaking her neck.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bond of Bluspow, celebrated their golden wedding on Thursday. All of their children except one were present, with their families. They have seven children, ten grandchildren, and three great grandchildren.

A macadamized road is to be built from Newark to Morris county line, Near Chatham, and now the people of Morris county are agitating the question of building a county road across their county to the Somerset line, passing through Madison, Morristown, Dover and Stanhope.

George H. Larison, one of the best known men, and politicians in the Camden county, died at his home in Lambertville on Wednesday morning. He was a regularly ordained minister and pastor of the Baptist church at Larison's Corners. He was the Democratic candidate for Congress from the Fourth District some years ago. Previous to and since that time he was a Democrat.

PERSONAL.

The funeral of the late Margaret R. Lawes, who died in North Plainfield on Thursday last, took place from the Friends' meeting house yesterday.

E. G. Mulford, broker, has sold Mrs. Edward H. Sponner's property at 67 Grove street, to Mr. Simpson of Brooklyn, for $12,000, the price it was held at.

Dr. A. MacCallum, jr., of Shelburne Falls, Mass., presided as organist in the First Presbyterian church yesterday. Miss Pellows, the soprano, sang a solo, "As Pants the Hart for Cooling Streams," by Schnecker, written for Prof. Clarke of New York.

The funeral of the late Manning Vermeule, who died Saturday morning, took place from his late residence on West Front street this afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Mr. Vermeule was born at Flemington on April 26, 1816, and was in the eighty-sixth year of his age at the time of his death. His parents died when he was a boy, and soon afterward he came to Plainfield and learned the hatter's trade with Jason Compton, in the building now occupied by what is now known as Grant avenue. In May, 1838, he married Rebecca, daughter of the late Daniel Drake, and ever since that time, with the exception of one year, he has resided in the house in which he died on Saturday morning. His wife died about eighteen months ago. Mr. Vermeule followed the hatting business for many years, and later on opened the store on West Front street now occupied by Hulsick & Davis. He was actively engaged in business until within a few years, when his health began to slip by falling on the ice at Newton, N. J., from the effects of which he never fully recovered. The deceased was a member of the First Baptist church since 1838, and for over thirty years he has held the office of deacon in the church. Politically he was a staunch Republican and was at one time a member of the Union County Board of Chosen Freeholders; he also held the office of Councilman of this city for many years. He leaves four children, two sons, Charles, of Red Bank, and Daniel, of this city, and two daughters, Mrs. John H. Prentis of this city and Mrs. F. E. Keep of Boston.

The New York Herald of yesterday, speaking of the proposed departure of Miss Bulkley, referred to it in the Tuesday issue of the Herald, as follows: "Miss Julia E. Bulkley, superintendent of the Plainfield public school system, has been appointed assistant professor of the Women's College connected with the Chicago University, at which Professor Harper presides. Miss Bulkley's appointment, which has been called into prominence by the large gift recently tendered Mr. Rockefeller, is the result of a competitive examination, and the only one offering. She will take charge of the new duties October 1. Miss Bulkley is a native of Plainfield, N. J., and has always been born in Danbury, Conn., about forty years ago. She received her early education in the public schools of Plainfield, immediately after her graduation took a position as teacher in the public schools of that city, and has been connected with them ever since. She came to the city as a teacher in the high school. In this she was soon promoted to the position of principal of the grammar school, which position she held until 1885, when Miss F. Grant, the then superintendent, resigned the superintendency of the schools and has held the position of superintendent for eleven years. Miss Bulkley's success as an educator has been a matter of comment for eleven years. She has a way to win the confidence of her pupils and to lead them to do their best work. Under her administration the schools of Plainfield have become famous. The high school has been so raised that graduates are now received at all colleges without examination. Under her administration the schools of Plainfield would seem to be exactly what she is on the right track to have accomplished. Many of the best teachers in the city have been graduated from there and pursued their studies before entering upon their duties as teachers. Miss Bulkley has been a great favorite. She has made all social duties a pleasure. She has also been a leader in the "set." Books and the higher walks of literature have been her delight. She has also been a close student of languages. She has visited Europe three times and has traveled down the Nile into Egypt and made a long trip to the Holy Land. She has also traveled through Greece and Italy. Recently she has been in the city of Mexico. She has attended the French Academy of Music in Paris. She has been a member of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle received a diploma from the founder himself. It is said that Miss Bulkley goes to Chicago on the most favorable terms ever made to a woman by an educational institution."

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

LORD SALISBURY'S REPLY.

A Narrow Respecting Its Text.

WASHINGTON, March 21, (Special.)—Extensive was observed this morning respecting the contents of the reply of Lord Salisbury, received yesterday, to the note of President Harrison of the 8th inst.

It is believed here that Lord Salisbury has refused to renew the modus vivendi.

3,000 MEN GIVEN NOTICE.

English Tin-Plate Works to Close.

LONDON, Eng., March 21st. (Special.)—The Aberearne Tin Plate Works in Monmouth have been closed. At the Abertillery works the operatives have received a month's notice of the close of contracts. Three thousand hands will be thrown out of employment.

SWALLOWED AT LAST.

The Sugar Combine Got Speckels' Refinery.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—(Special).—The Inquirer comes out this morning with the statement that Claus Speckels' refinery has gone into the great combine, and that official announcement will be made in a few days.

The Dog Celebrated Its Victory.

CARSON, Nev., March 21st. (Special.)—A fierce fight occurred here yesterday between a bulldog and a lynx, resulting in a victory for the dog after an hour's hard battle. The lynx bit the dog in many places but failed to develop a bulldog's staying powers. When the bulldog finally killed the lynx he made straight for Chinstown and whipped every dog he met.

6,000 Natives Menace a Town.

MELBOURNE, March 21.—(Special.—A dispatch from Quillimane, which town is besieged by a force of 6,000 natives, states that the blacks have assumed a most menacing attitude and momentarily threaten an attack upon the place. The most intense excitement prevails.

Westfield Notes.

A charter has been granted for the organization of the First National Bank of Westfield. The capital stock will be $50,000. The principal projectors are out-of-town capitalists, though some of Westfield's business men will be stockholders.

Blatches have been driven at Garwood, a new town on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, between Westfield and Cranford, for the village streets and station. Large steel cars weighing will be erected in the Western part of the town, which is in Westfield township, and the Hall Automatic Works will be erected about 1,000 feet east of the station, in Cranford township. The two will give employment to about six hundred hands.

Demotion Notes.

Mr. J. Tunstall of Brooklyn, New York, was here yesterday, looking at some property with a view of purchasing it. It is his intention to locate here.

Mr. W. J. Wynne yesterday entertained his friends at a birthday party. "Friends from New York, Jersey City, Dunellen and other places were present."

Mrs. H. R. Pond and daughter of Paterson have been visiting for the past week at the residence of Mrs. Pond's sister, Mrs. C. E. Taylor of this place.

Mrs. W. H. Taylor ventured out of doors yesterday for the first time this year. She has been ill with the grip.

—Pat Rooney and his New York star combination commenced a three nights' engagement at the Stirling Rink night in his new play of "Lord Rooney." Rooney is the same identifiable Irish comedian. He is original in all things, and is to-night quick artist. He is for ahead of all Irish-American and stands all alone as a comedian and artistic impersonator of a type which is inexpressibly comical and funny. Pat's character, "Mamie Rooney," is very artistic and caught the house strong.—Syracuse Courier. The above play is to be presented at Music Hall to-night.

SENSITIVE and nerve weakened men and women need to heed this advice and let it stick like a fact—

Mixes some H-O for breakfast.

BLACK

PRIESTLY'S RENOWNED BLACK SILK WARP HENRIETTAS

And other popular Black Goods. Large Assortment, and prices just as low as in New York. Perseverance to put on mourning at a no will deal it to their interest to go online our large line. Our special offer in Carpets will be all good until April 1. The stock is in unusually fine and stylish shape.

EDSALL'S!

GRAND :- OPENING

OF THE

CENTRAL HOTEL,

FRONT STREET, NEAR PARK AVENUE.

TO-MORROW AND WEDNESDAY.

An elaborate lunch will be served both evenings. Eat, Drink and be Merry.

Windham & Crowley, Proprietors.

AT THE PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen their's as one that we are offering? Its the greatest bargain we have ever offered, and you also a good thing if you do not secure one. Price $3.98. Buy them in our show window.

There is a very pretty 100 piece, Decorated English Porcelain Dinner Set, full gems for $6.75 per set.

We sell as I one lot, 25 pair, of Fine Chamois Percaline Corsets, for $4.37 per pair. Usual value $6.

All mittings are was ed, we can offer you the finest assortment of styles, at prices to suit them every time. 25 cents buys a fine Jouvine Mitting, and for 14 cents you buy an extra heavy red check.

A line who like an extra long waist Corset should try our new 24, W, H. It's a good one and well worth a trial.

We will offer for the coming week some extra good values in Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, etc.

We have received another lot of fine Granite Iron Ware, and will offer this desirable ware at lower prices than ever sold at before.

We call special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the best in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Van Emburgh & White.

Cents-a-Word Column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture is good and will be bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 111 front street. 3-26tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A SWEDISH girl wishes a situation as cook. 47 West Second street. 19 2

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD cook and laundress wanted at 30 Franklin place. 19 4

WANTED—A first-class cook; to reside in laundry. Apply, with references, to No. 10 Eighth street. 21 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Thursday, pocketbook containing money, between Peterson's and Putnam's. Finder will return to 21 Putnam street and receive suitable reward. 19 2

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots cost to you cheap at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address P. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. Muller's real estate office. Call at on them. 192 feet above the sea level 2 192*

FOR SALE or rent—House with barn. Inquire of Mrs. Mary Phillips, 15 Sherman avenue, eight rooms. Desirable locality. Apply to E. D. Smalley, Dunellen, N. J.

FOR SALE IN CALIFORNIA.—20 acres of fruit and orchard, 4 acres vineyard, house and outbuildings, location Hayward, Alameda county, Cal. 30 miles from San Francisco, 10 miles from Haywards, 2 miles from Alameda, 10 miles from Oakland, 1 mile from school, also from grove and church. Electric road will be completed to Oakland in 60 days. Everything in perfect order. Can commence to realize on crops in May. Power of sale in mortgage. Will exchange for a farm in this vicinity or sell cheap for cash

EDITORIAL NOTES

The High Science of Breadmaking.

Mr. Edward Atkinson, statistician, cook, philosopher and poetic statistician, narrates how first he set intellect to wrestling with breadmaking. By the use of his Aladdin oven, costing twenty-five dollars, he makes a bread which he claims to be of the best quality for 2½ cents the pound. He makes it by his slow method, and it is composed of half oatmeal and half flour, either brown or white. He provides a luncheon every day in his "cooking laboratory" for his twenty employees. Cooking laboratory is high science for kitchen.

Mr. Atkinson has found out that it is not nice to knead bread with the hands for various reasons, and in this the plain world will agree with him, so he uses a machine kneader. He has a scientific bread raiser which maintains a steady moist heat of 90 degs., and he claps his dough into that in order that it may receive just the right heat for "generating the growth of the yeast plant and through that diffusing the carbonic acid in the mass." Tell your girl that next time you want her to mix a batch of bread.

The mental and scientific processes of mind and matter that must be called into operation in breadmaking, both in the right and wrong way, are partly set forth below:

I first applied my mind to the theory of bread; which is to mix with flour and water some yeast and common salt, and bake the powder which, when subjected to a certain degree of heat, will generate carbonic acid gas that will work through the dough and cause bubbly places in it.

The main substance of bread is carbonaceous material. All forms of carbon are nonconductors of heat; consequently, when a high heat is applied to the dough in the bread pan it quickly converts the outer pasty into a hardened crust.

This forms an effectual nonconductor, and if the high degree of heat in a ventilated oven is continued until the middle of the loaf is thoroughly cooked, it may burn the crust. In any event *it dries it and hardens it unless great* care is taken in the regulation of the service.

But when the dough, raised to the right point, is subjected to a heat of 300 to 350 degs. Fahr. in an oven which is not ventilated, and in which the bread is surrounded by the humidity developed from itself in the process of cooking, the crust remains pasty, that formation of crust, being a partial change of the outer surface of starch into dextrine or grape sugar, developing a sweet and nutty flavor.

When the dough is thus subjected to the moderate and humid degree of heat, it may be continued for about the length of time, but at the end of about two hours the bread will be cooked to the very center. If the process of cooking in the humid oven is not sufficiently necessary a crust of half an inch in thickness will be made, and if continued for an hour the whole loaf will be affected. The color will become tawny, and the nutty flavor will pervade both crust and crumb.

Are There Lucky People?

It is said of the Vanderbilts that they have made not only their own fortune, but that of everybody who has stuck to them. A recent writer says of the Rothschilds that they are believers in luck, and that they dismiss an unlucky employee and promote the one they think is lucky.

At any rate, this much is certainly true, that the successful and rising man is the one to attach your fortunes to. *Join him and share his prosperity.* Whether there is really any such thing as luck mankind have been trying to find out ever since the world began, and they are as much in the dark as ever. It is quite true on general principles that the person who has pluck and perseverance is tolerably sure to win in the long run if he lives long enough. But some win so much sooner than others and so much more easily that it is hard to believe there is not a fate in such matters.

The man who, however honorable and industrious, has made a failure of every thing he has undertaken, will not be a good person to join one's fortunes with. But such a man ought, if possible, to "catch on" to a person who is successful in all he undertakes. There is such a thing, too, as living down ill fortune, and the man who has been called "unlucky" for years may at last by a sudden stroke attain prosperity which remains with him the rest of his life.

The centers established by the University Settlement society in Great Britain and America are called by their founders "social experiment stations." In these stations college men, and in similar stations college women, live and meet the most uncared for classes in community and endeavor to help them. The stations are always located in the midst of the tenement house districts. Here the most cultivated classes meet on equal terms the most uncultivated. The university settlers establish reading rooms and classes for instruction. In some cases gymnasiums have been established. It is needless to say that bathrooms ought to be and will be. The young people who live for a time in these settlements will know from actual observation what it means to be very poor and ignorant.

A generation ago the geographies taught that there were only 7,000,000 Jews on the globe. They have increased rapidly since then. In New York city alone there are now 250,000. In the whole country, therefore, there must be considerably over a million. Last year Russians and Polish Jews to the number of some 75,000 landed in this country.

A woman started around the world the other day carrying only a small hand satchel for baggage. Verily we live in strange times.

HOW QUAY WON HIS FIGHT

The Senator's Story of the Tactics That Elected Harrison

AND ENDANGERED HIS OWN LIFE.

Blaine, He Discovered, Was Counted Out in New York, and When Tammany Discovered Quay Had It Checkmated in 1888 He Was Tarradiddled with Double.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—The Inquirer publishes today a sensational story of the campaign of 1888 and Senator Quay's connection with it.

"It is in the successful attempt to prevent crime that the campaign becomes of sensational interest," says the paper. "The story has never been told. *For the first time it is* given in these columns, and it is a story that will bear careful reading, for it deals not only with the ballot thief and the bogus voter, but with the thugs and assassins of Tammany Hall, for murder itself was one of the features which had to be met and prevented."

The story as to Senator Quay's selection as chairman of the Republican national committee is told at length. According to The Inquirer it was with great reluctance that Quay consented to go. When he did, however, he went to work with a will. According to the story he said:

"I propose to make a complete study of *New* York city. The election will be won or lost right there. Before I get through I shall know as much about every precinct as I now know about the borough of Beaver.'

"He had telegraphed ahead for some of *the principal party men to meet him,*" it continues, "and among them was John I. Davenport, but the latter he was soon closeted. Together they planned a line of campaign that was successful.

Quay's Discoveries.

"Chairman Quay had not been long in harness before he discovered why it was that Blaine had been beaten four years before. It was done by a system of false registration and by frauds of votes. Quay found that false registration was one of the principal forces upon which the Democrats relied for success. He found, too, that Blaine had carried the state in 1884; that the Democratic managers knew this early in the evening, and that changes of the ballots were necessary to elect Cleveland.

"Ben Butler was running that year on a third ticket, and he polled several thousand labor votes in New York city. It was the shrewd thing to work for the labor ballot thieves to turn the Butler ballots over to Cleveland. This was actually done. Quay unearthed this fact before he had long been in command, and his discovery has received the indorsement of General Butler himself.

"Tammany Hall was supreme. There were, in fact, three organizations in Democratic hands at the time—Tammany Hall, Irving Hall and the County Democracy. There was no Republican organization worthy of the name. Republicans were without commanding leadership. They were, in fact, a headless mob entirely at the mercy of the pluggities, the murderers, the scoundrels, the thieves and the cutthroats of Tammany.

Cheated Out of the Presidency.

"Tammany had cheated Blaine out of the presidency. Of this there was not a shadow of a doubt. The proof was positive. Tammany was even then engaged in a conspiracy to defeat Harrison by exactly the same means. The lower wards of New York then as now were crowded with cheap lodging houses and tenements to which thousands of Irish voters could be consigned. But the conspiracy was not to prosper.

"Quay's work was in secret. It was in summer when he took hold. There was not a dollar in the treasury. Money was needed to carry out a plan which he rapidly perfected. He put up collateral and raised $30,000 for immediate use.

"Before many days had elapsed a bright, smart man of business opened an office for the alleged purpose of canvassing for a city directory. It was to do no such thing, announced, a compilation something on the plan of the society blue book.

"But the canvassers went into queer places for blue book compilation. The lower wards were invaded with scores of men selected under the eagle eye of John I. Davenport.

"Hundreds of names were collected daily. Gradually the hundreds grew into thousands. Draftsmen were set at work making maps. Thereby water courses things. There were hundreds of them. Each one contained a drawing of a section of a street. Every house was marked out.

Quay's Life Insured.

"It was a stupendous task. Every dollar of the $30,000 was expended in this work, but when it was completed, as it was in the month of October, Quay had the vote of New York at his fingers' ends.

"Quay was living at the Everett House, at the head of Union square. The headquarters were opened on Fifth avenue, but a short distance away. The things connected with Tammany Hall had observed his movements and knew his cunning. With the game of false registration blocked the anger of the ballot manipulators burst all bounds. Something must be done. That something was developed itself in threats of assassination.

"Letters began to pour in upon the chairman. He was warned a hundred times a day that day after day that he must leave town or be killed. He refused to do either.

"But while Quay laughed at danger his friends did not. There were those around him who feared for his life. Detectives were sent out wholly unknown to him.

"He could not leave the headquarters without an officer watching every footstep and prepared to take summary action upon any suspicious character discovered dogging his footsteps. He was guarded while he slept. Those were exciting times. It would have surprised no one at headquarters if the secret to bear of his death at any moment. But Quay was boldly carried out of the plans taken to prevent him from falling a victim to Tammany hatred and venom.

How's Big Mac?

"Every movement of the Democrats was watched and known. Their plans were laid bare in the committee rooms. At every point they found themselves checkmated. But while this gigantic work was in progress in the city neither the state nor the rest of the country had been forgotten.

"Colonel Brice ordered the collection of an immense fund to be used there in the last hours of the campaign. Three days before election the sum of $355,000 was handed over to the Democratic workers in the state above the Harlem river. This was entirely separate from the amount used by Tammany in the city. These figures were given afterward by one of the then secretaries of the executive committee and are necessarily correct.

Quay had called around him an advisory committee, of which John Wanamaker was chairman. It was a finance committee as well as a committee of advice, and it was composed of the most prominent Republicans of Philadelphia. It has been a favorite charge of the Democrats that this fund was improperly and unfairly used for the purpose of corrupting the ballot. It is to refute this charge that the committee has overthrown the records of its expenditures to the last penny. But as a matter of fact not one dollar of the Republican fund was used illegitimately. Quay's whole object was to prevent fraud, not to become a partner in crime.

"Election day drew near and the Republican committee was prepared for the contest at the polls. A shrewd guess knew the city and state—that is, if the contemplated conspiracy to steal the city could be thwarted.

Quay Got the Returns.

"But now came the great and more difficult task of preventing a false count. Butler was not running this year. His votes could again be counted for Cleveland. But it was just as easy to count Harrison votes for the Democratic candidate, and the methods by which this was to be accomplished were well known at headquarters.

"The police of New York city are under the control of a board of commissioners. In 1888 there was a sturdy Republican majority of the board in the person of Steve French. To him much was due for the carrying out of the plans. He entered heartily into the movement, the police had been in the habit of collecting the returns. The results thus became known early, and if occasion required the changes were easily made, not only in the returns of the voting places, but in higher circles.

"Quay's plan was simple. It was the collection of the full returns with French's cooperation the moment the ballots were counted. In previous years these returns went into Democratic, that is to say, Tammany hands, and no one was the wiser for what happened afterward. But in the Harrison campaign it was Quay's intention to secure certified copies of all returns and to hold them as evidence if any changes should be made. Prosecution would follow any fraudulent recounting.

"French did his work splendidly. He was, of course, in a position to secure copies from every precinct, and as soon as the returns were counted the results were sent to Chairman Quay.

The Democrats Threw Up Their Hands.

"Early in the evening it was evident that the figures were running against the Democrats. Order to make up the deficiency was given, and then, to the utter dismay of the Tammany manipulators, they discovered that Quay had accurate copies of the reports from every precinct. French was the man who had supplied him with the information. They were blocked again. What was to be done? Ah, there was Brooklyn. French had no control over Brooklyn. There was the opportunity.

"There was no Steve French in Brooklyn, to be sure, but there was a thorough organization of young Republicans pledged to a fair vote and a fair count. They proved the men entrusted in doing for Brooklyn what French had accomplished in the city across the river. They went to the polls early and kept remarkably still the result was made. They secured copies of all the returns and promptly turned them in to Quay. The same work was done on Staten Island. Before midnight, to use the expressive language of the successful chairman of the Republican national committee, he had every return safe and bottled up and the enemy was powerless. The Democrats threw up their hands. They were beaten. Quay had won the day, and had won, too, without the expenditure of one dollar for corrupt purposes."

The alleged plot to ruin Senator Quay's character forms the concluding chapter of the story.

FASHIONS

Our Early Spring.

A TAILOR MADE COAT.

Our engraving represents an exceedingly smart coat of pale fawn cloth, braided in a basket work design, with the lining plaided in each end, in the effective manner shown in the sketch. The wide braid is dark brown, edged top and bottom with a narrow line of gold, and finished off with the ends of the braid carried round, in a very graceful fashion.

Each Had a Leg Broken.

UTICA, N. Y., March 21.—Paymaster Burdick's train on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg road was wrecked by the passenger train at Dekalb Junction. W. G. McCord, of Rome, and Conductor Rowse, of Ogdensburg, each had a leg broken.

Died in School of Pneumonia.

CORNISH, N. H., March 21.—Thomas G. Welles, of Hartford, son of the late ex-Secretary of the Navy Welles, died at St. Paul's school of pneumonia. He was visiting a pupil who had the disease.

Senator Hill in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Senator Hill has returned from his southern trip. He expects to remain in Washington for some time attending to his duties as the senate.

Springer Gaining Strength.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Representative Springer continues to gain strength. Dr. Castle, his physician, reports a rapid change for the better in his patient.

Commodore Meares Killed.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 21.—John Meares, a freight conductor, was killed at Chamberlin, the wheels of the engine passing over him.

THE KAISER'S DILEMMA.

Von Caprivi Declines to Reconsider His Resignation.

THE EMPEROR'S INSULT OUT DEEP.

Writers, Who Had Fled from Berlin to Munich, Return to Their Homes—No 20th Railroad Man Summoned Caprivi to Meet Him to Try and Effect a Compromise.

BERLIN, March 21.—Since the fall of Bismarck, two years ago, the political tension here has not been so intense as it is today. From the elegant Hitler's Unter den Linden to the bare cafes of the Karl Strasse in the students' quarter the one topic has been the struggle between Emperor and Chancellor, and politicians are eagerly discussing the probable course of the absent emperor, who has fled to Hubertusstock to ponder over the storm he has raised and the best course to pursue. The general opinion is that Caprivi will be ordered to go and Caprivi will be commanded to stay.

Early this morning Chancellor von Caprivi was summoned by a special courier to the emperor at Hubertusstock and before noon he had left the city. The emperor, it is thought, will have a final interview with the chancellor and the chancellor has made a second request to be allowed to retire. Only under the utmost pressure, it is thought, will Caprivi consent to serve longer, as he feels personally aggrieved at the treatment at the hands of his emperor in the management of the school bill. In conversation with Albert von Levetzow, first president of the reichstag, he said with tears in his eyes that he believed he had not been treated fairly by the emperor and should therefore insist upon being allowed to retire. At the emperor's urgent request he had consented to withdraw his reserve to the school bill as it stands, and had placed behind it the weight of his whole authority, both as Prussian minister, president and as chancellor of the empire.

Despite this the emperor, without any previous notice, had changed his attitude to the school bill, having left Caprivi in the march. This, the chancellor said, was a direct affront to him as the chief adviser of the crown and showed conclusively that his usefulness in office was at an end.

Caprivi May Swallow His Chagrin.

Despite the definiteness of this declaration it is believed in parliamentary circles that the emperor and Caprivi will ultimately be reconciled and that Caprivi will swallow his chagrin at the emperor's request and reconsider his resignation. The development of the present crisis was hastened, without doubt, as the chancellor suggested to Herr von Levetzow, by the abruptness with which the emperor announced on the 17th inst. the withdrawal of the school bill men accomplished in the city across the river. They went to the polls early and kept remarkably still the result was made. They secured copies of all the returns and promptly turned them in to Quay. The same work was done on Staten Island. Before midnight, to use the expressive language of the successful chairman of the Republican national committee, he had every return safe and bottled up and the enemy was powerless. The Democrats threw up their hands. They were beaten. Quay had won the day, and had won, too, without the expenditure of one dollar for corrupt purposes."

The alleged plot to ruin Senator Quay's character forms the concluding chapter of the story.

The Reproof Was Not Bitter.

The reproof was not less bitter to Caprivi for his being administered under the guise of Bodlitz's name, and its mortification was all the greater in that it was delivered in the council chamber. Nevertheless he rallied to the support of Count Bodlitz, and advised the emperor strongly against any hasty action and to await the result of the deliberations of the school commission in the Prussian house. To the repeated remonstrances of Caprivi and his colleagues the emperor responded curtly:

"I have made up my mind. This state of affairs must be brought to an end now."

"It Is a Matter of Life and Death."

The emperor's present solicitations that Caprivi should reconsider his resignation are due to two difficulties which would result from it necessarily, in the chancellor's judgment now. In the first place, the fall of a chancellor so soon after Bismarck's retirement would have a disquieting effect upon the Conservatives and would give the Liberals with a dangerously high opinion of their power. In the second place, it would be difficult to find another chancellor as able, and submissive as Caprivi has been. There are many possible successors, but to each there is some radical objection. Bennigsen, who would be acceptable to the Liberals, is out of the race. Miquel, in speaking to a Liberal deputy, said that Bennigsen would not be considered, as the emperor "would not tolerate the intervening of the ministry with Liberalism."

Among the Richter candidates whose names are mentioned are Lucanus Bauer, Bosse, Heydebrand and Levetzow. All are strong Conservatives. Dr. Lucanus has long been a favorite with the emperor. He has conducted the cabinet orders and dispatches, has prepared his speeches for The Official Gazette, and has been an unofficial though confidential adviser. He has so many foreign orders, and is in a somewhat obscure civilian, would hardly have the personality for influencing the stiff necked Conservatives in the reichstag. It is more probable that he will select Bodlitz. Albert von Levetzow has a good record for impartiality and sound judgment as first president of the reichstag, but has only mediocre abilities. Herr von Bandelsnapt and Count Botho Eulenburg would be strong partisans and probably would be more obedient to the cabinet and reichstag to last long.

The Free Tennis Caprivi.

Should Caprivi insist upon his resignation the complete world, moreover, be placed in a disadvantageous position in foreign politics, for his good judgment and pacific intentions are recognized by all sovereigns, including the czar, and he is the greatest personal friend the emperor would doubtless be glad to have Waldersee succeed to the chancellorship if Caprivi will go, but the czar is bitterly opposed to Waldersee and would consider his nomination a personal affront.

The Vossische Zeitung, Prominizus, comparing the resignation of the two ministers with the flight of the Stuart kings and the colleges of absolutism in 1688. Other Freisinnige dailies lament Caprivi with his words that they "Princes Know how to swim against the stream."

Bismarck's Comment.

BERLIN, March 21.—While dining with the burgomaster of Hamburg last evening Prince Bismarck said, "Well, you see the emperor has got his own chancellor again! Count Caprivi has retired."

Judgment Day Coming.

BOSTON, March 21.—Lieutenant C. A. L. Totten, United States army, professor of military science and tactics at Yale university, lectured at Music Hall on "The new Star of the East." The lecturer said that March 29, 1892, might be looked upon as the beginning of judgment.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

It is constructed so as to combine the greatest power with the least weight and size. It is a perfect instrument, and will bear the most severe test. It is the only glass that will not get out of order. Every glass is guaranteed. Every glass is sold with a positive guarantee. If you are not satisfied with the glass after using it for 30 days, return it and your money will be refunded. Every glass is fully warranted. Every glass is sold with a positive guarantee. If you are not satisfied with the glass after using it for 30 days, return it and your money will be refunded.

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The largest sale in the world proves it. On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by mail, prepaid.

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Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black Hose, 23 and 26c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 10c.
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Hemstitch fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button KID Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mosquitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
Now line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,
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O. M. DUNHAM,
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Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, E. H. Leggett's choice tomatoes, Pats & Webster's extra sifted peas, Golden state sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hominy, Hires root beer and tips.
Special orders will be filled by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewar's jellies and mince meats.
76 BROADWAY.

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OUR
First Shipment
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CALL AND SEE THEM.
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Water : Motors.
CHEAPEST TO
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Skates and Sleds
Also Washed Sheets, Dresses, Fancy Sheets, Thermometers, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
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Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEE TEA

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L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
66 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for sort coal, which he thoroughly cleans and screens better and more closely than is possible by any other method of screening.
Upton Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
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Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Blacksmith busting and painting.
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Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings
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20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

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PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages at all descriptions for hire.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
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HOME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes
FRESH EVERY DAY.

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
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ELECTRICITY
and Magnetic Baths as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
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and Chronic Diseases generally.
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All Sizes,
Of Best
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Delivered—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
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By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was resolved that
HARDGROVE, PERRY AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
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To the Public!
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AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner. Our facilities for doing laundry work are very extensive and by employing none but first class help we feel sure we can please all our patrons in the city. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.
Plainfield Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
Proprietor.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINDARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 19 WEST FRONT STREET.
as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
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Work quickly and thoroughly done at reasonable rates. Special attention to excavating for sewerage. Office, 7 Front street, approved by the Board of Health. Parties contemplating excavating for sewerage will find it to their advantage to call on us. Also Lawns, Gardens and Fields Fertilized.
P. O. Box 201. Telephone call 32.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST glass better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
Put you out. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Lamps, Chimneys, Burners, and everything else pertaining to Lamps.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

ENGLAND'S REPLY HERE

Salisbury Answers the President's Behring Sea Note.

THE CONTENTS NOT MADE PUBLIC.

Acting Secretary Wharton Delivers the Document to the Chief Executive at the White House, but Declined to Indicate the Nature of Its Contents.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Lord Salisbury has sent a communication to this government in reply to the note of Acting Secretary Wharton, of the state department, requesting a renewal of the modus vivendi for the protection of seal life in Behring sea during the coming season. The communication was received today by Mr. Wharton, through Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister here. The acting secretary took it over to the White House and submitted it to the president. Mr. Wharton declined to indicate the nature of Lord Salisbury's reply.

It is generally believed that the reply contains an offer on the part of the British premier to consent to a compromise which will in effect embrace a modus vivendi differing but slightly from that agreed to a year ago and enforced during the past season.

The officials at the treasury department are waiting with some impatience the determination of the matter, as the entire fleet of revenue cutters is ready to sail to Behring sea, but cannot leave owing to the fact that sailing instructions have not been formulated.

Another Split on Free Coinage.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—This week will probably be the most exciting week of the present congress, so far as the house is concerned. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday will be devoted to the consideration of the Bland free coinage silver bill, and a vote will be taken on the latter day unless a change of programme occurs.

The arrangement between the silver and anti-silver wings of the Democratic party, by which in return for a promise of the anti-silver men not to filibuster against the Bland bill the time was extended from *three to five days, is off.* As stated in these dispatches, Mr. Harter, of Ohio, was willing to make the promise, but Messrs. Tracey and Williams, who are in charge of the Democratic opposition to the bill, refused to be thus bound. The time is to be divided among the parties, so that the anti-silver Democrats and Republicans will have half between them. Representative Abner Taylor, of Illinois, who has charge of the time for the Republicans, Mr. Tracey for the anti-silver Democrats, and Mr. Bland for the silver men.

Crisp Severely Criticised.

Speaking of the probabilities of the situation Mr. Tracey said: "We don't know how the speaker is going to rule. Speaker Crisp's rulings have been so arbitrary and unprecedented that we cannot predict what he will do. He decides a point and refuses to give his reasons. When he declines to consider a motion of consideration or lay the table, he is liable to refuse anything. He may not let us offer amendments to the bill. If he allows the previous question we are cut off, but if the bill is read by sections we have the right to offer amendments. At any rate we have the right to offer two amendments, a substitute and an amendment to the substitute.

"Our plan is to offer as a substitute my bill calling for an international monetary conference, and I think the Republicans will vote solidly with us for that. The reason the silver men are so anxious for an extension of time is they are afraid they cannot get their men together by the end of three days. If we can prevent a vote being taken in these three days, then the silver men have lost their right of way and the bill goes back to its old place at another rule will have to be brought in by the rules committee compelling a vote."

A World's Fair Oversight.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Section 8 of the act of congress creating the World's Columbian exposition provides "That the president is hereby empowered and directed to *hold a naval review in New York harbor in* April, 1892, and to extend to foreign nations an invitation to send ships of war to join the United States navy in rendezvous in Hampton roads, and proceed thence to said review."

This provision of the law has thus far been neglected. The exposition management have considered it outside of their jurisdiction, and that both the ceremonies and expense of the same belong to the general government. For this reason its promotion has been neglected, and the public have almost lost sight of the movement. No appropriation has been made by congress for carrying the law into effect and for the reception of the distinguished guests of the nation who will accompany the foreign fleets.

An Appropriation Asked For.

To cure this defect and put into running order a movement of such peculiar interest and importance to the whole Atlantic seaboard, a citizens committee, called a board of promotion, has just been organized in this city. The president of the board is Hon. J. M. R. Curry, late envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States at the court of Madrid. The vice presidents, Colonel H. M. Parker, president of the Washington board of trade; the treasurer, W. F. Clark, of the Norfolk and Washington Steamboat company, and the general manager, Alexander D. Henderson, author of the Three Americas. Exposition project in Washington and of the amendment to the exposition bill providing for the naval review.

In an interview Mr. Henderson said: "Secretary Tracy has recommended an appropriation of $250,000. As amendment to the sundry civil bill providing for that sum was introduced by Senator Daniel, of Virginia, a year ago, but as it was the last week of the session action was deferred until the present congress. But the time has now arrived when the appropriation is indispensible to the success of the movement, and a bill to that effect will in a few days be introduced in the senate and house.

He Stole Brian Boru.

NEWARK, N. J., March 21.—Thomas Gilroy, of Paterson, tried to sell the race horse Brian Boru to a horse dealer in this city for ten dollars. The dealer's suspicions were aroused by the small price asked for the animal and he had Gilroy arrested. It was found later that the horse had been stolen.

Morrill Still Improving.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Dr. Bussey, the physician in attendance upon Senator Morrill, says that the senator is still improving.

Blaine Able to Be Out.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Secretary Blaine is improving and he was out for a short time.

DEEMING HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

The Redcliff Butcher Perfectly Unconcerned About His Fiendish Crimes.

MELBOURNE, March 21.—Arthur Deeming alias Williams, was examined again by the magistrate in Perth. He was self possessed, but betrayed some nervousness during the statement of the crimes of murder against him. He was remanded without bail. In Deeming's baggage have been found many mementoes of his last wife, including an autograph album, a memorandum of the addresses of her friends in England, and a certificate of a membership of the Band of Hope in Redcliff. All three articles bear her name and Rainhill address. Her prayer book and a time table for the railway line between Liverpool and Rainhill were also found.

Among Deeming's own effects are a Masonic apron and a pocketbook lettered "B. F. D." and an oxidized silver cardcase. The most important discovery of the police was a book in which are registered the various assumed names under which Deeming has gone in the last ten or twelve years. Among the names is "Marshall, of New York." This list of names proves conclusively that Deeming, Williams and Lawson are the same man.

Deeming remains cool and apparently undisturbed by the accumulation of evidence against him, eats and sleeps well, and chats and tells stories with his jailer.

An Outrage by Yale Roughs.

NEW HAVEN, March 21.—A party of Yale men broke the last act of "The Vendetta," at Bunnell's Grand Opera House. One of the students threw a snow ball, hitting one of the actors. Another missile, of the same character, struck Miss Frances Field, the leading lady of the company, and inflicted quite a severe blow, stunning her for a few moments. For a few minutes there was considerable excitement in the theater, which was packed. Four of the disturbers were arrested for breach of the peace. The names given by the young men were undoubtedly fictitious, and as the bonds in the cases were light they may not appear to plead.

Judge Maynard Has No Regrets.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Judge Maynard, whose action in the Dutchess county election case is under investigation by the Bar association, has addressed a long letter to his associate judges, Chief Justices Earl and Follett, in which he states that he acted in the matter in his private capacity as an attorney and so signed all papers in the case. He further says: "There was no act done, no advice given by me which I would not in all things repeat under like circumstances. I entered upon the conduct of the cases without compensation and from a sense of duty only. My sole reward has been that which arises from a consciousness of duty performed."

Connecticut's Turners.

HOLYOKE, Mass., March 21.—The convention of *Connecticut district turners here* was attended by thirty-seven delegates. The officers for the year will be chosen by the New Haven society, except Hermann Kramer, of Meriden, who is the district instructor. The annual turnatest will be held at Hartford July 16-17, and the exercises will be conducted by Frank Eger, of Holyoke. The next convention will meet at Rockville. August Herschfeld will be the representative to the national bound meeting at Washington in June. The report showed 967 members and $133,250 capital invested in buildings.

Death of a Freak.

WHARTON, O., March 21.—There has just died one of the most remarkable of creatures, an "infant" aged twenty-nine years. It was the son of Austin Borden, and during all its life was a mere baby. It developed in no respect and died in its cradle. It could never talk and knew no one recognized one, and was as helpless when it reached its manhood as the day it was born. Doctors were completely baffled, and for twenty-nine years its death has been patiently waited.

Ex-Senator Daly Dead.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Ex-State Senator James Daly died at his home in this city after a lingering illness. He was fifty years old. Mr. Daly served three terms in the assembly and saw a similar length of service in the state senate. Later he was commissioner of accounts for this city, which position he gave up to take the office of collector of city revenue and superintendent of markets. This office he held at the time of his death.

Editor Godkin Indicted.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Edward L. Godkin, editor of The Evening Post, of this city, was arrested on the charge of criminal libel on the complaint of Denis W. O'Halloran, secretary of the grand jury which handed in the presentation in the Dr. Parkhurst case. Mr. O'Halloran was cited by The Post as a former dive keeper, who since he quit the business has "done nothing in particular for a living."

Stevens Appointed.

DENVER, March 21.—Mr. I. N. Stevens, of this city, has been appointed first assistant sergeant at arms of the Republican national convention to be held at Minneapolis next June. Mr. Stevens was formerly district attorney of this county and became known all over the country through his connection with the Dr. Graves murder case.

Ives Defeats Schaefer.

CHICAGO, March 21.—In the match with Frank Ives for the billiard championship and a stake of $1,000 Jake Schaefer, the champion, was in the worst kind of condition and the "Young Napoleon" won with the greatest ease, beating the "Wizard" by a score of 800 to 466.

Enough.

Hostess—Shall I have you helped to some of this lemonade, Major Claptrap?

Major Claptrap—Thank you, madam, no. You have probably heard the old saying, "You may take an ass to water, but you can't make him drink."

Hostess—Then I won't press you any more.—Telegraph.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Nervous Disorders arising from a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Costiveness, or Torpid Liver. One dose will eliminate these ills. Sandwiches in Every Box.

Of all druggists. Price 25c cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
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WILLIAMS'
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS ‡ † ‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection

1873. Membership, 120,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. WESTERN LODGE, meets CENTRE OF HORSE, meets First and Third Fridays at 8 p. m. in Triumph Lodge Room, Grode Hall Building.

Louis I. Van Alstyne, Pro. Sec.
HOPE A. FITZ, Pr. Porter.

Watchung Commanderies, No. 24, second and fourth Tuesdays at 8 p. m. 12 20 1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. A. SCRIBNER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and dealer in Choice provisions, vegetables and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and rock ware; flour, potatoes and hay a specialty. Telephone No. 27. P. O. Box 1115. Best goods at lowest prices.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Rocking Chairs, 26 West Front street. Good seats wanted. Mrs. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs

Educational.

EDUCATOR.
Instruction in Elocution, classes private lessons. For terms, address Mrs. Ward, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS ADDISON,
Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Has or private lessons at residence in Plain field, Wednesday and surrounding towns. Will be in Principal Plainfield Hall school, and others. For terms and special information, write to Prof. L. Vivien, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address MISS HELEN HARNED Box 389 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. The only kindergarten in Dudley Hall. Pupils received at any time. Special attention to Primary Class. At 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her room or at residence. Liberal terms to clergymen. Best of references. No. 17 Somerset street.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER
has a full line of
JEWELRY
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes carefully fitted.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
Get ROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE
P. O. BOX 1097.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
65 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 54 West Second street, Plainfield.
Plans drawn. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8 6y

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Best modern conveniences. Estimates and plans by attended to. Corner Row and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Repairing a specialty. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1546.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Brandywine avenue. P. O. Box 513

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer, shop corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield. P. O. Box 1097.
J. HERRMANN, 9 Rogers street.

R. V. SAUND,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 51.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street, H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 5th Somerset street, Plainfield N. J
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 27 Dover St., cor. Plainfield.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station foot of Liberty street.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 00, 7 30, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave New York at 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 a. m. 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 00, 7 30, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave Newark at 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 a. m. 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND DUNELLEN.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday at 8 00 a. m. 5 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 00, a. m. 1 00, 5 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD:

9 55 a. m. for Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West.

1 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West.

4 05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg.

8 25 p. m. for Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo and the West.

Sunday, Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

2 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch.

4 05 p. m. for Easton.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem and Easton.

8 25 p. m. for Boston, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 55 a. m. on Sunday for Boston, Allentown and Bethlehem. 2 00 p. m. for Flemington. 4 05 p. m. on Sundays for Boston, Allentown, Bethlehem and Easton. 6 30 p. m. on Sundays for Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Allentown and Bethlehem. 8 25 p. m. on Sundays for Boston, Allentown, Bethlehem and Easton.

LONG BRANCH QUAKER GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 6 00, 7 30, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, Ocean Grove at 8 00 a. m. 5 00 p. m. Leave Long Branch at 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday at 8 00 a. m. 5 00 p. m.

For Freehold 7 00, 11 00 a. m. 3 00, 6 00, 8 00 p. m. For Matawan 7 00 a. m. 3 00 p. m.

WOOD BRIDGE, SOUTH.

For Plainfield at 6 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. and 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m. For Jamesburg at 6 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m. For Trenton at 6 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m. For Bordentown at 6 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m. For Camden at 6 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m. For Philadelphia at 6 45, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 00 a. m. 2 30, 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 00 p. m. For Cape May at 9 00 a. m. 4 30 p. m. For Atlantic City at 9 00 a. m. 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 00 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard Railway of America.
Philadelphia and Reading Division. Inter-locking switch and block signal system.
On and after Nov. 29th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:

For Philadelphia, Week days, 5 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 00 night. Sundays 5 00 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 00 night.

For Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West, 9 00 a. m. 1 00 p. m. Sundays 9 00 a. m. 1 00 p. m.

For Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West, 9 00 a. m. 1 00 p. m. Sundays 9 00 a. m. 1 00 p. m.

For Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West, 9 00 a. m. 1 00 p. m. Sundays 9 00 a. m. 1 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City, daily except Sundays, 9 00 a. m. Sundays, 9 00 p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South, 5 00, 6 20, 7 20, 8 20, 9 20 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 00 night. On Sundays, 5 00, 6 20, 7 20, 8 20, 9 20 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 00 night.

For Cape May, Week days, 9 00 a. m. 4 30 p. m. Sundays, 9 00 p. m.

For Long Branch, Week days, 7 00, 9 00, 10 45 a. m. 2 30, 4 30, 6 30 p. m. Sundays, 10 45 a. m. 6 30 p. m.

For Pittsburg, Week days, 7 00, 9 00 a. m. 1 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sundays, 9 00 a. m. 1 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

For New York, week days, 12 00 midnight, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sundays, 12 00 midnight, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City, daily except Sundays, 9 00 a. m. Sundays, 9 00 p. m.

Parlor cars on all through trains.

Tickets and baggage checked at Company's office, 143 Broadway, New York, and at Company's depot, foot of Liberty street, N. R.

P. SMITH, Gen. Manager.
J. E. WOOTEN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE
AT
AUCTION,
Wednesday, Mar. 23.
A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.
A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. S. BIDDIS, Manager.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
43 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Auction Sale at Carey's

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON
Friday, March 18th, 1 p. m. Sharp.
CONSISTING OF
Oak Bedroom Suites, Chiffonieres, Ex-tables,
Parlor Suites, Double and Single Hair Mattresses, Carpets and Rugs, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Quilts and lots of other things too numerous to mention.
Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!
OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.
GENUINE : BARGAINS!
Call and examine before they are all gone.
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,
and STOVES.
Carpenter and Machinist Tools!
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
HARNESS and BLANKETS.
USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 128.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, also Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

PORTER AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to convince you goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 137.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE
Bridway. 49 Telephone 73 X

PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
DR. ROBERTS.
A permit to deliver milk in the Boss Dairy Farm will receive prompt attention. 12 7y

BROWN & HILL,
Plumbers and steam and gas fitters. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop, 5 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 137. P. O. Box 1097.

THIS FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER

HERE IS A COLUMN OF PRACTICAL INFORMATION.

Read It When You Have Time and Save It by all Means in a Scrap-Book For Reference Later.

The prudent housewife never throws away an old garment. She uses it as a dusting or a scrubbing cloth. She cuts over old napkins into doilies, old table cloths into napkins, and sheets into pillow slips and the latter into wash-cloths, bandages and dusters. To her nothing comes amiss, and she has as much system in economizing as her unending batches of she has with her household account.

BROILED COD STEAKES.

In the Lenten Season One Can Get this Fish Fresh.

The presence of the Lenten days brings a certainty of fresh fish food at the market stalls. There are many who "do not quit the dish of fish, yet still" take advantage of the fine supply in the fish stalls. Live codfish, always a standard fish in the market, is now on hand. Properly cooked, a codfish steak is almost as nice as halibut, which usually costs double the price. These steaks should be cut from the middle of the fish. To prepare them, have three or four tablespoonfuls of sweet oil in a saucer. Wipe the steaks well with a cloth, which should be kept by itself for the purpose of handling fish. Season the steaks on each side with salt and pepper, roll them in the sweet oil and broil them over clear coals for about seven minutes on each side. They must be thoroughly done. Serve them with a cream sauce around them and grate the yolk of a hard-boiled egg over them. Garnish lightly with parsley.

THE VALUE OF GREENS.

They are the Very Best Kind of Spring Medicines.

At this season the true value of boiled "greens" should be appreciated. After the heavy diet of winter, especially in the country, where there is a lack of green vegetable food, the homely wild herbs, dandelion, ragweed and purslane, plantain and other greens, which come before the garden spinach is ready, should not be despised. Dandelion is especially valuable as a tonic, and either blanched as a salad or as "greens" for boiling, it is extensively raised by gardeners in the vicinity of New York city for the market. While it is madness to select wild greens promiscuously from plants that you know nothing about, there are a great many wild plants, comparatively unknown, which are valuable in greens. Sorrel is sold regularly in our markets, and is very much used by our French cooks. It is simply a variety of the dock sorrel of the country fields, but it is not to be confounded with the oxalis, also called sorrel, which is quite a different plant.

Home Plants Need Moisture.

To furnish moisture for plants in a room a dish of water set on the stove will answer nicely; the water should be changed about every other day, if it does not entirely evaporate.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

2 15 1m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heat throughout

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK L. MILLER.

12 29 6m.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue.

Wallace V. Miller,

Prop'r.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

NEW

Spring Dunlap Style

DERBY,

Out

TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

3 West Front Street.

COVERING BOOKS.

Boys and Girls Should Practice this Useful Pastime.

Something very delightful in connection with promotion at school, when I was young, was a visit to the "big store" for presents. Then the pile of "cash, over school books, with store of pictures and maps, "pieces" to read, and painting ex-

[illegible] a final book of sense, now ready to be [illegible] gun. One peep within, and a good look at the outside, both sides and back, then each one of the pile was duly "covered." The prettiest pieces of brown paper, and my name and the date written on the fly-leaf in papa's firm, round hand. But the covers soon were worn and torn and had to be often renewed, unlike those I learned later to make, for "promoted" little folks when my own school days were done.

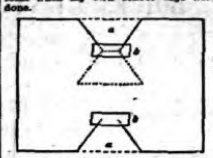

FIG. 1. CUTTING THE COVER.

The cover may be made of the families brown wrapping paper, but hardware paper is better, and dark linen the best of all. Cut a piece twice the length and a little more than three times the width of the book to be covered, and, laying the back of the book in the middle of the piece, fold the paper over until the edges meet, then with your hands press it on all the edges of the book to take its shape. Open out and cut sections *a c*, shown in Fig. 1, down to the imprint of the top and bottom of the book. Fold pieces of stout cloth over the lower part of the section, cutting this down the same as the paper is cut. Fold down the sections towards the middle of the paper and lay the book on evenly.

FIG. 2. METHOD OF FOLDING.

Then, working with the back of the book held toward you, and the cover as nearly closed as possible, fold up and down, turn sides, as in Fig. 2, pushing *e e* under the outside piece; that is, on to the face of the original book cover. This will leave a V-shaped piece, that is to be turned down and fastened. Press all the creases and the edges smoothly as you work; remember always to print the title on the back of the book cover, and carefully "right side up."

If the hair is very greasy, try washing it in warm water in which a pinch of borax has been dissolved.

A SIMPLE HOUSEFLY.

It is the Old Soldier's Service—Make Some Work the Fourth of July.

Soap does age, and a writer, on the [illegible] for a [illegible] of flies, tells us [illegible] a sacred lady often, and a few months were mighty satisfactory. My trap was as follows: I procured an ordinary tumbler glazed pure white inside, and "painted" the outside carefully with the diluted soap, a final look of sense, now ready to be [illegible] gun. One peep within, and a good look at the outside, both sides and back, then each one of the pile was duly "covered." The prettiest pieces of brown paper, and my name and the date written on the fly-leaf in papa's firm, round hand. But the covers soon were worn and torn and had to be often renewed, unlike those I learned later to make, for "promoted" little folks when my own school days were done.

THE SIMPLE TRAP.

center I placed a diamond shaped piece of wood, with two nails, one at each end of the two points which rested on the tumbler mouth; one end of the diamond rested on the pan, and at the other end a piece of cheese was tied, as shown in the sketch. Then I placed a narrow board, running from the floor on to the edge of the pan for the mice to reach the cheese mentioned above; in trying to do this the extra weight of the mouse, or mice, sends the diamond downwards, and into the water the little pests are thrown. The beauty of this trap is it arranged properly it resets itself every time a capture is made.

HANDY TO HAVE.

When You Are Using Recipes This Will Explain Them.

Four saltspoonfuls of liquid equal one teaspoonful.

Four teaspoonfuls of liquid equal one tablespoonful.

Three teaspoonfuls of dry material equal one tablespoonful.

Four tablespoonfuls of liquid equal one wineglassful, one gill or one-quarter cup.

Sixteen tablespoonfuls of liquid, one cup.

Eight heaping tablespoonfuls of dry material one cup.

Two gills, one cup, or one-half pint.

Four cups of liquid, one quart.

Four cups of flour, one quart or one pound.

Two cups of solid butter, one pound.

One-half cup of butter, one-quarter of a pound.

Two cups of granulated sugar, one pound.

One pint of milk or water, one pound.

Nine large eggs, or ten medium, one pound.

One pint of chopped meat solidly packed, one pound.

One round tablespoonful of butter, one ounce.

One heaping tablespoonful of butter, two pounds, or a quarter of a cup.

"Butter the size of an egg," two ounces, or a quarter of a cup.

One heaping tablespoonful of sugar, two ounces.

Two round tablespoonfuls of flour, cornstarch or powdered sugar, one ounce.

One teaspoonful of liquid, one-fifth ounce.

One round measure of liquid to three full measures of flour, one pound.

One round measure of liquid to one full measure of flour—for batter.

One half cup of yeast, or one-quarter of a cake of compressed yeast to one pint of liquid.

One even teaspoonful of soda or two full teaspoonfuls of cream tartar to one quart of flour.

Three heaping or five even teaspoonfuls of baking powder to one quart of flour.

One teaspoonful of soda to one pint of sour milk.

One teaspoonful of soda to one cup of molasses.

One saltspoonful of salt to one quart of milk for custards or one loaf of sponge cake.

One teaspoonful of extract to one quart of custard, or a loaf of plain cake.

One teaspoonful of salt to one quart of soup stock.

One teaspoonful of salt to two quarts of flour.

One teaspoonful of mixed herbs to one quart of soup stock.

One teaspoonful each of chopped vegetables to be used with one quart of stock.

A "speck" of cayenne pepper is what can be taken upon the point of a penknife.

A pinch of salt or spice is about a saltspoonful.

A pinch of hops is about a quarter of a cup.—Detroit Free Press.

GEORGE W. CHILDS ON WINES.

The Lighter are Displacing the Heavy at Dinners and Many Use None.

It is an undoubted fact that the serving of many and heavy wines at large dinners is gradually becoming a thing of the past, writes George W. Childs in the Ladies' Home Journal. Of the varieties of wine there are two, of the quantities less, and of the qualities lighter, than was the custom ten years ago.

Were I preparing for a large dinner for more than which is always one of the best of things more heavily wined than an ordinary "mixed" dinner—I should not think it in the least degree necessary to order anything like the same mixed and assortment of wines that would have been imperative a few years ago. And in estimation of the statement that the quantities of the wines served are becoming lighter, the simple fact that at the average English dinner table port wine has been almost entirely superseded by claret, may be cited. It is also becoming a very ordinary thing at English dinners to meet prominent men who do not drink wine of any kind, and in our country this is also becoming more and more a fact.

Engagement Rings.

The new engagement ring that the lover gives his lady has large stones, a diamond and sapphire, or ruby and pearl, or pearl and turquoise, forming the acknowledge of an open ring, the ends overlapping to bring one stone above another. The ring must harmonize with the dress of the bride, and be [illegible] with a chain of platinum and gold, with a fine lover's knot on top. It is not worn during the honeymoon, but softly together when the bride is in her bridal, for the fact that her chains are light ones.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

NAILS SCREWS, SASH,

WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,

NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND. STOVES, RANGES, ETC

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

BOUGHT AND SOLD,

AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)

G. R. Musgrave, Proprietor

Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at

Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,

No. 95 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

WHY IS THIS?

They were ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 800 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 1000 barrels daily.

This is to create a barrel of [illegible] sold makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 38. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL!

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.

Appearance of the Independent Phenomenon, Miss Annie Eva Fay, in a Splendid Series of

SPIRITUALISM.

Miss Fay is the only Medium who has received the indorsement of the Faculty of the Royal Polytechnic Society of London, Professor Crooks, Baxter, Varley, Serjeant, Cox and others.

No darkened room, spirit lamp, horns and the old-time machinery. Miss Fay will be tied to the audience by hand, plainly seen, and many other tests of a startling nature. All tests of the most severe kind.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 Cents.

Seats on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Friday.

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday, Mar. 23.

One Night Only!

The World Famous Comedienne,

LYDIA "." THOMPSON,

Supported by her own comedy company in a comic bill.

At 8—A BAD PENNY.

At 9—UNCLE DAN.

At 10—A BRIC-A-BRAC SHOP.

Pure, bright and sparkling comedy.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF

Millinery and Jackets

Thurs., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 23, 24, 25, 26.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, new shapes of Flowers and Feathers, and a large assortment of Ribbons, Velvets, Crapes, etc., will enlarge anything of the kind your ladies need in this city. Latest styles of Sailors, Stiff Hats and Children's Headwear at New York prices. Immense variety of Infants' Dress Goods with jaunty novelties in Embroidery Dress Goods with jaunty novelties in Lace.

Corsets and as to Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings we have open for inspection a full line of Lowell Ingrain, Hemp and Cotton Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings in new styles and patterns. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston.

No. 7 West Front Street.

Are you going to Europe?

Anchor Line Steamers—

CITY OF ROME.

ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, Edinburgh American Packet Co.'s

AUGUSTA VICTORIA,

FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, &c.

to any port.

Passenger tickets and drafts for sale by

HENRY D. MORRISON,

9 Somerset Block.

DOLLY'S NEW HEAD.

A Subject at Which the Sire Laughed at the Same Time.

And as the news he heard,
He heard the children tell it take
About their dolly's head:

"Don't you remember Christmas day,
When Aunt brought Dolly down?
She said it was the finest doll
She saw in London town?"

"Yes, Jessie, I remember well
When Dolly first came here,
And we all kissed her, for she was
A sweet and darling dear.

Alas! one day the lost her head,
While romping, I'm afraid;
But with our rags and box of paints,
So fine a head we made,

That each one wished to have her,
And day, after day,
A quarrel rose, 'tis sad to say,
'Twixt Mary Jane and me.

'Twas wrong, I know, but very soon
We made it up again,
And, dying, Mary Jane kissed me,
And I kissed Mary Jane."

KICKING BIRDS.

Emus Can Give Mules Pointers on Kicking.

A celebrated doctor who has been in Northern Australia said recently of that wonderful country:

"A party of us went up in that far north region. We were among the cannibals, who are good to eat, by the way, and a healthful and physically perfect race. It is a dry, sandy region for the most part. Emus in large numbers are to be found over this territory. We hunted them on horseback, and it was rare sport, for the reason that they can run as fast as a horse, and a very good one at that. We found the method of killing them was to ride behind a number of them and keep driving them, besides having a certain spice of danger about it.

"An emu can kick as hard as a horse. I have seen emus kicked so hard by this vicious bird that their legs were broken. It had my choice of being kicked by a horse or an emu, I think I would take the horse. The emu attacks no one by and by, but when he does he puts in a most damaging blow. I never would have believed that a bird had such power had I not had cowboy with me who had his leg broken. After two or three of our men had suffered from the terrible kicks of these birds we did not venture near them, but, after running our horses we got close enough, would bring them down with our rifles. We did not approach them till we knew they were dead.

"We killed them for their feathers, although they are not so valuable as the ostrich. We also hunted for the eggs, which are to be found in the sand, but in doing this we took care not to be solitary when the emu. The eggs are more in demand than the feathers. They are very beautiful, and are so tough that it is difficult to break them. Professional curio-makers drill a hole in each end, take the inside out, and then the shell is carved and mounted in silver. There are three layers of the shell, and the carving shows three colors. The silver is set in the first layer, so that is it, and when it is all carved and ornamented by the silver it is handsome."

BITS OF HISTORY.

Remarks of Great Men Under Strange Circumstances.

The battle of the Nile was fought August 1, 1798, between the French and English fleets. Sir Horatio Nelson was in command of the latter, and as the engagement was about to begin, he exclaimed, "Victory or Westminster Abbey!" And victory it was.

When Charles IX. of Sweden, at the age of nineteen years, fought and defeated a large body of Russians at Narvo in 1700, Peter the Great, who led his army, had thrown his hat under him, and while exchanging a dead steed for a more useful one after a repetition of the occurrence, he remarked, "These people seem disposed to give me enough." And events proved the truth of the prophesy.

The mace is an emblem of authority and was in our Congress as well as in the English Parliament, and though it is merely a symbol, it commands respect; but it was never so insulted as when Oliver Cromwell stalked into the English House to dispose the members and dissolve the Parliament. The mace lay in its regular place, and when Cromwell saw it, he must have snorted at the pretty symbol, for he called one of his soldiers, and ordered, "Take away that bauble." So, as the mace was carried out, the doors were locked and Parliament effectually dissolved.

The message of Commodore Perry is better known. The battle of Lake Erie had taken place, and the British fleet were defeated. Then the commodore sent to Gen. Harrison, grandfather of the present president, his famous despatch: "We have met the enemy, and they are ours." It was but a little longer than Cæsar's, "I came, I saw, I conquered."

An English general, however, made the record brevity when, after he had conquered the province of Scinde in India, he sent a punning despatch in the one word, Peccavi, which, as our young Latin scholars know, means, "I have sinned."—Harper's Young People.

A monkey at the Paris circus has been trained to play agonizing music on the violin.

We are the Acknowledged Headquarters

FOR

BUTTER

Fine Table Butter from 20c per pound up.

NEW CANNED FRUITS—Extra choice Apricots, 10c. can, 2 for 25c.; extra choice Green Gages 15c. can; extra choice Peaches 2 for 25c.; extra choice Cherries 2 for 25c.; extra choice Pears 2 for 25c; extra choice Blueberries 2 for 25c.

When you need a good Flavoring Extract try us. Pure Lemon and Vanilla, 2 oz. bottle, 10c. pound; Pure Lemon 15c. pint, 25 cents, best Vanilla 25c. pint, 45 cents. Pure Lemon 25c. pint, 45 cents, best Vanilla 45c. pint. Pure Lemon 45c. pint, 75 cents, best Vanilla 75c. pint. Pure Lemon 75c. pint, 1.25, best Vanilla 1.25 pint. Pure Lemon 1.25 pint, 2.00, best Vanilla 2.00 pint.

Other Special Inducements with Tea, Coffee and Baking Powder. In Fact we lead ALL.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe ——Made of Calf Skin.——Narrow toe with tip.——Square toe plain.——Good Fitters.——Good Shapes.——Worth $3 to any man.——And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this be cut till open stock pattern and save just one half. The [illegible] to is "Decorated Vitrified Crockery, on Parisian Granite body, Handsomely white gold. Gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

This pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so broken pieces can be replaced by [illegible] at any time. A complete set of Dishes, nearly 100 pieces, [illegible] have marked these sets at New York prices, and a set can be made from [illegible] 25, 30, 35, 40, and a set can be ordered at any time. Don't buy till you have seen this [illegible] Decorated Toilet Set—all [illegible] worth $20, 25 per cent. off on [illegible] Vase and Hanging Baskets, Cuspidors, Jardinieres, Fancy Tables, Rockers, Parlor Chairs, Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Springs, Bedding, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Rugs. Our stock and prices are right. Come and see us. Terms cash or easy payments. Goods delivered free to any part of the city. Remember [illegible] Dining Room Suits, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Lounges, Couches, Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Springs, Bedding, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Rugs. Our stock and prices are right. Come and see us. Terms cash or easy payments. Goods delivered free to any part of the city. Remember [illegible] Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston.

No. 7 West Front Street.

BEFORE PURCHASING

Your Mount for 1892.

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,

WHEELMEN'S :·: HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

This Date in History—March 21.

1556—Archbishop Cranmer burned at the stake.

1685—Johann Sebastian Bach, celebrated musician, born.

1768—Napoleon Bonaparte, the great French general, born.

1800—Frederick Perthes, founder of Bagster's Bible warehouse, born.

1804—Napoleon Bonaparte born in the Palais Cardinal, Chalons, a statesman and warrior of pure Italian blood and president of Mexico in 1865 to 1867.

1806—Dr. Ida Lewis, lyricist, died at Yonkers, N. Y., born 1825 as "Lavinia" the Yonkers's crusader on whisky in 1874.

1820—General George Crook, U. S. A., noted soldier and Indian fighter, died in Chicago, aged 61. He was buried in New York Arsenal the electrical execution law constituted.

1882—Ex-President Joseph E. Johnston, C. S. A., died in Washington, born 1807.

A Medical Fact.

A.—Well, if that isn't a regular swindle! Here's Dr. Mixbot, of Enos, advertising in the papers that half of his patients die during the first three months, were fully restored to health.

B.—I can quite believe that; he had only two patients.—Fliegende Blatter.

Keeping on Her Right Side.

"When you attend the reception at Bare cuddle's tonight, John," said the city editor to his society reporter, "be sure to get a picture of Miss Flapjacki, the cook. She would never forgive us if the article was not proper ly illustrated."—Boston Post.

An Honest Effort.

"John," said the minister's wife, "how many more times are you going to recite that sermon to yourself?"

"Don't bother me, my dear, if you please," he returned. "I am practicing what I preach."—New York Sun.

Home for a Pair of Chestnuts.

Mrs. H. C. Trevor is a very graceful driver, and handles the reins as well as she still her handsome team, which she calls Annie Rooney and McGinty, because, she says, they are a pair of chestnuts.—Rider and Driver.

Onions, turnips and carrots should be cut across the fiber, as it makes them more tender when cooked.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

[illegible]	5	[illegible]	21
[illegible]	13	[illegible]	28

Legal Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE WITHOUT RESERVE.

Subject only to court confirm by the C[illegible]

The valuable lot slightly located for stores on the easterly corner of Park avenue and Second street, in the City of Plainfield, N. J., formerly the Buckingham property, being about 50 feet on Park avenue by 80 feet on Second street to a [illegible] foot alley, with stable and [illegible] thereon. The [illegible] will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder on

TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1892,

at two o'clock p. m. on the premises. Terms of sale—10 per cent. on the property being struck off, and the balance in cash or good bank check on delivery of the deed after confirmation by the Chancellor, or, at purchaser's option, he can secure purchase price by mortgage on land and premises.

W. H. H. K. R. FORT, Administrator.

BABY : LAUGHS

when [illegible] uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so economical and healthful for the little cheeks as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Heal the rough spots with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARDS—64 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, (with Watson & Boyle).

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell,

or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

3 13 1m*

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Mortimer, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset Street, Rahr's Block. Telephone Call No. 9. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

EIGHTH MEETING FOR 1892 HELD LAST EVENING.

Mr. Nevins of Orange Granted a Street Railway Franchise—The Trolley to Have a Trial—More Applications for Liquor Licenses, One Granted, One Referred, One Refused—Stray Dogs to be Shot—The Water Supply Co.'s Proposition Accepted, to Supply Five Hydrants at $15 Per Year Each—Scoring the Defunct Combine Ordinances—Miscellaneous Matters

The City Common Council met in adjourned session last evening. President Gimm and Councilman Ackerman, Bird, Erickson, Case, Frazee, Gallup, Johnston, Marsh, See, and Weber were present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Marsh the regular order of business was suspended.

Mr. Johnston from the Street Committee presented a report favoring a street railway and recommending that the Plainfield Street Railway Company be granted said privilege.

On motion of Mr. Marsh the report was received and placed on file.

Mr. Marsh stated that he understood that the company had agreed to abandon the Trolley system if the Council were dissatisfied with it. He recommended also that Council adopt the resolution of the Committee which had been read stating that the Plainfield Street Railway Company would agree to start a street railway here known as the Trolley system as a test and by them moved that the privileges of the floor be granted to Mr. Riker, the attorney for the company, for the purpose of explaining what the company proposed to do. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Riker stated that he did not come to the meeting thinking he would be called upon to do any such a thing as Mr. Marsh's motion called for, but that the company were willing to put in a test system and were willing to stand the expense of the same; that they would risk all expenses; he said the people of Newark were satisfied with it and that they were in favor of taking off the horse cars and substituting electricity. He stated that although a franchise had been granted the company by a former Council the company did not want to start the building of the road without the consent of the present Council. He referred to what would be done as a test and that it would be left to popular opinion, and that if unsatisfactory, horse cars would be substituted.

Mr. Marsh said that he was anxious for a street railway; but that he was averse to the overhead system; he said he knew that it was working satisfactory in Newark but that he did not think Plainfield wanted it; he concluded by saying that as he understood the resolution the present system was to be only a test that it did not interpose with the idea of a permanent plant; and he moved that the company file a stipulation with the City Clerk to that effect. He said he knew that the members of the company were honorable men, but that, as added corporations have no souls, and the only way to protect ourselves is to have the matter in black and white. He advised that before accepting the ordinance or acting under it the said company should enter into an agreement to be filed with the City Clerk to the effect that if Council was not satisfied with the system and that if it chose to substitute horse power that the company should comply with their request and remove the overhead system and adopt the horse car system; that they should properly repair their tracks for said system within six months from the time they are so requested by Council; Mr. Marsh made this a motion. The motion was lost.

The Street Committee's report in reference to the Street Railway was then adopted.

Corporation Council Marsh was given the privilege of the floor and he stated that he had been served with a notice to appear at Trenton in the certiorari case of *J. M. Low & Co.*

On motion Council decided to return to the regular order of business.

A communication was presented by Mr. Frazee to the effect that Jas. H. Force wished to withdraw his application for a hotel license. In presenting it Mr. Frazee stated that Mr. Force had been in the hotel business for the past twenty-five years and that he was driven out of Plainfield because of some unknown reason his application for license had been refused. On motion the communication was ordered filed.

A petition for a crosswalk across Sycamore street at Sixth was read and referred to the Committee on Streets with power.

A petition from the property-owners on West Sixth street requesting Council to have that street macadamized and put in proper repair, they agreeing to pay 15 cents per foot, was read.

Mr. Frazee thought that the money should be paid before the work was begun.

On motion the communication was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. A. D. Sommers petitioned for permission to erect a stall on Front street. The petition was referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings with power.

A petition from Mr. J. R. Dumont requesting permission to move a dwelling house was referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings with power.

Various applications for hack and oyster-men's license were read, referred to the Committee on Licenses and subsequently granted.

Messrs. Loomis & Rice petitioned for permission to erect a frame dwelling house on Essex Pound street.

Mr. Frazee was of the opinion that they should have petitioned Council for permission to erect the dwelling before the house had been built. Continuing, he said, "I understand that it has already been erected."

On motion the petition was referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings.

Mr. Rockwell and others protesting against the erection of the house was referred to the same committee.

The members of the Mt. Olive Baptist church, in a communication, requested Council not to grant Eugene Hoerster a license. The document was referred to the Committee on Licenses.

F. G. Warnick, the pastor of the Mt. Olive Baptist church petitioned Council not to grant any more licenses in the Fourth Ward. The petition was on motion referred to the Committee on Licenses.

J. B. Staats petitioned for a license for the City Hotel. It was referred to the Committee on Licenses.

President Gimm, he being acting mayor, while Mayor Gilbert is absent from the city, nominated Edward Agar as poundkeeper and *J. H. Frisby* and *Raleigh Cruse as dog catchers.* The nominations were confirmed.

The bill of W. W. Nash was reported correct, referred to the Auditing Committee and subsequently ordered paid.

Mr. Weber from the Committee on Licenses reported that Eugene Hoerster's application for a liquor license conformed with the law.

A remonstrance against granting it, which was signed by Robert Gorton, Edward Maynard and others was read.

Mr. Marsh moved that the license be refused. The motion prevailed, all voting nay but Mr. Frazee.

Mr. Wallace V. Miller asked permission to withdraw his application for a wholesale liquor license. Permission was granted.

Mr. Marsh offered a resolution to the effect that the keeper of the dog pound be allowed fifty cents for burying each dog shot. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Johnston from the Street Committee recommended the block system of numbering the houses and stores in the city.

Mr. Ackerman in a minority report thought that only certain parts of the city should be renumbered by that system as it would cause the property owners considerable trouble.

Assessor Richard was called upon by the president and he said the minority report would not accomplish the purpose.

The majority report was then adopted.

Mr. Erickson from the Committee on Fire and Buildings submitted the following report:

To the Honorable the Common Council of the City of Plainfield.

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee, to whom was referred the petition of James Clark, L. V. F. Randolph, Joseph W. Yates and six others, respectfully submit the following report:

That your committee is satisfied that the subscribers thereto signed that document under a misapprehension of fact. The petition begins in the following manner: "Council is about to order a dismissal of the city's case in the Supreme Court against the Plainfield Water Company in the Plainfield Water Supply Company." When the petitioners signed the petition there was no such case in the Supreme Court or elsewhere. About two years ago there was a suit pending which had been brought against the city by the Plainfield Water Supply Company, but that suit was long since settled by the compromise with the then ex-Chancellor Runyon, the special counsel employed by the Common Council to fight the Water Supply Company. Ex-Chancellor Runyon, after carefully going over the whole matter with the committee of the Common Council having the matter in charge, concurred in all points with the opinion previously rendered by the Corporation Counsel, and to-day filed over his own signature the agreement of settlement previously signed by them, and by any one. By his advice, the decision of the Supreme Court in that case was accepted as final.

It is true that on a preliminary motion in which the city succeeded in modifying the legislative injunction restraining the city, the City Council raised the point reserved to it in the petition. The subsequent examination of the facts and the law, however, satisfied the City Council and the ex-Chancellor, that the point could not be sustained, and that it would be useless to attempt to make it in the final argument of the case.

Your committee is informed in stating that the petitioners "have reason to believe that the party now claiming to be the Plainfield Water Supply Company will have no charter rights or legal existence." It is sufficient to say that the majority of the stockholders of the old company, in an effort intended to persuade ex-Chancellor Runyon to adopt that view, refused to do so.

The ex-Chancellor concurred in the opinion of the Corporation Counsel that under the facts proved by the Common Council the charter could not be seized in the suit, and that the only one now by the city to be instituted by the Attorney General. After an exhaustive examination of the facts he advised that no proceedings be had in the quo warranto proceedings which would be instituted only

EDITORIAL NOTES

Say It and Quit.

If you want to tell your neighbor his house is on fire, say just those words and stop, do. Don't fill ten minutes with what you can say in two words. Mankind are losing their eyesight, memory, digestion and all perception of the beauty of the outer world through this monstrous book writing and cramming. Pity, an actual pity that three-quarters of all the literature written since the argumentative age set in could not be burned up. Look at the poor souls around you, apparently one-third of even the young people, wearing glasses, unable to see an inch beyond their noses without them, and reflect on the ruin the printing press has wrought. In the effort to swallow and digest chaff mankind, even fresh, rosy young people, are becoming round shouldered, dingy, half blind bookworms. Think of this and then say to yourself, "Hope to die if ever again I add one unnecessary word to the burden of printed rubbish people have to read."

Look, for instance, at the following extract from an attempt to prove the scientific basis of immortality in one of the most pretentious of the magazines of the time:

> To those who recognize moral as well as mental and intellectual and physical existence and movements, a feel as well as a see, who are aware of an inner life and an inner consciousness, who possess that element essential to all religious life which is called the moral sense, knowledge of moral principles and of all affections coming through channels never recognized or recognizable through any of the processes of physical science—the anthropocentric idea of God is capable of attaining certainty, and the complete and symmetrical human soul, with its knowledge coming of scientific research, its faith coming of heaven implanted intuitions and consciousness, and its reasoning power basing all conclusions on all knowledge—the anthropocentric deist believes in a personal God, who is the ideal and the impersonation of all that the best of men strive toward and hope to approximate, however feebly—infinity of goodness, infinity of love, infinity of charity, all moral excellence as well as illimitable knowledge and infinite power.

Will some anthropomorphic deist, or anybody, kindly inform us what this means?

The Vanderbilt Estates.

The New York Sun's financial writer calls attention to the fact that the Vanderbilts are forced by the nature of their wealth to be preservers and increasers rather than destroyers of property. Their great possessions are chiefly in railroads and railroad stocks and bonds, and it is to their interest to keep all these properties paying and prosperous.

The old commodore was the only one who ran down railway values when he wanted to get possession of them. The founder of the family left W. H. as much wealth that he never needed to repeat this operation, and W. H. left even more to his children. Each of these—and there were eight of them—inherited $10,000,000 apiece out and out. Besides that there was an undivided property of $100,000,000 left to the management of his two sons, William K. and Cornelius. This yields an income not less than $10,000,000 a year. This income has to be invested anew, for the Vanderbilts have already all they want for their personal expenses. So the vast estate grows, gathering up more railways and railway properties. It will be interesting to watch which of the two or three great railway systems of this country will in time gobble up the most of the roads in this country.

It is not worth while to build a palatial residence in America, as certain millionaires are doing. After they are dead the palace will be turned either into a beer garden or a clubhouse. Besides that a palace for a private residence is in bad taste in a republic. The money ought to be spent on some work of use or beauty that the whole people can enjoy. In the golden days of Greece private residences were always subordinate in splendor to temples and public buildings. Among the ruins of imperial Rome there is nothing so magnificent or luxurious as the remains of the public baths in which the whole people took their wash. It is the best to live in a comfortable, comparatively plain home and build a splendid bathhouse where for trifling cost the tenement house class can learn the first lesson of civilization. There would be more comfort in remembering it when a man came to die.

There are numerous cases lately reported of ministers going wrong. It is to be regretted that ministers do not have a longer and more severe training in self mastery during their student days. To be permitted to fill the high and spotless place of preacher and leader of the people a man should himself first have passed ordeals and a course of discipline that makes him impervious to the temptations that prove too strong for other men. The preacher who allows himself to be even gossiped about degrades his holy office.

You will be greatly surprised to know there was still left in America a man so green that he left his native home among the cows and went to a big city, carrying with him $900, all his savings, and exchanged it for a brick wrapped up so snugly that he believed in his innocent soul it was counterfeit money which he was going to palm off upon his neighbors in trade and get rich. Served him right when he was swindled out of his $900.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The Measure Calls for an Appropriation of $20,700,000.

SALISBURY'S REPLY KEPT SECRET.

The President Does Not Want the Text of the Answer to His Behring Sea Note to England Made Public Until It Is Sent to Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The routine dullness of the senate's proceedings were not relieved by one interesting incident. Early in the session it was expected that the president would send in a special message on the Behring sea matter, but Mr. Morgan, from the committee on foreign relations, announced that this expectation would not be realized. The rest of the session was occupied by discussing a bill to refund to settlers on lands adjacent to forfeited railroad land grants the $1.25 extra they had paid per acre because of the proximity of these railroad lands, the grant of which had since been withdrawn by the government. Pending final action on the bill the senate adjourned.

The house was engaged in a brief discussion of the report from the committee on printing regarding the Walker-Williams controversy, action upon which was laid over. The army appropriation bill was passed. The free wool bill was also considered, the speakers being Messrs. Goodnight, of Kentucky; Warner, of New York; Snodgrass, of Tennessee, and Wheeler, of Alabama.

The River and Harbor Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The preparation of the river and harbor bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, has been completed by the house committee on rivers and harbors. The bill carries an appropriation of about $20,700,000, or about $900,000 less than the bill of 1890, as reported from the committee, but about $4,000,000 less than the same bill as finally passed.

Below are given all the appropriations allowed in the states of Connecticut, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

Connecticut—Bridgeport harbor, $20,000; Black Rock, $5,000; New Haven breakwater, $130,000; New Haven harbor, $15,000; Stonington harbor, $15,000; to complete Clinton harbor, $2,500; Five Mile river, $5,000; Duck Island harbor, $30,000; Stamford harbor, $15,000; Connecticut river, below Hartford, $80,000; Housatonic river, $30,000; Thames river, $30,000; Mystic river, $5,000.

New York—Buffalo harbor, $200,000; Rouse's Point harbor, $10,000; Cassumit bay, $5,000; Charlotte harbor, $25,000; Dunkirk harbor, $20,000; Flushing bay, $10,000; Glen Cove, $10,000; Gowanus bay channels, $200,000; Great Sodus bay, $15,000; Greenport, $11,000 to complete; Little Sodus bay, $10,000; Oak Orchard, $40,000; Oswego, $20,000; Rondout, $5,000; New York harbor, $170,000; Saugerties, $5,000; Portchester, $15,000; Shinnecock bay, $5,000; Niagara river, $75,000; Arthur Kill, $200; Huntington harbor, $4,000; Staten Island sound, $15,000; Buttermilk channel, $200,000; Port Jefferson inlet, $20,000; Pultneyville, $1,000; Hudson river, $250,000; Newton creek and canal, $38,000; Harlem river, $50,000; Gedney, $150,000; Brown's creek, Sayville, $5,000; Great Chery creek, $6,000; Lake Champlain Narrows, $15,000; Patchogue river, $6,000; shoal between Sister Island and Crow Over point, St. Lawrence river, $10,000; Niagara river at Port Day, new point, $20,000.

New Jersey—Raritan bay, $40,000; Keyport harbor, $5,000; Passaic river, below Newark, $5,000; Passaic river, below Newark, $33,000; Raritan river, $40,000; Shrewsbury river, $35,000; South river, $7,000; Alloway creek, $6,000; Elizabeth river, $5,000; Matawan creek, $6,000; to complete Manasquan creek, $9,000; shoal harbor and Compton's creek, $3,000; Goshen creek, $3,000; Salem river, $2,500.

Pennsylvania Harbors—Erie harbor, $40,000; Harbor of Philadelphia, under contract, is provided in sundry civil bill.

Pennsylvania Rivers—Allegheny, $25,000; Schuylkill, $30,000; Delaware from Trenton to its mouth, $50,000; Hart's Island, Allegheny, constructing dam, $40,000.

Salisbury's Reply Kept Secret.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—It seems impossible to secure any information respecting the contents of the reply of Lord Salisbury to the note from this government of the 8th inst. Probably not more than half a dozen—certainly not over a dozen—are acquainted with the terms of the reply, and they are maintaining an apparently immovable silence as to the subject. It is said this is due to the direct request of the president, who desires that the text or tenor of the reply shall not become known until it has been transmitted to congress, but the probability still remains that it will go to congress after the cabinet meeting this afternoon.

While directly the contents of the reply cannot be learned some side lights are thrown upon them, which, so far as they reveal the substance of the communication, confirm the view already expressed that it does not materially alter the situation as it existed previous to its receipt. It was said by a treasury official that the last revised instructions to the revenue cruisers are being formulated now that the reply from Lord Salisbury has been received, and the intimation has been plainly given that they would direct the commanders of the cutters to repair to the sealing grounds and protect the seals.

Silver Still Lower.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The price—.8867 cents per ounce—paid by the government for silver is the lowest figure at which the government has ever purchased the metal. At this figure the silver dollar is worth 85¼ cents in gold.

To Protect American Interests.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The United States steamship Newark, at St. Thomas, has been ordered to Venezuela to protect American interests there during the revolution, which has broken out.

Morrison Made Chairman.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—At a meeting of the interstate commerce commission Hon. William R. Morrison was elected chairman to fill the vacancy caused by Judge Cooley's resignation.

Dolly Madison's Picture Hung.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—A life size oil portrait of Dolly Madison, wife of President Madison, by Andrews, has been hung in the green parlor of the executive mansion.

Pension Payments.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The treasury department paid out $1,000,000 on account of pensions, making a total for the month of $10,410,000.

Blaine All Right Again.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Secretary Blaine took a long walk about the city and he is practically all right again.

Sold Used Postage Stamps.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 22.—Emmons Chaffee, his wife, Carrie, and his brother John were arrested, charged with selling postage stamps which had been used and cleaned.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

Death Sentence Passed Upon Carlin—Bill on Electricity Passed by the Senate.

ALBANY, March 21.—The senate chamber was the scene of a brief but impressive session over until Tuesday. A few bills were passed and a number introduced, and then the senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of Senator Daly, of New York. He gave a brief sketch of his early life and eulogized his political career, styling him an honest, conscientious statesman. Other and better-deserved resolutions of regret at his death and of sympathy with his widow. Several other senators spoke in eulogy, and then the senate adjourned over Tuesday, out of respect to the memory of the deceased.

The session of the assembly was opened with an appeal by the speaker to the members to refrain from asking unanimous consent either to introduce or advance bills unless it was absolutely necessary.

Mr. Haley sought to introduce a resolution directing the board of arbitration and mediation to investigate certain newspaper charges that contractors on the Adirondack and St. Lawrence railway had cruelly and inhumanely treated Italian laborers who had been induced under false representations to go into the Adirondack region, and that some of them had been murdered. Mr. Husted objected to the introduction of the resolution. He said there was not a word of truth in it.

A number of bills were passed, including Senator Edwards' allowing women to vote for school commissioners.

Mr. Sulzer offered resolutions upon the death of ex-Senator Daly, and spoke feelingly of him as an old friend and neighbor. He sketched his life briefly, and after an appropriate eulogy by Messrs. Sulzer and Husted, the house adjourned.

McCurdy Charged with Bribery.

GREENSBURG, Pa., March 22.—Ex-County Detective Richard Alcorn made information against Hon. Daniel A. McCurdy, M. C., charging him with bribery and perjury, alleging that the state's officer during his canvass for election last fall used undue means and paid money to certain parties to be used to purchase votes, and that McCurdy swore falsely when the oath of office was administered.

Bad for Yale's Pitchers.

NEW HAVEN, March 21.—Pitcher Ferson, who has been holding the Yale pitchers for the past fortnight, has been ordered to report by the Mutwankee club, with which he has signed. This leaves Yale in a bad way.

FASHIONS

FOR A DOUBLE SLEEVE.

Diagram Showing How to Cut the Lining and the Proper Material.

The double sleeve is a novelty every woman will want. It is appropriate both for house and for street dressing, though there is undoubtedly a large part of the feminine population that objects to anything fairly plain if worn in the street. The method of making this sleeve is fully described and illustrated here.

THE DOUBLE SLEEVE.

The lining is cut in the ordinary way. Both seams of the lining are entirely finished before putting on the material. The next step is fitting the deep cuff. This consists of a single piece nine inches deep and is formed by folding around the bottom of the sleeve a piece of crinoline of the required depth. The crinoline forms a pattern and an interlining. Cut the material by it exactly, pin together, stitch and press the inside seam, finish the bottom with a band of velvet or embroidery.

Now slip the cuff upon the lining in such a way that the inner seam will correspond to that of the lining. Tack it to the sleeve at the wrist, without turning under the edge. Sew the upper part of it to the lining. Turn up edge is afterwards concealed by the bottom of the full drapery.

In order to make this full drapery, which is represented by diagram 2, take a piece of material twenty-two inches square. Fold it exactly in the middle, mark each edge at a distance of fourteen inches upward from the side shown as the bottom. These measurements of fourteen inches are the indications of the inner seam of the drapery. Stitch them together and press, leaving the drapery the wrong side out. Slip it on to the lining so that the lower edge touches the top of the cuff and the seam corresponds with that of the lining. Find the middle of the bottom of the drapery, and fasten it with a pin to the middle of the top of the cuff. Gather, distribute the fullness evenly all around the cuff, sew firmly, and turn the drapery right side out.

TOP OF SLEEVE. DRAPERY PATTERN.

The next step is to find the middle of the top of this drapery, or "M," and also the middle of the top of the sleeve, or "M." Put the two points together. From this point curve gradually on the outside down to "K" and on the inside to "L," following the curve of the lining. Gather the fulness as usual. To form the drapery place the pattern just made. Shape the underpart of the arm hole exactly similar. The outside is two inches higher at its highest point than diagram 2, and it is also two inches shorter at the bottom. It is six inches narrower than the space "K" to "N" in diagram 2. The top is gathered in the customary way and hangs loosely over the under sleeve. This outside piece must be lined with silk, and is trimmed in a way similar to to the cuff.

THE RASCALS INDICTED.

Chicago's Corrupt Councilmen in a State of Panic.

SEVEN OF THEM IN THE LAW'S GRASP.

Their Pending Disappointed by One of the Jurors to the Grand Jury—The Accused Arrested and Released on $12,000 Bail Each—State Arrests to Come.

CHICAGO, March 22.—There is a panic in the city council. The ax has fallen and the aldermen who mercifully declared all last week that "there ain't nothing in this boodle clostaur," are greatly subdued. The grand jury returned indictments against Aldermen W. J. O'Brien, of the Fifth ward; D. R. O'Brien, of the Twenty-third; Nicholas A. Cremer, of the First; Patrick J. Gorman, of the Twenty-third; Phillip Jacksom, of the Fourteenth; S. M. Gosselin, of the Seventeenth, and J. F. Dorman, of the Tenth. The indictments are for fraudulently conspiring to cheat bribery. Captains were at once issued by the judge and deputy sheriffs immediately went out to serve them. Bail was fixed in each case at $12,000.

At a late hour all the indicted men except Aldermen Gosselin had been brought in and furnished bonds. They profess great indifference in the matter and decline to say much about their affairs, but that there is a widespread fear is plain to be read. Excitement is evident. State's Attorney Longnecker remarked that the public might expect an average of one indictment a day for some time. This remark was not called by an expression of regret on the part of a bystander that some of the men whose names have been mentioned in connection with the bribery stories were not indicted.

Worse Still to Come.

The investigation is not to be confined to the three ordinances which have been so flagrantly bought. State's Attorney Longnecker said last night that the jury was following up any lead that might result in the conviction of a money giver or money taker. Already the collusion of the supervisor of which will be inquired into will be the lately passed omnibus ordinance giving the Chicago City Railway company the right to string overhead wires and run electric cars on most of the streets not already occupied. The grand jury will also make a determined effort to sift the alleged between the gas trust and the city authorities, particularly the circumstances attending the settlement of the suit with the officers of the trust last June, by which the rate of $1.20 a thousand was accepted.

It is stated that the jury has information showing that certain aldermen maintain business relations with the trust and are constantly active on behalf of the big syndicate. The state's attorney also says that the grand jury will look into the alleged secret (built out under the lake for the purpose of increasing the city's water supply) will be investigated. Several stated that the evidence has been placed in his hands showing years of municipal jugglery.

The Tribune charges that the West Chicago Street railway company (the Yerkes cable system) has been bled for nearly half a million dollars. The statement is made that the blanket mortgages given several years ago to secure the $4,000,000 of bonds issued when the Yerkes syndicate took control has been cleverly evaded.

The mortgages were to cover all property then owned by the company or be acquired. It is now alleged that the real estate records show that the ground on which the Madison street and Milwaukee avenue power houses stands, and which was purchased since the mortgage was given, was heavily incumbered at the time of purchase in the name of dummies—clerks employed by the company—so that the property has lost its value as security. President Yerkes denied the truth of the statement.

Alderman Roth's Statement.

Alderman Roth makes public for the first time the part he has taken in the boodle transactions of the city council. This statement, after reciting the manner of his selection to be a member of the council, says:

"I had not been long in the council until I found that ordinances were not always passed upon their merits, nor even upon friendship existing among aldermen, but in some cases settled down to a dispensation of money. At the time of the passage of the economic gas ordinance over the mayor's veto, it was found by the boodle men of the council that it would be necessary to bring into line some aldermen not in line on the original vote on the ordinance. I was spoken to by one of the O'Briens, who said that I could get $1,000 for changing my first vote. The matter was carefully talked over by various persons interested in public affairs, and arrangements were made for receiving the money provided I took a way that my business could testify to the visit of the man who paid the money. Seven hundred and fifty dollars was paid me in my office, which money I immediately deposited in the bank keeper, explaining who had paid it and why it was paid. It was on the Wednesday after the passage over the mayor's veto of the economic gas ordinance.

"This money, within five minutes after receiving it, I took over to The Daily News office and in the presence of witnesses deposited it in a safe in a sealed envelope bearing the date and statement as to what it represented.

"About two weeks after that the ordinance of the Northern Pacific passed the council the second time. A certain alderman from a south side ward informed me about noon on July 26, the day after the ordinance had passed, that Billy O'Brien had the money, and he was to meet O'Brien at the Sherman House at 2 o'clock. I immediately communicated the fact to The Daily News office, and I understand they had the Sherman House watched and discovered the statement which was made to me was correct, and the aldermen met at the place appointed. Very soon after 2 o'clock Billy O'Brien met me in the office of the hotel, conducted me into the washroom, where he handed me an envelope with the word 'Roth' written on the outside. The envelope was sealed. I went over to the office of Mr. Baker, the attorney for The Tribune, and telephoned for representatives of other papers. The envelope was opened in the presence of all these witnesses and was found to contain two $500 bills."

Certificates in Fixtures.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The big fertilizer factory of Judge White, located on Barren island, was burned to-day, causing a loss of $175,000. It is said that the fire was of incendiary origin.

A Counterfeiter Arrested.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Frank Marion, a notorious criminal, was arrested by a secret service agent for counterfeiting silver coin.

It Looks Like Mills.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Late advices from Texas are to the effect that Mills will be elected senator without much opposition.

Old-fashioned furniture, in good order, bought and sold. Call Postoffice, Dunn, 11 Somerset street. 22 3

Wanted—A small house not in town; must be cheap; address "H," Journal and Evening News. 22 3

Wanted—A first-class cook; to assist with washing. Apply, with references, to No. 20 Eighth street. 21 2

FOR SALE.

Don't fail to attend the auction sale to-morrow, 10 o'clock, at Somerset street Stables. Four horses will be offered and sold to the highest bidder. Every horse will be put on the auction block, and can be returned at any time before six o'clock next day and money will be refunded.

Don't forget that we will furnish you with money to build on easier terms than you are paying rent; own your own home. Chas. H. Lyman. 3 22 sos-tf

Desirable building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address P. M. Chas. Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the railroad. 3 22 sos-tf

Employers of Pond's and Potter's own your own home. Remember the lots opposite Evans station. Only a few minutes' walk from the shops. Location unsurpassed. Chas. H. Lyman. 3 22 sos-tf

For sale—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely located; 200 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Roger Runyon, F. O. Box 758, Dunellen, N. J. 20-22

Invest your money where it will bring you sure return. Buy one of those beautiful lots opposite Evans station. $15 down, $1 per week. Chas. H. Lyman, 61 North avenue. 3 20 sos-tf

FOR RENT.

$12 month—Six room house on Summit avenue; 2 rooms in rear. Hall and Co's agents, 12 East Front street. 14 4 m t s s

Brick plant for rent.—Having been engaged for 30 years and upwards in manufacturing red buildings, and owing to age, (I am 70), and ill health, I desire to retire from business, and hence offer to rent my brick plant, with all necessary fixtures for immediate operation. Said plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within one mile of the center of the thriving city of Plainfield, N. J., viz, macadamized roads, Lehigh Valley R. R. depot, and Dunellen upwards per season with home market for entire product. Equipped with "Martin's" and "Quaker City" machines, two kilns and three temporary wheels. Abundance of shed room. Stabling for eight horses. Boarding house, with 12 rooms, for rent on the premises. Wood, coal dust and 20 building sand sufficient for first kiln. To responsible parties I will lease for a term of years on favorable inducements offered. Apply on premises, corner Second and Grove streets, Plainfield, or address I. Scribner, P. O. Box 633. 3-9 tf

For rent—Nine room house; with large garden. 188 Somerset street. 21 6

To let—Five or six rooms; three down, two or three up. Four or five rooms also upstairs. 37 New street. 21 3

To let—220 West Third street. Inquire 97 Central avenue. 2 21tf

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Red tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Path & Wiebersdorf's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Bloss Hives asparagus and tips

Special reduction 10 per cent by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

Just Received!

OUR

First Shipment

OF

BABY CARRIAGES

including all kinds and prices

CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Manufacturer of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Penny Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

32 PARK AVENUE.

New store

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Keeps the finest grade of Lackawanna coal of its newly added steam vibrating screened coal screen for coal used, which he conditionally believes can be delivered to his customers cleaner than is possible by any other method of screening. Orders (Lehigh and Hobbenson Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

He would also announce recently leased facilities for Turning and Scroll sawing, and is prepared to undertake orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the well-known and

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

Having purchased the entire city plant, the very finest machinery for laundering, and our customers will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

Proprietor.

DON'T FORGET

It makes Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 19 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

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Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.

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20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

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William A. Coddington, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 23 West Front street.

Clark & Reed, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

Chas. A. Magee, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

Oscar G. Traile, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Important and Trust Co. Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Prices low. Now in operation. Our appointing is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders promptly attended to. Coal and Wood. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Jobs' Head Lever, Gurney and Peed Fertilizers, P. O. box 220. 3-21 tf

"The Very Best"

in my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Jellies, and stamped Linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Fluids

ELECTRICITY

—and Nature Rules as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Constipation, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

22 East Second street, corner Washington

THE OIL TRUST BROKEN.

Popular Clamor Causes the Giant Standard to Dissolve.

THE DECISION A UNANIMOUS ONE.

Its Affairs to Be Wound Up by a Committee Headed by John Rockefeller and Flagler—The Dissolution Is Said to Be Good for the Big Stockholders.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The greatest and most profitable of all trusts—the Standard [illegible]—controlling seven great companies in seven states, and having paid 12 per cent. dividends per annum since January, 1882, on $95,000,000 capital, was dissolved yesterday "in deference to the popular outcry against trusts"—its directors said. This gigantic and secret corporation, whose methods have always been a mystery, has prospered by centralization of vast power and by the brilliant ability of its foremost managers—John D. Rockefeller and J. W. Archibald.

The product of the trust has never been protected by the tariff. Its success has shown how a trust could thrive under freest trade. The trustees "dissolved" at noon at 26 Broadway.

John D. Rockefeller, the president of the trust, presided, and J. D. Archibald acted as secretary. Henry M. Flagler, the secretary, was absent from the city. Two hundred and fifty stockholders were present and 750,000 out of 900,000 shares of stock were voted. The absentees besides Mr. Flagler were William Rockefeller and Benjamin Brewster. The vote to dissolve the trust was unanimous.

The resolutions provided that the affairs of the trust shall be wound up by John D. Rockefeller, Henry M. Flagler, William Rockefeller, John D. Archbold, Benjamin Brewster, Henry H. Rogers, Wesley H. Tilford and O. B. Jennings and the survivors of them in the following manner:

The Manner of Dissolution.

The property held by said trust, except the stock of corporation, shall be sold by said trustees at private sale and the proceeds thereof, together with any money belonging to the trust, shall be distributed to the owners of trust certificates according to their respective interests. All stocks of corporations held in trust, as evidenced by said trust certificates; that is to say, each owner of trust certificates or certificates for cancellation are to receive in lieu thereof an assignment of as many shares or fractions of shares in each of the corporations whose stocks are held in the said trust, as he is entitled to by virtue of said certificate or certificates, it being the intent and meaning of the resolution that the equitable interests in said stocks represented by trust certificates may thus on demand be converted into local interests represented by assignments and transfers of said stocks by said trustees to the parties entitled thereto, which transfers and assignments may be severed on the books of the several corporations upon the demand of the holders of such assignments, thereby merging or converting equitable ownership into legal ownership in said stocks.

All purchases, sales, exchanges and cancellations of stocks, or agreements therefor executed or executory, made by the trustees during the existence of the trust, and all assets by said trustees as stockholders to purchases, sales and exchanges of corporate property and to the formation and winding up of corporations, and all other acts of the said trustees during the existence of the trust, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

The resolutions were seconded by Alexander E. Orr. Solicitor Dood said after the meeting adjourned that it will require about four months to wind up the affairs of the stock of the companies which formed the trust is all owned or controlled by the men who were trustees of the trust, and after the liquidation the business will be conducted in precisely the same manner as it is now. The only difference will be the companies individually will control their own affairs, but as they are all owned by the same men they will act of course in harmony. The stock of the companies will be increased.

Good for the Big Stockholders.

Part of the proposed increase in capitalization will be made in the following companies: The Standard Oil company, of New York, raised from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000; the Standard Oil company, of New Jersey, $3,000,000 to $10,000,000; the Atlantic Refining company, of Philadelphia, $500,000 to $1,000,000; the Standard Oil company, of Indiana, $500,000 to $1,000,000. Where the other increases will be made is not yet decided. It is the intention to make now in the trust, ten or twelve, all refining companies, will be wiped out, and their capital transferred to other companies. Among those which the officials say have outlived their usefulness are the Pratt Manufacturing company, of Brooklyn; the Sone & Fleming company, of New York; the Atlas Refining company, of Buffalo; the Mix Oil company, of Cleveland, and the Acme Oil company. The Macksburg and the Connecting Pipe Line companies, of Ohio, will be merged in the Buckeye company. The Standard Oil company, of Kentucky, will absorb several of the small companies in the south and southwest.

The only comment which Wall street had to offer on the action of the stockholders was to point out that it seemed likely that the dissolution of the trust would only serve to tighten the hold of the few large stockholders in the various properties, inasmuch as the small stockholders, on receiving their holdings back in fractional lots, would probably, because their holdings were in that condition, be anxious to sell out rather than bother with property in such shape.

A Woman's Vote for President.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The Woman's Tribune, of this city, invites every woman in the country to send it a postal card stating her preference among men for president of the United States. The Tribune will announce the result each week for the present, and desires the press and the public generally to make this invitation as widely known as possible so that the women's vote for president may be as large as practicable.

Dixon Retains Tracy.

BROOKLYN, March 21.—Rev. A. C. Dixon, pastor of the Hanson Place Baptist church, has retained Secretary of the Navy General B. F. Tracy to defend him in the libel suit brought against him by Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll.

Oil for Fuel at the Big Fair.

CHICAGO, March 21.—Oil is to be used as fuel instead of coal in all the big furnaces at the World's fair grounds. A contract was made today with the Standard Oil company to furnish the entire supply.

A Custom House Burned.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., March 22.—The custom house here was destroyed by fire. It was the largest and finest building in the city, and cost $220,000.

Killed by a Locomotive.

NEWARK, N. J., March 22.—Thomas McCue was struck by an Erie railroad engine and instantly killed.

A Good Color Combination.

He—Oh, it's just his money! I don't see how you can stand a man with a nose as red as a danger signal.

She—It's not. Besides—it would be different if I were a blond; but any shade of red goes very nicely with my complexion.—Life.

MITCHELL ACTS THE COWARD.

He Started "to Do" Corbett, but Got Scared and Ran Away.

NEW YORK, March 22.—A sensational scene occurred in the lobby of Miner's Bowery theater last evening. Mitchell and Slavin, who had reached the city yesterday, went to the theater. They were "armed for a row," it was said, Mitchell having boasted in an uptown saloon that he was going "to do" Corbett. Corbett had not yet arrived at the theater when the Mitchell-Slavin party got there, and in the interim of waiting sundry visits were paid to a neighboring bar, where "England's boxing champion" placed himself in fighting trim.

On the entrance of Corbett, Mitchell rushed up to the American, applying the vilest epithets and causing Corbett to finally say: "Go away; I don't want a row with a drunken man." To this Mitchell returned hearty curses and rushed off. Corbett tried to go away, but Mitchell would not have it so, following him up and accusing him of taking away his match with Sullivan and other comments. A great crowd gathered about the pugilists and great excitement prevailed. Finally Corbett lost his temper and said to his manager, "I can't stand this any longer," at the same time starting for the cursing Englishman. He made one powerful swing at Mitchell, which fell short.

At the shouts of the crowd and Corbett's anger seemed to sober the Englishman and he made up his mind that it was about time to get away. He dashed out of the theater and ran up the Bowery. Corbett ran after him for a short distance, but his better judgment soon urged him to desist in the pursuit and he returned to the theater where he put the crowd in good humor by using Sullivan's remark, "I'm not in it in a sprint with the Englishman."

Slavin took no part in the disgraceful attack upon Corbett. On the contrary, he spoke pleasantly to the Californian and the salutation was returned with fervor.

BISHOP VAUGHAN'S PLEA TO LEO.

He Doesn't Want to Succeed to Cardinal Manning's Vacant See.

LONDON, March 22.—The Right Rev. Herbert Vaughan, bishop of Salford, having been appointed to succeed to the archiepiscopric of Westminster, left vacant by the death of Cardinal Manning, has written to the pope begging that he be permitted to remain in his present see. Bishop Vaughan was a special favorite with Cardinal Manning, who wrote of him, when he left the archdiocese of Westminster in 1872 to succeed the late Bishop Turner, "You will all soon know what I lose and you gain." He is famous for his charity among the poor and liberality among Christians. He fraternizes with all charitable workers, often attracting thereby considerable adverse criticism from stricter Catholics.

As bishop of Salford he has founded a seminary for the training of young priests, has built a Roman Catholic college in Manchester and is identified with the management of several rescue and protection societies for children.

He still exercises close supervision of St. Joseph's college at Mill Hill and St. Peter's at Freshfield. He is known widely as the "Prince of Priests." Bishop Vaughan's popularity with people of all creeds and his sympathy with the movement for the good of workingmen have rendered his reputation to resemble closely that of Cardinal Manning, and this fact is supposed to have had the greatest weight in bringing about his appointment. He is also known to be thoroughly in sympathy with the present pope's encyclical letter on the labor question. He has, moreover, an immense capacity for work and this qualification is said to have dictated his choice instead of Bishop Clifford for the onerous duties of the archdiocese of Westminster.

Victoria Visits France.

HYERES, March 21.—Queen Victoria and the royal party arrived here. She was met on the platform by the Duke of Connaught and his wife, the British vice consul and the mayor, prefect and subprefect of this city. The queen and the Princess Beatrice, with the other two ladies in the party, were taken in a carriage to the Hotel Costebelle. The queen is expected to remain here five or six weeks.

McDonald's Heirs Charge Forgery.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The contest over the will of the late Senator McDonald was brought preliminarily before the public by reason of the complaint of the executants, the son and grandchildren of the deceased, who allege forgery and mutilation of the will by Mrs. McDonald. The charge is not believed by the friends of the lady.

Depositors Threaten Violence.

PAINESVILLE, O., March 22.—The Painesville Savings and Loan Association bank closed its doors. The depositors, most of them working people, crowded around the building and threatened violence. Colonel R. K. Page, well known in railway circles, and a prominent capitalist, is at the head of the concern.

Union Printers Strike.

ST. PAUL, March 22.—Sixty men and women of the Typographical union employed by the West Publishing company struck because of the employment of more apprentices than the union allows. The firm intend to organize a nonunion shop.

Grip Drove Her to Suicide.

TROY, N. Y., March 22.—Mrs. Christian Alsen, wife of the keeper at Oakwood cemetery, placed one end of a rope around her neck and tied the other to the rung of a ladder and jumped off. A recent attack of grip is said to have driven her insane.

The English Coal Strike Off.

LONDON, March 22.—Nearly all the miners have resumed work. The price of coal has fallen.

COMPROMISED WITH THE KAISER.

Caprivi Will Remain Chancellor, but Resigns Some of His Powers.

BERLIN, March 22.—Chancellor von Caprivi will remain his position as chancellor of the German empire, the latest reports say, but will resign his Prussian portfolio.

This compromise has been made to avoid a crisis while the emperor is in his present ill health.

The education bill, which caused the trouble, will probably be dropped until after the next election.

The conditions of the [illegible] were serious than had been supposed. It is reasoned that if the truth were known he would be obliged to retire and to give way to Prince Henry as regent, and that the kaiser's only chance for recovery is to absolute freedom from political anxieties.

With Chancellor Caprivi in office such freedom is impossible, for Caprivi is associated with the policy and purposes of the kaiser, and would not be liable to make any mistake. But while consenting to remain as chancellor General Caprivi insisted upon the kaiser accepting his resignation of the office of Prussian premier.

The resignation of Count Zedlitz has been accepted. This will leave Dr. Miquel as the controlling spirit of the Prussian cabinet, and current report associates his name with the premiership, although other names are also mentioned.

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GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.

2 button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk glaze.

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Beef, Iron and Wine

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Close at Plainfield as follows:

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Close at 4:00 p. m. for 4:30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

(The New Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Going to New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:00, 6:45, 7:30, 8:28, 9:45, 10:50, 11:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

Leave New York at 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:30, 8:28, 9:45, 10:50, 11:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

Leave Newark at 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 8:28, 9:45, 10:50, 11:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

Leave Somerville at 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:28, 9:45, 10:50 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 5:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 9:45, a. m., 1:30, 4:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8:45 a. m. for Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Roselle, Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Carteret, Williamsburg and Succasunna.

9:45 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

8:45 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Washington, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton and Buffalo.

9:45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

1:30 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

4:30 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Washington, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Syracuse and Rochester.

4:30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

5:30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin and Harrisburg.

6:30 p. m. for Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8:30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9:30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

10:30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin and Harrisburg.

6:30 p. m. (Sundays) for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH SHORE ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:27, 8:05, 10:11, 11:38 a. m., 2:09 p. m. (Sunday through Ocean Grove), 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m. ARRIVE AT Asbury Park, 6:30, 8:05, 11:09 a. m., 1:01, 3:01, 4:30, 7:09 p. m. Ocean Grove, 6:40, 8:15, 11:19 a. m., 1:11, 3:11, 4:40, 7:19 p. m. Long Branch, 6:50, 8:25, 11:29 a. m., 1:21, 3:21, 4:50, 7:29 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 8:05 a. m., 12:00 p. m.

For Philadelphia, 5:27, 8:05, 10:11, 11:38 a. m., 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m. Sunday, 8:05, 10:11 a. m., 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m.

For Trenton, 5:27, 8:05, 10:11, 11:38 a. m., 12:27, 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m. Sunday, 8:05, 10:11 a. m., 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m.

For Bristol, 5:27, 8:05, 10:11, 11:38 a. m., 12:27, 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m. Sunday, 8:05, 10:11 a. m., 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m.

For Morrisville, 5:27, 8:05, 10:11, 11:38 a. m., 12:27, 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m. Sunday, 8:05, 10:11 a. m., 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 5:27, 8:05, 10:11 a. m., 12:27, 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m. Sunday, 8:05, 10:11 a. m., 2:09, 4:27, 5:57, 8:05, 10:11 p. m.

For Pittsburg, 8:05 a. m., 2:09, 5:57 p. m.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

JERSEY LINE R. R.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30 a. m. for Somerville, Protected throughout by the Miller locking switch and block signal system.

For Jersey City, 7:30 a. m., trains leave Elizabeth as follows: Express daily, with Pullman parlor cars, 8:00 a. m. Express daily, except Sunday, 9:00 a. m. Express daily, except Sunday, 10:00 a. m. Express daily, with Pullman parlor and sleeping cars, 11:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, 12:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, 12:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Cleveland, Toledo and Chicago, 1:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 2:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo, 3:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 4:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 5:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 6:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 7:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 8:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 9:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 10:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 11:00 a. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 12:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 1:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 2:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 3:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 4:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 5:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 6:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 7:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 8:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 9:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 10:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 11:00 p. m. Express daily, except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, 12:00 p. m.

For Atlantic City, daily, except Sunday, with day connections, 1:30 p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Philadelphia, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Trenton, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Bristol, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Morrisville, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Pittsburg, 7:30 a. m., 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Point Pleasant and Bay Head, 8:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 8:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City and Somers Point, 8:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Wilmington, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Washington, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Richmond, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Norfolk, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Old Point Comfort, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Newport News, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Atlanta, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Augusta, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Jacksonville, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Tampa, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Key West, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Havana, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Nassau, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Bermuda, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Barbados, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Trinidad, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Demerara, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Paramaribo, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Cayenne, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Rio de Janeiro, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Montevideo, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Buenos Aires, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Valparaiso, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Callao, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Guayaquil, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Panama, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For San Francisco, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

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For Spokane, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Helena, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Butte, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Missoula, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Great Falls, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Fort Benton, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Miles City, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Glendive, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Bismarck, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Minot, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Devil's Lake, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Grand Forks, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Fargo, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

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For Washburn, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Hurley, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Ironwood, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Bessemer, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Escanaba, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Marquette, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Houghton, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Calumet, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Hancock, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Sault Ste. Marie, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Mackinaw, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Petoskey, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Traverse City, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Manistee, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Ludington, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Muskegon, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Grand Rapids, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Holland, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Saugatuck, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For South Haven, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Benton Harbor, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For St. Joseph, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Michigan City, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

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For Minneapolis, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For St. Paul, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Omaha, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Kansas City, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For St. Louis, 7:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 4:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 11:00 p. m.

For Cincinnati, 7:30 a. m

A CLEANSING FLUID.

Smelly Soda, and Better Than One You Could Buy.

A most desirable article for every household is a cleansing fluid of some kind. The ingrain and collars of gentlemen's coats; the entire suit of the small boy, to say nothing of your own clothes dresses, will all be better for a weekly removal of spots and a thorough sponging. So-called cleansing fluids are dear now expensive, and often quite worthless. It is much better and cheaper to make your own. Shave two ounces of white Castile soap into a pint of water, and set over the fire until it has dissolved; then add two more quarts of water, two ounces of ammonia, and one ounce each of glycerine and ether. Let it cool, seal and work up lightly in bottles. When you wish to use it shake up, and put a teaspoonful into six quarts of water; sponge with a piece of flannel, and rub dry with a clean piece. To clean a very dirty garment, with many grease spots, use a cupful of the fluid to a quart of water, and sponge afterwards with clear water. This is a most excellent washing mixture in the proportion of one part of the fluid to twelve parts of water, for woolen and flannel dresses.

For the Library.

A MANTEL BOOKCASE.

Here is an original design by Edward Lee Young. It represents a compound fitment of library mantel and book-case. As will be seen the mantel is made by a facing of two tall book-cases, and the connection with the mantel by a bevel containing mirrors, which take away the woody effect. Under the mantel shelf this bevel makes two closets, triangular in shape, and useful for holding the shovel, tongues, dust brush and other things pertaining to the care of a fire. Above the mirrors is a connecting shelf, and above that again beveled work covering the breast and return to connect the whole. The idea of leaving holes so convenient to one's hand when seated by the fire will be appreciated.—Decorator and Furnisher.

HEREDITY.

It Shou'd be Care fully Guarded Against. Nettle's Intimess.

Readers will remember the horseshoe vein on the forehead which was the badge of all the tribe of Redgauntlet, and there is a well-known family in the South of France which for more than three centuries has boasted a small knot of hair. The Bourbon nose and the thick lip of the Hapsburgs are other well-known facts.

Consumption, gout, insanity and cancer are the diseases which show the greatest tendency to run in families. Of the hereditary transmission of gout nearly every noble family in Europe can show the most extensive proof. With regard to consumption it may be put on record, and statistics prove that heredity can be more or less distinctly made out in a considerable proportion of those who fall victims to this disease.

The Bonaparte family furnishes a remarkable example of the hereditary transmission of cancer of the liver or stomach. He himself died of cancer of the stomach, which also proved fatal to his brother Louien, and to his sister, the beautiful Pauline Borghese.

A hereditary tendency to disease may not show itself till an advanced period of life; as Prof. Huxley, in his charming autobiographical sketch, tells us, pointing to that a peculiar movement of the hands which was habitual in his mother has recently shown itself in him.—Sir Morell Mackenzie.

To Remove Grease Spots From Carpets.

The best thing to remove grease spots from carpets is gasoline. If the carpets have been down for some time, they should be taken up and thoroughly shaken from dust. A perfectly clean cotton cloth should be laid under the grease spot, gasoline should be poured over it, and it should be rubbed with a clean cloth till it disappears. As the cloth you are rubbing with becomes soiled, change it for a clean one, or rub in a clean place of the same cloth. In this way the most obstinate grease spots may be removed by a few minutes' hard rubbing. There should be no light or fire in the room, and the windows should be open when gasoline is used, as it is otherwise a most dangerous and inflammable article.

A Handy Roll Seat.

The best thing to keep India rubber shoes in is a well made box, lined with zinc, and perforated at the back to admit air. To make a presentable half seat, the box may be upholstered with cretonne, being padded across the top with a little excelsior or hair and tacked down. The India rubbers of the household may just as well be kept together, and they should be placed somewhere near the entrance, as no well-mannered person wears them after entering the door.

Pressed Corned Beef.

Boil corned beef slowly till the bones will slip out. Shred up the meat and mix the fat through it so as to give it a marbled look when cut. Moisten with a little of the water it was boiled in and pack the meat into a deep pan, put a cover over it and weight it over night with flat irons. Turn out the next day and serve sliced. The water in which the beef was cooked can be used for a soup with tomatoes and spices if not too salt.

Beef Broth in the Morning.

Physicians now often recommend each morning bouillion to convalescents recovering from a depressing illness. The great nourishing which soups make in preparing broths of this kind is to use too little material. Two pounds of meat to a pint of water is none too much for a strong bouillion.

THE FIRST SMOKE.

Shenagie Is Furnished to Try a Pipe and Makes Its Wife Sick.

Shenagie Ish Ponsford, the well-known dear citizen, left his wife I was most dead, I feel pretty near it, I will die, I am sure, so I am glad that good oldest adopt me.

I just vish the that mi Ma Ja would b a like dose kindes I me. they need how sick I was an they oldest fole a bit sweet 4 me an ad it served me right cause I was silly like a how it ad happened.

I was bil an he sed

gangle, r u with me.

per and bil said I was with him cause I was standin by him, but that is nott along, as wen and I was r u with me they mean will u go in a minne, so wen bil sed r u with me I sed I yes.

then I sed wat is it.

this, he sed, an he tuk a pipe out of his pocket an a paper of tobacker.

wat do u mene, I sakid.

wy, wats the matter with havin a smoke, he sed.

so I sed I am with u.

then we went 3 r bars an bil filled his pipe an then give me I 2 smoke. bil has smoked 4 a long time. I never smokid in all life.

ho, bil, I sed, aint it rong for me 2 smoke wen he handed me the pipe ful of tobacker.

wy, no, bil sed, dont be a fool gangle, your pa is a smoki sosel tocher an he smokes, so how can it b rong.

so I put the pipe in mi mouth an bil stuffed it mutch and I commenced 9 pull on the pipe. the smoke tasted orful nasty as it choked me.

how do u like it, gorgie, bil sed.

fin, it is fine, I sed, cause if I sed I didnot like it bil wood laff an say I was a regler bald.

so i went on smokin an smokin an bi & bl I commenced 77 to felu like I wood like 2 thro away the pipe, onli I was afrade or bil laffin at me.

then bi & bl I sed 2 bil I wooden smoke ani more caus i dident want to impose on his good natur bi takin his tobacker, but bil sed not 2 mentin it, cause it dident cost him and thing cause he swiped it from his pa.

ho, foolish boy wat I was, I tuk sum mair tobacker an smoked mutch, bi an bil I saw the wals of the barn comence 2 move a round an i felt like mi hed wood bust, so I lade down the pipe an tole bil I wooden smoke ani mor, an I sed I was sum, cause I node I was robin him ov his tobacker.

bil tride 2 git me to smoke sum motr but I reli wooden, way down in mi stomik it felt like a lot of peopil wos fitin, an then i got so sik I had 2 lay down. I kep gettin worse an worse,an i thote I wos dyin.

bil jones, I sed, i aint gone 2 live much longer. but wen u take mi ded body home dont tel mi ma ani pa or bote me smokin.

but bil onli laffed an sed I wood b al rite in a little wil., an that if I thot I was dyin I better be tuk home. so bil helped me get on mi fete an i got home.

bevrige, jingle, said ma wen I got in the house. wat mailks u so pale—wate the matir with u child.

I tried to make b leve they wosent nothin the matir, but ma sed they was an sent 4 a doctor.

wen he cum he tole ma I had be'n smokin.

then ma cride an sed I was a lost child an that she dident think I cood b revived as 2 smoke an that the best thing she cood do wood be 2 send me 2 a pennytentary.

I wooden care if they sent me,fa a butcher shop 2 b cut up 4 sausige mete, I jest wishid i wood die. bo, I wos orful sik.

then wen pa cum home he luked at me, he looked orful mad, an then he sed I was a disgrace 2 the family, an that I must have had a awful time 2 git sik as I had, an that I must have had 2 or 3 fust smokes.

but ya wos dad on. he sed he node I was sik enuf an he dident have 2 punish me, an that I had a awful time when I first smoked, dident it. how did u like it, I sed gravely.

wy, he sed, he jes got mi hed in the pillo an began 2 laff, an he laffed so he choked, an he sed it, says, man don't stop at 1 pipe ful ov tobacker. u must have a good smoke. if u only want a smoke agane tel me so, an u kin hav my pipe.

if I had been a big man an wooent so silk I wood holv licked pa. I tride 2 mak him ashamed, but he wooden. I did dident mi eyes an prald 4 gawd I mait me a good boy an let me die.

then I went 2 sleep an next day I wos better.

I promicid ma I wood nevir smoke agane.

libel bve, nevir smoke, that is mi advise. if u must smoke haiv a pipet with it, an then wen u smoken 4 a kin kil yourself. yours,en, gorgie.—New York Mercury.

With Good Reason.

It is said that nothing stumps the educated man like the correct use of adjectives and adverbs. Andy Trumbull was a popular merchant in a small way, but in an evil hour he committed a forgery, which was discovered.

He was tried at the next term of court, and Ephraim Blair was among those who went over to the county seat to hear the trial.

"Well?" said the wife on his return.

"Guilty," said Ephraim laconically. "Five years."

"Land sus!" cried Mrs. Blair. "How did poor Andy take it?"

"Why," said Ephraim reflectively, "I looking right at Andy when he was sentenced, and it struck me that he was embarrassed."—Youth's Companion.

MASTER'S SALE.

IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Jane A. Van Cleaf, complainant, and Sarah B. Line, et al., defendants. By virtue of a decree to me directed and dated the 17th day of March in the above stated cause, and bearing date on the third day of February, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, I, John L. Jackson, one of the special masters of said Court, will expose for sale at public vendue or outcry, on

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MARCH

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m., so much of the following described premises as may be sufficient to sell, at the corner of Somerset street and Park avenue, in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the estate of Jane S. Spooner and the westerly line of Park avenue; thence (1) by land of Lewis C. Gillespie to Isaac Line and Abram N. Vail (First Plot), and running thence in a southwesterly direction along said opposite line, a distance of about one hundred and forty-five feet to a corner of land sold and Silas Vail to Richard Rimmer; thence along the line of said Silas Vail to Nicholas Rimmer; thence along the line of said Silas Vail to Nicholas Rimmer; thence along the line of said Silas Vail to Nicholas

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$6 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Second street, Leach Box I. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be cloudy, with possible rain.

BREVITIES.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—A young man named Robinson was arrested this morning for causing a disturbance on East Front street.

—Ed. F. Daly, who played with the Senators base ball team of New York, has signed to play with the Crescents this season.

—The regular business meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held at parlor of Reform Hall on Thursday, 24th inst, at three o'clock. A. T. MASON, Sec'y.

—The Common Council having granted a street railway franchise is causing quite a boom in real estate. Mr. Chas. Lyman, the real estate agent, advertises elsewhere a number of lots for sale.

—There will be a Mothers' meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 3:30. Mrs. Fernald will preside. A cordial invitation extended to all, especially do we ask the mothers to be present.

—Messrs. Windham & Crowley, the proprietors of the Central Hotel, gave an opening last evening. There was a large crowd present and it is said they thoroughly enjoyed themselves. During the evening a supper was served.

—The tramps seem to be commencing their infamous work again. The occurrence in Plainfield last week ought to put everybody on guard. This shiftless fraternity ought to be dealt with very severely, for nothing else seems effective in suppressing them.—Elizabeth Journal.

—Thursday evening of this week the second entertainment under the auspices of the Warren mission Christian Endeavor Society, will take place. An interesting programme has been arranged by the committee in charge, consisting of music, dialogues, tableaux; the deaf and dumb musician, and the colored boy orator (Master Hall) from Somerville. It is desired that a large number will be present to enjoy the affair and help close up the amount raised for the purchase of the new organ.

—Miss Anna Eva Fay gave an entertainment at Stillman Music Hall last evening, entitled, "Spiritualism." It consisted of a number of very clever sleight-of-hand tricks, that baffled most of the audience. Some of the tricks were undoubtedly new in this section, others of them have been done here by Hermann and other jugglers. Miss Fay is supposed to be a British subject, because she manifests such a strong love for Grover Cleveland, that she injects his name into one of her tricks, as the next President, and she says the way is a very old one. Cleveland is the forlorn hope of those who live in England, because he wished to help Ireland, Canada is the expense of American. Hill is the darling of the saloons, and between the two the Democracy is "between the devil and the deep sea," the clever juggler to the contrary notwithstanding.

—Lydia Thompson and her superb company of players in a triple bill of refined and artistic comedy. This famous star has just completed a tour of the larger cities which proved to be one of veritable triumph, each appearance becoming an ovation, and a star the rage. After demonstrating that refinement can be added to parody; that brilliance and mirth may be thrown into lines by this sanguine expert, and that grace may sparkle from eccentric dancers, Miss Thompson shows she is capable of far better work than that with which she has been heretofore associated, especially and with the nicest graduations of contrasted feeling, does Miss Thompson delineate the various phases of the leading characters in her extensive repertoire comprised of the following comedies: "Uncle Dan," "Hamlet for a Charity," "A Bed of Roses," "Brian Boru," "Miss Ginger," "A Musical Genius," "Nine Points of the Law," "Written in sand" "My Friend Jarlet," "A Bad Penny," "Pris Johnson," "Captain Maclest," and numerous others which have never been produced in this country. The debut in this country of Miss Thompson into the realm of light comedy was made at Cincinnati and called out the most favorable comment from the critics of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette and the Inquirer.—Ex.

Miss Thompson and her company will appear at Music Hall to-night.

STABBED HIM TWELVE TIMES.

Two Hungarians Come to Blows, with Probably Fatal Results.

Michrel Padowski, a Hungarian, is lying at the point of death at Raritan, Somerset county, as the result of stab wounds inflicted by Anton Melinski in an affray on Sunday night.

The men fought at the house of a farmer and Melinski plunged a knife 12 times into his countryman. The quarrel was caused, it is claimed, by the undue intimacy of the wife of the wounded man and his assailant. There has been trouble between the men several times before.

On Sunday night the injured man attempted to chastise his wife, when the boarder interfered. They separated, but renewed hostilities at a farmer's house.

After the stabbing Melinski coolly went for a physician and offered to pay for the medical treatment. He then fled but was arrested yesterday morning.

The Contract Signed.

Acting-Mayor Glass signed the water works contract at the conclusion of the Council meeting Monday evening. The contract was also attested to by City Clerk Runyon, The Water Supply Company yesterday affixed their signatures to the document.

Lookout for Your Dog.

Frisby and Crane, the dog catchers, who were appointed at the Council meeting have started their work. Yesterday they captured eleven dogs.

REPUBLICANS RALLY.

A LARGE MEETING AT REPUBLICAN HEADQUARTERS.

Remarks by Messrs. John Ulrich, John H. French, E. P. Williams, Rev. Dr. Lewis, Mayor Place, Councilman F. E. Marsh, and Others.

The Republicans of this city held a meeting at the Republican Headquarters on East Front street last evening.

Hon. John Ulrich, president of the Republican Association Club, presided. Mr. John H. Doane acted as secretary.

In calling the meeting to order Mr. Ulrich welcomed the large audience that was present. He thought that the State Republican clubs should be thoroughly organized and endeavor to carry the State. He wished this meeting would sound the shot as the first club meeting in the State this year. The State League held its first meeting here, and it was done because three of the officers of the State League are residents of Plainfield. It was the intention of the State League to organize a Republican club in every city and in a number of towns in the county election district in the State. Continuing, Mr. Ulrich said: He believed in organization and education. He advised that the Republican clubs have open doors; keep the rooms open every evening, and organize thoroughly, and then he said, you will see a majority in the city of Plainfield greater than was ever known before.

The Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis was next called upon. He delivered an able address. He said that in his opinion no *man was entitled to approach the* ballot box unless he was loyal to the Republic; that unless he is such he cannot be a member of the mightiest Republic on the earth; that there were enemies seeking to overthrow the Government; but they would themselves be overthrown. He advised the club to set their faces against the money power. He classed David B. Hill as a dictator, and said that he relied on the money power; and that it was a corrupt power, and that it ought to be put down as there was a slight possibility of Hill sitting in the President's chair and discracing the nation. He praised the present administration and said that President Harrison and James G. Blaine had made the stars and stripes stand where they were for our land, our country, our flag, and he hoped that the Republican party would continue to rule.

The Hon. Charles Place, the Mayor of North Plainfield, was next introduced. He said his mission to young men was to the effect that they were to have charge of the country at no distant date. He referred to the words of Abram Lincoln and said that this nation cannot be half free and half slave." He advised the young men to read both sides of the Republican and Democratic question and then he thought that they would find a preponderance of evidence in favor of the Republican party. He said that during David B. Hill's visit South he was likened to George Washington. Continuing he said: "The people must have laughed at the likeness, because George Washington never told a lie and David B. Hill never told the truth." He was a pupil of Samuel J. Tilden.

If the full Republican vote was polled there would be a Republican Governor in the State." He then referred to the recent election in North Plainfield and said: "Shame on the men, shame on the men, who will defeat good men to rebuke their party. Young men go to the polls, shoulder to shoulder and do your duty. I think President Harrison will be re-nominated. He has made a good President and an excellent record. A voter should sustain a good man. It is your duty to work as you never worked before. Let the motto be 'success in local elections as well as National elections.'"

Hon. John H. French was the next speaker introduced. He said that in his opinion the Democratic party had outraged all sense of decency. "How sick the southern men must have been when they were shown George Washington in the shape of David B. Hill as the father of his country. Geo. Washington never told a lie and David B. Hill never told the truth. The recent Democratic Legislature was a disrace to the State. I wish the members were in Plainfield where we have got a dog law. We would take them to Evens, keep them four days and you would never hear of them again. No one would come to redeem them. I think at the next election the Democratic party will be buried for all the time. Even the New York World begged the party or rather the leaders of the party to keep their mouths shut. There are two nuisances in it. One leads to eternal damnation the other to destruction."

John H. French, E. P. Williams and others also addressed the meeting.

Hon. John Ulrich tendered his resignation as president of the club. It was laid on the table for one month.

Mr. Mac Donald moved to secure rooms.

On motion of Mr. Pope the matter was referred to the City Executive Committee.

The meeting, which was an enthusiastic one, then adjourned.

The U. S. Supreme Court.

At Trenton yesterday the United States Circuit Court began its first term for this year. A large number of prominent lawyers responded to the call of the long list of causes for trial, among whom was Chas. A. Reed of this city who has two cases on the list, viz., Abbie Van Dorn v. The P. & R. R. R. Co., and Sheldon & Co. v. Peterson.

Resolutions extolling the memory of the late Justice Bradley were adopted by the bar and S. Wayne Parker, Esq., eloquently spoke the deep regret of the bar occasioned by his death. Justice Bradley had presided over this circuit and was loved by all who came in contact with him.

THAT WRIT GRANTED.

THE CITY DOES NOT OPPOSE LOW & CO.'S APPLICATION.

To Take the Proceedings of One Common Council in His Case Up for Review—Mr. Marsh Prefers to Make a Test Case of the Issue.

Messrs. J. M. Low & Co., who claim, for a system of water supply and sewerage, to have a franchise from the Common Council of last year, the majority of which Council being, the notorious but now defunct combine, to-day, pursuant to notice, applied to Judge Van Syckel, of the Supreme Court, sitting at Trenton, for the issuance of a writ of certiorari of the proceedings of the present Council whereby the ordinance purporting to grant Messrs. Low & Co., such a franchise was repealed.

The previous ordinance—that is the one granting the franchise—it will be remembered was on the petition of a number of leading citizens, carried to the Supreme Court last year on a writ of certiorari to have the court review the proceedings, which it was charged were improper and against the public welfare, an instance being given in which the city was asked to pay for water for fire purposes, $25 per hydrant, per annum, when there was already a proposition from Franklin, this very one concluded Monday evening, by the new and reputable Council to supply the same for $15 per hydrant, a saving to the city of about $100,000 in the life of the contract.

It is claimed by Low & Co. that the city *had no right to take any action in the* matter pending its consideration before the Supreme Court under the writ. No doubt that this position would be correct if it was the same Council upon which the original writ was served, but as that Council has ceased to exist, the writ does not apply. The people discharged the old Council in disgust, and elected a new Council to straighten out our affairs from the tangle in which the old Council left them.

As the simplest way of doing this the new Council repealed such ordinances as were passed by the old Council and likely to work the most mischief upon the people. In the Low case, it simply let him and his company stranded.

His application therefor cites the city to show cause why the proceedings repealing his pet ordinance should not be set aside.

Mr. Marsh preferred not to oppose Low & Co.'s application of the writ of certiorari, as that simply takes the matter up to the Court for review. He says he prefers to fight it on the issue as a test case, so as to settle the matter beyond all question, because there is no doubt in his mind as the position of the city will be sustained.

We do not see how it can be otherwise.

THE FIRST GAME WON.

The Washington Park Club Defeated the Netherwood Club Last Night.

The Park Club bowled a game on their new alleys last evening. Their opponents were the Netherwood Bowling Club. The game was a very interesting one. The score is as follows:

PARK CLUB.		NETHERWOOD CLUB.	
Reed	131	Van Deventer	144
Sutton	111	Hedges	109
Lyman	121	Darling	120
Manning	110	Stiles	130
Matthews	134	Holly	137
	705		640

The Rev. Dr. Walker's First Lecture.

Considering the weather a large audience greeted the Rev. Dr. W. H. Walker at the First Baptist Church last evening. A very fine model of the Tabernacle was on exhibition. The Doctor first gave an interesting talk, and then proceeded to unfold the Glories of the Temple in the various portions of the outer court of the Tabernacle. Every one present enjoyed a great spiritual blessing, and the speaker held the closest attention of all. Few men of the present day have such a deep insight into the true meanings of those ancient types of the Old Testament as Prof. Walker.

To-night the second lecture will be delivered, and to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock a Bible reading will begin. The lectures are free.

Captain Walter's Team Defeated.

There was a bowling contest on the alleys of the Plainfield Gaming and Turning Society last evening. Captain Walter's team was defeated.

The score was as follows:

No. 1.	1	2	3	Total.	No. 2.	1	2	3	Total.
Walter	1	1	7	159	Mayer	0	5	5	160
Hedges	1	1	6	158	Hedges	0	5	5	160
McCullough	1	1	6	158	Cash	0	5	5	160
Cash	1	1	6	158	Walter	0	5	5	160
Kreis	1	1	6	158	Kreis	1	4	5	161
Mayer	1	1	6	158	McCullough	1	4	5	161
Runyon	1	1	6	158	Runyon	1	4	5	161
Voglet	0	0	6	156	Voglet	1	4	5	161

Mr. Cash made the highest score on record since the club has been organized.

A New Base Ball Team.

A colored base ball nine is to be organized this spring. It is to be known as the Gorhams. I. Payne will manage the team. It will be made up as follows: J. Taylor, short stop; W. Carter, 1st base; J. Perkins, 2d base; G. Peterson, 3d base; S. Stevens, r. f.; J. Payne, c. f.; W. Wilson, pitcher; O. Wilson, catcher. G. Peterson will captain the team.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. John Wilson of Perth Amboy is visiting friends on East Sixth street.

Ex-Congressman A. A. Clark of Somerville spent yesterday with friends in this city.

THE RUSSIAN FAMINE.

RELIEF COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED STATES.

A Circular Appealing to the Farmers of America for Help from their Abundance—The Appeal Through "The News."

The following committee have sent us for publication the appeal which follows under same heading:

Ex-Gov. John W. Hoyt, Chairman; Hon. Rutherford B. Hayes, ex-Pres't of U. S.; Hon. Levi P. Morton, Vice Pres't of the U. S.; Hon. Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice; Hon. John Sherman, U. S. Senator, Ohio; Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, U. S. Senator, Vermont; Hon. W. P. Frye, U. S. Senator, Me.; Hon. Jos. R. Hawley, U. S. Senator, Conn.; Hon. Frank Hiscock, U. S. Senator, N. Y.; Hon. S. B. Vance, U. S. Senator, N. C.; Hon. John V. Morgan, U. S. Senator, Ala.; Hon. Jas. P. Dolph, U. S. Senator, Ore.; Hon. W. B. Allison, U. S. Senator, Ia.; Hon. John M. Palmer, U. S. Senator, Ill.; Hon. W. D. Washburn, U. S. Senator, Minn.; Hon. J. H. Mitchell, U. S. Senator, Ore.; Hon. Chas. F. Crisp, Speaker House of Rep.; Hon. B. McMillin, Speaker Pro tem, Tenn.; Hon. Thos. B. Reed, ex-Speaker House of Rep., Me.; Hon. Wm. P. Frye, U. S. Senator, Me.; Hon. Thos. W. Palmer, U. S. Senator, Mich.; Hon. Jas. A. Bayard, U. S. Senator, Del.; Hon. Jas. A. Beckwith, U. S. Senator, Miss.; Hon. Wm. E. Chandler, U. S. Senator, N. H.; Hon. Geo. F. Edmunds, U. S. Senator, Vt.; Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, U. S. Senator, N. Y.; Hon. Wm. P. Frye, U. S. Senator, Me.; Hon. Wm. Walter Phelps, U. S. Senator, N. J.; Hon. Thos. H. Reed, ex-Speaker House of Rep., Me.; Hon. Wm. McKinley, Jr., ex-Speaker House of Rep., Ohio; Hon. Thos. B. Reed, ex-Speaker House of Rep., Me.; Hon. Chas. F. Crisp, Speaker House of Rep., Ga.; Hon. Wm. Walter Phelps, U. S. Senator, N. J.; Hon. Wm. E. Chandler, U. S. Senator, N. H.; Hon. Geo. F. Edmunds, U. S. Senator, Vt.; Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, U. S. Senator, N. Y

EDITORIAL NOTES

A collar and cane seem to be about all there is of the heavy swell this spring.

A hundred years ago a mortgage of a million dollars was unheard of. Lately a mortgage of $20,000,000 was filed at Richmond on the property of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway. Enterprises in this generation are so vast that it requires ten times as much money to conduct them as was the case fifty years since. Men used to be millionaires to *transact the business of our time.*

There is one thing constituents who write their congressmen able letters of advice should remember, and it is that according to one of his friends, correspondents killed Senator Plumb. He never received less than 100 letters a day and often got 200. All of them were from somebody with an ax to grind or somebody who wanted to give him advice. He answered all the letters, and besides that himself filed in the pension office no less than 6,000 claims for his Kansas constituents. No wonder he died.

A Big Mistake.

It must be a misprint or a large slice of misinformation that there are members *of the United States senate who* were bent on staving off by all means, fair or foul, known to parliamentarians the consideration of the antiadulteration food bill. Of course in its untrimmed form there might be restrictions in the bill that bore hard on some dealers and manufacturers, and these features should receive due consideration, but the statement that any United States senator would stand up in front of his high seat and deliberately oppose any consideration at all of an act which concerns vitally the health of 65,000,000 people—no, we will not believe it. It must have been a mistake of the printer, the statement that this was the case, a mistake for which we apologize on general principles.

United States senators are honest, high minded men, anxious for nothing so much as for the welfare, physical and mental, of their constituents. They would as soon think of being bought up in the interests of a prize package or green goods corporation as in the interests of adulterated food. A United States senator using his influence in favor of white clay in candy and sugar, brick dust in red pepper and buckwheat hulls in black pepper! A United States senator flinging dirt upon his lofty place in the interests of wretches who put poisonous drugs in our food and drink for the sole purpose of eking out a few miserable dollars to their soul's condemnation!

Never! Once more we apologize for the printer's mistake.

Alliance Men in Congress.

In The Arena Mr. Hamlin Garland sketches with picturesque strokes the character of the members of the Farmers' Alliance party in the present congress. There are eleven in all—nine in the house, two in the senate. The representatives are from four states—Kansas, Jerry Simpson, John G. Otis, John Davis, Ben H. Clover and William Baker, from Kansas; O. M. Kem and W. A. McKeighan, from Nebraska; K. Halvorsen, from Minnesota, and Thomas E. Watson, from Georgia. Thus it will be seen that all but one of the Alliance men hail from *the northwest* and that *one is from the south.* Not one comes from east of the Mississippi or north of Mason and Dixon's line. The two senators are Peffer, from Kansas, and Kyle, from North Dakota. Kyle is at once the youngest and the tallest man in the United States senate. He is 6 feet 4, with a powerful voice and an "accent of the Mississippi valley." What a shaking of the solemnity of the senate he will produce when, one of these days, he opens his mouth. Senator Kyle "looks forward to political changes" when the younger elements of both the predominant parties get control in them. Peffer is a newspaper man, Kyle is a lawyer.

Nearly fifty congressmen have Alliance leanings, Mr. Garland says, but the nine mentioned stand together as a solid body, turning neither right nor left. All of these nine are or have been actual farmers, and of their head is the famous Jerry Simpson, who owes his election to the fact that he stood boldly up in the nominating convention and told his constituents that he could not "run" on the platform they had adopted. He stated his reasons pluckily and won alike the platform, the convention and the nomination. He says the actual outlay of cash during his campaign was only $300. In the dialect that Mr. Garland quotes, Jerry Simpson said;

"Many a feller went down into his pocket and gave me a quarter, who didn't have hardly another to rub agin it."

But Jerry Simpson can never be president, for he was born in New Brunswick. Both he and Watson, the Georgia man, have had lives so full of toil and hardship as to invest them with an almost tragic interest. Watson is the only lawyer among the nine representatives. He worked on a farm and taught school to obtain his education and study law. His first fee as a lawyer was $1.50, and a negro paid it to him. He goes in for the new south with all his soul, and Garland says, "His life of hard work and suffering has made him a commoner and a radical."

DEBATING FREE COINAGE

The Discussion on the Bland Bill Starts in the House.

HARTER GETS HIMSELF WORKED UP

And in His Excitement to Illustrate a Point He Shakes Representative McKaig by the Neck—One of the Pages a Dollar Richer Through the Discussion.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The silver battle, which has been anticipated as the most important engagement of the present session of congress, began in the house. The galleries were crowded as they have not been *since congress assembled, even the executive* and diplomatic galleries, which hitherto during the entire session had been empty, were well filled.

But those who came expecting to see an exciting struggle or any sensational attempt on the part of the opponents of free silver to defeat the Bland bill were doomed to disappointment. There was no brilliant oratory, no parliamentary fencing, no party strategy, but merely a plain discussion of the financial question. Save an occasional flash of wit or amusing incident the discussion was dull enough to clear the galleries.

At the outset of the battle there was a skirmish, which promised interesting developments. General Tracey, of New York, in command of the anti-silver Democrats, made the point of order that Speaker Crisp was in error in permitting the debate to proceed before the house as then organized instead of going into committee of the whole. Speaker Crisp decided General Tracey's point as not well taken, so that the expectation of a filibustering incident was disappointed.

When a Farmers' Alliance man interrupted Mr. Bland to ask if the Alliance representatives were to be given time in the debate, Mr. Bland replied that everybody was independent, and that he was willing that every man should have ample opportunity to express himself.

Bland Opens the Debate.

Mr. Bland opened the debate with a speech that lasted two hours. He covered the arguments of the free coinage advocates thoroughly, and although his voice could not be heard very far from his desk on account of his peculiar enunciation, he was liberally applauded when he finished.

The fight from the standpoint of the anti-free coinage Democrats was opened by G. Fred Williams, of Massachusetts. Mr. Williams made the most interesting speech of the day, and he gained for himself praise for clearness of statement and a dramatic style of oratory.

Mr. Harter, of Ohio, followed in opposition to free coinage. Mr. Harter's style of oratory is impassioned. During the delivery of his speech his mind many pedestrianisms to illustrate metaphors.

One of the object lessons was distinctly humorous and was in order to illustrate his statement that the time would come when the people would wish that they could shake Mr. Bland by the neck. Mr. Harter seized McKaig, of Indiana, by the coat collar and lifted him from his feet, amid the jeers of the house and the blushes of Mr. McKaig.

A moment later Mr. Harter made another violent demonstration and a terrified member against whom it appeared to be directed sprang from his seat and sought refuge in the cloak room amid great merriment.

Mr. Raynor, of Maryland, who has the reputation of being a vigorous speaker, followed Mr. Harter with another argument against free silver. Jerry Simpson interrupted Raynor, but the Maryland orator declined to recognize him, and cut him short by the cruel retort, "I can't listen to you. Your questions never have any sense to them anyhow."

Mr. Taylor, of Illinois, was the first Republican to speak against the bill. He read from manuscript, but was listened to with attention. Early in Mr. Taylor's remarks he alluded to some of the Massachusetts gentlemen members as Mugwumps. At once he was called to order, and Speaker Crisp ruled that the Chicago member was using unparliamentary language in addressing any member as a Mugwump.

A Dollar Out.

O'Donnell, of Michigan, opposed the free *coinage bill. Woodcock,* Democrat, of Michigan, favored the bill, and said that international monetary conferences had had their day on this question.

Bowers, Republican, of California, favored the bill, and said he was willing to go with the Democrats when they were right. He created a laugh by offering eleven dollars in exchange for a dollar and a half piece to any believer in the silver standard. Mr. Houk, of Michigan, turned this laugh on Mr. Bowers by accepting the tender, and said that the page who made the transaction could keep the odd dollar. Winn, Democrat, of Georgia, also favored the measure.

Covert, Democrat, of New York, spoke against the bill. Lewis, Democrat, of Mississippi, and Post, Republican, of Illinois, favored it.

Mr. Reed said: "In 1873 the United States turned against its citizens and said that they should not have silver as a money material, and indeed England is deprecating this motion for England's benefit. An international agreement would not change the character of the coin. This bill would recognize the immediate demand. Free coinage would increase the volume of currency $20,000,000 more than the present law increased it. It would put a stop to hoarding, and bring out silver at less than its coinage value." When Mr. Post finished the house adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The senate was in a river improvement mood. At opening the house river and harbor bill, it passed three special orders as follows:

First—Appropriating $18,750,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river from its mouth to St. Paul, not more than $3,750,000 to be expended in any one year.

Second—Appropriating $1,745,816 for the completion of the canal and locks at the cascades of the Columbia river, Oregon, not more than one-third to be expended in any one year.

Third—Appropriating $2,830,336.35 for the construction of a boat railroad across the obstructions to navigation at the Dalles and Celilo falls of the Oregon river, this amount to be immediately available.

Having accomplished the most the senate, on motion of Mr. Sherman, adjourned.

Peculiar Disaster at San Salvador.

ACAJUTLA, March 23.—An earthquake drove the British steamer West Indian ashore here. She is a total loss. The crew and a part of the cargo were saved.

A Treasury Bullion Decrease.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The net gold bullion in the treasury during the past ten days has shown a slight decrease, being now $128,838,552.

THE HARRELL MURDERER.

He Is Kept in Ignorance of the Efforts Made in England.

MELBOURNE, March 23.—The coroner's inquest on the body of Mrs. Deming, the wife of Arthur Deming, who was murdered by her husband in order, it is alleged, that he might be free to marry another woman, was resumed to-day. The jury inspected the house at Windsor that has been occupied by the Demings, and the inquest was then adjourned until April 5 to await the arrival of Deming, who is now in custody at Perth.

The authorities have been very careful to keep from the prisoner all knowledge of the discovery of the bodies of his supposed first wife and her four children at Bainhill, near Liverpool, full particulars of which have been cabled here, and much interest is manifested as to what Deming's behavior will be when he is informed that the police of this country and England have conclusive evidence of the long series of crimes committed by him.

It is alleged that Deming was engaged in land swindling operations in Canada in 1884, and that he afterward became a watch dealer and decamped with a number of watches entrusted to him by settlers. The discoveries at Perth include a long knife as sharp as a razor, with a bloody handle. It has also been secured a letter written by Deming, which, it is said, contains ample proof that he tried to entice a Miss Bourne, of Sydney, N. S. W., to go to Perth, where he had murdered his wife in Windsor, for which crime he is now under arrest and which led to the terrible revelations at Bainhill, in England.

He Posed as Lord Dunn.

ANTWERP, March 23.—It has been discovered by the authorities here that Deming the wife murderer, visited this city on two *different occasions. He was known as Lord* Dunn. He moved in good circles, but finally became involved in some swindle and was forced to leave the city in disgrace.

FASHIONS

WHAT SHALL WOMEN WEAR?

THAT'S THE PERENNIAL QUESTION, AND HERE IS THE ANSWER.

Study the Infinite Variety Among the Latest Garments Now Worn—Then Choose That Which Is Most Becoming to You.

Kid gloves will rip despite our best efforts to keep them in good condition. There is nothing so annoying to the wearer of court plaster or surgeon's plaster (the latter is the better), turn the glove wrong side out and neatly apply the plaster over the ripped kid, then having drawn the rent part of the glove nicely together. If this has been neatly done, one cannot perceive where the rip was.

A PRETTY HOUSE DRESS

That will Bring Cheer and Brightness into the Household.

If you want to make a pretty house dress, take, as the cook books say, a sufficient amount of some warm, bright, soft material, for it will make life seem more *cheerful by its very brightness, even to a* husband that has bet on the wrong horse, or a fellow that is on the wrong side of the market.

If you are going to make it yourself, as of course you are or you wouldn't be reading fashions, and are using cashmere for the material, buy the yellowest tan that you can find. Of course, you make the skirt plain and cut in the prevailing umbrella shape. Around the bottom put two rows of velvet ribbon, golden brown, with a row of brocaded ribbon in yellow and gold, with just a thread of red and blue to make it rich and Oriental in effect.

This ribbon may be turned or it may be half an inch wide, as you prefer. Make a simple little waist well fulled in at the belt or laid in little plaits and stitched down, if you prefer. It is easy to do, because it is covered at the waist line with a girdle of the fancy ribbon, with loops of the velvet set close together all round it and bretelles of velvet falling on either shoulder in long, looped bows. If you want it gayer still put a yoke and epaulets of the brocaded ribbon on the Gene on the bodice. If you like gray gowns try the same model in gray, with soft green velvet and a white and silver brocaded ribbon between.

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One Must Possess all the Following Accomplishments to be a Success.

The successful mother of a boy must be an intelligent, versatile person. She must know how to tie a sticky sail over a ball; she must know how to make a kite and a paper hat, and work fascinous, and make rookies and tomans and turnovers.

The mother a boy can depend upon will save all the pieces of twine, and when she has a mess ball of it she will offer it at his shrine ungrudgingly.

She will plan little surprises in the shape of gayly pie and dainty cake, and she patiently captures them and puts them away for a time when a boy needs them.

An International Thief.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Inspector Byrnes has identified John Hunt, who stole $10,000 from the London and Westminster bank, London, as John McDonald, alias Leroy, alias Burke, a Boston thief.

Organized for Cleveland.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 23.—Two thousand Democrats will leave here on a Cleveland excursion to Chicago.

Colonel Keith Resigns.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 23.—Owing to ill health and a desire to rest Colonel J. H. Estill, Georgia's member of the national Democratic committee, has resigned. The state central committee will fill his place.

Newark a Port of Entry.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The treasury department has designated Newark, N. J., a port of entry.

MILLS MADE A SENATOR.

No Opposition to Bue the Election of the Texan.

WISCONSIN MUST BE REDISTRICTED.

The Apportionment Bill Declared Unconstitutional and Void and a New Division of the State Must Take Place. Judge Maynard's Removal Asked For.

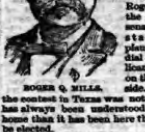
NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—The Times-Democrat's Austin (Texas) special says: "Apart from the hatching for United States senator the proceedings of the house were of no general interest. The ballot for senator resulted as follows:

"In the senate—For R. Q. Mills, 31; Wash Jones, 1; J. D. Sayres, 1.

"In the house—For R. Q. Mills, 93; Horace Chilton, 3; R. B. Culberson, 1; Barnett Gibbs, 2; J. H. Bailey, 4.

"There was a good deal of speaking in making and seconding the nomination of Mr. Mills. Both houses adjourned."

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Both sides of the house joined in the round of applause that greeted the reading by Mr. Tracey (Democrat, N. Y.) of a dispatch announcing the election in Texas of Representative Roger Q. Mills to the United States senate from that state. The applause was as cordial on the Republican side as it was on the Democratic side. The result of the contest in Texas was not expected. It was always known that Mills was the choice than it has been here that Mills would be elected.



ROGER Q. MILLS.

Mr. Mills will probably receive his credentials as senator in the course of a week, but he will not leave the house until after he has had an opportunity to speak on the tariff question, and has been permitted an early chance to be heard on the wool bill. Already, before he has changed his quarters, he is in a better frame of mind than he has been since the session began. After he has been in the senate a short time he will go to Texas and make a campaign for the term beginning March 4, 1893, as the time for the next general election is now approaching. He will probably receive his credentials as senator in the course of a week, but he will not leave the house until after he has had an opportunity to speak on the tariff question, and has been permitted an early chance to be heard on the wool bill. Already, before he has changed his quarters, he is in a better frame of mind than he has been since the session began. After he has been in the senate a short time he will go to Texas and make a campaign for the term beginning March 4, 1893, as the time for the next general election is now approaching. He will probably receive his credentials as senator in the course of a week, but he will not leave the house until after he has had an opportunity to speak on the tariff question, and has been permitted an early chance to be heard on the wool bill. Already, before he has changed his quarters, he is in a better frame of mind than he has been since the session began. After he has been in the senate a short time he will go to Texas and make a campaign for the term beginning March 4, 1893, as the time for the next general election is now approaching. He will probably receive his credentials as senator in the course of a week, but he will not leave the house until after he has had an opportunity to speak on the tariff question, and has been permitted an early chance to be heard on the wool bill. Already, before he has changed his quarters, he is in a better frame of mind than he has been since the session began. After he has been in the senate a short time he will go to Texas and make a campaign for the term beginning March 4, 1893, as the time for the next general election is now approaching. He will probably receive his credentials as senator in the course of a week, but he will not leave the house until after he has had an opportunity to speak on the tariff question, and has been permitted an early chance to be heard on the wool bill. Already, before he has changed his quarters, he is in a better frame of mine and then he has been there that Mills would be elected.

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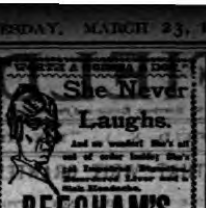


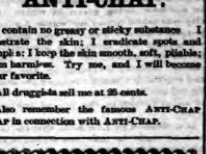
Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples: I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.



Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

It commands a view of the whole of farm, and is a very convenient field glass at a moderate price, which at some distant point of the field, or on the road, will enable you to see the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS

All in good mechanical order and guaranteed for all purposes.

Prices	Excellent size (6x30)	All in excellent order, and guaranteed.
	Medium size (7x28)	
	Small size (6x24)	

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by mail, postage paid.

QUEEN & CO., Manufacturers, 924 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street,
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

GET YOUR
TEAMING and GRADING
done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 3 20tf

To the Public;
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Erri tomatoes, F. B. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fult & Wilbraner's extra stewed peas, Golden Wax beans, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.
Special purchases given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Goods & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.
79 BROADWAY.

Just Received!
OUR
First Shipment
OF
BABY CARRIAGES
Including all kinds and prices
CALL AND SEE THEM.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Many of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Penny Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
23 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEE TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to call and examine one of his newly added steam vibrating screens for any coal, which can be confidently believed will do away with all dust. Satisfaction is possible by any other method of screening.
DYERS (LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROOMS AND TENEMENTS TO RENT.
He would also announce recently fractured facilities for transporting coal, which will result in new lines, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Shafting, stock building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LENBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER THAT I GUARANTEE A FIT.

Professional Cards.
J. ACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.
F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.,
Engineer of the Plainfield Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds for Pennsylvania, Notary Public, Master in Chancery. Office: No. 20 West Front street.
CLARK & SHED,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Court Commissioners of Deeds for Pennsylvania, Notaries Public, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.
CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds for Pennsylvania and Notary Public in Chancery, Notary Public. Office: corner Front and Somerset streets.
OSCAR S. TRASK,
Attorney at Law, 287 Broadway, New York City, rooms 32 and 33. Supreme and United States Courts. Resides, Plainfield, N. J.
PLAINFIELD
COOPERLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Telephone connection. Office, 20 Somerset street. Telephone No. 20.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction in the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
Just you see. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Hosiery, Underwear, Handkerchiefs, and corsets of those goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 South Front street.

ELECTRICITY
and Medicine Baths as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
66 East Second street, corner Washington.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of Good
Light Blue Color.
Before contracting for
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
OR
ROBT. A. MERKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
13 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The only laundry where any white-work is done by hand. Our work will not be rubbed to pieces. Our machinery will not tear and destroy all goods in the shape or ruburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
24 EAST FRONT STREET,
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LENBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER THAT I GUARANTEE A FIT.

EITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up to residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
60 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 24.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for hire.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for better driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes
FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS B. POPE, Treasurer.

Kline's Extracts
Pure Fruit Flavors

ENGLAND IS OBSTINATE.

Her Reply to Our Behring Sea Note Unsatisfactory.

THE PRESIDENT TO REMAIN FIRM.

He Prepared a Strong Response to Salisbury and Is Backed Up by the Cabinet in His Determination Not to Recede from the Stand He Has Taken.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—It is understood that both Lord Salisbury's reply to the note of the 8th, and the president's response thereto, were before the cabinet for information and consideration. Salisbury's reply was found to be quite unsatisfactory, and unanimous approval was given to the response prepared by the president. The latter is said to be an emphatic declaration of the intention of the United States to maintain the contention put forth in the correspondence on the subject, which has been made public. There is in it no withdrawal from the position heretofore assumed in the controversy, and no assent is made to any proposition repeated by Lord Salisbury which had been previously rejected.

The reply of Lord Salisbury and the president's response will, it is said, be communicated to the senate committee on foreign relations this afternoon.

A Proposition Once Rejected.

It is still an open question what action the senate will take regarding the arbitration treaty. There is some division of sentiment about it. Certain of the senators favor ratifying the treaty without regard to a modus vivendi, while others think it ought to be rejected unless Lord Salisbury expressly agrees to another closed season. It is not likely that the treaty may be amended by the addition of a clause providing for a modus vivendi, and in this form returned to the British premier. Final action on it is not likely to be delayed many days.

Prior to the cabinet meeting Acting Secretary Wharton, accompanied by Sir George Baden Powell, one of the British members of the commission recently in session here, called at the executive mansion and had an interview with the president. It was learned that Sir George had come to Washington simply to bid adieu to the officials with whom he came in contact during the sessions of the commission. He sailed for Europe today.

A rumor that finds many believers is that Lord Salisbury has answered the president's note insisting on the necessity of a modus vivendi with a counter proposition that in any modus vivendi signed upon the United States shall engage to indemnify Canadian vessel owners (poachers) for losses incurred thereby, provided the arbitrators finally decide that the United States has no right to prevent pelagic sealing. The United States has already rejected a proposition of this kind.

Phelps in Consultation.

The treasury department has delayed the preparation of instructions to revenue cutters pending the Behring sea negotiations. Last year the instructions originally sent out had to be countermanded by telegraph, as the situation changed after they were delivered in San Francisco. The treasury officials mean to wait this year, if possible, until the situation is finally determined.

Mr. Phelps, who was United States minister to England during the Cleveland administration, and who is now one of the governments counsel in the Behring sea case, visited the Capitol. He had a long consultation with Senator Sherman, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, and Senator Morgan, one of the Democratic members of the committee.

Mr. Phelps met with an accident some time ago resulting in the fracture of one of the small bones in his left arm, and now carries his arm in a handsome silk sling. It is understood he went over the Behring sea treaty with Senators Sherman and Morgan, but none of the participants in the conference could be induced to reveal what took place.

Salisbury Couldn't Comply.

LONDON, March 23.—In official circles great reticence is maintained respecting the course of Lord Salisbury's reply to Mr. Blaine's request for a renewal of the modus vivendi, but it is generally urged that Lord Salisbury could not comply with the request without implying an admission of the United States' demand to exercise jurisdiction in Behring sea, and without utterly ignoring the report of the British commissioners, who declare that there is no single case where permanent injury has been done any habits of seals through sealing in the open sea.

Still a Mystery.

NEWARK, N. J., March 23.—Mrs. Foster, the wife of Dr. Foster, of Rockaway, N. J., who positively identified the body of the woman drowned in the Passaic as that of Mrs. Lizzie M. Stickle, called at the morgue and denied that the body is that of her sister. Mrs. Foster says that Mrs. Stickle had four of her teeth filled with gold, while the woman found had a perfect set of teeth. The clothes were also different from those that Mrs. Stickle would wear.

More Dynamite Stolen.

PARIS, March 23.—The anarchist panic has been revived here by the announcement from Marseilles that during the shipment of 2,600 cartridges from a Marseilles factory to Perpignan five cases were stolen.

Important Suits Postponed.

BOSTON, Mass., March 23.—Neither the whisky trust nor the Maverick bank case is likely to be tried for several weeks as Judge Nelson in the United States district court excused the jurors until April 12.

Colonel Lamont Very Ill.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Colonel Daniel S. Lamont has been seriously ill for the past two weeks. He is not yet out of danger, and since last Saturday physicians have been in constant attendance.

A Clergyman Missing.

TIVERTON, Mass., March 23.—Rev. Mr. Childs is missing under circumstances compromising to members of his congregation. The reverend gentleman is said to have embarked for England.

A Steamer Struck by Lightning.

LONDON, March 23.—The steamship Prendan was struck by lightning in the Clyde and set on fire. There was a panic aboard till the flames were extinguished.

Curtis Seeking Liberty.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—The case of Actor Curtis, on application to be released on bail, was argued. Judge Troutt reserved his decision.

A Daily Changes Hands.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 23.—The State Chronicle, the leading daily here, has been sold by Mr. Josephus Daniels to Hon. T. R. Jernigan.

Blind versus Mutton.

"My dear," said a Chicago gentleman to his wife, after perusing the evening paper, "are you aware of the fact that a blind widow 97 years old—"

"You've just read that, haven't you?"

"No."

"Well, then, just concentrate your 95 pounds of intellect on that scuttle, and figure out how much it will weigh after you bring it up full of coal from the cellar."

The man with the gravel head departed for the lower regions in search of information.—Texas Siftings.

Male Help Wanted.

—Life.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The World's Fair, the Ward's Island and the Ten Hour Bills Pass the Senate.

ALBANY, March 23.—The bill to permit New York city to purchase the property of the emigration commission on Ward's and Staten Islands for $1,000,000, to be expended in paying off the $500,000 mortgage held by the state, $105,000 indebtedness to various hospitals and asylums in Albany, Rochester, Syracuse, Buffalo and other cities and for other claims, came up in the senate.

An amendment placed in the bill by Senator Erwin provided that in case the city at any time in the future wished to turn the property over to the state the property should be appraised by the commissioners appointed under the state care of the insane act. The property is to be used for charitable purposes by the city. The bill passed by a vote of 23 to nothing.

The senate passed the World's fair bill appropriating $300,000 for the New York exhibit, with the assembly amendments providing for closing the exhibition on Sundays. The vote was 29 yeas to 4 nays—Senators Brown, Endres, McCarthy and McCarren.

The Raley ten hour bill was passed. The bill requires extra compensation for all labor on railroads over ten hours, and also insists that eight hours rest shall follow six hours continuous service.

Senator Cantor introduced a bill which practically abolishes the imprisonment for debt law.

A resolution to adjourn sine die on April 21 passed the assembly and was made a *special order* in the *senate for tomorrow*.

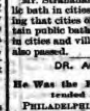
The assembly passed Lang's bill giving women the right to bring action against their husbands for injury to person or character. Mr. Guenther's substitute bill for the one to change the boundaries between Rye and Greenburgh counties, placing the matter in the hands of the state engineer and surveyor, and Mr. Riley's appropriating $35,000 for the improvement of the Hudson river.

Mr. Stranahan's bill establishing free public bath in cities, towns and villags; requiring that cities of 50,000 people shall maintain public baths, and making it permissive in cities and villages of less population, was also passed.

DR. AGNEW IS DEAD.

He Was the Famous Surgeon Who Attended President Garfield.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—Dr. D. Hayes Agnew died in his home in this city. Dr. D. Hayes Agnew was born in 1818 in Lancaster county, Pa., graduated at the University of Pennsylvania and practiced medicine in the country before going to Philadelphia. He came into prominence through his



D. HAYES AGNEW.

lectures at the School of Anatomy, Philadelphia, and it was his skill in operative surgery that led him to the bedside of General Garfield, whom he attended, and performed the operations which prolonged the president's life. Among the institutions with which he was connected with were the Philadelphia hospital, which he entered in 1854, and where he founded a pathological museum; the University of Pennsylvania in 1863, as demonstrator of anatomy and assistant lecturer on clinical surgery; the Wills Opthalmic hospital as surgeon; and Jefferson Medical college in 1856; surgeon in the Orthopedic hospital, of Philadelphia; professor of operative surgery in the university in 1870, and in the following year professor of clinical surgery in the University hospital. Dr. Agnew had opportunities of observation in operative surgery that few physicians possessed. He was consulting physician in the great Mower Army hospital, which was maintained at Chestnut Hill during the war. It was the largest hospital in the country. Dr. Agnew made numerous contributions to medical literature.

Canada's Big Railroad Strike.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 23.—The Canadian Pacific strike has now extended to the Eastern division, from Fort William to Chalk river, 400 more miles being locked up. It is expected the division from Montreal east will be out on strike tomorrow. More violence is reported from Rat Portage, the train being stopped by torpedoes on the track, and Superintendent McKenzie and Conductor McNabb, who urges that the engineers stay on, assaulted. They were both badly hurt, but are now in the care of friends.

Favorable to Mellon and Porter.

HARRISBURG, March 23.—A pardon in the cases of John A. Mellon and William H. Porter, of the Beaver Star, who are now serving a term of six months in jail for publishing a libel on Senator Quay in connection with the Bardsley frauds, has been recommended by the board of pardons.

Found Thirty Skeletons.

DUBUQUE, Ia., March 23.—Thirty-five years ago three men named Harris, Duncombe and Williams began work on an abandoned lead mine known as the Levi diggings. Yesterday diggers threw corn across three skeletons and the name of Williams was found on a pair of boots.

THE GRAND JURY LEAKS.

Another Investment Promised to the City—Something Doing Tomorrow.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Another investigation is promised in the boodle investigation. No new indictments have been returned and there are indications that the grand work has been blocked by dissensions among the state's attorney seems to be shunned. "There are three men on the grand jury who I have every reason to believe have been into boodling. Interested in the outcome of the proceedings of this boodle investigation," said Mr. Longenecker. "There is the best of ground. I think the work will be continued. "We have not as yet one particle of evidence to implicate the men who put up the money for the passage of the boodle ordinances and with which this public robbery was done.

"Now, I am confident that the men back of the boodlers have a full report of all the evidence that has been presented to the grand jury. What has not been given to the grand jury, which is but very little indeed, they are not acquainted with. With the indictment of Billy O'Brien we have come to an end, unless he 'squeals' or we can find evidence elsewhere which we have not now got. We will keep on working and it is possible we may strike a lead that may produce good results.

"If we do not I can see no hope of catching and inflicting the chief lechers. Whether we will be able to touch the men whom we believe to be the most guilty must be decided by future events."

GRAND ABSOLU, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength of* Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell,

or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

5 12 1m*

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—37 North avenue, (with Woodson & Buckle.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 21 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, Special, 69c.

6-button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

Now line of black and colored silk glaps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

WILLIAMS'.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ‡ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—39 East Front street.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security,

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 63 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

S. F. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence 54 West Second street, Plainfield.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Residence 54 West Second street, Plainfield. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Rose and Front streets, Plainfield. P. O. Box 1064. Telephone No. 6.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 113

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grant and Depot streets, North Plainfield.

J. HERRMANN, 9 Bogert street.

R. V. SAUER,

Carpenter and Builder,

Jobbing promptly attended to. Orders left at Goldsmith's and Sampson's store, P. O. Box 228.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Watchung avenue and Sampson place. P. O. Box 228.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 81.

W. J. Pierson, No. 19 Vine street, N. E. Second St. Jobbing attended to. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 29 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Easy breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 67 Dover St., near Plainfield avenue.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY.—(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

In effect New York, time of leaving Plainfield and New York.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

LAKE HOPATCONG.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

SUNDAY MAILS.

R. E. POPP, P. M.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

OFFICIAL

JEWELER.

Has a full line of

JEWELRY

Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses fitted FREE.

15 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

32 West Front Street.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in SEED

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE

P. O. BOX 102.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

22 to 30 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

The North Plainfield Grocers.

Auction Sale at Carey's

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS, ON

Friday, March 18th, 1 p. m. Sharp.

CONSISTING OF

Oak Bedroom Suites, Chiffonieres, Ex-tables,

Parlor Suites, Double and Single Harness, Carpets and Rugs, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Quilts and lots of other things too numerous to mention.

Terms Cash.

T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

METROPOLITAN STABLES,

SECOND SALE

AT

AUCTION,

Wednesday, Mar. 23.

A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

H. H. RIDER, Manager.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DISPLAY IS never relished without a GLASS OF GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Goods in

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If prices count will be able to convince our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer.

Telephone Co. 1.57.

Lumber & Coal

Loomis & Rice

Broadway 49 Telephone 75

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

STROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also, shop for the manufacture of shoe furniture.

RUBEN HELM

Is now in any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK,

A postal addressed to No. 60 Rose Street will receive prompt attention.

BROWN & HILL,

Carpenters and Builders, Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop and residence, 211 Clinton street, Plainfield, N. J.

Lodges.

Prosperity and Protection.

Knights of Honor, Hall, 224 East Front street, Plainfield. Meets every Monday evening. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Louis I. Von Almyen, Dictator. Joseph A. Perry, Reporter.

Watchung Council, No. 86, organized and Second Tuesday at 8 p. m. 12 20 1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. E. HUNTOON,

Dealer in Fresh and Salt Meats, Groceries and Provisions. Choice Groceries, Provisions and Canned Goods a specialty. Cor. Front and Somerset streets, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone connection.

MRS. LINDLEY,

Dressmaker, Plainfield avenue, 36 West Front street. Good dress cutter. Mr. Lindley has a lot of very high grade wheels, good and cheap. 2 20 1y

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

How Mr. Rensselaer Van Cortland Executed His Jealous Rapacity Disconsolate—An English Colonel Who Said He Knew Little of Geese.

(Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.)

Did you ever hear about Mr. Rensselaer Van Cortland's $20,000 diamond? No? Well, I will tell you. Of course you know that Mr. Van Cortland not only belongs to one of the oldest and bluest blooded families in New York, but that he is also a great traveler, a fine scholar, and has inherited nearly as much wealth as the Hon. William Waldorf Astor.

You may not know, however, for unfortunately you do not belong to the Four Hundred, that Mr. Van Cortland's splendid Fifth avenue mansion is literally packed with rare furniture, costly bric-a-brac, the only existing copies of priceless books and a collection of precious stones equal to that of most crowned heads. The jewels are kept in a huge iron safe let into the wall of the library, and its comforts the owner to know that this receptacle is both fire and burglar proof.

One night Mr. Rensselaer Van Cortland accepted an invitation to a little private dinner given by one of his very few particular friends at the Elite club, and there he met Colonel de Vere. Why "colonel" no one inquired. He was cultured, traveled, had been acceptably introduced and was an Englishman, all of which was sufficient to commend him to even so blue blooded and exclusive a man as Mr. Van Cortland.

But it was neither the colonel's well bred bearing, brilliant conversation nor handsome person that attracted the attention of Mr. Van Cortland, but a large diamond of wonderful brilliancy which he wore in his white scarf.

This jewel so fascinated Mr. Van Cortland as to seriously interfere with his enjoyment of the really excellent dinner.

After cigars were lighted and the guests withdrew to the smoking room, Mr. Van Cortland sought the first opportunity of engaging Colonel de Vere in private conversation, and by way of leading up to the diamond in the scarf he adroitly turned the talk to gems and precious stones, and he was not a little surprised to hear the colonel say:

"The subject is certainly very interesting, Mr. Van Cortland, but I must acknowledge I know but little about it."

"Why, my dear sir," protested Mr. Van Cortland, his eyes riveted on the dazzling stone in the colonel's scarf, "in securing that wonderful stone you showed that you not only have taste, but that you have a good deal of spare cash at the time of the purchase."

The colonel laughed, took the pin from his scarf and passed it to Mr. Van Cortland.

"You are not the first man who has been mistaken in that stone. It was presented to me by one of my captains in India, but it was when the chief's understanding that it was not a diamond, but a peculiar variety of crystallized spar that is found only in the Himalayas. Not as it is effective, and the donor is dead, I wear it now and then."

Now, Mr. Van Cortland was a judge of diamonds, and as that iridescent ball of colored fire blazed into his delighted eyes he felt convinced that it was genuine and he asked to purchase it, yet he did not lose his inherited prudence.

"What do you value that stone at, colonel?" he asked.

"Oh, I place no value on it; it is worth no more than so much glass, except as a keepsake," was the reply.

"Would you mind loaning it to me for a day; I will give you a receipt for it?"

"Take it, my dear sir. We are gentlemen, and the receipt is not necessary," said the colonel, adding, "but I warn you that it is not a diamond."

"IT IS NOT A DIAMOND."

Mr. Van Cortland knew better, but instead of saying so, he secured the stone in his pocket, and took it to one of the foremost diamond expert in New York.

"That," said the expert, after he had examined the pin critically, "is a diamond of the purest water, and, to my certain knowledge, it is the most magnificent gem in America. It is strange that I never heard of it before, even though it has been held in Europe."

"Would I be safe in offering $20,000 for it?" asked Mr. Van Cortland.

"Most decidedly, for it is worth four times that," replied the expert.

Eager to secure the prize, Mr. Van Cortland hastened to the colonel's hotel, and as he handed back the pin, he said:

"I am reasonably sure that is a diamond; so sure, that I will give you $20,000 for it on the strength of my judgment."

"I tell you again, Mr. Van Cortland," said the Englishman, "that it is not a diamond. However, I am not averse to money, and if you choose to purchase I will tell you the stone at the proposed price, provided that you give me an acquaintance and hold me entirely innocent of intentional fraud if it should turn out to be what I say and not what you believe."

As nothing could be fairer than this, Mr. Van Cortland readily agreed. He returned to the hotel the next day with the desired acquittance, signed by himself and witnessed by his agent, and he handed this, with twenty $1,000 bills, to Colonel de Vere and secured the coveted gem.

A few days after this the gallant Englishman, who was making a tour of the world, started his journey toward the setting sun, and about the same time Mr. Van Cortland decided to have the diamond reset from a solitaire pin and set in a corset, which his wife was to wear as the opening of the opera season.

He took the stone down to the expert who had originally examined it, and when some one has euphoniously called "the recent unpleasantness."

When the Confederates captured Fort Marlborough after the battle of Stone River, the private soldiers were somewhat demoralized, but not so much so as to lose sight of a little chance to add to the comfort of a march that would have been trying under any circumstances.

Mr. Van Cortland was sold, and he had the diamond examined critically by one of the best judges of stones.

"It is not a diamond," was the reply.

The Englishman had related him; and it is only a few days since the story leaked out through the latter, who is now Mr. Van Cortland heralding his error to his wife.

One on the General.

Old regular army officers will remember General Magruder as a handsome, gallant fellow, with a tendency to assume airs of importance.

An officer who served on Magruder's staff near Yorktown in 1862 delights to tell the following story on his old commander:

We had our headquarters at the house of a wealthy widow of strong southern sympathies that found her self in a fix owing to her penury for the boys in gray. One day a genial private soldier, with red hair and straw colored whiskers and the dust of a march on his face and clothes, dismounted at the house and said to the lady:

"Madam, I'm most nigh played out with hunger; can I get a bite of dinner here?"

"Certainly," was the reply, "but as I am preparing dinner for General Magruder and his staff, and have not room at my table for even one more, you will have to wait for a second table."

"Thank you, ma'am," said the soldier, as he smacked his lips in anticipation of a hearty feast on his face and clothes, stopped at the house and said to the lady:

"Madam, I'm most nigh played out with hunger; can I get a bite of dinner here?"

"Certainly," was the reply, "but as I am preparing dinner for General Magruder and his staff, and have not room at my table for even one more, you will have to wait for a second table."

"Thank you, ma'am," said the soldier, as he smacked his lips in anticipation of a hearty feast on his face and clothes.

The lady went away, and the soldier took advantage of the dining room door, where he could watch the movements of the servants and regale his expanding nostrils on the odor of the delicacies carefully prepared.

At length the bell rang, and unable to resist the temptation, or it may have been in obedience to the professional maxim that is ever so characteristic of the old soldier, the latter made a break for the consolation, and took a seat near the head of the table.

General Magruder sat down near the head and scowled at him, but this had no more effect than water on a duck's back. When the lady came to count noses it was found that one of the staff must wait till the second table.

The way that private soldier ate surprised even old campaigners. He went at it and kept at it, not as if it were a pleasure, but the most serious business of his life.

When the last course came, and while the unconscious ignore was quietly betting out his belt two more holes, the general turned to him with a scowl, and asked:

"Sir, have you any idea with whom you are dining?"

Without looking up or ceasing in the work of adjusting his belt to meet the demands of the dessert, the soldier drawled out:

"Wa-al, no. I mister he mighty particular on that score, but sence this hongree row began I don't keer a cuss who I get with—providin the victuals is clean and there's enough to go round."

Magruder had the good sense to join in the laughter this greeted this sally.

Bragg's Command.

General Bragg was one of the most rigid disciplinarians in either army during the war, some one has euphoniously called "the recent unpleasantness."

One of these soldiers, a veteran Texas ranger, found an old mule in the woods, and unsuccessfully tried to ride him. The animal objecting most emphatically to this, method by his late favorites soon ended.

With his long, lean legs, curved back and air of dejection, the mule presented a picture that made the wearied and the hungriest laugh.

While these exciting antics were going on the head and shoulders of a contingent of the barred and bespangled horsemen of General Bragg and his staff—rode around very close to general, who, when he caught sight of the ranger and the mule with an air of amusement their notice. He, however, did not seem to see or heed them, but scolded an orderly about the mule with an air of extreme indifference.

With his bushy brown lowering over his face, black eyes, General Bragg looked at the ranger indignantly:

"Who are you, sir?"

Without looking at his questioner, the man from his mount from the mule, which he tacked the mule and replied:

"Nobody."

"Where did you come from?" was the next question.

"Nowhere."

"Where are you going?"

"Don't know, do you?"

"What is your business?"

"Don't belong nowhere."

"Are you sure?"

"Sartin."

"Don't you belong to Bragg's army?"

"Bragg's army! Bragg's army!" grunted the Texan. "W'y, Bragg ain't got no army! One-half of it is stuck in the mud at Shiloh, and the other half's just been whipped to death at Murfreesboro."

General Bragg asked no more questions, but turned and spurred away.

A Modest Request.

We called him "Handsome Dick," but it would be a great error to infer from this that Lieutenant Fletcher was not as brave a fellow as ever drew a sword. He was quick witted, and his admiration for a pretty woman knew no limit.

In the siege of the Crater before Petersburg, Fletcher, who was one of the first men inside the enemy's works, was desperately wounded and carried back.

The doctors expected him to die within twenty-four hours, but as he stubbornly persisted in living he was shipped to City Point, where he was forwarded to a hospital in West Philadelphia.

This hospital was daily visited by numbers of sweet faced, pious Quaker girls, and that their presence did the men good there can be no doubt.

One day a beautiful girl, dressed in sober gray and looking like an angel here on a brief visit, was distributing flowers to the wounded men, when, as she neared Fletcher's cot, she heard him cry out impatiently:

"O Lord! this is behind hard!"

Hurrying to his side, to give him flowers and gently to rebuke his profanity, she said:

"I think I heard thee call upon the name of the Lord. I am one of his daughters, is there anything I can ask him for thee?"

One glance at the lovely face and Fletcher replied on the shot:

"Yes; please ask him to make me his son-in-law."

ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

Records the Flight of a Star.

An instrument invented at Georgetown college, known as the photochronograph, is said to record with accuracy the time occupied by a star in its transit across the meridian.—New York Journal.

Legal Advertisements.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance was passed by the Common Council of Plainfield, and the same is now in force and effect, and that it is the duty of the Collector to collect the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., March 8, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Regulating and Permanent Improvement of Front Street in the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the Common Council may cause to be paved the northerly side of Front Street, from the westerly line of Watchung avenue to the westerly line of Madison avenue, and that the northerly side of Front Street, from the westerly line of Watchung avenue to the westerly line of Madison avenue, and the entire width of the roadway of Front Street, from the westerly line of Madison avenue to the westerly line of the City, to be laid with Belgian blocks, and the cost of the same to be assessed upon the property owners abutting upon the said portion of Front Street, and that the City Treasurer is hereby authorized to contract with the City treasurer non-resident the said cost of the same to be determined by the Board of Assessors.

Passed, March 8, 1892.

Approved, March 8, 1892.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., March 22, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that John H. Stanley has been duly appointed and qualified as Collector of Plainfield for a license to sell substituous and fermented liquors at the corner of Park avenue and Somerset street, for the Fiscal Year, which application is signed by

John Cowie	James B. Coddington,
H. Worner,	Frank W. Van
John H. Hodgetts,	Horn, Jr., Priestly,
Jr.,	William Hodgetts,
Charles Hall,	F. C. Herbert, V. S.
William Bevan,	Chandler,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are required to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 6th day of April, 1892.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the Act entitled "An Act for the better regulating and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

To Provide for the Licensing of Auctioneers.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That licenses may be granted by the Common Council to such persons as may be deemed of good moral character as the Common Council may think proper to carry on the business of auctioneering in the City of Plainfield, and to sell in the capacity of auctioneers.

Section 2. That every application for any such license shall be in writing addressed to the Common Council, and shall be signed by the person who applies for such license under the provisions of this ordinance.

Section 3. That no person shall carry on the trade or business of auctioneering in the City of Plainfield without having first obtained a license as aforesaid, and paying to the City Treasurer for the use of the City the sum of fifty dollars for each and every license, but nothing in this ordinance contained shall be construed to prevent any person made at public auction under and by virtue of any execution.

Section 4. That every person licensed under this ordinance shall, before he shall receive his license, pay therefor to the city clerk to be by him paid to the City Treasurer for the use of the City, the sum of twenty-five dollars and in addition thereto the clerk's fee of fifty cents for each license.

Section 5. That every license granted under this ordinance shall expire on the first day of April next following the date of the same.

Adopted by the Common Council March 21, 1892.
Approved March 21, 1892.

S. A. GINNA,
President of Common Council and Acting Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

To Amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Licensing and Regulation of Hacks, Hackmen and Drivers," passed by the Common Council and Board of Aldermen of Plainfield, May 6, 1885, and December 23, 1887.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That section 4 of the ordinance passed by the Common Council and Board of Aldermen of Plainfield, May 6, 1885, and December 23, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. That in making any application for a license under this ordinance, the applicant shall specify whether he intends to carry on the business of a hackman with a hack or carriage, or with a horse and saddle, or with a truck, or with a hearse, or with a coach, or with a livery vehicle, and upon being licensed shall pay for each license granted to him the sum of $5 per year, and annual May 1, 1892, and December 23, 1892.

Section 2. That section 5 of the ordinance passed by the Common Council and Board of Aldermen of Plainfield, May 6, 1885, and December 23, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5. That no hackman shall carry on the trade or business of a hackman with a hack or carriage, or with a horse and saddle, or with a truck, or with a hearse, or with a coach, or with a livery vehicle, without having first obtained a license as aforesaid, and paying to the City Treasurer for the use of the City the sum of five dollars for each and every license, but nothing in this ordinance contained shall be construed to prevent any person made at public auction under and by virtue of any execution.

Section 3. That section 6 of the ordinance passed by the Common Council and Board of Aldermen of Plainfield, May 6, 1885, and December 23, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

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Approved March 21, 1892.

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Passed, March 8, 1892.

Approved, March 8, 1892.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, and the same is now in force and effect, and that it is the duty of the Collector to collect the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., March 21, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Regulate the Speed of Horses, Mules and Other Animals Driven or Ridden in the City of Plainfield," approved June 1, 1891.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That section 1 of the ordinance entitled "An Act to Regulate the Speed of Horses, Mules and Other Animals Driven or Ridden in the City of Plainfield," approved June 1, 1891, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That no person shall drive or ride any horse, mule or other animal at a greater speed than at the rate of eight miles an hour on Front street, between the westerly line of Watchung avenue and the easterly line of Madison avenue, in the City of Plainfield, or at a greater speed than at the rate of twelve miles an hour on any other street in the City of Plainfield.

Section 2. That all ordinances inconsistent herewith are to the extent of such inconsistency hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Common Council March 21, 1892.
Approved March 21, 1892.

S. A. GINNA,
President of Common Council and Acting Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

To Amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance Relating to the City Physician," approved June 1, 1891.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

That there be added to section 2 of said ordinance the following words:

"Said physician shall be appointed by the Board of Health, to be chosen from the members of the Board of Health, and shall hold the office for the term of one year from the first Monday in April, and shall perform such duties as may be required of him by the Board of Health, and give all necessary assistance to the same."

Adopted by the Common Council March 21, 1892.
Approved March 21, 1892.

S. A. GINNA,
President of Common Council and Acting Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

WOMAN AND HOME.

ADVICE ON HOME CULTURE TO GIRLS WHO LIVE ON THE FARM.

The Morning Meal—Where Are the Most Beautiful Women?—Children to Company — The Eldest Sister — Women's Greatest Charm—Housework Notes.

Some of the farmers' girls are imbibing the idea that they are sent in a measure for the purpose of entertaining company, to imbue capable of higher culture than they can find in the dairy, with its cream pans and shining pans, or in the kitchen with its steaming pots of boiled strawberry and doughy tins: an intellect too promising to be bound down to the monotonous existence of the ordinary country housewife. Don't forget, girls, that the mind is the soul's inner temple," and a pure heart, free from selfish desires, ambitions, discontents, impure thoughts and feelings, ought to be to a home in a measureless extent in a culture not to be found in books or in the highest seat of learning—a heart refinement—and that is the truest refinement that is not based upon intellect too promising to be bound down to the monotonous existence of the ordinary country housewife. Don't forget, girls, that the mind is "

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrissey, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Look Box L. Telephone Call 46. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

MASONIC GATHERING

HOW LOCAL AND OTHER LODGES FRATERNIZE.

Feasting and Fellowship a Part of the Evening's Delights.—Degrees Conferred, Insignias of Office Presented.

At a regular communication of Anchor Lodge, No. 169, F. & A. M., held Tuesday evening, the M. M. degree was conferred upon W. A. Coddington by W. M. Lowrie and his associate officers. A large delegation of Jerusalem Lodge, No. 36, was present, prominent among whom was W. M. C. H. Rugg, Past Masters, B. F. Coriell, Wm. J. Ford, Wm. H. Sebring, John Chandler, Henry Woodland, Henry G. Mason, G. W., C. P. Leggett and others. Atlas Lodge of Westfield was represented by P. M., W. W. Gilby, Eastern Star Lodge by P. M. Hoffman. Brethren from Mount Moriah and Eldred of Pennsylvania were also present. There were in all about sixty-five in number who spent a pleasant evening in the first section of the fourth degree, where knives and forks are very important implements. Another pleasant feature of the occasion was the presentation of a beautiful Past Master's jewel and apron by Rev. Brother Hodman to P. M. Craig A. Marsh who in fitting words responded, thanking the Lodge for the honor conferred upon him. Brothers Langham and Smith, had charge of the culinary department, assisted by that veteran of caterers, J. G. Miller, of Jerusalem No. 36.

BREVITIES.

—The members of Crescent Division, Knights of Pythias, are arranging for a grand ball.

—Lenten services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—Engine 127 on the Central road broke down between Elizabeth and Newark last evening. A delay of over an hour was caused thereby.

—A colored man, whose name is unknown, was arrested last night for drunkenness. He will be arraigned before acting Mayor Gilbert this evening.

—The employes of Mr. W. W. Corlett of West Front street this morning killed sixty rats that had used the barn in the rear of the shop as a rendezvous.

—When in need of a new sewing machine and a new Spring dress pattern, you would do well to look at the Domestic, two machines in one, recommended Mr. A. M. Vanderbeek in his advertisement elsewhere.

—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, which was organized in 1888 with a capitalization of $3,000,000, has filed a certificate with Henry C. Kelsey, the Secretary of State, changing its name to "The Standard Oil Company." It drops the words making it a local company.

—A curious telegram has found its way from Washington into the columns of the papers of this State. In substance, it is that forty-three small cities in this State —including Elizabeth, Plainfield, Rahway, Summit and Westfield—are to have new post offices, built by the government, at a cost of $10,000 each. It would be very nice to have such buildings in the smaller cities, but if the government is up such buildings in Plainfield, Rahway, Westfield and Summit it will be good for each of these cities to have one for the accommodation of the citizens.—Elizabeth Journal.

—Three one-act comedies were given in Stillman Music Hall last evening by Lydia Thompson and company, and it is deemed to be the general opinion of the small audience present that they were the best one-act comedies ever seen in the hall. The most remarkable feature about them was the famous Lydia herself, who —judging from the length of time she has been on the stage, a full grown female —must be not far from sixty, and yet could skip and dance with a vivacity and grace that would make the fortune of many of the young actresses of the present day. Like Tadi, the versatile Lydia, it seems, will never grow old.

INJURED BY A HORSE.

A Young Man First Bitten and then Dragged.

John Kennedy, a young man employed by Mr. A. D. Thompson, was painfully injured yesterday during the auction sale. In the morning he went into the stall of one of the horses and the animal bit him on the hip.

While leading a horse yesterday afternoon some person struck the animal with a whip. The force of the blow caused the horse to start on a run. Young Kennedy was overthrown, but clung to the halter. He was dragged across the floor. One of his hands was badly cut and he was bruised about the head and body. A physician dressed the wounds. To-day he was unable to leave the house.

Horses at Auction.

The auction sale of horses at Mr. A. D. Thompson's stable yesterday were very successful. This morning thirteen more horses belonging to Mr. Thompson were sold at private sale to parties residing in Philadelphia. They will be shipped to that city.

A Temporary Station.

The Central Railroad Company have erected a temporary station at Netherwood. It is a frame building. The work of erecting a new and substantial station will be begun as soon as possible.

DIME NOVEL SERIES, 365

THE INNOCENT OPERATOR AND THE FOUR AWFUL BURGLARS.

How He Shocked their Jersey Lightning with Fanwood Electricity on Tap. By the Author of 365 Fakes about Plainfield and Vicinity.

The above head may not have much to do with the following tale, which is from the New York Times, but about as much as the tale has to do with the facts in the case. In fact there are no facts to justify such a purely fairy tale, the product of the highly vivid imagination of the local correspondent, besides whom the Dime Novel penny-a-liner is nowhere. Here is the fiction contributed—for a consideration of course—

A BRAVE YOUNG OPERATOR.

FOUR BURGLARS ATTACK HIS STATION, BUT RETIRE WITH TWO WOUNDED.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., March 23.—A fight between burglars and station agent took place at the Fanwood station of the Central Railroad last night. Shortly after 12 o'clock four roughlooking men entered the station and attempted to break into the ticket office. The night telegraph operator, a plucky little fellow of seventeen, was alone in the office. When the intruders entered he was busily engaged telegraphing to Plainfield for help. The roughs were suspicious of the raising of the keys, and demanded instant delivery of all the company's funds in his charge.

The operator seized his opportunity and suddenly pulled back the catch and let the door open a little, to the extent of a cinch which he had fastened about it. One of the ruffians' heads was thrust through, and, quick as a flash the lad let wad with such skill that it filled the man acquainted to the door. Quick as a flash the operator pulled the door still shut. The second of this assault angered and somewhat confused the other three, and while they were hesitating to the wounded the agile young operator caught them off guard again and with a short crowbar laid out a second robber. Then he sprang into the outer room, flourishing a cudgel, and put the three remaining to flight.

A sharp battle ensued, and the brave young operator, after getting a blow which left the bones of his shoulder bruised, was driven out of the track and the would-be burglars abandoned the fight and took to their heels, dragging their two disabled companions by their shoulders. They escaped before the police could arrive.

By the time the railroad men on a handcar had arrived on the scene the robbers had disappeared in the woods.

Manager Schermerhorn, whose attention was called to the story this morning, said, "It's another fake. There's nothing in it. The story is absurd on its face. I asked the night operator if he had received any telegram during the night for help, and he said, 'No,' and had heard nothing of such stuff.

To-day at noon the lady operator from Fanwood came to Plainfield and pronounced the story a fake. Early in the evening a harmless tramp called at the station to warm himself. He annoyed the operator with questions, and was ordered out. Later he called again and was not even admitted to the station, where he probably spent the remainder of the night. And on that little circumstance the foregoing lurid tale is told of "Four burglars" —nothing less than four would do—attacking an unarmed operator—a young operator at that—and "retire with two wounded." Why not wound all four!

PERSONAL.

City Judge Coddington is confined to the house by illness.

Rev. E. M. Rodman will be the speaker at Bethesda Hall next Sunday evening.

Miss Essey of Montclair is visiting Mrs. Brook of Mountain avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. Wm. Kaufman of West Seventh street is in Europe. He will be gone about a month.

Mr. Quidort of Maryland spent the first of the week with Mr. Alfred Obitz of Somerset street.

The Meiopolis will meet hereafter every Tuesday and Wednesday evening. The extra weekly rehearsal is made necessary on account of the short time before the next concert.

Dr. A. F. Schauffler of New York, will deliver his lecture on, "Studying the Bible in Spots" at the Crescent avenue church at eight o'clock this evening. Admission free. A collection will be taken.

Mr. A. W. TenEyck who has occupied the position of manager of Edsall's carpet department for several years has also been on the stage, a full grown female —must be not far from sixty, and yet could skip and dance with a vivacity and grace that would make the fortune of many of the young actresses of the present day. Like Tadi, the versatile Lydia, it seems, will never grow old.

The Congregation Want Rev. Dr. Ketchum to Remain.

The members of the congregation of the First Reformed church met last evening to consider the resignation of the pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketchum. A reporter saw several members of the congregation this morning, but all appeared very reticent regarding the proceedings of the meeting.

Later THE NEWS reporter ascertained that the resignation of Dr. K. P. Ketchum as pastor of the church was considered, and that after some debate the congregation refused to accept it.

Injured His Foot.

Mr. J. Warren Stewart, a wheelwright whose place of business is on Somerset street, North Plainfield, met with a painful accident yesterday. While using an axe, it slipped from his hand and the blade penetrated his right foot at the instep, inflicting an ugly wound from which the blood flowed profusely.

The Truck Repaired.

The Zephyr Hook & Ladder truck which was badly damaged while going to the fire at the Netherwood station on Sunday last has been repaired. It will be remembered that both rear springs were broken. It was necessary to send them to Newark to be repaired.

—Ex-Councilman Dobbs is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

PLENTY OF THE FORMER, IF NOT OF THE LATTER.

Gov. Abbett Yesterday Signed Many Important Bills, after Hearing Arguments Pro. and Con.—The List of Them and Their Purport.

Governor Abbett spent yesterday at the State capitol. Early in the forenoon a large delegation of representative citizens came forward, some to advocate and others to protest against Assembly bill No. 128, which authorizes towns, villages and other municipalities to acquire lands to be used as a sewerage receptacle. A telegram from Senator Marsh, who was detained at home on account of illness in his family, was received, announcing that he was in favor of the bill becoming a law.

Among those who spoke in favor of the bill were Bertram Young and G. C. Campbell, of Millburn; J. Morris Bell, of Springfield; George Crossup, of Short Hills; Walter D. Fell and J. C. Wideyer, of Wyoming; and J. A. Lindsey, of Rahway. Those against it were Lewis P. Taylor, H. F. Ritch, David Dodd, Engineers Bogart, Barrett and C. P. Church of the same section. The Governor listened attentively for more than three hours, and held the matter under advisement.

Among the visiting statesmen at the capital were Senators Adrain, Butcher, Rogers and Miller; Assemblymen Hardin, Kalish, Beekman, Flynn and Steinmple, James Smith, jr., ex-Senator Baker, of Cumberland, and others.

In the afternoon the Governor was kept busy examining bills for approval. He affixed his signature to the following:

Senate No. 105, extends time to commissioners appointed to consolidate several statistics relating to villages, till next session of the Legislature, before making final report.

Assembly No. 13, fixes fees of masters in chancery and supreme court commissioners in all reports, &c.

Assembly No. 73, authorizes the increasing of directors in corporations for the support of supernumerated ministers.

Assembly No. 96, provides for an election in municipalities governed by commissioners to decide whether street improvements shall be made, and directs the manner of procedure.

Assembly No. 124, provides for the issuing by corporations of stock certificates to take the place of those that are lost.

Assembly No. 268, increases the pay of the Jersey City and Newark fire department. Must be endorsed by popular vote.

Assembly No. 233, fixes terms of mayors of cities of the first class. Mayor elected at five years.

Assembly No. 236, provides for the new law forbidding that men, when husband and wife are living in separation.

Assembly No. 240, authorizes the appointment by the election of sewers in townships.

Assembly No. 12—Mr. Lansing: Appropriates $4,000 to the Labor Bureau for current expenses. No. 34, Mr. Rogers: Creates a board of examiners for the National Guard separate from the other departments, creates the different branches thereof and defines the duties of each. No. 50, Mr. Flynn—Provides that fifty-five hours shall constitute a week's work. No. 112, Mr. Smith—Provides that constables power to replevin writs in district courts. No. 128, Mr. Hardin—Authorizes the Governor to loan tents, etc., to the Sons of Veterans. No. 167, Mr. Parker—Provides for the appointment of a State poultry association. No. 208, Mr. Potts—Authorizes cancelling of bonds by Paterson Provident Loan Association out of a State poultry association. No. 209, Mr. Potts—Authorizes cancelling of bonds by Paterson Provident Loan Association. No. 215, Mr. Moylan—Provides that salaries of assistant city treasurers shall not exceed $1,000 during term for which elected. No. 207, Mr. Snyder—Authorizes trustees of villages to borrow money in anticipation of taxes. No. 208, Mr. Snyder—Authorizes trustees of villages to issue bonds at rates lower than par. No. 217, Mr. Thew—Fixes standard peach baskets; a fine of from $25 to $50 is fixed for using other baskets. No. 228, Mr. Hardin—Supplement to the Republican Primary Act. Amends the act by providing that Assembly districts shall constitute two Assembly districts. No. 233, Mr. T. Smith—Provides that $600 additional be appropriated to the New Jersey World's Fair Commission. No. 242, Mr. O'Neill—Gives Justices courts jurisdiction in suits against corporations. No. 250, Mr. J. Parker — Authorizes boards of Freeholders to issue bonds not exceeding $25,000 for the erection of armories. No. 254, Mr. Haverly (by request)—Makes it a misdemeanor to sell or offer for sale trade marks and labels under penalty of $100 fine or ninety days' imprisonment or both. No. 260, Mr. Van Anthony—Authorizes counties to issue bonds not exceeding $250,000 for the erection of a suitable county building in Jersey City. No. 262, Mr. Coyle—An act to enable cities of the second class in this State to sell fire engines, hose carriages and hose and to purchase others and to sell and purchase other lands for fire houses to be erected thereon. House No. 263, Mr. Zeller—Extends the same relative to several other towns. No. 264, Mr. Zeller—Gives additional powers to boards of Freeholders to carry forward fire engine house construction. No. 265, Mr. Zeller—Gives additional powers to the Freeholders of counties of the first class. No. 266, Mr. Hardin—Makes Sheriffs action taken March 7, 1884, approved by the Court of Chancery, valid though made on Saturday between 12 and 3 o'clock. No. 321, Mr. Hardin—Empowers the Governor to direct a release to right in lands of any person mentally incapacitated. 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Good Committee Work.

The following report omitted from Tuesday's account of the Council meeting explains itself:

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of Plainfield.

GENTLEMEN—Your committee to whom that portion of the Mayor's message relating to the Water Supply and Fire Department was referred submit the following report: After repeated consultations with the Water Supply Company it's proposition was returned

EDITORIAL NOTES

The British Coal Strike.

The most orderly strike on record was that of the coal miners of Great Britain. It was a strike that helped the coal dealers of the United Kingdom immensely. Immediately the miners stopped work the dealers put up the price of coal, and up and up it went till it touched the point where fuel began to be brought from Belgium. There it had to stop.

The strike was remarkable in character. In America and elsewhere, when the price of coal goes down to consumers so that operators find it no longer profitable to ship it from the mines, the first resort and the easiest is to cut down the wages of miners and thus lessen the cost of production. The miners of Great Britain thought they saw impending over them this very reduction, because of a glut in the supply market. The Miners' federation, which has a membership of 300,000, quietly decided that miners should take a holiday for a week or longer, till coal should become scarce and the price in consequence rise.

So the men stopped work. There are some eleven mining districts in England, Wales and Scotland. Flintshire in Wales was the only place where the order to stop work was not obeyed. Miners went visiting their friends and many of them went hunting. What this meant will be clear when we stop to think a moment. Nearly every kind of manufacturing known to man depends on coal to run its machinery, and steam depends on coal. Railway companies were obliged to take off some of their trains, water works managers at Durham cut off the supply of water part of the day and the Cheshire salt works shut down. There was not coal in the kingdom enough to keep all the manufacturing industries running for one week, and toward the close of the week at least 300,000 men employed in them were idle, making the whole number out of work by the strike over half a million.

This new example set by organized labor will probably be followed in other parts of the world. Labor takes the bit in its teeth and does exactly what mine operators and manufacturers have been blamed for doing for half a century—stopping the supply to keep up prices.

Heroes.

When Fred Hamilton, a reporter of the New York Advertiser, was attacked with typhus as a result of investigating in person the tenement houses where the fever appeared, his fellow reporters thought it was rather a joke. They said that no more than 8 per cent. of those attacked with the scourge died, and there was no prospect at all that their comrade would immortalize himself by dying in the discharge of his duty. At any rate, it was no more than any other fellow would have done, they said. But when the word came that Hamilton had died a new face was put on things, and even the newspaper boys stopped their chaffing and looked grave. *He died* because of his desire to put his paper first among those giving reliable and readable news of the plague, and it was as much loyalty to the editor in chief, Colonel John A. Cockerill, as anything else that led him to take the risk.

But it was true, what the reporters said. "Any other fellow would have *done it*"—any other *reporter*, that is. In their enthusiasm for their papers they take their lives in their hands in many parts of this United States daily. they lose their lives. In fire, in ice, in tempest, in railroad wreck, in battle and pestilence the soul of many and many a newspaper reporter has gone out up in the unknown. No braver men ever lived than they.

An astrological prophecy in Al Debaran's Arabic Triangle, for the month of March, says, "An afflicting social scandal in exalted circles produces a most painful impression in the United States of America." Perhaps if the prophet had said an Astor-ological prediction it would have hit exactly, seeing that Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton, whose name Mr. J. Coleman Drayton has succeeded in getting into all the newspapers, is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Astor. This is the second atrocious scandal in the very cream of the Four Hundred within a month. How glad the rest of the world ought to be that it is not classed with the Four Hundred. Few respectable people could afford to have their name mixed up with a crowd where there are such goings on as are chronicled among Mr. Ward McAllister's Four Hundred.

Much can be made out of the reciprocity treaty with Nicaragua. This country is healthier than most of the Central American belts, and the resources of riches incalculable in wood, in live stock and fruit and mines. As great fortunes can be made there as were got in the old time when Spain was squeezing the West Indies, and they can be got honorably and with mutual benefit to both parties, which was far from being the case in the other instance.

Frederick Krupp, the millionaire German cannon manufacturer, is going to exhibit at our World's fair the most complete collection of firearms ever got together since the invention of gunpowder, and the show will cost Krupp $250,000. Great guns!

BRANDED AS A COWARD.

Coleman Drayton Stigmatizes Hallett Burrowe as a Cur.

NO BLOODSHED ON THEIR VOYAGE.

The Principals in the Astor Scandal Arrive in New York—Burrowe Says Mrs. Drayton Is Innocent and Bitterly Denounces Her Husband's Actions.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Society people and club men, friends of J. Coleman Drayton and Hallett Alsop Borrowe, who were expected on the White Star steamship Majestic, swarmed about Quarantine awaiting the arrival of the steamship. Among those were B. L. Upshur, son of the well known naval officer of that name. With him was a servant named Packer. He is a coachman for Mrs. Bradley Martin and for six years served in the same capacity for J. Coleman Drayton. Mr. Upshur mentioned to the inquiring scribes that he was a close friend of Mr. Drayton and was there to look out for his interests.

When the *Majestic* loomed up off Quarantine quite an exciting scrimmage ensued among the reporters to get aboard the vessel. The vessel came to anchor and the waiting crowd was soon aboard. The officers, crew and passengers of the Majestic were aghast at the onslaught made on the vessel, but the matter was hastily explained to them.

No Blood Spilled.

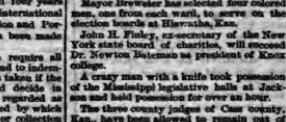
It only took a moment then to settle the fact that Mr. Drayton and Mr. Borrowe had been for nearly a month the same vessel situated as I am. Let me see, I must think a moment. Hum—I think I will say that I will not answer your interrogatory, on the ground that if I did I tell you just how I feel my answer would tend to reflect seriously to the disadvantage of Mr. Drayton."

An Incident of the Voyage.

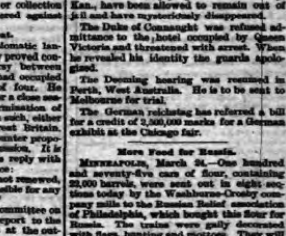
One of the passengers described a meeting between Drayton and Borrowe which he had witnessed. Drayton and the Duchess of Marlborough had been promenading on deck and started down the companionway staircase. Borrowe started up the steps at the same time. Drayton turned to the duchess as if to speak to her, whereat they both recoil a step, and, turning their backs, allowed Borrowe to pass.

The Duchess of Marlborough, who comes over to settle some business matters, was the next talked to. She looked charming. "Mr. Drayton is a very old friend of mine," she said. "I have known him for years and years." She said she knew nothing about the scandal until a short while before. She did not know Borrowe, but saw nothing during the voyage to indicate that there had been trouble.

When asked about the episode on the stairway, she colored slightly and said: "Oh, yes. Mr. Drayton asked me to step aside a moment, and Mr. Drayton explained that a man he did not wish to meet was coming up the stairs at the time." She then said, "I am afraid some of you reporters will get into trouble if you go in this," and added, "This kind of matter does not get in the English newspapers."



Quaint Costumes.



THE POLKA.

Here are two quaint but fashionable dresses for little ones. The first is a Russian style costume in white and grey casheimire blouse trimmed with black and yellow silk galon, (the favorite Russian colors); black stockings, grey gloves and white shoes. The other is sketched wearing a lovely combination of white satin, dark green velvet and gold galoney gray silk stockings and grey shoes.

Killed by a Minister's Son.

BULBFUS STATION, Ark., March 24.—Walter Dye, son of Rev. J. H. Dye, president of the Galloway college, died and instantly killed Minister Morgan Tuggle. No cause is given for the murder.

Minister Reid's Return.

PARIS, March 24.—Mr. and Mrs. Reid attended a farewell reception in their honor by Baron de Mohrenheim, Russian ambassador to France. Mr. Reid may sail for home Saturday.

Cigarette Sellers Warned.

WARWICK, N. Y., March 24.—Miss Lessing a teacher in the institute, announces that unless the practice of selling cigarettes to minors is stopped here she will prosecute the offenders.

Charged with Stealing $50,000.

BOSTON, March 24.—Frederick Newcomb, an officer of the defunct Fraternal Union, was arrested charged with stealing $50,000 belonging to the order of the Rising Sun.

Russian Spies in Bulgaria.

SOFIA, March 24.—M. Petre Ianeff, a Bulgarian has been sentenced to eight years' imprisonment and to pay a heavy fine on the charge of being a spy for Russia.

Lady Gordon Cumming a Mother.

LONDON, March 24.—Lady Gordon Cumming, wife of Sir William Gordon Cumming, the hero of the baccarat scandal, has been accoucheur of a daughter.

A Society Girl's Suicide.

KENT, O., March 24.—May Pomeroy, twenty-two years of age, committed suicide. She was highly educated, accomplished and prominent in society.

A Phosphate Find in Georgia.

SAVANNAH, March 24.—Phosphate rock of a fine quality has been discovered in the Big Ogeechee river, forming the southern boundary of this county.

A WARNING TO ENGLAND

The Behring Sea Trouble Approaching a Grave Crisis.

A SHARP RESPONSE TO SALISBURY.

He Is Plainly Informed by Our Chief Executive That if the Modus Vivendi Is Not Renewed the President Will Not Be Responsible for the Consequences.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Behring sea dispute has reached a stage so serious that every man in public life in Washington realizes how grave a question it is and looks forward anxiously for the next developments. The senate is now in possession of the latest evasive dispatch from Lord Salisbury and of the firm response of President Harrison, which was handed to Sir Julian Pauncefote. The documents were laid before the executive session of the senate.

A great many senators, after hearing the reply of Lord Salisbury to the president's note of March 8, express the opinion that it is not ready reasons for delay, but for discourse. The principal objections to Salisbury's reply are based on his reiteration of a former assertion that pelagic sealing is not destructive of seal life, and his declaration that a reduction of the question to arbitration would render a settlement indefinite. As an illustration, his lordship states that Great Britain has devoted four years to an attempt to determine an international controversy between that nation and Portugal, and that no progress has been made toward a conclusion.

The counter proposition to require all Canadian sealers to give a bond to indemnify the United States for seals, that if the tribunal of arbitration should decide in favor of this government, is regarded as ridiculous. No plan is suggested by which these bonds are to be collected after seals are made if judgment was rendered against them.

A Presidential Threat.

While using nothing but diplomatic language, the president in his reply proved conclusively that the controversy between Great Britain and Portugal had occupied but one year's time instead of four. He again showed the necessity for a close season, and reaffirmed the determination of the United States to protect the seals, either with or without the aid of Great Britain. He does not recognize the counter proposition as entering into the discussion. *It is* said the president concludes his reply with the following significant sentence:

"If the modus vivendi be not renewed, the president will not be responsible for any consequences that may follow."

It is understood that the committee on foreign affairs will make a report to the senate within forty-eight hours at the outside.

When the president's message had been read Senator Sherman arose and delivered a short but emphatic speech on the subject of the prevailing executive secrets. He impressed upon the members of the senate the grave responsibility that rests upon them in dealing with the question in any way, shape or form, and warned them that the United States might be plunged into serious complications with a foreign power if an erroneous idea of the pending correspondence should be given to the country in the shape of disconnected reports in the newspapers.

Secrecy to Be Maintained.

Senator Turpie made a sarcastic speech, in which he acknowledged that the Senator from Ohio was the only member who fully appreciated the importance of observing the rules on the subject.

Mr. Sherman, in reply, disavowed any intention of lecturing his associates. He said he simply wished to impress upon them the grave responsibility which rested upon them as senators and the serious results which might follow a premature or unofficial statement of the case.

A motion was made to make public the entire correspondence, but Senator Sherman opposed this proposition. The motion was then modified so as to authorize the printing of the correspondence for the exclusive use of the senate.

The Free Coinage Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—For nearly four hours the senate discussed the question whether Indian agents should be army officers or civilians. The point was sharply brought out in connection with the Indian appropriation bill by a motion to strike out the army officer clause inserted by the house. Adjournment was reached with the question still undetermined. Ex-Secretary of War Proctor and Mr. Hawley, chairman of the committee on military affairs, were the chief champions of the army officers. Mr. Dawes (in charge of the bill) and Mr. Teller, ex-secretary of the interior, led on the side of the civilian agents.

The house continued the discussion of the silver bill, and Bland gave notice that he would call the previous question at 4 o'clock. The debate, which has been participated in by about twenty members, was entirely devoid of incident.

Mr. Bland and his supporters expect that the silver bill will be disposed of by 5 o'clock on the previous question, and a bitter fight is expected. The free coinage men have decided that all filibustering tactics will be resorted to, and if the previous question is not forthcoming they will request the committee on rules to bring in an order providing for the effectual stoppage of dilatory tactics, and there is every reason to believe that this will be done. Speaker Crisp is authority for the statement that the committee on rules does not propose to allow any filibustering in the measure, and Messrs. Bland, Catchings, of Mississippi, another Democratic member of the committee, have expressed themselves in accordance with the special order as Mr. Bland and his lieutenants will probably request. Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, the other Democratic member of the committee on rules, is said to be against such an order, but the free coinage men believe that he will vote in the committee with Messrs. Crisp and Catchings against Messrs. Reed and Burrowes in favor of bringing in the order.

The Cowen Bureau Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Messrs. Tanner and Evans, the committee recently appointed by Secretary Noble to make an investigation of the cowen bureau, have completed their work. It is understood that the committee find that it will require $2,000,000 to complete the work of the cleveland census, and that the work be transferred from the finance and appointment division to the institution, and that the work to transferred to the interior department proper.

Postmaster Leroy Arrested.

KINGSTON, N. Y., March 24.—Chief Inspector Jones, of the New York post-office, arrested Ira Leroy, assistant postmaster at Highland, for robbing the mails. Leroy confessed that he thefts had been going on for over a year.

The 1892 Model of the Remington is now on the market.

CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT has characterized the history of the REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER. The changes introduced into the 1892 model represent the carefully tested results of expert study of various points deemed capable of improvement: They present advantages in the quality of the work, and ease as well as convenience of operation which will readily commend themselves to all users.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 327 Broadway, New York.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Gulf of St. Lawrence is filled with heavy ice.

Mayor Brewster has selected four colored men, one from each ward, to serve on the election boards at Shreveton, Kan.

John H. Finley, ex-secretary of the New York state board of charities, will succeed Dr. Newton Bateman as president of Knox college.

A crazy man with a knife took possession of the Mississippi legislative halls at Jackson and held possession for over an hour.

The three county judges of Cass county, Kan., have been allowed a remnant of $13 and have mysteriously disappeared.

The Duke of Connaught was refused admittance to the hotel occupied by Queen Victoria and threatened with arrest. When he revealed his identity the guards apologized.

The Deeming hearing was resumed in Perth, West Australia. He is to be sent to Melbourne for trial.

The German reichstag has referred a bill for a credit of 2,500,000 marks for a German exhibit at the Chicago fair.

More Food for Russia.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 24.—One hundred and seventy-five cars of flour, containing 22,000 barrels, were sent out in eight sections today by the Washburne-Crosby company to relieve the famine in Russia. Bound for Philadelphia, which bought this flour for Russia. The trains were gaily decorated with flags, bunting and mottoes. They will run from Philadelphia in one section, if possible, pulled by eight engines. A great reception will be given it when it arrives at its destination. The steamer Conemaugh will carry it to Russia.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
2-button, length Suede Mosquitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS
PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE,
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Repairs, Battery and Engine repaired. Models for inventors, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't.
26 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver coal cleaner than is possible by any other method of screening.
Uppers (Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal, as best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Broad and Narrow Gauge.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner on short notice.

Kline's Extracts
Pure Fruit Flavors
FOR SALE EVERY DAY.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

EITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
22 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 24.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEE TEA

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.
Office—Second floor Netherwood Building, corner Front and Somerset streets.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and Saturdays, 7 to 9 P. M.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION,
13 Park Avenue,
HOME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes.
FRESH EVERY DAY.

ELECTRICITY
and Magnetic Baths as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
28 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES,
Of Every
Light Blue Color.
Delivered to—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MERKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, PRETTIEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
SIGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very thoroughly and carefully cleaned. Our prices are reasonable. Call and see us. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LEINBACHER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 18 WEST FRONT STREET,
as the same prices as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, Collections, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master in Chancery, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 23 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & MARSH,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TRALLS,
Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, and 24 East Second street, Plainfield, N. J. Plans, Drawings, Estimates, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Want quantity and thoroughly done. Very low to operate. Our apparatus is approved and used by the Board of Health. Our method of excavation gold to disinfecting. Orders received at Park Hotel, Plainfield, or Jones & Co., Box 1, Plainfield, will receive prompt attention. Telephone—No. 29.
P. O. Box 202. Plainfield, N. J.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot pay for one.
Don't pay cash. Come to my store for the best lot of Carpets, Mattings, Oilcloths, Linoleums, Rugs, and Stamped Linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
No. 9 East Front street.

PRUSSIA'S NEW PREMIER

The Kaiser Selects His Favorite, Count Von Eulenberg.

CAPRIVI LIKELY TO SOON RESIGN.

Much Opposition to the Scheme of Divorcing the German Chancellorship from the Prussian Premiership—The Condition of Prince Bismarck Is Critical.

BERLIN, March 24.—The Count of Eulenberg, grand marshal of the imperial court, has been selected for the presidency of the Prussian ministerial council, and he has accepted the position. It is reported in parliamentary circles that General von Caprivi visited Emperor William in order to recommend Count Eulenberg for the chancellorship as well as the Prussian premiership.

It is generally believed that General von Caprivi's final retirement is only a matter of a few months. The entire press opposes the separation of the functions of the chancellorship and the Prussian premiership, and declares that General von Caprivi should either retain the dual position or retire altogether.

The announcement that Count von Eulenburg had accepted the Prussian ministerpresidency caused a variety of comments in the corridors of the reichstag. Conservative and Free Conservative deputies pronounced the appointment to be the best that could be made. The Ultramontanes were reserved, and are believed to be dissatisfied with Count von Eulenberg, whom they regard as a trimmer introduced into the cabinet to make peace with the Liberal parties, even at the loss of their support. The Social Democrats are bitter against him because he is a strong Conservative, and because he made his debut in national politics introducing into the reichstag a bill for the repression of their party.

Why the Kaiser Likes Him.

The Independents and National Liberals are probably better satisfied with the appointment than they would have been with any other, as Count von Eulenberg has always shown a disposition to trim his sails to the most favorable wind, and they believe that he has been placed in office in consideration of this characteristic to make concessions to them. The Bismarckian contingents of all parties, however, are against the appointment, as it marks again the gulf between the old and new regime.

Ever since Count von Eulenberg's quarrel with the ex-chancellor, which led to his resignation from the imperial cabinet about ten years ago, he has been an enemy of Bismarck and his policy.

The enmity, it has been understood, accounts for the favor with which the emperor has regarded him. On several occasions recently the emperor has spoken of Count von Eulenberg as a "loyal soldier and safe statesman." Once, at the manœuvers last fall, he is said to have pointed him out to a group of general staff officers with the remark:

"There is a soldier with the insight of a statesman."

At a parliamentary dinner recently he spoke of Count von Eulenberg as a "safe man for a voyage between Scylla and Charybdis." His partiality for his head court marshal was shown also by his selecting him as his companion for his voyage to the north this season.

Those marks of favor have led many to regard Eulenberg as a coming man with equal prospects with either Caprivi or Miquel. Although a strong Conservative throughout his whole career of public life, he has shown enough of the courtier to antagonize personally none of the parties except the Social Democrats and to keep the respect of his Liberal opponents.

Bismarck Seriously Ill.

BERLIN, March 24.—The sudden illness of Prince Bismarck on Monday last was much more serious than at first reported. The prince has not of late been in the best of health. His doctors have declared that complete absentation from political excitement is the first condition of his hold on health, forty years' hard work having affected his nerves.

The Hill Farm Mine Victims.

PITTSBURG, March 24.—On June 16, 1890, the fatal explosion in Hill Farm mine took place, when thirty-one miners were locked in by the fire. The company since then had a force of men at work putting out the fire, pumping out the water and trying to rescue the dead. After twenty-one months of searching the rescuing party has found the bodies in flat No. 9. The bodies of the men lay close together near the entrance. Only one of the twenty-three bodies found was identified. It was Hillie John Devaney, aged thirteen years.

Slavin and Mitchell Part.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Frank P. Slavin, the pugilist, sailed for Europe on the City of New York. Charley Mitchell was not seen about the steamer or dock, and if he sailed with Slavin he was smuggled aboard and was registered under an assumed name.

Pennsylvania's Fair Building.

HARRISBURG, March 24.—The executive committee of the World's fair commission awards the contract for the erection of the state building at Chicago to Nesbit & Coder, of their bid of $67,900, provided they furnished a bond for $30,000.

Rylands Declared Chief.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 24.—The final decision in the quo warranto case of John Rylands against J. P. Fisherman to determine the title of chief of police was given by Judge Prentice, and Chief Rylands is declared chief of police.

It Is Mount Vernon City Now.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., March 24.—It is Mount Vernon city now, Governor Flower having signed the charter making East and West Mount Vernon and Mount Vernon, with a population of over 12,000, a city.

Field in an Asylum.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Judge Van Brunt has committed E. M. Field to the Buffalo state hospital to determine whether the signs of insanity he professes to exhibit are feigned or actually exist.

To See the Raleigh Launched.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The new dispatch boat Dolphin will convey a party of naval and other officials to Norfolk to witness the launching of the protected cruiser Raleigh on the 31st inst.

France Buys Levant Island.

PARIS, March 24.—The French government has purchased the Isle du Levant, off Cape Bonet, near Toulon. Strong fortifications are to be erected on the island.

Canada's Big Strike Off.

WINNIPEG, March 24.—The strike upon the Canadian Pacific railroad is off, a settlement having been effected.

The Legal Battleyon.

—Exchange.

The McEnery Ticket Nominated.

NEW ORLEANS, March 24.—There is now no doubt of the nomination of the McEnery ticket. Returns from almost all the precincts show the following result of the Democratic primary: McEnery, 41,276; Foster, Anti-Lottery ticket, 38,780. This gives McEnery 3,506 majority, which may be reduced 200 or 400 by missing precincts. As the result will be accepted by the Foster supporters, there will be no more row in the Democratic party. The election was the first general Democratic one held in the state, and with the exception of one shooting affray was orderly and peaceable.

A Severe Blow to Bethlehem.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 24.—Orders have been received removing to Philadelphia the offices of the auditor of local freight, through freight and passenger receipts of the Lehigh Valley road, and the transfer will be made on April 1. This is a severe blow to Bethlehem. All clerks were given twenty-four hours to decide whether they will go to Philadelphia to reside, and thus retain their positions at the same salaries, or resign. Many have built homes here, and numerous complaints are heard of the action of the railroad company.

The Passaic River Mystery.

NEWARK, N. J., March 24.—John Schulte, a saloon keeper, positively identified the body of the woman found drowned in the Passaic river as a Mrs. Donnegan who lived next door to him. Donnegan and his wife are said to have frequently quarreled, and the corpse shows a discoloration under the left eye made by the husband. A significant fact is that Donnegan disappeared at the same time his wife did.

To Remove Republican Officials.

TRENTON, March 24.—Governor Abbett has signed the bill creating a department of public works in Camden, Paterson and Trenton. Under the act all Republican officials in these cities will be removed for appointees of the mayor. In Trenton this will cause a complete change, everybody being turned out. The Republicans will bring the case into the courts on the ground of unconstitutionality.

Coombs Stated for Japan.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—It is stated on excellent authority that the president will shortly tender to Mr. Frank Coombs, of Napa, Cal., the appointment as minister to Japan. At present the United States is represented in Japan by a secretary of legation and charge d'affaires.

Death of Rollin White.

LOWELL, Mass., March 24.—Rollin White, died, aged seventy-five. White, who claimed to have invented the Smith & Wesson revolver, years ago petitioned congress for possession of the invention, but the petition, after having passed, was vetoed by President Grant.

Murdered by Oyster Tongers.

CAPE CHARLES, Va., March 24.—A son of Peter Dick, of Pungoteague, was murdered on the private oyster beds of A. J. Morse, while at work. The dead was committed by some tongers on Tangier island.

Foul Play Suspected.

DANBURY, Conn., March 24.—William Godfrey's dead body was found in a bruised condition. Edward Fulton and Annis Davis, with whom Godfrey lived, bear marks of violence. Fulton was arrested.

Cyclops Better Than Miller.

NEWARK, March 24.—The heavy lifting match which was held at Waldman's theatre between Cyclops and Sebastian Miller resulted in a complete victory for Cyclops.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

Final Adjournment of the Legislature Will Take Place April 21.

ALBANY, March 24.—After a hot fight on the concurrent resolution which had passed the house naming April 21 as the day of final adjournment, it was adopted by the senate. Senator Erwin wanted the date made April 14, and came very near carrying his point, being defeated by only one vote.

Bills passed: Appropriating $6,000 for the armory at Jamestown; reappropriating $35,000 for the Utica armory; providing that when a consolidation of two corporations having paid the state tax is made they shall be exempt from further tax; providing for automatic couplers on freight cars; appropriating $5,000 for dairy agriculture; appropriating money for a canal bridge at Albany.

In the assembly Mr. McManus introduced a resolution asking members of congress to increase the salaries of letter carriers to $1,200, which was adopted, as was also Mr. Hafer's resolution relative to the charges that taxpayers had been unfairly treated in building the St. Lawrence and Adirondack railroad, and directing the board of arbitration and mediation to investigate.

The Farquhar bill, exempting from taxation property used exclusively for charitable purposes and not directly or indirectly used for gain was passed, as were also Mr. Stanton's, authorizing boards of supervisors to appoint superintendents of the poor and keepers of almshouses; Mr. Peterson's, for construction of a wall on Black River canal, in Rome, and Senator Hogan's, extending time of electrical subway commission.

Bills introduced: Mr. Lehman, to create a commission to investigate and report upon the management and acquisition of property by railroad corporations; Mr. A. R. Conkling, repealing the Central park driveway law.

Mr. Foley asked that the excise bill be referred back to the committee of conference for amendment and reprinting with power to report at any time. So ordered.

THE OIL TRUSTS FUTURE PLANS.

State Amalgamation, Increased Capitalization and Unchanged Values.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Samuel C. T. Dodd, the solicitor of the Standard Oil trust, said it was not true that the trust had $35,000,000 of undivided profits in the treasury. It had something like $2,000,000 in money and a few thousand dollars in homes. The companies going out of existence would be merged into other companies. For instance, the Standard Oil company, of New York, would take in the other companies of this state. In every state where there was a Standard Oil company it would do all the refining or manufacturing in that state. It was in this way that the capital of the larger companies would be increased.

There would be not a dollar's change in the value of the total interests now represented by the trust's certificates. The work of winding up the trust would include the amalgamation of the companies. Receipts would be given to the present holders of certificates for their interests in the various companies. Dividends would be paid on these receipts the same as they had been on the certificates. Persons who desired to sell their receipts would find a ready market for them.

ENGLAND AFTER SAN QUINTIN.

Only Awaiting a Pretext to Seize the Lower California Harbor.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Charles E. Anthony, a civil engineer who reached San Diego from Lower California, claims to have proof of a plan of the English government to seize the harbor of San Quintin, Lower California, for a coaling station. He says:

"All railroad building and irrigation works planned by the Mexican International company are simply blinds to cover the plans of the English government to secure a coaling station in Lower California. In the event of the building of the Nicaragua canal it will be necessary for the English to have a base of supplies somewhere between the Pacific entrance to the canal and British Columbia. At the time of the filibustering scare two years ago the British warships Pheasant and Warbite were lying off San Quintin on the west coast of the isthmus, waiting for a signal from the heights back of the town that the American filibusters had arrived. In that case they were to steam in, seize the harbor and raise the British flag under the pretext of protecting English interests.

"The march of the Mexican government spoiled the filibustering scheme and the two English vessels finally sailed up the coast, but the plan of securing the coaling station was not abandoned, and I am in fear the opportunity San Quintin will be seized. All work about Ensenada is mere farce. Blaine has several times been warned of the intrigues of this international company and he has sent special agents to watch them. The final report of the company, in case of the failure of all other plans, is to surrender the concession of 18,000,000 acres and demand of the Mexican government as compensation the cession of San Quintin and surrounding land, which seems to be the plan that will be followed.

Commander Graham Accused.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Commander J. D. Graham has been relieved of the command of the United States monitors at Richmond, Va. Charges of irregularities have been made against Commander Graham and he will be courtmartialed.

Denmark Interested in Peary.

COPENHAGEN, March 24.—The Danish government has instructed its officials to extend every possible assistance to the American explorer, Robert Peary, in the relief of Lieutenant Peary's party.

Knave Paying His Debts.

NEW YORK, March 24.—James R. Keene, the wall street operator, has filed satisfaction pieces of judgments aggregating $121,198. Some of these judgments were obtained seven years ago.

Inventor Wallis Dead.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 24.—James Williamson Wallis, the inventor of the mechanical cotton picker, died at his homestead in Memphis, Pickens county, aged seventy-six years.

Spatlowed Carbolic Acid.

PETERBORO, Ont., March 24.—Miss Margaret Dick, of Bridgeport, a young woman, committed suicide by swallowing a dose of carbolic acid. She also attempted to poison her infant child.

Ex-Treasurer Kruse Dead.

MILWAUKEE, March 24.—Ex-City Treasurer Michael Kruse, one of the best known German-American residents of Milwaukee, died of apoplexy. He was an old newspaper man.

The Boston at Liberia.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The United States steamer Boston has arrived at Liberia.

Grain Dealers Fail.

MEMPHIS, March 24.—E. C. Buchanan & Co., grain dealers, failed for $100,000.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE,
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
45 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

S. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8 10y

JOHN ARBUCKLE,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Shop rear. First class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Gradner avenue. P. O. Box 313

JOHN HERRMANN,
Plain Builder, and hard wood panelled maker, Shop corner of Grand and Sagaut streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 8 Sagaut street.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound Brook. P. O. Box 1008. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 81.
W. J. Pierson, No. 19 Vine street, E. R. Gayle, No. 13 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mon.,Wed., Thurs., Fris and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 27 Home St., corner Plainfield.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—8.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m.
Close—8.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—8.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m.
Close—8.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m.

Parcel mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

S. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Four Reading R. R. Co., Lessee)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect Nov., 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.28, 6.30, 7.20, 7.55, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.28, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
Leave Dunellen at 5.33, 6.35, 7.25, 8.00, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 5.33, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.
Arrive in New York at 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25 a. m., 12.25, 1.25, 2.25, 3.25, 4.25, 5.25, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25 p. m. Sunday at 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25 a. m., 12.25, 1.25, 2.25, 3.25, 4.25, 5.25, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25 p. m.
Leave New York for Plainfield at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 3.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 3.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 7.55, 9.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30 p. m. Sunday at 7.55 a. m., 1.30, 3.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7.55, 9.05, a. m., 1.30, 3.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5.28 a. m. for Bound Brook, Trenton, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilmington, Baltimore, Washington and Cincinnati.
7.55 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg and Allentown.
9.30 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western points.
9.30 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
1.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Allentown, Reading, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Hazleton, Sunbury and Williamsport.
4.00 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Waverly, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.
5.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Allentown, etc.
6.30 p. m. for Bound Brook, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and the South.
6.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Waverly, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.
8.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Allentown, etc.
9.30 p. m. for Bound Brook, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.
10.30 p. m. for Bound Brook, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Waverly, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.
11.30 p. m. for Bound Brook, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 5.28, 8.00, 11.05 a. m., 2.05, 4.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.28, 8.00 a. m., 2.05, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Parcel Agency 7.55 a. m., 1.30, 3.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.05, 7.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m., 6.30 p. m.
For Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, 5.28 a. m., 2.05, 4.30 p. m. Sunday 5.28 a. m., 6.30 p. m.
For Long Branch, 5.28, 8.00, 11.05 a. m., 2.05, 4.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday 5.28, 8.00 a. m., 6.30, 9.30 p. m.

SOUTH AND SOUTH WEST.
For Philadelphia at 5.28, 8.00, 9.05, 10.07 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 4.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday 5.28, 8.00 a. m., 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Parcel Agency 7.55 a. m., 1.30, 3.30 p. m. Sunday 9.05 a. m., 7.30 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 5.28, 8.00, 9.05, 10.07 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 4.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.28, 8.00 a. m., 6.30, 9.30 p. m.
For Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Wildwood, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Cape Island, Sea View, Ocean View and Cold Spring, 9.05 a. m. Sundays, 9.05 a. m.
For Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Pocono Summit, Cresco, Mount Pocono, Tobyhanna, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Waverly, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West, 10.07 a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday 6.30 p. m.
For Manasquan, Bay Head, Point Pleasant, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Little Egg Harbor, Atlantic City, Somers Point, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Stone Harbor, Wildwood, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Cape Island, Sea View, Ocean View and Cold Spring, 9.05 a. m. Sundays, 9.05 a. m.
For Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Waverly, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West, 10.07 a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday 6.30 p. m.
For Easton, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Pocono Summit, Cresco, Mount Pocono, Tobyhanna, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Waverly, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West, 10.07 a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday 6.30 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND ROUTE.
For Philadelphia at 5.28, 8.00, 9.05, 10.07 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 4.30, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday 5.28, 8.00 a. m., 6.30, 9.30 p. m. Parcel Agency 7.55 a. m., 1.30, 3.30 p. m. Sunday 9.05 a. m., 7.30 p. m.
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J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Pass Agt.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Al. Bates, P. O. Box 1044.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Mlle. Lemaire, graduate of the Institution of French Language, class or private lessons at residence or Park Hotel, or at pupil's residence. Highest references from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and hour address Mlle. Lemaire, P. O. Box 1044, or at Miss Sutphen's, Somerset and Newton, 17 Les Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
A Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, Sept. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address MISS M. L. HARNED, Prin.
9 26 1y 107 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON,
Teacher of pianoforte. Gives lessons at her own or at pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Address Miss Mattson, Box 16, Plainfield, N. J.

C. BECKINGHAM,
Optician
and
Jeweler,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes examined FREE.
19 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
26 West Front Street.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
South Avenue
P. O. BOX 1407.
Dyer Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
BOUGHT AND SOLD,
AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)
G. R. Musgrave, Proprietor
Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at
Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,
No. 66 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
THE North Plainfield Grocers.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS
DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE
AT
AUCTION,
Wednesday, Mar. 23.
A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale.
A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
H. E. SIDEN, Manager.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.
A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and well carefully selected stock of Choice
Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,
BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of
PORTER AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.
It gives a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and prices with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.
F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 187.

Lumber & Coal
Loomis & Rice
Bdway. 49 Plainfield 75 R.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 10 7y

PURE MILK.
Delivered to any part of the city by
N. D. SUMMERS.
A postal addressed to Box 60 Road Tower answer with receive prompt attention. 9 9 3y

BROWN & HILL,
Slanting and hole cutting powder, in quantities to suit, at No. 1 PARK AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Also Lehigh and Scranton coal for sale cheap. Best block stone and sand for sale at store.

Lodges.
Presentation and Promotion.
Monmouth, No. 2, 1891.
Death benefits, paid over $30,000,000 since organization of Supreme Council, 1850.
Cemetery for Home and Burial Plots.
Membership in 2,000 Subordinate Lodges in United States and Dominion Canada.
Lewis I. Van Arsdale, Dist. Deputy.
Ralph A. Frey, Register.

Wheeler Commandery, No. 34, organized and Install Tuesday, at 8 p. m. 19 22 1y

Miscellaneous Cards.
H. E. SKIDMORE,
Dealer in all kinds of Standard and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Plants, Roses, Bulbs, Seeds, Fertilizers, Garden Implements, Rustic Work, Baskets, Wire Work, Hanging Baskets, Cut Flowers, Floral Designs, Etc. Also Agent for Celebrated Ferris Hams and Bacon. Store 21 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 187.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Has removed from Grand street to No. 9 West Second street, where she will be pleased to see her old customers and as many new ones as may favor her with a call. Dressmaking, Stamping and Braiding. 9 26 1y

TEACHING SEWING.

YOUNG WOMEN SHOW BUYERS OF MACHINES HOW TO USE THEM.

An Occupation Which Has Grown Up Within a Few Years—Every Sewing Machine Manufacturer Now Employs Girls Who Do Nothing but Teach.

The sewing machine teacher is an indispensable adjunct of the sewing machine office. She is invariably a young woman. You seldom hear of her, it is true, unless you have bought a new machine and want to learn how to use some of its new and intricate attachments. Yet there are several thousand of her in Gotham. From fifteen to a hundred teachers are employed in each office, according to the business done.

Her work consists in following up every machine sent out either on trial or sold on the installment plan. Her work is partly to teach its uses, partly to see that it is properly cared for and that it has not been taken on trial with no intention of buying, and simply because the family had some sewing to do and saw a chance to do it without paying for the use of the machine.

As yet no statistics have been kept of the evil done by the sewing machine teacher. She has not even attracted the attention of any of the numerous societies which devote themselves to investigating the "working girl. The sewing machine teacher is one of the newer of the four hundred or more occupations into which women have entered in the past three or four decades.

It is also one in which women have a monopoly. Except in the case of heavy factory machines, all the teachers are of the gentler sex. She has some interesting experiences too.

HER DUTIES.

At 8 in the morning she is expected to be at the company's office. There she reports the number of places where she visited the day previous, how long she spent in each place, what sort of cure is being given the machines, if it be a machine placed on trial, whether the party is likely to buy or not, or whether they have just got it because they want the use of it for nothing. Then she is given a list of new machines sent out in her district. It is nearly 9 o'clock when she starts out. She is expected to call in twenty or thirty places before quitting work at 6 o'clock. As a matter of fact, she manages to give seventeen or eighteen lessons on an average each day.

Her salary is not an exorbitant one, though she seldom complains of it. She certainly is better off than the factory or saleslgirl. She must be able to speak two languages at least. In the up town districts English and German are indispensable. Down town, English and German and ability to make herself understood to the Italians and Russians of the sweat shops are requisite.

As a rule a girl takes up the role of sewing machine teacher when she is between seventeen years twenty years old. Usually she sticks to it too. In a large up town office is one young woman who has been thirteen years in the business. She receives a salary for her work, and in addition is given an agent's commission for all the machines sent out on trial which she succeeds in selling. She likes the work, and considers herself pretty well fixed. Her estimate of her earnings gives an average of twelve dollars a week.

The beginner is given six dollars a week. This is increased gradually if she seems likely to be a success as teacher, for there is a knack about teaching the instincts of guess and seem as well as in every other trade, until the maximum salary of nine dollars is reached. Some of the teachers become very expert in their knowledge of the machines, and are so capable of taking them apart and replacing them as the machinist who constructed them.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR GOOD.

The sewing machine teacher has interesting experiences in the course of her work. She gets a knowledge of life, nicer able and poor life usually, and an insight into the home life of the poor, stronger than women and children. Human nature that she could acquire no other way. It requires a certain amount of philosophy, too, to make her a successful teacher. As illicitly as not her assignment will be to a dark and dreary back room in a tenement house, where a poor mother is trying to support her little ones making clothing for the stores. She has bought a sewing machine with newer improvements, with which she hopes to accomplish more.

The sewing machine teacher must in all probability listen to the whole story. And if she be at all sympathetic, and the woman is unable to keep up her installment and loses both time and sold machine, the occurrence is apt to have a depressing effect. Or she may have to go to a sweat shop where everything is crowded and where generally disreputable. Or, again, it is a quiet, pleasant little home nest where a little woman is anxious to help the strong right arm by taking her own sewing at home.

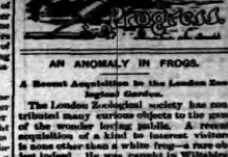
Yet the many contrasts, the heartrending tales and the contact with hard, unlovely poverty seldom makes the sewing machine teacher unsympathetic or bitter. She is a jolly, happy, sympathetic woman as with a great well of thankfulness in her heart because her own lot is so much easier than some others.

Sometimes she makes good use of her powers of observation, and the results make startling fiction. For instance, a newspaper woman there is nothing like the occupation of the sewing machine teacher as a means of gaining useful knowledge.—New York News.

Items About Shoes.

Evening shoes are more often than not made of the same material as the dress *they are destined to be worn with.* The trimming runs to embroidery rather than to bows and buckles. A pretty shoe, called the Hussar, is black patent leather studded with gold, blue or bright red. Velvet shoes may be commended to those who prefer to study comfort before appearance. Morocco shoes with jet butterflies on the toes may *be worn* in bright red, light blue, old gold and in gray. A satin shoe, which is just as piquant as it is pretty, has a rather high front, embroidered on both sides, and long silk laces that are twisted several times around the ankle and tied in a bow. Another example in satin is covered with a fine net work of gold. It is just the sort of shoe to wear with a dance dress.

The shape of the head is taken as a guide to character; so the shape of the foot should be. Quick witted, sprightly women are never flat footed; rested ones generally are. Flat feet are not pretty, but they may be improved by instep pads. These can be had at any bootmaker's. The smartest boots are patent leather and glove kid, with pointed toes, and are much arched beneath the instep. Spats and gaiters are to be much in vogue this spring. They are made in several shades of tan, in black and in dark blue. I dare say they are comfortable, but they make the ankle look big and clumsy.



AN ANOMALY IN FROGS.

A Recent Acquisition to the London Zoological Gardens.

The London Zoological society has contributed many curious objects to the gaze of the wonder loving public. A recent acquisition of a kind to interest evidently is a frog with a white frog—a rare object indeed. He was caught in Wiltshire, and is a fine specimen of his kind.

AN ALBINO FROG.

He takes his existence easily in his wet stream box, not at all disturbed by the curious who throng to see him all day. His large black eyes are rimmed with flesh red as a full golden color and make him rather a ghastly object than otherwise.

How Do Pearls Grow?

Professor Quekett seems to believe that all pearls are produced by the boring of small animals through the shell and the packing forward the inner plate of nacre so as to irritate the animal. That pearls can be produced in this way there is no doubt; that all pearls are produced in this way I should very much question, says a writer in Notes and Queries. Another writer on the subject of breeding pearls tells the following: Nearly five years ago, while staying with the Rajah Kind Tringla in Pulo, Penang (Straits of Malacca), I was shown by a lady resident, wife of a merchant of high position in this land, some five ordinary looking small pearls, which had increased and multiplied while in her possession. She had set them aside for about a twelvemonth in a pretty wooden (carved) box about two and a half inches broad and one and a half inches high, they were packed in soft cotton and accompanied by half a dozen grains of common rice. On opening the receptacle at the expiration of the above time she found four additional pearls. These I myself saw and examined not long after the lady had made the discovery, beautiful little things they were, and about the size of a pin's head.

Acuteness of Senses in the Mouse.

In an interesting paper on the habits of the mouse in The Zoologist one of the writers says that the mouse generally lies with the tail to windward, trusting to their senses of hearing and smelling, which are remarkably acute, to warn them of approaching danger from that quarter. They can use their eyes to warn them from danger to leeward, where hearing and especially smelling would be of little use. While *they are sleeping or chewing the cud* their ears are in perpetual motion, one back-ward, the other forward, alternately. They also have the remarkable faculty of making a short turn and sleep below the wind of their fresh track, so that any one falling thereon and following it up is sure to be found or smelled before he can get within shooting distance.

A New Idea for Preventing Hot Boxes.

A new method of intercepting passengers' journals is under the experiment of master of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company. The idea is as simple as can be, consisting of a strip of goods resembling a lamp wick, one end of which is immersed in oil; the wick outside of the oil is wrapped around the journal, and as every revolution of the wheel the oil is drawn to the journal, thereby preventing friction. The plan of oil, it is claimed, will run a train 1,000 miles without the slightest danger of an overheated box. The Manufacturer (Gazette, authority for the foregoing, says if this method is developed it will undoubtedly meet with success, as hot boxes resulting from friction are the source of much trouble.

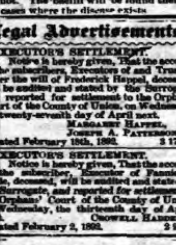
Increase in Aluminium Products.

There has been a remarkable development in aluminium products, due in large part to the use of electricity in obtaining the metal. The government's census report one company produced about two tons of aluminium bronze in 1885, and over 200 short tons in 1887, another produced 19,950 pounds of aluminium in 1886, and the total product in this country, including the aluminium in bronzes, for that year is estimated at 47,450 pounds, and valued at $97. The increase in the last few years has developed so rapidly that it is expected the world's product annually will be in a short time equal to the product of the first years, or some 200 tons of 1888. The price, too, has been greatly reduced.

A Curious Form of Rope.

In view of the extensive use of rope in the place of leather belting for the transmission of power, considerable interest attaches to a wire rope which has recently been introduced.

The illustration here reproduced from the St. Louis Republican shows the structure of a 14-inch rope, which is claimed to be equal to an 8-inch flat belt in its pow-



WOVEN WIRE ROPE.

erful transmitting capacity. The author, by mentioned says that the rope is hollow, being nothing more than a spiral spring, woven through and through with small wire. Actual tests of a cable of this kind, in which wires of various sizes to the foot and made of ordinary Bessemer wire, showed that it possessed a tensile strength of 6,000 pounds.

A careful examination of the sputum makes of the area of acute will determine whether they are suffering from tubercle or not. The bacilli will be found there in all cases where the disease exists.

Legal Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Frederick Heppel, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of April next.
MARGARET HEPPEL,
JOSEPH A. PATTERSON
Dated February 16th, 1892. 3 17 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, Executor of Fannie L. Slade, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next.
CROWELL HARDING.
Dated February 2, 1892. 2 9 9

BLACK

PRIESTLY'S RENOWNED
BLACK SILK WARP HENRIETTAS,

And other popular Black Goods. Large Assortment, and prices just as low as in New York. Favor solicited to put on mourning orders will find it to their interest to examine our large stock. Our special offer in Carpets will hold good until April 1. The stock is unusually large and styles elegant.

EDSALL'S!

ASK FOR OUR NO. 576!

It is a man's shoe.—Made of Calf Skin.—Narrow toe with tip.—Square toe plain.—Good Fitters.—Good Shapes.—Worth $3 to any man.—And the price is

$2.50.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
29 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 500 barrels of flour a day.
Now they make 6000 barrels daily.
This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

16 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 34. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this beautiful open stock pattern and save just one half. The style is "Decorated Vitrified Crockery, on Parisian Granite body, illuminated with gold. Gold ornamented handles and spouts. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

This pattern can be had in open stock for the next 60 days, so broken pieces can be replaced by new ones at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $25 to $30. We have matched these wares at New York prices, and a set can be made from this set are cost. You can select 44, 56, 100 or 112 pieces, as you wish. Or, if you don't like any piece you don't want, what you are sure to take no other.

Decorated Toilet Sets, 10 pieces, $3.98, 97 per cent. off on decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Lamp shades and chimneys in endless variety, and our prices prove you the all same as manufacturers' wholesale prices. Decorated Crockery.—We don't save you money. If we can't show the most complete line of Crockery and Glass in this town, we don't want your patronage. We can supply the largest portion of your household china requirements, and sell them for less than you would pay for them elsewhere. Look at our prices and your bargains on hand. Be convinced, and we have my of them.

Decorated Tea Sets, 56 pieces, $5.98. Everything sold for 25 or 30 cents. Thousands are going it in Plainfield and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heat throughout
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 26 6m.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.
‡ First-class bar attached.

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Matson avenue,

Wallace V. Miller,

PROPRIETOR.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

THE NAIAD'S SLAVE.

Ripple, ripple, ripple gayly glimmering sea,
Where the silvery spray rose shine all lastly,
Where the silvery spray rose shine
A song of love to me!

The naiad combs her scintillant hair and
smiles me my answer,
On her airy form, with its flesh tints warm,
and her secrecy, half veiled within
But she never tells me a word.

Sparkling from her dark green wild, the
bright drops shine!
Dear dryad! dost thou breathe one fear that I
shall be false to thee?
That I would break the naiad's calm with
false and treacherous love?

"Have I not sworn on the crossbeck stone, by
the victim's waving hand,
That life, nor death, nor madness e'en, should
me and my fairy part?
And yet to-day I plucked the violet gloves, and her
sister white bosom swells—
Give me the lute that was Orpheus' own—the
harp that was lost'n!

"Let me sing to my dryad queen, and put to
night thy charms.
Subtle head of the scintillant sea, with flesh
tints rich and warm!
I am still in my wood nymph true, and hurl
thy sweet words back!
Tempt me not with thy flaming eyes—forth on
thy swirling track!

"Seek some other shipwrecked soul into his
kinder ear
Pour the tale of thy passion fierce—be his mistress;
Bear him safe to thy coral realm, and, all in-
state.

"Leave me true to my dryad love—tempt me
not more.
Leave me, lustress, maddening soul you, for-
ever more!"

"Come!" said the siren, and she flung her marble arms around him;
With the cords of her ruthless love she, resistless, bound him.
Bore him to her coral realm, and on the throne
she placed him;
Then, with her fatal smile, she turned and to
her heart embraced him.

* * * * * * *

But beside the crossbeck stone the dryad lies
forsaken;
No more song of wind or bird shall her sad
sleep awaken!
—W. R. Gilbraith in New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A YOUNG MOTHER'S TRIALS.

Feelings of a Woman Who Has Passed Through the Most Trying Ordeal.

How to relieve the suffering she has brought up a large family and is grandmother to many children said the other day: "There is no one in the world to whom all the sympathy in my nature reaches out as it does to a woman who is a mother for the first time, especially a young woman—one who has always been kept upon some one else, usually upon her own mother—when she finds herself left alone with the awful responsibility in the cradle."

She very wisely, with a face full of soft lines that wrote her life history. She was turning over the contents of a bureau drawer that had been for long years closed and locked.

She took up a tiny gown yellow with time and perfumed with lavender.

"Once my eldest, remember my first experience," she went on. "The baby was very welcome and such a fine boy. Everybody praised him. His father was justly proud of him, and his mother cried for joy."

She turned the little gown over and opened loss in meditation.

"It was all joy while the nurse remained," she continued. "It was not her new gathering up her things to go to another patient. I can see the young mother, pale, faint hearted, forlorn, watching the kind nurse, who had been more than mother to her, as she folded up the long apron and rolled it around her night clothes. I longed to grasp them and beg her not to leave me. I knew the struggle that was going on. She never once looked. She had to leave them.

"The girl with her heart was in her throat, swelling to bursting. When is became normal it had become the heart of a woman—well launched upon the sea of motherhood, with no helper at the helm. So short a time before she had tears of joy over her first born, now cried in earnest because she didn't know what to do with him.

"The first ordeal was the bath. It seemed so easy in the hands of the nurse, so dreadfully difficult in mine.

"Next came the visiter with advice. Every one who called came for the express purpose of supervising, making suggestions, pointing out mistakes and inspecting the flannels. They asked to see his feet—a mere pretext to find out what he had on and how much embroidery adorned his garments.

"One said, 'You pin him too tight—he can hardly breathe.' In an agony of fear his clothes were all loosened. Whereat the next inspector who happened in would exclaim, 'You pin him so loose—he will be put bellied.' This last horror was of all calamities to be avoided, and again his clothes were tightened.

"The next good soul would recommend saffron tea for rash. I would no sooner give a tea than some well disposed caller would rehearse the benefits of peppermint and aniseed tea.

"When he needed to be fed I was simply swamped. Everybody had an experience to relate, and no two experiences were alike. One good angel said, 'You make his food too rich;' another, 'You don't make it rich enough.' One said, 'Give paregoric;' another said, 'Don't.' One said, 'Look out for cramp;' another said, 'Measles are in the next house.'

"Then his father would make suggestions. 'I told you so three weeks ago,' he would say when a new experiment was untried. 'You wouldn't believe me, but when some old hen comes in and cackles you take her advice when you scorned mine.'

"So we learn to be mothers as we learn everything else, by experience," went on the woman with gray hair and the wrinkles.

"And sometimes, when I meet a pale, weary lobking young mother trundling a baby carriage, I feel like saying to her, 'Come, my dear, let me take your baby and keep it for you tonight, so you can get a good night's rest, for you need it.'"

Then she folded up the little gown, yellow with time and perfumed with lavender, and laid it away in the drawer. Then she wiped her spectacles—for they were moist.—New York Recorder.

To Remove Ink Spots.

Take a thick blotting paper and steep it several days in a solution of oxalic acid or oxalate of potassium. While the ink spot is still moist apply the prepared blotter and the ink will be entirely removed.—Good Housekeeping.

Success Due to Women.

If Columbus had not married a wife with a dowry of exceptional love, and found a queen with plenty of jewelry, this world might still have been nothing but a pancake.—Wonsaukind.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

GET YOUR
TEAMING and GRADING
done by Weiss Brothers, 20 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26tf

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell,
or have rents collected by responsible agents
Titles Searched and Recorded.
Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on
RIKER & CO.,
12 EAST FRONT STREET.
3 12 1m*

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
2 West Front Street.

Just Received at Werner's,

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

500 Pairs of Tailor Made Trousers,

Guaranteed to fit, of our own manufacture.

Ranging in Price from $4 to $6.

Our new Spring Stock of Ready Made Clothing is ready for your inspection. We are sure that the Quality, Style and Price will please you. Call and examine our Fine Line of Clothing.

Suits to Order $15 and Upwards.

AT THE PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you not read that new one that we are offering? 'Tis the greatest bargain we have ever offered, and you a fine a good thing if you do not secure one of them. Price $4.98. See them in our show window.

This is a very fine 100 piece, Decorated English Porcelain Dinner Set, that goes for $4.75 per set.

We will on 1 case lot, 25 pair, of Fine Chenille Portiere Curtains, for $4.87 per pair. Real value $6.

If mornings are wan ed, we can offer you the finest assortment of styles, at prices that sell them, every time. 20 cents buys a fine Jouinieres Molding, and for 14 cents you buy an extra heavy rod chock.

Ladies who like an extra long waist Corset should try our new "W. B." Its a good one and well worth a trial.

We will have for the coming week some extra good values in Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, etc.

We received another lot of fine Granite Iron Ware, and will offer this desirable ware at lower prices than ever sold at before.

We are glad attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are sold to be the best in quality and pattern and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Van Emburgh & White.

BEFORE PURCHASING
Your Mount for 1892,

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on
FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,
WHEELMEN'S :·: HEADQUARTERS,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,
and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

We are the Acknowledged Headquarters
FOR
BUTTER
Fine Table Butter from 25c. per pound up.

NEW CANNED FRUITS—Extra choice Apricots, 10c. can, 2 for 20c.; extra choice green Gages 10c. can; extra choice Peaches 2 for 25c.; extra choice Cherries 2 for 25c.; extra choice Pears 2 for 25c.; extra choice Blackberries 2 for 25c.

We have found a good Tomato Soup for us. Ferris' Hams and Bacon, 15c. per pound. Best Tomatoes 10c. can, 2 for 15c.; best Peas 2 for 25c.; best early June Peas 2 for 25c.; best sugar corn 2 for 25c.; best Lima Beans 2 for 25c., best Pumpkin, 2 for 25c.

Extra Special Inducements with Tea, Coffee and Baking Powder. In Flour we lead. ALL

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

This Date in History—March 24.

1765—Parliament enacted, famous outfit of Regulars and home-away taken in the "American Nights," died, born 1765. The name became "Across the Seas."

1776—Henry Saturday Marie Clement Stuart, the last male of the Stuart line and last claimant thereto to the British throne, born in Rome; died there. He was married in 1747 by Pope Benedict XIV, and during his latter years was supported by the British government.

1806—Charles Pelleis Garcia, afterward famous as Mme. Malibran, singer, born in Paris; died 1836.

1811—Bartel Thorwaldsen, Danish sculptor, died; born 1770.

1812—Benjamin Ellsworth Longfellow, poet, died in Cambridge, Mass.; born 1807.

1836—Richard Varick, ex-governor of New York, died in Wheatland, Monroney; born 1753. Commodore Robert R. Hitchcock, U. S. N., died in New York; aged 74.

1783—The new extradition treaty between Great Britain and the United States, officially published, to go into effect April 6, great excitement among exiles in Canada. It is now decided that the treaty was not retroactive.

What Next?

Once there was a hired man who was constantly astonishing his employer, a farmer, by doing strange and unexpected things. One day he was missed from the barn and found that this man had hanged himself. Looking at the dangling body a few minutes, he exclaimed: "What in the world will that fellow do next?"—Texas Siftings.

No Little Tact Required.

He—When is that "loop your sleigh ride" of yours coming off?

She—Oh, I don't know yet.

He—I thought it was all arranged. Why the delay?

She—We are going in two sleighs, and I have got to classify the people who don't speak to each other.—Buffalo Courier.

Preparation.

Facetious Caller (who finds his friend exercising with the dumbbells)—What's the matter? Getting ready to write another spring poem?

Literary Aspirant—No; I'm getting ready to sell one.—Washington Star.

A Practical View.

Son—Here's a horseshoe I found in the street—good one too.

Papa—Well, throw it away.

"Isn't it lucky to find a horseshoe!"

"Not unless you own a horse."—Good News.

1892			MARCH.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

)	First	5	9:14	Third	21	3:42
●	Full	13	7:55	(	New	28	5:16
(	Last	19	5:28	)	Full		5:28

Just Received!

OUR
First Shipment
OF
BABY CARRIAGES

Including all kinds and prices
CALL AND SEE THEM.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Master of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Succotash & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Red Lemberg, P. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fish & Winberner's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Springless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.

Special attention given to the can or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dowerth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

Are you going to Europe?

Anchor Line Steamers—
CITY OF ROME,
ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, Etc.
Hamburgh American Packet Co's
AUGUSTA VICTORIA,
FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, Etc.,
to any port.
Passenger tickets and drafts for sale by
HENRY D. MORRISON,
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

BREVITIES.

—Fine butter at any price you like, at the United Tea & Coffee Growers Association.

—Mr. J. B. Miller, the former proprietor of the Elkwood, will leave to-morrow for Chicago.

—A number of improvements are being made on the main station of the Central Railroad in this city.

—The organ in the St. Mary's church is to be tuned this week in order to have it in good repair for the Eastertide services.

—Christ the photograph of the "Everlasting Father," will be the theme of the discourse at the Seventh Day Baptist church to-morrow, 10.30 a. m.

—The Pierson Hardware Co. advertise the closing out sale of several cases of graniteware of first quality and a large stock of carpenters and machinists' tools.

—"The time has arrived to take babies out for a ride," says the owner of the Bee Hive, in his announcement in another column, and tells therein the reason why.

—A union Teachers' Institute of Hunterdon and Somerset counties will be held in Somerset Hall, Somerville, on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 6, 7 and 8.

—Rev. W. H. Walker, whose lectures and Bible readings in this city have been so greatly enjoyed, will speak at the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Sunday, at 4.15 p. m.

—The ever enterprising and wide-awake Werner's Clothing House has a announcement in another column appropriate to the season, to which special attention is directed.

—The Central Railroad of New Jersey, now a part of the Reading system, has given orders to the Baldwin Locomotive Works for four more engines of the exact type of the famous engine, number 385.

—A man named Gousen was arrested on Peace street yesterday afternoon by Policeman Giese on the charge of being drunk and disorderly. This morning when arraigned in court he pleaded guilty and City Judge Codington fined him ten dollars.

PERSONAL.

City Judge Codington is convalescent from his recent illness.

Mr. Ten Eyck is not to go to Philladelphia as reported, but is to remain at Edsall's.

Mr. J. F. Barber and family of East Fifth street moved to-day to Harlem where they will hereafter reside.

Mr. Albert Harris, the young man who for some time past has been acting as corncist in St. Mary's church, left this week for a two months' stay in Virginia.

Union Meeting of the King's Daughters.

A union meeting of the King's Daughters of Plainfield was held in the parlors of the Crescent Avenue Church, Wednesday last. The president, Miss Tracy, presided. Fifteen circles were represented, and reports of their work were read. It was decided that a similar union meeting be held annually. A resolution was passed appointing an executive committee of the Order in Plainfield, composed of the president and secretary of each circle. A meeting of this committee will be held three times a year, on the first Friday in January, April and October, to discuss the work of the Order.

Would Fight for His Dog.

This morning the dog catchers caught a dog belonging to a butcher from Westfield. The butcher was very indignant and was on the point of fighting for his dog when Policeman Giese appeared on the scene. Mr. Giese explained the matter to him and after he had heard the explanation he said: "Well I'll fight for that dog suyhow." Mr. Giese told him that he had better not, as he would get into trouble. He accepted the policeman's advise and inquired where the dog pound was situated.

A Wagon Overturned.

Several Plainfielders went to Dunellen on Sunday last to visit some friends. Later they started for Bound Brook. When near that place one of the wheels of the carriage caught in a rut in the road and the vehicle was overturned. Members of the party were thrown out, but escaped injury. Their clothes were covered with mud. One of the wheels of the carriage was wrecked.

A Large Land Sale.

Ten acres of land facing on Union avenue and Fourth street were sold at auction yesterday afternoon by order of the Chancellor to settle up an estate. The land was owned by Fell & Lyon. Mr. Lyon is dead. The property was cut up in tracts and purchased by various persons.

The Lecture Postponed.

In consequence of a throat trouble the lecture which was to have been delivered in this city by Bishop Vincent on March 31st, has been indefinitely postponed. The date of the lecture will be announced later.

A Supper Given by Pond Employes.

The employes of the Pond Machine Tools Works a supper in the hall of the Plainfield Grange and Turning Society last evening. The affair was a very enjoyable one.

A Record Breaker.

Engineer Charles Houston of the Central Railroad, recently ran his new engine a mile in 39½ seconds, breaking the record of the world.

THE PARK CLUB HOUSE, (of North Plainfield, N. J.)

THE PARK CLUB WINS.

UNION COUNTY COUNTRY CLUB DEFEATED BY 158 POINTS.

Illustrated Sketch of the New Club House—The Officers and Members—Details of Last Night's Game—The First in the Club's New Home.

Last Fall a number of the prominent citizens of North Plainfield formed themselves into an organization, under the name of "The Park Club of North Plainfield, N. J." They erected a handsome club house on Washington avenue, between Front street and Willow avenue, at a cost of $10,000.

The Club House is of Queen Anne style, with the first story of brick, and has a large extension in which the club bowling alleys are situated. At the end of the extension there is an elevated band stand where the members and their lady friends may enjoy on Summer evenings the moonlight, the music, the "swift running brook" near by and the beautiful scenery generally.

The interior of the main building consists of a large reading room with hardwood floor and finishings, large antique fire place and spacious gallery. A small conservatory, smoking room, the club office and coat rooms connect with the main room. On the floor below is the billiard room running the entire length of the main building, and the bowling alleys are in the extension.

The ground extends back from Washington avenue 188 feet and it is intended to make a riding park of it. The frame building adjoining, formerly the gatekeeper's lodge of the Roome estate, is also the property of the club and will probably be used as a dining room.

The following is the list of this promising club's members.

OFFICERS.

President—Samuel Townsend.
Vice President—Geo. T. Rogers.
Treasurer—Geo. P. Dupee.
Secretary—Wm. L. Saunders.
J. A. Alexander, Dr. D. C. Adams, Dr. J. H Carman, Robt. R. Cook, Martin I. Cooley, Benj. M. Day. Albert B. Darby, Geo. P. Dupee, Rev. M. E. Dwight. Dr. T. S. Davis, Leslie M. Daniel, Geo. C. Evans, A. E. Faber, Pliny Fiske, B. A. Hegeman, Jr., A. W. Haviland, Geo. D. Hallock, G. N. Hartley, W. W. Howland, Edward S. Hooley, B. A. Hegeman, Sr., Dr. O. L. Jenkins, W. J. Ladd, C. B. Lyman, Edwin Loomis, Chas. A. Lee, Chas. W. McCutchen, Samuel St. J. McCutchen, H. A. McGee, Clarence L. Murphy, Peter B. Matthews, W. H. Muier, Foster Milliken, E. A. Overton, Jos. O Osborn, Jas. C. Peck, H. R. Phillips, Jas. W. Perry, Dr. Jas. M. Plimpa, R. C. Pease, Charles A. Reed, W. J. Roome, G. T. Rogers, H. Saunders, Percy Sandford, Samuel Townsend, Morgan S. Taylor, Charles R. Thiers, L. A. Underwood, Augustus Van Deventer, Thos. S. Warman, Geo. F. White, John Weir, Henry Wells, Miss Eleanor V. Roome.

The illustrations for this article were made by Mr. Geo. W. Morrison.

Last evening ten members of the Park Club and ten members of the Union County Country Club had a bowling match. The members and friends of both clubs were present and enthusiastically applauded the game which was most interesting. This was the first team game in the new club house which was only finished March 1st and informally opened on the 5th. The score, was as follows:

PARK CLUB.		UNION COUNTY COUNTRY CLUB.	
Lynch	142	Herring	169
Bartling	141	Kimball	142
Evans	125	Bacon	137
Hegeman	150	Booth	131
Reed	104	Brooks	113
Roome	125	Fleming	114
Murphy	117	McKinney	104
Thiers	148	Depew	127
Hegeman	162	Moore	109
Matthews	111	Barnes	139
Total	1324	Total	1176

Umpire, Jos. H. Howell.
The Park Club won by 158 points.

THE DIME ENTERTAINMENT.

At the Warren Mission Last Night. It was a Grand Success.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel tendered their friends an enjoyable entertainment in the Sunday-school room of the chapel last evening. The entertainment consisted of dialogues, tableaux, music, singing, etc. The colored boy orator from Somerville was loudly applauded as was also the deaf and dumb musicians. The entertainment was a grand success in every way, and netted the society considerable money.

PROGRAMME.

Song by the Choir—"Wait for the Breaking of Day"
Recitation—"Noah, the Ark, and the Flood" Master Hall of Somerville.
Cornet Solo—"Sweetness Sentiment," by Prof. Wanzer
Dialogue—"Sweetness Sentiment," in 4 scenes
Musical Sketch—"Deaf and Dumb Musicians" Messrs. Force and Dreier.
Solo and Quartette—"Time Will Roll the Clouds Away" Miss Ida Denham
Recitation—"Brother Brown on Apples" Master Hall.
Character Song—"Uncle Rufus" E. Odam
Dialogue—"Aunt Betsey's Beau," in 2 scenes.
Solo—"I'll Take You Home Again, Kathleen" Miss Maggie Shepherd and Choir.
Final—(By request)—"Rock of Ages."

New Cars for the Central Road.

Disastrous wrecks have become re alarmingly frequent on the Central railroad of New Jersey that the managers of the Company's rolling stock have decided to make large investments in new cars. The old style small coal cars have been the cause of frequent and unusually destructive wrecks lately. They are so light that if a train's speed is too suddenly checked they "bump" in the middle of the train with disastrous results. On account of the many wrecks the company has ordered between 1,000 and 2,000 huge gondola cars, together with many other heavy cars. Two hundred and fifty of the box cars will have a capacity of 80,000 pounds each. The new equipment will have automatic couplers, and the box cars will be provided with air brakes.

A Singular Disease at First Thought to be Leprosy.

Antonio Talamini, who has worked in the woolen mills at Raritan, has a peculiar illness. He is suffering from dermatitis folinta, a skin disease. When Talamini was first taken ill, about six weeks ago, it was feared that he had leprosy. The case was immediately investigated by the Health Board, and Dr. Stillman, Somerville's health inspector, reported that it was not leprosy.

The physicians cannot find a curative treatment. His body is covered with yellow scales, which drop off when touched, and his hair has fallen out.

The case is attracting much attention among New Jersey physicians.

The Forty Hours' Devotion.

The service known as the Forty Hours' Devotion will begin in St. Mary's church next Sunday at the conclusion of the 10.45 o'clock mass. The following musical programme has been arranged for the occasion:

The Esperges.....by Werner
Millard's Mass in G.....
The Aversion, by Millard, a solo, to be sung by Miss Josie Shaffer.
The Paugelmque.....
Verdi Jesu Vivi.....Miss Flanagan, soprano; Prof. Guntzer, basso and Mr. Crammerford, tenor. Prof. Gunzer will be the organist.

Could Not Choose a Deacon.

A lively church meeting was held Wednesday night at the Park Avenue Baptist church. A battle raged over the election of two deacons. The conflicting factions were those for and against the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Dilts, whose resignation because of the church dissensions is now in the hands of the congregation. The meeting broke up in disorder, and the voting members were unable to elect any of the candidates.

President Glenn as Judge.

President Glenn of the Common Council, who is at present Mayor, owing to the absence of Mayor Gilbert from the city, was called upon last evening to act in the capacity of City Judge. The moulder, who was arrested by Policeman Rodgers for a disturbance on a train, was arraigned before him, pleaded guilty and was discharged with a reprimand.

Dogs by the Wholesale.

There are twenty dogs impounded in the dog-pound at Evans. If the owners do not redeem them to-day they will be shot tomorrow. The keeper of the dog pound says that a number of them look like curs and are beyond redemption.

A DISASTROUS RUNAWAY

Mr. and Mrs. Kurzhals Injured in a Runaway Accident Last Night.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Kurzhals of Westfield visited this city yesterday. When returning to their home about half-past six o'clock last evening, the wagon in which they were seated collided with another wagon in the vicinity of the Scott Printing Press Works. The collision frightened their horse, causing it to run away.

One of the wheels of the vehicle was wrecked and Mr. and Mrs. Kurzhals were thrown out.

Mrs. Kurzhals was seriously injured, receiving bruises about the head and body and also many cuts.

Mr. Kurzhals left hand was badly cut. The horse was caught further down the road.

Mr. and Mrs. Kurzhals returned to this city and are stopping at the residence of Mr. Kurzhal's father on West Second street. Dr. Jenkins was called in and dressed their wounds.

The Petit Jury List.

Sheriff Codington of Somerset county Tuesday morning, in the presence of Judge Bartine, Jameson and Ten Eyck, drew the following to serve as petit jurors for the April term of court:

Bedminster—Henry Byram, Richard V. Potter, Oliver H. Perry, Zachariah Smith, Ernest E. Lane, Robert Duyckinck, Henry Wood, John W. Tuttle.

Bernards—John Y. Bunn, George M. Baldwin, James H. Ballentine, Isaac L. Irving, John A. Whitenack.

Branchburgh—John W. Wyckoff, Wm. E. Haver, William B. Wood.

Bridgewater—James Doyle, Jas. Ross, Aug. A. Boyle, Andrew M. Torriberry, John J. Vanderveer, Abraham T. Van Fleet, Nicholas Jackson, Job A. Scott, Cornelius Whitenack, Stephen T. Hoagland.

Franklin—George A. Woolf, William H. Plumley, Ira C. Carmen, James Fisher, John P. Field, John Garretson.

Hillsborough—Daniels J. Van Liew, Wm. M. Funkhouser, Elias L. Allen, Peter V. D. Van Horn, John H. Ross, Bennish Everett.

Montgomery—Orion Cruser, Spencer W. Whitlock, Theodore F. Price.

North Plainfield—Samuel Moore, Thos. J. Young, Daniel S. Berry, John H. Carmer, Abraham P. Voorhees, Philip Swain, Jasper Wilson.

Warren—Joel Codington, Peter D. Mundy.

Pen Sketches from Life.

This story is told of a little boy who resides on East Fifth street.

He owned a dog that followed him wherever he went. One day his mother told him that God was everywhere.

The little fellow inquired if he was in the parlor?

The mother replied yes.

Is He in the dining room?

Yes.

Is He in the kitchen?

Yes.

The boy started for the parlor. The dog attempted to follow him. He picked it up in his arms carried it to a chair, placed it thereon and said: "Now you stay there, for I have enough to have God follow me all over without having you tagging behind my heels.

Rural Mail Delivery.

A delegation comprising the members of the Legislative Committee of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, was before the House Committee, on Post Offices and Post Roads the other day to advocate the free delivery of mails in rural districts. The delegation consisted of Worthy Lecturer Mortimer Whitehead, John Trembles and Leonard Rhone.

The last Congress placed at the disposal of the Postmaster General $10,000 to make a preliminary test or trial of the free delivery of mails from small offices. This amount, it was stated, was not sufficient to carry out on a proper scale, and the delegation asked that an appropriation of at least $300,000 be made for the purpose suggested for the fiscal year 1893.

Something for the Health Inspector to Investigate.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS—I noticed in last night's NEWS that the employes of Mr. W. W. Coriell had killed some sixty rats. I wish to know by what right those rats were taken over to North Plainfield and thrown on Dyson's dump, endangering the health of the residents of the lower end of Grove street. Isn't there a law to punish those guilty of this offense or at least to make them bury the dead rats?

A RESIDENT OF GROVE STREET.

Fountain Refrigerator.

The following gentlemen are spoken of as district delegates from the Third Congressional District to attend the Minneapolis National Republican Convention next June: L. C. Hall, ex-Governor Ludlow, J. H. T. Martin, Mayor Charles Place and William H. Vredenburgh.

White Won the Cue.

David J. White and Michael Gill, both of this city, went to Elizabeth last evening and played a match game of pool of 1000 points for a handsome cue. White won the game by a score of 1000 to 73. A number of friends of both parties accompanied them.

Bowling Tuesday.

Tuesday evening next the bowling team of the Catholic Young Men's League of Elizabeth will visit this city and roll a game with the Catholic Young Men's League of this place.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE BERRING SITUATION CRITICAL.

Canadian and English Papers Talk About a Struggle.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 26th. (Special.)—The Evening Journal (Ind.) discussing the Behring Sea situation, describes it as very grave, and says editorially: "If the despatches from Washington are to be trusted there is no real danger of very serious trouble between Great Britain and the United States.

President Harrison is apparently assuming a domineering course without much regard to consequences. In this he is supported by nine-tenths of the United States press. One cannot contemplate without shrinking the possibility of a war between the two most powerful and determined nations of the world, particularly when the brunt of the war must fall on ourselves.

"If Canadians have to take their share of a struggle so threatening to themselves, they will do so fearlessly, but there is, meanwhile, no courage in disregarding or belittling the danger that threatens.

LONDON, March 25—The Standard this morning, commenting on the Behring Sea controversy, says: "The suspicion will arise that the question is merely what is aimed at by such high-minded negotiators. A telegram from Terra Nova states that the seizure of the sealers has been unprecedented, and that an aggregate of 100,000 has been taken.

These figures are conclusive as to whether the seals have been destroyed. They confirm the views taken by the British Commission that there is an abundance of seals. They also strengthen Lord Salisbury's position and weaken President Harrison's.

Great Britain doesn't wish to take wrongful advantage over the United States but she must act in a business-like manner. President Harrison's attitude is difficult to reconcile with the belief on the part of the United States Government of the force and validity of its contention.

LONDON, March 26.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Louis John Jennings (Progressive Conservative), Member for Stockport, asked the Government whether, in view of the gravity of the news from Washington, published during the last few days, concerning the relations between the United States and Great Britain on the Behring Sea question, the Government would inform the House as to the latest communications on the subject.

Mr. W. Lowther, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, replied that communications had been passing between the two governments during the last few weeks regarding the arrangements for the approaching sealing season.

The negotiations on this matter were still pending.

War Rumors Along the Russian Frontier.

WARSAW, March 25.—(Special).—Rumors of war fill the air here, and they are given an appearance of truth by the presence in Poland of an immense number of soldiers, who have been gathered from many parts of the Russian dominions.

This feeling of anxiety has been added to by the fact that the German authorities are evidently taking steps to learn from personal observation the strength and disposition of the Russian forces. They are trying to learn these facts of supreme military importance by chance spies, by secret balloons as the means to attain their object.

Recently a balloon was floating above the fortress of Kovno. So certain were the officers stationed there that the object of the balloonists was to learn military secrets that orders were given to fire upon the balloon.

Notwithstanding the long range of the modern rifle it was impossible to hit the air vessel, which was at a great altitude, and its occupants, by means of glasses, pursued their investigations entirely undisturbed by the bullets aimed in their direction.

LYONS PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

He was Remanded to the Tombs to Await Trial.

NEW YORK, March 25th, (Special.)—James Lyons, who was indicted for murder in the first degree, together with Michael Silney, for the murder of Bob Lyons, a brother of James, was arraigned before Recorder Smith this morning and called upon to plead to the indictment.

The prisoner was remanded to the Tombs without bail to await trial.

BUNCO STEERER O'BRIEN GUILTY.

The Jury Found That He Robbed John H. Peck of $10,000.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 25.—(Special).—The jury in the O'Brien case came into court at 10 o'clock this morning and rendered a verdict of guilty of robbery in the third degree. The defendant took the result coolly.

"I USED to suffer awful with indigestion but I hardly ever have it now"—That man stopped eating common oatmeal in order to

Have some H-O for breakfast.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
NAILS SCREWS, RASH,
WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,
NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND. STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
Glass all sizes. Open every evening until 9 p. m.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 tm

BUTTER

25c FINE 25c
Dairy and Creamery Butter
at the
28c United Tea & Coffee Growers' 28c
Association,
CHAMPIONS OF LOW PRICES.
30c 22 West Front Street. Plainfield, N. J. 30c

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

CORNER FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

At their Old Reliable Hardware Store,
OFFER
FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS
Special Inducements
to Cash Buyers.

DON'T MISS THESE BARGAINS.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG man, 18 years old, wants position in good business house. Box 200, Fanwood. 23 3

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A respectable girl to take care of young children. References. Apply 25 Putnam avenue. 24 1

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Call 23 Vine street. 22 4

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 182 East Second street. 22 4

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address P. P. M. Cozzi, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. D. Midford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 19tf

FOR SALE IN CALIFORNIA—28 acres of fall bearing orchard, peaches, pears, prunes and currants; location Haywards, Alameda county, Cal., 20 miles from San Francisco, 15 minutes' train time; fine 8 room house highly finished, hot and cold water throughout; cottage for help, tank, stables, etc. Fruit now growing; crop just coming. Electric road will be completed—Oakland to Haywards—90 days. Everything in perfect order. Can guarantee 5 tons to acre crop in May. Present owner in canning business and will contract for fruit from this orchard at good prices. R. Richmott, owner, 625 Myrtle street, Oakland, Cal. 21 4 tm

FOR SALE or to let—Just outside city limits, good modern residence; 10 acres; price $6,500; $900 a year. Midford, broker. 23-tf

FOR RENT.

BRICK PLANT FOR RENT — Having been engaged for 25 years past upwards in manufacturing and building, and owing to age, 70, and ill health, I desire to retire from business and hence offer to rent my brick plant, with all necessary fixtures for immediate occupancy. Plant is located in the borough of North Plainfield and within one mile of the c ntre of the thriving city of Plainfield, N. J., viz., Somerset street. Established 1867. Capacity three million and upwards per season with home market for every brick made. Equipped with 30 horse power engine and boiler, Boyer brick machine and "Eureka" latest improved machines and three hanging kilns. Abundance of shed room. Stabling for eight horses. Boarding house for hands and house for renter if desired. Rent reasonable, and if party is responsible and means business the terms will be made easy, and very liberal inducements offered. Apply on premises, No. 32 Maple avenue, North Plainfield, or address I. Scribner, P. O. Box 603. 3-4-tf

FOR RENT—Nice room house; with large garden. 105 Somerset street. 21 6

SEVEN room house to rent on Grandview avenue; has improvements; to first-class tenant. Rent reduced for $297 Bonds. Call 13 East Front street. 23 3 eod

TO LET—Three or four rooms, in good condition. 151 Dover street. 22 5

TO LET—Handsome flat. Apply, 31 Somerset street. 15 6

TO LET—Small house; five rooms. Inquire 197 Somerset street. 24 2

TO LET—Brick house 215 Somerset street; ten rooms. Will rent cheap. Inquire 53 Grandview avenue. 23 3

TO LET—328 West Third street. Inquire 27 Central avenue. 2 21tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DROP POSTAL to Mallord, broker, for information pertaining to Commissioner Fair. 22-tf

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-23tf

WANTED for the next 30 days one hundred water closets to clean at three dollars apiece for the borough only. John Barry, Box 526.

WANTED—A tenant for a well-situated, newly painted house of six rooms. Location in North Plainfield; about ten minutes from depot; splendid neighborhood; large garden; $14 month. Inquire at News office.

THE BEE HIVE!

The time has arrived to take your babies out for a ride, but they must be neatly dressed, so we have secured a complete stock of Infants' Robes from 75c. to $1.

Infants' long skirts from 50c. up.

Silk caps at all prices. Long cashmere cloaks, with embroidered collars, from $1.50 to $8. Infant baby carriage robes $1.25 and $1.50.

A new line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear. Also a full line of Children's and Misses muslin underwear.

SPECIAL !

4 Button Kid Gloves, 67c.
2 Button length Suede Mosquetaire, in tans and black, 67c.

New Line of Ties
will be opened on Saturday.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

USE THE BEST!

DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

A. M. Vanderbeek's,
23 PARK AVENUE.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF
Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Ornaments, etc., will enhance anything of the kind ever attempted in this city. Latest styles of Tailor Made Jackets and Children's Blazers at New York prices. Also a variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in trimmings.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 36 inch board for 10c; good prints, 3½ cents; glassware 5c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

PRICE CUTS

Only Until April 1,
ON
HARDWARE
AND
HOUSEFURNISHINGS,
AT
A. M. GRIFFEN'S,
13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A corrupt power is never so near its end as when it seems strongest.

The hardest part of the seal question to be decided is whether those animals shall be destroyed in the open sea on the way to and from their breeding grounds at Pribylov islands. After the *breeding season is over the seals* migrate southward. They swim down through the Alentian archipelago, past the western coasts of British America and the United States, and as far south as San Francisco. Then in due season they turn and migrate northward to the Pribylov islands. During these journeys in the open sea they are slaughtered by the thousand, both by Americans and Canadians. Restriction has been put upon the wholesale killing of wild game and food fishes in all civilized countries. The same restrictions must be put on seal slaughtering, outside of Behring sea as well as in, or seals will soon be exterminated. In their preservation Great Britain is quite as much interested as the United States. Both countries should mutually agree to prevent each her own citizens from taking these animals except under conditions that will insure their continued existence. Or do we want the seal, which brings us in millions of dollars a year, to follow the fate of the buffalo, the deer and the wild turkey?

The Coming Colored Orator.

The coming colored statesman and orator of this country is apparently Charles S. Morris, of Kentucky, a young man about twenty-five years old. Unlike most of his race, his native talents have been thoroughly developed by cultivation. In Louisville, when a schoolboy, Mr. Morris' graduating oration was so brilliant that it was published in full in The Courier-Journal. Later the young man went to school at Phillips' academy and at Harvard. His eloquence was so marked that he was quickly recognized as one of the leading debaters in the university.

Leaving school, Mr. Morris took naturally to politics. Scarcely a wonder, when it is recalled that he is a direct descendant of Robert Morris, the famous statesman of the Revolution. He is a good looking young fellow, and his eloquence is so impressive that once after he had filled an appointment made for Senator Hiscock, a friend introduced him to Mr. Hiscock with the remark, "Senator, I think it would pay you to hire him *as your substitute on all occasions.*" The ease and naturalness with which Mr. Morris takes hold of and unravels the tariff and other profound political questions shows a capacity of understanding remarkable in so young a man.

Frederick Douglass wrote to him last year a warmly commendatory letter in which he said: "I am delighted and *Lord* that a young man of your promise has risen to plead the cause of justice to our people at the bar of public opinion."

Many Millioned.

It has been supposed that W. W. Astor was the richest man in this country. A writer in the New York Herald, however, puts John D. Rockefeller ahead, with a fortune of $125,000,000. It may be remarked in passing that Mr. Rockefeller is not only the richest, but judging from his portrait in The Herald, the best looking of the great millionaires of the American republic. The second richest man is Astor, with $120,000,000, while if Norcross, the dynamite crank, had succeeded in his design on Mr. Russell Sage, he would have scattered abroad the fragments of the third richest man in the Union and the possessor of $90,000,000.

The last figuring puts the capital invested in business in this great and growing country at $60,000,000,000. There are seventeen persons living in New York city whose possessions amount to $1,000,000,000, and it may be mentioned that three-fourths of the richest men in the country live in New York. Many made their fortunes in the west, however, and went to New York to increase and spend them at the same time, so that the great wealth of New York represents millions and even billions gathered up in the west.

The richest woman in her own right in the country is probably Hetty Green, the owner of certainly not less than $40,000,000, made chiefly by her own exertions." At the rate Hetty is still saving her honest pennies, if she lives long enough she will yet rank among the hundred millionaires.

It is asserted that there are 70 men in our plain and simple republic that are worth on an average $37,500,000 apiece. There are 150 worth over $20,000,000 each. Among owners of the cloth mills of New England alone are 20 men with fortunes of from $5,000,000 to $40,000,000 apiece. As to the men worth one to three millions, there are so many scattered over the land that the number cannot be calculated. Yet even twenty-five years ago a fortune of a million was considered larger than one of ten millions is today. Our ideas enlarge along with our wealth. A notable point is the immense fortunes that belong in California. The many millioned men in Chicago come next to those of New York in number. One is surprised finally to find how many persons worth two millions and over there are in Detroit and in Michigan generally.

A FREE SILVER SETBACK.

Filibustering Kills Bland's Bill for the Time Being.

A DIRECT VOTE WAS STAVED OFF.

On Motion of Bland Himself the House Adjourned Without Taking Action—An Exciting Tie Vote and Confusion in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Fortune smiled *on the anti-silver men in* congress with such surprising geniality that they snatched practically a victory from the very jaws of defeat. They expected to see the Bland bill passed by the house, or at least put into parliamentary shape for passage at an early day, by an overwhelming majority. The friends of the bill were as joyful as their opponents were sorrowful, but at the end of a day of running debate and exciting cross firing, parliamentary juggling and general excitement, the battle ended with the free coinage men routed, apparently beyond hope of recall. An unlooked for combination of anti-silver men and Republicans sprang upon them at the moment of their victory, and rendered all hope of the passage of the Bland bill *futile*, for the present at least.

The scenes in the house from the hour of 2 o'clock until midnight of last night have seldom been excelled for interest and excitement, and were at one time highly dramatic, especially during the incidents of the speaker's casting the tie vote in the most important roll call of the day.

At 5 o'clock Mr. Bland called the previous question on the bill. Speaker Crisp made the usual announcement, and instantly Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, was on his feet with a counter motion to lay the bill on the table. His entry into the fight was at once recognized as a move on the part of the Republicans to help the anti-silver men kill the bill.

At that moment nearly every member of the house was on his feet and the greatest confusion prevailed. The spectators in the galleries looked down upon the excited crowd of legislators and entered into the spirit of the occasion. Speaker Crisp declined for a moment to consider Mr. Burrows' motion to lay on the table took precedence over the demand for the previous question. Mr. Bynum read the rule on the subject, which showed clearly that a motion to lay on the table was in order at that time. The roll call was therefore taken on the motion, the yeas and nays having been demanded and the vote resulted as follows:

A Tie Vote.

Yeas—Messrs. Amerman, Andrew, Atkinson, Bacon, Barwig, Belden, Bellman, Bettshover, Bentley, Bingham, Bowers, Boyle, Bowman, Brawley, Brickner, Brosius, Brunner, Buchanan (N. J.), Bunting, Burrows, Bushnell, Cable, Cadmus, Caldwell, Castle, Cassidy, Chapin, Chipman, Clancy, Cobb (Mo.), Coburn, Cockran, Cogswell, Coolidge, Coombs, Covert, Cox (N. Y.), Craig (Pa.), Crosby, Cummings, Curtis, Cutting, Daniel, Dalzell, Dalforest, Dingley, Doane, Dolliver, Dunphy, English, Fellows, Fitch, Flick, Funk, Geary, Gest, Gillet, Grosvenor, Griswold, Grout, Hall, Halsell, Hamilton, Harper, Harter (Ohio), Hayes (Ia.), Hayne (O.), Henderson, (Ia.), Hitt, Hoar, Hooker (N. Y.), Hopkins (Ill.), Houk (Tenn.), Hoyt, Huff, Hulick, Hunter, Johnson (N. D.), Ketcham, Kribbs, Logan, Lapham, Lind, Little, Lockwood, Lodge, Lond, Lynch, Mahoney, Marsh, McDonald, McGann, McKaig, McKenna, McKinney, Meyer, Miller, Millikin, Mitchell, Moncher, Moorhouse, O'Donnell, O'Neill (Mass.), O'Neill (Pa.), Outhwaite, Page (R. I.), Page (Md.), Pattison (O.), Payne, Perkins, Post, Powers, Quackenbush, Ranney, Randall, Ray, Rayner, Reed, Rayhael, Rife, Robinson (Pa.), Russell, Scull, Seerley, Shaw, Shaw, Shonp, Simmons, Skinner, Stevens, Stone, Storer, Stout, Stump, Taylor (Ill.), Taylor (Joseph D.), Tracey, Walker, Warner, Wheeler, Wheeler, (Mich.), Wilcox, Williams (Mass.), Wilson (Ky.), Wilson (Wash.), Wilson (W. Va.), Wolverton and Wright—146.

Nays—Abbott, Alderson, Alexander, Allen, Arnold, Bankhead, Barnes, Bartine, Bayne, Bartine, Beaman, Blanchard, Bland, Blount, Bowers, Branch, Breckinridge (Ark.), Breckinridge (Ky.), Brets, Broderick, Brookshire, Bryan, Buchanan (Va.), Bullock, Bunn, Busey, Butler, Bynum, Byrnes, Caminetti, Capehart, Carulth, Catch, Clark (W.), Clark (Ala.), Cobb (Ala.), Cowles, Cox (Tenn.), Crain (Tex.), Crawford, Culberson, Davis, Dearmond, Dickinson, Dixon, Dockery, Dunn, Edmunds, Ellis, Epes, Everett, Fithian, Forney, Fowler, Funston, Ryan, Gates, Goodnight, Gorman, Grady, Harrison, Hare, Harris, Hatch, Hines, Hemphill, Henderson (N. C.), Herman, Holman, Hook (O.), Johnson (O.), Kerr, Ikin, Kyle, Lanham, Lawson (Va.), Lawson (Ga.), Layton, Lewis, Livingston, Long, Mallory, Maudar, Mayers, Mahon, McCreary, McGuire, McMillin, McRae, Meredith, Mills, Montgomery, Moore, Moses, Norton, O'Ferrall, O'Neill (Mo.), Otis, Owen, Parrott, Patterson, Tenn., Pate, Payne, Pearson, Pendleton, Pickler, Pierce, Price Reilly, Richardson, Robertson (La.), Rogers, Rowland, Sayers, Settle, Shively, Simpson, Snow, Stackhouse (Ills.), Stewart (Tex.), Stockdale, Stone (Ky.), Sweet, Taylor (Va.), Taylor (Tenn.), Tillman, Turner, Tucker, Turner, Turpin, Warwick, Washington, Watson, Weadock, Wheeler (Ala.), White, Whiting, Williams (S. C.), Williams (Ills.), Wilson (Mo.), Winn, Wise, Youmans and Mr. Speaker —148.

Decided by the Speaker.

While the vote was being taken the members began to gather in the pit in front of the desks and as the call proceeded a spirit of excitement upon all grew as the report was whispered from mouth to mouth that the bill had been laid on the table. The vote was soon to be very close, and the excitement grew from minute to minute till the call showed the exact status of the case, which was that without the vote of the speaker the motion to lay the bill on the table had prevailed by one majority. Messrs. Enloe, of Tennessee, and Herbert, of Alabama, who would have voted "yea," asked to be recorded, but as they could not answer "yes" to the speaker's query "was the gentleman in the hall and failed to hear his name called?" this request was not entertained.

Mr. Bland, the author of the bill, asked to have his vote changed from "no" to "aye," in order to be able to move a reconsideration, but withdrew his request upon hearing the speaker say "the clerk will call my name."

"Mr. Crisp," "no." And then, amid a fence as marked as had been the immediately previous disorder and racket: "The vote on the motion to lay the bill on the table is ayes 148, nays 148; so the motion fails."

When quiet had been partially restored Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, moved that the house adjourn.

Mr. Bland asked in case the motion prevailed, if the bill would not be placed on the calendar until the committee on rules brought in another order for its consideration.

The speaker said it would on the motion to adjourn. The motion to adjourn was then put and failed by a vote of yeas, 99; nays, 198.

After the speaker had announced that the house refused to adjourn, Mr. Johnson, of Ohio, moved to reconsider the vote by which the house refused to lay the Livermore bill on the table.

Pandemonium Reigned.

Mr. Bland promptly moved to lay the motion on the table, on which motion Mr. Johnson called for the yeas and nays. A roll call was ordered. The vote on Mr. Bland's motion to lay on the table Mr. Johnson's motion to reconsider, resulted: Yeas, 148; nays, 148.

The announcement of the vote was received with applause. The speaker then stated the pending motion to be that of Mr. Johnson of Ohio to reconsider. At this point the house refused to lay the bill on the table, and a roll call was entered upon amidst confusion that had prevailed more or less for several hours. The motion was lost—148 to 148.

Mr. O'Neill, of Massachusetts, asked for reconsideration of the vote. This the speaker said was not proper, as the request came too late. Messrs. O'Neill of Massachusetts, Tracey of New York, Cockran of New York, Flinn of New York, and several other members rose to questions of privilege, but the house was a perfect pandemonium. Hisses greeted the decision and statements of the speaker, and the space in front of the speaker's table was crowded with members jostling and pushing each other.

Mr. Cockran inquired if it was in order to appeal from the decision of the chair.

The speaker said it was. An appeal was made, and Mr. Bland moved to lay that motion on the table. The scene was now in confusion, worse, confounded.

Reed to the Rescue.

Mr. Reed came to the rescue and gave his views on the question of reconsideration. He thought it was not too the interest of any one to have confusion on questions of this kind. When he was speaker he had denied reconsideration requests when made in view to filibustering, but the general custom had been to allow reconsideration. If the gentleman from New York (Mr. Cockran) intended to make the request for a reconsideration, he presumed the present occupant of the chair would allow a reconsideration to be made [applause].

Mr. Cockran said he was waiting for members to complete their changes. He was attending to one change to be made by the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. McDonald), who had voted "no" on the roll call and who desired to vote "yea," and he was looking around to see if there were other changes when the vote was announced. He now appealed to members of the house for unanimous consent that a reconsideration be had. There were several objections, which were hastily withdrawn.

Mr. Bland also asked for unanimous consent and Mr. Cockran withdrew his appeal from the decision of the chair. Order was once more restored and a reconsideration was made.

Mr. Meyers, of Louisiana, appeared before the bar of the house and said he had voted aye and was not recorded. He left the hall after voting.

Mr. Cockran inquired if he (Mr. Meyers) would not be allowed to vote now.

Jubilant Anti-Silver Men.

The chair said that as the member from Louisiana was in the hall and had voted he would have his vote recorded. [Loud applause.]

Mr. Huff, of Pennsylvania, also said that he had voted and was not recorded. He, too, was allowed to vote, and Fitch, of Illinois, Geary, Gest, Gillet, Grosvenor, Griswold, Grout, Hall, Halsell, Hamilton, Harper, Harter, Hayes, Hayne (Ia.), Haynes (O.) Henderson, (Ia.), Hitt, Hoar, Hooker (N. Y.), Hopkins (Ill.), Houk (Tenn.), Hoyt, Hulick, Hunter, Johnson (N. D.), Ketcham, Kribbs, Logan, Lapham, Lind, Little, Lockwood, Lodge, Lond, Lynch, Mahoney, Marsh, McDonald, McGann, McKaig, McKenna, McKinney, Meyer, Miller, Millikin, Mitchell, Moncher, Moorhouse, O'Donnell, O'Neill (Mass.), O'Neill (Pa.), Outhwaite, Page (R. I.), Page (Md.), Pattison (O.), Payne, Perkins, Post, Powers, Quackenbush, Ranney, Randall, Ray, Rayner, Reed, Rayhael, Rife, Robinson (Pa.), Russell, Scull, Seerley, Shaw, Shaw, Shonp, Simmons, Skinner, Stevens, Stone, Storer, Stout, Stump, Taylor (Ill.), Taylor (Joseph D.), Tracey, Walker, Warner, Wheeler, Wheeler, (Mich.), Wilcox, Williams (Mass.), Wilson (Ky.), Wilson (Wash.), Wilson (W. Va.), Wolverton and Wright—146.

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ELIOT STARTS A STORM

Harvard Staggered by Its President's Mormon Eulogy.

THE COLLEGE IN A STATE OF MIND.

The Latter Day Saints Were Favorably Compared to the Pilgrim Fathers in a Speech by President Eliot, and Faculty and Students Cry Out in Protest.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 25.—Harvard and nearly all Cambridge are amazed over the report of a speech by President Eliot before the Mormons in Salt Lake City a week ago. His words are said to have been these:

As I came over the plains I thought of that early journey when the first colonists marched across those lands for the freedom of a Christian church, and this reminded me of another pilgrimage, though across the water. I refer to the Pilgrim Fathers. They, too, went a long way to escape persecution. They, too, suffered hardships for principle. They, too, were filled with religious enthusiasm. They sought freedom also to worship God. In planting a colony it is the women who have the hardest part. They died faster than the men in Massachusetts.

The great successful colonies of the world are founded on religious enthusiasm. Here you founded a colony that you might worship God according to the dictates of your conscience. Here in this valley has risen the question of religious liberty. In Massachusetts all churches are equal before the law. There is no reason why this religious liberty may not be enjoyed in all the other states and territories as well as in Massachusetts. Let us devote ourselves to this liberty, civil and religious, the foundation of true heart and for the individual also. If I could do something to unite the elements in this territory and bring them to such religious liberty as is known in other parts of the country, it would be to me a great reward.

At a speech in Denver President Eliot is reported to have said that there was a Mormon colony among the students at Harvard. These two speeches were circulated in town and created a storm of comment. One leading professor said:

It would have been well for President Eliot if he never crossed the plains. Why, it is an outrage to compare the beastly Mormons to the Pilgrim Fathers. The great successful colonies of the world are founded on religious enthusiasm, but religion is only used as a cloak by the Mormons. Does Mr. Eliot forget the struggles for freedom in England? Does he forget through the Mormons many honest Americans are now on their graves, men that were cruelly butchered? There are unknown graves as monument to the cruelties, the barbarities and the persecutions of the Mormons.

The most charitable way to look at it is that President Eliot's brain was temporarily out of order. The idea of speaking in such a manner to such a people! Has he forgotten, among other things, the unfortunate women who for years were enticed from England, Germany and other parts of Europe to Utah to lead a life of shame, the life of the slave, in a harem? Today, Mr. Eliot has offended the deep sentiment figured by the speech made by the president of Harvard university, she bows her head in shame. Virtue in Harvard does not hold these views he should remember his position and keep his talk to himself instead of making his alma mad Harvard college the laughing stock of the world.

The students did not mince matters in their opinion. A good many believed that if President Eliot used the language, he was beside himself. Said one of the youngsters:

President Eliot is a dear old fellow. Fresh may be slang, but it just covers the case exactly. If we discover a Mormon colony at Harvard with Brigham Young at its head, Eliot's days will be numbered.

The undergraduates did not enjoy the fact that the president of Harvard was being publicly reproached polygamy, and who seem to be sincere in seeking a share in civilization.

Many would be better for them or more likely to save the Mormon evil, social, moral and political, than to have scores of the young men and women of the Mormon church in eastern schools and colleges and brought face to face with the noble home life of New England. Nothing will do more to break up polygamy than education. He has spoken kindly to them and told them that they would be welcome at Harvard. He will probably receive a delegation of the worst words from those who cannot or will not sympathize with his purpose, but time will show that his vision is as far seeing as it has been proved to be in many other ways.

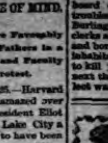
Regard to Visit Cleveland.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 25.—Ex-Secretary of State Bayard will visit Ex-President Cleveland in New York in a few days. It is understood that their conference will be of a political nature.

A Dream in Yellow.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

It is a question now whether green or yellow will be the prevailing color—but there is no question about beautiful design in yellow. It is a positive dream of moiré and brocaded striped silk, with a ruche round the base. The bodice is of yellow brocade, trimmed with jet, and arranged with plastrons of yellow silk muslin.



Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is commended by most every one who has used it. Superior to very powerful glasses at a moderate price. Has large field of view, is very powerful, well constructed, and will stand the hardest usage. Is quickly set, and remains in focus at all distances. Is as much as some glasses costing five times as much. Is equally good for Marine, Field or Opera use.

QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS will have an immediate sale for these goods.

Prices { Medium size (6 in.) $3.50 / Largest size (8 in.) $5.00 } All in russia leather, with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by insured mail, prepaid.

QUEEN & CO.,
Manufacturers.
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz.: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Pork and Beans, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Winberner's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Springless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dowerth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

GET YOUR

TEAMING AND GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 2tf

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ┼ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—49 East Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

26 West Front Street.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

THREE BEST TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the quantities he is receiving, thereby avoiding delays and errors for coal sold, which he guarantees to give more heat to dollar for dollar than possible by any other method of advertising.

Orders (Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal) to be left at office and yard will receive prompt attention.

Rooms and Boarding Lehigh.

He would also announce recently formed partnership in wrecking and Beyold Bros., and by strict attention to business and the same he has been successful in obtaining a liberal share of public patronage.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging to all its branches. Bankstock building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

NEITHER

Hot Water

OR

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

12 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes

FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. FOFE, Treasurer.

C. S. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

15 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE

P. O. BOX 1497,

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Lessons in Elocution, classes or private lessons. For terms, address Mrs. Allbard, P. O. Box 1020.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons at residences in Plainfield, Westfield and Dunellen. Testimonial from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson call, write to Prof. L. Vivoux, care of Mrs. Ernest Bond and Bowron, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

ACADEMY.

Boarding and Day School, Re-opened Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD P. HARNED, Prin. 9 20 tf 9 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. The regular session begins Monday, Sept. 28. At 9 a. m. and from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her rooms or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 146 Madison avenue.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM

FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

68 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of Finest

Light Blue Color.

Reference:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MERKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

94 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved method.

The most comfy finishes are very often ruined by starching and ironing. Leave them to us and we will finish and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

AT LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 18 WEST FRONT STREET,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.,
Engineer of the Plainfield Union County Water System, special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Counsellor at Law, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office: No. 30 West Front street.

CLARK & MEED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, and Solicitors of Loans over Five National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TRAIR,
Counsellor at Law, Broadway, New York City, Room 32 and 33, Equitable and Trust Co. Building, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING CO'S PAN!

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms reasonable. Orders left at Dr. Griffen's office, corner of Park avenue and Second street, will receive prompt attention. Residence of John Bound, of Bound Brook, Somerset county, will also be left at office for the convenience of those living in that section.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST given under satisfactory conditions. Don't be misled by the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both as one.

Just now Come to my store for the best assortment of Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Fruits, and seasonal luxury goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

SALISBURY MAY CHOOSE.

He Has Three Alternatives in the Behring Sea Case.

AND NEITHER PILL IS A GILDED ONE

He May Renew the Modus Vivendi or Keep His Hands Off While the United States Protects Its Property and Its Rights, or Have a Fight on His Hands.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Lord Salisbury may renew the modus vivendi, keep his hands off while the United States protects its property and jurisdictional rights in Behring sea, or have a fight on his hands. That is the summary of the situation in the senate at the close of an executive session nearly four hours long. Senator Sherman, chairman of the committee of foreign relations, reported the treaty providing for the arbitration of the Behring sea matter to the senate, with a recommendation that it be ratified. He supported the report with a speech of some length, contending that the treaty should be ratified in order to carry out the programme entered upon by the United States government when it agreed to refer its claims to arbitration. In addition to the report on the treaty,

Mr. Sherman reported a resolution in line with the argument put forth by President Harrison in his response to Salisbury's latest suggestion, and as outlined in these dispatches, stating that having submitted the case to arbitration, the senate would support the president in any course he might adopt for protecting property and rights involved in the arbitration. Mr. Sherman was followed by Messrs. Morgan and Gray, of the committee, who agreed with him that the government ought to protect its property pending arbitration.

The President Will Be Backed Up.

Messrs. Frye, Chandler, Teller, Butler, Pugh and others were outspoken against the treaty, stating, it is said, that unless the treaty provided for a renewal of the modus vivendi, they would not vote for it; and if the treaty failed for that reason they were willing to abide the consequences.

Senators from several southern states gave utterances to equally earnest sentiments, and there was a general expression that the United States could not afford to treat Great Britain any differently than it did Chili, because of any alleged superiority of its navy. The report that the English squadron had been ordered to proceed to Behring sea was mentioned and commented on in this connection. There was no violence in the discussion, it is said, but a deep earnestness borne of the serious possibilities that confronted the senate. One thing was made manifest, which was that anything like the president determined to do for the protection of the seal and the maintainance of our claims, pending arbitration, would meet the approval of the senate.

Without taking action on the treaty or the resolution the senate adjourned with the understanding that the matter will be taken up again today. The senate made public the correspondence in the matter, of which the following is a summary:

The Correspondence.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, March 19, communicated to Assistant Secretary Wharton the substance of Lord Salisbury's reply to the note of the 5th to this effect: His lordship does not believe that another year's suspension of sealing is necessary to prevent undue diminution of the herds. 2. In view of the probably long duration of the arbitration serious damage would result from a suspension of sealing until it should be ended. 3. He suggests that sealing be permitted to proceed, the vessels engaging giving indemnity for damages that may accrue.

On March 22 Mr. Wharton replied to Mr. Pauncefote. The note points out the loss of female life by pelagic sealing, and says that Salisbury's contention that another year's suspension of such sealing is not necessary to prevent "undue diminution of seal herds" is as surprising as it is disappointing. For either nation to proceed in disregard of the claims of the other pending arbitration adds but another cause of injury and injustice. And if the English government proceeds upon the basis of its contention no choice is left the United States but to proceed upon the basis of its confident conviction that pelagic sealing in the Behring sea is an infraction of its jurisdiction and property rights.

"The president is not willing," the note proceeds, "to be found in any degree responsible for the results that may follow the insistence by either government during the season upon the extreme rights claimed by it."

Declines to Discuss It.

The president declines to discuss the proposition to take separate bonds from sealing vessels for damages, and as the pending treaty gives no power to the arbitrators to adjudge damages, there would be no risk to the obligors and the bonds of no value to the United States. As to Salisbury's suggestion that Canadian sealers may have claims for compensation if Great Britain restrains pelagic sealing, the president says he does not see how citizens of any treaty powers can have any claim growing out of necessary trade restraints which may be lawfully imposed.

The further suggestion that arbitration may not be concluded in time to govern the season of 1892 is provided against by the treaty itself, and the president calls Salisbury's attention to the fact that his lordship's statement that four years have elapsed since arbitration of the Delagoa dispute with Portugal began; that treaty was not signed until June 30, 1891.

In conclusion, the president says, the least this government can accept in modus of last year, and he hopes that Salisbury will give prompt and friendly assent to its renewal. Otherwise, "this government, as has already been pointed out, will be compelled to use every means in its power to protect from destruction or serious injury property and jurisdictional rights which it has long claimed and enjoyed."

His Corpse in a Horse Trough.

ELKTON, Md., March 25.—The corpse of John S. Everist, a prominent citizen, of this county and a director of the Port Deposit National bank, was found in a horse trough full of water. Mr. Everist is worth $100,000. He was about eighty years old. It is suspected that he committed suicide. What led him to do this rash act is not known.

Ward Will Soon Be Free.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Ferdinand Ward, who ruined several New York banks and one of General Grant's sons by his financial crookedness, will be released from Sing Sing prison on April 30, after having served a term of six years and six months for his wrongdoing.

Baroness Rothschild Dead.

VIENNA, March 25.—Baroness Albert Rothschild, who has been ill for a long time, died today.

Why They Caught Bigger Fish.

Mr. Harry Pearce was out one day with Colonel Sandeman, from whom he rents a portion of his salmon fishing, when there approached them Lady Smith's keeper, who after the manner of his kind entered into conversation.

"How is it?" asked the keeper, "that we catch bigger fish in our water than you do in yours?"

The colonel reflected for a moment, and then passively rubbing his chin replied calmly:

"Because you are bigger liars up there."—Man of the World.

His Last Card.

He—But Emily—

She—It's of little interest to me what you are about to say; for three years you have absented yourself from wife, child and home, and I feel convinced nothing brings you back but the information you have received of my having been left a considerable sum of money. I have no further use for you; you may go!

He—But are the teachings of the modern drama to be forgotten? Is the contrite and repentant rocket played out?—Life.

Brother Jasper Married.

RICHMOND, Va., March 25.—Rev. John Jasper, of the "sun do move" theory, who is eighty years old, was married to Mary Carey, fifty-nine years old. She is a little, stumpy woman, black as ink, and with a face that could not look otherwise than comical, even at her own wedding. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. H. Phillips. After the ceremony the couple held a reception.

The Suffering in Russia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—The following telegram from Saratoy, Russia, was received by Mayor Stuart. "Arrived all right and proceeded at once in sledges 200 miles through famine fanatic district. Suffering west Volga intense. Surrounding districts greater, if possible. Send all telegrams care of Minister Smith. BLANKENBURG."

Searching for More Victims.

LONDON, March 25.—Dispatches from Perth, Australia, say that the police have begun removing the floor of the house in which Deeming, alias Williams, lived while there. The police expect to find gold, which Deeming pilfered from his employers while engineer of a mine, and perhaps more bodies.

An Old Lady Assassinated.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—Mrs. S. C. Leonard, an old lady living in this city, was found lying in a pool of blood on the floor of her room. Three bleeding gashes, evidently made with an ax were on her forehead, and the old lady died without giving any information as to who the assassin was.

Both Sides Claim It.

NEW ORLEANS, March 25.—Both sides claim the Democratic state faction fight, and both organizations are firing off Roman candles and rockets. McEnery men say the returns so far received show a majority of 1,600 for McEnery, with only three small parishes to hear from, and Nicholls men say it cannot change the result one way or the other more than a few hundred. The Foster faction claim the state by 1,500.

Want the Chinese Excluded.

NEW YORK, March 25.—A mass meeting was held in this city under the auspices of the Central Labor union to protest against Chinese immigration to this country, and resolutions were adopted calling on congress for the immediate and perpetual exclusion of Chinese from American territory.

Another Carnegie Gift.

PITTSBURG, March 25.—Andrew Carnegie has returned from California and announced to his Homestead workmen his intention to build and present to them a library, public hall and gymnasium at Homestead after the style of building presented to his Braddock workmen. The building will cost $100,000.

Missouri's G. A. R.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., March 25.—The state encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic elected Charles W. Whitehead, of Kansas City, department commander; Louis Schaeffer, of Brunswick, senior vice commander, and T. E. Platt, of Kingston, junior vice commander.

A Reprimand for Overman.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The president has approved the findings of the court martial in the case of Major C. Overman, charged with neglect of his duty as a paymaster. The court sentenced Major Overman to be reprimanded.

A Sea Wrongfully Accused.

ATEN, Mass., March 25.—Charles G. Wilson, the alleged murderer of his father by arsenic, was discharged. Many Wood's fiend poison arsenic in the parts submitted, either in the father or mother.

Laidlaw Sues Sage.

NEW YORK, March 25.—William B. Laidlaw has sued Russell Sage for $100,000 for injuries sustained when in Sage's office at the time of the Gilligan bomb explosion. Sage proposes to fight.

Steinitz Will Play in Boston.

BOSTON, March 25.—William Steinitz, the chess champion of the world, will come to this city soon for a season of play with local experts at the request of the Boston Chess club.

Fuller Will Become a Missionary.

BOSTON, March 25.—Alfred C. Fuller, son of Hon. Robert O. Fuller, of Cambridge, and well known in the social circles of that city, has decided to enter into mission work in India.

Massachusetts Legislation.

BOSTON, March 25.—The legislature passed the bills fixing the governor's salary at $5,000 per year and authorizing the operation of steam railroads by electricity.

Summoned by the Kaiser.

BERLIN, March 25.—Herr Ballestrem, the leader of the Center party in the reichstag, has gone to Habertinstock by invitation of the kaiser.

Banker Paige a Thief.

PATTERSVILLE, O., March 25.—R. K. Paige, head of the Citizens' Savings bank, which closed its doors last Monday, has fled with nearly $100,000.

MINISTER REID'S FAREWELL.

A Distinguished Gathering Bids Him a Safe Voyage Home.

PARIS, March 25.—There were over 300 guests at the farewell dinner given to Whitelaw Reid, the retiring United States minister, at the Hotel Continental, which was beautifully decorated in honor of the occasion.

In the place of honor at the table at the head of the room sat Mr. John H. Harjes, of Drexel, Morgan & Co.; on his right Mr. Reid and on his left Mr. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs. Others at the table of honor were:

M. de Freycinet, minister of war and ex-president of the council; General Brugere, representing President Carnot's military household; M. Jules Roche, minister of commerce; Senators Jules Simon and Girard, Consul General Adam E. King, and others. After the dinner Chairman John H. Harjes rapped for silence and proposed in a few words the health of Presidents Carnot and Harrison. He then spoke to the toast of the evening, "Our guest, his excellency, Mr. Whitelaw Reid." In his response Mr. Reid said, inter other things:

I do not know who my successor will be, but I am sure he will be worthy of the post, and I can wish him at the outset no greater happiness than that you may treat him as you have always treated me. My politics have always been quite kept secret, but they have been kept for use at home. We are all of one party here, for we are all Americans all in favor of our country, whichever party governs, against the world.

Then M. French Mr. Reid paid a graceful tribute to the official and other representatives of France present. He expressed his hearty thanks for the cordiality and friendship always shown by the French.

Mr. Reid and his family will leave tomorrow for Havre after the signing of the extradition treaty. He says that he is tired and is anxious for rest, and does not want the nomination for the vice presidency.

DRAYTON WILL KEEP SILENCE.

He Decides Not to Make Any Statement About the Scandal.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Young Mr. J. Coleman Drayton, who recently tried in vain to induce young Mr. H. Alsop Borrowe to fight a duel in France, contented yesterday over the published correspondence between himself and Borrowe and their seconds. The statement of his position, which both he and his friends had said would be issued after he had read and digested the newspaper literature of the duel was not forthcoming.

Mr. John Nash, counsel for Mr. J. Coleman Drayton, said that no statement regarding the case had been prepared, was being prepared, or would be prepared. He said that no statement would be made at all.

It was alleged by close friends of Mr. Drayton that the published correspondence in relation to the duel was garbled and incomplete. These friends said there were missing the promises on which M. de Morny had consented to act as a second. A letter written by Mr. Drayton to M. de Morny, calling Mr. Borrowe a liar for intimating that Mr. Drayton had received a confession from his wife, or had received hush money from the Astor family.

Mr. Burrowe and his second issued a brief statement to the effect that they were not to blame for the duel publication; that they were in utter ignorance that any publication had taken place or that any statement on the subject had been given to any newspaper. We looked on the correspondence as sacred, and we can only condemn the breach of faith in whosoever has seen fit to take such a step." Any sentences of ostracism brought against Mr. H. A. Borrowe must fall to the ground of itself, as every one who knows him must know how thoroughly without foundation is such accusation, they say.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

Both Houses Pass a Resolution Bearing on Judge Maynard's Case.

ALBANY, March 25.—The charges made against Judge Maynard by the Bar associations, and the resolutions of that body asking for his removal by the legislature, were laid before the senate, and on motion of Senator Cantor the following was adopted:

Resolved, If the assembly concur, that the judiciary committee of the senate and assembly be and they are hereby authorized and directed to make immediate investigation of the charges and specifications contained therewith with power to send for persons and papers and report their conclusions thereon with all convenient speed.

The senate passed the bill for a Harlem river ship canal bridge, and the bill amending the New York city improvement law so as to prohibit rags in tenements save those worn by the occupants, and for the abolition of stables and tenement house combination.

The special order in the assembly was Farquhar's bill amending the ballot reform law by authorizing election officers to fold official ballots prior to an election in order to show to the voter by the erasure how the ballot should be finally folded; also enabling those who claim physical disability to specify the exact form of their disability and swear to it. It also removes the district indorsement from the back of the ballot and places it on the face. The Republicans made no fight or no opposition, and the bill passed by a vote of 91 to 0.

When the Maynard investigation resolution adopted by the senate reached the house a motion to concur was put and carried in less than sixty seconds.

Cleveland Will Help.

PROVIDENCE, March 25.—The Democratic state committee has received assurance from ex-President Cleveland that he will take part in the political campaign in this state. Congressman Bynum will also participate in the campaign. The Republicans will send Governor Harrison, and such well known men as McKinley, Reed and Tracy will be here to assist them.

The McDonald Will Case.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 25.—Judge Brown, in the McDonald will case, announced that he would not order Mr. McDonald to submit to examination before counsel. This examination will develop all the facts in relation to the dream theory of Miss Alice Ellis, of Washington, concerning the alteration of the will.

The Dolphin at Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The United States steamer Dolphin has arrived at Washington.

Prince De Chimay Dying.

BRUSSELS, March 25.—The Prince de Chimay, minister of foreign affairs, is dying.

Abbott Stated for a Title.

OTTAWA, March 25.—Premier Abbott is shortly to be knighted by the queen.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 25 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Builders Cards.

P. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8'87

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Best references. Orders left at Arbott & Fridel's store, Fourth street, P. O. Square Box, will receive prompt attention. Residence Third street, Plainfield.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview Park. P. O. Box 111

JOHN BEHRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Second and Sayre streets, Plainfield, N. J.
10-16-17 J. BEHRMANN, 9 Sayre street.

R. V. SAUER,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound Brook. P. O. Box 1230. Jobbing attended to. Most entire given electricity on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Fremont place. P. O. Box 513.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 31.
W. J. Pierson, No. 10 Vine street, E. S. Gayle, No. 32 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Screen doors and weather strips a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST,
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 627 Bower St., near Plainfield.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.
Close—9:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:45, 5:30, 6:45, 7:30, 8:02, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Leave New York, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Sunday at 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:45, 5:30, 6:45, 7:30, 8:02, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Sunday at 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EAST ORANGE.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 9:04, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5:45 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Somerville, Manville, Bridge Branch, Millstone, Kingston, Princeton, Lawrenceville, Trenton, Morrisville, Tullytown, Bristol, Torresdale, Frankford, Philadelphia, Kensington, Market Street Ferry, Camden, Atlantic City, Bridgeton, Millville, Cape May, Pemberton, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Medford, Vincentown, Hainesport, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Medford, Vincentown, Pemberton, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Smithville

SOME CLUB MEMBERS.

CHARACTERISTIC INDIVIDUALS WHO MAKE UP A WOMAN'S CLUB.

Critical Sketches of Persons Who Take a Prominent and Interesting Part in the Organization Known Always as "The Woman's Club."

The Ardent Young Member who has just joined, she is so sweet. She has never had the pleasure of writing any statistics before, and now she opens her mouth, eyes and notebook over them. To her the horrors of Russia, the increase of crime, the tenement house question, the race problem, theosophy, physical culture and drainage are delightfully alarming questions, over which she weeps and flushes and applauds as their many sides are presented and discussed. She listens with respect and awe to every one who speaks, and trembles with delight to find herself a member of such a wonderful club. She votes both ways with a feeble voice or hand, and then ever admiringly ensures if she ought'nt to rise and explain, that a new count may be taken. She never misses a meeting, is always early; never gets up to go out before the speaker has finished and exhibits superfluous gratification if any one speaks to her. She is very careful to wear her good clothes to the club and studies

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

BREVITIES.

—Middlesex county will soon issue $100,000 worth of bridge bonds.

—The Rev. E. M. Kodman is to speak at Reform Hall to-morrow evening.

—Rev. J. P. Taylor, D. D., was the preacher at the Church of the Holy Cross last evening.

—The sickness and mortality of the passing Winter has made the treasuries of some of the beneficial societies weary.

—The Rev. W. H. Walker will give Bible readings in the Y. M. C. A. Hall on Monday and Tuesday evenings at eight o'clock.

—Street Commissioner Meeker had men engaged to-day scraping the surface mud off of Front and Somerset streets.

—George A. Hoffman of Westfield has made a contract to furnish the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company with six hundred poles.

—Mr. Geo. H. Fountain will give a Bible reading to the Bible Normal Class of the First Baptist church next Monday evening, to which all are invited.

—This has been a particularly hard Winter upon the coal bin, but next Winter will most likely be a harder one on the domestic pocket-book, so far as the coal is concerned.—New Brunswick Home News.

—Pending the arrival of new machinery the Edison Electric Light Company has arranged with the Dunellen Electric Light Company to supply the current for the electric lamps at the Park Club House and at the residence of Mr. Thos. Brooks of Rockview avenue.

—Plainfield always was a good Republican city, and it is therefore fitting that it should open the Republican campaign in Union county by a rousing good meeting such as was held by the Republican Association on Wednesday night last. The hall in which the meeting was held was crowded, and the speeches were stirring and forceful. This opening is probably due to the energy of Mr. John Ulrich, who was recently appointed State organizer. He commenced his work at home and has thus given an earnest of what he intends to do in other parts of the State.—Elizabeth Journal.

—At the First Baptist church to-morrow two notable men will occupy the pulpit. In the morning the Rev. Dr. A. H. Burlingham preaches, and in the evening Plainfield people will have one more opportunity of hearing the Rev. W. H. Walker give another one of his interesting talks on the tabernacle. The musical element of the theme will remain on the pulpit over Sunday. Both of these well-known divines will draw large audiences.

—The compulsory education law, long on the statute books, has been supplemented by an act passed by the Legislature and signed by Gov. Abbett a few days ago. This act requires the more rigid enforcement of the existing law, and the teachers and district clerks are expected to attend more assiduously to the business of compelling children of school age to attend school. It remains to be seen if the new law will be of any advantage.

—The English Rose at Proctor's affords another proof of the fact that the public will find out what they want to see in spite of titles which are not absolutely graphic or even suggestively descriptive. The third week of the play at Proctor's shows increased receipts in those portions of the theatre usually called popular, while the orchestra and boxes are still filled with the regular clientelle. Many of our best known citizens of Irish birth or descent have been among the number.

Rev. Dr. Ketcham's Resignation Reluctantly Accepted.

Commissioners Geo. D. Morrison and W. C. Strong from the First Presbyterian church attended the meeting of the Presbytery at Elizabeth yesterday called for the purpose of considering the resignation of Rev. Dr. Ketcham as pastor.

The commissioners opposed the acceptance of the resignation in accordance with the sentiment expressed at the meeting of the congregation, whom the pastor has served so faithfully and well for the past twenty years.

Dr. Ketcham, however, had sent a letter which was read before the Presbytery, urging the acceptance of his resignation, giving reasons which to him at least were satisfactory.

His father and mother, well advanced in years, are in feeble health, if not seriously ill, at their home on Staten Island, and require his presence and that of his only daughter. This was given in the letter as one strong reason why he felt that he could not give to the church the attention it was entitled to and had from him. It and other reasons decided the Presbytery to respect his wishes and reluctantly accept his resignation. The decision will be announced to the congregation to-morrow at the morning service.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Thomas Meicher to-day removed his family from Arlington avenue to Somerset street.

Mr. George Van Emburgh, of the firm of Van Emburgh & White, is convalescent from his recent illness.

Miss Ella Borrell of Liberty Corner, N. J., is visiting Mrs. Samuel Moore of Manning avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. Samuel Hudson of Somerset street has been confined to his home for the past two weeks on account of illness. He is in his 84th year.

Ridding the City of Tramps.

Policeman Lynch has been engaged for several days past ridding the city of tramps. At an early hour every morning he visits various places that the tramps use as headquarters and orders them to leave at once. They go.

WORK OF THE FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Much Progress Has Been Made in Canton, China, and Elsewhere.

The twentieth annual meeting of the Women's Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbytery of Newark was held yesterday in the High Street Presbyterian Church. Over one hundred and fifty women were in attendance. Rev. Louis Lampman, pastor of the High street church, delivered an address of welcome. Mrs. Dr. Young followed with an address of greeting.

In the later session Rev. Dr. Campbell and Rev. Robert Speer made addresses, and Mrs. Alethia M. Carter, Secretary of the Board, read an encouraging annual report. She said the progress of the work in Canton, according to a recent report from Miss Lewis, who was stationed there, is gratifying. A seminary has been established with a training school for nurses. The pupils enrolled number 168, and there are seven native teachers.

The Secretary also reported successful work in the auxiliaries of the Board and that there are twenty-two churches, twenty-four bands and young people's societies and thirteen Sunday-schools in co-operation.

Only partial success was obtained by the effort to secure the co-operation of the Christian Endeavor societies.

The Treasurer, Mrs. Rankin, reported the receipts aggregated $6,132.40. Mrs. Truss, of Japan, made an interesting address.

ROBBERS AT WORK.

Burglars Effect an Entrance Into Williams' Drug Store.

During last night or early this morning burglars effected an entrance into the pharmacy of Mr. George W. Williams on West Front street, corner of Grove. The entrance was effected through the elevator shaft.

The burglars pried open the money drawer and emptied it of its contents, which was not much, as Mr. Williams had put the receipts of the day in the safe. The safe was by mistake left open, but apparently the burglars were not aware of that fact as the contents had not been touched.

A clerk usually sleeps in the store, but for several days past he has been on a visit out of town. The person or persons who robbed the place were undoubtedly acquainted with that fact.

Several persons are under suspicion.

ATTACKED BY RATS.

A Man's Desperate Fight with an Army of Ferocious Rodents.

A few days ago THE NEWS reported the fact that about sixty rats had been killed in the barn in the rear of Carroll's butcher shop on West Front street. Harry Hall, an employe of the place, visited the barn during the morning and was attacked by a number of the rats. He seized a board that was near-by and tried to keep them off until help arrived. Walter Laing and several other employes of the place ran to his assistance and, as stated above, succeeded in killing sixty of them, but not until they had bitten Mr. Hall several times.

Railroad Changes.

The alliance of the New Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley under the Reading management is likely to create considerable change in the running of passenger trains, especially through trains between Easton and New York. At present both roads have some trains which leave Easton almost at the same time. It is probable that hereafter half of these trains will be taken off and run at alternate hours over each road, and the same arrangement is likely to be made at the New York end.

The Lehigh Valley Company has for some time past been engaged in putting a line through Hudson county to reach Jersey City. Whether this work will be completed or not is a secret, but for the present the Valley will probably run into Jersey City from the Newark Meadows junction over the Newark & New York road, and use the Central ferry. Running lines from the Pennsylvania at once, and making a large reduction in expenses. It is likely that tickets between Bound Brook and New York will be good over either road.

She Was 116 Years Old.

Margaret Bay, colored, residing at Glen Gardner, died on Monday from the effects of old age, at the age of 116 years. She was born in Belvidere, Warren county, on August 14, 1776, and had lived in Warren and Hunterdon counties ever since. She had never traveled on a railroad train, but had walked to Philadelphia and back, 120 miles, when she was more than sixty years old, and had carried an infant with them. She had been totally blind for two years, but her faculties were otherwise unimpaired. She was married in 1808 to Henry Bay, who fought in the war of 1812. He died in 1871, being 101 years old.

Mr. Puddefoot.

Rev. W. G. Puddefoot, who is to speak in the Congregational church to-morrow, has been described as "a speaker who combines the flow of words of a Phillip Brooks with the humor of a Hugh McNeill and the dramatic pathos of a John B. Gough, and who carries you so quickly from a smile to a tear and a tear to a smile that you hardly know where you are when listening to him."

Those who heard him last year will undoubtedly be glad of the opportunity to hear him again. He will preach in the morning and address the Sunday school and its friends in the afternoon.

SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. Cornish's Bills for the Relief of Oxford Become Laws.

The Governor yesterday signed the following bills:

Assembly No. 8, Mr. White. Limits the fees in cases of committing tramps to 25 cents for the Justice and 50 for the constable. Assembly No. 388, Mr. Lansing. Construes the word "municipality."

Senate No. 58, Mr. Cornish. Provides for the incorporations of trades' unions and organizations.

Assembly No. 140, Mr. Hardin. Creates in first-class cities commissioners to assess all benefits and damages in such cities. The three commissioners shall be appointed by the mayor for three years and receive $1,000 salary each year.

Senate 178 gives boards of street and water commissioners in Newark full power to repave and improve streets, etc.

Assembly 158, Judiciary Committee. Extends the time of filing amended certificates of incorporation five years after organization.

Senate 187, Mr. Barret. Creates in first class cities, in place of the present police courts, courts to be known as the First, Second and Third Criminal Courts, having civil jurisdiction on landlord and tenant and cause trials before Justices of the Peace.

Senate 173, Mr. Baker. Allows any private incorporated school society to convey real estate. Senate 111, Mr. Cranmer. Provides for the perpetuating of a line of succession in the trustees of religious societies.

Senate 131, Mr. Baker. Provides that when a borough contains more area than allowed by the borough act said borough shall not be invalid provided amended description be filed with the County Clerk within thirty days after passage of this act.

Senate No. 168, Mr. Hue. Changes name of Princeton Charitable Association to Students, Aid Association. Senate No. 159, Mr. Barrett, for the President. Empowers State Prison keeper to appoint a resident physician for term of three years at a salary fixed by the keeper and inspectors.

Senate No. 160, Mr. Cornish. Provides for the appointment of a State Board of Arbitration by the Governor, who shall adjust all labor difficulties, said board to consist of five members for terms of five years, to receive $10 per day of actual service.

Senate No. 174, Mr. Barker. Combines two election precincts in Gloucester county.

Senate No. 208, Mr. Perkins. Reapportions the two Assembly districts of Burlington county. Takes the Second District of Chanminason Township out of the Second District and adds it to the First. Takes the Township of Delanco out of the First. Senate No. 220, Mr. Cornish. Gives stockholders of any bank or banking institution one vote for each share of stock held. Senate No. 192, Mr. Barrett. Prescribes the meaning of "municipality" for the purpose of local option in the county. Supplements the Spring Election bill for first-class counties.

Senate No. 62, Mr. Barrett. Provides for the election of ward assessors at a salary not exceeding $600. Assembly No. 266, Mr. Hayes. Vows towns and townships adjacent to cities in the same county to lay out, open and construct roads or streets connecting with such city. Assembly, No. 213, Mr. Zeller. Fixes term of clerk and tax receiver in all towns, townships and townships of over 10,000 population at two years.

Assembly No. 240, Mr. Zeller. Provides for the raising of sufficient taxes to pay interest on bonded debt of towns and also of bonds issued by any county of the principal of such debts. The salaries of town officers are fixed as follows: Town Clerk, $1,000; members of Town Council, $500; Town Collector, $1,000; Town Treasurer, $1,000; Recorder, $600; Assessor, $1,000. Assembly No. 239, Mr. Hughes. Authorizes the enlarging of joint outlet sewers.

Assembly No 81, Mr. Heaney. Requires every police justice, recorder and justice of the peace to keep a docket on which shall be recorded every warrant issued and commitment made. Assembly No. 251, Mr. Heaney. Prohibits the killing of pheasants for three years. Senate No. 107, Mr. Hue. Provides that there shall be no highway forming a boundary line between two municipalities that the improvements of said roads shall be borne equally by each municipality.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

An Appeal from the Mud.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.—Yesterday I had business at the other end of town, called by courtesy Pondtown. My horse refused to pull up the solid bottom of the road in order to help them, so I myself very soon "took it" as much so that I felt as though I were not a signer in the First ward for license applications, I could have had enough real estate to my name, or on my shoes, to be one. I endeavored to get from West Third street to South Second street in order to strike a good road. I found real estate was so cheap that any one could pick it up for nothing. This was in Prescott Place. I am too honest to steal a suitable street and be arrested and brought before the Grand Jury for grand larceny; but I confess that I and my helper, my horses and my wagon had more than we want the Street Commissioner to find

Yours, "out of sight,"

MUD.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

(Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.)

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. J. L. Hurlbut.

For the Immanuel Mission, Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. Hurlbut.

For the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening.

Mr. Andrew Wilson will conduct the meeting at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

Monroe Avenue Chapel. Sunday-school at three p. m. Preaching at eight p. m. by Rev. J. C. Fernald.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 5.15 p. m.

Capt. Morrison will lead at the Third street mission to-morrow night. Come and join us in our worship.

The young men's meeting will be held as usual to-morrow at 4 15 p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. All men are welcome.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

Devotional services of the Women's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday at Reform Hall at 9 15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 7.30, 8.30, 9.45 and 10.45 a. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

There will be the usual meetings in the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Rev. Dean Robeson will speak at Reform Hall to-morrow evening on the subject "Watchman, What of the Night?" The meeting will commence at 7.45.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Evensong at 4.30 p. m. Sermons at 11 a. m. Evensong at 4.30 p. m.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest, to-morrow will be morning prayer, sermon and Holy Communion at eleven o'clock and Sunday-school at three o'clock.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Richards, D. D., pastor. Services at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All seats free at the evening service.

First Unitarian church, Second place. The pastor, Rev. Robert Collyer, will preach to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. and at eight o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Weekly service Wednesday evening at 7.45.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell will preach at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Subject: "First Love."

Service will be held in the German church on Craig place, North Plainfield to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and at eight o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Weekly service Wednesday evening at 7.45.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell will preach at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Subject: "First Love."

For the Immanuel Mission, Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Praise service at 7.30. Devotional service at eight o'clock in charge of Mr. E. C. Hubbell. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. All are invited.

The Rev. W. H. Walker of Bridgeport, Conn., has been secured to fill the pulpit at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. There will be a praise service and chorus singing. All men are invited.

At the first church of Christ to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Bird. Bird's supper will be served at 11.45 o'clock. George H. Fountain will preach at 7.30 p. m. Ladies prayer meeting at three p. m. All are welcome.

At the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow, the pastor, Rev. C. Spencer will preach at 10.30 a. m. H. M. Hard of Raritan. Mr. De Hart will preach both morning and evening. Hours of service 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath-school at 2.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian church—Services—10.30 a. m. Sermon by Rev. A. J. Hartline, who will during the service declare the action of Presbytery upon resignation of pastor, Rev. Dr. Ketcham. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Evening service at 7.30 o'clock.

The services in St. Jude's church, Manning avenue, North Plainfield, during Lent will be as follows: On Sundays, Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Matins and Litany at 10.30 a. m. Evensong at 4 p. m. Sunday-school at 2 p. m., and regular services at 8 p. m. Mass every week day at 7.30 a. m. Evensong at 5 p. m. but for the present the Valley will probably run into Jersey City from the Newark Meadows junction over the Newark & New York road, and use the Central ferry. Running lines from the Pennsylvania at once, and making a large reduction in expenses. It is likely that tickets between Bound Brook and New York will be good over either road.

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. W. G. Puddefoot, general missionary of the A. B. M. S., will preach at 10.30 a. m. Evening service and sermon by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Bird. Subject: "The Tabernacle." Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Evening service at 7.45 p. m. Mid-week meeting Wednesday evening at eight o'clock. Rev. W. G. Puddefoot will address the Sunday-school, Young People's Christian Temperance Union and Young Men's Club, and all others interested.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., season of prayer; 10.30 a. m., preaching by Rev. A. H. Burlingham, D. D., of Orange; 12 m., Bible class; 2.30 p. m., Sunday-school; 3 p. m., Junior Endeavor; 7.30 p. m., Rev. W. H. Walker, subject: "The Tabernacle"; 8.30 p. m., the Young Men's Social and Literary Club meets. Monday, 8 p. m., Young Ladies' Missionary Society meets at the home of Mrs. Dr. Bird, Second street. Tuesday, 8 p. m., regular church prayer meeting. Friday, church covenant meeting.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, Rector. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10.30 a. m. Evening service at three p. m. Evensong at 4.30 p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 7.45 p. m. Friday, Litany and Instruction at eight p. m. Saturday evening, service at eight p. m. Sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. Phelps of Bound Brook.

Organized a Brigade.

Messrs. J. E. Pomeroy, James Mason, Morgan Tarleton and George Pulford, officers of Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias of this city, went to Elizabeth last night and assisted Col. Rhodes of the regimental staff in organizing a brigade. They say they were royally entertained.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE BEHRING SEA TROUBLE.

English Liberals Will Not Support Salisbury's Demand.

LONDON, March 26th. (Special.)—It is reported to-day that Lord Salisbury is more resolute than ever not to renew the modus vivendi, and that the mediated Liberal attack upon the Government policy in Behring Sea has only strengthened the purpose of the Ministry in this respect.

The Government alleges that it will be sustained by the country in refusing to accede to the American demand, and it is evident that President Harrison's latest note, threatening the use of force to enforce the American claim to exclusive rights in the Behring Sea, has aroused a strong anti-American feeling.

Mr. Gladstone, always inclined to peace, had already perceived the danger of the situation before he was approached, and was more than willing to lead in a course that would prevent such a result.

Further than orders issued to Admiral Hotham no immediate action seems to be contemplated by the Admiralty and War offices having a direct bearing on Behring Sea. Nearly two months would elapse before the occasion for an encounter would occur.

FRANCE TO EXPEL THE REDS.

More Arrests of Anarchists.—Disorder at a Funeral.

PARIS, March 26, (Special.)—The police have arrested another notorious anarchist, a friend of Ravachol, the man who is suspected of being the author of the Boulevard St. Germain dynamite outrage. He made desperate resistance, but was finally overcome by superior force.

Twenty-two Anarchists are now in custody for complicity in the outrages that have recently occurred in this city.

THE FASTEST TRIP FROM HAVRE.

La Touraine Makes the Journey in 6 Days, 22 Hours and 30 Minutes.

NEW YORK, March 26, (special.)—The French line steamship La Touraine, Capt. Frangeul, from Havre, March 19, crossed Sandy Hook Bar at 8.35 o'clock this morning. The run was made in 6 days 20 hours and 30 minutes, the fastest on record. The best day's run was 426 miles. She brings 87 cabin passengers and 370 steerage passengers.

SAYS HE IS JACK THE RIPPER.

Deeming, the Liverpool Murderer, Said to Have Confessed.

MELBOURNE, March 26th. (Special.)—It is stated that Deeming, the Liverpool murderer, has confessed in jail that he is Jack the Ripper.

STATE NEWS

Smith Dare, of Fairton, has a calf which weighed 168 pounds at birth.

General R. Burd Grubb is expected to arrive from Madrid in the latter part of April.

A shirt factory employing 130 hands has been started at Hammonton and is to be enlarged.

Police Justice Robert Davis, of Jersey City, will resign April 15th, to accept a four years' term as Warden of the Hudson Jail, worth $10,000 a year.

Wm. Boyles, a prominent police official of Newark, has been made correspondent in a divorce case in which the husband and wife are both colored.

The Burlington County Board of Freeholders proposes to take away from the Sheriff the profitable contract for boarding prisoners by appointing a jail warden.

The twenty-third Regiment New Jersey Veteran Association will present Gen. E. Burd Grubb with a suitable wedding gift to show their appreciation of the happiness of their old commander.

The editor of an Irishman, decorated with green ribbons, heading to an election parade in Red Bank, enlivened the way of earlier Irishmen, but they dispersed peaceably after the dummy had been burned.

Republicans in Jersey City on Tuesday nominated as their candidate for Mayor Colonel Frederick Frelinghuysen, Regiment, N. G. S. N. J. The nomination was made without a dissenting vote.

It has been well said that "between the years of thirteen and seventeen the physical energies of the body as in springtime thrill out into every limb and organ"—These energies must be sustained—

Hood's Sarsaparilla

NO. 74!

OUR LEADER in a uniform price Ladies' Shoe, price

$1.98.

Just such shoes as you see advertised as bargains for $2.75. Widths B, C & D. Sizes 2½ to 7.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

222 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

AT RANDOLPH'S

YOU MAY OBTAIN

THE FAMOUS PEACH

AND

STRAWBERRY CRUSHES.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

NAILS SCREWS, SASH,

WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,

NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND. STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

Glass all sizes. Open every evening until 9 p. m.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

Cents-a-Word Column.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be first-class and good references. Call 29 Vine street. 25 4

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 1st East Second street. 22 4

FOR SALE.

DON'T forget that we will furnish you money to build as soon as lots are paid for. Stop paying rent; own your own home. Chas. H. Lyman. 25 3

DESIRABLE building lots, 100 to 102, for sale at Ridgewood Park. Some cheap. Address R. F. W. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Hubbell. Best selection and last of them. 500 feet above the sea level. 2 10w

EMPLOYEES of Poole's and Potter's own a handsome lot on Park avenue, near Depot Reservation, Only a few minutes' walk from the shop. Location unsurpassed. Chas. H. Lyman. 2 10d eodtf

FOR SALE—Garden soil, and sand and gravel. Address T. Callahan, 20 Richmond street. 20 2p

FOR SALE—Two houses; short walk from depot. Apply at Randolph's. One half may remain. Inquire at News office. eodtf

FOR SALE or to let—Just outside city limits, gentleman's residence; 10 acres; price $6,500; $500 a year. Mulford, broker. 19 eodtf

INVEST your money where it will bring you rare return. Buy one of those handsome lots opposite Drexel mansion. $125 per foot. Chas. H. Lyman, 61 North avenue. 3 2d eodtf

FOR RENT.

A NEW cottage house to let. 34 Arlington avenue, between Fifth and Sixth. 26 2

FOR RENT—Nine room house; with large garden. 169 Somerset street. 21 6

SEPARATE storage rooms, with plastered walls, to let in Stillman block. m,w,s7

TO LET—Three or four rooms, in good location. 151 Dunellen avenue. 21 3

TO LET—Handsome flat. Apply, 77 Somerset street. 22 3

TO LET—Brick house 215 Somerset street; ten rooms. Will rent cheap. Inquire 59 Somerset street. 23 3

TO LET—80 West Third street. Inquire 97 Central avenue. 9 3tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DROP POSTAL to Mulford, broker, for information pertaining to Colonial Park. 25 6f

JUSTICE SPERRY has removed his office from 39 Somerset street to 65 Grandview avenue. 24 3m

MULFORD'S is the place to get bargains in real estate 12 months in the year. 26 3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order wanted cash. Call Furniture Returns, 11 Somerset street. 2 3d

ROSES, Carnations and Pansies, cut blossoms and plants. Mrs. Elizabeth Ackerson, 7 E. Front street. 25 6

TO SATISFACTORY parties I will rebuild, repair or paint carriages, buggies, etc., in my new factory, 17 rooms. Apply to Jacob Schneider, E. H. L., Jr., 56 West Seventh street. 19 3

WANT TO BUY—Light business wagon or will exchange for good horse. Inquire of Wm. Hagaman, Jr., Fifth avenue, Addison Park, or Evening News. 2

WANTED—A tenant for a well-situated, newly papered house of six rooms. Inquire at 1 Grant avenue. Apply evenings. Convenient to street cars. Also from depot; splendid neighborhood; large garden; $16 month. Inquire at News office. 2

SINCE MARCH 16TH,

Dunlop in Hand Instruments, of No. 22 Park Place, New York, have moved to No. 4 East Fifth street, New York. Present quarters will be permanently at present address. Dunlop Tire Co. (Limited). Dunlop Pneumatic Tires for Plainfield. Patterns can be had upon being dealt with at Atlantic in any 2 1m

Building Loan Meeting.

The annual meeting of the

PLAINFIELD

Building and Loan

ASSOCIATION

will be held in the rear room of H. Liefke's store, No. 27 West Front street,

Monday Evening, March 28, 1892,

at eight o'clock, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

By order of

NATHAN HARPER,

Secretary.

DISPERSION SALE OF Holstein - Friesian CATTLE.

PETER C. KELLOGG & CO., are instructed by the owner, Mr. JAMES NEILSON, to sell at auction the entire Woodlawn Herd of Holstein-Friesian Cattle,

Tuesday, Mar. 29, '92.

Commencing at 2.30 o'clock, at Woodlawn Farms, New Brunswick, N. J.

The herd, numbering upwards of 100 head, one of the oldest and largest in the United States, was founded in 1876 by the owner, who personally selected and imported the original cows and bulls from the best Holstein herds in North Holland. By careful breeding, these animals have developed into a herd unsurpassed by any in the country. Special attention has been given to obtaining the best blood lines, and the herd is now headed by the famous bull Netherland Prince Second, 3 years old, whose dam has a record of 17 lbs. 12 oz. butter in seven days, and whose sire's dam has a record of 19 lbs. 6 oz. butter in seven days. Also the young bull Netherland Prince Third, 2 years old, whose dam has a record of 16 lbs. 12 oz. butter in seven days, and whose sire's dam has a record of 19 lbs. 6 oz. butter in seven days. The bull Netherland Prince Second is a high individual of quality, and many of his calves have been sold at high prices. The others have been used to the exclusion of their own calves, so that at the present time it is almost impossible to obtain a calf from any of the cows to mention the best private sale, as the cows are now in calf to the above bulls, and the calves are all young. Parties desiring to purchase a herd of cows that have records for quality and quantity of milk, and whose calves are of the best, should not miss the opportunity of buying one of the above herds, as they are the best ever offered at auction in this country.

For Catalogues apply to

PETER C. KELLOGG & CO.,

187 John st., New York.

THE BEE HIVE!

The time has arrived to take your babies out for a ride, but they must be neatly dressed, so we have secured a complete stock of Infants' Long Cloaks, from $1 to $1.

Infants' long skirts from 50c. up.

Silk caps at all prices. Long cashmere and flannel shawls, worth from $1.25 to $6. Baby carriage robes at $1.50 and $2.

A new line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear. Also a full line of Children's and Misses' muslin underwear.

SPECIAL !

4 Button Kid Gloves, 67c.

5 Button length Suede Mosquetaires, in tans and blacks, 67c.

New Line of Ties

will be opened on Saturday.

Louis Callman,

46 West Front Street.

GET YOUR

TRAMING and GRADING

done by Wells Brothers, 60 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 3m2

V. L. SMALLEY,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

62 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Confiding Women.

He is not handsome, is James C. Taylor. He is baldheaded, round shouldered and has a skinny flap under his chin, showing that he is indeed what he claims to be, a veteran. Besides that, he has only one arm. Considering the *fact that he has been married to eight* different women and is at this present writing engaged to be married to three more, the wonder is that he has even one arm, or indeed that there is anything at all of him left.

This "gay Lutherian," as the lamented *Mrs. Partington would have called him*, affirmed that marrying was his profession and he made his living by it. It was his practice to advertise that a rich ranchman or a rich cotton planter wanted to correspond with a lady with a view to matrimony. It would make the *fair sex blush with indignation to know* how many answers this nefarious wretch and villain got to his little "ads." From the number it was easy to select a confiding heart that beat in the gentle breast of a woman who had some money. After a day or two of wedded bliss this *black hearted villain would disappear*, having first obtained all the cash the sweet bride had confided to his care. He always made it a point to have the lady put her wealth in his care. Women are not good at taking care of money, anyhow. They are so unused to it that *they get their pocketbooks snatched or* have their pockets picked in a street car. At any rate they are not to be troubled with money when they have a devoted new husband to rid them of all the bother of it. So Taylor reasoned, and so he always carried his point. If we could think of any adjectives in the English language bad enough to heap upon this betrayer of female trust, and this thief of female cash, we would stop the press to pile them up, but we do not remember any more at present.

Retribution shook her skinny finger at Taylor, however, when at last two of his eight wives faced him in a police court. Six of the eight wives this reprobate old baldhead married lived in Pennsylvania. Whether the ladies there are peculiarly susceptible to the tender emotion one cannot say. We can state only the facts. As soon as the old rep. got a gentle bride's name and address he hied himself to the far of the land while the cash lasted. Then under a new name, he would advertise *again and lead another confiding victim* to the altar, only to break her heart and steal her pocketbook.

One of his wives lived in Chicago. The last he wedded in New York. She was earning an excellent living herself when the magnetic Taylor drew her to him. He stole rings and money from her to the value of $1,100 and then went immediately to parts unknown and engaged himself to Mrs. Julietta Johnson. The name of the latest wife up to date was Henrietta Costa. It was a thrilling scene when Henrietta and Julietta confronted *in court at once their betrayer* and each other.

In a towering but virtuous rage Julietta shook her fist under his nose, exclaiming:

"You miserable old scoundrel! How dare you take advantage of confiding women?"

"I knew enough to take care of women who want to deceive confiding men," replied Taylor with a grin. "Didn't you better give me back the price of those gloves you're wearing?"

"Ugh! you wretch," said Mrs. Johnson.

Henrietta had to give him a piece of her mind too. Then the two ladies consoled with each other, in turn going for the old man in a way to elicit not only admiration, but awe. He murmured something to Henrietta, perhaps recalling to her a tender scene, in hope of softening her heart, but Henrietta stamped her foot and shrieked:

I didn't marry you for love. I don't want a man to love me. I want a man to take care of me."

There may be a profound depth of feminine philosophy hidden in that remark. For such a purpose perhaps even a one armed man is better than no man at all. By this time, we are told, Taylor began at last to look careworn, and the court adjourned. But on the whole the outlook for feminine higher education and university extension is discouraging. In spite of these, in spite of the flinging wide open to women the gates of the industrial fields—yea, in spite even of emancipation and divided skirts—there remains the baldheaded fact that a baldheaded old man, with one arm and a flap under his chin, was able in a few years to marry eight women and engage himself to three more.

West Virginia has a coal area larger than that of France, England and Germany combined. West Virginia has a great future, because a great state, as good as that of any of the newer ones in the west. Attention has been called only lately, comparatively speaking, to her splendid undeveloped resources. Timber as well as coal will be one of her staples.

The men of Fergus Falls, Minn., had a glorious time the other day. Three thousand of them went in for a wolf drive, a great big one. With hounds, horses and horns they charged upon the country to rid it of wolves. They chased to and fro all day and drove two wolves into a corner, and one of these got away.

It costs $1,000,000 a month to erect the buildings and prepare for the Columbian exposition.

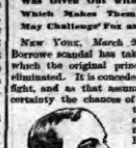
A VERY PRETTY QUARREL

There May Be Bloodshed Over the Astor Scandal Yet.

BORROWE AND MILBANK ACCURED.

"Modoc" Fox Says the Original Story Was Given Out with Their Consent, Which Makes Them Liars—Milbank May Challenge Fox and Die Morny.

New York, March 26.—The Drayton-Borrowe scandal has taken a phase from which the original principals are wholly eliminated. It is conceded that neither will fight, and to that assumption approaches certainty the chances of a duel at least the preliminaries of a combat, between Milbank, Borrowe's second, and the Duc de Morny, or between Milbank and "Modoc" Fox, Borrowe's other second, becomes greater. Indeed it is possible that Milbank may call them both out. The question of *veracity* which has arisen between Milbank and the Duc de Morny, growing out of the submission of the hypothetical case to the latter and M. Scholl, is one which must inevitably brand one of the parties as an unconscionable liar.



H. A. BORROWE.

A cablegram was received yesterday from Edward Fox, who acted with Mr. Milbank as second for Mr. Borrowe, saying that it was he who had given out for publication the correspondence relating to the duel, and Mr. Milbank wants to know what right Mr. Fox had to take such a step without first consulting him.

When a reporter called at Mr. Borrowe's house, Mr. Milbank was alone in the reception room.

Milbank Indignant.

"Mr. Borrowe has asked me to say for him," he said, "that a cablegram was received from Mr. Fox saying that it was he who had given out the correspondence. We cabled to him and that was his answer. Mr. Borrowe and I have said that we had *no hand in the matter and were entirely ig*norant of it, and this of course puts that point at rest. How Mr. Fox ever did such a thing I cannot understand. He had no right to do it, and I thoroughly condemn his behavior."

Mr. Milbank puffed vigorously at his cigarette when he said this, and a flush spread over his face as he repeated emphatically:

"*I* thoroughly condemn what he did, and I would say so before anybody—to Mr. Fox's face if he were present. I have my rights in this matter. I was one of Mr. Borrowe's seconds, and if Mr. Fox contemplated any such step as he took he should first have consulted with me. I should never have consented to it. This is an affair of honor, and it was his duty to keep everything invisibly so. Mr. Fox's action is unknown in the way and will probably be here on Monday. Until that arrives it would be premature to say what Mr. Borrowe or I will do. There may be *some reason or circumstance* that will prove satisfactory."

The other trouble is with the Duc de Morny, the expert on the theory, if not in the practice of dueling, who, according to reports from Paris, has made public a letter from Mr. Milbank laying before him a complete state of facts and asking for his advice thereon.

"I shall demand an explanation of the Duc de Morny today for allowing that letter to get out. It was a private letter written from one gentleman to another, and he had *no right to show it to any one* without asking my permission."

"Do you intend to make a serious matter of it?"

"The Duc de Morny has always been a friend of mine," Mr. Milbank said, with careful emphasis, "and he may have some explanation to offer that will put matters all right. If not—but I will wait until the explanation comes before I will say what I will do about it. We had a number of interviews and talks about the matter, and the thing may have leaked out somehow. I can hardly think that he has betrayed any confidences, and his explanation may set everything right."

Mr. Milbank said there was nothing more for Mr. Borrowe to say in the matter. If Mr. Drayton made any answer to the published allegations Mr. Borrowe would probably reply to it, but at present there was no need of any further comment on Mr. Borrowe's part. Mr. Milbank was told that Dr. Derby and Colonel Hassard, two of Mr. Drayton's advisers, had intimated in reports to him that all of the correspondence in the case had not been published. There was no ground, he said, for any such intimation from the correspondence, so far as he knew anything of it, had all been published.

Dr. Derby, with whom Mr. Drayton is staying, said in answer to a reporter's question: Mr. Drayton will not make any statement. What can he say? His silence is all that should be looked for from a true gentleman. It is dignified and Mr. Drayton has not lost an iota of his position in society because of his becoming reticence. His standing is absolutely safe in the community. He does not want to have any controversy. Mr. Drayton's friends commend him for his demeanor in this affair. He has not so far said a word for publication, and it would be very much against my advice should he do so."

Fox Accuses Milbank and Borrowe.

LONDON, March 26.—Ed Fox, in discussing the Drayton affair, says that the original statement of the Drayton scandal cabled to New York was given out by Milbank, by both Borrowe and Milbank, and that nothing was made public of which they were not made cognizant. Milbank sailed from Queenstown to Fox that they had succeeded in catching the Majestic, and it was not until the steamer was well out to sea that the cablegram, of which both Borrowe and Milbank were fully informed, was put on the cables. Fox claimed that the correspondence was published with the full authority, and that nothing further could happen unless Drayton persisted in his intention to sue for a divorce in America, in which case they would permit their man Borrowe to fight him.

A Candidate Assassinated.

PAINESVILLE, O., March 26.—The body of C. H. Graham, a prominent citizen of Richmond, was found in the river at Fairport, with his head horribly mutilated. He was a candidate for mayor at the coming election.

Two Women Instantly Killed.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 26.—Mrs. Decker and Mrs. Quick, both of whom reside in a small hovel at Great Bend, were struck by an Erie train and instantly killed.

FASHIONS

DAME FASHION'S DOMAIN.

WHAT WOMEN MIGHT, COULD, WOULD AND SHOULD WEAR.

Although This is the Season of Buckcloth, Silks, Satins, Tulles and Laces Seem to be Holding Their Own—When the Spring Premieres.

"Say," said the elderly farmer-looking man, "I want a little piece put in the paper that I want a woman who can cook, wash, iron, milk four cows an' manage a market wagon."

"All right," said the advertising clerk. "Shall I state what wages will be paid?"

"Wages nothin'!" shouted the farmer-looking man. "I want to marry her."—Indianapolis Journal.

HOW DO YOU COMB YOUR HAIR?

Here Is the Sensible Way of Doing It and Not Become Bald-Headed.

When you think of the way nine women out of ten comb their hair, the marvel is that we are not a bald-headed sex, while the reverse is, as a rule, the case.

The usual method is to take out the hairpins, shake down the hair, then brush it fiercely a few times from the scalp downward until the snarls are out of it, and the hair, too, if one did but know it.

It is much better to take your tresses by the ends and shake forward the head, then holding them firmly close to the head with one hand comb out the tangles from the ends upward.

When combs brushing is the scalp, and this is a good way to do it: The hair being loose, hold it at the ends, lay the brush on the head, and move it, slowly at first, then more briskly, if it is not disagreeable, somewhat as if you were scrubbing. Do this until the whole scalp has been treated. If continued for a year you'll at least have as much hair as you now stand possessed of, and it will be healthy.

Don't wash your hair more than four times a year, but wipe it occasionally with a damp towel.

FOR THE GIRLS AT HOME.

Hints to Help the Spring Dressmaking. Materials and Styles.

Skirts may safely be cut much after the manner of those in vogue for several months past, recent improvements alone showing that elongated, perpendicular effects are still given prominence.

Decidedly more trimming is permitted around the bottom of the skirt. Several narrow flounces of full ruchings some little distance apart, and forming a border may where from five to twenty inches, is a favorite trimming; also a deep flounce in bias bands of a contrasting color, in turn edged with narrow braid or jet, are used in the same way.

Much attention is given to fitting the shirt smoothly and gracefully over the hips, more especially when a bodice band is attached. This is used in connection with the French round waist or bodice without basques, which this season will enjoy unusual prominence.

In the bodice large effects of cloth and cheviots the jacket bodice, with and without a full front and of various lengths, is still used. A new feature is the introduction of bank-coat-tail bodices exactly after the manner of those in a man's coat.

Long streamers of ribbon, lace or silk floating from the neck to the bottom of the skirt in the back, decorate many of the French models; a variation has pendants which start from the lower part of a yoke or from the belt.

It is safe to cut any variety of a full sleeve. Scarcely a model to date but what has either a loose sleeve. The "gauntlet" style is still a favorite, as is the leg-o'-mutton, trimmed, however, about the wrist. In fact, the last feature is noticeable in all the sleeves, all sorts of pretty bonbons, though the old of ribbon puffs, &c., superseding the bare unfinished effect, considered the proper wrist adjunct in last winter's models.

As to materials—especially the woolens—the mottled varieties are by far the newest and most stylish. Although perpendicular stripes are still in the lead of the majority of the best patterns, these same stripes are so variegated in size and color they almost cease to look like stripes.

In goodness, the weaves showing a harmonious blending of color on a black ground-work, or raised spots of solid color filling a row, or three, or more, in spaces between fine black satin bars, are among the best designs seen in the latest importations.

As to "challies"—to be more neat than ever, it is said—a flower pattern, by all means, is the thing; but let the seeker after artistic effect avoid all those which furnish marked contrasts of vivid tones of color.—N. Y. Sun.

There is a woman in Bonham, Texas, who does a good business in sewing buttons on men's wearing apparel, doing the work on the streets.

Floral garnitures for dresses are shown in all styles.

The French Extradition Treaty.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The extradition treaty between the United States and France, which has been signed by M. Ribot, French foreign minister, and Mr. Whitelaw Reid, the American minister, is similar to the one recently negotiated with Great Britain and ratified.

Labor Leader Talbott Dead.

BALTIMORE, March 26.—Mr. Nicholas D. Talbott, one of the oldest printers in Baltimore, is dead. He was sixty-three years old, and a leader in labor circles, being at the time of his death president of the Typographical Union and treasurer of the Federation of Labor.

Motion and Porter Pardoned.

HARRISBURG, March 26.—Governor Pattison approved the recommendation of the board of pardons that Messrs. Mellon and Porter, editors of the Beaver Star, sentenced to six months' imprisonment for libeling Senator Quay, be pardoned.

They've Got a Real Red Man.

LAMBERTVILLE, N. J., March 26.—James McAdams, an Indian employed here, has joined the Order of Red Men. He is the first Indian in New Jersey to connect himself with the order, society based on the tradition of the Indian.

THE HILL FARM VICTIMS.

Their Inhumation Develops Into a Spectacle of Horror.

A HOLE CHOPPED IN ONE COFFIN.

Miner Bigley's Frenzied Attempt to See His Dead Brother's Face Prevented by Force—Women Weep, Faint and Pray. The Names of the Identified.

DUNBAR, Pa., March 26.—The twenty-three victims of the Hill Farm mine explosion found after a twenty months' search, were confined in the mine after they had been identified by their clothing and trinkets found in their pockets, and were then brought to the surface. Twenty-one of them were buried in the Catholic cemetery near the mine and two in Franklin cemetery. One thousand people attended the funeral.

During the services in the Catholic cemetery a brother of Richard Bigley, one of the dead miners, insisted upon seeing the face of his dead brother once again, but this was refused. At this he grew frantic.

"By heaven, I will see him!" said he, and seizing a hatchet he attacked the rough box and cut a hole in it. He was seized by several men and forced out of the cemetery.

Coroner Halbert and his jury decided just before the burial that as two bodies were not positively identified there was reason to doubt that any were, and to satisfy themselves they insisted upon viewing the bodies again. Superintendent Lang and others begged them not to do so, but they went to the graveyard where the people were gathered. They ordered the undertaker to open the coffin of Martin Cavanaugh. As positively identified when every one in the cemetery rushed to the place. Among them were Mrs. Cavanaugh, who was positively identified as the dead man.

"Stand back, ladies," said the coroner, but he was too late.

A Scene in the Cemetery.

The washed form, almost a skeleton, was seen by the crowd. Mrs. Cavanaugh and her daughter shrieked. Others crowded around, and the outburst of grief was terrible. The women were prostrated and had to be taken from the cemetery.

The coroner, after being satisfied that it was the corpse of Cavanaugh, had the coffin closed and the burial service read. Here an effort was made to keep the crowd back, but it was useless. A similar scene was enacted. At the moment a woman sank to the ground and said, "Thank be to pray."

For a while the widowed and fatherless stood quite as the woman repeated the Lord's Prayer, but as the coroner's party filed past, Golden Gate mourner pass, extra early June pea, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Red River asparagus and tips.

Special rates given by the case or season. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewsnap's fullines and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

O. M. DUNHAM,

48 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ↓ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—209 East Front street.

NEW STORE

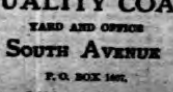
Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEST TEA



The

1892 Model

of the

Remington

is now

on the market.

Ulyckoff, Seamans & Benedict,

327 Broadway, New York.

CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT has characterized the history of the REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER. The changes introduced into the 1892 model represent the carefully tested results of expert study of various points deemed capable of improvement. They present advantages in the quality of the work, and ease as well as convenience of operation which will readily commend themselves to all users.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Just Received!

OUR

First Shipment

OF

BABY CARRIAGES

Including all kinds and prices

CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Red tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Winterson's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Red River asparagus and tips.

Special rates given by the case or season. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewsnap's fullines and mince meats.

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0. M. DUNHAM,

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GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

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Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—209 East Front street.

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Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEST TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Having the agency for the sale of the product of the newly established Washington Coal Co. of Somerset county, which is positively the best coal in the market, I am prepared to furnish them in quantities to suit purchasers at the lowest possible rates.

Orders (Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal) in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Bonds and Pavement Jobbing.

No second yard connected with my business, and all orders for coal will be promptly attended to. Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Telephone connection.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

South Avenue

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Manufacturer of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

Store—

21 Liberty Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Machine work bruiting and printing.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Barkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

EITHER

Hot Water

OR

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

28 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

Bread Rolls Pies Cakes.

FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Highly developed and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 67 Henry St., cor. Plainfield.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

23 East Second street, corner Washington.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

References:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

18 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the most satisfactory manner.

The same comfy fabrics are very often refused by large agents. Our work is returned by large agents the same. Our agents will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

Proprietor.

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET.

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

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OSCAR S. TRAUB,
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FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

TO RATIFY THE TREATY.

The Senate About Decided on the Behring Sea League.

WE ARE READY FOR ANY TROUBLE.

It Is Not Believed That There Is Any Danger of War with England, but the United States Cannot Afford to Recede from the Position That Has Been Ta e

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The sole subject of talk in official circles is the danger of war with England. Few believe that war will result, but all see the danger of it and look for England to recede from the position she has taken to avert, as they regard that position utterly untenable. The prevailing opinion seems to be that war is preferable to the United States retiring from the position she has taken.

In reaching the conclusion that England will not fight, it is taken into consideration that even to succeed in the war, to gain control of the seal fisheries, and to establish her contention respecting the Behring sea, would not compensate her in any degree for the untold millions she would lose in damage to her commerce on the seas, the confiscation of her subjects' property in the United States, the loss of her subjects' money invested in United States registered bonds and the hundred of other channels that would lead to financial disaster, aside from the enormous expense of the war itself.

The idea is always advanced that in case of war, with Ireland in a turbulent state, Russia would avail herself of an opportunity to pounce onto India and acquire that country, England would have her hands full both at home and abroad, and even if successful would lost more than she gained with her power shorn and her credit well nigh gone. These reasons are advanced by thinking men here as likely to form such a public opinion as to overturn Lord Salisbury.

Just as Well to Be Ready.

No fears are expressed on any side as to the ultimate outcome should war be declared, but at the same time, while not expecting it, the United States will not be wholly unprepared should it come. Aside from the activity which was displayed by the navy in anticipation of trouble with Chili officials of the army are beginning to boast themselves, not in actual war preparation, but in acquainting themselves with the strength of the enemy.

The United States army is now stronger than for many years, and attention is being directed to the army. In event of war Canada would doubtless be attacked and overrun immediately. The official reports of the Canadian government show that they have in the militia 36,000 men. On the muster rolls of the states there are 126,000 militia. The United States army is 25,000 strong and a formidable force is now on the Canadian border.

The Fifteenth infantry is stationed at Detroit, the Ninth infantry at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., five companies at Forts Niagara and Porter, the Fourteenth infantry at Vancouver. Aside from this formidable force, which could be thrown into Canada at the several points at a few hours' notice, strong bodies of United States troops are stationed along the Canadian border at Forts Buford, Spokane, Sherman and Assiniboine. These facts were very generally discussed by the War Department and created some little enthusiasm, as the old veterans of the last war sniffed battle from afar.

The Treaty Before the Senate.

The senate of the United States devoted itself to the Behring sea arbitration treaty, but did not take action on it. From the character of the discussion, and the disposition shown by the senators who took part in it, there is every reason to believe that the senate will soon reach a conclusion, and that a vote will be taken early next week, with a ratification of the treaty as a result.

Mr. Felton, of California, made a vigorous onslaught on the treaty. To ratify it, he said, would be a virtual surrender of our rights acquired from Russia under a purchase treaty of 1867. Ratification, he continued, would be manifest disrespect toward Russia, and he believed that the friendly feeling existing between that country and the United States would be strained if ratification were exchanged.

The element which held that the modus vivendi was removed before the treaty was ratified came to the front strong. Senators Frye, Butler, Teller, Chandler and others sustaining the position of this faction.

In Favor of Ratification.

Mr. Sherman counselled a conservative course and made a strong argument in favor of a ratification of the treaty without restriction. He contended that England would never agree to exchange ratification under a threat of refusal to do so, and that vacation to become effective until the modus vivendi was renewed. He pointed out to the senate the advantage that would be derived by the United States if ratification were agreed to peremptorily and without restriction. He thought it for the best interest of this country that the senate should do nothing unfriendly in order that England would be compelled to take the initiative in the matter, thus throwing the responsibility upon that government for any trouble that might ensue.

Several senators made the contention that the senate should suggest the position by passing a resolution strengthening him in his position, and quite a formidable contingent developed in support of this view.

Mr. Morgan, Mr. Morrill and Mr. Gray combatted it, however, contending that the president did not need advice; that he knew what was best to do, and that the passage of such a resolution would operate like a threat to Great Britain, and thus place the United States in the position of having made the first hostile movement.

When the senate concluded the discussion, after it had been behind closed doors for nearly two hours and a half, it had taken no action on the treaty, but there was a general feeling that it had been fully discussed and that next week the treaty would be ratified without restriction.

Colonel Jordan Retired.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Colonel W. R. Jordan, Nineteenth infantry, having served in the army over thirty years, has been retired.

Aaron Clark Dying.

PORTLAND, Me., March 26.—Aaron Clark, for two years Prohibition candidate for governor, is dying at his home in Buxton.

Killed by an Avalanche.

ROME, March 26.—Six deaths were caused by the fall of an avalanche in the valley of Nicis, northern Italy.

Four Killed in an Explosion.

FREDERICKSBURG, O., March 26.—An explosion in a mill killed four men and injured several others.

He Stopped Right There.

Rich Old Person—What do you want a wife for, when you can hardly support yourself? Why, sir, my daughter would starve!

Smoakins (with great dignity)—Well, sir, if you are the kind of man to let your daughter and her husband starve I don't wish to enter the family.—Exchange.

A Poor Combination.

Achille Newman, who married Arabella Sophia Smith last week, was presented by his bachelor friends with a watch in honor of the occasion, but somehow or other the combination of initials didn't seem to strike him favorably.—Brooklyn Life.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Excise Bill as Amended Reported to the Assembly.

ALBANY, March 26.—The senate passed the following bills: Mr. Matthews—Appropriating $18,400 for armory in Malone. Mr. Chamberlain — Requiring the state comptroller to pay $22,000, the Ives pool money, to the agricultural societies. Mr. McCarty — Allowing Brooklyn to spend $200,000 for Thirteenth regiment armory.

The bill prohibiting the hiring of barmaids was laid over after Senator O'Connor had said that it was unconstitutional to say what women over twenty-one years of age should do.

The senate committee on railroads reported favorably the Haley bill, which provides that railroad employees shall not work more than ten hours in a day without extra pay, and that they shall never work twenty-four hours continuously, without having eight hours allowed after that time for rest. The bill, however, was amended at the suggestion of President Depew by adding "this shall not apply to extra hours of labor performed by any conductor, engineer, fireman or trainman in case of unavoidable accident or delay caused by such accident."

In the assembly the excise bill was reported with amendments which provide that the commissioners of excise shall be removed by mayors or county judges only after the approval of the governor; that licenses shall not be granted in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants to any person for premises where groceries are sold; that a license may be revoked if the license shall have been convicted of a felony during the term of his license; that the employment of any girls or women to sell or serve liquor shall be forbidden; provision for seizing home licenses. The United States navy is 25,000 strong and a formidable force is now on the Canadian border.

The Fifteenth infantry is stationed at Detroit, the Ninth infantry at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., five companies at Forts Niagara and Porter, the Fourteenth infantry at Vancouver. Aside from this formidable force, which could be thrown into Canada at the several points at a few hours' notice, strong bodies of United States troops are stationed along the Canadian border at Forts Buford, Spokane, Sherman and Assiniboine. These facts were very generally discussed by the War Department and created some little enthusiasm, as the old veterans of the last war sniffed battle from afar.

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TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The proposition to pay members of the English parliament was defeated, 257 to 160.

General Boulanger's pictures, tapestries and objects of art were sold at Brussels for a mere song.

Gary, S. D., is the seat of a fierce diphtheria epidemic. Schools are closed and the city is under rigid quarantine.

The strike of the yard switchmen at the Memphis and Charleston railroad, Memphis, is assuming formidable proportions.

A decree has been issued dissolving the Greek chamber and fixing May 16 for the election. The new chamber will meet June 6.

The governor of Louisiana has signed the death warrants of Philip Baker, of New Orleans, for the murder of Mrs. Nell Nelson, and of Etienne Deschamps, both to be executed April 8.

The German steamer Desterro and the British steamer India collided in the Elbe, and the Desterro sank. Her crew were saved. The India proceeded for Cardiff.

John Arthur, an eccentric character known as "Old Peanuts," of Marion, Jersey City, was run down by a Pennsylvania railroad train last week, died.

A meeting will be held in Newark on Thursday to perfect arrangements for the incorporation of a company composed of Masons, for the purpose of erecting a Masonic temple.

THE MARE WAS SHOCKED.

A New Way to Win Races and Money on the Turf.

NEW YORK, March 26.—A sensation was created at Guttenburg when the fact became known that a jockey had been detected with an electric battery concealed beneath his silken jacket suit which was connected with the stirrups on his boots by fine wire. The jockey was a lad named Cook, and he rode the mare Gyda, owned by a man calling himself P. Tobin. The jockey's scheme was to give the horse a series of electric shocks by jabbing her in the sides with his magnetized spurs. The effect on the horse was great and made her go with all the speed and energy she had. However, the horse was greatly outclassed and eventually defeated, though for over half the journey she was well up.

The next little scheme was discovered immediately after the race in which Gyda ran. Jockey Cook rode the mare at five pounds overweight, but when he returned to weigh in his weigh out, his weight was nine pounds over. When questioned about his weight the boy said he must have changed his saddle. He was then taken to a room and thoroughly examined. A belt about three inches wide, with four cylinders the size of a quart flask, charged with electricity attached to it and wire leading to the stirrups, through which the horse could be electrified as will, was found on the jockey's body. The investigation by the executive committee of the track resulted in the ruling off of Tobin, the owner of the mare, and the jockey and the mare. The jockey was spared.

It is now believed that when Gyda won some time ago at odds of 100 to 1 she carried this battery.

Died in a Police Cell.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 26.—James S. Swain died in a police cell, and it was found that his skull was fractured. He had been locked up for supposed drunkenness.

A Postoffice Robbed.

YANTIC, Conn., March 26.—The postoffice here was robbed of stamps, United States bonds and a small amount of money. The burglar was caught.

Unfit for Promotion.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The naval examining board reports to Secretary Tracy finding Commander Frederick R. Smith unfit for promotion.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, sell, or have rents collected by responsible agents,

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

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GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

NEW Spring Dunlap Style OF DERBY, Out TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

3 West Front Street.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Not Drunk.

Just dizzy! There is a pressure on the brain, owing to a clogging of the system.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will remove the obstruction and permits the vital functions to act naturally. They cure Sick Headache, and all Nervous and Nervous Derangements. For Constipation and Disordered Liver

Of all druggists. Price 25c cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

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CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Grove and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialties—Fine Cabinet Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 254.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker. Shop corner of Grand and Sagaw streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-1y

R. V. HAINES,

Carpenter and Builder,

Scotch Plains avenue, near depot, Fanwood. P. O. Box 1265. All orders solicited. Residence on Grove street.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Watchung avenue and Prospect place, P. O. Box 944.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 57.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Thomas street. E. R. Gayle, No. 25 North Avenue. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER AND General Jobber.

SHOP, 29 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Educational.

PRODUCTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private. Terms reasonable. Address Miss Alice Hazard, P. O. Box 1088.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French. Terms reasonable. Address Mme. Delaunay, Plainfield, or inquire at 20 Park place. Testimonials from Professor Edward Roth, Dr. Gustavus Kobbe, and others. Circulars sent on free, write to Prof. L. Vignes, care of Messrs. Scribner and Norton, 17 La Grande Maison, Rue Richelieu, Paris.

HARNED ACADEMY, Boarding and Day School, Riverside. MONDAY, Sept. 14th, 1891. For information and catalogue apply to or address EDWARD S. HARNED, Prin. 9 30 y 39 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S Boarding, Day and Intermediate school. Thorough instruction in English and French. At 1,200 Watchung, from 12 to 2 p. m. 25 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS, Teacher of Piano and Organ, receives pupils at her room at St. Joseph's residence, Liberty street or address, Box 1, Somerset Hills, N. J.

C. BECKERHOFF, OPTICIAN and JEWELER, Issues full line of JEWELRY Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE. 13 PARK AVE. Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE, PROFESSOR OF Laing's Hotel Stables, on Front Street, Opp. Railroad Avenue, TELEPHONE CALL, No. 26. Orders for weddings, funerals and private calls. Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure. Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

DIAMOND DYES produce the most brilliant, fadeless and durable colors. Sold by druggists. Send for free book, how to dye, bleach, and color all things. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:00, 8:05, a. m., 12:15, 3:05, 5:05 p. m. Close—7:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 3:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:05 a. m., 2:35, 6:30 p. m. Close—7:00 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 1:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

P. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY. (The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.) Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7:15, 8:47, a. m., 12:40, 2:40, 4:20, 5:30, 7:30, 9:40, 11:40 p. m. Sundays, 7:30, 9:40 a. m., 12:40, 4:20, 7:30, 9:40, 11:40 p. m.

Leave New York at 8:30, 10:00, 11:00, a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 4:00, 5:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND WESTFIELD.

Leave Plainfield at 6:00, 6:30, 6:40, 7:30, 8:05, 8:40, 9:30, 10:05, 10:40, 11:30, a. m., 12:10 noon, 1:05, 1:40, 2:30, 3:05, 3:40, 4:30, 5:05, 5:40, 6:30, 7:05, 7:40, 8:30, 9:05, 9:40, 10:30, 11:05, 11:40 p. m. Sundays, 8:40, 9:30, 10:05, 10:40, 11:30 a. m., 12:10, 1:05, 1:40, 2:30, 3:05, 3:40, 4:30, 5:05, 5:40, 6:30, 7:05, 7:40, 8:30, 9:05, 9:40, 10:30, 11:05, 11:40 p. m.

Leave Westfield at 6:05, 6:35, 6:45, 7:35, 8:10, 8:45, 9:35, 10:10, 10:45, 11:35, a. m., 12:15, 1:10, 1:45, 2:35, 3:10, 3:45, 4:35, 5:10, 5:45, 6:35, 7:10, 7:45, 8:35, 9:10, 9:45, 10:35, 11:10, 11:45 p. m. Sundays, 8:45, 9:35, 10:10, 10:45, 11:35 a. m., 12:15, 1:10, 1:45, 2:35, 3:10, 3:45, 4:35, 5:10, 5:45, 6:35, 7:10, 7:45, 8:35, 9:10, 9:45, 10:35, 11:10, 11:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7:45, 7:55, 8:05, 9:45, 11:10, 11:55 a. m., 1:35, 3:45, 5:15, 6:05, 6:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. Sundays, 9:45, 11:15 a. m., 1:35, 3:45, 5:15, 6:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITAN.

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WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5:05 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mount Carmel, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.

7:55 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

9:05 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE RIVER, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

10:40 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mount Carmel, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.

1:35 p. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mount Carmel, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.

3:45 p. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mount Carmel, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.

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LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

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SOUTH AMBOY AND WASHINGTON.

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Leave Westfield at 6:05, 6:35, 6:45, 7:35, 8:10, 8:45, 9:35, 10:10, 10:45, 11:35, a. m., 12:15, 1:10, 1:45, 2:35, 3:10, 3:45, 4:35, 5:10, 5:45, 6:35, 7:10, 7:45, 8:35, 9:10, 9:45, 10:35, 11:10, 11:45 p. m. Sundays, 8:45, 9:35, 10:10, 10:45, 11:35 a. m., 12:15, 1:10, 1:45, 2:35, 3:10, 3:45, 4:35, 5:10, 5:45, 6:35, 7:10, 7:45, 8:35, 9:10, 9:45, 10:35, 11:10, 11:45 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 7:45, 7:55, 8:05, 9:45, 11:10, 11:55 a. m., 1:35, 3:45, 5:15, 6:05, 6:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. Sundays, 9:45, 11:15 a. m., 1:35, 3:45, 5:15, 6:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 7:45, 7:55, 8:05, 9:45, 11:10, 11:55 a. m., 1:35, 3:45, 5:15, 6:05, 6:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. Sundays, 9:45, 11:15 a. m., 1:35, 3:45, 5:15, 6:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING. 39 North Avenue.

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Isaac Brokaw & Son, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGES NO. 49 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

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Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done at Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop, No. 66 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

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Successors to The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro., Dealers in Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials 32 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS AND BONELESS BACON? Order Them of R. W. RICE & CO. THE North Plainfield Grocers.

If You Have Furniture, etc., to Store SEND IT TO CAREY'S WAREROOMS. THE ONLY STORAGE HOUSE IN THE CITY. 76, 78 and 80 West Front Street, Corner Grove Street, Plainfield, N. J. T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

METROPOLITAN STABLES.

SECOND SALE AT AUCTION, Wednesday, Mar. 23. A complete assortment of horses constantly on hand at private sale. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor. H. E RIDER, Manager.

43 WEST FRONT STREET. A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes, BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of DOMESTIC AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER. If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer, Telephone Co. 1297.

Lumber & Coal Loomis & Rice B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A.

Spicer & Hubbard, Manufacturers of Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc. Corner Madison avenue and Third street. SCROLL SAWING, TURNING. Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 y

PURE MILK. Delivered to any part of the city by D. D. SCHENCK. A postal addressed to No. 20 West Front street will receive prompt attention. 2 17 y

BROWN & SHELL, Steering and hair cutting parlors, in connection with their barber shop, 2 doors from Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best hair tonic constantly on hand. 2 17 y

MRS. LINDSAY, Dressmaking and Fine Millinery. Rooms over Mrs. Bedell's millinery store, Grove street. Good work warranted. Mrs. Lindsay has a lot of new purple braids, gimps and steels. 2 27 y

Notary Public. Conveyancer, Etc. Mr. Conover will be found at his office, 2 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J., every day except Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, when he will be found at his residence, corner Second and Madison avenue.

THE HOUSEHOLD ART

POPULAR FANCY WORK.

Hints for Making Various Useful and Decorative Articles.

For table runners, linen strips, with the laburnum flower and pods in green washing silk, *look quaint and artistic*, and assort well with any flowers that may be set upon them. Jewels are frequently set into the embroidery.

Gentlemen's necktie cases are made sufficiently long to take a tie folded once. They are cardboard, covered with silk and edged with cord, and are mostly embroidered with the monogram.

Very large monograms are being worked on both blankets, chair backs, carriage rugs and bed quilts, varying from seven inches to fourteen inches. They are always slightly raised, and either in cloth with a narrow silk edge, or in thick silk worked on cloth. Some people who like the appearance, but not the trouble of working these monograms, get them made and sew them on to the material, edging them with a fancy stitching.

For cushions there is an effective style of work, done in coarse white flourishing thread. A bold design is selected and traced, then outlined, and the petals, leaves and buds filled in with fancy stitches to resemble lacework. Any stitches may be worked, and in as great a variety as fancy dictates. On eucalyptus green, claret, pink, or deep yellow, *the effect is particularly good.*

An ornamental bag for wilted linen is of white linen embroidered in red and blue cottons; it is neat and serviceable.

Photograph frames are frequently made of cardboard covered with old brocade or embroidered silk. A new notion in this direction is to get a narrow braid in cotton, silk, or gold thread, and *draw this over* an old frame; it is a vast improvement.

Many handsome square cushions have a piece of brocade in the center and a band of velvet or satin around, or frequently a silk cord is used for finishing, and corners of plush are introduced with brocade.

Novel lamp shades may be made by carefully sticking dried flowers between two pieces of white tracing paper, cut to form a portion of a lamp shade. When about eight of these are finished, sew them together with white silk. Obtain the right shape by buying a wire framework. When the lamp is lighted the colors of the flowers show distinctly through the paper, and the effect is pretty.

An Apple Omelette.

Stir in a basin two tablespoonfuls of flour, a pinch of salt and one of sugar, two whole eggs, and the yolks of two of milk and butter, and nearly half a pint of milk. Pare, core, quarter and mince four large apples, put them over a brisk fire in very hot butter, shaking them well, and when they are quite hot through pour over them the above mixture, making it spread all over the bottom of the pan; stick with a fork; add (close to the edges) two table-spoonfuls of melted butter, and cook the pan vigorously to prevent sticking. When the omelette detaches itself closely, sprinkle with sugar and turn it over boldly onto a hot plate. Now butter the pan once again and slip the omelette back, just to allow the sugar, which is now at the bottom, to glaze slightly. Sprinkle with sugar, turn out again and serve very hot.

Curious Embroidery.

The use of seeds for purposes of simple ornamentation is by no means new, and it has of late been revived with good effect for embroidering fancy articles. The best seeds are those of the melon, vegetable marrow and cucumber, second according to size, shape and color. After the design has been traced on the foundation material, which can be velvet, plush, cloth or silk, the stalks are put in with gold or some colored silk in stem, chain or herring bone stitch, and the leaves outlined in a similar manner. Then the seeds are placed in position and fixed by a stitch at either end, care being taken to make them lie flat.

DESIGN FOR SEED EMBROIDERY.

A section of a suitable design for seed work is shown in the cut. The foundation is cream or white cloth or crimson cloth, on which the seeds stand out like ivory in *bold relief.* The leaves can be either outlined or filled in with crewel work. The smallest and finest of stitches that fix the seeds can be made the better the work will appear. There are many flowers that can be imitated in seed work, among these marguerites, asters, starwort, jasmine, etc. Seed work can be adapted to fancy articles of various kinds, such as table borders and centers, banner screens, tea cosies, brackets, etc.

Coffee Fritters.

Cut some stale bread into neat and rather thick slices, and soak these in very strong, freshly made coffee. Beat up the yolks of one or two eggs (according to the amount of fritters you wish to make), flavoring them with a little powdered sugar and a few drops of strong coffee; brush the slices of bread with some and fry in oleo in hot oil or butter; when just crisp and a light golden brown tint, lift them out, drain them well, and while still hot, sprinkled with sugar. Of course, all crust should be removed from the bread, and the coffee should be both freshly roasted and freshly ground, and of very good quality, or the fritters are to be a success. The outside should be just crisp enough to eat short, though the inside should be soft and very strong of the coffee.

Cream Doughnuts.

Beat together one cupful each of sour cream and sugar and two eggs, a little salt, level teaspoonful of soda and flour enough to roll. Fry in boiling lard. Another receipt for doughnuts calls for one and a half cupfuls of sugar, one of sour milk, half a cupful of butter, three eggs, a level teaspoonful of soda, salt to taste and flour enough to make it roll.

Have Plenty of Dish Towels.

A good supply of dish towels is a necessity; do not try to get along with a few. Health and comfort are promoted by an abundance of linen for furnishing in the kitchen department.

Corn Muffins.

One quart of sifted Indian meal, a heaped up teaspoonful of butter, one quart of milk, a salspoonful of salt, the yolks of a teacupful of yeast and a tablespoonful of molasses.

THE GORILLA.

Special Characteristics That Distinguish the Gorilla from the Similar Apes.

In the cut here reproduced and originally appearing in La Nature is the facsimile of a flash light photograph of a young gorilla recently exhibited in Paris, and is probably the first picture of the kind that was ever obtained of this rare anthropoid ape. The gorilla which thus involuntarily "sat for his picture" was a young male about 2 years old.

THE GORILLA WHICH "SAT FOR HIS PICTURE."

The special characteristics that distinguish the gorilla from the similar apes, such as the orang-outang, the chimpanzee and the gibbon, are, says The Popular Science News, indicated in the picture, and comprise the black or grayish hair, the slightly prominent nose, the crescentric large nostrils, the slightly projecting lips, medium sized ears and relatively short arms. The gorilla does not bear captivity well and few have been brought from their native Africa have soon died, although the one represented in the engraving was at last accounts still living at Hagenbeck's.

The chimpanzee is, among all the other anthropoid apes, the one which comes nearest to man in point of intelligence. New Yorkers will recall the late "Mr. Crowley," who was for a long time one of the leading attractions of the Central Park menagerie.

The New Astronomy.

The instrument of the new astronomy is the spectroscope, and the novelty of its use lies in this: That, whereas it was formerly used to ascertain the chemical constitution of the stars, it is now being used to determine their movements. Sir Robert Ball, the Irish astronomer, by the by, tells us that "the ordinary spectrum, fixed star, is a misnomer. When the place of a star has been accurately determined by measurement made with the meridian circle, and the place of a few stars, or a number of years the place of the same star is again determined by observation, it frequently happens that the two places disagree. The explanation is that the star has moved in the interval. And it is infinitely improbable that any really fixed star exists." The usual method of determining the movements of stars is by the telescope and the meridian circle. But there are some movements, Sir Robert points out, which cannot be thus measured. These are the cases when a star happens to be darting directly toward the observer or directly from him. In such cases the telescope is rendered useless, because the observer would not notice any change in the star's position. "It is just here that the spectroscope comes in to fill the vacant place in the armory of the astronomer."

Natural Gas.

The Engineering and Mining Journal is authority for the statement that, while there has been a scarcity known in the flow of natural gas in the Pennsylvania fields during the past few months, the output of the Indiana and northwestern Ohio fields has continued in the same strong ratio. It is said that not more than one-tenth of the factories in the latter district are now consuming coal, and no sooner do they have the supply become that many private families are returning to the use of wood and coal for fuel. From present indications the eastern Pennsylvania fields will outlast those of Ohio and Indiana.

The Chimney Problem.

A straight flue carried up sufficiently high to escape all neighboring roofs will always draw. Departure from this rule involves doubt and uncertainty. The main difficulty in all these matters, says The Builder and Woodworker, is the lack of knowledge on the part of persons building of the laws and the restrictions of the builder's art. In many sections of the country it is almost impossible to build or have a house built as one desires it on account of the perversity and ignorance of mechanics.

Novel Method of Handling Coal.

The Manufacturers' Gazette calls attention to a new method of handling fine coal, which in removing it from mines and shipping piles employs a powerful blast of air. The fine coal and dust is conveyed into a hopper which feeds the material into the blast pipe, supplied with a powerful current of air from a rotary blower. The method is said to be simple, clean and economical. It is chiefly adapted for handling the refuse of bituminous mines.

Mileage of Railway.

The Railroad Gazette gives the United States mileage of railway construction for the year 1891 as 4,012 miles. About 40 per cent. of all the new construction was done in the first half of the year. The mileage in 1890 was 5,018 miles; in 1889, 12,878; 1888, 6,695; 1887, 8,145; 1886, 5,695, and 1891, 4,012 miles.

Gleaned from the Industrial World.

Thirty-four pounds of raw sugar make twenty-one of refined.

Pencil tracings cannot be affected by acids.

A recent invention is a buoyant life saving seat for ships. It is intended for a deck seat, and being made of buoyant material, if thrown into the water, the apparatus will support several persons comfortably.

Railroad men predict an increased construction of railroads to the extent of from 25 to 40 per cent this year.

The phenomenal fig the United States requires the conveyance by different methods of nearly 1,500,000 gross tons for each day in the year.

Scrambled Eggs.

For three eggs take four tablespoonfuls of cream or milk, a little chopped parsley, pepper and salt, a tablespoonful of butter and dust of nutmeg. Stir it well over the fire till it thickens, then put it on little pieces of toast and serve entirely in a dish.

GOOD HEALTH

SKIN TEMPERATURE.

It Does Not Always Conform to That of the Thermometer.

It is a well known fact that with the same temperature by the thermometer one may have at different times a very different feeling of heat and cold. This varies with the temperature of the skin, which is chiefly influenced (according to M. Vincent, of Ucele observatory, Belgium) by four things—air temperature, air moisture, solar radiation and force of wind. M. Vincent recently made a large number of observations of skin temperature in the ball of the left hand, and constructed a formula by means of which the skin temperature may be approximately deduced from three four elements. He experimented by keeping three of the four constant, while the fourth was varied, and a relation could thus be determined between the latter and skin temperature. The fact which soon appeared was that the relative moisture of the air has but little influence on skin temperature.

Perhaps Another Form of Influenza.

Concerning a form of disease believed by some to be connected with the influenza, which is just now prevalent in the States, Nature says: "It affects the intestines, its symptoms being fever and acute colic, with the ejection of blood. Its appearance seems to indicate a low type of disease, or blood poisoning matter. At first it was attributed to the drinking water, but this view has been generally abandoned. Professor Nauth, a pupil hesitated to pronounce any judgment on the illness, the facts not having been sufficiently studied. Professor Drasche thought it might be nothing else than a distinct form of influenza,' and was confident that it was not due to the drinking water. Professor Cser was also sure that the drinking water had nothing to do with the disease, and 'did not consider that there was any indisputable evidence of its connection with influenza.' Dr. Bethlen appeared to think that there was something in common between influenza and the new malady called 'catarrh of the intestines.' He based his opinion on the fact that from the day when the latter made its appearance in an epidemic form cases of ordinary influenza had begun to decrease."

When to Clean the Teeth.

Of all the people who clean their teeth habitually each day, probably only a small number make a practice of doing so regularly after eating—the most important time of all. It is while eating that the little cavities or interstices between the teeth become the repositories of fragments of food, or tissue of some acids in the food are left on the teeth to cause decay. Decay and hasten it where it has already commenced. It is, of course, desirable to brush the teeth on rising in the morning and before retiring at night. But it is of infinitely more importance that they should be thoroughly cleaned after eating.

Astonishing Facts.

Writing on the subject of long fasts, a correspondent of The Times of India says that in India fasts of thirty to forty days are common among the Jains, from among whom, now in each year, some instructions comes forward and undertakes to fast thirty-five, forty, and even sixty days. They do this with nothing but water to eat or to drink, and will die rather than take food during the prescribed period. Quite recently two Jains of Bombay took to fasting for forty days, and died on the fortieth day, at the end of which time they recommenced taking food in the manner prescribed in their own books and shastras.

ETIQUETTE

PRACTICAL NOTES.

Being Brief Replies to a Number of Questions on Every Day Matters.

From answers to correspondents in Harper's Bazar are gleaned the following useful paragraphs:

No difference is made in addressing a widow and a woman who has husband in his right mind. Mrs. John Smith.

Your card sent on the day of a tea or reception is a "regret." Regrets for other functions are sent by mail.

Silver gifts to a bride are usually marked with her own initials. Such gifts are now frequently sent unmarked from the best houses, to be marked at the option of the recipients later.

Leave the spoon in the saucer when drinking fro the cup. Break off small pieces of bread, buttering each as you are about to eat it. Do not butter a large slice of bread and bite from it while holding it in your hand. A gentleman accompanying a lady in the street should lift his hat to any lady to whom she bows.

No acknowledgment is necessary of a church wedding invitation; reception cards should be accepted or regretted. Send a card in response to the invitation you quote unless you accept. Have your cards delivered during the hours of the tea.

A pretty princess gown is entirely suitable for a lady to wear on her afternoons at home. But any suggestion of a negligee or tea gown is to be scrupulously shun.

A tea counts as a call both ways and leaves your list just as it was before giving the tea. She is not supposed to return the reception; serve tea, chocolate, light cakes and ices. A woman will, of course, call upon a bride before giving her an invitation. Business your calls as soon as may be.

It is not necessary to have fish forks at an informal dinner. A knife with which to serve the fish is necessary. Have individual butter plates for small bread and butter plates, which will serve for olives, etc. It is better form to be "not at home" than to be engaged, while to "wish to be excused" is an unpardonable rudeness. "Not at home" is a formula entirely understood. Tea is not at all a necessity upon such hours.

When a bride is married in her traveling dress the bridesmaids should be similarly dressed—not in evening toilets.

At a Masked Ball.

Guests arrive wearing their masks; at a public ball it is generally arranged that everybody removes the masks at 12 o'clock and at a private ball at the hour appointed by the host. A domino is usually made of silk, and a mask of velvet, but occasionally wool is employed. It is by no means necessary that it should be black; pink, red and blue are often worn in favor.

This Date in History—March 26.

1758—William Wollaston, author of The Religion of Nature Delineated, born in Staffordshire; died 1724.

1776—George Canning, statesman, born in London; died 1827.

1777—Nathaniel Beardsley, mechanician, born in the United States; died April 9, 1838.

1788—Professor Moses Stuart, Congregational theologian, born in Wilton, Conn.; died there 1852.

1807—Hon. Mitchell Sanders, Anglo-Saxon scholar, died; born 1807.

1826—Battle at Apache Canyon, N. M.

1827—Death of Ludwig van Beethoven, aged 57.

1836—Count Arthur von Gurowski, German publicist in England, died in London, aged 55.

1850—Rt. Hon. Lieutenant-Governor Dorchester, editor of New York Star, died in Savannah; born 1823.

Satisfied with His Work.

Mrs. Rounder—My dear, you left the latchkey in the keyhole when you came in last night.

Mr. Rounder—Well, if you had as much trouble getting it into the keyhole as I had you'd feel disposed to leave it there too.—New York Sun.

He Was a Little Late.

"That was quite a little joke of mine," he said, with enthusiasm, after he had enjoyed himself with a bon mot. "Did you see it?"

"Oh, yes," she answered wearily, "I saw it last week in a newspaper."—Washington Star.

A Poor Beginning.

Young Nobles no his future mamma-in-law)—Photograph of you here. Really you must have been good looking when you were young—I—I mean you must have been—when—quite young when you were good looking.—Drake's Magazine.

Heat of the House.

Slitter—Do you know who I can get to take charge of my house?

Witherly—You might get my wife's mother. She is used to dangerous places.—Cloak Review.

He Was in a Hurry.

Pussy McKenna (in an electric car which has broken down)—Well, av this car don't be after moving soon, O'll take the one ye behind.—Harvard Lampoon.

1892 MARCH. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
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6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

D First 5 9:32 | Last 13 9:54 | ● First 21 2:26 | Full 28 2:19

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

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THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heat throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

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Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

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PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

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Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

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BLACK SILK WARP HENRIETTAS,

And other popular Black Goods. Large assortment, and prices just as low as in New York. Parties about to put on mourning will find it to their interest to examine our large stock. Our special offer in Corsets will hold good until April 1. The stock is unusually large and styles elegant.

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CORNER FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

At their Old Reliable Hardware Store,

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Special Inducements to Cash Buyers.

DON'T MISS THESE BARGAINS.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 800 barrels of flour a day.

To-day they make 6000 barrels daily.

This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST.

Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this beautiful open stock pattern and save just one half. The right is "Decorated Vitrified Ceramic, on Parisian China body, illuminated with gold, Gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

This pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so broken pieces can be replaced by new ones at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $12 to $20. We have only about one-third New York prices, and will sell you the same, and can duplicate at low as 50, and a set can be ordered at any time. Don't buy till you have seen the pattern, which is now on exhibition.

Decorated Tinted Sets at $12 (worth $18), 20 per cent. off on Decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Large Stock and elegance in Cut or Vitrified, and our prices secure you first or last cost. Fine Silver Plated Ware, Tea Sets, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Carving Sets, Cutlery. If we can't beat the cash quotations of Trenton in price or the finish, we will not ask you to buy. Our cash discount is 10 per cent. Goods delivered free in this State, and call them for less than they would cost in New York. Remember 5 per cent. rebate, and no bad debts to pay. Don't buy till you have seen us.

Bric-a-Brac Powder at 10 cents equals anything sold for 25 or 50 cents. Teaspoons are being 3 in a Philadelphia and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

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Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

PRICE CUTS

Only Until April 1,

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12 EAST FRONT STREET, Telephone 6.

BUTTER

25c

FINE

Dairy and Creamery Butter

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United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

CHAMPIONS OF LOW PRICES.

29 West Front Street. Plainfield, N. J.

28c 30c

Just Received at Werner's,

SO WEST FRONT STREET.

500 Pairs of Tailor Made Trousers,

Guaranteed to fit, of our own manufacture.

Ranging in Price from $4 to $6.

Our new Spring Stock of Ready Made Clothing is ready for your inspection. We are sure that the Quality, Style and Price will please you. Call and examine our Fine Line of Cloths.

Suits to Order $15 and Upwards.

AT THE PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Don't you want a new Toilet Set, and have you seen what new one that we are offering? The grandest set we have ever offered, and you miss a good thing if you do not examine them. Price $3.98. See them in our show window.

I have in a very pretty 100 piece, Decorated Ruth Porcelain Dinner Set, that goes for $6.75 per set.

We will on 1 one lot, 25 pair, of Fine Chocolate Portiere Curtains, $4.37 per pair; usual value $6.

If Hastings are was of, we can offer you the finest assortment of styles and at low cost you ever thine. 75 cents buys a fine Jobsiden Kettling, and for 14 cents you buy an extra heavy red check.

Ladies who like an extra long waist Corset should call and try W. B. "It's a good one and well worth a trial.

It's a will offer for the coming week some extra good values in Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, etc.

We received another lot of the Genuine Irish Linen and will offer the same at about 40 per cent below from over sold at before.

We are also showing a fine line of Embroidered Swissettes that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Van Emburgh & White.

BEFORE PURCHASING

Your Mount for 1892,

You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on

FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,

WHEELMEN'S ::: HEADQUARTERS,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,

and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE.

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Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety at Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our Millinery Department will be complete, and we will outdo anything of the kind ever attempted in this city. Latest styles of Cloaks, Jackets and Capes. Children's Hats of all New York prices. Immense variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in Trimmings.

New designs in Corsets, Oil Cloths and Matting. Ladies' Kid Gloves at 89 cents, usual price $1. Ladies' Hose 5c., good prints, 3c.; apron ginghams 3c. Agency for King's Laundry Co., of Elizabeth.

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208 PARK AVENUE.

What You Want!

I have just received, at 61 Park avenue, another large lot of "Pain Kiss Tea Dress Plaid, that I am selling at 25 cents per yard. These goods are worth 40 cents a yard wherever you find them and I only ask you to call and see them to be convinced that I have got it a lot of the wonderful "Pain Tea Dress Plaid." Remember they are in the window and will have a yard each hour counted in the even and will be given away to the lucky ones.

Do not fail to see the above, for sale at 61 Park avenue.

Also the Arnold Stores Cooker and Steam Coffee Cooker which Mr. B. the agent, says are the best.

The ladies know when they see a good thing and do not hesitate to buy it.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

61 Park Avenue, "Children's" of the Ladies' Exchange.

Are you going to Europe?

Anchor Line Steamers—

CITY OF ROME,

ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, Etc

Hamburgh American Packet Co.'s

AUGUSTA VICTORIA,

FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, Etc.,

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 15 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally colder and fair.

BREVITIES.

—Yesterday certainly was March weather.

—The Borough Council will meet for organization next Friday evening.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session one week from to-night.

—The dog catcher caught a dog belonging to Policeman Thos. McCue Friday. The policeman redeemed it.

—There was a large attendance at the Salvation Army meeting last evening. The meeting was said to be interesting.

—Ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph will give a popular talk to which all are invited at the Y. M. C. A. hall on Thursday at eight p. m.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—All the new, pretty and stylish "Ez-lasts" suitable for "Easter" wear is announced in Edsall's new advertisement to-day. He says his store is well supplied with everything new and fresh and advises all to go there.

—Mr. George H. Fountaine will give a Bible reading to the members of the Merrow Class, of the First Baptist church this evening. A cordial invitation is extended to anyone in the city, interested in Bible study to be present.

—At Grace church this week services will be held as follows: Monday, Tuesday, Saturday, evening prayer and address at 8; Wednesday and Friday, litany and address at 12 m.; Thursday evening service at 8, sermon by the Rev. Dr. Phelps of Bound Brook.

—If two persons occupying a bedroom during the night will each weigh before retiring and the person who is gone when they arise, they will find their scales read the same weight as they do in the morning. The loss will be a pound of matter, which has gone from their bodies partly from the lungs and partly through the pores of the skin and has been taken up by the air and absorbed by the clothing. This shows how important it is to ventilate our bedrooms.—N. Y. Ledger.

—The mad dog scare has extended from Plainfield to this place. Several mad dogs have been bitten and a number of them have been killed by their owners, but there are other bitten animals still running at large. Last Sunday afternoon Chas. Courtney and Cyrus Wilcox killed a dog on Bound street which had given evidences of hydrophobia.—Union County Standard. (Westfield.)

—Farmers generally believe that a good fruit year is almost invariably succeeded by a bad one, but if the reports that have recently been examining the peach trees in the fruit sections of New Jersey are to be believed the crop of peaches produced next season will make the glut of 1891 seem insignificant. They say that all the indications point to a phenomenal harvest, and prudent farmers are remembering that last year much of the luscious fruit was fed to the hogs, and still more was allowed to rot, because there were no cans to put it into, are providing themselves with proper vessels in advance. The farmers alone are sceptical about the prediction.

—It was Ten Eyck which a year ago fell in the exposure of three short term swindles. We sought to break them up in this community to protect those who could be easily victimized by them. We only partly succeeded. There are so many of the broken, get rich quick orders in New Jersey that it is utterly impossible to keep track of them all. The Progressive Benefit Order, which guaranteed $60 for about $20; the New Jersey Clothing and Merchandise Company, which promised $25 for $15; the Equitable Enterprise Company, which agreed to give everything for nothing, are three of the latest that have found their devices and dupes in Newark. They are all bewailing their credulity now the dupes are, not the managers. They have its out—except one poor fellow named Beasley, a carpenter for sharpers then, whose honest wife pawned clothes to give him something to play. The corporation organization laws have encouraged the growth of these frauds. It would seem as though Insurance Commissioner Duryea might arouse himself from his lethargy long enough to drive them out of the State.

The Congregation Officially Indorsed.

Rev. Dr. A. J. Martine of Dunellen preached in the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning. Before the conclusion of the service he said he was delegated to address the congregation in behalf of a session of the Presbytery held at Elizabeth on Friday last the resignation of the Rev. Dr. E. F. Erickson as pastor of the First Presbyterian church in this city had been accepted.

P. G. C. Ulrich Present.

Past Grand Chancellor John Ulrich visited Perseverance Lodge No. 74, Knights of Pythias, Friday evening. Mr. Ulrich is a member of the Lodge, and when it was known that he was to be present there was a large attendance of members. He made a short address and at the conclusion of the meeting refreshments were served.

Tearing out the Draw.

All trains over the Central Railroad of New Jersey to and from New York were compelled yesterday to go by the way of Newark. Men were engaged tearing out a portion of the draw bridge over the Newark bay. The roundabout way, however, did not apparently delay the trains to any great extent.

WATER FOR TOWNSHIPS.

The Union Water Company Makes a Proposition to the Town Committee.

Ex-congressman Kean, President of the Union Water Company, has sent letters to the township committees of Westfield, Cranford and Roselle in relation to supplying their towns with water.

Mr. Kean states that his company has laid a twelve-inch main for its waterworks at Netherwood to Panwood and is supplying Panwood with water. The company, he stated, is prepared to lay a main along the line of the county road to Elizabeth and lay pipes through the several villages and erect hydrants for water purposes; provided the towns give sufficient encouragement.

Westfield is anxious to have a public water supply, and many of the townspeople are in favor of having the Town Committee make some arrangement with the Union Water Company for the placing of fire hydrants within the fire limits. Others, however, think the town should be bonded, building its own water-works.

At Cranford there is a general sentiment in favor of a public water supply, but a pronounced opposition to the Union Water Company.

It is said that Roselle favors supplying the town with water by the Union Water Company.

The proposition will receive considerations from the several town committees of the citizens of Westfield and Cranford talk of calling mass-meetings to discuss the question.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Walker of Flushing, L. I., are visiting relatives on New street.

Mr. Edgar V. R. Scheid celebrated his twenty-first birthday at the home of his parents on West Second street Friday evening. A large number of his friends were present and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

Miss Slevin of New York and Mrs. Conway of Ridgewood, N. J., are on a visit to Bound Brook; having returned from a pleasant sojourn in the West. Miss Slevin acted as bridesmaid at the marriage of her cousin, formerly a Miss Crowther of Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Rev. W. H. Walker is now delivering a course of afternoon lectures in the Second street church, 24th street and Fifth avenue, New York. He will give Bible readings in the Y. M. C. A. Hall in this city on this and to-morrow evenings at eight o'clock. Ladies as well as gentlemen are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Nelson entertained their friends on Wednesday evening at their pretty home "Hillcrest," Panwood. The musical part of the programme was much appreciated, while the readings by Miss Philips were listened to with the keenest interest. Among those present were Rev. and Mrs. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Hatfield, Miss Philips read with much charm and expression. Later on supper was served by the Misses Nelson. Among the guests present from Brooklyn for the evening, and there were many other out of town guests. Among those present from Panwood were the following: Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Bottome, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. F. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Lacey, Mr. and Mrs. Upper, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Gibbs, the Misses Peets, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Warren, the Misses Boncher, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Archer, Mr. and Mrs. Sayre, Mr. Edward Upper, the Messrs Peets, Mr. J. P. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Gardner.

Complaining about the Dog Catchers.

The dog catchers should use a little discretion in catching dogs. Complaints about them are reaching us daily. One complaint is that after capturing a dog Bishop attempts to coax it by the use of catchers visited a saloon and sat there drinking for several hours while the dog was in his possession, instead of taking it to the pound as he should have done. Another is that they grab dogs which are in the custody of their owners.

Individual Bowling.

The individual bowling contest is still in progress at the Crescent League club house. The score is as follows:

Tomes	132	Van Winkle	146
Mc Donald	137	Mc Donald	137
Mc Donald	137	Tomes	132
Tomes	132	Mc Donald	137
Van Winkle	146	Woodruff	109
Van Winkle	146	Tomes	132
Tomes	132	Van Winkle	146
Woodruff	109	Van Winkle	146
Van Winkle	146	Woodruff	109

EDITORIAL NOTES

Typhus.

Typhus thus far has appeared as far west as St. Louis and northward as far as Massachusetts. In New York city alone there have been over 150 cases. Eight per cent. of the victims die. Most of the patients came from the infected ship Massilia. As the negroes captured in Africa and crowded together on slave ships gave yellow fever to their white captors, so the immigrants from the Massilia spread the deadly typhus upon shore.

Dr. Cyrus Edson writes an important paper on typhus in the New York Herald. It is also known as ship fever and spotted fever. Like almost every other ailment, it is a microbe disease. No experiments, so far as known, however, have yet been made in the way of inoculation for it. It is essentially a disease of filth, famine and nonventilation. It may finally attack the cleanliest and most wealthy, but it invariably appears among the dirty, insufficiently nourished tenement house people. Thus it sometimes takes their revenge at last on high society. It is the old lesson anew—that no man can live to himself alone.

In the dark, foul dens where poverty stricken wretches huddle together and shut all the windows to keep out the cold, typhus most loves to nest. Consequently it is worse in winter. The opening of the windows in summer drives the deadly germ away.

Most important is, however, and little reasoning, is Dr. Edson's assertion that typhus is not the only one of the terror phantoms which the Russian famine will let loose upon the world. The Russian grip has already devastated Europe and America, growing more virulent each season. A Pandora's box of deadly diseases will be poured upon the civilized world from this Russian famine. It is many a century since a famine so terrible as the one now raging in Russia has afflicted the world. As in the old time and always, it is followed by pestilence. Russia is a menace to the health of the nations at present.

It is curious to note how persons of different race behave under the influence of the typhus delirium. We quote from Dr. Edson:

> There is one thing which has been noticed among these patients which is to the last degree strange from the standpoint of the psychologist. I have spoken of the delirium of typhus, and of its intense character. Ordinarily speaking this delirium is very active, the patient—especially if he is in bed—is restless, and he can be kept in bed with difficulty; he talks incessantly, and his utterances are often of a profane nature. I say of he be Irish, for this intense activity of mind when the patient is delirious is peculiar to the Celtic temper. I have noticeable among them than among any other race. The Dutch seem next. But the other races, [illegible] English, the Germans, Spaniards, Italians, Scandinavians, Americans, Greeks and Russians thirst and restless as Irish, especially to keep them in bed. In the cases of the Russian Hebrews the observed effects are all reversed. They are phlegmatic, dull, stupid, apparently; they talk little if any; and they lie, for the most part, quietly in their beds, and have to be urged to eat and tempting to get up. When the mind is in that condition of stupor it is very difficult for ideas to be conveyed to it and partly understood, these Russians obey orders at once without protest. Such a condition of mind and body tending to be an authority should understand.

Keep the Old Names.

One notices with regret the tendency to change the plain old names the pioneers gave to towns and villages to something new and high sounding. We protest against it. The early names given to localities in this country were always bestowed in consequence of some marked feature or event. To give them up is to drop a link out of our pioneer history, always too scantily recorded. Especially, it is bad taste to change the musical and romantic Indian names to something foreign—English or French. In the suburban towns laid out for rich city people to build fine houses in, this tendency to drop the early names is marked and growing.

Let us be American and keep our own names. Unless the pioneer name is very bad indeed, like Buzzard Roost or Fat Wallow or Goosetown, leave it as it is. Even Oshkosh and Kalamazoo are better, far better, than Marlborough Manor and Ballingtonburg-on-the-Connecticut.

What says William Allen Butler, the millionaire lawyer who wrote poetry till he learned there was no money in it?

> Good verse,
> Say I, should we discover
> Old prose and old sermons,
> Gossed the old landmarks truly,
> On the old altars duly
> Keep bright the ancient flames.

Women now have school suffrage in twenty-three states, and one of these is New Jersey. Lately an election for school board took place in Cape May. One of the candidates was a saloon keeper. The women turned out at that election in such force that a larger vote ever known was polled in Cape May. The result of it was that the saloon keeper who desired to shape the destinies of public education in that town was snowed under so that he thought next morning a blizzard had struck him.

This much is certain in regard to the Behring sea seal controversy. The seals are diminishing in numbers rapidly. Some measures must be taken at once to preserve them. Great Britain is as much interested as America can possibly be in the seal industry. Therefore it is to the interest of both countries alike to agree on some method whereby these profitable animals shall not be wiped out. England does not want "London dyed" sealskins to be abolished.

GOOD, GRAY POET, VALE.

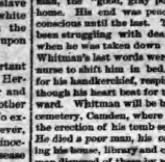
Walt Whitman's Gentle Voice Softly Hushed in Death.

HIS MUSE SANG QUAINT CREATIONS.

> "Leaves of Grass," Which Made Him Famous, Received Both Censure and Praise from the Startled Critics—He Lived to Find His Genius Appreciated.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 26.—Walt Whitman, the "good, gray poet," died at his home. His end was peaceful, and he was conscious until the last. The aged bard had been struggling with death since Dec. 17, when he was taken down with pneumonia. Whitman's last words were a request to his nurse to shift him in bed. Then, reaching for his handkerchief, respiration ceased, although his heart beat for ten minutes afterward. Whitman will be buried in Harleigh cemetery, Camden, where he superintended the erection of his tomb several years ago. *He died a poor man*, his only possession being his home, library and copyrights. Whitman disposed of these by will three months ago, leaving his property to those who nursed him in his last illness.

Few literary men, while yet living, have been the subject of such lively controversy as Walt Whitman. Whitman has been deified, denounced and ridiculed as a false god. Those who shipped him as all fruit as a great American poet, who did not yield to him look ed on him honestly as a charlatan. Admirers and contemners were alike sincere. Walter, or Walt, Whitman



WALT WHITMAN.

was born at *West Hills, Long Island, May 31, 1818.* His father, whose name he bore, was a farmer; and the boy, the eldest of the family, was brought up in the scant knowledge of even the few refinements obtainable in the country sixty years ago. After a short spell in New York and Brooklyn public schools he became a printer for a time; then he learned printing, working at the case in New York and Brooklyn, and editing papers in New Orleans and in Huntington, Long Island.

Whitman's Quaint Career.

Up to 1855 he had been known, so far as was known, simply as a carpenter, a printer or as special contributor. In 1855, however, appeared his first and most famous book, "Leaves of Grass," a volume of rhapsodical poems, quaint, sometimes lyrical, generally without rhyme, dealing specially with the interests involved in American life and progress of the time. The book called forth a great amount of talk and also a still greater amount of blame. No subject was too small for Whitman; nothing, however, was too sacred for his muse. But it was revealed. Those who did not object to the nudity of the poems were offended at the unconventional form in which they were cast; and many were shocked honestly at the poems themselves. The first edition of this book Whitman set up and printed himself, and for thirty years he has been carrying and adding to it.

Early in the war his brother George was wounded at Fredericksburg and the poet went to the front to nurse him. He remained at the front during the whole of the war, afterward giving his experiences in two volumes, "Drum Taps" (1865) and "Memoranda During the War" (1867). His most sensational work is "Drum Taps" —"Captain, My Captain"—in memory of Lincoln.

"Leaves of Grass" Condemned.

At the close of the war he obtained a clerkship in the interior department, from which he was dismissed when his superior officer learned that the author of the volume of "Leaves of Grass." He obtained a clerkship in the attorney general's office, however, which he kept until 1874. In February, 1873, he had a stroke of paralysis, resulting from the exposure of his army life, and came here. He was recovering rapidly when in May his mother died suddenly in Camden. The shock caused a relapse, and he was incapacitated for any work for many months. On his recovery he resigned his clerkship and settled here, where he resided the rest of his life.

Next to Whitman's in importance is the publication of "Specimen Days and Collect," in 1882. "November Boughs," and in 1888 "Goods at Seventy."

In the latter year he had another stroke of paralysis. It crippled him almost utterly, and his splendid intellect failed. His friends gave to him a pony carriage and pony, and the "good, gray poet" drove almost daily about Camden. The entire life he had always loved. He did not enjoy his carriage long, however, for his increasing infirmity made it unadvisable to him, and for the last year he took his outdoor exercise in a wheeled chair.

His infirmity was physical not mental, however, and within a few months he has published a new edition of his poems, entitled "Good By, My Fancy," wherein he mingled with pathetic humor the fact that magazine editors had rejected his poems and condemned that his life was hard—almost his only admission of poverty.

Whitman's Literary Style.

Of late years the bitter attacks on Whitman have waned and he has been admitted to be indeed a poet. Emerson in 1855 found him in "Leaves of Grass" a man enough to discern the signs of the times, and more especially from England came admiration for him. William Rossetti published a selection from his poems in 1868, and in 1876 John Addington Symonds published two further selections, while Edward Dowden has made still a fourth collection. Tennyson and George Eliot have ranked Whitman as a great and remarkable poets, and the poet has spoken gratefully of the "friendly words" and "generous English opinion" which comforted him in his troubles.

Whitman was dependent entirely on the sale of his books for his support, and for the last years he has been absolutely poor. He was very methodical in everything he ever did. He never was married. It was said that a disappointment in early life was the cause.

To Be Buried Wednesday.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Thomas B. Harned, an old friend of Walt Whitman and executor of his literary estate, said that Whitman, a brother of the poet, with other friends, have decided that the interment will take place at Camden on Wednesday.

THE "LEAK" IN THE SENATE.

Clerk Young Unjustly Blamed—Detectives "Shadowing" Suspected Senators.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Some startling features have cropped out of the senate's executive sessions Thursday and Friday. Vigorous efforts were made by a few to strike at certain senators who were supposed to have given points to their newspaper friends respecting executive proceedings, and in doing so they cast serious reflections upon innocent employees. One or two senators went so far as to charge James R. Young, the executive clerk, as guilty of regularly giving out information for publication.

Mr. Young is one of the proprietors of the Philadelphia Star, a brother of John Russell Young and stands high in his profession. He has been in charge of the executive proceedings of the senate for fifteen or twenty years, and although he is a frequenter of Newspaper row and has many intimate friends among the correspondents, he has never been suspected of giving even an intimation of what is done behind the closed doors. The attack upon Mr. Young was so bitter and cruel that it is probable that he will voluntarily resign. Should he resign his example may be followed by his assistant, Colonel Bassett, and perhaps possibly the venerable Captain Bassett, assistant doorkeeper, who has been excluded from executive sessions for the first time in a third of a century.

A report is in circulation to the effect that detectives have been employed the past week to shadow senators suspected of "leaking," but they have followed the suspects over the city to notice whether they have conversed with newspaper representatives and whether newspaper men visited them at their rooms. It is not stated whether these detectives are employed by the secretary or sergeant at arms of the senate, or individual senators who have determined to fix the responsibility for the "leaks."

To every newspaper man who is aware of the usual means by which the performances of "star chamber" sessions are secured for public information, no accusation against an employee of the senate is necessary except that it be known that he is a newspaper correspondent and that he is a man who can be "worked" and that is the senators themselves. It is demonstrated as a great outrage that a gentleman of Mr. Young's known integrity should have been made a suspect.

FASHIONS

RUSSIAN CLOTHES THE RAGE.

France and Russia are Fast Friends so We Must Dress Like Russians.

It is curious, isn't it, that the international comity between France and Russia should be followed by a wave of sense of fun and the Russian styles in dress that have been a feature of the fashionable world this season.

It was in honor of this newly cemented friendship that Paris copied everything Russian that could be acclimatized, and Russian styles were adopted as a delicate compliment, we, copying foreign fashions, find ourselves wearing Russian styles.

A RUSSIAN REDINGOTE.

The costume shown herewith is composed of a Russian redingote, in beige cloth, trimmed with a passementerie in gold and gray; also the petticoat is trimmed to correspond; the bodice being also arranged to match.

Ex-Mayor Sprague Assaulted.

HAMPTON, March 26.—Ex-Mayor Joseph H. Sprague, attorney of the Consolidated Coal company, of Hampton, was assaulted and robbed by footpads a block from his home on Wheeling street. The robbers are evidently acquainted with Mr. Sprague's habits, as they attacked him at the time he usually returned, following a three-tick mule team which did not take the boss over the creek. They threw a heavy blanket suddenly over his head and a gold watch and chain, Mr. Sprague was found about an hour after he was assaulted, in a pool of blood. At present writing the robbers are still at large. The police have no clew as yet to the assailants.

Minnesota Favors Cleveland.

St. PAUL, March 26.—Reports have been received from the district conventions and primaries of Minnesota as to the delegates chosen to the Democratic state convention here on Tuesday to choose eighteen delegates to the national convention. The delegates so chosen are instructed to vote for Cleveland as long as his name is before the convention, and are instructed for Cleveland. The new legislature will elect a successor to Senator Wilson, and the delegates to the state convention are instructed to vote for Cleveland from first to last.

Omaha Stirred by a Terrible Storm.

OMAHA, March 26.—Omaha is in a terrible state, wrecked, wrecked, ruin, the result of a storm which struck the city at 4 o'clock this morning. Many buildings were damaged, were compelled to cease operations. A number of horses were killed by coming into contact with live wires and several people received severe shocks, although no fatal ties were reported.

Liverymen Dines Dead.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Patrick Dines, the livery man at 320 North Clarke street, from whose establishment Dan Coughlin hired the horse and cutter in which he was driven when the Carlson outrage where he was murdered took place at his house.

To Observe Jefferson's Birthday.

HARRISBURG, March 26.—The Democratic Society of Pennsylvania has requested the Democratic legislature of the state to observe Jefferson's birthday by celebrations on the 13th of April.

TERROR REIGNS IN PARIS

A Prosecutor's House Torn to Splinters with Dynamite.

THE WHOLE CITY WAS SHAKEN UP.

> Eight Pounds of the Deadly Stuff Was Exploded and Seven Persons Were Injured—Anarchists Say They Will Exterminate All Their Official Prosecutors.

PARIS, March 28.—There was a terrific explosion of dynamite at 39 Rue Clichy, the home of M. Benlot, the public prosecutor. The attempt was made against his life, which has been threatened repeatedly, lately by anarchists. The police say that at least eight pounds of dynamite must have been used.

The effect of the explosion was indescribable. Houses for an eighth of a mile on every side of it were rocked as if by an earthquake. All windows were shattered in the neighborhood, and walls of the strongest buildings in the immediate vicinity were cracked and bulged. *No. 39 is a wreck.* The explosion, which is thought to have taken place in the garden at the rear, blew the staircase way to splinters, so that the panic stricken inmates had to be helped down from the upper floors with ladders. The furniture throughout the house was thrown into heaps and against walls so that not a whole chair or table remains. The windows, frames and all, were blown out completely, and bricks were driven from place and dropped to the street. The plastering was stripped clean from all walls and ceilings.

M. Benlot Escaped.

The fire department was summoned and ladders were put up to the second story, where a chemist stood with his sick wife in his arms. She was confined but four hours before the explosion. The firemen got her and her husband down safely, but Mme. Colliem came down the fire escape to the second floor and was taken by firemen to the street. Several were so severely injured or shocked that they were unable to descend and were fetched from the third and fourth floors by firemen. The fire was extinguished after it had helped on its way. Few lost, although three persons may die from the injuries received in the wreck at the time of the explosion. M. Benlot, who lives at No. 39 with Mme. Benlot, is said to have escaped without injury.

The crumbling of the walls at Nos. 39 and 41 is remarked, and the police are guarding the street before the houses to prevent the approach of the curious.

The people of the neighborhood are panic stricken, and many are taking their families to other parts of the city. The police have no clew to the identity of the perpetrators of the deed.

Aurelien Scholl, who lived opposite to Benlot, has received a letter containing a bomb already discovered for May 1 has been abandoned. The police are convinced that they have begun a war of extermination against them, and are taking unprecedented measures so as to frighten anarchists into submission. Another anarchist has been arrested. In a letter found in his possession he announces that he is a French republican, on the occasion that the centenary of the French republic the programme of his committee claims.

"The anarchists, as they are showing, have in their hands the means of securing immunity from the courts and public officials. These are the secret and public publication of the names of all officials, and the immediate execution of the individual who assists in executing the law. Dynamite is most used and available to that end. To give it more effect it will be necessary to blow up the house of every judge or public prosecutor who has rendered himself obnoxious to the anarchist party.

"After we have brought a few magistrates and prosecuting officials to their way, not one will dare to do his duty. We will then have the choice of ex-presidents, as he will know that such a conviction is his own death warrant, and perhaps the death warrant of his wife and children. We shall be masters of the situation, as we have allies in every neighborhood who are ready to facilitate the escape of the perpetrator of any such deed. Then the police force will not engage any of the men who are responsible for the last two outrages, although they think they have. They do not intend to run the risk of leaving another with the guilty, and so every people not to live in houses with persons who are not of their opinion. We will see to it that the judges and lawyers who prosecute us will be obliged to live there and hasten will refuse to rent property to them for fear of our vengeance. When we can make our persecutors the public of society in this way, we shall have taken a long step toward the revolution."

Chinese Captives Rescued Alive.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—According to advices just received from Honolulu the bloody revolution in Corea recently caught in the imperial troops and rebels in northern China resulted in the slaughter of several thousand men. The rebels lost 2,000 men killed and forty-five wounded. Over 5,000 rebels were put to death with the sword, and 500 were actually burned to death.

Prison Competition Denounced.

BOSTON, March 26.—At a meeting of the Boston assembly No. 30, Knights of Labor, it was denied that prisoners at the city jail were making furniture to be sold in competition with free labor. The committee appointed to investigate reported that the charge was without foundation.

Gould in Kiss Satire.

ELPASO, Tex., March 26.—Jay Gould and his two daughters, Edith and Dr. Kiser were on the street greeting friends. Mr. Gould was in fine spirits. He has decided to extend his visit two weeks longer.

The Complete Jury Discharged.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—The jury in the Quackenbush murder trial were discharged by Judge Gordon, owing to the serious illness of Foreman Bertholomew.

To the Fair in Yankton.

CHICAGO, March 26.—The management of New Yankton, S. D., is said have promise to vote \$50,000 in their storm bonds, in which they will live while here.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The District of Columbia will send a vessel loaded with food to Russia.

The letter of the Chinese minister to Secretary Blaine upon the subject of immigration has been received at the state department.

The will of Plumb N. Fairchild will probably be contested at Bridgeport, Conn.

Eighteen freight cars were wrecked in a collision near Mansfield, O.

Bridgeport (Conn.) Democrats have nominated ex-Mayor Daniel N. Morgan for mayor.

The Pittsburg Times is now issued from its new eight story granite and steel building.

The building occupied by the Omaha Hardware company at Oquaka was destroyed by fire. Loss, $200,000.

Charles Arnold,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Manufacturer of
All Kinds of Bologna.
POULTRY IN SEASON.
Store—
21 Liberty Street.

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A. W. RAND,
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BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF
Millinery and Jackets
Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 22, 23, 24, 25.
Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Crapes, Veilings, Laces, Gloves, Hosiery, etc., is the largest ever shown in this city. Latest styles of Fur Jackets and Capes direct from the manufacturers at New York prices. Extensive variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in Trimmings.
Dress Goods in Corsets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 10 cent Ribbon for 5 cents. A 50 cent Corset for 25 cents. Agents for King's Bleaching Co., of Boston, Mass.
No. 7 West Front Street.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OR
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Succotash & Mexican corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Early tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Pait & Wilkerson's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Springless Beans, Lima beans, Wax beans, etc., etc.
Special reduction given by the case or can. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewett's Jams and marmalades.
79 BROADWAY.

O. M. DUNHAM,
40 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

GET YOUR
TEAMING and GRADING
done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 3 20tf

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
95 West Front Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS
PAINTERS.
Grand variety of Wall Paper. Painting neatly done. Office and store—20 East Front street.

Something About Real Estate!
If You Want
to rent, sell, buy, or to exchange
Titles Searched and Recorded.
Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on
RIKER & CO.,
12 EAST FRONT STREET.
3 12 1m*

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass
is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass for general use. Every farmer will understand the advantages of having a glass which will bring objects seven miles distant seem but seven rods. In the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS he will have an instrument for these purposes.

Prices	Small size size $5.00	All is
	Medium size 7.50	manufactured
	Large size 10.00	with large

The largest size is the most powerful.
On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by mail, postage paid.
QUEEN & CO.,
Manufacturers of Optical Goods,
924 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
38 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly and entire cleaning process of coal. Coal is cleaned by this process as it is delivered, hence readers him able to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of cleaning.
UPPER FREEPORT AND HUNTINGDON COAL in best condition and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUSE AND STABLE KINDLING.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for furnishing sand. Screened Sharpless sand, and is prepared to deliver it in any quantity from 1 to 1,000 tons.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the Sanitary Laundry on the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in a first class manner. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Orders left at Sanitary Laundry, 24 EAST FRONT STREET, will receive prompt attention.
H. W. Marshall,
Proprietor.

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for present
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LEINBACHER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,
as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK P. CRANE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Dynamo, Motors and Engines repaired. Models for inventors, patents and fine machinery made to order. Also agent for Crane's Steam Heating and Plumbing.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkeson street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 320 Fourth Avenue.

HEAT
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.
10 Park Avenue.
ROME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
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NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and free production a specialty.
No. 27 Dover Ave., near Plainfield.

Kline's Extracts
Pure Fruit Flavors

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

69 East Second street, corner Washington

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.
Of Stone
Light Blue Color.
Delivered—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,
24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HARDSHORNY, PUREST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the Sanitary Laundry on the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in a first class manner. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Orders left at Sanitary Laundry, 24 EAST FRONT STREET, will receive prompt attention.
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At LEINBACHER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,
as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Professional Cards.

J. ADDISON & COMMISSION,
Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, Masters in Chancery, Solicitors in Equity, Solicitors of Patents, Conveyancers, Real Estate Agents, Collectors, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Surveyor of the Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park Place.

WILLIAM A. GODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master in Chancery, Notary Public and Solicitor of Deeds and Mortgages, Office, 10 East Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors-at-Law, Solicitors in Court of Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Etc. Office, No. 31 West Front street.

CHARLES A. REED,
Counselor-at-Law, Solicitor in Court of Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office, No. 31 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES E. VEALE,
Architect, 257 Broadway, New York. Office, Room 12 and 14, Second floor, Journal Building, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
COOLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and reasonably done. Terms made to suit purchasers. Our motto is "Satisfaction or no pay." Orders left at residence of Superintendent, Cedar avenue, corner Second street, will receive prompt attention. Orders can be left at Park House, Manufacturers of 20 Mile Ice, Sterling, and Peck Ice Co., Office, 7 Park Place.

"The Very Best"

is not cake. That RISES alone better than anything else. The LIBERAL use of pure cream of tartar, in short.

That you can. Other is not done for the same purpose. Avoid the low test, short weight, alum and cheap phosphate powders.

SALISBURY'S PROVISOS.

We Must Ratify the Treaty to Secure a Modus Vivendi.

BUT ENGLAND MUST BE PROTECTED.

And the Modus Vivendi Will Be Adopted Only on Condition That the United States Agrees to Pay Sealers Damages If the Arbitrators' Decision Is Against Us.

LONDON, March 28.—Lord Salisbury, under date of March 26, has replied as follows to Sir Julian Pauncefote in response to Mr. Wharton's note of March 22:

"In reply to your telegram of the 23d inst. notice has been given to owners of ships sailing for Behring sea that both agreements at present under discussion between Great Britain and the United States—that as to arbitration and that as to an interme diate arrangement—may affect the liberty of sealing in Behring sea. They have therefore notice of their liability to possible interruption, and will sail subject to that no tice. The question of time is not, therefore, urgent.

"Inform the president that we concur in thinking that when the treaty has been ratified there will arise a new state of things. Until it is ratified our conduct is governed by the language of your note of the 14th of June, 1890. But when it is ratified each party must admit that contingent rights have become vested in the other, which both desire to protect. We think that the prohibition of sealing, if it stands alone, will be unjust to British sealers if the decision of the arbitrators should be adverse to the United States.

Willing with a Proviso.

"We are, however, willing, when the treaty has been ratified, to agree to an arrangement similar to that of last year if the United States will consent that the arbitrators should, in the event of a decision averse to the United States, assess the damages which the prohibition of sealing shall have inflicted on British subjects during the pendency of the arbitration and, in the event of a decision adverse to Great Britain, should assess the damages which the limitation of slaughter shall, during the pendency of arbitration, have inflicted on the United States or its lessees.

"As an alternative course, we are also willing, after the ratification of the treaty, to prohibit sealing in the disputed waters if vessels be excepted from prohibition which produce a certificate that they have given security for such damages as the arbitrators may assess in case of a decision adverse to Great Britain, the arbitrators to receive the necessary authority on that behalf.

"In this case a restriction of slaughter upon the islands will not in point of equity be necessary. Her majesty's government is unable to see any other than one of these two methods of restricting seal stealing in the disputed waters during the arbitration which would be equitable to both parties."

The Modus Vivendi.

A later note from Lord Salisbury to Sir Julian Pauncefote, dated March 26, says:

"With further reference to your telegram of the 23d inst. I am not prepared to state, as I gather that the president thinks that we have objected to the arbitrators having jurisdiction as to damages inflicted in the case by the modus vivendi, which we have given us. I only objected to her majesty's government being liable for acts they have not committed. I am ready to assent to a reference of this question to the arbitrators on the following terms: That in case the arbitrators shall decide in favor of the British government, that government may ask them further to decide whether the United States government should have since 1886 taken any action in Behring sea directly inflicting wrongful loss on British subjects, and if so to assess the damages incurred thereby; that in case the arbitrators shall decide in favor of the government of the United States the government may ask them to decide further whether the British government has, since 1886, taken any action in Behring sea directly inflicting wrongful loss on the United States or their lessees, and if so to assess the damages incurred thereby."

The Reply in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The reply of Lord Salisbury to the last note of President Harrison, dated March 22, was cabled under the 26th inst., has reached Washington. Sir Julian Pauncefote delivered the note to Mr. Wharton, the assistant secretary of state, who took it to President Harrison at once. None of them acquainted with the contents of the note will divulge them and they will probably not be made public until after the correspondence has been sent to the senate.

Printers' Home Dedicated.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., March 28.—The programme for the delightful exercises of the national Printers' home, to occur May 31, was given to the public. It will be as follows: Prayer by Rev. James S. Gregg, pastor of First Congregational church of this city; address of welcome on behalf of the people of Colorado, Governor John L. Routt; address of welcome on behalf of Colorado Springs, Mayor Bragg; address of welcome on behalf of the chamber of commerce, Hon. Horace G. Lunt; response by T. W. Pierce, president of the International Typographical union; history of the Childs-Drexel home by August Donath, of Lexington; oration by Senator Jacob H. Gallinger, of New Hampshire. It is now expected that fully 800 members of the National Editorial association will be in attendance.

The Murder Craze Again.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 28.—The Moonah craze has again broken out among the Pawnee and Otoe Indians, but seems to be in a fair way to be brought to an end by the arrest, by Deputy United States Marshal W. White, a Pawnee Indian, and Buffalo Black, an Otoe, who were brought here in irons. The latter claims he is about dead beat in war paint and feathers. There was some difficulty in making the arrests, and it is possible that hostilities may follow.

Died on a Railroad Train.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Dr. W. I. Waffley, examining surgeon in the pension office, died suddenly of apoplexy on a Baltimore and Ohio railroad train. The deceased was a cousin of Mrs. General Sherman and Secretary Blaine, being related to the Gillespie family.

Ex-Premier MacKenzie Dying.

TORONTO, March 28.—Hon. Alexander MacKenzie, ex-Liberal premier of Canada, has been in a precarious condition for some time and is not expected to live through the day.

The Oldest Resident Dead.

WALPAM, Mass., March 28.—Mrs. Ellen Dunlea, the oldest resident of the city, is dead. Deceased was born in Ireland in 1792.

He Wanted an Otter.

An English visitor, stopping at a prominent New York hotel, sauntered up to the genial clerk during the recent cold snap and, adjusting his eyeglasses, said:

"My deah fellah, cawn't you let me have a sledge?"

"A sledge?"

"Yaas."

"John," said the clerk to the porter, "go to a blacksmith shop and get a sledge-hammer for this gentleman."

"No, my deah fellah, I don't want a sledgehammer. I want one of those vehicles, you know—a sledge."

"You mean a sleigh. Why, certainly, John, go around to the stables and get a sleigh. Put in a couple of buffaloes."

"Buffaloes? But, my deah fellah, I cawn't drive a buffalo, ye know. Cawn't ye let me have an 'otter?"—Texas Siftings.

A Thoughtful Parent.

The Groom—I can't see that check your father placed among the wedding presents.

The Bride—Pa is so absentminded. He fix his cigar with it.—Life.

Ma and Pa.

First Small Boy—What does your ma do w'en you lie to her?

Second Small Boy—She tells pop I take after him.—Good News.

The Modern Way.

In days of old the husband raved,
And naughty words he spoke,
Then took him to the nearest string
When his suspenders broke.

But what a mighty change is wrought
To countless troubled lives,
For why can engenders break, the men
Now button on their wives.
—Clothier and Furnisher.

SPRECKLES YIELDS AT LAST.

The Sugar Trust Swallows Up His Big Refinery—Seven Millions the Price.

PHILADELPHIA, March 28.—Claus Spreckles' sugar refinery has been formally turned over to the sugar trust in consideration of $7,000,000 in trust certificates. The transaction was conducted between Treasurer Searles, of the sugar trust, and Claus Spreckles personally.

Mr. Spreckles has repeatedly declared to newspaper reporters in the most positive terms his intention that he would never sell or give in to the trust. Some time during the coming week Mr. Spreckles will leave Philadelphia for San Francisco, where he will

AFLAME FROM BURNING OIL.

Four Steamers and Two Barges Destroyed and Not a Life Lost.

BALTIMORE, March 28.—In the harbor here a sailor on a lighter which was transferring petroleum from an American vessel to the dock dropped a lighted match into one of the barrels. The barrel took fire and in a moment was in a blaze. The fire burned from stem to stern, but the crew of the lighter escaped with their lives and got ashore or to other boats.

The lighter drifted around in the harbor, a mass of flame, and the burning oil ran out over the water. Six vessels at anchor near the spot where the lighter took fire tried to get away, but the rapidity with which the flames spread threw them into confusion and in no time they were all on fire.

The corvette Thyra caught fire at the water's edge and those of the crew on board jumped overboard. Some got to the docks or boats or jump and swim, and picked up. The vessel was burned to the water's edge and sank.

The four steamers, Casilla, Albano, Weller and Pi, caught shortly after the Thyra was abandoned. Their crews had already got away. Attempts were made to tow them away from the other shipping and to bring streams of water from other boats to bear on them, but the oil in the harbor burned so fiercely everywhere that the volunteers could be kept at work. The warship Lepanto was started from her moorings, but before she could get under way the wood of the burning vessels grew up beside her and her rigging caught fire.

Before this could be extinguished boats, fearful of the explosion, decide to let the rising wind, and the commander was unable to keep the few men not absent on leave at work fighting the flames. They lowered their boats and left the ship to burn and sink. The launch Carmen also was burned. Not a life was lost, although several men were injured while trying to beat back the flames from the Lepanto. The wildest panic prevailed among the ships in the harbor, and many that were at a distance from the lighter began to break for safety themselves only by starting seamed immediately. The operations of the six burning ships was watched by thousands on the docks.

Mrs. Baldwin's Fearful Condition.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Mrs. Hoyer H. Baldwin, who was so badly injured in the Hastings railroad wreck on Christmas eve, has commenced a suit against the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company to recover $500,000 damages. Her husband has also brought suit against the railroad company to recover $50,000. Mrs. Baldwin lost both hands, both eyes and all the hair on her head. That she has escaped very nearly total blindness and received nerves injuries internally and to her skull. In order to sign the complaint Mrs. Baldwin was compelled to hold her pen between the stumps of both her hands and her head, in this manner causing her to make a crooked black mark upon the paper.

Pennsylvania's Richest Man Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, March 28.—News was received here of the death of Ario Pardee in Florida. Mr. Pardee, who spent his eighty years of life in the coal fields of Pennsylvania, was said to be the wealthiest man in the state, his riches being estimated at about $50,000,000. He always gave a great deal to charity, and when he died left $1,000,000 to Lafayette college, at Easton, where it was located.

The Phenix Iron Works Close.

TRENTON, March 28.—The Phenix iron works, now engaged on several government contracts, will shut down permanently. The company went into the hands of a receiver on their call. It will be necessary to sell the concern to satisfy the debts. The government contracts have been canceled.

GOVERNOR FLOWER'S ILLNESS.

Seized with an Attack of Vertigo—He Wanted It Kept Quiet.

ALBANY, March 28.—The sudden illness of Governor Flower Saturday morning in the executive chamber was kept a secret by order of the governor himself. He was seized with vertigo while at work at his desk just before noon. As he was being taken into the executive mansion he said:

"Don't let this get out."

There were two attacks—one in the forenoon and another in the afternoon. Overwork and too close attention to the desk is said to be the cause.

Senator Hill was in conference with the governor just before he had the first attack.

Dr. Charles O. Jones, Governor Flower's physician, said: "Mr. Flower has made progress, but has suffered from dizziness. I have therefore forbidden any one to see him. If he continues to improve he may possibly be able to get to the capitol by Tuesday. In the meantime no one must see him. I shall advise him, even if he goes to the capitol on Tuesday, to do little work, and not for more than an hour each day as he has of late. He needs to take good care of himself much better than he has taken for the last two months."

Lieutenant Governor Sheehan said when asked if he should assume the office of governor pro tem., "No, sir; if up did he highly improper for me to do so while Mr. Flower's consent even if he were seriously ill, but I believe he will be back to work by Tuesday and therefore no such contingency will arise. The lieutenant governor, in my opinion, could properly assume the governorship unless requested to do so by the governor himself, he being satisfied of his inability to execute his duties. This illness of Mr. Flower, in my judgment, is merely of two or three days' duration. There are no bills of importance now before the governor demanding his attention except the World's fair bill and that every one favors. If it should become a law without the governor's signature no one would grieve."

According to the constitution bills passed by the legislature become laws ten days after the governor has returned them with a veto. It is not needful that he should sign them while the legislature is in session in order that they may become laws. Even after the legislature has adjourned he has thirty days to consider the bills, and they must be signed by him in order to have legal vitality. The legislature will go on Saturday next week, there being nearly 200 on the calendar. Many bad bills could then become laws if the governor's indisposition should interfere with his work and Sheehan should refuse to act as governor.

THE IRISH FACTIONS.

A Clash Between the Federation and the League of America.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Archbishop Corrigan has given his support to the National Federation of America, the recently formed organization purporting the overthrow of home rule in Ireland. A mass meeting of the federation will be held tonight at Cooper Union and the archbishop will address it.

At a meeting of the committee of the municipal council of the Irish National league the following appeal was given out for publication this morning:

"Irishmen and Women, Americans Friendly to Ireland:

"The Irish National League of America now appeals to you. Do not support factions. The factions, composed of a few men, have nothing to do with Ireland, when the Irish people will be last all the Irish of America. If the Archbishop Corrigan has been in the same way misled by the few we have no doubt that the action of the federation and Archbishop Corrigan are entirely unauthorized by the Irish people and that they will soon repudiate the action of the few who have misled them. The Irish people, whose welfare we have at heart, are overwhelmingly with us. The Irish people, whose welfare we have at heart, are overwhelmingly with us. The Irish people, whose welfare we have at heart, are overwhelmingly with us

ECONOMICAL WIVES AND SISTERS AND HOW THEY SAVE MONEY.

The fact that women are economical and money savers is difficult to impress upon the minds of men as a class. The methods adopted by women are sensible and practical, sometimes ludicrous and often pathetic, according to the position in which they are placed in regard to the amounts which fall to their lots to dispose of. One is the dainty herself even in the common delicacies, not to mention the necessaries, of life, is not a good example for others. Whenever a woman is allowed a certain sum or earns a regular amount, with which all expenses must be met, then she is better able to appreciate relative values, and she will soon accustom herself to the best methods of procuring the most and best for her money. As a class women are more saving than men ever think of being.

The wife of one of the most prominent politicians this state has ever produced was the financier of the family, and but for her ambition and faith in his ability he would probably never have known beyond the confines of his own county. Her far-sightedness in real estate purchases, which were accordingly made at a time, made for them a modest competency which gave him opportunities in furthering his political career. All the household labor was performed by her own hands, and the sale of dairy products gave them their first start.

One plan was to buy a lot in a respectable but not place several houses upon it. The houses were not built there. The wife passing through the streets would find houses for sale cheap if they were moved from the places. These were bought and placed on the lot mentioned, the cost being much less than a like structure when new. Fresh paper within and a coat of paint made them desirable to rent, and little by little the fortune was accumulated.

The officers of the building and loan associations have found thousands of women stockholders. Young women fired with an ambition to own property and have a home of their own are paying weekly into the association hundreds of dollars. Many of them have to practice the most rigid economy in order to meet their obligations. The accumulation is a source of pride to the business life and their naturally sensitive natures make them prompt, and dealers in real estate have found them, as a rule, desirable purchasers.

In an organization recently started the plan is the same as that of a savings bank. Any sum may be deposited at any time, and after the deposits amount to fifty dollars interest is paid to the depositor. Among the persons who have dealings with this concern are a number of one of the most fashionable sets, who entertain handsomely and seemingly have everything heart can wish. They serve wine on occasions as small as twenty-five cents, fifty cents occasionally as many dollars.—Minneapolis Journal.

Inside Our Homes.

There are not many households, we venture to say, wherein there is no war under way between its master and mistress on the subject of tables with not six inches of space in which to put anything temporarily; chairs covered with senseless "tidies," cushions, bows, etc., pillows upon which heads are not allowed to rest; lamps so fashioned that they add nothing to the better reading facilities of the room; windows dressed up to exclude the daylight, and in which it does if the sun shines, and as is usually the case, the better part of the pictures on the wall; fur rugs over which those with failing eyesight are constantly warned by the family not to stumble, etc. It only needs a moment's pause for reflection to prove to sensible persons that these and a host of similar littering the home has been carried to a ridiculous excess.

Beauty should preside in every home, hold, it is true, but it is better to err always on the side of simplicity and of utility merely, than on that of foolish, meaningless adornment. There is undoubtedly a feminine half way station between the confines of his own county. Her fair-sightedness in real estate purchases, which were accordingly made at a time, made for them a modest competency which gave him opportunities in furthering his political career. All the household labor was performed by her own hands, and the sale of dairy products gave them their first start.

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A Heroine at the Washtub.

Prussic as it looks, there is many a romance washed over and over again in a washtub. You might for instance peep into a little back room where honest laundry any day in the week and you would find there, with reddened, rotund arms deep in the suds, a comely woman of forty or so. She is one of the best, most skilled and reliable laundresses in town, and in the establishment where she is employed she receives as much as fifteen dollars per week. That has been the regular amount of her earnings for a number of years, and with it she has decently educated her children, supported her absolutely useless husband, and a sick husband until his death and maintained her honorable independence in life. She is

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MARCH 29, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE METHODISTS.

TO MEET TO-MORROW AT MORRISTOWN.

The Newark Conference.—Bishop Vincent, Formerly of Plainfield, to Preside. — Important Pastoral Changes.

The Newark Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will convene in Morristown to-morrow morning. The conference will probably last until the following Tuesday or Wednesday. Bishop Vincent will preside. Some important changes and transfers will be made. Among the transfers will be that of Rev. Dr. Parsons to the New York Conference, where he will probably be sent to the Hanson Place Church, Brooklyn, the present pastor of that church, Rev. Dr. Kendig, taking Dr. Parson's place in the Newark Conference.

Rev. Warren C. Hoagland, a nephew of Mayor Cleveland, of Jersey City, and a relative of Rev. Dr. Biltz, President of Drew Theological Seminary, is booked for Trinity church, Paterson. Mr. Hoagland is a graduate of Centenary college. He received a call to a church in Allegheny City, Pa., the largest Methodist church between New York and Chicago, but he declined to accept, owing to the urgent demands made by his friends in the Newark Conference. Mr. Hoagland has been mentioned for one of the Presiding Elderships, but it is understood that he prefers to remain in the pastoral work. He is successful in building new churches.

It is generally said no transfers will be made to other conferences unless equal exchanges are made.

Several young ministers who have had a nominal connection with the conference while serving their probationary or trial term will be received into full connection. Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell is in attendance from this city.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clear and generally warmer.

BREVITIES

—A crosswalk has been laid over Park avenue at Fourth street.

—The third of the sales at the Metropolitan stables will take place to-morrow.

—Read H. W. Hine & Co.'s new announcement to-day about cash discounts.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—Father Hogan of Trenton will preach the Lenten sermon to-morrow at eight p. m. in St. Mary's church.

—The suburban Electric Light Company expects to be able to light Westfield by electricity by June 1st.

—The service of the Forty Hours' Devotion which has been held in St. Mary's church since Sunday last concluded today.

—The Harlem Athlete Association base ball team will play their first game with a team from the Westfield Athletic Club on April 20th.

—A petrified human body was taken from the Phillipsburg, N. J., cemetery, one day last week. The body was buried sixteen years ago.

—A dog belonging to Edward Keller of Evona was struck by a train on the Lehigh Valley Railroad at New Market yesterday afternoon and badly injured.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the chapel this evening at eight o'clock.

—Laing's Hotel was sold at auction yesterday afternoon. The consideration was $28,275. It was purchased by the First National Bank, which held a claim against it to that amount.

Netherwood Station.

The station at Netherwood is to be rebuilt without unnecessary delay in the fine style that characterizes the recently erected stations of the company. It is to be built on the hotel or south side of the tracks, and includes a ladies' waiting room and other conveniences and elegancies. The loyalty of the people of Netherwood to their great line of communication will never waver after the new station is erected. The prompt manner in which President Maxwell responded to the petition of the people in favor of a change of site is warmly appreciated in our beautiful suburb.

A Free Lecture with Views.

The Rev. Mr. Cobb of Elizabeth has kindly consented to deliver his illustrated lecture on Palestine in Hope chapel on next Thursday evening. Mr. Cobb went to Palestine about a year ago. He took a camera with him and made his own views, so that the views shown in this lecture cannot be seen elsewhere. The lecture will be free. All who are interested in the Holy Land and its scenes are invited to be present.

Attention, Colored Republicans.

The colored Republican voters of this city are requested to meet at the old Tippecanoe headquarters on East Front street, this evening, when the first meeting in the campaign will be held. Local speakers will be present and address the meeting.

Spelling by Sound.

The following by a little North Plainfield boy who is in his first spelling class, (at Sunday dinner table.)

Papa is this a way to spell succotash? S-u-c-k-o-t-e-s-h-h!

Dinner is suspended for the time being.

THE REPUBLICAN TO ORGANIZE.

A County Convention to be Held in This City.

J. F. MacDonald, member of the Union County Executive Committee of the Republican League of New Jersey, has issued a call for a meeting of prominent Republicans of the county, and representatives of clubs, to be held in this city on April 5th, at eight o'clock in the evening. The object of this meeting Mr. MacDonald says "is for the purpose of taking into consideration the thorough organization of clubs and such mode and manner of carrying on campaign work in this county for the coming campaign. Each club is respectfully requested to send a delegation of its most active and prominent members to take part in the discussion of the meeting. Officers of the State League will be present to advise and consult with those present. The plan adopted by the State League is to be 'Education and Organization,' and it is firmly believed that the clubs of the various cities and townships of the county will prove powerful and effectual in the work." Clubs that have not held meetings this year are requested to meet and appoint delegates. With thorough organization, Mr. MacDonald says, there is no doubt but that Union county can and will be carried for the Republican tickets this fall.

THE CENTRAL'S NEW WRECK CAR.

It Complete Equipment of Modern Appliances.

The Central Railroad Company has added a new and modernized wreck car to its equipment. This new car lately arrived from Michigan, where it was built, and attracted the attention of railroad men along the roads over which it was hauled. It is an iron car throughout with the exception of the flooring, which is of heavy yellow pine. At either end is a swinging boom crane, each with a lifting capacity of fifteen tons, they can be operated conjointly or separately by either steam or hand power, and their thirteen foot booms allow a large space to be operated upon without moving the car.

One of newest features of its completeness is an arrangement of levers and bars whereby the car can be levelled while standing on the slanting tracks of a curve, thus giving it a stableness and the cranes an evenness of motion not obtainable in any other manner. The car is also fitted with a complete set of air brakes.

At present this useful car is undergoing some repairs, necessitated by slight damages received on its journey here, but Wreck-Master Kemerer hopes to have it ready for service within a few days.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Robert Trewin of Flemington is visiting his parents on Orchard place.

Mr. A. J. Everitt of this city has accepted a lucrative position at Madison.

Mrs. Isabelle Charles Davis, Secretary of the "King's Daughters," of New York will speak to all of the circles of Plainfield in Vincent Chapel, on Wednesday March 30th, at three o'clock p. m.

The mother of Miss Millie Ferguson died suddenly in New York a few days ago, and is to be buried Thursday. Miss Ferguson, resided in Plainfield for several years, leaving it to reside in New York a year or so ago. She has many friends here who will sympathize with her in her present great bereavement.

What Dr. Yerkes Says About Mr. Walker.

"It is some years since I first became acquainted with the Rev. Mr. Walker, and from time to time I have enjoyed the opportunity of listening to his Bible readings, and I have always been very much interested in them. The special attention which he has given to this method of Bible teaching, and his special qualifications for it, give him pre-eminence in this line of work. His readings recently given in the First Baptist church were greatly enjoyed by all who heard him." Mr. Walker will give another of his interesting Bible readings at St. G. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock. Ladies as well as gentlemen are invited. The reading last evening was largely attended and full of interest.

Plainfield's $300,000 Hotel.

Upwards of sixty guests have already engaged apartments at Hotel Netherwood for the coming season, which promises to be one of the most brilliant in its history. Among the large stockholders of the hotel are C. J. Ward, W. Hyde, Plainfield's multi-millionaire, for owns $40,000 worth of the stock. The Lattimer estate also holds $40,000 worth.

Officers Elected.

At a meeting of the Plainfield Building and Loan Association held last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Lewis E. Barkalow.
Vice President—Henry Liefke.
Secretary—Nathan Harper.
Treasurer—Wm. E. Coddington.
Solicitor—John H. Jackson.

The Epworth League to Entertain.

The Epworth League connected with the Monroe Avenue Chapel is to give an entertainment this evening. There will also be a social meeting. The entertainment will begin at eight o'clock.

To Entertain their Friends.

The member of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society are to give a complimentary entertainment to their friends in their hall on Somerset street this evening.

TWO HOMELESS BOYS.

WHO ARE EXPECTED TO BECOME GOOD CITIZENS.

They are Found Sleeping in an Old Shed—Their Hard Lot Trying to Support Themselves Picking Cinders at Thirty Cents per Barrel.

James Telling, a small boy and less than ten years old, was in the Elizabeth Police Court yesterday charged with "being a common vagrant." He had been found sleeping in a shed. He was sent to jail for fifteen days.

Warden Dodd recognized the lad as as having been consigned to his care last September for stealing his father's watch. His father was the complainant. The boy had been in prison nearly two weeks, when it was found that his older brother had taken the watch. James was then released. He has a stepmother who does not like him, and he thinks this partly accounts for his troubles.

"How long have you been homeless?" asked Warden Charles Dodd, formerly of Plainfield.

"Three days," replied Jimmy. "My father chased me out because I wouldn't pick coal on the docks."

"Where did you sleep when bumming?" asked the Warden.

"In Mrs. Hagle's shed on Second street," replied Jimmy.

"How did you get anything to eat?"

"I picked cinders for Mickey Brown and he put me 30 cents a barrel. Dunham and I did it."

The Brown referred to is an Elizabethport saloon-keeper.

The little prisoner said his father, Christopher Telling, was an iron hooker in Moore Brothers' foundry and the family formerly lived at Dunellen near Plainfield, but went to Elizabeth about a year ago. There are five children. Jimmy went to school for a year at Round Brook and his elder brother, aged thirteen, is now in St. Patrick's Parochial School.

"Why don't you go there too," asked Warden Dodd.

"Cause I'd no money to buy books," answered Jimmy. He drew a piece of dirty red handkerchief from his pocket and began to sob.

"It's too bad to have little fellow like that in here," remarked the Warden as he sent Jimmy back to his cell. "It does not reform him any."

Willie Dunham, the lad who chummed with Jimmy during his vagrance, is about fifteen years old and an orphan. His father was a one-armed war veteran and died nearly a year ago, leaving five children. He related a gift of mixtures.

Jimmy said Dunham didn't live with his sister because "she chucked him out."

Dunham was arrested with another boy and was committed to jail on a similar charge.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

The Work of the Year—The Coroners System Condemned.

The report of the State Board of Health for 1891 has been issued and contains important information concerning the work of the State and local boards during the past year. The subjects treated cover a wide field and include law, engineering, architecture, statistics, chemistry, meteorology and geology so far as these sciences have a bearing on hygiene.

Dr. Hunt reports that the State has made great progress in sanitary matters during the past ten years, but we are still far behind England and European countries. While the State Board has no local authority, it strives to make itself a bureau of information to the local boards. Further investigations have been made into the subjects of water supply, sewerage and sewers, and the results are given in the report. The question of "Room with a Cough and Tenement Houses," is also examined, and the local boards are urged to make more thorough investigations into tenement houses and surroundings. An abstract of the proceedings of the seventh International Congress of Hygiene and Demography is contained in the report, which furnishes interesting reading for medical men. The proceedings of the New Jersey Sanitary Association are also published.

The coroner jury system is treated in an interesting way by Dr. S. W. Abbott, Carroll Robbins and Dr. Hunt, and the defects of the system pointed out. Our present system is declared to be expensive and cumbersome. Dr. Hyde, Plainfield's multi-millionaire, for owns $40,000 worth of the stock. The Lattimer estate also holds $40,000 worth. Connecticut law which substitutes a medical examiner is recommended. He performs the duties of our county physician and coroner at less expense, and as the county prosecutor at once becomes identified with the case, and is more effective in its results. Under the Massachusetts law the average cost to the county for autopsies, etc., during the past five years was $12.33. This alone should recommend it.

Some interesting statistics showing the principal causes of death since 1878 are added to the report. Consumption as a cause of death has always predominated, except in 1880 and 1882, when acute lung diseases carried off more people than any one cause. This is attributed to the grip.

The Tax Collector Moves.

Tax Collector John Johnson has removed his office from Pruyne's to No. 7 Park avenue, where taxes, hereafter, will be received.

Married by a Justice.

James Conway and Jane Hogg were married by Justice Nash this morning.

PAT ROONEY DEAD.

He Appeared in Plainfield a Week Ago To-Night.

When Buffalo Bill came East seventeen years ago with a troupe of Indians for a show he brought with him Pat Rooney to assist the part of a comic Irishman. Pat Rooney proved to be a great hit. He could raise the house with a jig simply walking across the stage. When the show disbanded after a successful season Pat Rooney organized a company and started on the road. He has since been variously known as star, manager, &c. He and his company appeared at Music Hall last evening, and he made the gallery an immediate favorite. He was cheered and everybody enjoy him.—From The News of March 3rd.

Well that same Pat Rooney who was so lively a week ago as to bring forth the above notice is dead.

The morning after his appearance here he went to Martin's Headquarters for wholesome on Park avenue, "for a sea Mr. Rooney, the gymchinist there. They had learned their trade together at Birmingham, Eng., and this was their first meeting in many years.

Pat Rooney had little thought of death then. He told how easily he earned $600 per week and his quondam shopmate marvelled.

As a broadly humorous Irish specialty performer Pat Rooney was unequalled, and he was known from the rising to the breath of the land. His dialect was unctuous beyond description, while his gestures and poses were preposterously funny.

He sang fairly well, and was the most graceful and skilled dancer of any in his line of business. Rooney first achieved success with his song, "Muldoon, the Solid Man." Since then he has sung "Pretty Peggy," "I Live in Brooklyn," and hundreds of others, in his own inimitable way.

Pat's popularity never lessened, and no specialist of his kind was ever paid so well. John Stetson, Josh Hart and Fred Alme, the rivals that sent salaries of variety players skyward, paid Rooney $250 a week for long engagements. When he jobbed by the week he got $300 for each six days' work. He had a sunny disposition, and was generous to a fault.

In 1885 he became his own manager, playing a skit called "Pat's Wardrobe." His step-daughter, Katie Rooney, and he were the stars of the little company. They made a great deal of money. Last season he brought out a new farce, entitled "Lord Rooney," which was even more successful than its predecessor. It was this he played in Plainfield a week ago.

Pat married a Mrs. Granger, a young widow, in Baltimore, in 1876. She was a member of the Holiday Street Theatre stock company. She retired at Mr. Ford's management. She had one child, since famous as "Little Katie Rooney."

Katie and Pat had a falling out three or four years ago. She left Pat's company. He put her half sister, his daughter Maggie, into training, and she was so apt that she soon took Katie's place in the company. Then Katie returned, and since then they have been as happy a family as before.

He had been ailing several months. Grip recently led to an affection of the lungs, from which he died yesterday afternoon.

He was forced to stop acting in Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, and returned to his home in the Kenilworth apartment house at No. 108 East Tenth street. Rooney leaves a widow and three children. They are in easy circumstances.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

A JUST COMPLAINT.

A Grievance which Should be Promptly Removed.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Why should a fire tax be any longer collected from the Grant avenue district, from Evona, from Netherwood, from the East Front street district, where no fire protection is given in return? The borough of Netherwood will, at mid day, when every man was at home, shows the nature of the present protection.

When the only water for fire purposes was drawn from cisterns in the heart of the town, there was some excuse for such taxation. When hydrants are placed here and there such taxation will no longer be excusable; it will simply be the collection of money under false pretences.

Let the people demand their undoubted rights. There should be a hose cart at or beyond Grant avenue, one at Netherwood, and one far out in the First Ward.

REAL PROTECTION.

A Grand Concert.

There is to be a grand concert at the Bethel Mission chapel to-night at eight o'clock. It will be conducted by Mr. Dezendorf. Among those who are to take part are Miss Gertrude Wood, Mr. John Maury, Miss Alice Wood, Mrs. Sadie Randolph, Mrs. Ida Dunham, Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. George Hinton, Mrs. Simon Kelsey, Mr. James Harris, Miss Annie Hawkins, Miss Fannie Nelson and Carpenter's orchestra. The notice appears elsewhere.

Base Ball.

The Arlingtons of this city will play their first game of base ball this season at Scotch Plains on next Saturday morning at 10 a. m., and a very interesting game is looked for, as the Arlingtons and Twilights have added very many players to their teams. The batteries for the Arlingtons will be G. Martin and C. Sutphen, for the Twilights W. Miller and E. Erickson.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE WIDDEMERE PASSES IN.

She Was Got off Deal Beach Bar this Morning.

New York, March 29, (Special.)—The iron ship Widdemere, which went ashore on Deal Beach on March 18, was hauled afloat at 7 o'clock this morning.

The Widdemere passed in at 12.40 o'clock in tow of the tug J. J. Merritt, going to the wrecking dock at Stapleton.

A Fight with Train Robbers.

Birmingham, Ala., March 29, (Special.)—Sunday night an attempt was made to wreck and rob a Louisville and Nashville passenger train at Boyle's Gap, three miles North of Birmingham. Last night a squad of nine policemen went up on the same train at 11.30, and news has just reached here that the robbers repeated their attempt and a battle is in progress. Over one hundred shots have been fired, though the results cannot be ascertained. Reinforcements have been sent for, and a special train is now leaving for with ten picked men. The Southern Express Company has been on the lookout for a robbery along this line in Alabama for two weeks.

The Elder Floated To-Day.

London, Eng., March 29th. (Special.)—The wrecking steamers pulled the Elder off the ledge this morning and she is now in tow bound for Southampton. It will require an immense sum of money to repair the damage to the vessel, for not only is her hull damaged, but her saloon furnishings are destroyed by the sea washing in and out. The company will have her thoroughly repaired, and it is believed that she will shortly be again employed in the transatlantic trade.

Stealing Reading's Thunder.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 29. (Special.)—It is reported that the Pennsylvania Railroad has secured control of the William Penn colliery, near Shenandoah. It is one of the largest collieries in the coal regions, having an annual tonnage of about three hundred thousand tons, and its product has heretofore been shipped over the Reading Railroad.

Nine More Bills Signed.

Governor Leon Abbett on Saturday approved of nine more bills passed by the recent Legislature. This makes nearly one hundred signed last week. At the rate the chief executive will sign up the list in the course of another week. Among those signed on Saturday were:

Senate No. 47, provides for the appointment of an overseer of the poor for one year, and three commissioners of appeal for three years, by mayors of second class cities.

Senate No. 154 makes the term of office of collectors in cities of second class, containing less than 15,000 population, three years.

Senate No. 147, requires the recording of certificates of incorporation in cases where lands are taken by eminent domain by railroad corporations.

Senate No. 187, provides for the election of township committee, in counties of 100,000 inhabitants or over, for terms of three years.

Senate No. 7, an act concerning firemen's relief associations. Assembly No. 28 of last year.

Senate No. 28, provides for a yearly pension of $240 to the widow of Hermann Fuller, killed by the explosion of a cannon at Sea Girt in 1888.

Assembly No. 288, authorizes issue of bonds in cities, to pay for street and sewer improvements in anticipation of the collection of assessments.

Assembly No. 453, a supplement to the road act.

Assembly No. 266, makes the common councils of cities less than 15,000 population, to consist of three members from each ward.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending March 26, 1892:

Atcheson, W M
Barnett, Miss Lizzie
Brady, Mrs Dennis
Brandt, Wm
Byrne Patrick
Cannon, Mrs
Coyne, John
D B
Chaffotte, Ely
Dalmo, Miss Minnie
Day, Miss M J
Ellis, Miss Eleanor
Fleckenstein, John
Johnson, Mrs Martha J
Johnson, Mrs Addison
Kennedy, Miss Anna
Keating, Miss Mary's
Kenney, Miss Mary
Marshall, Robert
Mallory, John (2)
Moore, Mrs Lizzie E
O'Neil, Mrs M F
O'Neil, Miss J E
Randolph, Mrs M J
Townsend, John E
Wilkes, Rand

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. L. Pond, Postmaster.

Bowling To-night.

The Catholic Young Men's bowling team of Elizabeth will visit this city this evening and roll a game with a team of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of this place.

ENERGY ebbs and flows. Nature points out the proper resting time when she makes men hungry. She also indicates the proper food for sustaining strength. At breakfast it should be H-O.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A SITUATION wanted as coachman; good reference; address "Steady Man," care of Evening News.

If you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known.

HELP WANTED.

A GIRL, about fourteen, to mind a baby 12 months old. Apply at 20 Park avenue.

WANTED—A good, willing colored cook, at 30 East Seventh street. Apply between 6 and 8 evenings. 26 3*

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

FOR SALE.

DON'T forget that we will furnish you money to build as soon as lots are platted for. Stanley Land; own your own home. Chas. H. Lyons. 2 23 eodtf

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. W. Coon, Plainfield, N. J., or C. C. Mallory, Real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 19tf

EMPLOYEES of Peach's and Potter's own the Evening News building, the Job Office and News stables. Only a few minutes walk from the shop. Location unsurpassed for health. 2 20 eodtf

FOR SALE or to let—Farm of 50 acres, adjoining Emory City, Plainfield's "Fashionable Suburb." Has a good dwelling house on the place. Will sell or let very low. Inquire of Andrew Love, 19 West Front 25 6

FOR SALE—Garden soil, cut and gravel. Address T. Cochran, 20 Richmond street. 26 3*

FOR SALE—Two horses; short walk from depot. Apply at One half may remain. Inquire at News office. 25 6

FOR SALE or to let—Just outside city limits, gentleman's residence; 10 acres; price $6,500; $300 a year. Mulford, broker. 23 tf

HARNESS and wagons will be put up for sale the first thing to-morrow, 10 o'clock sharp, at the Metropolitan Stables.

INVEST your money where it will bring you a good return. Buy one of those beautiful lots opposite Evona station, $15 down, $1 per week. Chas. H Lyons, 61 North avenue. 23 eodtf

THE third auction sale will take place to-morrow at the Metropolitan Stables.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED rooms with board, at No. 6 Central avenue. 26 3

REST $9—320 West Third street Inquire 2 Elliot avenue. 2 21tf

SEVEN room house to rent on Grandview avenue; has improvements; to first-class tenant will be rented for $30 month. Call 12 Grandview avenue. 25 6

TO LET—Three or four rooms, in good location 154 Dunr street. 25 6

TO LET—Handsome flat. Apply, 35 Somerset street. 25 6

MISCELLANEOUS.

$25,000 TO LOAN on bond and mortgage. In sums to suit. P. O. Box 312. 26 3

DROP POSTAL to Mulford, broker, for information pertaining to Columbian Fair. 26 6*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

BOOKS, Carmations and Pansies, cut blooms and pot plants. Send for price list. Lowest prices. F. W. Miles, Somerset street. 25 6*

WANTED for the next 30 days, one hundred water closets to clean, at three dollars each; for the borough only. John Berry, Box 261. 26 3

WANTED—A tenant for a well-closeted, newly papered house of six rooms. Location in North Plainfield; one minute from depot; opposite 3d neighborhood; large garden; $14 month. Inquire at News office

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY:—

For Twenty-five Cents
You buy Carpet Covers, sizes 32 to 40, that are worth 35 cents.

For One Twenty-five
You buy 10-4 colored bordered, all linen, Table Covers, that are worth $1.75.

For Forty-five Cents
You buy a 72-in. cream damask Table Linen; would be cheap at 60 cents.

For Two Ninety-eight
You buy as pretty a Toilet Set as any one can want; actual value $5.

For Eight Seventy-five
You buy a 100-piece English Porcelain Dinner Set that is worth $12.

For Twelve Cents
You buy Granite Iron Wash Basins.

For Twenty Cents
You buy Glazed Iron Bare Pots.

For One Twenty-five
You buy one dozen large Dinner Napkins.

For Fifty Cents
You buy a large and heavy Cross Door Mat; value 75 cents.

For One Dollar
You buy the W. B. Corset. They have no equal for Style and Comfort.

Don't Buy Carpets Now. We have the largest assortment and our prices we guarantee lower by Twenty-five per cent. than all others.

We invite Special Attention to our assortment of Spring Cloths. The styles are the latest and prices the lowest that can be made. Van Emburgh & White.

GRAND CONCERT

to be given at

Bethel Mission Chapel

TO-NIGHT

at 8 o'Clock.

TICKETS, 25 Cents

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26tf

SINCE MARCH 15TH,

S. THOMPSON PARK,

Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 29 East Front street, has been located at No. 4 East 125th street, New York, where constant attention will be given to all kinds of repairing attended to. No connection with any other music store in Plainfield. Patrons can depend upon being dealt with as liberally by my store. 5 1m

V. L. PHANEUF,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

28 West Front Street.

USE THE BEST!

DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC

4 & 5 cents per Copy.

Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

A. M. Vanderbeek's,

28 PARK AVENUE.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a suitings book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

Horses, Wagons and Harness, at Auction, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, AT : METROPOLITAN : STABLES,

Commencing at 10 o'clock sharp.

We will sell 30 sectionated horses and 20 western horses. Also a lot of new and second hand wagons and harnesses.

No catalogues will be issued for this sale on account of lack of time to get them out. The assortment will be complete and this will be a splendid opportunity for any one wanting anything in the horse line. Remember the sale will take place rain or shine, and the guarantee. Don't fail to attend this sale. Wagons and harness will be sold first.

☞ 36 Horses sold at our auction on the 23rd.

H. E. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
NAILS SCREWS, SASH,
WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,
NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND.
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

Glass all sizes. Open every evening until 9 p. m.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 21 tfn

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS: PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, JAN. 29, 1895.

EDITORIAL NOTES

It is better nearly always to dwell on the goodness of the good rather than the badness of the bad.

As a vegetarian banquet lately given one of the faithful, a tall, thin man, declared that he would not even eat eggs. If he should do so he would feel like a murderer every time a hen looked at him. What the hen would think when she looked at a man who would make such a speech as that we have no means of knowing, and it is a pity.

We shall not mention where the place is, but merely remark that it ought to be ashamed to lift up its head among respectable cities from this on. A debt of over $7,000, with interest, hung over this town. The creditor was a man who had bought in good faith the bonds of this place when it was a small town. The town grew back on its bonds. The man who had bought them sued in the courts and got judgment twenty years ago. On one pretext and another the high principled city rulers put off levying the tax necessary to pay the debt. It has just now run out under the statute of limitations. We are told that the taxpayers are "jubilant" that this is the case, for now they will never have to pay the money at all. There never was a meaner way of paying debts is to be commended to cities that do not care what anybody thinks of them, and private individuals who do not care whether they ever go to heaven or not. But it may possibly become difficult for cities to obtain money on their bonds hereafter. Likewise the business honor of a taxpayer who can be "jubilant" over his town's disgrace must be a curious specimen.

Russell Sage's Hand Shake.

A man will give up his friend's life for his own any day, in the judgment of Mr. Will R. Laidlaw, of New York. Mr. Russell Sage is not a man who in general is a great hand shaker. But Mr. Laidlaw testifies in his suit for damages against that great financial pillar, that at the eventful moment when dynamiter Norcross was preparing to blow Mr. Sage's head off, he, Laidlaw, entered the millionaire's office on business. Much to his surprise, for he was only a humble bank clerk, dreaming perhaps of being a millionaire himself in the far future, Mr. Sage grasped his hand effusively and held it vigorously. Not only that, but he seized Mr. Laidlaw by the shoulder and whopped him around between himself and the dynamiter in the twinkling of an eye. Thus Mr. Laidlaw was held face to face with the magnate, while his back caught the dynamite that was meant for Sage. Then he had the proud privilege of feeling the great man's breastplate and shield. But instead of being glad that he was enabled to save to the financial world so great a power as Mr. Russel Sage, Laidlaw now even wants damages for thus being involuntarily made a great hero and preserver.

It is due to Mr. Sage to add that he says it's no such thing, this story of Laidlaw's, and that he never sought to pass off that handsome young man's person receive the dynamite intended for his own more matured and well seasoned frame. But the wicked world, always prone to look upon the dark side, will rather incline to sympathize with the young bank clerk, and to remember with approval the old colored brother's aphorism, "Self preserbashun am de fust law of nature."

Boy Criminals.

A French writer on sociological topics calls attention to the fact that the most desperate criminals are now boys and young fellows under twenty-five. Up to fifteen years ago the assassin was usually a man full grown; in many cases he was almost an old man. Now the toughs, the gangs, the human wild beasts that terrorize neighborhoods and certain districts in cities are from fourteen years old up to twenty-two. The boy criminals committed for bold thefts and bloody deeds are notable in prisons and reformatories. They seem born murderers and monsters. In the words of a young fellow of seventeen, who tried to kill his benefactress in France: "I would kill, steal, murder and do all the harm I can. I have always had a desire to kill some one, and it would be a delight to me to cut off people's heads."

The French writer attributes this youthful outbreak of crime to inherited tendencies derived from parents addicted to drunkenness. The actual state in which the lower classes of Paris live in respect to alcoholism is depicted well enough in Zola's powerful but unpleasant novels. Alcoholism develops the fiercer passions and appetites in men. Confirmed inebriates transmit their inflamed tempers and evil passions to their children, hence the latter are born thieves and murderers. The temporary insanity of drunkenness is transmitted and made permanent in the same way, according to the French writer. There is now twice as much alcoholic insanity as there was fifteen years ago. This is true of France. It is to be hoped it is not quite so bad in the United States, although we have no statistics to show the actual facts.

This much, however, is as true for the United States as for France. The most desperate criminals, apparently born so, are now boys and young men.

THE SILVER BILL IS DEAD

Bland Admits That It Is Beaten and Gives Up the Fight.

CRISP WAS THE POTENT FACTOR.

He Declined to Vote for Cloture Unless a Majority of the Democrats Were in Favor of It—Bland Censures the Speaker and Charges Him with Inconsistency.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The silver bill is dead, and Mr. Bland admits that it is dead.

This confession became imperative when, to his amazement, Mr. Bland was informed for the first time that the speaker, as a member of the committee on rules, would not vote for a rule of cloture for the silver bill unless the rule was requested with the signatures of half the number of Democrats of the house. The speaker, with the other members of the committee, was willing to vote for a special order at once, but he was not prepared to impose upon the house, against the wishes of a majority of the Democrats, a rule that would shut off debate and compel the house to come at once to a vote upon the measure.

When Speaker Crisp was asked whether he had made such a statement he said: "It is true that I have taken the position that unless assurances are given me that a majority of the Democratic members will vote for a cloture rule, I will vote in the committee on rules against its adoption. I think I am right in assuming this position. I stated in caucus that I would not make changes in the rules or bring in any new form of procedure unless I received the support of my party, and it is this position that I am assuming now."

Speaker Crisp told Mr. Bland frankly that he had decided not to favor the request for the cloture unless he was assured by a majority of Democratic members that they would give him their earnest support in attempting to adopt it. This was a startling piece of information to Mr. Bland. He had a long talk with the speaker on the subject, but did not succeed in making Mr. Crisp change his mind.

Bland Gives Up the Fight.

After a consultation with some of his supporters, Mr. Bland decided to endeavor to get the requisite number of names to a petition to the committee on rules, asking it to set apart time for the consideration of the free coinage bill and to bring in a cloture rule. But on further consideration the Bland men decided that they would withdraw the petition and give up the fight. The anti-silver men circulated the report that thirty-five silver Democrats had refused to sign the petition, and that the effect of keeping many of those who had heretofore supported the Bland programme from putting their names to the paper. The Bland men were much discouraged by this failing away in the members, and it was after they began to see how large the defection was that they decided to withdraw the petition.

Mr. Bland then said that he had given up the fight and would make no further attempt to have the bill up.

Speaking for Mr. Bland and the free silver men Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, said: "We will not push the silver matter, but will let the committee on rules assume the responsibility for the defeat of the bill before the people of the country."

Mr. Bland's feeling expressed by the silver men on account of Speaker Crisp's stand on the claim that by deciding against supporting a cloture rule unless supported by a majority of his party, he has broken his word given to Mr. Bland, Mr. Pierce, Mr. Stone, of Kentucky, and others. Mr. Bland said that Thursday night, just before he moved to adjourn the house and thus lost the support of the special order for voting on his bill, he had a consultation with Speaker Crisp on the best course to pursue in order to save the bill from defeat, and that Mr. Crisp assured him that if he moved an adjournment the committee on rules would bring in another special order providing for a direct vote on the bill and pending amendments, and also a provision for cloture.

Thinks Crisp Inconsistent.

Satisfied with this, Mr. Bland says he moved to adjourn, and next day under the guidance and advice of the speaker drafted the resolution which he introduced setting apart yesterday for a vote on the bill and also providing for cloture. Mr. Crisp assured him, says Mr. Bland, that he would vote for this order in the committee on rules, and that it would undoubtedly be brought in. In view of these assurances Mr. Bland thinks the speaker's present attitude is inconsistent and hard to explain, and he says he cannot understand why Mr. Crisp and the cloture proviso he gave to himself and the other gentlemen mentioned.

In the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The senate during the morning hour discussed, with some slight incidental reference to the Behring sea matter, the proposition to transfer the revenue marine service to the navy, and subsequently recommitted a bill to give government employes in the bureau of engraving and printing and navy yard thirty days' leave of absence with pay, after amending the bill out of sight by tacking onto it a provision that all persons employed in any department or office shall be entitled to thirty days' leave of absence with pay by the head of the department, whether hired by the year, month, week or the day. Other matters on the federal calendar, such as the alleged violation of executive confidence occupied the balance of the day.

The house spent the greater part of the day in considering bills reported from the committee on the District of Columbia, several of which were passed and the house then adjourned.

May Not Sell Its Bonds.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., March 26.—A telegram to Captain William Morrisey from Newfoundland says it is doubtful if American vessels will be permitted to get bait there this season.

A United States Steamer Wrecked.

LONDON, March 29.—A dispatch from Genoa says a large steamer from the United States has been wrecked on the Italian coast. No details are given.

It Will Serve No Clique.

DUBLIN, March 29.—The first issue of the amalgamated Freeman's Journal declares editorially, "Henceforth we will serve no party or clique."

Spain Gets Economical.

MADRID, March 29.—The government has decided upon economies which will effect the saving of 12,000,000 pesetas.

A County Treasurer Suspended.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 29.—Governor Merriam has suspended County Treasurer H. O. Peterson for irregularities.

THE NEW OF ALBANY.

The Bland Silver Committee Disappointed by Hasty Committee Action.

ALBANY, March 26.—There was a large attendance of visitors when the senate was called opened, and a general air of expectancy over the Empire state's action prevailed. The case was brought before the senate when the majority report providing for a special rule for the judiciary committee of the senate and assembly, which is to go to the investigating, came over and was announced for passage.

A minor partisan debate followed, the Republicans claiming that the Democrats would employ partisan and biased counsel, but the resolution finally passed by a strict party vote.

A few bills were passed and the senate adjourned.

In the assembly Mr. Sulzer, after several special orders had been disposed of, reported from the judiciary committee a resolution authorizing the joint committee of the assembly and senate to employ counsel in the Maynard case. He moved the previous question, but meantime the speaker had recognized Mr. Hinsdell, who said he rose to a point of order. His point was that neither under the rules of the legislature, nor under the laws of the state, was there any authority for a joint investigation of such a thing was unheard of and quite unprecedented; no subpœna under the resolution was worth the paper it was written upon, and he withdrew his point of order and argued the question on its merits. He held that the committee being composed of lawyers the necessity of having counsel did not exist.

He said it was understood that the counsel to be employed was Mr. Deka McCarty, of New York, and he argued with considerable sarcasm that Mr. McCurdy was not the proper man for the place on account of the intimate relations he had already held with Mr. Maynard in the case.

Mr. Sulzer replied with some heat that it was eminently proper for the committee to employ counsel. They were sitting as jurors, and there would be no end to the questions that would be asked unless the investigation was conducted by counsel. He arraigned the Republicans for trying to delay the investigation which they themselves had instituted, and said that they were afraid of the result.

The previous question was ordered when Mr. Sulzer concluded and the resolution was adopted by a party vote.

FASHIONS

Stripes Prevail.

Stripes, every where and such very pretty stripes, too, broad and some of them exquisitely shaded, beginning with the lighter tints and shading into the deeper tones. Other stripes contrast with the ground work of the material. Every woman will have a striped gown, but if you are tall and thin do make the matter a subject of prayer before you purchase.

Calfskin Boots for Women.

Calfskin boots, which were formerly relegated exclusively to men, are now the favorite leather for women's walking shoes also, and, either laced or buttoned, come in shapely slender models that are very suggestive of sense and femininity—which, by the by, should always be combined.

Spring Gloves.

The glove with the high cuff is still in vogue, but a few striking improvements have been made, and the cuff is elaborately embroidered in fine jet or steel. Many of the new spring gloves are edged with a deep band of black. Sage green, pearl gray and Russian brue are the popular tints.

PARIS PANIC STRICKEN.

President Carnot and His Cabinet Threatened with Anarchistic Vengeance.

PARIS, March 29.—This city is panic stricken. The most alarming rumors are afloat as to letters received by the police, cabinet members and President Carnot, threatening vengeance in case the police do not stop their domiciliary visits. The general feeling is that the police are incompetent and are now feeling the results of their negligence to break up the Ulric Gerard assemblies. Formerly much of the secret fund was devoted to corrupting agitators and getting the secrets of the organization from them. Since the secret fund has been diverted recently to political uses, it is said, and the police have been left in the dark as regards bribes to informers and similar calls.

The police are said to have received appeals for protection from several wealthy families who have received warning letters. A bomb was also prepared to destroy the property in the Plaine-Monceau, requisitioned a double guard, as its secretary received three letters, warning him that the property was marked for destruction, because the owners had ejected nonpaying tenants and had refused to let rooms at low rates to the poor. Domiciliary visits in the Bourse are made, but at the prefecture of police the one answer to all questions is, "There is nothing to be said."

Bardsley's Stealings.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Tom Bardsley, Wm. Cahill and Detective Corbett have been investigating John Bardsley and his peculations for nearly a year, but as last completed its task and will hand in its report to the council on Thursday. The mass of testimony and information contained in the report covers some sixty typewritten pages. The part relating to Cahill, which is expected to contain will be the exact amount of Bardsley's stealings, although it has been hinted that some hitherto unknown revelations will be made regarding the Keystone bank.

A National Silver Convention.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Warner, chairman of the national silver committee, is going to call a national silver convention within the next two months to secure a vigorous expression on the subject of silver. It will be held in the Republican party's influence upon the national convention to be held in Minneapolis and Chicago.

Two Grape Seeds Killed Him.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., March 26.—George S. Bunnell died here, and a post mortem developed the fact that two grape seeds had been dislodged in his intestines. They had become covered by a grisly growth, which finally grew so large that it completely cut off the passage of food in the intestinal canal.

Blew His Own Body to Pieces.

KINGSTON, N. Y., March 29.—Horace McChristian attached a fuse to a stick of giant powder, lighted it and placed the stick in his mouth. The explosion was terrific and the body was shattered. Despondency over financial matters is supposed to have caused the suicide.

THEY SLAVED IN TERROR

Pitiful Tales of Alleged Brutality to Railroad Laborers.

ROBBED, STARVED AND MURDERED.

A Dead Line Established to Prevent Escapes, and Women Slandered and Beaten—A Matter of Common Occurrence. An Official Investigation Now Going On.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 29.—The Post Express publishes a special dispatch from Lyons, N. Y., giving a long account of alleged suffering and brutal treatment of the laborers employed on the new Adirondack railroad. In its interview Samuel Jackson, a negro from the south, stated:

"One day while we were at work one of the bosses told an Italian to shovel snow. The man had been handling a pick and had broken the handle. The Italian did not understand the order, and the boss picked up the handle and struck the Italian across the right arm, breaking the arm in two places near the wrist and about three inches further up. The Italian screamed with pain, but the boss compelled him to shovel snow all the rest of that day with one hand, while he was suffering the greatest pain.

"That night about fifty of these Italians got hold of that boss and cut his throat until the head was nearly severed from the body, and the next morning they ran away after being let out of their shanty, and the guards followed after them with rifles and shot three dead and hung them in one tree where they were found by workers. The Italian that had his arm broken was shot next morning while in the shanty after the others had gone to work, and his body was hung up in front of the shanty. We saw it there that night when we came back from work.

Terrible Privations.

"One day I said that I could not stand the cold and was going back. One of the bosses ripped out an oath and said he would like to see me try it on, and after that I had to work harder than the rest and was given the hardest work to do. Some days we worked for ten straight hours without anything to eat and at night had to move our shanty further along as work progressed. Several negroes did escape while I was there. Quite a number froze to death, some had their feet and hands badly frozen and several were killed when the escape were shot and hung up as a warning to the rest of us."

When asked how he managed to escape, he said: "One morning a gang of fifty of us were sent on ahead of the rest nearly a mile. There were two guards with us armed with Winchesters.

"I watched my chance for a chance to escape, and that morning we made a rush for the two guards, bound them, tied them to one tree securely and taking their guns we started off. We had three days' rations of bread, and we lived upon that for four days, until we got to a camp of hunters, who gave us some food and clothing. They were kindly also giving us clothing and enough food to last a couple of days. We walked from village to village and we got to Oneida. Stanp'ng him by the 4th from poormasters, and by riding in empty cars expect to get to Buffalo and from there home."

Nearly every day from one to three of these refugees pass through Lyons on their way home. Their stories of the hardships they have passed through, of their ill treatment and their hard lot in general is astonishing.

All Tell the Same Story.

UTICA, N. Y., March 29.—This city resembles Washington during war times. Its citizens have suddenly awakened to the fact that they must do something at once for the victims of the slavery which exists already at their doors.

Hundreds of penniless and destitute negroes who escaped from the Adirondack railroad contractors are camped out in the temporary places of shelter given them, and the citizens and members of the relief union are consulting as to the best means of returning them to their homes.

The state board of mediation and arbitration met in this city and took the testimony of seven or eight of the Adirondack and St. Lawrence railroad laborers who had left the camps on the Utica, Ithaca and Ogdensburg road, some from Chattanooga and others from Birmingham, Ala., while others had been waylaid from Newport, New York. They all told the same story of glowing promises made to them.

Not one of them had been paid a cent in full, but a few of them they had received they had to take from the commissary department in the shape of food and clothing. They were so overcharged for these and the prices were so much above the regular quotations that they have received no money for their work, instead of having anything coming to them, they were indebted to the company.

An Investigation to Be Had.

Several witnesses said that they paid to the contractors money which they had obtained elsewhere in order to square accounts and get away. The board will go north and will have an investigation along the line of the road.

Yesterday 120 negroes from Columbia, Texas, passed through this city going north. They were not here by scores of separate ones who had been a fortnight or more on the job, but had deserted and come to Utica in a body. They had been induced by agents to go to Texas to work on a railroad and 150 also deserted and declined to go further north. They were fed and started west on their return trip to Tennessee.

It Killed This Man.

HARRISTOWN, March 29.—James Coyle died at his home in this city on May north, employed on the Adirondack and St. Lawrence railroad, but was compelled to give out work two days ago owing to illness. He had a pitiful story of the treatment received by laborers on the road. He said the contractors were heartless, and treated their men like slaves. It is believed that the hardships endured by the unfortunate Coyle says his death was undoubtedly due to exposure.

The Missouri Sighted.

LONDON, March 29.—The British steamer Missouri, which sailed from New York for Bremen with a cargo of flour and meal for the relief of the Irish poor in Skibbereen, was signaled off the Scilly islands.

Shot His Wife Five Times.

BROOKLYN, March 29.—Robert Cullen shot his wife, wounding her fatally. He was escaping her home from where she was employed, when he fired in a fit of jealousy he shot her five times.

Passed Counterfeit Dollars.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Secret service officers arrested W. C. Bonnell in Berrien county, Ga., for passing counterfeit silver dollars.

Russian Jews Driven Back.

BERLIN, March 26.—A number of Russian Jews tried to cross the German frontier at Thorn, but they were driven back.

The 1892 Model of the Remington is now on the market.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Ulyeckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 327 Broadway, New York.

CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT has characterized the history of the REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER. The changes introduced into the 1892 model represent the carefully tested results of expert study of various points deemed capable of improvement. They present advantages in the quality of the work, and ease as well as convenience of operation which will readily commend themselves to all users.

HEBREW EMIGRANTS BUTCHERED.

Murdered, Robbed and Buried in Snow by Fiendish Brothers.

WARSAW, March 29.—Three brothers named Kolikorsky have been arrested for murdering Hebrew emigrants whom they undertook to guide across the frontier. They made the little hamlet of Monki their headquarters, and for several months have gone out two or three times a week on the roads to intercept their victims.

At first they did a legitimate business, but some two months ago they began killing those of their charges who gave evidence of having money about them. When the brothers got a small party to be guided over the border, one was left in charge and the other two went ahead, on the pretext of arranging matters with the guards, and hid themselves in a dense wood through which all the victims were led. When the unfortunate party had passed the brothers fell upon them with clubs and knives, killed them and stripped them and buried the bodies in the snow at a distance from the road.

A few days ago a woodsman found five naked bodies left by the thawing of the snow. He reported his discovery to the police and they found two more. Thirty more naked bodies are concealed in the snow. The search for them is still in progress. The last victim of the brothers was a peasant found asleep on the floor of his hut. Two held him while the other strangled him. They then robbed the house and put the body under the floor.

A Crank After Miss Gould.

NEW YORK, March 29.—John J. Lingoman, the crank who threatened to shoot Miss Gould at the mansion of Cornelius Vanderbilt and demanded the millionaire's bonds for which he committed criminal assimilation, has recently developed a new mania, which for the past week has been a source of great annoyance to the family of Jay Gould. He has made frequent calls at the residence, 579 Fifth avenue, during that time, ringing the bell and demanding to see Mr. Gould's eldest daughter Helen and declaring that it was his wife's name. Byrnes, in whose hands the matter was placed, caused Lingoman's arrest as he was leaving the house. When taken to the Yorkville police court he became violent that it was found necessary to put him in a straitjacket before he could be removed to Bellevue hospital.

Aldrich Sworn In.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Charles H. Aldrich, of Chicago, took the oath of office as solicitor general of the department of justice and also entered upon his duties.

Moderate Still Living.

TOMSORO, March 29.—Hon. Alexander Mackenzie's medical attendants say that he may live some days yet or pass away at any moment.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
May be seen at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
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To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, pronival sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Burt tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fish & Wingate's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Springless Beans, Kenny River asparagus and tips.
Special attention given to the care of dead. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewarth's pipes and tobacco meats.
79 BROADWAY.

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Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
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Best $2.00 Derby
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CALL AND SEE.

BROWN & HILL.
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Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
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Millinery and Jackets
Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 27, 28, 29, 30.
Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Ornaments, etc., will eclipse anything of the kind last year attempted in this city. Large stock of Ladies' Spring Jackets and Children's Reefers at New York prices. Immense variety of Spring Dress Goods with the latest novelties in trimmings.
Lace Curtains in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 36 inch towel for 7c., good prints, 4c.; apron ginghams, 4c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.
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Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
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30 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Metallurgy Repairs, etc.

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HOME MADE
Bread Rolls Pies Cakes
FRESH EVERY DAY

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
5 ROSSEVAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam screening machinery and screen all coal sold, as he positively believes nothing else to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
EGGS AND FURNACE LUMBER.
Will also announce recently increased facilities for handling and forwarding Baled Hay, and is prepared to receive consignments for the same in the car manner at depot agents.

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Manufacturer of
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Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Boilerstock hunting and painting.
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Sing breathing and tone production a specialty.
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ELECTRICITY
and Magnetic Bodies are administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
with great success in the treatment of
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
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ALL SIZES.
Of Exact
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By a portion vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by careless washing. Our work receives refinished equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET,
H. W. Marshall,
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In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
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At LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 12 WEST FRONT STREET,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER I GUARANTEE a fit.

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is my rule. You NEED given better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST. If you cannot get both at once.
Find you can. Come to my store for the best assortment of Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Cakes, and canned fruits goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
No. 9 East Front street.

FIVE SHOCKS FOR COTTO

A Revolting Scene in Sing Sing's Chamber of Death.

HE SEEMED TO WRITHE IN AGONY.

The Italian Murderer's Heart Beat Until the Fourth Contact Had Been Made and the Fifth Was Given to Insure Death—Some Choking Was Done Also.

SING SING, N. Y., March 29.—The scene in the death chamber when Jeremiah Cotto, who brutally murdered in New Utrecht Louis Frankelone, an Italian ragpicker, with whose wife he had been intimate, was put to death was a most revolting one, and five shocks were administered to the law's victim before he was pronounced dead.

Dr. Frank Abbott announced that the autopsy resulted in no unusual disclosures. The organs were nearly all in a normal condition. The lungs, kidneys and liver were slightly shrunk; the blood was fluid, but coagulated quickly after the body was opened. Rigidity was not so pronounced as in the case of McElvaine. There was no sign of insanity in the brain.

Cotto's Eyes Bulged with Horror.

When the witnesses were all seated in the chamber of death ready to view the execution Warden Brown made the customary address requesting the spectators to keep their seats until all was over with Cotto. He added that everything possible had been done to prevent accident. The electrical apparatus was then tested and found to be in perfect working order. Warden Brown then nodded to Keeper Cunningham and together they went after the doomed man.

In the few minutes they were absent from the room the spectators had an opportunity to observe the new chair. It differed materially from that in which McElvaine was electrocuted, being much smaller and made so that both legs reach straight to the floor.

The spectators had barely time to notice this when the low mutterings of the approaching procession was heard. First entered Warden Brown and Keeper Cunningham, then the murderer, whose head was bowed. His face was deathly pale and his eyes bulged with horror. As soon as he caught a glimpse of the death chair he staggered and looked as if he were about to faint. From then on until he was strapped secretly in the chair he uttered aloud in Italian the prayer, "Jesus, have mercy on me."

JEREMIAH COTTO.

Fathers Milo and Di Sanctis, who followed in his wake, were also chanting, one in Italian, the other in Latin. Two keepers brought up the rear of the little cortege.

Appeared to Be in Terrific Agony.

Warden Brown hurried the murderer into the chair, and, assisted by the keepers, he quickly strapped Cotto in the chair. A narrower band than the one used for McElvaine was placed over his forehead. The limbs were strapped tightly and Warden Brown announced that all was ready. Electrician Davis bent down and examined the band connecting the right leg with the electrode and a second later the signal was given.

Then the strange burrowing sound and the machinery began its death work. The figure began to squirm as best it could, the stomach moved upward, the legs quivered and the whole body trembled in what must have been terrible agony. The current was turned off instantly by Davis, and was again turned on. When the second shock was started the right side of the face had been rendered almost beyond recognition. The fingers relaxed and the face took on a purple hue of a peculiar shade. Dr. Irvine felt the pulse and then nodded knowingly to Mr. Davis, who knelt for the third time, touched the button. A second later the current was released.

Dr. Irvine then bent over the body and listened to the heart. "The man is dead but his heart still beats," he excitedly said. Still another shock. After this one Dr. Irvine applied a stethoscope to the heart. There was still movement, and once again the current changed the murderer's body. Then Drs. Irvine and Abbott examined the heart and announced that life was extinct. The fifth shock was turned on only as a matter of safety. The interval between each shock was about twelve seconds.

A Startling Discovery.

A surprising discovery was made a few moments later when the body was laid out for the autopsy. About the neck was a dark colored band, the face was entirely foreign to the color of the body. One of the physicians present stepped up and ran his finger down the shirt and neck. There, with an exclamation of surprise, he declared it was tight enough almost to have choked Cotto to death. The physicians looked at each other curiously, but nothing further was said.

On the right leg where the electrods had been inserted were two ugly blue blotches and in two places the skin had separated from the limbs. The body all over was a grayish color. The face was sickening to behold, each feature was horribly distorted, and the skin in spots was as black as coal.

It was agreed by all the spectators that Otto died much harder than McElvaine. The spasmodic movements of Otto's body indicated a frightful internal death struggle. The first current turned on had a force of 1,780 volts. The other shocks varied from 1,800 to 1,760. Cotto will be buried on the hill overlooking the prison, alongside of Deacon, Wood and the other murderers who have been electrocuted.

Judge Nelson Accused.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The attention of the department of justice has been called to alleged disgraceful conduct on the part of Judge Thomas L. Nelson and Clerk John G. Nelson, of Boston, in connection with the issuance of naturalization papers.

High Art.

Young Mrs. Flimsina—I am glad to discover that Harry is taking an interest in art, even though he tries to conceal it from me.

"How did you find it out?"

"I overheard him tell my brother that it is a good thing to study your hand before you draw."—Washington Star.

Short and Sweet.

The finest mission—to make good bread.

A "safe burglar" is in the penitentiary.

In case of too much money—start a newspaper.

The independent man is often in dependent circumstances.

Talk about women being flighty! Look at bank cashiers.

A widow on the wrong side makes many a man hop over.

Egotism is a man without a dollar carry ing a gold-headed cane.

To that little in his own eyes will not be troubled to be thought so in others.

There is one branch of labor which must always be done by hand—picking pockets.

If every man was as big as he feels there wouldn't be any standing room in this country.

"Take away women," asks a writer, "and what would follow?" That's easy. The men.

Hard work is a cure for almost every human ill except the evil of having to work hard.

This is leap year. It seems as though all the years are leap years, as they jump by so rapidly.—Texas Siftings.

Sprockels Going to 'Frisco.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—On Thursday next Claus Sprockels and his family, with the exception of his son Adolph, will leave Philadelphia for San Francisco. By his removal he severs all connection personally with his Philadelphia interests, and will devote his time to the general superintendence of his San Francisco plant and his sugar plantations in the Sandwich islands. The deal that has just been consummated between him and the sugar trust does not include any of his southern interests at all, although the trust does own and has owned for some time quite a large block of Sprockels' stock in his San Francisco plant, but not enough to have much influence in the running of it.

Judge Stewart Removed by Force.

PATERSON, N. J., March 29.—Frank Van Cleve, the recently appointed police justice, presented his commission to Recorder Stewart and demanded his position. The recorder refused to vacate the bench, claiming that the law giving Van Cleve the position was unconstitutional. After another demand and refusal Van Cleve called Chief of Police Grant to his aid, and the latter, after ineffectually advising Stewart to retire peacefully, removed him by force, notwithstanding Stewart's protest. Stewart will test the law by suing this city for three years' salary.

To Experiment with Americanite.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The war department has decided to make some experiments at Sandy Hook with "americanite," the new high explosive, the invention of Smolianof. The experiments will be made with 8-inch shells. Fifteen pounds of this new explosive, more powerful than dynamite, it is claimed by the inventor, and which he has demonstrated in other experiments can be safely fired in shells with ordinary powder charge, will be placed in each shell.

Governor Flower Better.

ALBANY, March 29.—Governor Flower's illness has assumed a phase which puts an end to all anxiety on the part of his friends. He is free from all dizziness and the pain in the head, and his physician thinks his patient will take the air on Wednesday, and that he may be able to do an hour's work if it is absolutely necessary.

The Czar and Vladimir Quarrel.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 29.—The czar and the Grand Duke Vladimir have quarreled, and the latter will resign all his offices and leave Russia shortly. The quarrel concerned the Pavlovski palace and park, which were claimed unsuccessfully by the grand duke.

Union Printers Locked Out.

OTTAWA, March 29.—The printers employed on The Daily Citizen were locked out last night. Mr. Bissonnette, the new proprietor, engaged men from Montreal and has introduced three new typograph machines. He proposes to make his office non-union.

Suit Against the Richmond Terminal.

ATLANTA, March 29.—Judge Pardee decided the Georgia Central railroad case by appointing the Georgia directors of the road to be receivers for the present. This takes the road out of the control of the Richmond Terminal.

A Tragic Drunken Quarrel.

SLAUGHTER, Wash., March 29.—Mike Crowley, a bartender, killed Dick Hein, a farmer, and shot himself dead. The men were good friends. The tragedy was the result of a drunken quarrel.

Talmage Not to Succeed Spurgeon.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The Rev. Dr. Talmage denies the truth of the report to the effect that he had been requested from Europe to succeed the late Dr. Spurgeon.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 29.—While felling trees in a wood near Middlesex, Elmer Dabler, aged eighteen, was crushed to death by a falling tree.

A Wheat Firm Fails.

CHICAGO, March 29.—The board of trade firm of C. P. Doerr & Co. was forced to the wall by the severe decline in wheat.

The Launch of the Lilac.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The lighthouse steamer Lilac will be launched at Cleveland tomorrow.

Fast Day Proclaimed.

BOSTON, March 29.—The governor issued a proclamation declaring April 7 next as a fast day.

RUSH: FACTIONS CLASH.

A Stormy Meeting in Which Blows Nicked with Canes.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The Irish National Federation of America held a large and stormy meeting in the Cooper Union. Nearly 2,000 persons were present, and each one stood for a sentiment which was inclined to raise a rumpus. When Charles A. Dana, of the Sun, Dr. T. Addis Emmet, Judge Morgan O'Brien and other prominent gentlemen appeared on the platform there went round of half a storm for mingled cheers and groans. Many persons rose to their feet, but still the hisses continued. "Three cheers for the archbishop," shouted somebody, and the cheers were greeted in the burst of cheering that followed.

Dr. Emmet, the president of the organization, rose to call the meeting to order, when a man tried to renew the disturbance, but he was ejected from the hall.

Dr. Emmet introduced Mr. Dana as chairman. The hisses were again heard as Mr. Dana rose, but the cheering soon drowned them out. When quiet was restored Mr. Dana said: "I am for home rule for Ireland because I am for home rule for every community. I am for home rule because I like the Irishmen. There is one other reason why I am on their side for home rule, and that is the antagonism in England." [Applause.]

Resolutions were then read reciting that in view of the approaching dissolution of the British parliament and the general election ensuing thereon, funds be subscribed by the friends of home rule in order to secure the return of its parliamentary representation of the Nationalist party. The chairman was about to put the question when he was interrupted by a man in the audience, who waved a paper in his hand. He was permitted to state that he had other resolutions to offer, but no heed was paid to him, and the resolutions already read were then said to be adopted.

Later it was found that the resolutions which the man in the audience tried to introduce disclosed in favor of a physical force policy. The meeting was stormy throughout.

Dr. McGlynn was an interested spectator of the meeting. A number of his friends were present, and some of them brought a type-written protest to the meeting. It amounted to an attack upon Archbishop Corrigan. Dr. McGlynn was questioned in relation to it, and said: "I know absolutely nothing about it. I did not know it was going to be issued, and sincerely regret its having been written."

LORD SALISBURY'S REPLY.

It Is Entirely Satisfactory to the President and His Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—President Harrison and several members of his cabinet considered the reply of Lord Salisbury, and it is said officially that the communication gives much satisfaction and gratification to this government. The document was transmitted to the senate by the president and was the principal subject of discussion in the executive session which followed. The president's response to Lord Salisbury will be presented to the cabinet before it is transmitted to Sir Julian Pauncefote, and it will probably be delivered tomorrow.

Millionaire Fair's Narrow Escape.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—It was learned that Millionaire Fair was almost asphyxiated by escaping gas last week. His valet is turning off the gas after his master had fallen asleep, found in some manner have loosened the stopcock, for when the watchman at the Lick House passed the door he detected a strong odor of gas and soon forced it to Mr. Fair's room. The room was entered, the windows thrown open, but it was some time before Mr. Fair revived, notwithstanding the vigorous application of restoratives. In a few minutes more the millionaire would have been asphyxiated.

Insane Asylum Abuses Alleged.

HARRISBURG, March 29.—The charges of W. H. Grant, of Pittsburg, a former member of the Armstrong county legislature against the management of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, were received by the committee of the legislature to the state board of charities for investigation. The statements contained in the affidavits involve a most revolting condition of affairs. Those in charge of the asylum are accused by Mr. Peart of the most brutal outrages, and these charges are sworn to by some of those who claim to have suffered and by others who profess a knowledge of the details.

Dr. Sherwood Succeeds Ely.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Dr. Sidney Sherwood, instructor in finance in the Wharton school of finance and economy, University of Pennsylvania, has been called to the chair of political economy in Johns Hopkins university, Baltimore, made vacant by the resignation of Professor Richard T. Ely.

Anita Crazes Forgiveness.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—Anita Baldwin and her husband returned from their honeymoon yesterday and will live in retirement in this city until they learn what Lucky Baldwin will do in the matter. The girl has written her father a long letter, telling all the facts and begging his forgiveness.

S. Ordered His Own Coffin.

ELKTON, Md., March 29.—John Bailey, aged sixty-seven years, a well known farmer residing near Iron Hill, committed suicide by taking laudanum. Before taking the poison he ordered a coffin to be made not later than this morning, saying to the undertaker that he was going to die.

Worst Storm of the Year Visits Huntingdon.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., March 29.—This town will present a change in the future of the $50,000,000 estate of Baron Fisher, the millionaire who died in Germany recently. His name is William Henry Fisher, and he says that he will present a just claim as an heir.

A Woman's Fearful Death.

BURGETTSTOWN, Pa., March 29.—Del Gerinon found his wife with head and shoulders lying in the fire, with a fire burning fiercely by her clothes ignited. The woman was subject to fits, and fell into the fire while suffering from a fit. She was burned beyond recognition.

William McKinley Drowned.

WARSAW, Ind., March 29.—William McKinley got drunk over his defeat for prosecutor in the convention, and wandered to the river and was drowned. He was a cousin of Governor McKinley, of Ohio.

Slays Himself to Death.

BERLIN, March 29.—The sister Laten who excited the wonder of German medical men by sleeping for four months in the hospital at Mysdroy, Prussia, and whose fame died of the physical exhaustion.

Another Chicago Indictment.

CHICAGO, March 29.—The grand jury voted an indictment for bribery against Millard P. Hervey, of the city board of education.

Dolliver's Cards.

DR. S. S. DOLLIVER,
DENTIST,
Office and residence, 111 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.
Hours: 8 a. m. to 12 m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder.
Shop and residence, Somerville, N. J.
All orders promptly attended to.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder.
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 333

JOHN REINHARDT,
Stair Rods, and Inside Work Hanger, Shelter, Shop—Corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield.
10-15-19 J. REINHARDT, 5 Rogers street.

P. V. SAUNS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Grandview avenue, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1624. Jobbing attended to. Orders can be given either orally or by mail.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 661.

DIBBSON & SAYLS,
Carpenters & Builder.
P. O. BOX 0.
W. J. Dibbson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Sayls, No. 18 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
THREE BOX TEA

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
ROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER.
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

PURE MILK.
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 9 ly

C. BECKINRIDGE
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER
has a full line of
JEWELRY
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
No. 45 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Four Hundred R. R. Co. Leased.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect Nov. 15, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:40, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave Elizabeth at 5:48, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:08 night.
Leave New York at 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.
Sunday trains leave Plainfield at 8:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Sunday trains leave New York at 9:00 a. m., 5:00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:35, 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 12:45, 2:45, 4:45, 6:45, 8:45 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 6:15, 7:05, 8:15, 10:15 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND FARMS.

Leave Plainfield at 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 12:45, 2:45, 4:45, 6:45, 8:45 p. m.
Leave Farms at 8:15, 10:15 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:35, 9:42, a. m., 1:05, 4:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

7:35 a. m. for Bound Brook, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Allentown.
9:42 a. m. for Flemington, D L & W R R Junction, Lambert and Manunka Chunk.
1:05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Wilkesbarre.
4:30 p. m. for Flemington, D L & W R R Junction, Lambert and Manunka Chunk.

LEAVE FLEMINGTON.

7:30 a. m. for Plainfield, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Wilkesbarre.
8:30 a. m. for Plainfield, D L & W R R Junction, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
1:30 p. m. for Plainfield, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Wilkesbarre.
5:30 p. m. for Plainfield, D L & W R R Junction, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
8:30 p. m. for Plainfield and Elizabeth.
11:45 p. m. Sunday for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Lambertville, Flemington, Somerville, Bound Brook, Plainfield, Elizabeth, Newark and New York.

LEAVE BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:43, 11:00 a. m., 12:55, 3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday 8:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Leave Elizabeth at 7:50, 8:56, 11:13 a. m., 1:08, 3:43, 5:43, 6:43, 8:43, 10:43 p. m., 12:13 night. Sunday 8:43 a. m., 5:43 p. m.
Leave Perth Amboy at 8:05, 9:11, 11:28 a. m., 1:23, 3:58, 5:58, 6:58, 8:58, 10:58 p. m., 12:28 night. Sunday 8:58 a. m., 5:58 p. m.
Leave Bound Brook at 8:30, 9:36, 11:53 a. m., 1:48, 4:23, 6:23, 7:23, 9:23, 11:23 p. m., 12:53 night. Sunday 9:23 a. m., 6:23 p. m.

LEAVE SOUTH AMBOY.

For Philadelphia and Washington at 2:45, 5:20, 7:20, 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Trenton at 6:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.
For Bordentown at 6:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.
For Burlington at 6:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.
For Bristol at 6:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.
For Delaware and Washington at 2:45, 5:20, 7:20, 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Delaware and Baltimore at 2:45, 5:20, 7:20, 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 2:45, 5:20, 7:20, 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Pittsburg at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Chicago at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Cincinnati at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Cleveland at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Columbus at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Indianapolis at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Louisville at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For St. Louis at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.
For Washington at 9:27 a. m., 12:10, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 9:10, 11:10 p. m. Sunday 2:30 a. m., 7:10 p. m.

NEW 10c STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened at No. 20 Park Building, on the West Front street. Below are quote a few of our 10 cent:

Mattresses ..... $1.25 to $15
Lamps, Chairs, Tables, Mirrors, Stoves, etc. ..... 10 cents
Bird Cages $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
Bird Feather Pillows ..... 25 cents
Bird Feather Mattresses ..... 50 cents
Counterpanes $1.00

Also, Oil Cloths and all woven Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs, $1.50 to $4.00; parlor carpets, 10, 15, 20, 25 per yard; Comforts, Bedsteads, Spring, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Crockery, Glassware, Oil Stoves, Refrigerators, Chairs, Rugs, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

NO. 74!

OUR LEADER in a 3 column price Ladies' Shoe, price

$1.98.

Just such shoe as you see advertised as be sold for $2.75. Widths B, C & D. Sizes 2½ to 7.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
BOUGHT AND SOLD,
AT 37 SOMERSET STREET, (Thorn's Block.)
G. R. Musgrave, Proprietor

Estimates cheerfully furnished for all kinds of carpenter work, and repairing done on
Musgrave's - Carpenter - Shop,
No. 60 West Front Street, or at store on Somerset street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
32 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.
DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice
Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,
BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.
We feel we will be able to compete our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.
F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 1457.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE
B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75

Educational.

LOCUTION.—Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Prof. Wm. Hoffman, 1 Somerset street, P. O. Box 1490.

FRENCH LESSONS.—Instruction and entertainment in French language. Class or private lessons at residence or at Mrs. Fawcett's, 20 Somerset street. Miss Bessie Pollard, graduate of Boston Conservatory of Music, will receive pupils in piano, organ and harmony at 2 Grant place. Address 1 Van Alstyne, Dexter.
RALPH A. FRY, Reporter.

Plainfield Commercial College, No. 24 Somerset street, Tuesday at 8 p. m. 12 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. SPENCER, 16 and 18 Somerset street, ground floor, Plainfield, N. J. Dealer in Second-hand Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Rugs. Highest price paid for second-hand furniture. Store open and bought over 5 years in business.

MRS. LINDSAY, Establishment Office, 21 West Front street. Good girls to work, Mr. Lindsay has a lot of single boys, good boys, and stable. 4 87

MRS. HARRIET MATTHEWS, Physician and Surgeon, Graduate of Medicine, Diseases of women and children a specialty. Office at her residence, 5 Grant place, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone connection. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. Sundays excepted.

JOHN JOHNSTON, Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
South Avenue
P. O. BOX 1402.
Upper Lehigh and other stocks coals on hand.

Lodges.

Progressive and Prosperous.—Organized 1878. Membership, 150,000. 1891. Death benefits paid over $22,000,000 since organization. Meets every Tuesday evening in Masonic Temple, Front and Third streets. Visiting brothers cordially welcomed. Leads I. Van Alstyne, Dexter.
RALPH A. FRY, Reporter.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. SPENCER, 16 and 18 Somerset street, ground floor, Plainfield, N. J. Dealer in Second-hand Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Rugs. Highest price paid for second-hand furniture. Store open and bought over 5 years in business.

MRS. LINDSAY, Establishment Office, 21 West Front street. Good girls to work, Mr. Lindsay has a lot of single boys, good boys, and stable. 4 87

MRS. HARRIET MATTHEWS, Physician and Surgeon, Graduate of Medicine, Diseases of women and children a specialty. Office at her residence, 5 Grant place, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone connection. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. Sundays excepted.

A. M. SEGUINE,
Proprietor of
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Station Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 32.
Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful driver, and good service.
Horses for ladies' driving.

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR ALFRED B. CALHOUN.

How Marie Ziegenfuss Convinced Henry Bolts of Her Love, and How He Was Startled When He Was Enlightened as to Her Delicate Appetite.

(Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.)

The Pennsylvania Dutch farmers are famed for their thrift, their good tables, their piety and their buxom daughters. John Ziegenfuss was a man of this class, and his only daughter, Marie, would have been the toast of all the young men in that part of Berks county if they had been addicted to anything so wicked and expensive as drinking toasts.

Despite her many attractions, prospective and actual, Marie Ziegenfuss was not a coquette, in the modern acceptation of the word, and it is doubtful if she had ever heard it. From among her host of admirers she selected Henry Boltz, the son of another well to do farmer who lived up near the Lebanon line, about six miles away.

As soon as it became known that Mr. Boltz was the accepted suitor the others stood aloof, perhaps because there was

THE GENTLE MARIE SIGHED.

nothing else to do. Every Sunday Henry Boltz drove to the bleeting house where Marie and her parents attended, and after the services were over he placed his sweetheart in the buggy, triumphantly drove her home and invariably remained to dinner.

Under these delightful circumstances Henry Boltz could do have been entirely happy; but, alas for the vanity of human wishes, he was not, and this is the reason:

Apart from more worldly considerations the mildly ardent young man loved Marie Ziegenfuss because she was large, stout, healthful, rosy and entirely ingable—if one may be permitted to coin an essentially descriptive word. And then the fact that Marie loved him with all the love of which she was capable, gave an added impulse to his passion.

But here was the truth; this is what so sorely perplexed him:

He had heard, but his own experience did not warrant the belief, that people who are in love either do not eat or eat as much as those who are not; they forget from tender to tender, as Romeo and Juliet beside Marie at dinner, and this afforded him an excellent opportunity to judge of her appetite. To his inexpressible horror he found that not the opposite of a mollting canary.

She ate as near next to nothing as one well could and still live, and yet she was all fat. Why, she would even cut a green pea in two, when those delicious legumes were in season, and with the same delicacy and unobtrusiveness partake of her lately one half at a time to her lips.

After dinner the young folks would go into the parlor, the walls of which were decorated with framed "samplers," done in Berlin wool by the fair Marie, and they would sit, one at either end of the high backed, hard, cane seated sofa, and Henry would get so loose.

One Sunday afternoon there came on a fierce storm, and as the rain beat furiously and still long after dark, Mr. Ziegenfuss and his wife, backed by the pleadings of the gentle Marie, prevailed on the young man to remain for the night.

The houses of the Pennsylvania Dutch farmers, though usually comfortable, are rarely so complete as their barns. This night the clergyman and his wife were also guests, and Henry Boltz was given a bed in a sort of loft directly over the kitchen.

This was a night of terror and anticipation for the young people. They actually staid up courting, or rather looking at each other from opposite sides of the sofa, till the high clock, standing like a coffin in the dimmest corner of the room, struck ten.

Henry looked as if he was going to kiss Marie, but he contented himself with nodding her under the chin, then, startled at his own audacity, he hurried up to the loft and lay down to pleasant dreams.

How long he had been asleep he never could tell, for after the thrilling experiences of that night he was never in a condition to tell one out of dozens of thoughts that pleased any tax on his memory, but it certainly must have been several hours.

He was awakened, not by the swish of the willow switches against the dormer window or the steady beating of the rain on the roof, but by a delicious odor and the occasional rattle of dishes beneath. He rubbed his eyes and the golden rules of light between the boards assured him that there was some one at work in the kitchen.

He got noiselessly up and looked down through a crack, and he gasped, "Lieber Herr, dot vos mein Marie!"

Henry Boltz was right. It was Marie in work dress, with a big blue apron on, and her ample arms bared to the shoulder. She had just fried a huge plate of ham and was in the act of breaking a dozen eggs into the sizzling gravy when her lover beheld her.

He believed that a lot of starved giants

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$6 per Year in Advance. — E. W. Hazelton, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Publisher Out Co., Printers to all Trade. — 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1892. — PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer with, possibly, rain.

BREVITIES

—The mumbles were afire again last evening.

—On June 4th the Netherwood hotel will be opened for the season.

—The Rev. Dr. Cobb is to lecture at Hope Chapel to-morrow evening.

—The members of the Independent Gun Club held a practice shooting match on their grounds in North Plainfield yesterday afternoon.

—At the school meeting in District No. 24, H. H. Tuttson of Mt. Bethel was elected for three years, and James Pottenger for one year.

—Bucks county, Pa., is not a happy hunting ground for the tramps. Judge Yerkes prescribes for them the penitentiary for terms of from one to three years with hard labor.

—The members of the Epworth League connected with the Methodist church, are making arrangements to hold a mock trial in Vincent chapel, Friday evening. Young people are invited. It promises to be a great success.

—Those of our subscribers who intend changing their places of residence this spring are requested to send their old and new addresses to the office, that the proper change may be made in the address of their papers.

Mrs. James McGee Dead.

No doubt every one in this vicinity will be startled and saddened by the intelligence conveyed in the headline to this article. Only last Friday—five days ago—Mrs. McGee was about town shopping. La Grippe is given as the cause of her death. Mrs. McGee was one of the foremost women in this vicinity in every Christian work. She was one of the supporters of the Children's Home of North Plainfield, and of the Muhlenberg Hospital, and one of the most valuable members of the Methodist Episcopal church. At the time of her death she was sixty-one years old. She came from Brooklyn with her husband and children and permently located in Plainfield some years ago. The family became a most valuable acquisition to the community. Rev. Mr. Mitchell, the pastor of their church, said recently "I never knew a family every member of which was such a worker, and so useful in the church." All the sons and daughters are married and somehow children of their own. A year ago last Christmas the family all assembled together, and including grand-children, numbered twenty-five persons, most of whom reside here. The children and Mrs. McGee's husband survive. He is President of the Devoe Manufacturing Co. of N. Y., a branch of the Standard Oil Co. He was previously President of the New York Produce Exchange, and later a member of its Board of Arbitration. One of the sons, Frank, is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and is an ex-Councilman of the Borough of North Plainfield. One of the daughters is the wife of Mr. James H. Joy, editor of "Truth." He is also connected with the Methodist Book Concern, and lives in North Plainfield. Another daughter is the wife of Rev. Mr. Welch, a Methodist minister in New York State. This daughter was formerly President of the Plainfield "Y's." They all seem to have the same sweet Christian character of their mother, who is now no more. The funeral will take place next Saturday.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Levy of New York is visiting her daughter, Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street.

Mr. Lewis Weigel has removed his family from New York to this city. Mr. Weigel formerly resided here.

The Sheriff of Union County will draw the May term of petit jurors next Tuesday at the Court House in Elizabeth.

Messrs. Frank L. C. Martin and George Mahon of this city attended as delegates of the field club who met at the Park clubs in Union county last evening. The Elizabeth Journal is to give a championship trophy to the club winning a series of races, and they attended, to arrange details.

Elizabeth Won.

A team chosen from the members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of Elizabethport visited this city last evening and rolled a game with a team from the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of this city. The visitors won. The score is as follows:

ELIZABETH.		PLAINFIELD.	
Foltes	162	M. Wise	139
Danker	148	P. Kiely	133
Cleary	180	P. Berlin	128
Fehlig	136	J. Gallagher	115
Whelan	126	J. Gallagher	113
McKeod	116	T. Carey	102
Fehlig	136	J. Gallagher	115
McKeod	147	J. Lynch	140
Danker	180	P. Gammer	131
Engel	162	D. Wise	161
Total	1,619	Total	1,561

Umpire—T. Hughes.

A Small Fire.

A mischievous boy and girl residing on Somerset street started a bonfire among some dry goods boxes in the rear of Messrs. VanEmburgh and White which endangered surrounding property. The flames were extinguished before much damage resulted. The names of the boy and girl have been given to the police.

The Second Recital.

Mr. Wm. E. MacClymont will give his second free organ recital at the First Baptist church on Tuesday evening, April 19th. He will be assisted by the Queen City Quartette of Plainfield.

THE HILLSIDE TENNIS CLUB.

Arrangements for the Coming Season.

The members of the Hillside Tennis Club are looking forward to the coming of Spring when they will again be able to enjoy the healthful and invigorating game of Lawn Tennis. In order to provide extra facilities, two new courts are now being prepared, and it is intended that the four courts of this club will be as fine as any in the State.

The annual meeting of the club will occur on Wednesday evening, April 6th, for the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, and two members of the Executive Committee to serve for two years.

On Decoration Day, May 30th, it is proposed to inaugurate an annual Spring Tournament, for members only. Gentlemen's singles will be played, and a handsome club trophy will be offered, to be won two years in succession before becoming the property of the winner.

As open tournament for ladies and gentlemen will be held later in the season.

The club membership has increased steadily during the past Winter. Sixty names are now on the roll and a number of applications are looked for at the April meeting.

Encouraged by the success of last year the Executive Committee will make great effort during the coming season to afford the members every facility for furthering the interests in the out door games provided by the club. The afternoon teas which were so popular last Summer will be resumed, and there is every reason to believe they will prove even more enjoyable this, than last year.

THE GERMANS ENJOY THEMSELVES.

An Entertainment at the Hall of the Gesang and Turning Society.

The members of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society entertained their friends at a complimentary entertainment last evening. The affair was a very enjoyable one. Special mention is made of the acting of Miss Lizzie Davies and Miss Gussie Spitzangel, who made their first appearance on the stage. The programme was as follows:

PROGRAMME.

Part 1.

1. Violin solo "Die Stimme von Postice" ....Huber
   Mr. A. Hampel.
2. Merkur Marsh.....Pfeil
3. "In Diesen Heiligen Hallen,".....Nessler
4. Mein Hummel auf der Erde,".....Neumann
5. Baritone solo.....Ruckert
   Mr. C. W. Hoffman.
6. "Heut Steht Ich".....Isemann
   (Original.)

Part II.

A farce in one act entitled "Kandels Curtain Lecture."

H. Handel, Merchant	H. Kersting
Amanda, his wife	Linda Davies
Aunt Mink, Amanda's aunt	W. Kriegel
Antoinette, His wife	Miss Spitzangel
Rudolph Mueller	Frank Davies
Emilie, His wife	Mrs. Messenback
A Waiter	Mr. Jac Von Schlick
A Porter	Mr. M. Messenback

Mr. Chas. Myer was stage manager.

An Imposter Captured at Last.

The following refers to a man who has imposed on Plainfielders for several years past with a pitiful tale manufactured to suit the occasion.

"William Wright, who lives in New Brunswick, was arrested yesterday by Detectives Decker and McGrail on a charge of being an imposter. He was out about calling upon clergymen and others, telling a story of alleged misfortune and leaving money. He promised to make restitution when he could obtain employment. Chief Tenney learned that Wright had been at Plainfield, Westfield and other places, obtaining money under various false representation. Chief Harding of New Brunswick, in answer to inquiries, said that Wright was a worthless fellow, and his story not to be depended upon. The prisoner when arraigned in police court said he was tired of living and wished he might be dead. He obtained to have a wife and nine children, and denied that he had done any intentional wrong in soliciting help.—Elizabeth Journal.

The Colored People Organize.

About fifty colored Republicans of this city met in the old Tippecanoe Headquarters on Front street last evening for the purpose of organizing a colored Republican Club. William Kline presided. As there was not as large attendance as was desired, the organization of the club was deferred until next Wednesday evening. A committee was appointed to notify every colored voter in the city that the meeting would be held that evening.

During the evening Thomas Price delivered a short address.

Reunion of Gen. Sickles' Brigade.

The surviving members of the old First Excelsior Regiment, Gen. Sickles' Brigade, Third Corps, will meet for the first time since the close of the war at Newark, Monday, April 4. The headquarters of the veterans will be at the rooms of Lincoln Post, No. 626 Broad street. At 7 o'clock the old comrades will sit down to a banquet in T. Molter's restaurant, No. 148 Market street. Gen. Daniel E. Sickles will preside.

Injured While Loading Logs.

While loading logs at Short Hills Monday afternoon Samuel Merrill, a tenamster who resides at Dunellen, was painfully injured. The wagon overturned and he was caught under one of the logs and badly crushed. He has since been confined to his home.

To Meet for Organization.

The Borough Council will meet for organization next Friday evening. Mayor Saunders will preside. The meeting will undoubtedly be an interesting one. The Mayor will appoint the various committees and also present his annual message.

KILLED A GRAY FOX.

George Pudney of Springfield, Captures a Coveted Prize.

One of the gray foxes which have been hunted for the past week on the Spring-field mountains by sportsmen from Westfield, Summit, Madison, Chatham and Springfield, was killed after a three hours' hunt, by George Pudney of Springfield, on the Dalton Roll estate, on Saturday afternoon. It is the first gray fox killed in this section of the State in twenty years. Its capture was the chief topic of conversation among hunters in Springfield, where the prize was on exhibition at the rooms of the Union Club, a member of the Union Gun Club, and the man who "put up" the last fox seen on the mountain.

The animal killed on Saturday measured nearly five feet from nose to tip of the tail and weighed forty pounds. The honor of killing one of the foxes was eagerly sought after by sportsmen from the surrounding towns. At the time the fox was killed nearly a score of hunters were on the mountain. "Zip" Sayre, a well known hunter of Springfield, was on the mountain top, and who imported an extra hound from Maryland with which to hunt Reynard, was greatly chagrined at Pudney's success. Sayre had announced that he would get the first fox shot at the game.

All day Friday men and boys hunted the mountain, but were unable to find the fox's lair. Saturday, however, the hunters and trappers think that several foxes can be started in that section, as it is almost impossible to find them, upon which the foxes are supposed to exist, on the mountain.

A VERY OLD DEED.

An Interesting Legal Relic Recorded Yesterday.

The oldest deed that has been produced to the Union county court in many years was recorded yesterday. It is dated January 19, 1761, and is the only deed known for the premises conveyed by it. The deed was made by Jonathan Hampton, high sheriff of the borough of Elizabethtown in the province of New Jersey to Justus Morris, yeoman of the same place. The property is in Linden township, and the tract comprises six and nine-tenths acres. The consideration of the deed is "£ 6 shillings, eight shillings and one ounce."

The Justus Morris mentioned is Justus Morris the first, and on his death the land went to Justus Morris the second, by inheritance, and in the manner to Justus Morris the third, who died in 1805. On his decease the property, by inheritance, passed into the possession of his two daughters, the present owners

The Bethel Chapel Concert Last Evening.

A fine concert was given at Bethel chapel last evening. Long before the hour advertised for it to begin, the chapel was crowded, and was filled with a large and what proved afterwards to be a very appreciative audience. Each number on the programme was received with long and loud applause, calling for an encore in every instance.

The fourth number on the programme was omitted and in its place was sung "Is Master Going to Sell Us To-Night," which was an excellent substitute, judging from the applause it evoked.

Miss Alice Wood, who sang "Sweet Spirit Hear My Prayer," was, after responding to an encore, presented with a large bouquet, amid deafening applause from the audience.

Mrs. Ida Dunham also received a floral gift, after her excellent rendition of "When the Lights are Low," and lost not least was the gift presented to Miss Georgie Hamilton in appreciation of her singing of "Marguerite."

Following is the programme:

PROGRAMME.

Part First.

Song—"Only to See Thee, Darling".....
Miss Gertrude Wood
Song—"Oh, Who Will Care for Mother Now".....
Mr. John Maury
Song—"Sweet Spirit, Hear my Prayer".....
Miss Alice Wood
Orchestra.
Recitation—"The Old Maid's Ball".....
Mrs. Sarah Randolph
Song—"When the Lights are Low".....
Mrs. Ida Dunham
Song—"O Restless Sea".....Mrs. Fisher
Orchestra.

Part Second.

Song—"Marguerite".....Miss Georgie Hamilton
Song—"Tell Her I Love Her".....
Mr. Frank Hefferan
Song—"That is Love".....Mrs. Susan Bonnell
Recitation—"Mary's Lamb According to a New Principal".....Mrs. Sallie Randolph
Orchestra.
Song—"The Fishers".....Miss Anna Hawkins
Song—"Maiden of Killarney".....Miss Allen
Song—"The Jamestown Plough" (by request).....
Miss Alice Wood
Orchestra.

Christian Endeavor Notes.

The annual meeting of the Union County Christian Endeavor Union will be held in Elizabeth on May 27. There will be an interesting session. It is probable that the conference will be held in the Second Presbyterian church. General Secretary Baer, of the united society, is expected to make the address.

County Secretary W. B. Hamilton in the circular he has issued in behalf of this conference, states, "The executive Committee endeavored to select a date that would suit all, and found it an impossibility, as many churches hold their mid-week services on Wednesday, some on Thursday others on Friday, and the meetings of some societies fell on Tuesday. Friday was finally selected. The committee wishes it understood that the church is first and last and all of time to our thoughts, and they always intend to live up to the motto "For Christ and the Church," and hope all endeavorers in Union county may be able, after consulting their pastor, to attend this meeting even if the church meeting should come on Friday.

A Borough Meeting.

At a meeting of the voters of Dunellen, held in the school house Monday evening, Messrs. P. W. Brakeley, John Runyon, Joseph Mailer, Peter Schultz and Adam Bonhagen were nominated as borough commissioners. The election will be held Tuesday.

MORE NEW LAWS.

Some of the Bills Signed Yesterday.

Governor Abbett affixed his signature to thirty-seven bills yesterday, and has yet 113 bills in his hands unsigned.

Among the Assembly bills signed are the following:

No. 69, amends the practice in orphans' courts.

No. 85, provides that aldermen shall have authority to provide in what manner fire escapes shall be erected upon buildings.

No. 88, amends an act concerning roads.

No. 102, authorizes townships to acquire and improve land for public parks.

No. 109, amends an act relating to the widening of streets in villages.

No. 134, authorizes the transfer of license in certain cases.

No. 200, authorizes boroughs by unanimous vote to authorize twenty mills on each dollar to be raised by taxation.

No. 192, gives township committees power to arrange terms for payment of assessments for improvements.

No. 200, makes the service of all kinds of legal processes on Saturday afternoon legal.

No. 208, validates certain ordinances in second class cities where notice was not properly published.

No. 224, requires all persons practicing midwifery to be licensed by the State Board of Medical Examiners under a penalty of $60 or ten days in the county jail.

No. 228, provides for clearing the lines and boundaries unopened streets, and authorizes the acceptance of streets.

No. 230, an act amending the district court, and permitting the judge of one court to hold court for another.

No. 245, legalizing certain defective sales under judicial proceedings.

No. 26, gives vice chancellors the same power as the chancellor to commit for contempt.

No. 282, provides that a deed from a married woman for premises shall be legal, without consent of the husband, if the husband has joined in signing and acknowledging the agreement to sell.

The following Senate bills have also been filed:

No. 3, amends act relative to sales of lands under public statute by virtue of judicial proceedings.

No. 50, provides that no public roads shall be more than two rods wide hereafter.

No. 92, allows boroughs to issue improvement bonds.

No. 113, provides that deaf mutes between the ages of 8 and 21 years may become inmates of the State institution for the deaf mute.

No. 120, amends orphans' court act approved March 27, 1874.

Mileage Tickets.

The following circular was issued today, though dated for to-morrow, and explains itself:

PHILADELPHIA SYSTEM—CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY—NEW YORK BRANCH—RARITAN RAILROAD CO., LONDON—PLAINFIELDERS DEPARTMENT.

New York, March 31, 1892.

CIRCULAR No. 98.

Taking Effect April 1, 1892.

To Agents and Employes:

Mileage tickets issued by the Central Railroad of New Jersey will be accepted within their time limit on all portions of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, (Main Line, Williamsport, Eastern and Northern Divisions), between Jersey City and Bound Brook.

Mileage tickets issued by the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Co. will be accepted within their time limits on all portions of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, between Jersey City and Bound Brook and New York, New York and Atlantic Highlands, via steamer, or between Perth Amboy and Port Reading, and on all portions of the Eastern and Northern Divisions of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, between Jersey City, Bound Brook and Newark.

Mileage tickets issued by the Lehigh Valley Railroad will be accepted within their time limit on all portions of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, between New York and Atlantic Highlands, via steamer, or between Perth Amboy and Port Reading, and on all portions of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, between Jersey City, Bound Brook and Newark.

Mileage tickets issued by the Lehigh Valley Railroad will be accepted within their time limit on all portions of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, between New York and Atlantic Highlands, via steamer, or between Perth Amboy and Port Reading, and on all portions of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, between Jersey City, Bound Brook and Newark.

Mileage tickets issued by either the Central Railroad of New Jersey, Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, or Lehigh Valley Railroad will be accepted on the Atlantic City Railroad.

C. G. HANCOCK,
Gen'l Pass. Agent.

H. P. BALDWIN,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent.

The Christian Endeavor Meeting.

A very interesting meeting of the Plainfield Local Union Christian Endeavor Society was held in the First Avenue Baptist Church to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The first part of the service will be a business meeting, at which time it is expected five societies in Plainfield will formally (not as yet members of the Union) will unite with same at this time. Following the business meeting there will be a prayer and conference meeting, after which an informal social time will take place. A general invitation has been extended to all of the societies to be present.

—"Love" will be the subject of the popular talk to be given to men by ex-Mayor Dunlap at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow evening.

When You Want
CLOTHING CALL ON
George D. Brommer,
24 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost any more than a ready made suit.
A Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.
I Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

DEATHS.

McGEE—Elizabeth A. McGee, wife of James McGee, at residence, 21 Somerset street, in the sixty-first year of her age. Funeral services Saturday morning, April 2d, at 10 o'clock, at her late residence, No. 19 Willow avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. 30 2*

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

FATAL HOTEL FIRE.

Clark's Hostelry in Boston Burned Early This Morning.

Boston, March 30, (Special.)—Clark's Hotel, on Washington street, was badly damaged by fire which broke out at four o'clock this morning. The guests, awakened to find themselves enveloped in smoke, became panic-stricken and three of them were injured.

Ernest W. Perry of Lecominster, Mass., had a broken rib, internal injuries, a scalp wound and was badly burned. He died at the hospital later.

Thomas W. Southward, of Cambridgeport had both legs broken.

A man named Stockwell, of Laconia, N. H., had one leg broken. A number of other guests were bruised.

NO INDEMNITY PAID.

There Has Been No Settlement of the New Orleans Lynching Claims.

Washington, March 30th. (Special.)—No confirmation is obtainable in Washington this morning of the despatch from Indianapolis to the effect that the Government will pay $100,000 as indemnity to the families of the Italians murdered by the New Orleans mob in April last.

Assistant Secretary of State Wharton says he is entirely ignorant of information on the subject and he would be apt to know if any action had been taken or any recommendation made.

"Lige" Halford, the President's Private Secretary, also has no knowledge whatever that anything has been done or said looking to an indemnity.

PLEASED WITH THE TREATY.

England is Confident of Winning the Behring Sea Arbitration.

London, March 30th. (Special.)—The news of the approval by the American Senate of the Behring Sea arbitration treaty has been received with the greatest satisfaction, and is considered a crowning triumph of Lord Salisbury's administration. No doubt is expressed that the arbitrators will decide fairly. It is remembered that both Sweden and Italy are eminently friendly to England.

Sweden looks to England as a friend in the event of Russian encroachment upon the Scandinavian peninsula, and Italy is equally or even more dependent upon British naval co-operation in the Mediterranean.

FORTY ANARCHISTS EXPELLED.

Riotous Disturbance Stopped by the Police.

Paris, France, March 30, (Special.)—Orders for the expulsion of forty of the leading foreign Anarchists in Paris were issued to-day. No actual crime is charged against them now, but the authorities are determined to prevent them from committing any acts of violence here.

They are known to be bind in close with the French Anarchists. Several other Anarchists, who where warned a short time ago to leave France, paid no attention to the warning. To-day they were taken in charge by the police and conducted to the frontier.

—There will be a devotional meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Stop!

DON'T be so busy over the education of the children as to forget their health. Fortify them every day by letting them

Have Hi-O for breakfast.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG girl wants a situation at washing and light housework. Call at 28 West Sixth street.

IF you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Men and girls, men to do chair caning and girls to assist in housework. Call at 28 Gaskill street.

WANTED—A good, willing colored cook, at 10 East Seventh street. Apply between 6 and 7 evenings.

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Hagaman Park, Somerset street. Address H. M. Chase, Scotch Plains, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 100 feet above the sea level 2 19tf

FOR SALE or to let—Farm of 80 acres, adjoining Henry Clay Randolph's; Farmhouse has two good dwelling houses on the place. Apply to Mrs. Lowe, Junction of Andrew Love, 19 West Front. 30 2

FOR SALE—Garden soil, and sand gravel. Address Y. Callahan, 20 Richmond street. 26 2w

FOR RENT.

APARTMENTS to let at No. 121 Dunellen street. 30-3

A DESIRABLE furnished room to let. Address "R," care of EVENING NEWS.

A CONVENIENT six room cottage, in a good neighborhood, to let at a low price. Call at 25 Gran-view avenue. 30 2

FURNISHED rooms with board, at No. 6 Central avenue 29 3

RENT $9—220 West Third street Inquire 217 Central avenue. 23tf

SEPARATE storage rooms, with plastered walls, to let to Stillman block. in, w, st*

TO LET—First floor. Inquire 45 Plainfield avenue. 30 2

TO LET—Three or four rooms, in good location. 141 Dunellen street. 29 3

TO LET—Handsome flat. Apply, 32 Somerset street. 25 6

MISCELLANEOUS.

$25,000 TO LOAN on bond and mortgage. In sums to suit. P. O. box 312. 29 3

DROP POSTAL to Mulford, broker, for information pertaining to Columbian Fair. 29-6f

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-29tf

ROSES, Carnations and Pansies, cut blooms of the choicest kinds, at reduced prices. 20 East Front street, 29 3*

WANTED—A tenant for a well-located newly painted house of nine rooms, with improved heater, all modern conveniences from design splendid neighborhood; large garden; $14 month. Inquire at News office

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, April 5th,

DANIEL FROHMAN'S

Special Company in the Lyceum Theatre Success.

Belasco and DeMille's most enjoyable play, The

CHARITY BALL!

Entire season's bill in New York. Presentation with all new scenery and accessories—a Production worthy of the play.

Seats on sale Friday at 9—Central Pharmacy.

IT IS NOT A SECRET!

NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 41 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

NEW & STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store particularly in building at 26 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $25
Spring Beds, Woven Wire, Hair Mattress, $5 50.....	$10 to $25
Goose Feather Pillows.....	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hair Pillows.....	75 cents
Rubber Down Pillows.....	50 cents
Comforts.....	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 6c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25c. to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; Ingrain carpets, 25 cts. per yard; Comforts, Blankets, Spring, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Coaches, Rocking Chairs, Stoves, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them at any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

26 WEST FRONT STREET.

As April 1st is our sale day we will not sell until the following Friday, April 8th.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

NAILS SCREWS, SASH,

WIRE PENCING, BARBED WIRE,

NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND.

Glass all sizes. STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

Open every evening until 9 p. m.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 124. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

SAY:—

For Twenty-five Cents

You buy Count Crown, sizes 32 to 40, that are worth 35 cents

For One Twenty-five

You buy 10-4 colored bedspread, all Rose, Table Covers, Damask to Match.

For Fifty-five Cents

You buy a Wide, crumb cloth Table Linen; would be cheap at 75 cents.

For Two Ninety-eight

You buy as pretty a Toilet Set as any one can want; usual value $4.

For Eight Seventy-five

You buy a 108-piece English Porcelain Dinner Set that is worth $12.

For Twelve Cents

You buy Granite Iron Wash Basins.

For Twenty Cents

You buy Granite Iron Stew Pots.

For Thirty-nine Cents

You buy one dozen large Dinner Napkins.

For Fifty Cents

You buy a large and heavy Cocoa Door Mat; value 75 cents.

For One Dollar

You buy the W. B. Corset. They have no equal for Style and Comfort.

Don't forget us on Mackerel. We have the largest assortment and our prices will positively be lower by Twenty-five per cent. than all others.

We invite Special Attention to our assortment of New Spring Cuffs. The styles are the latest and we have them in small Very Reasonable. VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

SWAIN,

the FRAME-MAKER, is at

23 East Front Street,

Two doors east of Post Office. 3 30 1m

SINCE MARCH 15TH,

THOMPSON PARK,

Dealer in Musical Instruments, of No. 28 East Front street, have moved to No. 4 East 13th street, New York, where communications will be personally or promptly attended to. No connection with any other music store in Plainfield. Patrons can depend upon being dealt with as hitherto in my store 9 1m

GET YOUR

TEAMING and GRADING

done by Weiss Brothers, 30 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 3 26tf

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ALL WHO WANT THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE INTERNATIONAL NEW EDITION COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME. THE ONE TO BUY.

SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED. The years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, and the many thousands expended.

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Get Book for free and find something to your advantage of full information.

Van Emburgh & White.

EDITORIAL NOTES

From this time on there will be no more lotteries in Kentucky. The governor has signed the antilottery act and it has become law.

Those who sometimes forget just how long it takes a steamer to reach San Francisco from China and Japan may be interested to know that the ship Oceanic has lately broken the record on this route. She sailed from Japan by way of Honolulu. From Yokohama she steamed to Honolulu, making that part of the journey in eleven days. At Honolulu the Oceanic was quarantined nineteen hours, after which she started for San Francisco, making this distance in six days. The whole trip from Yokohama to San Francisco by the route named required eighteen days. The distance has never before been covered in so short a time.

The women have gained another victory. Yale college, the last masculine educational stronghold of note in the country, has capitulated. Hereafter it will admit women to its postgraduate courses and to the degree of Ph. D. At the same time one of the authorities remarks that this is no sort of a concession to the "co-ed" idea, not at all, but is merely a university extension idea. Well, the women will not probably quarrel about what manner of an "idea" it is, just so that they have opportunity to get the magnificent postgraduate instruction offered by Yale. We shall presently have lady Ph. D's. of Yale. On the same day on which the Yale trustees opened the postgraduate courses to women, across the water the senate of the University of St. Andrews, the oldest in Scotland, voted to open to women the departments of art, science and theology. On general principles the conservative Scots might have been expected to be the last to permit women to study theology, but it was said a long time ago that the last shall be first.

What Will You Choose?

Mme. Patti has preserved her youth and her golden voice to past the age of fifty. For twenty-five years she has been the queen of song. How does she do it? She has no social relaxation beyond that of an ordinary farmer, though she does not begin to work so hard. She never "makes a night of it," for that would ruin her voice. She takes plenty of sleep, plenty of exercise in the open air and eats the simplest food. Year after year she pursues the same iron regimen as to her mode of living, never allowing herself to feel even an emotion violently, lest it crack her voice and bring a flabby fold to her peerless throat.

There, too, is Lillian Russell, in her own realm of song likewise unrivaled, and giving promise of remaining so as long as Patti has done. Miss Russell has been singing ten or twelve years, and growing handsomer and sweeter voiced year by year. She is said now to be the most beautiful woman in America. What says Lillian Russell?

It is a hard life, and the secret of keeping it up, if it is a secret, is in taking care of one's self. One needs an iron constitution to start with, and to fence it in with ironclad habits. I get all the rest I can, am never up later than I have to be, and am careful about eating and drinking.

Besides that she, too, has regular exercise in the open air. She takes long walks and horseback rides. We still could live under more rigid discipline and training. Her food is likewise plain.

One may mention also Gladstone, in his eighty-third year, the leader of his party and the greatest statesman in Europe. Even his physical activity puts to shame a man of fifty. How has Gladstone kept himself young and in his intellectual prime at eighty-two? Again it is the same story, told so often as to grow tiresome, the simplest food eaten in very moderate quantity, regular habits, perfect cleanliness of the skin and abundant exercise in the open air. The woodchopper of England, with his ascetic life, bids fair to outlast the great but gouty and beer guzzling Bismarck, more than eight years younger. Patti, Lillian Russell and Gladstone have chosen what they will have in this life, and have been willing to pay the cost of getting it.

On the other side, several many millioned men might be mentioned who began life without a dollar. They vowed to become the possessors of great wealth, to be the financial leaders of their generation. For this they toiled and schemed ceaselessly. They lay awake nights thinking how they could become richer than other men. They were not always scrupulous in the means used for increasing wealth. Gray haired men, pauper widows, homeless children sometimes recall them with thoughts that are not blessings.

But these, too, got their wish. They are powers in the financial world. They have as much as the wealth of a whole state in their own possession. Yet the sleep they robbed themselves of, the conscience they drugged in the days gone by were poor, have their revenge. Insomnia, dyspepsia, hysteria clutch them like furies; their eyesight, their bodily activity fails them. With ruined health and restless souls they wander the earth over. Who shall know the memories, the regrets, that haunt them? They, too, made their choice and paid the cost.

PARIS AGAIN SHAKEN UP.

The City Startled by Another Explosion of Dynamite.

A BANK WAS WRECKED THIS TIME.

More Warnings Issued by the Anarchists, Who Appear to Be Thoroughly Organized and Beyond the Power of the Police—Wild Exodus from the Capital.

PARIS, March 30.—The wildest excitement prevailed when it became known that another dynamite explosion had occurred. This time it was in the building of the Credit Lyonnaise, one of the largest banking institutions in the city. The streets were crowded at the time, and the news flew from mouth to mouth like wildfire.

A rush was instantly made for the wrecked building, and the streets in its vicinity were in a few minutes literally packed with a terror stricken and excited crowd. The police, however, got there before the crowd, and a cordon was immediately formed about the building and no person was allowed to approach it. The extent of the damage cannot yet be ascertained. The wildest rumors are afloat, and it is known that two arrests have been made.

Flying from Paris.

Intense terror prevails throughout the city and the people fear to go to their beds, not knowing at what point the dynamiters may next operate. Every train out of the city is crowded with people flying from the reign of terror they believe is about to be inaugurated.

The director of the Paris custom house has received a letter warning him:

Notice—As it is not seeming it has been decided that the customs department is included among those to be blown up by dynamite. Look out for yourself.

The anarchists have also sent a warning to a rich distiller named Fromier, who lives in Romans, in the department of Drome. They threaten that his distillery will be blown up with dynamite on May day. They have no grudge against him but will destroy his building simply because he is the richest man in the place.

The Anarchists Thoroughly Organized.

A reporter of The Intransigeant, who was among the anarchists, says that they ridicule the reports that the explosions have not been arranged in a preconcerted plan. The active anarchists of Paris, they say, are divided into about a hundred small groups, most of them with as few as four or five members. These groups work independently, but according to one general plan agreed upon by the leaders of the party men. In the late outrages but few of the anarchists know what groups are concerned, and in each case the man who exploded the mine is known only to his group.

The looseness of organization was introduced immediately after the apprehension of the nihilists about two years ago.

An object was to prevent the police spies from gaining wide reaching information from traitors or from learning the secrets of the whole party by associating with one group. The name of the man who set the bomb for M. Boulet, several anarchists told the reporter, was probably known to at most three men in Paris, and his apprehension was practically impossible. The same held good in the case of the attempt upon M. Constans' life. The anarchists told the reporter that the perpetrators of both outrages were still in Paris, but had not been even shadowed by the police.

The Cabinet Alarmed.

A cabinet council was held at which the ministers discussed the explosions that have occurred.

At the close of the meeting M. Loubet, the prime minister, had a conference with M. Ricard, minister of justice, several magistrates and the chiefs of police. M. Loubet communicated to them the government decision regarding the adoption of measures to prevent any further work of destruction by the anarchists.

The announcement is again made that the police are on the track of the anarchist. Ravachol, who they are convinced is the author of the Boulevard St. Germain and the Rue Clichy explosions.

The residence of [illegible] Athalin, an examining magistrate [illegible] M. Girard, the public analyst, [illegible] M. Clement, a police commissary, are guarded day and night to prevent the anarchists from carrying out their threats to blow them up.

Judge Benoit, against whom the recent explosion in the Boulevard St. Germain was directed, has been served with a notice to quit by his landlord.

M. Thevenet, ex-minister of justice, received a guard last night.

The money loss growing out of the fear occasioned by the explosion is incalculable. With no certainty as to where the anarchists will strike their next blow, visitors to Paris deem it the safer plan to leave the city.

A Riot in Prague.

PRAGUE, March 30.—The announced attempt of the Austrian government to prevent the proposed celebration by the Czech of the birthday of John Amos Comenius, the famous Moravian preacher and educational reformer of 300 years ago, had aroused considerable feeling here, and a large crowd assembled in the streets around the monument of the poet Halek.

Driven back by the police the crowd reassembled in Bethlehemsplatz, where John Huss, the great Bohemian reformer, was burned alive. Again, after a hard fight, the crowd was driven back. Cries of "The Jews!" and a general movement toward the Jewish quarter followed. The mounted police headed off the mob, however, and after riding down and seriously injuring many persons, dispersed them back for the last time. The injured were taken to the hospitals and the city is quiet.

Dying of Hiccoughs.

WOOSTER, O., March 30.—William Gray, a horse buyer, of Buffalo, came here last week and was taken with a severe attack of hiccoughs, which have continued without abatement. Several of the best physicians in the city proved ineffectual, and unless relief comes soon Gray will die.

Buxton Elected Treasurer.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 30.—The county commissioners elected T. J. Buxton, a local banker and a Democrat, county treasurer to succeed E. G. Peterson, suspended by the governor yesterday.

Crooker Appoints Skinner.

ALBANY, March 30.—Charles R. Skinner, the present deputy superintendent of public instruction, has been appointed to a $6,000 position under Superintendent-elect James F. Crooker.

Ohio's Fair Commissioner.

COLUMBUS, O., March 30.—Secretary of State Daniel J. Ryan has resigned to take the executive commissionership of the World's fair commission from Ohio.

INDEMNITY FOR ITALY.

Would Seem Willing to Pay $25,000 Pursuant to Act Ordained by Congress.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 30.—The friends of Governor Porter have reason to believe that he will return in a short time to his post in Rome as United States minister to Italy. Messrs. Hendricks and Turpie, Washington lawyers, state that the administration is willing to pay to the relatives of the men murdered by the New Orleans mob, Italian citizenship has been proved, the sum of 105,000 francs as indemnity.

The payment of this sum, it is understood, is to be accompanied by a declaration which will make it plain to the government of Italy that this act on the part of the United States is in nowise to be considered as an acknowledgment of its obligation or liability for the failure of the local authorities in New Orleans to protect lives of Italian citizens, but is a payment rather of the most good will and friendliness of feeling which have always characterized the relations of the United States government with that of Italy.

In this respect the proposed payment of the indemnity resembles closely the action of congress in appropriating, upon the recommendation of Mr. Bayard, then secretary of state, the sum of $120,000 for the benefit of the relatives of the victims of the Rock Springs massacre. At the time this sum was handed to the Chinese minister he was given to understand that the action of congress was not to be looked upon in the light of establishing a precedent. With a similar reservation the sum of 100,000 francs or $20,000 will be handed over to the government of Italy.

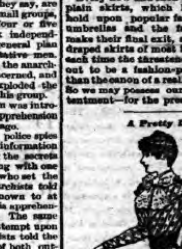
It is understood that in this case congress will not be called upon to appropriate the sum, but that the contingent fund of the state department, which is quite large, is to be drawn upon. This will save time and enable the administration to act promptly in the matter.

Minister Porter, while not at liberty to discuss the subject of the indemnity, is believed to be heartily in favor of an early settlement of the question and the prompt reestablishment of the friendly relations formerly existing between the two governments. His friends declare that he is anxious to return to his post.

FASHIONS

Plain Skirts Talked of but Never Worn.

Every now and then comes a rumor that plain skirts, which have taken such a hold upon popular favor—the gores, the umbrellas and the fan plaits will soon make their final exit, and be replaced by draped skirts of most intricate make; but each time the threatened revolution turns out to be a fashionable squib rather than the canon of a really famous designer. So we may possess our souls in pure contentment—for the present, anyway.



A Pretty Design.

A HOUSE DRESS.

Here is a sensible dress that can be made in any suitable materials. The one in which the sketch was made was blue and white and pink striped silk, with small pink flowers in the design. The belt and trimming were of plain green velvet, the sleeves being of white lace.

Killed by the Kosley Cure.

OTTAWA, March 30.—William Zell, a well known carpenter, two weeks ago decided to quit chewing tobacco, and began taking the Kosley cure. He never drank or smoked, and therefore only kept up the medicine he was taking. The coroner intends to thoroughly investigate it, as it is thought this will cause trouble for the whisky cure people.

A Singular Proceeding.

St. Johns, Mo., March 30.—School children noticed a dark appearance floating rapidly toward the river. The man carried a bag, from which the cries of a child were heard to issue. The couple threw the bag into the water and hastily decamped. The police are investigating.

Six Train Wreckers Killed.

GUANAJUATO, Mex., March 30.—Six bandits were discovered by the rural guard taking up the track of the Mexican Central railroad to derail the express train, with a view to robbery. The guards fired upon the bandits, killing every one of them.

Dahomey Wants More War with France.

PARIS, March 30.—A French gunboat, while ascending the River Queen, in Dahomey, with the governor and French possessions on board, was fired upon by Dahomeyans. The attack was without provocation.

Totten's Star Didn't Appear.

NEW HAVEN, March 30.—"The long tonight and the short tonight," etc., etc., Totten and Totten prophesied would appear yesterday, when the last week of anti-Christ began, did not, as far as known, put in an appearance.

Two Sisters Dying of Rabies.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., March 30.—Two daughters of Farmer Charles R. Hawley, of Peterboro county, were bitten by a dog last fall while playing with it. They developed rabies and died horribly on Saturday and her sister yesterday.

They Want That Sunken Treasure.

LEOMINSTER, Mass., March 30.—A company with $10,000 capital has been formed for the purpose of trying to raise the old British ship Hussar, which was sunk with treasure near Hell Gate, New York, in 1780.

RATIFIED UNANIMOUSLY.

The Behring Sea Convention Approved by the Senate.

TO RENEW THE FREE SILVER FIGHT.

Senator Stewart Gives Notice That He Will Shoot It Monday—How the Senators Will Vote and the Bill Be Killed. Free Wool Under Debate in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The treaty or convention providing for arbitration in the settlement of the differences between Great Britain and the United States over the jurisdiction of the Behring sea was ratified by the senate in executive session. There was some general discussion concerning the perfection of the treaty, and Mr. Sherman announced that the propositions made by some senators at previous sessions that the arbitration proceedings should be conducted in English had met with a favorable response from Lord Salisbury.

The treaty does not stipulate the language in which the proceedings shall be conducted. Mr. Sherman said that the suggestion that they be conducted in English had been communicated to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, who replied that he had no objection, but preferred to communicate with his own government before agreeing to it. This he did and Lord Salisbury approved. After Mr. Sherman made this statement the treaty was amended so that English should be the language used in the conduct of the proceedings.

There was also some discussion over article 11 of the treaty, which provides that the decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made within three months from the close of the argument on both sides.

Several senators thought the time allowed the arbitrators for decision should be longer, and as there was no objection to this the time was extended to four months. After a discussion over these points and some others of minor importance the treaty was ratified (without further change and without the passage of any resolution) by an yea and nay vote, and resolutions informing the president of its ratification and removing the injunction of secrecy from the vote, were adopted.

The Free Silver Fight.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Interest in the silver question was transferred from the house to the senate by the announcement by Senator Stewart that he would call up his free coinage bill on Monday next. The bill has an advocate on each of the finance committee against it, and rule 8, under which it comes, restricts debate on it to five minutes upon the bill and one hour and one hour is allowed to speak more than once on any motion. Under the order debate must close when the unfinished business of the day comes before the senate on Tuesday, in order to get the bill before the senate for extended discussion, a majority vote will be necessary, and then a test will come.

A canvass of the senate made by Mr. Voss and confirmed by Mr. Carlisle shows that ten Democratic senators will vote against the bill. They are Hill and Murphy, of New York; McPherson and Blodgett, of New Jersey; Gibson and White, of Louisiana; Carlisle, of Nevada; Berry, of Arkansas; Vilas, of Wisconsin; Butler, of South Carolina, and Vest. Mr. Gorman is placed on the doubtful list, but from the fact that he voted for the Sherman bill in 1891 it is presumed that he will do so again.

According to this estimate thirty-four Republicans and the ten Democrats named will vote against the bill. There are eighty-eight members of the senate, and if the estimate is correct the opposing vote will be even, thus throwing the deciding vote on the question of adoption, and the vote against free silver and thus kill the bill. The importance of Mr. Gorman's vote is apparent. He will have the real deciding vote.

The House May Renew It.

The free coinage men in the house, who decline to give up the fight after Speaker Crisp's decision that he would not vote in the committee on rules to bring a closure rule unless requested to do so by a majority of his party, changed their minds and are circulating a petition to the committee on rules, asking for the closure. Bynum, Pierce, of Tennessee, Montgomery, of Kentucky, and Livingstone, of Georgia, were the first signers of the petition. Copies of the petition, and it is said they have secured ninety-six names. There are 220 Democrats in the house, and the free silver men will be obliged to secure 118 names to their petition.

But there will be considerable difficulty in getting many of the supporters of free silver men refused to sign the petition, and it is not probable that the full quota of names will be secured. The anti-silver men claim that they are taking any chances, however, and they have advised their supporters to remain on the ground until the bill no longer has passed.

Mr. Bland has taken no part in the circulation of the petition. He believes that Mr. Crisp has treated him unfairly, and it is probable he will make no effort to have his bill again considered unless the speaker so decides. Mr. Bland said that he had signed the petition, and from what he had heard a large number of democrats obtained in the thought the outlook for the bill very favorable.

Free Wool in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The silver bill being killed, the house resumed with the consideration of the free wool bill, the entire day being devoted to the debate. The following prominent members spoke: Hall, Hatch, Hager of Ohio, Dorsey of Indiana, McCreary of Kentucky and De Forest of Connecticut. Mr. Bolliver of Iowa, opposed the bill.

Depew Eulogizes Sherman.

ALBANY, March 30.—Shortly after the death of General Sherman, which occurred on Feb. 14, 1891, the legislature appointed a committee to arrange for memorial services here this year. These services were held last night in Harmony Methodist hall, this city. Both branches of the legislature were fully represented. General Henry W. Slocum was the presiding officer, and Chauncey M. Depew delivered the oration. Miss De Vere sang several songs, among them "Marching Thro' Georgia." Mr. Depew, in his oration, paid a glowing tribute to the dead hero.

Expulsion Keeps the Sealers Out.

OTTAWA, March 30.—The collector of customs at Victoria has been instructed to permit no more sealing vessels to clear for Behring sea. This is a new phase of the Behring sea question. The new order, it is believed, has been issued at the instance of the British government.

Robbed the Steerage Passengers.

PORTLAND, Me., March 30.—On the arrival of the steamer Oregon from Liverpool six cattlemen were arrested, for robbing steerage passengers.

NEW

Spring Dunlap Style

OF

DERBY,

OUT

TO-DAY.

May be seen at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Fait & Widener's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dewar's, Bass and Guinness' Ale.

79 BROADWAY.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s

Breakfast

Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength of* Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING and SUMMER OPENING OF

Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Mar. 29, 30, 31, 32.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats,our display of Flowers and Feathers, and our assortment of Velvets, Ribbons, Ornaments, etc., is the largest and finest ever offered in this city. Latest styles of Ladies' Saving Jackets and Children's Blazers at New York prices. Immense variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in trimmings.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings now open for inspection. A 50 inch all wool Ingrain carpet, reversible, will mean 50c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

No. 7 West Front Street.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

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All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

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Great variety of Wall Paper, Painters' supplies. Office and store—249 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,

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YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, (with Woodson & Buckle.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

45 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is guaranteed to be equal in every respect to any glass sold by jobbers for $5.00. Every glass is fully warranted. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. Send for circular. QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS we will have an invisible amount for dealers.

Prices { Smallest size mag. 40 } all in Largest size mag. 60 } brass, with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price we will send any of the above by insured mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,

Manufacturers.

924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

THE BEE HIVE!

The time has arrived to take your babies out for a ride, but they must be nicely dressed, so we have secured a complete stock of Infants' Robes from 75c. to $7.

Infants' long skirts from 50c. up.

Silk caps at all prices. Long cashmere cloaks, with embroidered collars, from $1.50 to $6. Baby carriage robes $1.50 and $1.00.

A new line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear. Also a full line of Children's and Misses' muslin underwear.

SPECIAL !

4 Button Kid Gloves, 69c.

3 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and blacks, 69c.

New Line of Ties

will be opened on Saturday.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

SAVE

Hot Water

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Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up b. reliable and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

46 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

60 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Having the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine, which cleans coal perfectly, he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of cleaning.

Dunn (Lehigh and Hometown Coal is best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Rouge and Imported Lumps.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Trimming and Scroll sawing, and is prepared to [illegible] for the same in the best manner and at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE,

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Steamstock building and painting.

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SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

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Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Eyes examined FREE.

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Do not forget the number.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

13 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

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NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES,

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AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

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14 EAST FRONT STREET.

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TROUSERS,

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is my rule. The BEST glass lenses only are used in the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Test your eyes. Our stock for fine and standard Opticals, Watches, Jewelry, Silver, and stamped Brass goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

BOTH HEADS MAY DROP.

Treasury Department Officials in a Scandalous Snarl.

OWEN IS ACCUSED BY NETTLETON.

The Assistant Secretary Charges the Superintendent of Immigration with Being of "shipshod Integrity," as Well as with Incompetence and Malfeasance.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The presentation today before the joint congressional committee on immigration by Assistant Secretary Nettleton of his formal charges to Secretary Foster against W. D. Owen, superintendent of immigration, is the first official statement respecting a controversy which has raged within the treasury department with more or less violence ever since the establishment and equipment of the bureau under the act of 1890, and especially since the new commissioner came to the superintendent upon ex-Congressman Niederringhaus' application to be permitted to secure a number of foreign workmen for his tinplate plant in St. Louis. The overruling of the superintendent's decision by Assistant Secretary Nettleton led to strained relations between the two officials, which has become more and more so until a rupture ensued, two or three months ago, since which time there has been no intercourse between them except such as is absolutely necessary for the discharge of their duties.

The superintendent of immigration took exception in the manner of overruling in the Niederringhaus case on the ground, he says, that Assistant Secretary Nettleton approved, verbatim, his action in the case and then changed his views when the decision was made public. The situation, it is known, has been a source of much discomfort to Secretary Foster, who has vainly sought to compose the difficulties that grew out of and accompanied it. An official who is in a position to judge the results gives it as his opinion that the merits of the matter will be that both Assistant Secretary Nettleton and Superintendent Owen will leave the department, whatever may be the outcome of the pending investigation.

The President Appealed To.

This opinion, he says, he has formed from an acquaintance with the methods of the two men. Mr. Owen, he continued, was disappointed in finding the scope of his authority limited by the jurisdiction of the secretary of the treasury. An active promoter of not the author of the law under which the bureau was established. Mr. Owen believes that in its administration he would be independent of any authority save that of congress. To find himself subjected to the secretary of the treasury was a disagreeable surprise, not only to himself, but to the persons who were largely instrumental in securing his appointment.

It is said that appeals were made to the president to remove the bureau of immigration from the jurisdiction of the treasury department, but the response, of course, was that a change in the law by congress would be necessary to effect that. The investigation also brought to the surface in one of the statements made by Assistant Secretary Nettleton, another source of discomfort to department officials, growing out of the administration of affairs at the immigrant station, New York. This is the course pursued by Commissioner Weber and Assistant Commissioner O'Beirne. It has been felt for some time that the policy pursued at Ellis island, especially in the matter of admitting immigrants on bond and by other similar schemes, gave good ground for the criticism that the spirit of the law was in a measure thereby defeated.

The lack of harmony between the commissioner and the assistant commissioner, which has recently been brought to public notice through official correspondence on the subject, also had a tendency to embarrass the officials of the department in enforcing the law. Colonel Weber and General O'Beirne have both been at the department within the past day or two. The object of their visit is, of course, a matter of speculation. The only evidence bearing upon it that has leaked out is a cablegram received the other day at the department from a prominent Republican of New York, said to be in Europe now on a confidential government mission, asking as a personal favor that Colonel Weber be retained as commissioner of immigration.

Sensational Charges.

But the sensational features of the session was the introduction of a letter written by General Nettleton to the secretary of the treasury accusing W. D. Owen, superintendent of immigration, of incompetency, untrustworthiness, official irregularity, slipshod "integrity" and circulating "malicious slanders" against department officers.

In the letter it is also charged that on Feb. 22, 1892, Colonel Weber, commissioner of immigration, transmitted to the secretary of the treasury bids for furnishing supplies, with the recommendation that the lowest bid, $628.00, be accepted, while on Feb. 24 Mr. Owen had a check of $1,622.25 drawn to pay for the articles specified in the bid of $628.00. On Mr. Owen's certificate as to its correctness the check was signed.

He also directly charged that Owen had certified to fictitious salary vouchers for $217.50, made out in the name of a person not in the department, and that he (Owen) had when challenged admitted the irregular transaction.

Mr. Owen, in response to questions, said that he had nothing to do with improvements at Ellis island. He had in some particulars complete authority with the assistant secretary of the treasury, Mr. Nettleton, but he had nothing to do with expenditures.

Knight's Hard Luck.

BIRMINGHAM, Conn., March 30.—Patrick Knight's two houses were destroyed by fire. Knight built the houses by working at night and Sunday's, and had just completed them. He is employed in a mill here during the day.

Mine a Russian Subject.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 30.—The czar has accepted ex-King Milan of Servia as a Russian subject, paying him a pension of 4,000 roubles a month. Milan has left to return to Servia without Russia's consent.

Drowned While Fishing.

LYNN, Mass., March 30.—Richard Brown and Warren Gott, of Swampscott, are thought to have been drowned while tabbing lobsters.

Killed by a Gas Explosion.

ST. CHARLES, La., March 30.—While at work at the shaft in the American Sulphur mine five men were killed by a gas explosion.

Prince de Chimay Dead.

BRUSSELS, March 30.—Prince de Chimay, minister of foreign affairs, who had been ill for some time past, is dead.

A New Publication.

"Have you looking at 'Judy' and 'Life' as he laid down the morning paper, when a sudden thought shot into her soulful eyes, she asked him if he remembered the name of a certain poet.

"He writes the most unique poetry about common things," she said. "I cannot think of his name, but you know he is the poet who writes so much in the vernacular."

"Yes, dear," he said as he licked her delicious finger tips to his lips, "but you know I never read that magazine."—Detroit Free Press.

"A High Old Time."

—Life.

HE CURSED ADMIRAL PORTER.

Commander Graham's Court Martial Replete with Profane Testimony.

BRIDGEPORT, March 30.—The court martial trying Commander James D. Graham, recently commandant of the United States Monitor lying below this city, met in the custom house here. Present: Assistant Surgeon George F. Lumsden was the first witness called. He testified in reference to the offensive language used by Commander Graham relative to the death of Admiral David B. Porter, and the surgeon testified that the accused said: "Porter is dead; he ought to have been dead long ago, the ——. He has gone to hell, and I was a first class fireman there; I would make him roast —— him."

Assistant Paymaster John Quilman Lovell testified in reference to the wearing of the badge of mourning for Admiral Porter, and stated that the mourning was not put on by Commander Graham the day the department ordered it to be done.

Mills Oliver, coxswain, testified in reference to Commander Graham cursing him. Oliver one day brought back to the Monitors a load of provisions in the steam launch instead of coal, through a misunderstanding, and Commander Graham began, so Oliver alleges, to curse him, saying he was a —— fool, and a —— ass, and too —— ignorant for anything. Oliver preferred charges against the commander to be sent to the department, but refused on signing an agreement with Oliver kept the charges back. This agreement provided that Graham should not fit treat Oliver or any crew of the ship, and that Commander Graham should use all efforts to be detached from the Monitors by Feb. 10, 1902.

The counsel objected to Oliver's testimony, and the decision of the court on the objection will be heard today.

HER WEDDING GOWN HER SHROUD.

Miss Beach on Her Deathbed Married to Ellis Island Deputy's Nephew.

POMONA, Cal., March 30.—Miss Mollie Beach and her parents came here from Chicago last summer in the hope of finding relief for Mollie's health, the advancing pulmonary consumption. George E. Quay, a nephew of Pennsylvania's junior senator, who was the accepted lover of Miss Beach received the best attention and care, but, nevertheless, she grew weaker and weaker each day. In February the party went to Arizona, but the disease remained unchecked, and two days ago the girl was told that death was only a question of a few days.

Miss Beach was then persuaded by her lover to marry him. The invalid was dressed in the wedding gown which had been prepared for her when she was well and looked forward to a happy married life, and thus robed, lying upon her deathbed, she was united to Quay by a preacher who was hurriedly summoned. Two hours later the bride died, but there was a smile of happiness on her face.

Miss Beach was but twenty-one years old. The body was embalmed and will be taken to Chicago for burial. The bridal gown will be her burial robe, this being the girl's dying request. The girl had a small fortune in her own right, which she bequeathed to her faithful lover before her marriage to him.

Wife Murder and Suicide.

RICHMOND, Mich., March 30.—Abraham Cooley, a wealthy farmer, and his wife were found in their room with their throats cut from ear to ear. Cooley clutched in his right hand a bloody razor. Cooley, who was sixty years old, married his second wife about one year ago. The woman was ten years his junior. So far as the neighbors know the couple have lived in entire harmony.

Says He Helped Jack the Ripper.

BUFFALO, March 30.—John Worse was arrested at the instance of Dr. John D. Heineman, who swears John Worse entered his home and seized Mrs. Heineman, gave her a severe choking and afterwards attempted to carve her with a butcher knife. Worse claims to be familiar with Jack the Ripper and to have assisted the bloodthirsty Jack in several of his best jobs in London.

Filibusters After Hall.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Filibustering telegraphed Bud Renaud that he wished to meet Hall, and whether Renaud would put up half of a $10,000 bet for Filibusters to fight Hall at 158 pounds. Renaud telegraphed he will accept and said that he and Pat Duffy would probably cover the $10,000 between them.

Conklin Says He Is Innocent.

NEW YORK, March 30.—William A. Conklin, the director of the Central park menagerie, whose conduct is under investigation, has resigned. He protests his innocence of any criminal intent.

A New Carnegie Iron Plant.

BUFFALO, March 30.—It is reported that the great Pittsburg firm of Carnegie & Co. are about to establish a giant iron works at Tonawanda.

Pattison Appoints Grier.

HARRISBURG, March 30.—W. Hayes Grier was appointed superintendent of public printing by the governor, in place of Barton D. Evans.

Rhode Island Election Changes.

PROVIDENCE, March 30.—Both houses have passed the bill providing for biennial elections of state officers by a vote of 39 to 2.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Senate Passes the Ballot Reform Bill a Special Order for Thursday.

ALBANY, March 30.—The senate finance committee reported the constitutional amendment providing for the appointment of the members of the committee dissenting. At the request of Mr. Cantor the bill was ordered to a third reading and made a special order for Thursday. It was announced as a change that the Twenty-second ward of Buffalo is out of the Thirty-second district and place it in the Thirty-third. The Twentieth ward of Buffalo is taken from the Thirty-third district and placed in the Thirty-second.

The state printing bill was made a senate special order for Tuesday next.

The senate disagreed with the adverse report on Mullin's bill allowing savings banks to invest in the municipal bonds of cities of over 50,000 population in states in the securities of which they are now allowed to invest.

In the assembly Mr. Laing's bill to promote agriculture by appropriating $100,000 for town and county fairs was passed in short order.

The insurance codification bill was also passed. It gives foreign companies power to do a state glass insurance business and allows the endowment companies or societies to do a business in this state the same as heretofore.

T. D. Sullivan called for the strict enforcement of the rule to keep lobbyists from the assembly floor.

The Maynard investigation was begun before the judiciary committees of the senate and house.

Station and Bridge Burned.

LAMBERTVILLE, N. J., March 30.—Fire broke out in the depot of the Pennsylvania railroad at Byram, Hunterdon county, and the building was entirely destroyed. The flames communicated to a dwelling-house, which was also destroyed. From the dwelling house the flames communicated to the bridge over the Delaware between Byram and Point Pleasant, Pa. The New Jersey end of the bridge was consumed and the structure toppled into the water.

Indians Threaten Revenge.

ADELAIDE, Aus., Thursday, March 30.—There is liable to be trouble on the Powers and Otoe reservations as the result of the arrest of the Indian messiah. The full blooded Otoes and Pawnees, who have been participating in ghost dances for some time, are terribly worked up over the loss of their messiah, who they think was arrested without cause. The Indians have donned war paint and threaten to have revenge.

Cardinal Manning's Successor.

LONDON, March 30.—The Right Rev. Herbert Vaughan, bishop of Salford, has been appointed to the place of Cardinal Manning. The pope is said to be delighted with the appointment of Bishop Vaughan, as the latter is in thorough sympathy with the pontiff's utterances on the labor question, and is as famous in England for his philanthropy as was Cardinal Manning.

Came Back to Be Arrested.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Robert E. Whittaker and Samuel Murphy, clerks who swindled Lumson Brothers out of $60,000 two weeks ago and fled from justice, ventured back to Chicago and were immediately arrested.

Corner Succeeds Alexander.

ATLANTA, March 30.—General R. H. Alexander resigned the presidency of the Georgia Central railroad and has been succeeded by H. M. Corner, of Savannah.

Just Received!

OUR

First Shipment

OF

BABY CARRIAGES

Including all kinds and prices

CALL : AND : SEE : THEM.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin. I eradicate spots and pimpl es; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP Soap in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

PRICE CUTS

Only Until April 1,

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HARDWARE : : :

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: : HOUSEFURNISHINGS,

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Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-6y

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All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 251

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Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Front and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
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Residence Clinton avenue, near Jersey. Box of Box 1888. Jobbing attended to. Satisfaction given universally on all kinds of work

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CARPENTER
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SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE DEF TEA

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 3-7y

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
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PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive my best attention. 3-7y

Kline's Extracts
Pure Fruit Flavors

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Trains leave New York, foot of Liberty street, and Plainfield as follows:
Time-Table in effect Nov. 15th, 1896.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7.14, 8.27, 9.38, 10.54, 11.48, 12.59, 1.59, 2.59, 3.59, 4.59, 5.59, 6.59, 7.59, 8.59, 9.59, 10.59, 11.59 a. m., 12.59, 1.59, 2.59, 3.59, 4.59, 5.59, 6.59, 7.59, 8.59, 9.59, 10.59, 11.59 p. m

LOVE'S NEGATIVE.

I do not love thee, yet want thee to say,
"Fold thy hands there" "Stand here" "Do
this and see"
No matter what I willed I should obey,
But why I do not know.

I do not love thee, nor know how I cared.
For any bond of love 'twixt thee and me.
Yet all that I call mine I would have dared
For one hand touch with thee.

I do not love thee for any present thing
That should at require would be my joyous
task;
Out of its chief my very soul would spring
To do what thou should'st ask.

I do not love thee, yet where'er thou art
There I delight to be and there I go,
Led by some subtle quickening of the heart.
But why I do not know.

I do not love thee! Nay, but why prolong
The secret of the words? It is as clear
As were "I love thee" written in my song
For all the world to hear.

—Meredith Nicholson in New York Sun.

SEVEN SCENES IN A WOMAN'S LIFE.

A Tinge of Care and Sorrow Seems to Rise to Each Stage of Her Career.

A wee mother is carefully getting her favorite doll to bed. With tender solicitude she carefully removes each dainty garment and fastens on the tiny night-gown. Then a fond kiss, she hugs her treasure to her and places it in its little cradle. After patting it gently she tiptoes out of the room as the twilight peeps curiously in.

A fair maiden stands before her looking-glass adding the last touches to her evening toilet. Her lover will soon be here! Her eyes are full of innocent lovelight! She looks eagerly at her reflection in the glass. How glad she is that she is pretty! She frowns a little at a crimp that will not stay just as it should. A ring comes at the door and she hastens away to meet her beloved.

A young wife sits anxiously watching for her husband. At each approaching footstep her heart beats rapturously and then grows heavy with disappointment. She will not go indoors, it is so sweet out there. The creeping shadows chill her trembling soul; so she waits and watches, and the slowlows lengthen into darkened night.

A mother is rocking her baby to sleep. He looks at her lovely while they move to and fro, as if asking why the bright sunshine must leave and the ugly shadows hide her dear face from him. There is a wealth of wisdom in his great sweet eyes. He holds tightly to her dress, as if to keep her near him.

When at last his eyes are closed she discengages the loving hand, kisses him lightly—he must not be awakened—and arises to put him into his crib. Then she sinks back into her chair and begins to rock him again. It is so pleasant to rest in the twilight, and he is so sweet to nurse!

A woman kneels by a fresh made grave. The headboard stares coldly at her and seems to say over and over again the words inscribed upon it. "He was her only child and she was a widow." With tear laden eyes she bends down lower and lower, till her lips rest upon the earth. She longs so to kiss the quiet form it is hiding from her! And the twilight seems to hurry past and lose itself in the darkness.

A careworn old woman sits watching the shadows come—they are friends to her—friends that she welcomes—for they always sing the same song to her, "One Day Nearer Home." And she smiles to them her thanks. She, too, repeats, "One Day Nearer Home." And so life—woman's life—goes on in the twilight till rest comes to her weary body or joy to her aching heart—till her spirit reaches its home where never a shadow can fall upon it.—New Orleans Picayune.

A New Use for Old Pianos.

There came into my possession many years ago a very old fashioned upright piano. It formed a place for it in my study, more for the sake of quaintness of the case—which was of rosewood and of the usual excellent workmanship—than from any hope of deriving comfort from any sweet sounds the jingling tones might produce. It was old, and its time and power for discovering sweet music were gone—or so I thought I would, by a new string here and another there, it refused to send out any but shrill and discordant notes, and in despair we locked it up. And so it might have stood for many years to come, plus ant to look upon, but utterly useless, had it not been that a good many books were scattered about the house and demanded a case.

While trying to reconcile ourselves to parting with the piano to make room for the bookcase, the thought struck me, "Surely this would make a splendid bookcase if its inside could be bodily taken out without injury to the frame." We sent for a carpenter, when the possibility of doing this for us at a moderate sum, and the result is that we have a beautiful piece of furniture whose cost was considered. The upper part, consisting of about two-thirds of the height, contains three shelves for books and a writing desk—the former key board—turning the whole desk and width of the piano, while the under third forms a famous cupboard for manuscripts and magazines.—Girls' Own Paper.

Why These Girls Study Agriculture.

Several girl students at Cornell are taking the course in agriculture, not exactly with the purpose of making cash or caches of their own, though the Cornell girl is equal to it in skill and daring if she took the fancy. But the method in their madness is this: This course, despite its some name, includes modern languages and sciences, and in order to make it popular an outlet is demanded. Several bright girls accordingly have registered in this department, and are going to seek education free of expense. One Cornell girl won distinguished honors of late, being the only woman to study veterinary surgery.—New York Letter.

A Russian Priest's Wife.

In Russia it is a common mode of expression to say "as happy as a priest's wife." The reason she is so happy is because her husband's position dispenses upon her. If she dies he is deposed, and his property is taken away from him and distributed, half to his children and half to the government. The dreadful contingency makes the Russian priest careful to get a healthy wife, if he can, and makes him take extraordinary care of her after he has secured her.—Womankind.

Plenty of Air Needed.

Take as much exercise as you can and be in the open air as much as possible. Out door life is the natural condition of mankind and the more one can have of it the better. The practice should not be carried to extremes, however. There are many days when one is much better off in a warm, comfortable, well ventilated house than trying to take outdoor exercise in a midwinter storm or under a July sun.—Exchange.

Good Government.

The question of the government of little children is a vexed one. A great many persons seem to think that baby should grow up to learn by experience, and continue to be a law unto herself until some indefinite time, when the infringes on her on the rights of a fellow-mortal. Now we believe in government. The time to begin governing baby is at the time when she first shows an inclination will of her own.

Indeed, baby is long past infancy in government as much as at any period of her childhood. It is marvelous to observe at how young an age a baby will learn that her happiness lies in doing her will. It is very easy to train a child when it is little to eat and sleep at regular intervals. A well governed young child will often cry for the light, but if it is indulged in such a whim it is quite likely to turn night into day, a dissipation which tells as much on a baby's health as on that of those around it.

Subjecting the child strictly to the iron rules of hygiene in the matter of food and sleep will very soon bring the child's will into harmony with better judgment in course of time a far more happy state of mind than if it had its own way. It requires possibly one or two battles, but one must. As the child grows up it should always be made to recognize the rights of others and to understand that its own rights are reciprocal.

There is a species of firm yet gentle government which is always the most successful, because it wins the heart of the child. While the mother must yield in the enforcement of what she believes is for the child's best good, she should do it in so gentle a way that it will recognize his mother's love while it recognizes her authority.—New York Tribune.

How Women Should Bathe.

Everybody thinks, of course, that she knows how to bathe. And some people do. That certainly must be allowed. The rest are all fools and had best be poor skin and best for your brain—for after all brains need baths as much as do hands—depends altogether on your constitution. As a general proposition of course, it should be pretty warm and creamy with soapsuds, and you should plunge into it and rub your self entirely.

Then, after you have scrubbed and rubbed until your skin looks like the proverbial milk, and you feel as if you were like to be down and out to sleep, you want to take your bath, and that is the shower one—cold as cold can be. The first few streams will make you jump with delight, but in a second or two you are absolutely enjoying the downpour, and you come out of it warm and glowing.

Of course you will think you can't stand the cold conclusion, and the chances are you will think soquite strongly. Probably you will be mistaken, but if you should by any chance be right in that matter, improve the occasion however, that is, one beginning at the temperature of the water to which you bathe and gradually getting cold. You can do this by taking pitcher after pitcherful of water and pouring them over your shoulders and all over your body, and the slight exertion used in handling the pitcher will tend to make you warmer and to moderate what might be called the shock. The knowledge how to use water and soap is easily gained, and argues one on to greater wisdom, to wit, the knowledge of how to keep clean the house and more particularly the mind.—New York Recorder.

Destroying the Nerve in Decayed Teeth.

After cleansing and drying the cavity with pellets of cotton wool rounds the end of a crochet needle, or the eye end of a darning needle, or anything which will answer instead of needle, to hold the cotton; then take another pellet of wool, about large enough to half fill the cavity, moisten it with creosote, place it in the mouth and suck it in with a small piece of the white or pink gutta percha, softened in warm water, which is sold by druggists for the purpose of plugging decayed teeth.

In a few hours all the nerve matter that the acid can get at will be destroyed. In some persons the gnawing pain caused by the process is very considerable, and it may be mitigated by applying a mixture of tincture of aconite and laudanum; procure the tincture of aconite at the druggist's and proportions, to the tooth and gums adjacent. This treatment will destroy the nerve, and in most cases quite painlessly. Then it will not arrest the caries, and in less than a week the heat and distress in the tooth will compel removal of the stopping to relieve tension.

The fact is, by far, as the brittle nature of the teeth in this case precludes ordinary stopping, is to ask a dentist to cut away the carious decay and fill with gold or some other material of the kind described, which in favorable cavities will last for a year, and when the gutta percha gets worn or dislodged by mastication, it is a small matter to have it removed, or even remove it yourself, after the caries has been once removed by a dentist and the patient has had the experience of one professional stopping.—Hall's Journal of Health.

The Feminine Knee.

The difference of weight in the brains of man and woman has long been a source of deep interest to all who discourse of equality and rights.

The structure of the knee feminine constitutes in itself a permanent disability for many masculine pursuits. The knee joint in women is a sexual characteristic, as Dr. Ely Van de Warker long ago pointed out. Viewed in front and extended the joint is but slight degree intercepts the gradual taper into the leg. Viewed in profile the position the joint forms a smooth, ovate spheroid. The reason of this lies in the smallness of the patella in front and the projection of the articular surfaces of the tibia and femur, and which in man form the lateral prominences, and this is much more perfect as part of a sustaining column.

A man has a much longer purchase in the leverage existing between the trunk and extremities than is women. The feminine foot, comparatively speaking, is less able to sustain weight than that of man.

Women are not well constructed to stand many hours consecutively and every day. It is safe to affirm that they have instinctively avoided certain fields of skilled labor on purely anatomical grounds, in which the smaller quantities of brain substance proves less an adverse factor than the dual leg joints, the peculiarity of the knee and the delicate nature of the foot.

Even the right to vote would not confer on womankind the right to be soldiers. Equality it appears is quite as much an affair of the knee as of brains.—Medical Record.

Brass Kettles Cleansed.

A brass kettle can be cleansed, if discolored by cooking in it, by scouring it well with strong salt and vinegar first, then put in half a pint of vinegar and a handful of salt and let them boil on the stove a short time; then wash and rinse it out in hot water.—New York Journal.

FOR THE CHILDREN TO READ

ARTICLES THAT HAVE BEEN CAREFULLY SELECTED FOR THEM.

Many Things Boys and Girls Should Know—Told to an Interesting Way—Some Juvenile Poetry and Libraries Some Nonsense.

Mrs. Thompkins calls little Willie "Peanut" because he shrinks from washing.

FUNNY LITTLE FELLOWS.

Little Boy—Now that you've got sister a piano, I think you might buy me a pony.

Papa—Why?

Little Boy—So I can get away from the piano.

TRA FOR CHILDREN.

Aunty (to little visitor)—Do you drink tea, pet?

Wee Miss—No'm. Mamma won't let me.

Aunty—What do you drink?

Wee Miss—Oh, mamma mixes me up a mess that looks like tea.

DESTROYING A DOG.

Lady—Why did you have your dog's tail cut off?

Boy—To make him more affectionate.

Lady—How? Did that do it?

Boy—Yes'm. He can wag all the time now without gettin' tired.

A YOUNG MAN'S SAD FATE.

First Little Boy—I'm awful glad I ain't a young man.

Second Little Boy—Why is you?

First Little Boy—'Cause a young man can't have any fun on the low. The girls is always wantin' his help.

PLEASING DOLLIE.

Little Girl—Oh, mamma, my dollie fell down and broke her nose.

Mamma—How did she fall?

"She fell all by herself."

"How could she?"

"She was standin' up."

"Then you must have stood her up."

"I 'spose so."

"And then you went off and left her."

"Well, children don't want their mamma around all the time."—Good News.

FISHING FOR MAN-EATERS.

The Enormous Sharks Caught Off the Bahamas—How They are Captured.

We never let an opportunity pass to kill a shark. No one ever does. The waters were full of them. Every now and then somebody would be killed by a man-eater—quite frequently enough to give a zest to life.

We would tie a rope fifteen or twenty feet long around a small barrel that had been well plugged up and made watertight, to the end of the rope we fastened a short chain, to which was welded a large steel hook, baited with dried fish—salted cake we found the best. Several of these contrivances would be made ready. The casks and lines would be thrown overboard a hundred yards apart. Then we would cruise around and await developments. If we were fortunate one of the barrels would presently begin to bob around at a great rate; sometimes disappearing under the water and reappearing at a distance, the barrel being too buoyant to dive deeply. Then we would row up to it and, leaning over the gunwale, would watch it in order to see what species of shark we had caught. The monstrous fish would tow us around in circles and winding lines, we would pass the others on each side, now and then the shark would make a sweep with his tail and would bump against the boat. Sometimes little, sometimes big, but any shark was always welcome on deck.—Harper's Young People.

A Branch of Rose.

The rosy mouth and rosy toe
Of little baby brother,
Until about a month ago
Had never met each other;
But nowadays the neighbors sweet
In every sort of weather,
Half way with a rosy feet meet,
To kiss and play together.
—Harper's Young People.

The Monster Mouse.

My children dear, said Mrs. Mouse,
Of traps you must beware;
There are three set in the pantry,
And Tom Tabby's always there.

For since our Christmas party,
The cook is on the alert,
That cruel cook will catch us,
Of that there is no doubt.

We must change our house, I fancy,
'Tis the only thing to do;
There are here in the lady dears,
One night she said, I think, don't you?

So at night the mice all scamper'd,
To the house within the barn;
Where they hoped to live in safety,
With nothing to alarm.

The neighbors called upon them,
And Mrs. Mouse said, with pride,
"This is not what we've been used to,"
And then she'd shake her head.

"We have left a splendid mansion,
But for that I do not care
If we find our health improving,
We come here for change of air."

HOW LONG THEY LIVE.

Length of Life of Some Animals, Birds, Fishes and Insects.

Here is a list that ought to be in your scrap book. It tells you how many years certain animals live under ordinary conditions:

Elephants live 200 years and upward; rhinoceros, 20; camel, 100; lion, 25 to 30; tiger, leopards, jaguars and hyenas (in menageries), 20; bear, 20; monkey, 20; wolf, 20; fox, 14 to 16; jaguar, 15; chamois, 25; monkeys and baboons, 17 to 19; hare, 8; squirrel 7; rabbit, 7; ferret, 20; stag, 25; horse, 30; ass, 40; sheep, under 20; cow, 20; ox, 20; swans, parrots and ravens, 100; eagle, 100; goose, 25; duck, 10; pigeon, 24 to 30; crocodile, 100; tortoise, 100 to 200; whale, estimated, 1,000; queen bee, 5 years; drones, 4 months; worker bees, 6 months.—Philadelphia Times.

Nonsense Rhymes.

There was an old woman of Tring,
Who did nothing but dance and sing,
When asked, "Will you stop?"
She said, "Not till I drop,"
That active old woman of Tring.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 Sat E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heat throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class b-r attached.

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell, or have rents collected by responsible agents,

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on bond and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,

12 EAST FRONT STREET.

3 12 1m

AT RANDOLPH'S

YOU MAY OBTAIN

THE FAMOUS PEACH

AND

STRAWBERRY CRUSHES.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

CORNER FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

At their Old Reliable Hardware Store,

OFFER

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS

Special Inducements to Cash Buyers.

DONT MISS THESE BARGAINS.

WHY IS THIS?

Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 500 barrels of flour a day.

Now they make 2000 barrels daily.

This is because a barrel of Imperial makes

18 to 20 More Loaves

of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!

Make up your own set from this beautiful open stock pattern and get exactly one half. The style is "Decorated Victoria Shape," on Porcelain Granite body, illustrated with gold. Gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."

The pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so broken pieces can be replaced by new ones at any time. A complete set of dishes usually costs from $25 to $35. We have marked it right down and New York prices will not be much less than this year's cost, as low as $8, $10 & $12 can be obtained at any time. Don't buy till you have seen the pattern and prices at

Decorated Toilet Sets at $2.5 ; worth $3.00, 25 per cent off on Decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Largest assortment in New York, and we can be suited from the cheapest to the finest. Exclusive novelties in every variety, and our prices to please you for the same money. You can't show the least comparative line of Furniture to have an idea of the lowest, we consolidated our two stores in New York and have a full line of your favorite dining chairs this Spring, and sell them for less than what they would cost in New York. Remember you are not looking for cheap furniture, as if we have any of it we don't keep it.

Sozo Tooth Powder at 10 cents equals anything sold for 25 or 50 cents. Thousands are using it in Plainfield and all over the land.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Legal Advertisements.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered to be published, and that the same will be called up for the consideration of the Council to adopt the same on the 7th day of April, 1892.

F. W. BUSTON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., March 21, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

For the regulation and Permanent Improvement of Grades.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the grades of Terrill road, from the north line of Fourth street to the south line of Seventh street, be and the same are hereby established as follows: At the north side of the centre line of Fourth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of said centre line of Fourth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the north side of the centre line of Fifth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of the centre line of Fifth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the north side of the centre line of Sixth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of the centre line of Sixth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the north side of the centre line of Seventh street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of the centre line of Seventh street, the grade shall be 100 feet, all of the above grades to be measured from the centre line of the street at the point referred to, but for the purpose of ascertaining the cost of the same to be determined by the Commissioners.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

Passed, March 21, 1892.

Approved March 21, 1892.

S. A. GINNA,
President of Common Council and Acting Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. BUSTON, City Clerk.

Fees—$8.60.

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F. W. BUSTON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., March 21, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Regulate the Grade of Streets in the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Regulate the Grade of Streets in the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:" passed March 21, 1892, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: That the grades of Terrill road, from the north line of Fourth street to the south line of Seventh street, be and the same are hereby established as follows: At the north side of the centre line of Fourth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of said centre line of Fourth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the north side of the centre line of Fifth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of the centre line of Fifth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the north side of the centre line of Sixth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of the centre line of Sixth street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the north side of the centre line of Seventh street, the grade shall be 100 feet, at the south side of the centre line of Seventh street, the grade shall be 100 feet, all of the above grades to be measured from the centre line of the street at the point referred to, but for the purpose of ascertaining the cost of the same to be determined by the Commissioners.

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President of Common Council and Acting Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. BUSTON, City Clerk.

Fees—$8.60.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., March 23, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that John H. Stanbery has been appointed by the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, Assessor to assess the property benefited thereby, on the north side of Park avenue and Grove street, in the First Ward, in said City, which action is signed by

John C. Moore,
H. H. Hedges,
John E. Hedges,
Wm. Cook,
William Drake,
Jacob Drake,

James B. Cottington,
Frank W. Veit,
Thomas S. Gilbert,
Wm. Hetfield,
P. C. Herbert, V. S.
Wm. Hetfield,

Citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such Assessor should not be appointed, are requested to file the same with the undersigned City Clerk on or before the 4th day of April, 1892.

Dated, March 23, 1892.

In accordance with the requirements of the above notice, I hereby give notice to all persons and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. BUSTON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

To Provide for the Licensing of Auctioneers.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That licenses may be granted by the Common Council to such and so many persons as they may think proper, to act as auctioneers for the term of one year from the time of granting the same, to carry on the trade or business of auctioneering and auctioneers.

Section 2. That every application for any such license shall be in writing signed by the applicant, and shall be presented to the Common Council at a regular meeting thereof, and shall be acted upon by the Council under the provisions of this Ordinance.

Section 3. That no person shall carry on the trade or business of auctioneer in said city or shall act as auctioneer, or shall sell by auction any merchandise, goods, chattels or personal property whatsoever, without first having obtained a license for that purpose from the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, and having paid the sum of $100 into the treasury of said city, and shall every quarter pay the sum of $25 into the treasury of said city, and shall every quarter thereafter pay the sum of $25 into the treasury of said city, and shall every quarter thereafter pay the sum of $25 into the treasury of said city, and shall every quarter thereaf

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morricle, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Park street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

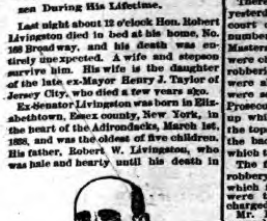
SEN. LIVINGSTON DEAD.

HE EXPIRED SUDDENLY IN BED LAST NIGHT.

Apoplexy the Supposed Cause of Death—He was at Business Yesterday as Usual—A Very Popular Citizen During His Lifetime.

Last night about 12 o'clock Hon. Robert Livingston died in bed at his home, No. 168 Broad way, and his death was evidently unexpected. A wife and stepson survive him. His wife is the daughter of the late ex-Mayor Henry J. Taylor of Jersey City, who died a few years ago.

Ex-Senator Livingston was born in Elizabethtown, Essex county, New York, in the heart of the Adirondacks, March 1st, 1838, and was the oldest of five children. His father, Robert W. Livingston, who was hale and hearty until his death in



EX-SENATOR ROBERT LORD LIVINGSTON.

1888, four years ago, at the age of seventy-eight, was a veteran of the war of the Rebellion, in which he received wounds which crippled him for life. The father started in Elizabethtown, the Elizabethtown Post, before the birth of the ex-senator, who afterwards served an apprenticeship in it at the printing business. A brother of the ex-senator now owns the paper.

At the age of eighteen, Robert L. went to Troy, N. Y., and engaged as a clerk in a retail dry goods store, continuing there three years, then removing to New York, where he engaged in the wholesale dry goods establishment of C. W. & J. D. Moore & Co., from 1859 to 1866. The Moores failed at the outbreak of the war, but Mr. Livingston continued with their successors. The next five years Mr. Livingston spent in Wall street speculations, from which he acquired a snug fortune, losing the bulk of it in the panic of 1873. He then entered the insurance business in New York, in which he was engaged at his demise. Before removing to Plainfield he lived a few years in Westfield. He has been a resident of Plainfield since 1878, was for three years a member of the Plainfield Common Council, during one term of which he was its president, although the city was Republican. His record in the Council was that of a thorough business man in everything with which he had any connection. He was elected Senator in 1884, although the county went Republican, but was defeated for re-election in 1887.

He has been complaining for the past two weeks of not feeling well, but was able to attend to business. He went to New York as usual yesterday morning, and returned in the evening in apparently good health.

After retiring his heavy respiration caused alarm, but before a physician could be summoned he expired without regaining consciousness. Apoplexy is the supposed cause of death.

BREVITIES

—The new Grace Episcopal church is to be dedicated on Easter Sunday.

—The Stillman building which was recently damaged by fire, is being repaired.

—There will be a special meeting of Council No. 711, Royal Arcanum, to-morrow evening.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The Misses Coard of Putnam avenue are to tender their friends a reception next Tuesday evening.

—Although last Sunday was a very stormy day the offering made at the Congregational church for home missions was in excess of last year by one third.

—The Epworth League of the M. E. church will hold a mock trial in Vincent chapel to-morrow evening at 7.45. All young people are invited to be present.

—A new schedule on the main line and Newark branch of the Central R. R. of New Jersey will take effect on Sunday April 3d. Time tables will be in the hands of the station agents on Saturday, April 2d.

—Elsewhere Miss Fellows, the talented vocalist and instructor, has something to say that will be of interest to those desiring musical training. She gives especial attention to educating in the art of speaking and declamatory reading.

—The Acme Tailoring Co. make their bow to the public to-day in another col. The firm is composed of two well-known citizens, Messrs. J. R. French and Walter C. Limbarger, who are determined to win a share of public patronage by guarantees set forth in their advertisement, to which the reader is referred.

—Ex-Mayor Randolph, in his talk at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening, will use as his theme "Love"—its various forms and development, and its potential influence in directing human destiny. The subject is one of immediate interest to every many, and this opportunity should not be missed to hear that ever new, fresh and potent factor in human character ably discussed.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

WALTER MASTERSON SAYS HE WAS ALONE IN THE ROBBERIES.

The Court Defers its Judgment.—Patrick Carley Pleads not Guilty to Highway Robbery.

There were several prisoners arraigned yesterday morning in the Union county court of special sessions. Among the number were Johnny Lynch and Walter Masterson, the very small boys who were charged with the series of petty robberies on Morris avenue. These boys were almost lost sight of when they were seated in the big chairs, and when Prosecutor Marsh called on them to stand up while he read the allegations, only the top of their heads were visible over the backs of the jurors chairs behind which they were arraigned.

The first allegation read was for the robbery of E. A. Bloomfield's store, from which fifty cents and fifteen cigars were taken. Young Lynch was first charged and he pleaded not guilty.

Mr. Robert Chetwood appeared as counsel for the little fellow. He said he had always known the boy and that as agent of the young prisoner was a servant in his family.

He had talked with the prisoner, and was satisfied from conversation that there was no evidence of his guilt. The arrest of Lynch was made because Masterson had implicated him with being a confederate. Lynch denied the charge to Detective Decker, Chief Tenny, County Detective Kevlon and the prosecutor. His statement was always the same. Now Young Masterson says that Lynch was not with him, and Mr. Chetwood argued that there was no reason why a child of such tender years should be kept in jail to await trial when it was clear there was not sufficient evidence to convict him.

Prosecutor Marsh concurred in Mr. Chetwood's statement, and said he was willing to ask for a nolle prosequi as to the charges related to Lynch.

The court accepted of this disposition of the case and Lynch was discharged.

Young Masterson was then arraigned, and he pleaded guilty to breaking into Mr. Bloomfield's and Mr. Rommel's stores and taking the articles mentioned in the allegations. He declared Lynch was not with him.

When Prosecutor Marsh read the third allegation charging him with breaking into Caspar Locher's store, young Masterson at once protested, and said he did not break in, but went in during business hours of the afternoon. He took six penknives, and sold them to a plumber for 20 cents.

Prosecutor Marsh moved for the sentence of Masterson, but after requesting the judges concluded to defer the pass of judgment on the boy. It is a peculiar way to do with the youthful prisoner. He is 11 years of age. It is his first arraignment in the court.

Patrick Carley, who was charged with highway robbery and an assault upon Policeman Luke Matson, pleaded not guilty. The allegations were that Carly and two others waylaid Mr. Lawrence Hudson on Plum street as he was going to bed him. Officer Matson heard the cry for help and after a desperate fight rescued Mr. Hudson. Carly in resisting arrest kicked the officer.

There was a third charge against Carly which implicated him in the robberies of poultry raisers at Roselle and other parts of the county, but Mr. Marsh stated to the court that in consultation with the police authorities he was satisfied it would be necessary to bring witness from other states to convict the prisoner. With concurrence of the court Mr. Marsh entered a nolle pros.

In the other charges against Carly the trials were appointed for Wednesday next, and Mr. Lord Craff was assigned to defend the accused.

Joseph Clark, alias Brown, and James Kinderly pleaded not guilty to attempted burglary at Summit. They were remanded for trial which was set down for next Wednesday.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. J. V. Shurts will preach in the First Presbyterian church on Sunday April 3d.

Mr. A. M. Vanderbeck, Jr., of Park avenue, has removed his place of residence to Orchard place.

Mrs. Jessie Rice, the eldest daughter of J. Howard Titsworth, died at her home in Pardee, Kansas, on March 21st, of diabetes.

Mr. Harry Van Emburgh of East Second street left this city to-day for Dunkirk, N. Y., to act as resident engineer for Mr. F. A. Dunham.

Mr. John Miller and Miss Nettie Storr both of this city were married last evening by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, the pastor of the Trinity Reformed church.

The Rev. Cornelius Schenck, the pastor of the Trinity Reformed church has night united in marriage, Mr. Clarkson Mundy and Miss Mary Ann Brown both of this city.

Mr. James McGee of Willow avenue, resigned as a member of the North Plainfield Board of School Trustees, and Mr. Samuel Ick, John McCutcheon has been elected to fill the vacancy.

ANOTHER SUPPOSED MAD DOG.

Said to Have Bitten Twelve Dogs Yesterday.

Another mad dog ran amuck in North Plainfield yesterday afternoon in the vicinity of Harrison street in the rear of the extension grounds belonging to Col. John F. Wilson. A resident of Harrison street says that the dog bit at least twelve dogs belonging to persons residing in that neighborhood.

Several persons pursued the canine which in the direction of the mountain and escaped.

One of the dogs bitten belonged to Mr. Fiering. It is said that none of the dogs has been shot.

Fractured Her Finger.

A woman named Clark fell on the sidewalk on Somerset street this afternoon and fractured the little finger of her left hand. She was taken to a near-by restaurant and a physician dressed her wounds.

THE CYCLING TROPHY.

A Splendid Response to the Journal's Call.

In response to the call issued by the Elizabeth Journal a few days ago an enthusiastic meeting of representatives of the Union county bicycle clubs was held Tuesday evening at the office, to make preliminary arrangements for a series of bicycle races.

The clubs represented and their delegates were as follows:

Elizabeth Wheelmen, Capt. Gilbert, President Evenard.

Union County Roadsters, Capt. Calhoun, Dr. Holmes.

Plainfield Bicycle Club, Capt. Martin, Mr. Mahon.

E. A. C. Bicycle Division, Capt. Saltonstall, Mr. Darby.

Roselle Ramblers, Capt. J. C. Kingsland, Mr. Moore.

Westfield Wheelmen, Mr. J. C. Brunner.

Mercury Wheelmen, President D. J. Bodell.

Crescent League (Plainfield) Mr. Martin, Mr. Mahon.

Union League (Westfield) Mr. Wheeler.

A number of other members of several of the clubs were also present as spectators and manifested great interest in the proceedings.

AN EXCITING RUNAWAY.

The Frightened Animal Knocked a Boy Down.

At about 11.15 o'clock this morning one of the drivers employed by A. L. Bentley, the North avenue butcher, took the bridle off the horse he was driving in order to give the animal a drink of water on Somerset street in front of Mr. Thorn's hardware store. The horse became frightened and ran away. It struck upon the side walk and when opposite French's Mill broke loose from wagon. A small boy named Alpaugh, a son of Mr. W. E. Alpaugh of East Third street, who was passing along the street at the time, was knocked down by the frightened animal, but not seriously injured. The horse ran along East Front and when near the corner of Peace street slipped on the sidewalk and fell. The animal was then caught. It was not badly injured. One of the shafts of the wagon to which it was attached was broken.

The runaway caused considerable excitement along Front street.

THE NEW WESTFIELD CLUB HOUSE.

The Contract to Build It Awarded to Plainfielders.

The Westfield Athletic Club have decided to build a new club house, and Tuesday night awarded the contract for the Mason work to two popular Plainfielders—Messrs. Burnett & Milligan—as pictured below. Their advertisement appears in another column. The building will be one story and basement, and is to have a frontage of 35 feet and a depth of 100 feet, with two extensions, each 20 feet. The cost of construction and will be a decided improvement in Westfield. The architect is Mr. Frank H. Lent of Orchard and Westfield.

A Chicken Thief in North Plainfield.

A chicken thief secured a lot of choice barnyard fowl about a week ago at Demler's Hotel, in the notch, and seems to have been visiting other henries in North Plainfield. Mr. Mountford, the general manager in this country for the Atlantic and Pacific Cable Company, a few miles south of Scotch Plains, his henery, discovered a thief escaping over adjoining fences. Mr. Mountford recognized jumping into the jaws of a huge mastiff owned by Mr. Coddington. He got nothing. He may get more than he bargains for next time.

Preparing for Memorial Day.

At a recent meeting of Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., held recently, the committee, to make arrangements for the proper observance of Memorial Day was appointed. The committee consists of Messrs. Edward Wilde, John Emmons, Charles Stephens, C. W. Harding and Geo. W. Moore. A few days ago the committee met and organized by electing Geo. W. Moore, Chairman, and Charles Stephens, secretary and treasurer.

A Carelessly Tied Horse Runs Away.

A horse and buggy were taken from Seguine's stable to the residence of Dr. Adams on Grove street yesterday and was left tied to a hitching post. He does not appear to have been tied securely, however, for after the man departed the horse concluded to do likewise, and soon was seen galloping back to the stable with the whiffletree broken and the vehicle turned upside down. No one was injured.

Notice To Members of Boys' Club.

A "have and hound chase" will be held next Saturday morning, leaving the club rooms at nine o'clock. As the number for this run is limited to fifty, boys wishing to participate must sign at the rooms this evening. Masters Gillard, Agger and George Ruggles will act as hares.

W. H. MINER, Sup't.

The King's Daughters.

Each circle of King's Daughters is earnestly requested to have two representatives at the meeting of the Executive Committee to be held April 1st, at three o'clock in the parlors of the Crescent avenue church.

Teeny Wee.

Dan Terry of Short Hills yesterday shot a pigeon match with Leander Miller of Red Bank. The match took place on the grounds of the Jersey City Heights Gun Club. Mr. Terry won.

NEWARK CONFERENCE.

MANY METHODIST PASTORS GATHER AROUND BISHOP BOWMAN.

The Meeting in the Morristown Church—Elections and Standing Committees—The Pastors Wish to Raise a $50,000 Centenary Fund.

The thirty-fifth session of the Newark Conference of the Methodist church was opened yesterday in Morristown. Preachers from Northern New Jersey, Pennsylvania and New York shook hands and said "How do you do, brother?" Every deputate had a smiling face and carried a "grip."

Senior Bishop Thomas Bowman presided. Of the 298 members representing the conference 198 were present. A few were reported ill. Six have died since the last annual conference.

The Committee on Arrangements consists of J. E. Adams, chairman; George C. Smith, secretary; F. D. Day, Geo. Green, E. L. Dimmick, J. Powell, Jr., Wm. Johnson, Victor E. Bost. Committee on Plan for Abbreviation of Conference Session—J. E. Faulks, chairman; J. Gethersidge, secretary; G. E. Little, G. L. Baldwin, Jas. Bryan, P. A. Peck, C. H. Barnes, C. S. Ryman, L. L. Rossland.

The conference was organized in the morning, and after the reading of the transfer of Rev. Dr. Henry Baker from the Philadelphia Conference, Dr. Baker gave to the conference a few words. The transfer of Rev. Frank F. Wheeler, colored, from the Washington Conference was also received. He was appointed to St. John's church, Newark.

Rev. Dr. Henry Baker, of Little Falls, re-elected Secretary, and he appointed Rev. Dr. J. M. Meeker of Newark, assistant and Rev. J. F. Hurley of Montclair, Wood, Recording Secretary. Rev. J. A. Guttridge, of Harrison, was elected Statistical Secretary, and appointed Revs. E. N. Cronk, R. E. Doolittle, N. C. Hinsey and D. W. Ryder as his assistants. Rev. A. M. Stevens, of Orange, was elected Treasurer, with Revs. J. A. Cole and J. W. Reed as assistants.

The standing committees for 1892 are: Missions—C. R. Mitchell, of Plainfield, L. W. Royer, Jas. Mudge, F. Shelhamer; Church Extension—C. C. Winans, A. Crake, C. F. Hull, D. Haliburn.

Sunday-schools—Z. Brooks, W. E. Blatchley, T. H. Jacobus, J. E. Meeker.

Trust Deeds—E. W. Darr, W. S. Gallow-ay, Wm. Johnson, Jas. Bryan.

Temperance—J. C. Jackson, C. E. Little, C. H. Barnes, C. Cook.

Education—W. C. Sugdenus, F. C. Baldwin, W. S. McCowan, J. R. Wright.

Freedmen—Rev. Dr. Haven, Enoch Meacham, D. B. F. Randolph, W. F. George.

Evening Meeting—J. R. Ryan, J. B. Faulks, W. C. Nelson, C. M. Anderson.

Sabbath Observance—John Atkinson, Alfred Morgan, Jr., Thos. A. Darlington.

State of Church—A. H. Bodine, R. N. Beebe, A. Crake, C. C. Dutcher.

Church Benevolence—The Presiding Elders and E. Shelhamer, A. Craig, C. E. Little, C. Cook.

Conference Qualifications—J. Atkinson, C. R. Barnes, J. L. Burtsell, of Plainfield, L. W. Royer, Jas. Mudge, J. C. Hoagland, J. W. Marshall, G. W. Smith.

Plan for Abbreviation of Conference Session—Same as Committee on Appointed Buildings, whose advertisement appears in another column. The building will be one story and basement, and is to have a frontage of 35 feet and a depth of 100 feet, with two extensions, each 20 feet. The cost of construction and will be a decided improvement in Westfield. The architect is Mr. Frank H. Lent of Orchard and Westfield.

FORTY-SEVEN DOGS CAPTURED.

A Supposed Mad Dog Among the Number.

Yesterday Dog-Catcher J. H. Frisbie reported that the day previously he had burned four dogs at the pound. One of the dogs he said showed symptoms of rabies, and was taken from a family on West Third street, because it attempted to bite its mistress, and was therefore considered mad. It resisted being taken to the pound, and gave the dog-catcher so much trouble that he finally concluded it must be mad, and shot it.

To Meet To-morrow.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will meet in the church parlors for sewing, on Friday afternoon at three o'clock. All are cordially invited.

—Charles Olinger, the man who was arrested on the charge of abusing his wife and held for examination as to his sanity, was this morning discharged from custody.

BIRTHS.

OLUND—This morning, Marlis, wife of Ellis Olund, at their home, No. 27 Somerset street, of a son.

MARRIAGES

MILLER—STORR—In Plainfield, N. J., March 30, 1892, by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Mr. John Miller and Miss Nettie Storr, both of this city.

MUNDY—BROWN—In this city, March 30, 1892, by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Mr. Clarkson Mundy and Miss Mary Ann Brown, both of Plainfield, N. J.

DEATHS.

LIVINGSTON—On Wednesday, March 31st, Hon. Robert L. Livingston, in the fifty-fourth year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

McGEE—Suddenly, Mary A. McGee, wife of James McGee, on Wednesday, March 30th, in the fifty-first year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, April 2d, at 11 o'clock, at her late residence, No. 10 Willow avenue, North Plainfield, N. J.

RICE—Pardee, Kansas, March 21, 1892, of diabetes, Mrs. Jessie Rice, eldest daughter of J. Howard Titsworth of Pardee.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TRAIN HELD UP ON A TURNTILE.

Passengers Terrorized by a Fusillade Near Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 31st. (Special.) The passenger train for Atlanta on the Pacific Railroad was held up by masked robbers at one o'clock this morning, near Wenona, ten miles east of here.

As the train moved away from the station a rubber stretched across the engine and covered the engineer with a rifle, compelling him to stop the train 200 feet away on a trestle.

One man stood guard over the engineer while several others opened fire on the inside of the train in order to frighten the passengers. Another robber knocked on the door of the mail car, demanding entrance, which was refused. He then broke open the door. Firing at the postal clerk, who was slightly wounded. Every registered letter, supposed to contain about $6,000, was taken. The express car was not molested.

ASSISTED HIS OWN LYNCHERS.

Lytle Taken out and Hanged to a Telephone Pole at Findlay.

FINDLAY, O., March 31. (Special.)—Joseph Lytle, the man who at five o'clock yesterday morning hacked his wife and two daughters in a horrible manner, was taken from the County Jail here at 12.30 o'clock this morning by a mob of nearly 1,000 determined men and hanged.

Sheriff Morgan had warning of an approaching mob and hurried with a two horse carriage to the bridge. Just as he was being pulled up a shot from a revolver cut the rope in two, dropping the victim to the ground. He was carried to the nearest telegraph pole where the lynching was completed.

As the mob entered the jail Lytle called the attention of the cell he was occupying as the one they were looking for. It took thirty minutes to batter down the cell door, when the doomed man was dragged out and thence to the Main street bridge, two squares away.

Argentine Alarm.—Reported Plot Against the President.

BUENOS AYRES, March 31. (Special.)—Great fear is felt here that the Radicals will incite a revolution. The Government is taking precautions to guard against an outbreak.

Reports were current last night that a conspiracy to assassinate the President had been discovered.

To Increase the Capital Stock.

NEW YORK, March 31, (Special.)—At a special meeting of the stockholders of the Standard Oil Company held here today, it was decided to increase the capital stock from $6,000,000 to $7,000,000.

MR. J. G. WILSON BECOMES INSANE.

He was Taken to the Asylum Yesterday.

Jasper G. Wilson, a son of the late John Wilson, who resides in Washington Valley, was taken to the asylum this morning. His particular hallucination was that he was the Saviour and was about blessing people. The unfortunate man obtained a piece of cracker and did a good business. He furnished considerable stone which was used both on the streets of this city and Washington. He also carried on the ice business.

Literary Notices.

Worthington Co., 747 Broadway, New York, announce for immediate publication as No. 25 in their International Library, "The Household Idol," by Marie Bernard. This is the first novel by Mrs. Lake's, a charming story of life among the highest circles of society, the scene being laid in the present day. The heroine, "The Household Idol," is the beauty and belle of all Banburg, Holdshire's fashionable resort, and is the chief personages is a celebrated painter and the book contains a faithful description of studio life. The interest is fully sustained throughout the entire story, the characters being drawn with singular clearness and fidelity.

The nature of the northern part of the new British empire in South Africa, which is rapidly developing in South Africa is well described in an article in the Review of Reviews for April, entitled "With Mr. Rhodes Through Mashonaland." It is an account of a long journey inland that Mr. Rhodes, the Premier of Cape Colony, has just taken to inspect the wonderful new gold fields, over which there is so great an excitement. The article is illustrated with several portraits, including a full-page picture of "Mr. Rhodes at Home."

A Farmer Injured.

A horse belonging to a farmer named Johnston, who resides near Dunellen ran away on West Front street at about ten o'clock this morning. Mr. Johnston was driven by a young man who was injured. The horse was caught near Liberty street. The wagon was badly wrecked.

PROF. SYMONS, F. R. S., has found a new elixir of life in the study of meteorology. Having H-O for breakfast is just as satisfactory and twice as popular as "star-gazing."

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A place as nurse and at plain sewing. Address Domestic, this office. Apply at 25 East Ninth street, Friday, 2nd.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Man and wife, easy to do gardening and to make himself generally useful, woman for general housework. Call at The Gables, Netherwood. 30 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On March 29th, about noon, from 37 Prospect place, a large English mastiff answering to name of "Bass." Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to A. M. Griffin's hardware store, 13 East Front street.

FOR SALE.

DON'T forget that we will furnish you money to build as soon as lots are sold for. Stop paying rent; own your own home. Chas. H. Lyman. 3 22 eod1f

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street, addition to Plainfield, Somerville, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level. 2 19tf

EMPLOYEES of Pond's and Potter's own your own home. Remember the lots opposite Evens station. Only a few minutes' walk from the shop. Location unsurpassed. Chas. H. Lyman. 3 22 eod1f

FOR SALE or to let—Farm of 59 acres, adjoining Bryant's Bay Randolph's; Fanwood Station; two good houses; barn and other buildings. Will sell or let very low. Inquire of Andrew Leon, 19 West Front. 29 6

FOR SALE—Two horses; short walk from depot. Both sound. One half may answer. Inquire at News office. 30tf

INVEST your money where it will bring you sure return. Buy one of those beautiful lots opposite Evens station. $15 down, $1 per week. Chas. H. Lyman, 61 North avenue. 3 29 eod1f

FOR RENT.

A PARTMENTS to let at No. 121 Dunn street. 30-3

A CONVENIENT six room cottage, in a good neighborhood, to let at a low price. 1 Hamilton terrace avenue. 30-2

RENT $6—320 West Third street. Inquire 37 Central avenue. 3 30tf

SEPARATE storage rooms, with plastered walls, to let in Stillman block. 28, 30, 32 and 34 East Front street.

TO LET—House; five rooms; rent $11. Inquire 132 Plainfield avenue.

TO LET—First floor. Inquire 45 Plainfield avenue. 30 2

TO LET—Handsome flat. Apply 33 Somerset street. 25 6

MISCELLANEOUS.

DROP POSTAL to Mulford, broker, for information pertaining to Cobden Fair. 29-4t

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

DESKS, Carnations and Pansies, cut blooms and plants for sale at reduced prices. F. W. Miles, Somerset street. 26 6t

WANTED—A tenant for a well-closeted, newly papered house of six rooms. Location, No. 3 Plainfield, about ten minutes from depot; splendid neighborhood; large garden; $14 month. Inquire at News office.

Special Notices.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

The Members of Plainfield Council, No. 711, Royal Arcanum, are requested to attend special meeting at their Rooms on Park avenue, on Friday evening, April 1, 1892, to take action on the death of Brother Jacob Dunn.

A. W. KLEINBECK, Regent.

H. A. THORNE, Secretary. 31-2t

SWAIN,

the FRAME-MAKER, is at

23 East Front Street,

Two doors east of Post Office. 3 30 1m*

The Time

has come when all should buy their

CLOTHING

At Home

providing they can get Quality, Style and Fit, and good and cheap. This the

Acme Tailoring Co.

guarantee to do, and produce a Perfect Fit or no Sale.

We have the Largest Assortment of CLOTHS & CASSIMERES in the State. Our store is Exclusively devoted to Merchant Tailoring.

Kindly give us a call for inspection.

Acme Tailoring Co.,

No 12 West Front Street.

John H. French, Pres. and Treas.
Walter C. Limbarger, Sec. 3 31 6m

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS.

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First-class work guaranteed

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUKE STREET.

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, April 5th,

DANIEL PROHMAN'S

Special Company in the Lyceum Theatre Success.

Belasco and De Mille's most enjoyable play,

The CHARITY BALL!

Entire season's bill in New York. Presented with all new scenery and accessories—a Proscution worthy of the Play.

Seats on sale Friday at the Central Pharmacy.

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NEXT AUCTION SALE OF HORSES AT METROPOLITAN STABLES,

WILL BE HELD APRIL 6.

One car load of choice western horses will be offered. Consisting of matched teams, single drivers and workers. Also 30 or 40 Jersey Horses, which are thoroughly broken and accustomed, and especially adapted for the use of Liverymen, Grocerymen, and all who want a horse for immediate use.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock sharp.

H. E. RIDER, Manager.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

SELLING OUT OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

For Cash. Must be sold by April 1st.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
NAILS SCREWS, SASH,
WIRE FENCING, BARBED WIRE,
NAILS TWO CENTS A POUND.
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

Glass all sizes. Open every evening until 9 p. m.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

Telephone 126. 42 West Front Street. 11 1m

EDITORIAL NOTES

Behring Sea Latin.

The legal and diplomatic expressions "modus vivendi," "fere naturæ," "mare clausum" and "pelagic fishing" have been used constantly in the discussion of the Behring sea seal fisheries dispute. "Modus vivendi" means literally "mode of living." In law it is employed to designate a temporary agreement pending permanent settlement of a matter in dispute. Thus last year Great Britain and the United States agreed that pending the settlement of the Behring sea seal question, certain restrictions on the taking of seals should be observed by both countries for one year. The year having expired, President Harrison asked the renewal of the "modus vivendi," as the matter was not yet permanently decided.

"Fere naturæ" means animals in the state of nature—that is, in the wild state, and therefore the prey of all mankind, like the tigers and elephants in an African jungle. Lord Salisbury made last year the claim that the Behring sea seals were fere naturæ, and therefore Canadians were entitled to kill those animals at all they liked. If this claim were allowed there would in a few years be not a seal in the Pacific.

"Ma-re," pronounced in two syllables, is the Latin word for "sea." "Clausum" signifies closed or shut. "Mare clausum" means, therefore, a sea closed or shut. It was claimed by some American lawyers that we acquired with the purchase of Alaska the right to consider Behring sea as an inclosed or private American water, like Lake Manchuseta or Lake Michigan, and that therefore we had the right to forbid any other nation to fish in its waters. This right Great Britain did not admit.

Then there is the expression "pelagic fishing." It seems to be the proper thing in the judgment of many writers to fly to foreign words the moment they get hold of a subject that is difficult to understand. In the Greek language the word "pelagos" means the sea: applied in its modern English derivatives, to the deep sea or ocean. "Pelagic fishing" means, therefore, open sea fishing, or that outside the three miles from shore accepted by modern nations as the limit of their private coast line.

The Court of Honor.

It is curious, the code of "honor" by which young Mr. Borrowe excused himself from fighting a duel with Coleman Drayton. Mr. Drayton challenged Mr. Borrowe to go to France and fight a duel on Mrs. Drayton's account. Borrowe summoned as counselor a man who had fought several duels because of having ruined the reputation of married ladies in good society. Considering that it was no affair of honor, this was in admirable keeping with the rest of the honorable proceedings. Borrowe and the experienced gentleman laid their heads together and further consulted the Due de Morny and Aurelien Scholl, as gentlemen at the very tip top of knowledge and practical understanding in cases where gentlemen ruin other men's wives. A "court of honor" made investigation.

What is the decision? Thist Mr. Drayton knows of no circumstances now that he did not know of five years ago. Besides that, he is declared to have accepted a money consideration from Mrs. Drayton's family, practically for keeping silent and not making a fuss about the affair. Therefore Mr. Drayton is not a gentleman: therefore a "gentleman" cannot fight him. And the whole correspondence is given to the newspapers by these experienced "gentlemen."

Plain English. Mr. Borrowe in effect claims and publishes to the world that he has been Mrs. Drayton's lover for years; that Mr. Drayton knew it long ago, and that Drayton was therefore no gentleman; therefore Mr. Borrowe declined to fight him according to the "code of honor." Mr. Borrowe blasts eternally Mrs. Drayton's reputation in order to keep from fighting. What kind of a gentleman Mr. Borrowe is public opinion will decide.

A good prisoner will shortly be released from the New York penitentiary at Sing Sing. He was so truly good for five years and six months that his full term of ten years was shortened four years and six months. He has been an absolutely perfect cowgict, not a single mark having been placed against his name. The only misdemeanor he was ever guilty of in all the term was that recently he got nervous thinking how soon he would be released and forgot the prison lock step, so that he had to be reminded of it by the keeper. The name of this gentlemanly convict is Mr. Ferdinand Ward, formerly of the celebrated firm of Grant & Ward, in New York city, and he got a certified check for $70,000 from the Marine bank on false pretenses. Mr. Ward has not seemed to look for money at any time since his arrest. General U. S. Grant, father of Mr. Ward's former partner, during his last illness wrote the memoirs of his life to save his widow from poverty.

With 100,000 emigrants leaving her shores every month, Europe ought not to be overcrowded. The strange part of it is, however, that the country from which almost no emigrants go, France, is the one that increases least in population. Perhaps she can find work for her citizens at home.

THE DRAYTON SCANDAL.

Milbank Publishes the Alleged "Monetary" Agreement.

BURROWE IS BETWEEN TWO FIRES

While He Is Defended by Milbank, Colonel Ochiltree and Second Fox Both Declare That He Authorized the First Publicity of the Unfortunate Affair.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The Herald says: Mr. Harry Vane Milbank called at The Herald office last evening to submit the subjoined statement for publication:

22 WEST SEVENTEENTH STREET, }
NEW YORK, March 30, 1892.

The time has now come when Mr. H. A. Borrowe's honor and reputation must be cleared of the imputations that now rest on them. Two grave offences are charged against him; one that the correspondence in the affair was published with his authority. This is disposed of completely by Mr. Fox's letter to Mr. Borrowe, in which he gives his reasons for sending the correspondence to the papers after Mr. Borrowe left England.

The second and far graver offence alleged against him is that the agreement referred to, upon which his second, M. Fox, and myself based our refusal to allow him to meet Mr. Drayton, existed only in his imagination and was merely a subterfuge to cover his own cowardice.

This seems to have been generally accepted by Mr. Drayton's friends, and on the strength of this Mr. Drayton is alleged to have publicly stated Mr. Borrowe to be a "cur and a coward." There seems to be a general agreement to consider Mr. Borrowe in these premises and to treat him more or less as a pariah. I have acted for him since the beginning of the matter, and we have had to fight against tremendous odds.

The Monetary Agreement.

My first duty to Mr. Borrowe is to do everything in my power to clear his character before the world. This step I take now entirely on my own responsibility, as at present his honor, his reputation, his entire future turns on this one point:

Was an agreement entered into between Mr. J. Coleman Drayton and his wife. This agreement was made. It was drawn up by Messrs. Lord, Day & Lord. Colonel Hazard was a subscribing witness, and later on it the beginning of February this year the terms of the agreement were enforced by Mr. Drayton's lawyers in London, Messrs. Kingsford & Dorman. It is dated Oct. 28, 1891, and the part which contains the monetary consideration is to the following effect.

The wife has an income of $8,000 per annum, and she allows her husband $4,000 out of this. She agrees that the other half be placed with trustees, $3,200 of which shall be paid to the husband, and $12,000 to herself for maintenance of children; out of the moneys she receives wife to keep up establishment for husband and family. The husband's $3,200 for his personal expenses, such as clothing, amusements, traveling, medical attendance, etc. Wife agrees, should she hold any verbal or written communication with Mr. H. A. Borrowe, that the $12,000 for children shall be paid to the husband, and $12,000 to herself for maintenance of children; and of the moneys she receives wife to keep up establishment for husband and family. The husband's $3,200 for his personal expenses, such as clothing, amusements, traveling, medical attendance, etc. Wife agrees, should she hold any verbal or written communication with Mr. H. A. Borrowe, that the $12,000 for children shall be paid to the husband, and $12,000 to herself for maintenance of children. Husband on his part agrees that for this $12,000 he will go to Europe with his wife, and make his dwelling place there with her.

Will Drayton Deny It?

Mr. H. A. Borrowe has always asserted and asserts still his entire innocence as to the charges brought by Mr. Drayton against his wife, and that the latter only consented to enter into this agreement under the pressure brought to bear on her by her husband and by threats to make the accusation public, which, though groundless, he did not scruple to bring against her. All men of honor will now be able to judge whether Mr. Fox and myself were justified in the course we took in refusing to allow a duel to take place.

We could not and would not state anything of this to Mr. Drayton's second, they owned themselves that they only knew him as a fencing room, indeed one of them is the fencing master of the establishment. Here then is the truth. Will Mr. Drayton deny it? He has up to now allowed Mr. Borrowe to rest under the imputation of being a liar and a coward, and all the time he knew this to be false.

HENRY VANE MILBANK.

Mr. Milbank was very emphatic in declaring that he was willing to assume the full responsibility for this statement in any proceeding that might be taken. Colonel Mr. Drayton and his friends—might see fit to take.

Drayton Refuses to Talk.

"I do not know what this new revolt is," said Mr. Milbank, "nor do I care. Here are the facts, I give you my solemn assurance as a gentleman. They may go to law or call me out a dozen times, but I am bound that my friend, Mr. Borrowe, for whom I have acted throughout this affair, shall be set right before the public. Again I repeat that I take this step wholly on my own responsibility."

"May I ask, whether Mr. Borrowe has made this statement liquidate?"

"Yes, he has seen it," answered Mr. Milbank.

"And does he sanction it?"

"Certainly," was Mr. Milbank's reply. "He has left the whole matter in my hands. Both young Mr. Borrowe and Mr. Borrowe, Sr., consent to the statement I have handed to you."

Once more Mr. Milbank asserted that he, personally, was ready to stand the whole responsibility of the statement. He spoke coolly, but with increasing vehemence every time he repeated his willingness to take the consequences of this, the most sensational step in the controversy since the correspondence concerning the attempt at a duel first came on.

When asked why it was deemed necessary to make the terms of the alleged agreement public at this time, Mr. Milbank said:

"An effort has been made to ostracize Mr. Borrowe. I am practically the only friend left to stand by him, and I propose to thwart the subterfuge by which it is attempted to carry out the plan. That subterfuge was and is in trying to show there was no monetary consideration in Mr. Drayton's case. This is the proof of cause for all by the indefinite hints given."

Mr. Drayton was at the house of his cousin, Mrs. Anna C. Alden, 3 West Fortieth street, in the brilliant room with several friends. A reporter sent to him a note offering to submit a copy of the statement. He sent back word refusing to look at the paper.

Borrowe Published It.

LONDON, March 31.—There is no doubt whatever that Borrowe saw and sanctioned the entire correspondence which Ed Fox sold concerning the duel. The typewritten copies of this correspondence were made before Borrowe sailed. Fox kept one copy. The other was given to Tom Oakhurst, who says emphatically that he had no interest whatever in the matter, and had refused to be mixed up in it. Oakhurst's statement is fully confirmed by a statement Oakhurst furnished the following effect:

"I was called upon by the consul of Mrs. Drayton at one stage of the affair to act in an advisory capacity. I was present by request when Borrowe called upon Mrs. Drayton and sought in every way to shield her and her family from scandal. I advised her in certain suggestions to omit from the affair all of the personal roof, and to endeavor in all things to obey all reasonable behests of her father or mother.

"The only interest that I was governed by pecuniary considerations and profited by the publication of the correspondence is to the extent that I did not degrade my profession. My recollection is that under certain contingencies Fox was to cause the publication of the correspondence. Borrowe was certainly privy to this understanding. I don't think that Mr. Milbank was."

Fox positively declined to tell a reporter where Milbank knew of the passages which Fox published, but he does say distinctly that Borrowe knew all about it before he sailed and was instrumental in arranging the correspondence as originally published.

As Milbank and Fox acted jointly from beginning to end in the negotiations with Borrowe, it seems impossible that Milbank could have been ignorant of Fox's bargain to dispose of the information which had been intrusted to him as an affair of honor.

Whether Milbank is entitled to his reputation of a crack duelist may be questioned, but people here most familiar with him regard it as beyond doubt that he has killed his man in a fair fight.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Appropriation Bill Passed by the Assembly and Sent to the Governor.

ALBANY, March 31.—The senate voted down Senator Cantor's amendment to have railway franchise (highest bidder) act apply to cities of over 90,000 population. The assembly voted in favor of exempting New York city from the jury operation, in addition to Brooklyn and Buffalo.

Mr. Pinakitt introduced and the senate passed a bill authorizing the issue of $500,000 in bonds to enable the New York city commissioners of charities to purchase a site outside of New York county and erect buildings for the care of the insane thereon as to erect such buildings on Ward's island.

The Huckleberry road bill was made a senate special order for Tuesday next.

The Anti-Pinkerton bill was recalled from the governor, amended by striking out exemption of Mr. Gerry's society and repassed in the assembly.

The freedom of worship bill was reported favorably by the assembly judiciary committee without amendment. Mr. Sulzer moved to set aside the order for a special day next Tuesday, but Mr. Cole, of Greene, objected.

The judiciary committee also reported an amendment to the constitutional convention bill, whereby women are to have three delegates, Prohibitionists three and labor organizations five in the convention. The bill was then recommitted to the committee for printing.

Mr. Weed's bill abolishing the death penalty for murder was ordered to third reading in the assembly, and the bill allowing New York city to buy Ward's island was recommitted.

The assembly concurred in the senate amendments to the appropriation bill and it now goes to the governor.

The assembly committee on privileges and elections made a report to the assembly recommending that Dr. Richard Curran, of Rochester, be unseated in favor of the Prohibitionist candidate, Curran, at the time of his election, was a park commissioner, and consequently, under the ruling in the Sherwood case, not eligible. The same ruling affects the Democratic candidate, who was an assessor at the time of his election. As a result the seat goes to the Republican candidate, who polled the next highest number of votes, 400.

Paige's Colossal Stealings.

CLEVELAND, O., March 31.—It is now rumored that two or three Cleveland banks hold spurious paper issued by Paige in such quantities as to make them exceedingly shaky. The amounts involved are pretty sure to amount to millions instead of thousands, as was at first supposed. Great quantities of paper issued by Paige are held in nearly every city of northern Ohio, but just how much of it is worthless has not yet been learned and probably cannot be known for some time to come.

Violated the Anti-Pool Law.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—H. J. Townsend, Sr., president of the St. Louis Stereotype Engraph company, was arrested. The Mercantile company had been selling in an indirect manner pools and combinations on advertising space in violation of the Stone anti-pool law.

Murdered Her Stepson.

ST. GENEVIEVE, Mo., March 31.—Mrs. William Byington murdered her fourteen-year-old stepson last night at Ste. Marie Boutjack and attempted to conceal the horrible crime by burning the body. The woman confessed. She is believed to be insane.

Opened a Bomb with an Ax.

HOUSTON, March 31.—Charles Harris, a boy fifteen years old, found a bomb out of Buffalo bayou. He took it to a stable and tried to open it with an ax. One fuse was blown off and several slugs are imbedded in his body. The stable was blown to pieces.

Racing at Monmouth Park.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The Monmouth Park association announces that it has decided to run its races on the old track at Monmouth park, the ideal race course created by the late David Dunham Withers. The meeting will begin on July 4.

A Feature for the Fair.

CHICAGO, March 31.—A model of the Santa Maria, the flagship of Columbus on his first voyage across the Atlantic, will be sent to this country by Spain for exhibition at the World's fair.

Russia Still Needs Food.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 31.—Reports from the American agents in the famine districts confirm the previous reports that the needs of the peasants are in no further need of assistance.

Father Forbes Secures Finance.

PARIS, March 31.—Father Forbes, the Scotch priest, whom the government ordered to leave France, has secured means for settling in the French army, left for London.

Bloated Bonanza Buried.

DOWNER'S GROVE, Ills., March 31.—Fifty head of horses, most of them valuable animals, were burned to death at the stock farm of Preston Brothers.

To Endow an Academy.

TURNER, Me., March 31.—Madison Leavitt, a wealthy New Yorker, has given $60,000 to endow an academy here.

WALT WHITMAN BURIED

Laid to Rest in the Tomb Which He Built Himself.

INGERSOLL THE POET'S EULOGIST.

A Tribute in Verse from Stedman and a Wreath of Laurel from Sir Edwin Arnold—Over Two Thousand People at the Services in the Cemetery.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 31.—The body of Walt Whitman was consigned to the tomb built under his direction in Harleigh cemetery, in the outskirts of Camden. Long before the hour at which the remains were to be exposed to public view, a crowd began to gather in front of the plain little frame house at 328 Mickle street, where the poet passed the last eighteen years of his life. When the door was opened they began passing in through the little front parlor around the casket, which rested on pedestals in the adjoining room. The line turned from the foot of the casket around the head and then out into the hallway by a side door. For over two hours the solemn procession kept on its way, and in all about 2,000 people looked at the poet's face for the last time.

The body was dressed in a plain suit of mixed gray. The wide, rolling collar, the linen turned back from the wrists, and all the other details of dress characteristic of the poet in life were faithfully carried out in dressing him for the grave. His hands were crossed on his breast, and the whole appearance of the body was singularly lifelike.

The remains were inclosed in a heavy casket of polished oak with bare handles of oxydized silver and were viewed through a pane of heavy glass. A plain silver plate on the lid of the casket bore in old English text the name, "Walt Whitman." At the tomb the casket was placed inside a heavy red cedar box, leaving a copper plate with this inscription: "Walt Whitman. Born May 31, 1819. Died March 26, 1892."

Stedman's Tribute.

There were a number of floral gifts. T. B. Aldrich, of Boston, sent a wreath of ivy and violets. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder sent palm leaves and a branch of laurel. A wreath of laurel was sent in the name of Sir Edward Arnold. The following poem was sent from New York by Edmund Clarence Stedman attached to a wreath of ivy:

Goodby, Walt!
Goodby from all you loved of earth,
Book, form, death creature, man and woman,
To you their comrade human.
The last assault
Ends now, and now is some great world has birth
A mightier, whose strong soul has broader wings.
More brave imaginings.
Stars grown the lither whose your dust shall live
Even as we say goodby—
Goodby, dear old Walt!

At Harleigh cemetery upward of 5,000 people had gathered, and the funeral services were held under a tent. Not one-fifth of those who came for the purpose were able to hear the eulogies pronounced upon the deceased, so great was the crowd.

Francis Howard Williams, of Philadelphia, opened the services by reading Whitman's "Death Carol." Thomas B. Harned, of Camden, a friend of the dead poet, then delivered the address relating Whitman's life in Camden. Francis Howard Williams followed, reading extracts from the writings of Confucius and Buddha and the Beatitudes from the Sermon on the Mount, at the close of his address. As a result the sort goes to five Prohibition candidate, who polled the next highest number of votes, 400.

Paige's Colossal Stealings.

Mr. Williams then read from the New Testament the words of Jesus concerning death, from the Book of Esther, on Conscience, and from the writings of Plato. He was followed by Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, who said:

Ingersoll's Eulogy.

A great man, a great American, is dead before us, and we have met to pay a tribute to his greatness and to his worth. I know that he has written words of great beauty, because he laid the foundations of it deep in the human heart. He was above all that I have known, the poet of sympathy and of joy. His sympathies with the imprisoned and despised, and his greatest love in our literature is his. Speaking of the passengers of the Titanic, he ought to be known to the greatest genius that has arisen in this land until the sun ceases to shine you will I conclude you."

He was also the Poet of Love. He was the poet of the body and of the soul; he was not ashamed of that which is natural. He has uttered more supreme words than any writer of any country, any time. He has sung many other.

He was also as he has said the Poet of Death. And I thank him for the words he has said on the subject of death. Since he has lived and died there has been a change. The fear of hell and the dungeon of the priest and the rack and thumbscrew and children's hanging at New York prison, Insurance variety of how Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in Silks.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Mattings now open for inspection. A 35 inch tower for 75c; good 4-4 sheeting, 5c; canvas gloves 5c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Charles Arnold,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Mayor of

All Kinds of Bologna.

POULTRY IN SEASON.

—Store—

21 Liberty Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

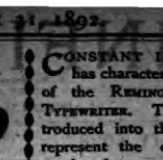
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.



The

1892 Model

of the

Remington

is now on the market.

CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT has characterized the history of the REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER. The changes introduced into the 1892 model represent the carefully tested results of expert study of various points deemed capable of improvement. They present advantages in the quality of the work, and ease as well as convenience of operation which will readily commend themselves to all users.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict,

327 Broadway, New York.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

SAY:—

For Twenty-five Cents

You buy Corset Covers, sizes 32 to 40, that are worth 35 cents.

For One Twenty-five

You buy 10-4 colored bordered, all linen, Table Covers, actual value $1.75.

For Forty-five Cents

You buy a 9-in. cream damask Table Linen; would be cheap at 60 cents.

For Two Ninety-eight

You buy as pretty a Toilet Set as any one can want; actual value $4.

For Eight Seventy-five

You buy a 100-piece Porcelain Dinner Set that is worth $12.

For Twelve Cents

You buy Granite Iron Wash Basins.

For Twenty Cents

You buy Granite Iron Stew Pots.

For One Twenty-five

You buy one dozen large Dinner Napkins.

For Fifty Cents

You buy a large size Heavy Cocoa Door Mat; value 75 cents.

For One Dollar

You buy the W. B. Corset. They have no equal for Style and Comfort.

Don't forget us on Wattings. We have the largest assortment and our prices will guarantee lower by Twenty-five per cent than all others.

We invite Special Attention to our assortment of New Spring Cloths. The styles are the latest and prices are as usual Very Reasonable. VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ‡ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Great variety of Wall Paper, Painters' supplies. Office and store—149 East Front street.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, preserved sugar corn, Burnham & Morrill's Paris sugar corn, Shrewsbury tomatoes, Earl tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's stewed tomatoes, Hill & Wilbernoy's extra sifted peas, Golden Gate sugar peas, extra early June peas, Hamburg Strasburg Beans, Hudson River asparagus and tips.

Special purchase gives by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gorden & Doworth's jellies and mince meats.

79 BROADWAY.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL SPRING AND SUMMER opening of

Millinery and Jackets

Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., 1 to 22, 23, 24, 25.

Our variety of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, our display of flowers and feathers, and our assortment of velvets, Ribbons, Ornaments, etc., will eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted in this city. Ladies' styles of Ladies Spring Jackets and children's Hats are at New York prices. Immense variety of new Spring Dress Goods with latest novelties in Silks.

New designs in Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Mattings now open for inspection. A 35 inch tower for 75c; good 4-4 sheeting, 5c; canvas gloves 5c. Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE!

The time has arrived to take your babies out for a ride, but they must be neatly dressed, so we have secured a complete stock of Infants' Robes from 75c. to $1.

Infants' long skirts from 50c. up.

Silk caps at all prices. Long cashmere cloaks with embroidered collars, from $1.50 to $8. Baby carriage robes $1.25 and $1.50.

A new line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear. Also a full line of Children's and Misses' muslin underwear.

SPECIAL!

4 Button Kid Gloves, 67c.

8 Button length Suede Mosquetaires, in tans and blacks, 85c.

New Line of Ties

will be opened on Saturday.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

SINCE MARCH 19TH,

THOMPSON PARK,

Dealer in Musical Instruments, at No. 28 East Front street, has been sold all No. 6 East 10th street, New York, where communications will be promptly and promptly attended to. No connection with any other music store in Plainfield. Tunes can depend upon being done with an hitherto in my store. 8 lm

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

RUTHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging to all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

22 East Second street, corner Washington.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of fine

Light Blue Color.

References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business formerly conducted by

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The same good employees will be retained. Lace curtains and woolen goods a specialty. Lace curtains washed by improved machinery. Lace curtains washed by improved machinery. Lace curtains washed by improved machinery. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

Superior Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

10 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

In thus the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes to be the only other method of cleaning coal is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER (LEHIGH AND HONESDALE COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

BOTH AND SECOND LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for turning and scroll sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Offices on corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.

Engineer of the Pagnos Union County road System. Special attention given to street grades and drainage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,

Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 24 West Front street.

CLARK & MEEK,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Second streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Attorney at Law, Broadway, New York city, 32 and 33 Commercial Building, Plainfield, N. J. Real Estate Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and reasonably done. Two years in the business. Our machine is approved by the Board of Health. Special attention paid to disinfecting. Orders left at Secretary Cook's office will receive prompt attention. Residence on Second street, corner of Watchung avenue. Telephone No. 36.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Call and see. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Medicines, Wines, Whiskeys, Ales, and cheapest than ever.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND BUTTONS.

No. 9 Second street.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

29 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

PRESS EVERY DAY.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER

has a full line of

JEWELRY

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

Blaine and Pauncefote at Work on the Behring Sea Case.

SILVER MEN TAKE ON NEW ENERGY.

The House Free Coinage Advocates Making a Vigorous Effort to Again Bring Up the Bland Bill—Mills Sworn In as Senator—Coombs for Japan.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Negotiations between the governments of the United States and of Great Britain upon the lines laid down in Lord Salisbury's latest notes on the Behring sea matter, dated March 26, have been actively entered upon by Secretary Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote. An answer to Salisbury's note has been prepared, but it is understood that it has not been forwarded. If it has the fact is not known and it has not been made public.

Sir Julian spent an hour at the residence of Secretary Blaine discussing the terms of a supplemental article to the arbitration treaty covering the matter of damages and the extension of the modus vivendi. Under the present conditions a satisfactory and speedy issue of negotiations is anticipated, so that the work of the arbitrators may proceed as soon as possible. The report that ex-Minister Phelps and ex-Senator Spooner would act as arbitrators on the part of the United States doubtless arose from a confusion of views. Mr. Phelps will be counsellor for the United States before the board, and as such has been connected with the case for several weeks. The appointment of ex-Senator Spooner as associate counsel has been mooted, but nothing definite has been done. Equally erroneous is the report that one of the arbitrators is to be appointed by Austria instead of by Italy.

In Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The swearing in of Mr. Mills, of Texas, as a senator, and Mr. Stanford's speech in favor of establishing a fixed unit of value and making whatever the government chose to declare a representative of that unit of value a legal tender for debts, public and private, were followed by a protracted debate on the house provision in the Indian appropriation bill transferring the Indian agencies to army officers. Without final action on this provision the senate adjourned.

The house continued the debate on the free coinage bill. The following gentlemen spoke in favor of the bill: Butler, of Iowa; Lawson, of Georgia; Everett, of Georgia; Layton, of Ohio; Crosby, of Massachusetts, and Grady, of North Carolina. Mr. J. D. Taylor, of Ohio, opposed it.

The silver bill is not dead if the efforts being made by the house free coinage men be taken as an indication to revive it. Several petitions have been circulated among the Democratic members, and the free coinage men are leaving nothing undone to secure definite action on the bill and to hold Speaker Crisp to his word, that he will favor a cloture rule if a majority of the Democratic members will formally signify their desire for the consideration of the silver bill by signing a petition to that effect. Those prominent in the movement are Bland, Pierce, of Tennessee; Livingstone, of Georgia, and Montgomery, of Kentucky. It cannot be ascertained how many signatures have been secured, but it is reported that 100 Democratic members have signed the petition.

That Alleged Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Inquiry at the state department fails to confirm the dispatch from Indianapolis, that the United States will apply $30,000 out of the contingent fund of the state department as damages for the murder of Italians in New Orleans. It was stated that the contingent fund could not be used for that purpose. It is more than probable that a recommendation to that effect will be made to congress which will have to decide upon the merits of the proposed award and make an appropriation accordingly.

Coombs Named for Japan.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The president has nominated Frank L. Coombs, of California, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Japan.

Nichols to Command the Ranger.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Commander Reagy, E. Nichols has been ordered to command the United States revenue cutter Ranger at San Francisco. She will go into commission April 20.

Chinese Inspectors Cut Down.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Secretary Foster has instructed Collector Saunders to cut four dollars per day to three dollars per day the pay of twenty Chinese inspectors.

Fearless Were Drowned.

LONDON, March 31.—The British bark Falls of Garry, from San Francisco for Havre, via Queenstown, came into collision with the British steamer Thetis, off the Isle of Wight. The Falls of Garry was cut nearly in two and sank almost immediately. The crew of the Thetis hastened to the assistance of the wrecked seamen, who were struggling in the water, and succeeded in saving sixteen of them. Fourteen were drowned.

Punished by Electric Shocks.

NEWARK, N. J., March 31.—The authorities of the Newark City Home, a juvenile reform school, situated at the foot of the Orange mountains in Verona, are accused of punishing refractory inmates with shocks from electrical instruments of torture. Superintendent Harrison says he only uses this mode in extreme cases and that it wouldn't hurt the weakest child in the place.

Flames in a Hotel.

BOSTON, March 31.—There was a fire in Clifford's hotel on Washington street, in which the lower floors were gutted and several narrow escapes of guests occurred. Ernest W. Perry of Leominster, Mass., fell from the life saving rope as he swung from his window and was probably mortally injured. Several narrow escapes of firemen occurred.

Chili Preparing for War.

PANAMA, March 31.—The Star and Herald has an important special to the effect that the Chilians are preparing to throw up immense fortifications and plant powerful guns all along the coast and northern frontier of Tarapaca, as a precaution against any attempt that Peru or Bolivia may make to recover the provinces by force of arms.

Farms Wiped Out by Fire.

MCCOOK, Neb., March 31.—Reports regarding the numerous prairie fires which have been raging in this county for several days past show that many farms have been wiped out. Narrow escapes are announced by the dozen, but no loss of life as yet. Though some of the burned districts are still to be heard from.

Silver Mines Shut Down.

DENVER, March 31.—Owing to the present very low price of silver the Aspen mines closed down, and 600 men are thrown out of employment. The Telluride mines have also shut down, throwing out over 700 men. Two mines at Leadville also closed. Silver men are discouraged at the outlook.

Behring Sea Unprotected.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 31.—Orders have been issued to H. M. S. Champion to coal and proceed north at once. The Warspite is expected on Sunday. The Champion's orders are thought to have a bearing on the Behring sea matter. No American government boats have yet gone north.

A White Cap Outrage.

SAUGATUCK, Conn., March 31.—White caps posted a glaring notice on Mrs. Esther Lyons' residence, warning her and her daughter, Miss Georgie, to leave town. Both ladies are prominent. The poster was bordered with crape and embellished with skulls, crossbones and coffin.

Carnegie After Another Plant.

BETHLEHAM, Pa., March 31.—Rumors are afloat that Carnegie, Phipps & Co. are negotiating for the purchase of the Bethlehem iron company's immense plant. It is said that a representative of that firm was in the town recently for that purpose.

Will Start a New Paper.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 31.—O. W. Cutler will publish shortly a new Democratic afternoon daily paper at the new city of Niagara Falls. Mr. Cutler will retain control of the Lockport Union.

Boat Fishers Claim Damages.

OTTAWA, March 31.—Hon. C. H. Tupper has received claims from vessel owners amounting to $500,000 for damages for delays and abstention from fishing in Behring sea.

An Absconder Caught.

BOSTON, March 31.—Antonio Kowalsky was arrested here. He was treasurer of a Polish benevolent society in New York and disappeared with all the funds.

Governor Flower Recovered.

ALBANY, March 31.—Governor Flower has about recovered. Since his confinement he has transacted much business at the mansion notwithstanding his illness.

A Corpse in Flames.

PITTSBURG, March 31.—Candles placed around the corpse of Miss Kate Salering set fire to the curtains and before rescued, the body was badly burned.

A Boy Accused of Murder.

MEMPHIS, March 31.—Young Levi Hayden is accused of murdering John Gilbert, fourteen years old, while fishing.

A Conductor Killed.

TROY, N. Y., March 31.—Conductor Monteith was instantly killed while pulling a coupling pin at Baldwinville.

A Bad Place for Fires.

WEST ORANGE, N. Y., March 31.—The Hotel St. Cloud was burned. There being no fire department here, the whole building was a total loss.

Drowned in a Canal.

WATERFORD, N. Y., March 31.—An Arabian pack peddler was found drowned in the Champlain canal.

The Kennebec River Open.

RICHMOND, Me., March 31.—The Kennebec river is open to navigation.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Senator Colfax Not a Presidential Candidate—His Future Movements.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Senator Colfax has sent a letter to ex-Mayor Roche, of Chicago, in answer to one from that gentleman asking Senator Colfax's wishes in relation to the presidency. Senator Colfax says:

"I have had many letters asking me to leave my post of duty here and come to our state and take part in the campaign going on there between candidates for the several state offices, and also to look after my own interest in the selection of delegates to the national convention. I have declined to do so, and, as I am situated, I do not feel at liberty to leave my official duties to take part in any campaign for myself or any one else, and would not now do so for any office.

"To the people of the state of Illinois, who have honored me repeatedly with their confidence, and whom I have served officially for many years, I am grateful. I desire, however, that my name shall not be longer used as a candidate for the office of president. The people seem in favor the renomination of President Harrison, whose administration has been able, clean, courageous and patriotic.

The Rhode Island Campaign.

PROVIDENCE, March 31.—Ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, addressed an immense Democratic mass meeting here last night. Ex-President Cleveland will speak on Saturday night.

Chairman Owen, of the Democratic state central committee, has issued a challenge for a joint debate between ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, and Governor McKinley, to be held on Saturday night in this city.

A Negro Convention Called.

ALBANY, March 31.—William H. Johnson, president of the Afro-American league, has issued a call for a convention of representative Afro-American Democrats of the United States, to be held at Chicago June 21 next, to select the committee of the national Democratic convention.

Morrison Is in the Race.

NASHVILLE, March 31.—Colonel William R. Morrison, who is here attending a meeting of the interstate commerce commission, said he was still a candidate for the Democratic nomination.

The Maverick Bank Case.

BOSTON, March 31.—The Maverick bank indictments may be thrown out on account of a peculiar error. The indictments in each case begin as follows: "At a United States district court, etc., began and holden the second Monday in December." As a matter of fact the term of court began the first Monday in December. Hon. A. A. Strout, counsel for J. H. French, obtained leave from Judge Nelson in the United States court to file a demurrer and also a motion to quash the indictments.

Incorporated as a Town.

SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J., March 31.—This place was formally incorporated as a town. The officers chosen for the first year were: Mayor, Edward V. Hutchinson; commissioners, James H. Buchanan, Richard T. Devine, E. L. Hall and J. M. Goodard; town clerk, Jacob Stultz; collector and treasurer, William G. Schauck; assessor, M. Taylor Stanton.

Lynched by a Mob.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 31.—Dispatches from North Alabama say a mob of seventy-five men caught and lynched John Mullins, one of the Madison cross roads murderers.

A Big Strike Begun.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—A general strike of the tinners, engineers, marine engineers, roustabouts and longshoremen has begun and several thousand men will be idle for an indefinite period. The grievances are various.

Dougherty Exonerated.

COLUMBUS, March 31.—The house committee appointed to investigate the charges of bribery against Representative Dougherty in connection with the recent senatorial election, has unanimously agreed to a report exonerating Dougherty.

Judge Crain Dead.

BALTIMORE, March 31.—Judge Peter Wood Crain, who was appointed to his first judgeship in 1860, is dead. He was eighty-seven years of age. In 1887 Judge Crain retired from the bench to resume his law practice.

A Train Derailed.

OTTAWA, March 31.—A Canadian Pacific passenger train was derailed. Thomas Golden, fireman, was killed, and M. O'Connell, engineer, fatally scalded. Passengers escaped injury.

Anarchist Ravachol Arrested.

PARIS, March 31.—Ravachol, the anarchist, accused of the dynamite outrage in the Rue Clichy, has been arrested. Forty anarchists have been expelled from the city.

NEW
Spring Dunlap Style
OF
DERBY,
Out
TO-DAY.
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When You Want
CLOTHING CALL ON
George D. Bremmer,
28 SOMERSET STREET.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost any more than a ready made suit.
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E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
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PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on First Street, Opp. Station Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL 702.
(Carriages for weddings, funerals and parties, with Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Builders Cards.

P. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence 51 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to. 3 1dy

JOHN ARNOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Agent for the Celebrated Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1261.

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JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker. Shop corner of Grand and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
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Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Room No. 7, P. O. Box 1245. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

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MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Watchung avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 948.

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Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 97.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, N. E. Gayle, No. 11 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Window Screens
made to order.

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Instruction in Elocution, classes or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1050.

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Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, Class or private lessons. Residence in Plainfield, Weekly and monthly classes. Circulars free from Professor Pierre Ozanne, Rahway, N. J. Formerly of Rouen, France.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, Re-opens Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891.
For circulars apply at the Academy or address EDWARD R. HARNED, Prin. 8 30 tf 107 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

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Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate school. The only instruction in English and French. Also in her school-room from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

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Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Address terms to either Plainfield or North Plainfield Post Office, Box 1267.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
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Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
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Railroad Time Table.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive at Plainfield from New York, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive at Somerville, 8.00 a. m., 2.30 p. m.
Arrive at Easton, 10.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m.
Closes mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.45 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.45 p. m.

S. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Four Hundred R. R. Co., Limited.)
Stocking, Ont., Proprietor and Manager.
Time-Table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
Leave Somerville at 7.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.
Leave Bound Brook at 7.45, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.
Leave Bridgewater at 7.50, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night.
Leave Dunellen at 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night.
Leave Metuchen at 8.10, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m., 12.40 night.
Leave Menlo Park at 8.15, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
Arrive at New York at 8.45, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
Leave Somerville at 7.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SALEM.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 7.30, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOMBAY.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
Leave Bombay at 7.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6.45 a. m. for Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
7.30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Salem and Alloway.
8.45 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE Bridge, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
9.45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
10.45 a. m. for Flemington, Mount Olivet, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen and Allentown.
12.45 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
1.45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mount Olivet, Whitehouse and Somerville.
2.45 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
3.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
4.45 p. m. for Flemington, Mount Olivet, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
5.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
6.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
7.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
8.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
9.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
10.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
11.45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Manhattan, Bound Brook, Bridgewater, Somerville, Dunellen, Metuchen, Menlo Park, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City and New York.
12.45 night.

For Philadelphia and Washington at 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Bethlehem and Allentown at 9.45 a. m., 12.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Trenton at 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Bordentown at 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Burlington at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Mount Holly at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Camden at 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Atlantic City at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Cape May at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Salem at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Bridgeton at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Millville at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Vineland at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Glassboro at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Woodbury at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Pitman Grove at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Wenonah at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Swedesboro at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
For Woodstown

WOMEN OF BOSTON.

ALL OF THEM ARE SMART, MANY CHARMING AND BEAUTIFUL.

They Are Very Much Maligned by the Young Paragraphists of the Newspaper World—Their Good Qualities Are Commended to Women of Every City.

Boston women are much maligned. The popular caricature of the fair Bostonian as a lean, pedantic, spectacled, highbrowed spinster, who lives on baked beans and brown bread and Schopenhauer, is as mali cious a slander as the one which pictures the Chicago girl with her heels on the shore of Lake Michigan and her toes dabbling in the Mississippi.

Boston women are sometimes beautiful, and it is the rare beauty that has a soul radiating from every exquisitely molded line. Boston women are often charming, and when charming they lose nothing to be desired in that indescribable ensemble—a charming woman. Boston women, too, are often intellectual, and when thus endowed they are none the less delightful companions of all the brilliant, brainy sisterhood. But when the Boston woman is neither beautiful nor charming nor intellectual—and that is comparatively unattractive in Boston. And if the body be simply the material expression of the mind, how could it be otherwise? It does not belong to anything there remains physical, moral or spiritual death.

Every newly fledged paragraphist feels it incumbent upon him to invent a new jest upon the Boston women because they so far exceed the men in numbers, and many of them therefore remain unmarried. We have enjoyed that same new sapiront for fame would yet dub Boston the city of spinsters. Far from this fact being a discredit to the Boston woman, it is a real compliment to them, for, first, a wise and kind Providence has thought it fitting to send a much larger proportion of girl babies to a community which is progressive enough to believe that girls are just as good as boys, and, secondly, because a large proportion of the really intelligent and progressive men of Boston having come west the women are too intelligent and independent to take up with what is left.

Boston indeed is the paradise of the independent woman. One thing only must she possess—she must be ultra in something. The colorless woman, of which we are unfortunately coming to have an increasing number in the west, is an unknown quantity in Boston, and Boston women look naturally with mingled curiosity and pity upon this specimen of provincialism.

Every typical Boston woman belongs to a club of some sort, toward which she has gravitated by the force of an idea, for if there is any shrine which is constantly smothered in incense in Boston it is that of a new idea. It is not necessarily a new idea, either, but it must have a new form and a new name, it must bear the stamp of a new mental mintage. For example, there are not a few intelligent Bostonians who are having their horoscopes cast to find out what they have done in the past and what they will do in the future, and yet these same Bostonians would wither you with a look if you suggested that this is astrology revived under a new name.

The really charming Boston woman has but one weakness, and this weakness is indeed one of her greatest charms. She has such a delightfully naive way of letting you know that she considers you a most Bostonian barbarian. But this pretense you so pleasantly of your Comanche, hill-at-barbarous days that you would gladly have her lose almost any other charm save this one delightful weakness.

The Boston society woman is no ordinary type. Caterers and decorators are her slaves. Her dinners, her receptions and elaborate receptions bear the impress of her fertile brain, and they are never copies of Mrs. A.'s or Mrs. B.'s. To be unique, individual, to have her own peculiar genre is the artistic frame she spreads for her friends is her delight, and her delight is that of a true artist.

But this society woman, who at 6 or 9 o'clock in the evening appears to have forgotten that there is any other world except this gay, delicious, exotic one, who looks so unconsciously charming in her unique costume, which is usually a symphony of her own composing—no doubt if you had seen her this morning as 6 o'clock you would have found her in a simple costume visiting some of the poor families she has taken under her special protection, for the Boston society woman usually has her pet philanthropy.

At least one of these beautiful society women, whose social leadership is the result of rare cuzins brought from every part of the habitable globe and whose name is an open sesame to the unattainable in Boston, has under her care at least thirty poor families, many of them those of widows struggling to keep the wolf from the door. Every morning she goes to this or that favorite one, and you have only to talk with her about them to find that is is a labor of love.

A week in the home of this beautiful society woman teaches you that the fashionable woman may be the woman of rich, rare sympathies; that the richly appareled woman of the drawing room may have a heart large enough to shelter and comfort all the tired, discouraged, desolate woman hearts she finds struggling alone. And yet we are inclined to think it is a real compliment to them, for, first, a wise and kind Providence has thought it fitting to send a much larger proportion of girl babies to a community which is progressive enough to believe that girls are just as good as boys, and, secondly, because a large proportion of the really intelligent and progressive men of Boston having come west the women are too intelligent and independent to take up with what is left.

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NOBODY KNOWS BUT MOTHER.

Nobody knows of the work it makes
To keep the home all right.
Nobody sees the little hands it takes,
Nobody knows of the midnight aches,
Nobody knows but mother.

Nobody listens to childish woes,
Which illness only magnifies,
Nobody pauses to kiss away
Nobody sees the little tears,
Nobody knows but mother.

Nobody knows of the sleepless eyes
Pressed on the window pane,
Nobody knows of the prayer that goes
Nobody hears the mother's prayer,
Nobody sees mother.

Nobody knows of the hastened weight,
Lest darlings may not weather
The storm of life in after years,
Nobody knows but mother.

Nobody kneels at the throne above
To thank the Heavenly Father
For the sainted gift, a mother's love,
Nobody sees but mother.
—Frenzie.

HOME CRITICS.

Faults of Which Many a Carefully Reared Esthetic Girl Is Guilty.

"Lily Martin's room is a perfect bower," a girl friend remarked recently. "The window shelves are filled with flowers in flowerpots that she has decorated herself; and there is an embroidered cover on every one of the painted tiles in her fireplace, and she has done a motto from Shakespeare in Kensington stitch on the curtain by the bookcase, and another on her mantel drapories.

"She has the portraits of all her intimate friends hung on the walls in painted frames, and a dozen of the latest photos and plaques and pictures and sketches almost covering the walls.

"And there is a special shelf where she always keeps candy or vanilla wafers or something of that sort ready to treat the girls, set out in such dainty china that it's not a bad idea to go to see her.

"Lily always asks the girls up into her own room, it's so much cozier and prettier than the parlor; and the sitting room is large and has a dozen of Lily's younger Martins in it playing and chattering, and generally Mrs. Martin is mending stockings there besides.

"Lily stays up stairs a great deal; she says she likes to be among her own belongings, where everything is orderly and dainty and just the way she wants it. I'm sure I don't wonder. All the rest of the house is entirely commonplace and inartistic, and Lily's taste is so exquisite and her artistic sensibilities are so acute."

Lily Martin is one of the many. It is natural for a young girl to wish her own particular part of the house to be so dainty and pleasing as she can make it. The prettier it is the better, and the more fully its little appointments and adornments express her personality, the more interesting it will be. And if the daughter of the house has taste and skill, surely the whole house should benefit thereby. If her sense of artistic harmony is really acute and correct, she will perceive this, and will not desire to shut herself up in the single beautiful corner of an unbeautiful home.

Neither is it a fair division of labor that the daughter's fingers should be busied with paint brushes and embroidery silks alone, while her mother's hands bear tired, basting spoons and darning needles. She should do her share of the disagreeable tasks. But often the mother would honestly prefer to assume the larger portion of such work, which habit has made

---

Hits Her Mate.

"It seems to me," said a middle aged woman, as she laid down a popular magazine, "it would be a fine thing if the art of epistolary literature. One by one the fine ideas are having the props knocked out from under them and they go tumbling about our ears. Just now it is that old bore, childhood's happy hour. I'm so long is one of the problems with which I am at present struggling. Every old lady I ever came in contact with that gave any expression on the subject at all has insisted that, whatever else you do, you must give the baby the milk of only one cow.

"No matter how much time or trouble or expense is involved, that one cow's milk must be had. I've bought in loties, sent many miles under seal, have pledged the milkman on his sacred honor, and finally went and bought the cow outselves for the sake of bringing up our babies on the one-cow's-milk diet; and now, with the gray dust of tradition lying visibly over our cow, we are confronted by the statement that one cow's milk is not only not specially necessary, but absolutely injurious; that you can take the baby from forty cows and by boiling and mix it as thoroughly as you please, and the more it's mixed and stirred and shaken the better it is for the baby.

"Now, I should like to know what we are coming to. If we have been going wrong all these days on that subject, what assurance have we that we haven't been going wrong on everything else? It's one of the most curious things in life how all of our theories come to naught after we have cherished them and planned our lives by them. There seems to be so little stability in some of these things that it is sort of discouraging."—New York Ledger.

A Box of Borax Is Invaluable.

The box of borax should be as much in place in every household as the salt box or the jar of saltre for buns. It is one of the best agents for softening water for domestic use. There is no greater comfort for any one on a tour, traveling in a limestone district, than a small box or packet of borax—for by its use the effects of hard water on the skin are quite neutralized. It may be used either as a shaving powder or in conjunction with soap, the proportion being a handful of borax to nine or ten gallons of water, and it has the advantage over soda in not spoiling the color of linen. In the laundry borax is used for washing lace and fine things, and in the making of cold starch and for giving an additional glaze to collars, fronts, cuffs and starched fabrics generally. It is also one of the best means of rendering fabrics fireproof and is far superior in this way to alum.

As an insecticide it is invaluable; cockroaches will not haunt a kitchen where borax is scattered on the floor, and it is harmless to domestic pets. Scientists say that a very small proportion (1 in 1,000) is enough to retard the souring of milk for twenty-four hours, and that this amount is not injurious to health. Mixed with glycerin it forms one of the most generally used applications to throat affections; in cases where glycerin is disliked honey may be substituted. Lastly, borax is in itself a valuable disinfectant and antiseptic, and is a component part in many dental preparations.—New York Press.

All Around Exercise.

Indifferent people are apt to say that if a woman attends to her sweeping, dusting and household chores she has exercise enough, and if the man chops his wood or works his garden after business hours he, too, has his exercise. These notions are stupid.

Household work is the most injurious of all exercise unless counterbalanced by other exercise. Bending incessantly at the dusting table or the kitchen table, and lifting and beside the head forward, and that the muscles in the back become weakened and the shoulders stooped. In addition there is the dust and bacteria inevitably inhaled during the sweeping.

Chopping wood can bring no benefit unless counterbalanced by some other exercise. Physical culture by means the perfect development of all muscles. No one should exercise beyond the point of fatigue. Each individual should be helped according to his endurance and have a prescription made for the weak muscles. In gymnasiums the temptation is always to exercise the hardy muscles because of the natural inclination. This is wrong.

Hardy muscles are the ones to be rested, the weak ones developed. Horizontal bars should be excluded from the gymnasium. They are exercise for the very muscles of the arms that are constantly in action.—Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette.

A Woman with Nerve.

On the north side of Richmond, at Hanover Junction, the earthworks are abundant. When the Army of the Potomac, during General Grant's campaign in Virginia, reached that point it was confronted by a force encamped on the North Anna river. The house where General Grant established his headquarters is standing and occupied. At that time it was owned and occupied by an old woman who, in spite of the contending rivals, attended to her household duties. Very much surprised at her apparent unconcern, General Grant told her that she was taking great risks, as her house would necessarily be under an extremely severe fire in case of an engagement, which seemed imminent, and advised her to retire to a safer locality.

Her reply was characteristic of the Virginia women of the period. "General Grant," she said, "I have too much stuff on my place to move away, because if I left it would be all taken by the soldiers, and I am going to stay right here and save it. What are the rights of war? I am going down into the potato cellar, and if the fighting gets too hot for you, you can come down there, too!" Liking her resolute answer, he became very friendly to her, agreed to her staying on the premises and ordered that she be protected.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Women and Civilization.

It was suspected for womanhood that grave rise to chivalry, and the outcome of chivalry was civilization.

The softening and refining influence of women was felt in monasteries of Europe, and the countries that vouchsafe to her sex its gentle supremacy became the conquering ones of the world.

Civilization has gone forward or backward in exact accordance to the condition of woman. So far as her influence has been felt and favorably exerted there has been great progress. Where she has been suffered to remain in ignorance and slavery, all progress has been arrested or by race has relapsed into inertia and barbarism.

As woman is first in all progress, it follows she is first to be redeemed, and then to be the redeemer of the race. Were the women of the whole world what they should be, in health, wisdom and womanliness, the world's physical, moral and human redemption would be at once accomplished.—Hall's Journal.

This Date in History—March 31.

1809—Franklin I. of France, last child of Charles V. died; he began the series of wars against the French Revolution.
1814—Paris surrendered to the allied armies.
1854—Gen. Winfield Scott, the celebrated veteran, born in New Jersey, died.
1855—Otto von Bismarck born.
1862—Fort Pulaski, Georgia, surrendered to Federal forces.
1865—Lieut. Gen. Richard Taylor, second son of President Zachary Taylor, died in New York, aged 59.
1870—Thomas Nelson Page, author, born in Virginia.
1871—Alexander Stephens, C. S. A., released from Fort Warren, Boston harbor.
1880—Charles Reade, novelist, died.
1881—Ex-President Andrew Johnson died at Carter's Station, Tenn.
1886—Explosion of gunpowder at Pioneer Mills, Va., and battles at Boydtown and White Oak road between Federals and Confederates. Fighting continued to Fort Stedman, Monroe, burned at once afterward.
1888—Charles W. Barron, dramatic author, died at Coe Cob. Conn., aged 47. Mrs. James Gordon Bennett died at Kenilworth, Conn.
1889—John Godfrey Saxe, humorous poet, died in Albany, born 1816.
1890—David Dows, millionaire grain merchant, died in New York, aged 78.

THE WOMAN IN THE POSTOFFICE

Lady clerk, I would not vex
Any of your gentle sex,
Still I humbly beg to mention
That I crave your kind attention:
Half an hour I've waited here
Since I passed your office door.
See how patiently I stand,
Calm and quiet as a lamb!
Will you not on me bestow
One short moment, lady? "No!"

Lady clerk, an hour has flown
Since I spoke to your former moan.
I have watched with resignation.
Your somewhat prosecuted flirtation
With your clerk, who I discern is
Rather passe for Adonis.
Take my letter you coolly ought'n't
To notice: 'tis most important;
Spare one minute from your beam.
Will he let me enclose you?" "No!"

Lady clerk, you have, I see,
Finished your substantial tea;
Cold and hungry still I shiver
With chin resting on the river.
Would it not, perhaps, be better,
Ere you write another letter,
If you kindly vouchsafed
This my telegram to send?
"Twill not take you long, you know;
May I hope for it?" "No!"

Lady clerk, 'tis very late,
Must I any longer wait?
Though it will not reach today,
Send it now, I humbly pray!
You are busy, I perceive,
As if just about to leave.
Lacking my packet, packet,
Putting on your hat and jacket.
"Time for closing!" Is it so?
Good night, lady clerk; I go!

1892 MARCH. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

D First Quarter 5 9:14 a.m. | C Third Quarter 21 9:16 a.m.
D Full 13 7:56 p.m. | C New 28 8:10 a.m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heat throughout
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS

Something About Real Estate!

If You Want to rent, to buy, to sell, or have rents collected by responsible agents.

Titles Searched and Recorded.

Or to borrow money on hand and mortgage, write or call on

RIKER & CO.,
15 EAST FRONT STREET.

AT RANDOLPH'S
YOU MAY OBTAIN
THE FAMOUS PEACH
AND
STRAWBERRY CRUSHES.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
CORNER FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.
At their Old Reliable Hardware Store,
OFFER
FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS
Special Inducements to Cash Buyers.
DONT MISS THESE BARGAINS.

WHY IS THIS?
Three years ago the Duluth Imperial Mills made 300 barrels of flour a day.
Now they make 6000 barrels daily.
This is because a barrel of Imperial makes
18 to 20 More Loaves
of bread than any other flour, and the quality is the BEST. Order a barrel or bag of your grocer and satisfy yourself.
FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 6, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Decorated Dinner Sets at Half Price!
Make up your own set from this beautiful open stock pattern and save just one half. The style is "Decorated Vivista Cream," on Pearlian Granite body, illuminated with gold, gold decorated handles and knobs. A new, rich and delicate pattern that is very much admired."
This pattern can be had in open stock for the next ten years, so broken pieces can be replaced by new ones at any time. A complete set of dishes can be had at once. We have marked these wares at New York prices, and a set can be had from this set are now selling at low as $8. And it will not be long until at any time. Don't buy till you have seen this set. Don't buy the cheap stuff.
Decorated Tooth Set of 32 pieces, worth $10, 30 per cent off on Decorated Vase and Hanging Lamps. Large Banana and oblong Dishes in Cracker Jar, and other novelties to you for all time as endorsers on them. Remember and price our Common Crockery—You can't buy worse, but you can buy the most complete line of Tableware to be seen at 25 to the lowest. We mean what we say. We have purchased the entire stock of Jones Brothers, Cincinnati, this Spring, and sell them for less than what they would cost in New York. Remember you get your goods in Plainfield to look into, examine, at of we have any of them.
Bon-ai Tooth Powder at 10 cents equals anything sold for 25 or 50 cents. Thousands are using it in Plainfield and vicinity.
J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Legal Advertisements.

ESTATE OF ROSE VENABLE, DECEASED.
Pursuant to the order of George T. Parvin, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of said deceased, hereby gives notice to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber their demands against the estate of said deceased and that he will attend for the purpose of receiving the same against the subscriber.
STEPHEN A. GINNA, Administrator.
March 14, 1892. 3 26 5

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Patrick Hagnel, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next.
MARGARET HAGNEL,
JOSEPH A. PATTERSON
Dated February 16th, 1892. 3 17 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, Executor of Fannie L. Slade, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next.
CROWELL HARDING.
Dated February 2, 1892. 3 9 9

Just Received!
OUR
First Shipment
OF
BABY CARRIAGES
Including all kinds and prices
CALL AND SEE THEM.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

PRICE CUTES
Only Until April 1,
ON
HARDWARE
AND
HOUSEFURNISHINGS,
AT
A. M. GRIFFEN'S,
13 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

EASTER
WILL SOON BE HERE!
We are fully supplied with all the nice, Dainty "Fixings," suitable for the occasion. New Kid Gloves, New Hamburgings, New Buchings, New Laces, New Ribbons, New Dress Goods.
Everything just as new, pretty and fresh as they can be. A FULL LINE of Hosiery. Our assortment of CARPETS comprises the Largest and Handsomest ever shown in this city, and prices the LOWEST.
EDSALL'S!

BUTTER
25c 25c
FINE
Dairy and Creamery Butter
at the
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
CHAMPIONS OF LOW PRICES.
28c 28c
29 West Front Street. Plainfield, N. J.
30c 30c

Just Received at Werner's,
20 WEST FRONT STREET,
500 Pairs of Tailor Made Trousers,
Guaranteed to fit, of our own manufacture.
Ranging in Price from $4 to $6.
Our new Spring Stock of Ready Made Clothing is ready for your inspection. We are sure that the Quality, Style and Price will please you. Call and examine our Fine Line of Clothes.
Suits to Order $15 and Upwards.

BEFORE PURCHASING
Your Mount for 1892,
You will find it greatly to your advantage to call on
FRANK : L. : C. : MARTIN,
WHEELMEN'S ·:· HEADQUARTERS,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth Street,
and examine his line of wheels, both new and second hand. Wheels altered from solid to Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
BEST EQUIPPED REPAIR SHOP IN THE STATE

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
22 PARK AVENUE.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

What You Want!
I have just received, at 61 Park avenue, another large lot of THE NEW REAL Dress Cane, that I have named such a one among the Canes that I have sold. It comes in all the new dress sorts to dress your fancy and getting your fancy and eye full of dust, so with the old cane. I have put in a lot of the new cane "The Turnbull." The only one in the world that will turn a right half around in the cross and save breaking the hands and arms.
Do not fail to see the above, for sale at 61 Park avenue, only.
I have also a Steam Cooker and Steam Coffee Cooker which Mr. B. the agent, says are going fast.
Those who know when they see a good thing and do not hesitate to buy it.
M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park Avenue. "Old stand" of the Ladies' Exchange.

Are you going to Europe?
Anchor Line Steamers—
CITY OF ROME,
ANCHORIA, FURNESSIA, ETHIOPIA, Etc
Hamburgh American Packet Co.'s
AUGUSTA VICTORIA,
FURST BISMARCK, NORMANNIA, Etc.,
to any port.
Passenger tickets and drafts for sale by
HENRY D. MORRISON,
9 Somerset Street.